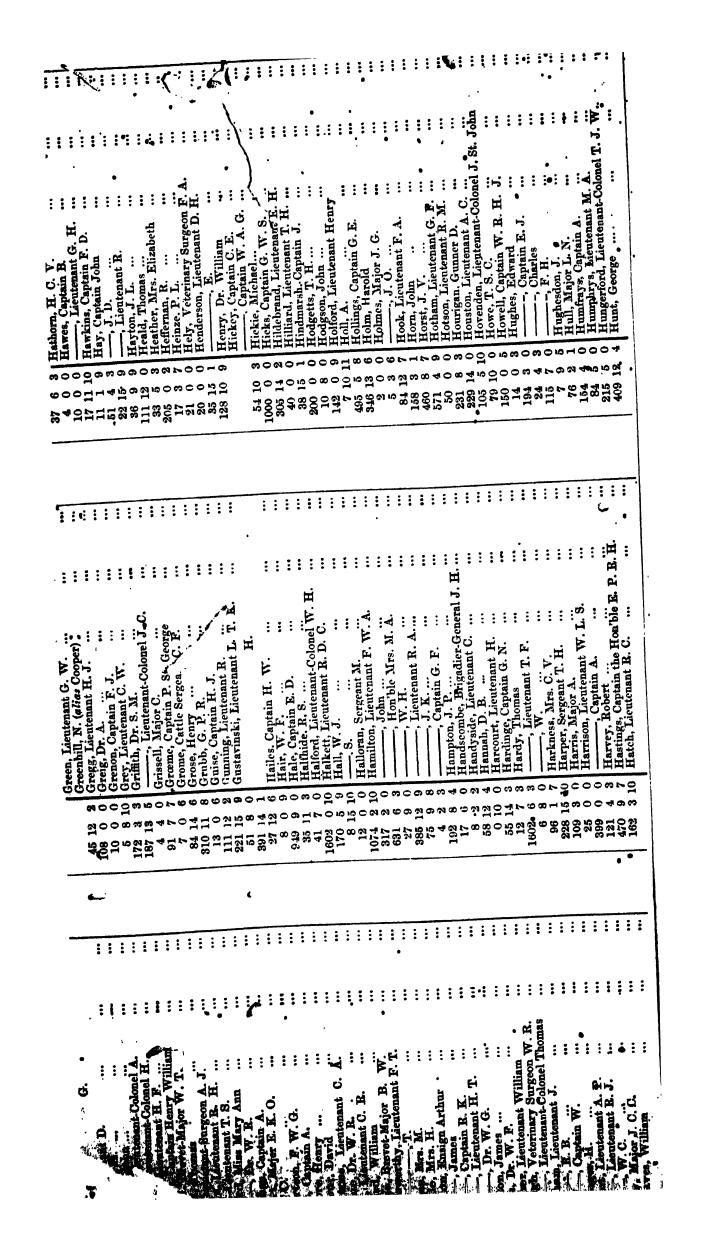
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L. P. D. BROUGHTON, Administrator-General. Þ 떠

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Hospital during the absence on leave of Dr. S. C. Mackensie, or until further orders. Surgeon Nicholson is also appointed, under Section 12, Act XXI of 1869, to act the

Governor of the Workhouse in the Presidency Jail.

Manue.—The 29th June 1874.—Mr. H. W. W. Ellis, who was popointed, under the orders of the 27th April 1874, to be Naval Storekeeper, joined his appointment on the RIVERS THAMPSON, t instant.

Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal,

ERBATUM.

The ?4th June 1874.—In the Notification dated 29th April 1874, published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 3rd June 1874, page 949, Part I-For 🔪

"First cone at yard-arm," "Second cone at yard-arm,"

"One cone at yard-arm, low-water." (To be kept up for "Two cones at yard-arm, high-water." only.

15 minutes each

"Fairy Beacon to be put up, &c. "Fairy Beacon" has been put up, &c.

H. L. DAMPIBE, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal. 4

NOTIFICATION.

The 27th June 1874.—The following candidates at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874 having submitted the necessary certificates of character, health, and ability to ride or walk, have been examined and declared to have passed the tests necessary to qualify them to hold appointment

Class List of Candidates who have passed in the Higher Grade and are declared eligible to hold appointments on Rs. 100 and upwards.

Lolit Mohun Dhur.

Manmatha Kumar Bose, B.A. Gunga Naryan Roy, B.A.

P. T. Rebello, BA., L.L.

Syama Churn Maitra, B.A.

Bhobotosh Banerjes.

Jogunath Baroosk Hurry Mohun Sandyal.

9 Gogan Chundra Banerjea, B.A.

E. R.T. Tiery, B.A. 10

11 Gopal Chunder Mookerjea. Jogendra Narayn Gupta (ii). Shah Makomed Azim. Nilambar Pal. - 12

13

14

15 Siva Nundun Lal Roy, B.A.

Dwarkanath Mookerjea.

17 Kedarnsth Glose, B.A. Abdoor Rohim Khan.

Omullo Churn Mullick. 19

20 Indressur Barooah.

Khudiram Poddar. 21

22 Abdool Wahab.

Gopal Chunder Banerjea, B.A., B.L. 23

Abdul Khaleque, B.A. 24

25 Bepin Beharry Pramanick.

26 Nundo Kishore Doss.

27 Bhubun Mohun Banerjea, B.A., B.L.

28 Ram Narain Banerjea, B.L.

Mohendra Nauth Bhuttachariee ..29

M.A., L.L. 31 George Dias.

32 C. Owen.

88 H. Bradbury.

Daby Pershad. 34

Class II.—Candidates who have passed the necessary tests for the Higher Grade of appointments, but who are not eligible for such appointments till after one year's service in the Lower Grade.

Siva Prosonno Sen.

Uma Churn Laha.

Iswar Chunder Mozoomdar.

Sukhomoy Banerjea.

Grish Chunder Sircar.

Rajonikant Mookerjea.

Suttyatarun Mookerjea.

,8 Anunda Prosad Chatterjee.

Peary Mohun Bos.

10 Imdad Ali.

11 Petambur Banerjea.

Purna Chunder Guha.

Syed Mujibur Rohomun. 13

Braja Nauth Bhuttacharjea. 14

Banwarilal Ghose. 15

Mohendranath Seal.

16 } Fatic Chunder Dass.

18 Saroda Persad Sirkar.

19 Nujimooddeen Ahmed.

20 | Abdur Rohim Khan. Sreenath Chatterjea.

Toolsi Pershad.

23 Sachitananda Mookerjea.

Poorno Chander Sen.

24

Doorga Nukda Doss. Kamal Naryan Chuckerbutty. 26

Gobind Chunder Doss. 27

Dwarka Nath Bose. 28

29 Beni Madhub Chatterjee.

80 Jogendro Naryan Seal.

31 Gossain Das Hazra.

32 Kali Sankar Sep

33

Bhubun Mohun Gupta.

34 Nundo Lal Mookerjee.

Jogendrá Nath Mookerjes 85

Jogendra Nath Gupta (i). 36

Umachurn Chuckerbutty. 87

38 C. H. Swinden.

39 Shujut Ali Amed.

Miyee Uddeen Ahmad. 40

Kumad Nath Mookerjee. 41

Hurry Narayn Banerjee.

Bhubendronath Row.

OLLES TH (a).—List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Grade, who answered in English, and fare declared eligible to hold appointments below R: 100.

48 Kali Prosunno Dutt. Sreenath Ion. 2 Syed Ali. 3 Presonno Kumar Chuckerbutty. i Ganoda Sunkur Boss. Bissumber Doss. 4. Sreenath Gupta. Kali Coomar Doss. 51 { Mahomed Mostanser Billah. Nobin Chunder Sen. 5. T. Babonau. Sriram Googooly. 6 54 { Rajoni Kant Bhuttacharjee. Prosonno Coomar Moitra. Denonath Ghose. Annand Chunder Rose. Rakhal Chundra Ahose. 9 Prankrishen Ganguli. Govinda Chundra Mookerjea.

10 J. C. Lloyd. Kashi Chundra Roy. Bholanath Doss. (Mohin Chundra Dass. Golam Lillahi. 59 Kesub Lal Chatteries:
Gopal Chundra & Sokerjea
Rai Vishny Dytt.
Aghore Nath Roy. Moti Lal. 13 60 Poteram Banerjea. Golap Lal Dass. 16 Umesh Chundra Mookerjea. Golokenath Mookerjee. 17 Krishna Chundra Bose. Doorga Doss Mookerjea. Amrita Lall Banerjea. 18 Kanai Lall Nag. Gopi Krishna. 19 67 Bikramajeet Lah Kedar Nath Banerjea. 20 Sitykant Biswas. Nowrungee Lall. 21 Gourchurn Dass. Sew Sunker Sing. Abinash Chundra Neogee ' Nanilal Mookerjee. Kaly Coomar Roy Chowdry. Huri Doss Roy. Bansidhur Persad. Taranath Bose. 72 Prosonno Coomar Dutt. Juggurnath Doss. 73 { Sashi Mohun Talookdar. 27 { Hury Poddo Ghose. Sajibun Lall, B.A. Mahomed Abdull Huq. 75 Abinash Chunder Sen. Kaleemuddin Ahmed. 76 Afzul Uddin Ahmed. 30 Hemantha Coomar Roy. 77 Kumad Chunder Mookerjea. Mahomed Kabeer. 78 79 Jodoonath Dey.
Ram Nirunjun Pershad. Mahomed Madni. Khadem Hossain. 80 (Ram Dyal Nag. Narain Chunder Naik. 81 Nebarun Chunder Mookerjea. Wudoy Chand Palit. 82 36 Bidhoo Bhushun Mookerjea.
Mohima Chundra Roy Chowdry. Mahomed Faruq. Sreenath Banerjea. 83 Chundra Mohun Mozoomdar, M.A., B.L. 85 Khoob Lall. Nundo Lal Pramanick. Bhugwan Chundra Bose. 86 10 { Abdul Huq. Jogendronath Chuckerbutty. Gosto Behary Koondoo. 87 Birchandra Doss. 88 12 Romanath Mitter. Umanath Mozoomdar. Kally Prosonno Mookerjea. 89 Mahomed Hanif. 90 14 Aughore Nath Chatterjea. 15 Raj Coomar Sen. 91 Buriar Singh. Kalipada Chuckerbutty. 92 6 Hem Chunder Dutt.
Opendra Chunder Mozoomdar. Berhameshwar Persad. 93 Pulin Behari Mutt. 94 95 Mohendranath Mullick.

CLASS III(b).—List of Candidates who have passed in the Lower Grade, who ansu Hindustance and are declared eligible to hold appointments below Rs. 100.

Syed Fazeelut Hossein. 16 Rewat Lall. Emamoddin Khan. 17 Sheik Abdul Rohoman. Parmeshwar Dyal. 18 Syed Mahomed Nazir. Malick Lateef Hossein. Syed Muxood Hossein. 19 Golam Muhiooddeen. 5 Sheik Jowad Hossein. 20 " Ahmed Hossein. 21 Nizabut Ahmed. Sheik Ahmed Oollah. Shumshool Huq. 22 { Syed Koowat Ali. 8 Sheik Ali Hossein. Sheik Abdul Guni. 24 ·Gonesh Persad. Syed Basharut Hossein: 25 Rahmat Ali Khan, Sheik Husmut Hossein.
Syed Warris Ali. 26 Abdul Aziz. 27 Rameshur Sahoy. Mahomed Abool Rohoman. 28 Sheik Magfoorool Huq. Syed Hasan Reza Khan. 29 Kishoon Pershad. Mahomed Waliullah.

following officers of the Opium Department, who partially passed at previous examinations, have, at the Native Civil Service Examination of 1874, passed in the remaining subjects, vis.—

NAME.	•	Previously passed in	Now ressed in
Mr. J. D. Sayce "N. T. Ryves "W. Cracroft "H. Hastings "E. F. J. Porcelli "A. Elliott "J. L. Fawlus "A. Bryson	•••	 Botany and Chemistry "Surveying Surveying and Chemistry Surveying and Surveying and Chemistry Ditto Ditto Surveying Surveying	Surveying. Chemistry. Botany. Botany and Chemistry. Botany. Ditto. Ditto. Botany and Chemistry.

The following Assistants of the Opium Department are declared to have passed fully in the subjects in which they were liable to examination:—

Name.	Previously passed in	Now passed in
Mr. C. H.V. Hathorne A. W. Osborne	Hindustance, Opium Laws, English, and Arthmetic, and Surveying and Botany. English and Arithmetic, Hindustance, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Chemistry. Botany and Chemistry.

V.—Candidates declared qualified for appointments in the Opium Department, subject to examination in the branches mentioned:—

Name	Passed in	Liable to examination in
Mr. G. Paterson	Hindustance, Opium Laws, and Surveying.	Botany and Chemistry
" T. E D. Innes		Botany, Chemistry, and Surveying
" J. S. R. Innes		Surveying and Chemistry.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

MARINE No. 2061.

Calcutta, the 22nd June 1874.

READ-

Correspondence regarding the reduction of the Pilot Service.

1. The scheme, as originally described, provided for bringing about ten retirements among Service Pilots, and thirty among Licensed Pilots; but in fact so many are not required. The object is to bring the number of Running Pilots down to seventy. For the last year or two the vacancies which have occurred have not been filled up, and when the first retirement on bonus took place, the number of Pilots was in excess of seventy by thirty-one only.

Fourteen Pilots have already been permitted to retire on bonus. The same permission is now granted to the following Pilots, who have submitted applications:—

Branch Pilots.

Mr. C. W. Warden on a bonus of ... 1,400 (including compensation for privileges.)

Mr. Lord 1,000

Mate.

Mr. R. Hand ... 1,120

Licensed Mate.

Mr. Hyndman ... 600

2. In addition to the above, the Lieutenant-Governor considers it to be necessary for the public interests that the following Pilots should be required to retire from the service, or to give up their licenses; the bonus to which each is entitled under the scheme will be paid him:

Service Pilots.

					£
Mr. T. Black	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,200
Mr. H. Halden	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,200
	Licensed	Pilots.		1	_
Mr. J. Thomas	•••	•••	•••		650
Mr. D. F. Mauger	•••	• • •		•••	800 -
Mr. W. Thompson	•••	• • •	•••	•••	550

3. The retirements will take effect from the 1st of July 1874, or from

any previous date on which the Pilots named may wish to retire.

4. Mr. Jones has applied to retire if the mode of grading service and Licensed Pilots indicated in paragraph 5, clause 6, of this Government Resolution of the 12th February 1874, according to the date of entering service, be carried out. Many memorials on the subject have been received, and the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to reserve Mr. Jones's application to retire for decision after the question is finally settled.

5. The following list shows the names of the Pilots who have been permitted, or required, to retire under the scheme, with the cost of each

retirement:-

Names.						Amount of l	onus,
	Bro	inch Pilots					
G. Collins W. J. Stone G. Noaks H. A. Merrett B. K. Revett W. H. Fielder G. Lord C. W. Warden						1,400 1,000 1,400 1,000 1,000 1,400 1,400	(Equivalent of £80 extra persion which he elected to take instead of bonus.)
			Total		•••	9,6 00	•
	Ma	ster Pilots					
H. D. Fletcher T. Black H. Halden	•••	•••	• • •	•	•••	1,500 1,200 1,200	
f	•	•••	Total		•••	3,900	
•	M	ate Pilots.					
R. G. Hand A. M. Merriott A. A. Madden	•	•••			•••	1,040 1,500 1,120	
			· Total		•••	3,660	

Names.	Licen	sed Master	rs.	'n Am	ount of bonus.
F. Hyndman J. Thomas D. F. Mauger W. Thompson J. Ewert A. S. Ritchie	•••	,	•••	•••	£ 600 650 800 550 550 275
•		,	Total	•••	3,425
``	Lice	nsed Mate	8.		
B. Scott A. Templeton C. Williams	•••	•••	•••	•••	4 50 4 50 4 00
		٠	Total	•••	1,300
		, Gr	and Total	•••	21,885

- 6. To this must be added £600, the amount of Mr. Jones's bonus if he should retire, making a total of £22,485. The total expenditure sanctioned by the Government of India was £23,000. The difference, £515, must be kept in hand to meet any additional payments which it may be necessary to make on claims which have been advanced in certain cases by Pilots who have been permitted to take the bonus.
- 7. With reference to the limit which has been put on the expenditure under the scheme, the Lieutenant-Governor has not been able to accede to the applications of all who applied to retire on bonus.
- Mr. C. B. Ransom.

 "O. H. Bensley.

 "R. Scott.

 "R. Scott.

 wished to retire on the pension and bonus of Branch Pilots, but they were not Branches before retirements under this scheme began, and owe their promotion to the Branch Grade to such retirements only. But no more retirements on Branches' terms can be allowed for financial reasons, which also compel His Honor to decline the offers of Messrs. Sealy, Bowden, Hart, and Bellew.
- 9. Mr. Curtis has been on leave for the last three years, and is understood to have adopted another profession. The Officiating Master-Attendant is requested to inform Mr. Curtis that no bonus can be given to him, and that no further leave can be allowed. The leave already granted him has been much too long.
- . 10. When these 24 retirements have taken place, the number of Service and Licensed Pilots, respectively, which remain on the list, will be 54 and 23. The reduction to 70 must be made by not filling up vacancies as they occur in ordinary course.
- Master-Attendant should, without delay, submit definite proposals for reducing the number of vessels employed as Pilot Brigs.

Ordered that copy of this Resolution be forwarded to the Accountant-General for information; and to the Master-Attendant for his guidance, and for communication to the Pilots concerned, and to the body of Pilots. Orders on the points of the scheme, such as the grading of the Pilots and the readjustment of the percentage of fees allowed to Pilots, will be issued as soon as possible.

H. L. DAMPIER, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Dated Calcutta, the 16th June 1874.

READ-

A letter from the Commissioner of Burdwan, No. 83-S.R., dated the 2nd June, with enclosure.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read with much satisfaction a report received from the Commissioner of Burdwan, regarding the extensive measures of charitable relief undertaken and maintained by Baboo Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty, zemindar of Hetampore, in the district of Beerbhoom.

C. Bernard,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

RESOLUTION.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Yacht "Rhotas," the 16th June 1874.

READ-

A letter, No. 1300—S.R., dated the 22nd May 1874, from the Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, with its enclosures.

OBSERVATIONS.—The Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division has brought to-the notice of the Lieutenant-Governor that Rai Dhunput Sing Bahadoor, of Azcemgunge, in the district of Moorshedabad, has distinguished himself by the public spirit with which he has come forward to the relief of the tenantry on his extensive estates. In Dinagepore, besides contributing two-thirds towards the cost of digging two tanks, it is represented that the Rai is having a third tank excavated at his own expense, and that he has also agreed to bear the whole cost of repairing an embankment and cleaning out two tanks in thana Gungarampore. It is also reported that, besides postponing the collection of rent on his own zemindaries, he has entirely remitted the rents of such of his tenantry as are unable to pay. In the district of Rungpore he has also suspended the collection of rents; while in the district of Moorshedabad, in which he usually resides, his measures for the relief of general distress are said to have been undertaken on a very extensive and liberal scale.

The Lieutenant-Governor has read these reports with much satisfaction, and he thinks that the marked public spirit displayed by this zemindar in the present crisis is deserving of commendation.

C. Bernard,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 19th June 1874.—With reference to Rule 2, Section 59 of the Civil Pension Code, regarding the medical examination of candidates for employment in the public service, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to notify, for the information of Heads of Departments under the Government of Bengal at the Presidency, that in Calcutta the duty is to be performed by all commissioned Medical Officers who are engaged in private practice. At present they are as follows:—

Surgeon-Major A. J. Payne, M.D. Ditto S. B. Partridge. Ditto F. N. Macnamara, M.D. (on leave.) Ditto J. Ewart, M.D. W. J. Palmer, M.D.
N. C. Macnamara, M.D. (on leave.)
T. E. Charles, M.D. Ditto Ditto / Ditto Ditto H. Cayley. Surgeon K. McLeod, M.D. Ditto A. Crombie, M.D.

2. Each candidate should be furnished with a letter showing that he will be appointed to a post in the event of his being declared physically fit for the Government service, and only candidates so authorized will have a claim to be medically examined without payment of fee.

3: With the view of causing an equal distribution of the duty of examin. ation, Heads of Departments are requested to send candidates to the above named Medical Officers in rotation.

4. The names of Medical Officers at the Presidency who may hereafter come under the operation of the rule in paragraph I will be notified from

time to time.

RIVERS THOMPSON. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—The following application for a loan by the Municipal Commissioners of Arrah is published in the Calcutta Gazette under-Rule 5 of the Rules passed by the Covernor-General in Council on the 15th October 1873, under Section 4 of the Local Public Works Loan Act, XXIV of 1871.

1. For constructing a proper system of latrines in the town of Arrah and within the · local limits of this Municipality. The work is intended for the benefit of Clause 1. Rule III. the general community dwelling within such limits. The cost of the

work is estimated at Rs. 4,600, which will appear from the estimate annexed.

2. The amount of loan applied for is Rs. 2,600, which sum would be in addition to the sum of Rs. 2,000 promised by Government in letter No. 2917, Clause 2, Rule III. the sum of Rs. 2,600; this latter sum is now sought for as a loan.

3. The loan shall be made on the security of house-tax and other Clause 3, Rule III. miscellaneous receipts of this Municipality.

Clause 4, Role III. 4. • The said house-tax, &c., are levied under Act III of 1864.

5. The period for which the loan is required is ten years. The loan shall be made in one sum, and at as early a date as possible. It shall be repaid in ten Clause 5, Rule III. annual instalments of Rs. 260 each, or at any early date if convenient.

6. The proceeds* of house-tax and all other income, and the Clause 6, Rule III. expenditure incurred in each of the three last preceding years, are

shown in a separate statement annexed herewith.

7. Nil. Clause 7, Rule III.

. 8. No prior charges exist upon any source of income accruing Clause 8, Rule III.

to the Municipality.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between the villages of Chownagra, pergunnah Badore, and Bulrampore, pergunnah Tajpore, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Chownagra and Bulrampore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all J. F. K. HEWITT, whom it may concern.

Offy. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874. - Whereas it appears to the Licutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road between the villages of Koomaree, perguunah Kudba, and Chandpore, pergunnah Haveli, zillah Purneah, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 3 miles and 19 chains long and 60 feet broad, is required between the aforesaid villages of Koomaree and Chandpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all J. F. K. HEWITT, whom it may concern.

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The proceeds of house-tax and all other income during the last three years amount to Rs. 36,321-13-4, and the expenditure during that period to Rs. 36,955-4-6, leaving a surplus of Rs. 366-8-10 in three years, or an average of Rs. 132-2-3 a year.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 26th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Singhessur to that of Kootgawan, pergunnah

Gouripur, pergun	nah Nursin	gpur Cusba
Patari, Maheshoop,	ditto ditto	ditto.
Chaura Honwo } Mannogger }	ditto	ditto.
Belori,	ditto	ditto.
Rani Patti,	ditto	ditto.
Korlahi,	ditto	ditto.
Kontesman	ditta	ditta

Nursingpore Cusba, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from west to east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 57,600 feet in length and 70 feet in breadth = 280 standard beeghas, equivalent to 106 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all J. F. K. HEW17T, whom it may concern.

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

[First Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Bankoora to Taldangra, vid Kurpa, in the district of Bankoora, it is hereby declared that a strip of land 16 miles in length and 50 feet in breadth, measuring 341 beeghas and 8,836 square feet, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all

J. F. K. HEWITT, whom it may concern.

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 19th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a road from Latoodaha to meet the main road from Ramnuggur to Manicknuggur, pergunnah Bagwan, district Nuddea, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land passing through the villages Latoodaha and Kanaidanga, measuring 5,317 feet in length and 30 feet in breadth, amounting to 11 beeghas 1 cottah 4 chittacks, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all H. L. DAMPIER, whom it may concern.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 23rd June. 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the ballast quarry of the East Indian Railway Company in the village of Katowna, pergunnah Gidhour, zillah Monghyr, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 14 acres 2 roods and 30 poles of standard measurement. bounded on all sides by lands of the village of Katowna and belonging to Raja Joymungul Sing and Raja Ramnarain Sing, and in the occupation of Mooktear Sing and Ujager Sing, ticcadars, and as marked on the ground, is required within the aforesaid village of Katowna.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all H. I. DAMPIER. whom it may concern.

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the diversion of Tumlook road approach, north of Canal Range No. III, in the village of Dukhin Gopalpore, pergunnah Kassijorah, zillah Midnapore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land measuring, more or less, 2 beeghas 18 cottahs and 2.chittacks of standard measurement, 690 feet long and 60 feet wide, is required within the aforesaid village of Dukhin Gopalpore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern. J. F. K. HEWITT,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 17th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Laghatta to Kalgram, in the villages of Labpore, pergunnah Bhurkunda, Donaipore, Lohada, pergunnah Kutubpore, Surul, district Moorshedabad, Durgapore, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Nawapara, pergunnah Khargram, Mohishapore, pergunnah Sabek Mawressur, Ranipara, Gomai, Matipore, Krinnihar, Aligram, pergunnah Kutubpore, Joketta, pergunnah Shaha Islampore, zillah Beerbhoom, and Bamundi, Kalikapore, in Moorshedabad, and Kalgram, in Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, measuring 10 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. Hewitt,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th June 1874.—Under Section 2 of the District Road Cess Act, 1871, the Licutenant-Governor is pleased to direct that the cesses leviable Mymensingh. under the said Act shall take effect in the districts noted in the margin from the 1st October 1874.

Under Section 70 of the aforesaid Act, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to determine that the month in which the District Committees shall meet to prepare estimates of income and expenditure for the cess year next ensuing, as in the said section provided, shall be August in the said districts.

II. L. Dampier,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication,] DECLARATION.

The 18th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for the construction of a district road in mouzah Sookurpara, pergunnah Asscrassur, district Cuttack, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land, 1,150 feet long and 12 feet broad, measuring in the aggregate 1 rood and 10 poles, more or less, bounded on the north by the Sookurpara Chutty, on the south by the godunda (cattle-track) of mouzahs Kharole and Kentalow, and on the east and west by the cultivated lands appertaining to mouzah Kharole, is required within the aforesaid village of Sookurpara.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

H. L. Dampier,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Mallarpore to Mouresvar, in the villages of Mallarpore. Fattehpore; Bahina, pergunnah; Mallarpore, Kamra, Deara, pergunnah Dari Mouresvar; Rambhadrapore, pergunnah Surup Sinha; Brahmun Bahara and Mouresvar, pergunnah Dari Mouresvar, zillah Beerbhoom, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 8 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all

whom it may concern.

J. F. K. Hewitt,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

DECLARATION.

The 6th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road from Bulpore to Bangachatra, in the villages of Bulpore, pergunnah Supur, Gaeshpore, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Muluk, in district Burdwan, Bahari, pergunnah Barbaksinha, Domanpore, pergunnah Senbhoom, zillah Beerbhoom, and Bangachatra, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 10 miles in length and 40 feet average breadth, is required within the aforesaid villages.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. Hewitt,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.] DECLARATIONS.

Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar. Dinapatty and Debipatty, pergunnah Naredigar. Thoomha, pergunnah Malhuigopal. Kataia, ditto ditto. Kataia, Pathra, ditto. ditta Kariho, Gobergarha, Soopool, .ditto ditto.

The 10th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar, to that of Soopool, to pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from east to west and southwest, passing through the villages as per

margin, and measuring, more or less, 13 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 2624 standard beeghas, equivalent to 991 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a Singhessur, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha. Rampatli, ditto ditto. public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village Rampatli, ditto Rooponti Gote,ditto ditto. of Singhessur, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha, to that Boorhawey, ditto ditto. of Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar, zillah Bhagulpore, it is ditto hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of Rairbanna. ditto ditto. Chumpanagar, ditto ditto. land running generally from south to north, passing Dawraree, ditto ditto. ditto ditto. Barbari, through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more Kamargawan, ditto ditto. or less, 12 miles and 100 feet in length and 55 feet in Pukri, Naredigar. ditto Amba, Pipra, breadth = $245\frac{1}{4}$ standard beeghas, equivalent to $95\frac{1}{4}$

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road which is

Persarma, pergunnah Malhuigopal. Bella, ditto Utterkhand. Pachgachia, ditto Beehra Bazar, ditto ditto. Sihole, ditto ditto. Robooa, ditto ditto. ditto. Pararee, ditto ditto Chainpore, ditto. Pherkia, zillah Monghyr.

ditto

ditto.

called Soopool to Bhootia road, but which runs from Court of Wards' road at Persarma, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, to Bulhi, on the Monghyr boundary, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from north to south, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 17 miles in length and 60 feet in breadth = 374 standard beeghas, equivalent to

1413 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be

Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar. Belhi Dhoomgurh, pergunnah Naredigar. Simaris, pergunnah Naredigar. Basooli, ditto ditto Belha, ditto ditto ditto. ditto. Doobiahi, ditto ditto. Chumpanagar, Jagdispore, pergunnah Harawat. ditto Lokha Mohinathpore ditto. Hoolas, pergumah Harawat. dicto. Barmotra, ditto Chilowni, ditto. ditto Diwangunge, pergunnah Harawat. Sibuaggar, Sookhanaggar, pergunnah, Harawat.

taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road which is called Pipra to Pertapgunge road, but which runs from Pipra, pergunnah Naredigar, and joins the great northern emigration road (Court of Wards') near the village of Sookhanagar, pergunnah Harawat, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from south-west to northeast, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 12 miles and 600 feet in length and 55 feet in breadth = 244 standard beeghas

equivalent to 854 local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may conceru.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be

Pertapgunge, persunnah Harawat. Gungar, Gobindpore, ditto ditto ditto. Burmohtra, Dhuphar. Balua, ditto ditto. ditto ditto. Bisenpore, Haripore, ditto. ditto ditto ditto. Kapura, Beerpore, ditto

taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Pertapgunge, pergunnah Harawat, to that of Balua and Birpore, pergunnah Dhuphar, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north-east and north, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 20 miles in

length and 55 feet in breadth = 403 standard beeghas, equivalent to 131 7 local beeghas more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting

Singhessur, pergunuah Narsingpore Curha.

Jiwachpore, Roopouli, ditto.

Lachminia, ditto.

Aurahi, ditto.

Gamharia, ditto.

from the village of Singhessur to that of Camharia, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north-west, passing through the villages as per margin, and

measuring, more or less, 7 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 141; standard beeghas, equivalent to 53; local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for the Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Gamharia, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha, to that of Soopoel,

Gamharia, pergunnah Narsingpore Curha. Hurdi, ditto Malhuigopal. Kutneth, ditto ditto. Kariho, ditto ditto. Nirmalloe, ditto ditto. pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from east to west and north-west, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 9 miles in length and 55 feet

in breadth = 181½ standard beeghas, equivalent to 65½ local heeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting

Bella, pergunnah Malhuigopal.
Purkhotimpore, pergunnah Malhuigopal.
Barovaree, ditto ditto.
Ekama, ditto ditto.
Bina, ditto ditto.
Kariho, ditto ditto.
Puthra, ditto ditto.

from the village of Bella to Myyeh, vii Barovaree, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land running generally from south to north and north-east, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 12 miles in length and 55 feet

in breadth == 242 standard beeghas, equivalent to 91; local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken

Makanpatti, pergunnah Malhuigopal. Dhooree, ditto ditto. ditto. Roupouli, ditto Byro, Nohatta, ditto. ditto ditto Kabkhand. Kamrouli, ditto ditto. ditto Mohanpore, ditto ditto Chaudrain, ditto. ditto. Durain, ditto ditto. Lahmi, Lahuar, Pustawar, ditto. ditto ditto ditto. ditto Mohessie, ditto. ditto ditto. Barwar.

up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from Bulha (Sookhpore), pergunnah Malhuigopal, to that of Bijwas, vid Nohatta and Moheshi, pergunnah Kabkhand, zillah Bhagulpore, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from north to south, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 20 miles in length and 55 feet in breadth = 403\frac{1}{2}\$ standard beeghas, equivalent to 152\frac{1}{2}\$ local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of

Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken up for Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for a road starting from the village of Soopool to that of Chandail, pergunnah Malhuigopal, zillah Bhagulpore,

Basbittee, pergunuah Malhuigopal. Nemua, ditto ditto. Chandail, ditto ditto. it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a strip of land, running generally from north-east to southwest, passing through the villages as per margin, and measuring, more or less, 7 miles in length and 55 feet

in breadth = 141; standard beeghas, equivalent to 53; local beeghas, more or less, is required.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870 to all whom it may concern.

J. F. K. Hewitt,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 420.—Fort William, the 24th June 1874.—Notifications.—Public.—The undermentioned Assistant Surgeons are promoted to the Second Grade, with effect from the dates specified against their names:—

• Names.	Places to which attached.	Date of promotion.
Soorjee Narain Sing	Dispensary, Behar	1st May 1874.
Gobind Chunder Chatterjee	Second Demonstrator of Anatomy, Medical College, Calcutta.	ć ,, ,,

No. 823.—The 23rd June 1874.—Judicial.—In continuation of Notification No. 353, dated the 6th March last, the following despatch from Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

From the Most Honorable the Marquis of Salisbury, Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India in Council, No. 19 (Judicial)—dated India Office, London, the 14th May 1874.

I HAVE received and considered in Council the despatch of your Excellency in Council, dated 27th of March, No. 7 of 1874, reporting the death, on the 25th of that month, of the Hon'ble Dwarkanath Mittar, one of the Judges of Her Majesty's High Court at Calcutta.

2. I have received the intelligence of the death of this distinguished gentleman with very great regret.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Financial Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 4057.—Fort William, the 26th June 1874.—Notifications.—Accounts.—The Governor-General in Council has received information from the Secretary of State for India in Council that the drafts of the Secretary of State upon the Government of India will probably be for 80 lakhs of rupees for the month of July, and that from the month of August the amount may be increased to one crore of rupees in each month.

The Secretary of State in Council reserves to himself the liberty to make any change in the arrangement thus notified that the interests of the public service may render desirable.

SEPARATE REVENUE.—STAMPS.

The 25th June 1874.

No. 3969.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the General Stamp Act XVIII of 1869, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the duties chargeable under the said Act on every instrument by which movable or immovable property is conveyed to the Secretary of State for India in Council by way of

- (a) sale,
- (b) mortgage,
- (c) lease, or
- (d) exchange where money is paid by Government for equality of exchange.

The following orders, issued by the Government of India in the Military Department, are republished for general information:—

No. 671.—The 26th June 1874.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following appointment, subject to the Officer passing an examination in drill:—

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

Color-Serjeant Thomas Attwood Francis Pardew to be Ensign, to complete the Establishment.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

No. 1915C.S.

The 18th June 1874.—The following gentlemen are appointed to be Honorary Magistrates in the District of Monghyr, and are vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class, viz.—

Moulvie Hadi Hussen Khan. ,, Shah Abdul Hussen. Baboo Gunput Singh.

,, Gunshyam Mahworee.

" Beni Ram Mahworee.

Baboo Nil Kant Persad Chowduri. Moulvie Akli Mahto.

Baboo Moti Singh.
" Madhoo Singh.

. The 26th June 1874—Mr. Herbert Hope Risley, Assistant Magistrate and Collector, Midnapore, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class.

Baboo Judoo Nath Bose, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, on special duty in Shahabad, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

The 29th June 1874.—Baboo Mothoora Nath Gupta, First Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore, is allowed leave for three months under Section 21, Chapter VI of the Civil Leave Code.

. Baboo Rampersad, Moonsif of Mozufferpore, on leave, is appointed to act as First Subordinate Judge of Bhagulpore during the absence on leave of Baboo Mothoora Nath Gupta; or until further orders.

Mr. William Barry, Officiating Joint-Magistrate, on special duty at Pursa, in Sarun, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class, and with powers to try summarily the offences mentioned in Section 222 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The following officers, employed on special duty in Sarun, are vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class, viz.—

Major W. Jackson, at Chupra.

Mr. Charles Emile Fabre Tonnerre, at Ekma.

Mr. W. Perry, Relief Superintendent of the Kudbah Circle, in the District of Purneah, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class

The 30th June 1874.—Surgeon F. C. Nicholson, who has, under separate orders of this date, been appointed to act as Superintendent of the Presidency Jail, is appointed, under the provisions of Section 4, Act II of 1869, to act as a Justice of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta

Baboo Luchmi Narain, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, Chumparun, is vested temporarily with the powers of a Magistrate of the First Class.

Baboo Gobind Chunder Dutt, a resident Zemindar, is appointed to be an Honorary Magistrate in the 24-Pergunnahs, and is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest temporarily the following officers with the powers, under Section 266 of the Criminal Procedure Code, of hearing appeals from convictions by Magistrates of the Second and Third Classes, in Tirhoot, viz.—

Mr. Anthony Patrick MacDonnell, Officiating Joint-Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in charge of Durbhunga Sub-division.

Mr. Charles Frederick Magrath, c.s., in charge of the Mudhoobunnee Sub-division.

The Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to vest the following officers, employed in the District of Tirhoot, with powers as noted against their names, viz.—

Baboo Raj Kishore Narain, Sub-Deputy Magistrate of Sewan, in Sarun, is vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.] NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to create the following Registration sub-district, having the head-quarters and local jurisdiction shown opposite the name. . The Lieutenant-Governor is also pleased, under Section 7 of the Act, to appoint the person named below to be Sub-Registrar of the said sub-district:—

DISTRICT.	Name of new sub-district.	Head-quarters.	Thanas included in jurisdiction.	Sub-Registrar appointed.
Hazareebagh	Chatra	Chatra	Chatra Hunteraganja	Baboo Harihar Charan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, ex-officio.

These changes will take effect on and from the 1st of July 1874.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.] NOTIFICATION.

The 30th June 1874—It is hereby notified that a warrant has been issued for the apprehension of Alfred Macdonald, East Indian, charged with aiding and abetting in a case of criminal breach of trust. The man having absconded, all District Superintendents and other Police officers are requested to endeavour to apprehended him.

His descriptive roll is as follows:—

Name, Alfred Macdonald, complexion light, eyes very large, capped ears, aquiline nose, dark hair, uneven jaw and teeth, wears short hair and moustache, age about 25 years; last year was employed in the Government Printing Office, Home Depart-. ment, at Simla, discharged in June or July last, and from 1st March till the 17th employed in Messrs. J. Black and Company's Printing Office, Calcutta, from which date he has disappeared.

RIVERS THOMPSON. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[First Publication.] NOTIFICATION.

The 15th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of Act XXXI of 1860 (relating to the manufacture, importation, and sale of arms and ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and

Sections 2 to 4, Act XXXI, 1860.
 Sections 5 to 16, Act XXXI, 1860.
 Sections 17 to 19, Act XXXI, 1860.
 Sections 26 to 30, Act XXXI, 1860.

modified by sections 2 and 3 of Act VI of 1866.)

to give power of disarming in certain cases) as continued in force and amended by Act VI (the Arms' Act Continuance Act), 1866, restricting (1) the possession of cannon, howitzers, and mortars; (2) the manufacture, repair, sale,

or (3) importation of arms and ammunition; and (4) the carrying of arms, are in force throughout the territories subject to the control of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

The powers of seizure, search, and arrest in certain cases, defined in sections 20, 21, 25, and 31, Act XXXI, 1860, are still possessed by the several authorities in whom the law vests them.

The following are the revised rules laid down under the Act for the importation, transhipment, inland transport, and exportation of arms and ammunition, the grant of licenses for carrying arms, and for the manufacture and sale of arms and ammunition in Bengal:-

Under the provisions of sections 17 and 23 of Act XXXI of 1860. the importation, exportation, or transport of all arms of the descriptions

• Viz., cannon, howitzers, or mortars, firearms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, percussion-caps, gun-powder, or other ammunition. mentioned in sections 4, 5, 6, and 25 of the aforesaid Act* into, from, or through the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is prohibited unless covered by a

license or pass. The transhipment of arms, &c., at ports to which Act VI of 1873 extends is prohibited in Bengal, except under license of the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.

4. Licenses to import arms and ammunition into the Lower Provinces of Bengal by land may be granted by the Secretary to Government of India, Foreign Department, or. by the Secretary to Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. Calcutta is the only port in the Lower Provinces where importation by sea is permitted. Persons desirous of importing arms, &c., by sea into any of the districts of Lower Bengal, must apply to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, who has also authority to grant licenses for importation through the Port of Calcutta into districts of British India under other local Governments and Administrations. Applications for a license to import arms must be made to the proper officer in writing, and must contain full information on the following points:—

1st.—Purpose for which required. 2nd.—Probable cost of each weapon.

• 8rd.—Place at which the goods will be imported.

4th.—District in which the arms and ammunition are to be used, kept, or sold.

5. The Commissioner of Police on receipt of applications in the prescribed form, is authorized to grant licenses according to form A, at his discretion, for the importation of arms and, in reasonable quantities, of ammunition; his proceedings will be subject to the general control and direction of the Government of Bengal.

6. Licenses for the importation of fire-arms will not be granted by the Commissioner of Police unless he is satisfied that the weapons are required for

bond fide sporting purposes.

7. Any considerable importation of arms must need special explanation, and guarantee that their use is to be inoffensive, before a license is granted. The Commissioner of Police should not grant licenses for the importation of fire-arms in large quantities without reference to the Government of Bengal, in the Judicial Department. (N.B.—A fresh license must be taken out for

each importation.)

- 8. The granting of a license must depend upon the facts of each case, or upon the general complexion of the explanations obtained. Cheap guns might be imported in moderate quantities to some wild districts, where they are wanted to keep down wild beasts or game; but in default of some such good and substantial motive for requiring a quantity of arms, the license would ordinarily be refused. Costly guns are much safer than cheap arms, for only the latter can be employed to any extent for military or aggressive purposes, while the former are nearly always used for sport. When arms are of a kind to raise suspicion that they may be possibly meant for warfare or for other illegal purposes, such as pistols, bayonets, or cheap guns, the Commissioner of Police must satisfy himself very carefully as to the object, reasons, and direction of import, before he admits them under license. He can do this by testing the references which the applicant will give, and by communicating with the Government of Bengal.
- 9. The Collector of Customs will not, except in the case of European gentlemen importing a reasonable quantity for their private use, deliver any arms or ammunition unless protected by a pass from the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta. When persons, other than European gentlemen, importing for their private use, desire to import fire-arms, they shall be referred to the Commissioner of Police, who, however, need not under the Act make out any license at all if the quantity of arms imported is reasonable, and if they are intended for the importer's own private use, but can pass them on.
- 10. A license need not be refused for all arms brought into the river, for the importation of which no previous permission was obtained. When such arms are themselves of an unobjectionable character, the Commissioner of Police may grant for them the license in form A and the Customs pass in form B together, provided he is satisfied that there is no intention to evade the rules.
- 11. No license or pass will be granted for rifles of a military pattern, or of patterns easily convertible into military weapons, unless the consignees produce specific orders from English gentlemen for the weapons.

- 12. The Collector of Customs shall be responsible for seeing that the arms imported answer to the description given in the pass; and, in case of doubt, shall detain the arms and refer the point for the orders of Government.
- 13. The consignee, on arrival of the arms and ammunition, must produce his license to the Commissioner of Police at Calcutta, upon which he will receive from the said officer a pass in form B for the delivery of such arms and ammunition as may be mentioned in the license.
- 14. If the arms and ammunition are to be transported from Calcutta to any of the districts under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengak, the Commissioner of Police, at the time of granting the pass for delivery from the Custom House, will grant a pass in form C for the transmission of the said goods to the place to which the importation is sanctioned in the license, and he will forward a copy of the pass to the Magistrate of the district in which the said place is situated.
- 15. In case the arms, &c., are to be transported to districts in British India not within the Lower Provinces of Bengal, the Commissioner of Police may proceed in the same way. Before granting licenses for the transport of any considerable quantity of arms or ammunition to Assam, he must communicate with the Chief Commissioner of Assam. Before complying with applications for licenses in doubtful cases, he will make a similar reference.
- 16. No passes to export arms and ammunition from the Lower Provinces of Bengal, either by land or by sea, to any place out of British India, shall be granted except by the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department. All such passes shall be granted subject, as far as may be, to the rules for the transport of arms within British India, and wherever there is a Political Agent, Cantonment Magistrate, or other British official at the place of destination, the pass shall be delivered to him within six days of the arrival there of the articles covered by it, with a view to his satisfying himself that there is no deficiency, in the same manner as a Magistrate of a British district is required to do by the Inland Transport Rules prescribed below.
- 17. Any person desirous of transporting any arms or ammunition of the Fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads, lead, sulphur, gunpowder, or other ammunition.

 on of Bengal, or from one district or town in the said territories to another district or town, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of the division, specifying the district or town into which he proposes to transport the goods.
- 18. Any person desirous of transporting any of the above-mentioned articles (except in reasonable quantities for his own private use) from Calcutta into the interior of British India beyond the territorial jurisdiction of the Government of Bengal, must apply for a pass to the Commissioner of Police.
- 19. When a person is desirous of transporting any such articles from any place in the Lower Provinces other than Calcutta, to any place in British India within the territories of another local Government or Administration, he must apply for a pass to the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Home Department, or to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, or to such other officer as the Government of India may have authorized by notification to grant such a pass.
- 20. The application must in all these cases be in writing; it must specify the town, station, or other place into which the articles are intended to be transported, and must contain full information as to the quantity, quality, and description of the articles, and the purpose for which they are respectively designed. When the articles have been imported from abroad, the license under which they have been imported must be appended.
- 21. It will be within the discretion of the authorized officer to grant the pass if, from the information thus given and otherwise obtained, he considers that such pass may be safely granted. A register shall be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of each pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district within which the place to which the articles are to be ransported is situated.

The articles covered by such pass shall be taken direct to the place of destination mentioned in the pass without being sold or made use of at

any intermediate place.

23: On the articles reaching their destination, the person in charge thereof must deliver the pass to the office of the Magistrate of the district within six days. It will be the duty of that officer to satisfy himself that the articles transported correspond with the entries in the pass, and to see that any deficiency that may exist is satisfactorily accounted for. The pass shall then be endorsed and returned to the holder, if he may lawfully keep in his possession the articles of which it covers the transport.

The following fees are to be charged for the issue of licenses and

passes under the foregoing rules:-

For each license in form A for permanent ammunition	nission to import ar	ms and	Rs.
For each pass in form B for the deliv	ery of arms and amn	unition	5
from the Custom House		•••	1
For each transport pass in form C		• • •	5

The foregoing rules do not apply to arms and ammunition imported or ransported by any person in small quantities for his own private use, but a icense or pass may be granted for such arms or ammunition at the discretion of the officer to whom the application is preferred.

Section 32 of Act XXXI of 1860, prohibiting absolutely the possession of any arms or ammunition without a license, is not now in force n any district of Bengal, inasmuch as no district is at present disarmed under

hat section.

In districts and places not brought under the provisions of section 32, persons are not absolutely prohibited from carrying arms without a license, out any person not being exempted under the provisions of section 27 from so carrying arms is liable to be disarmed by any Magistrate or police officer inder section 26, if, in the judgment of such Magistrate or police officer, it is langerous to the public peace to allow such persons to go armed or to carry rms.

In the districts noted in the margin the Government has not insisted

All the districts of the Presidency, Inrdwan, Cuttack, and Chota Nagpore)ivisions

Chumparun, Sarun, and Tirhoot, in the Patna

Rajshahye, Maldajshahye Division. Maldah, and Pubna, in the on the people taking out licenses to own orcarry arms. In these districts the local officers will refrain from enforcing section 26 of Act XXXI of 1860, except in special cases, in which there is really ground for believing that such a measure is necessary for the

preservation of the public peace.

28.

All districts in the Cooch Behar, Dacca, and hittagong Divisions.

Gya, Patna, and Shahabad, in the Patna

Poisson.

Bogra, Rungpore, Dinagepore, and Moor-Bogra, Rungpore, Dinagepore, an icdabad, in the Rajshahye Division.

nust be in form D, annexed.

In the districts noted in the margin, the Magistrates are bound to insist on licenses being taken out before arms They must observe, however, that are carried. they are not authorized to interfere with the mere possession of arms, if the possessor does The license not carry them or go armed.

Any person in the districts named in Rule 28 who has not been xempted under section 27, and who is desirous of obtaining a license to carry rms, shall make an application in writing to the Magistrate in charge of the istrict or sub-division in which he may be residing. The application must be n an 8-anna stamp, and contain the following particulars:—

(1)Name and address of applicant.

(2)Period for which the license is required (in no case to exceed one year from date).

For what purpose the arms are required, and the place where the applicant proposes to reside during the currency of the license.

(4)Description of arms for which a license is sought.

(5) Whether the arms are to be carried only by the applicant or by his followers; if the latter, the number and description of arms to be carried by each follower.

30. Some of the districts named in Rule 28 being situated on the frontier, the unrestricted right of possessing and carrying arms would afford facilities for selling them to the hostile tribes on the border, out of whose hands it is of the greatest importance that arms and ammunition should be kept. In the other districts specified the people are turbulent and prone to engage in affrays and riots, and it is necessary, for this reason, to put a check on the possession of arms by them.

31. The license given should be renewed year by year. The registration of these licenses will enable each Magistrate to ascertain the number of arms

kept by the people in his jurisdiction.

32. Licenses to carry arms on a journey may be given to bond fide travellers in form E by the Magistrate of the district or sub-division (and in Calcutta by the Commissioner of Police), provided that, save for special reasons, no such license shall be current for more than a fortnight beyond the time required for the ordinary course of post between the place at which the license is granted and that to which the applicant is travelling.

33. The Magistrates should use caution in the issue of licenses to carry arms on a journey, and give them only if satisfied, on inquiry, that they can be safely granted. A register must be kept of all passes so granted, and a copy of such pass shall be sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the traveller is proceeding, in order that he may insist upon a license being taken

out there.

- 34. As to the manufacture and sale of arms, Magistrates have under the Act complete power to grant licenses and recall them, and can therefore executively impose any condition they desire, because, if the condition is not fulfilled, the Magistrate rescinds the license at the end of the year. In this way, a limit can be placed upon the quantity of arms and ammunition which a manufacturer might under license turn out; but it will be necessary for the police to keep themselves well informed as to his actual stock, and to take means for testing the correctness of the stock-book entries.
- 35. Licenses to sell arms are, in the districts of Purneah, Dinagepore, Rungpore, Tipperah, Chittagong, Dacca, Backergunge, Mymensingh, Sylhet, and the Cooch Behar Division, only to be given to those persons to whom a license to transport arms, &c., would be given by the Commissioner under Rule 18. Such licenses will be very charily given in those districts after reference to the Commissioner of the division, and nowhere save at sudder stations. The fee for a license to sell arms is ten rupees.
- 36. Under sections 14 and 15 of the Act the Lieutenant-Governor has authorized District and Assistant Superintendents of Police to enter the premises of persons licensed to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition, and to inspect the books kept by them in the course of their trade. The proper maintenance and inspection of these books, which are essential at all times to effective control over the traffic in arms, have become very much more important now that the checks on importation are likely to stimulate home manufacture.

37. As manufacturers cannot sell without their customers bringing themselves under the rules of inland transport in the process of taking away their purchases, Magistrates have a further means of controlling their trade.

38. The licenses of all dealers in arms, &c., must contain a stipulation that they will abide by the rules above laid down, under penalty of forfeiting their license. They must also undertake to enter in their books, besides the purchaser's name, the name of his father (for native purchasers), his place of residence, and the police-station within the jurisdiction of which he resides. Licenses granted under section 7 of the Act to sell arms should bear a note drawing attention to the necessity of the dealer's procuring also an import or transit pass, or both, before he can import or transport arms for sale. The licenses of dealers in Calcutta should contain a stipulation that they will sell to dealers residing out of Calcutta only when they produce a pass in form C from the Commissioner of the division where they reside, and that they will enter in their registers the particulars of each such pass.

FORM A.

FEE FIVE RUPEES.

LICENSE for the Importation of Arms and Ammunition into the Port of granted by

Name and address of applicant.	Description of arms.		Description of ammunition.	Quantity.	Purpose for which re- quired.	Value.	Port in which to be landed.	District and place to which to be conveyed, after importation.	Remarys.
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FORM B.

FRE ONE RUPER.

PASS for the Delivery of Arms and Ammunition by the Collector of Customs.

Name of consignee.	Place of business	Date of issue of puss.	Description of arms.	Number.	Description of ammu-	Quantity.	Ship by which imported,	Arms, &c., 1 by whom supplied.	License for importation by whom granted, and date thereof.	Remargs
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FEE FIVE RUPERA .

PASS for the transit of Arms and Ammunition from District of

to

in the

Name of holder.	Place of business.	Description of	Number.	Description of ammunition.	Quantity.	Mode of transit.	Up to what date pass is valid.	Remares.
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FORM D.

LICENSE to carry Arms, issued under Sections 28, 29, and 30 of Act XXXI of 1860.

	to whom	R	SIDENCE RANTHE	o y	to what	se is to	on of to the ether it llowers; mber of sind cription fried by		
License by whom granted.	Name of person t granted, and name.	Village.	Police Station.	District.	From what date to date license granted.	District, town, or places which the license is have operation.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers; if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each.	REMARKS.	
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POPM B

BICENSE to carry Arms on a Journey, issued under Clause 4, Section 32, of Act XXXI of 1860

	•	on to	R.Ba	idenc Banti	e of	roceed-	oh pro- chief chief	which pected up to license	Whether operation of license is limited to the	
License by whom granted.	Date of issue of license.	Name of pers whom granted, father's name.	Village.	Police Station.	District.	To what place proceed ing.	Route by which ceeding and ran districts and towns through with the license is to operation.	Probable time which journey is expeded to occupy, and up to what date the license is valid.	Whether operation of license is limited to the grantee, or whether it extends to his followers; if the latter, number of followers licensed, and number and description of arms to be carried by each.	REKARES
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N.B.—1f the license is to have operation in any district or place disarmed under the provisions of section S2 of Act XXXI of 1860, the license must be countersigned by the Magistrate of the district for which the license is issued.

FORM F.

Stock Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 12, Act XXXI of 1860 (Arms Act).

•	Stock book		ARTICLE.		Whether purchased or	If imported direct,	If purchased, from whom, and date o purchase.
Date.	Stock book No.	Nathre.	Description.	Quantity.	Whether purchased or imported direct.	If imported direct, number and date of forms A and B and name of ship.	purchase.
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FORM G.

Sale Book to be kept by all persons licensed to manufacture or deal in Arms, under Section 14, Act XXXI of 1860.

	K No.		ARTICLES SOLD	•			
Date of sale.	Stock book Ko.	Nature.	Description.	Quantity.	Price.	Name of Pur- chaser.	Residence of Purchaser.
	Section Register No. 1.	Specification of arms or ammunition, whether gun, riffs, sword, caps, gunpowder, &c.	Distinguishing marke, maker's name, &c., &c.			Father's name also, if purchased by a native.	If in a town, give street and number; if in district, name of village police thana, pergunnah, and zillah.
		·					
		•					

(On STAMP PAPER OF THE VALUE OF TEN RUPERS.)

FORM H.

License to manufacture or deal in arms and ammunition for one year from the date hereof.

l place	that is, shop.	Description of arms.		Description munit	of am-	d out- escrip- d am- nth.	le pur- f arms on per	outturn prion of nunition ring the live last	rchase leacrip- id am- month ivy of ce-ing	
Name of holder and place of residence.	Place of business, that is manufactory or shop.	To be manufac- tured.	To be dealt in.	To be manufac- tured.	To be dealt in.	Probable estimated our- turn of each descrip- tion of arms and am- muntion per month.	Estimate of probable pur- chase and sale of arms and ammunition per month.	Actual reported outturn of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any.	Actual reported purchase and sale of each description of arms and ammunition per month during the currency of the last preceding license, if any.	REMARES
						•				
		•		•		•				

Dated at this day of 18 .

FORM I.

LICENSE is hereby granted under the authority of Act XXXI of 1860, Clause 3 of section 32, to

to have in his possession the arms and ammunition hereunder specified:

Number and Quantity of each.

Bayonets ...

Swords ...

Daggers ...

Spears ...

Spear-heads ...

Percussion caps ...

dunpowder ...

Sulphur ...

Other ammunition...

Dated at this day of 18

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Gort. of Bengal.

[First Publication.] NOTIFICATION.

The 23rd June 1874.—The Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to

declare that the eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah shall be as follows:-

The eastern boundary of Hill Tipperah, from the triple junction on districts Sylhet and Chittagong, shall run south along the Lungai river (flowing between the Jampai and the Hachik-Chutterchoora ranges) to its source in the Betteing-Sib peak; and thence, following the watershed of the hills, across to the peak of Dolajuree, as defined on the map of that part of the country by Captain Badgley, Officiating Deputy Superintendent of Survey; then by a straight line to the Surdaing peak, and on by the boundary, as shown on the maps of Hill Tipperah and Chittagong by J. H. O'Donnel, Esq., Revenue Surveyor, to and along the Fenny river, as far as the village of Ramghur.

· RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.] NOTIFICATIONS.

The 16th June 1874.—In accordance with the powers conferred upon him by Section 50, Act X of 1872, the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal is pleased to direct that Hadi Hussen Khan, Shah Abdul Hussen, Gunput Singh, Gunshyam Mahworee, and Beni Ram Mahworee, Honorary Magistrates in the district of Monghyr, or any two or more of them sitting together, shall form a Bench, which is hereby vested with the powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class for the trial of such cases arising within the district of Monghyr as may be within its competence to try, and as may be brought before it in accordance with the rules made by the Magistrate of the district under Section 52 of the same Act.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 17th June 1874.—It is hereby notified that the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to extend the provisions of Section 34 of Act V of 1861 to the towns of Jehanabad, Culna, Sonamookhy, and Bood-bood, in the district of Burdwan, with effect from the 1st July next-Rivers Thompson,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 22nd June 1874.—It is hereby notified for general information that the following villages are transferred from the Tollygunge Police-station to that of Sonapore, in the district of the 24-Pergunnahs:—

No.	Name of Village.	Thakbust No.	Pergunnah.
1.	Tetoolberiah	20	Meydunmull.
2.	Balleah	19	Ditto.
8.	Baharhans Mohamoyapore, Furtabad, Dhaupdara	9	Ditto.
4.	Lushkurpore	15	Khaspoor.
5.	Booral	221	Magoorah.
6.	Nischinderpore	112	Ditto.
7.	Chuk Booriyah	346	Ditto.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The 22nd June 1874.—Under Section 5 of the Indian Registration Act, VIII of 1871, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to sanction the formation of a new sub-district in the district of Backergunge, having its jurisdiction conterminous with than Sarup Kati.

The sub-registry offices at Ghazipore and Gabha, in the same district, will be closed.

Baboo Durga Charan Ghosh, Sub-Registrar of Gabha, is hereby appointed Sub-Registrar of Sarup Kati.

The above changes will take effect from the 1st July next.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Second Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th June 1874.—Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. the site of a dispensary in the village of Kristopore, pergunnah and thana Jehanabad, zillah Burdwan, it is hereby declared that for the above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 1 beegha 4½ chittacks of standard measurement, bounded on the west by the river Darkeshore, north by the sub-divisional Cutcherry compound and lock-up, east by the public bazar road, south by a tank and grounds of Kajee Sumsud Joha and others, is required within the aforesaid village of Kristopore.

This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1070 to all whom it may concern.

RIVERS THOMPSON,

Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

The 11th June 1874.—Under the powers vested in the Lieutenant-Governor by Section 2 of Act II (B.C.) of 1867 (An Act to provide for the punishment of public gaming and the keeping of gaming-houses), His Honor is pleased to authorize the extension, from the 1st July next, of the provisions of Section 11 of the said Act to the town of Pubna. The limits of the town for the purposes of this Act will be the same as those defined for the purposes of Act VI (B.C.) of 1868 in the Notification of 26th January 1869, published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 3rd February following.

RIVERS THOMPSON, Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,-BENGAL.

Establishment.

The 24th June 1874.

No. 316.—Notification.—The services of Mr. J. P. Armstrong, Executive Engineer, Third Grade, Irrigation Branch, temporarily made available for employment on relief works in the General Branch, are replaced at the disposal of the Irrigation Branch.

The 27th June 1874.

No. 217 .- Leave of Absence. - Mr. J. A. Price, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, attached to the First Calcutta Division, is allowed privilege leave for two months and twenty-eight days, under Section 12, Supplement F. of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 218.—Notifications.—Mr. C. S. Bickers, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, is posted to the First Calcutta Division, as a temporarary arrangement, which he joined on the

3rd June 1874, after noon.

No. 219.—Mr. L. O'Toole, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, joined the North-Eastern Tirhoot District on the 19th March 1874, before noon.

No. 220.—Serjeant R. Young, Overseer, First Grade, joined the First Calcutta Division on the 27th May 1874, after noon.

The 29th June 1874.

No. 221.—Posting.—Mr. R. W. Green, Assistant Engineer, First Grade, who has been temporarily made available by the Irrigation Branch of this Department for employment on relief works, is posted to the East Chumparun District, which he joined on the 27th May 1874, before noon.

No. 222.—Mr. F. E. Wilshaw, Supervisor, Second Grade, is posted to the Eastern

Tirhoot District, which he joined on the 15th June 1874, before noon.

No. 223.—Mr. J. B. Challon, Supervisor, Second Grade, is posted to the Sonthal Pergunnaha District, which joined on the 15th June 1874, before noon.

No. 224. - Leave of Absence. - Baboo Ramnath Bhuttacharjee, Overseer, Second Grade, attached to the Hazareebagh District, from the 1st December 1873 to the 13th February 1874, on medical certificate, under Supplement F, Section 3 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 225 .- Posting .- Mr. R. B. Claudius, Overseer, First Grade, who has been temporarily made available by the Irrigation Branch of this Department for employment on relief works

is posted to the Bogra District.

No. 226.—Notification.—Azizuddeen, Overseer, Second Grade, joined the North-Eastern Tirhoot District on the 23rd June 1874, after noon.

- No. 227.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Military Department, are republished for information:-
- "No. 657 of 16th June 1874.—The undermentioned Officers have reported their departure for Europ on the dates specified:-

"Lieutenant-Colonel (Brevet Colonel) F. P. Layard, of the Bengal Staff Corps, Government General

Order No. 433, of 1874,—Arabia. 1st May 1874 from Bombay.

"No. 682 of 1874.—Under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of the 21st December 1871, and in consequence of the death of Major-General J. D. Stewart, Bombay Infantry, on the 13th April 1874, the name of-

Major H. T. Forbes, Bengal Staff Corps, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Colonels.'

No. 228.—The following orders, issued by the Government of India, Public Works Department, are republished for information :-

"No. 404 of the 21 d June 1874.—Corporal C. Lewis, Overseer, First Grade, is transferred from Bengal to the Military Works Branch."

"No. 405.—The undermentioned Non-Commissioned Officers of Royal Engineers are appointed to the

Public Works Department as Overseers, First Grade, and posted to Bengal:-Sergeants G. Stuttaford and D. Haining.

No. 229.—Postings.—Sergeant G. Stuttsford, R.E., Overseer, First Grade, is posted to the North-Eastern Tirhoot District, which he joined on the 2nd June 1874, before noon.

Serjeant D. Haming, E.E., Overseer, First Grade, is posted to the East Chumparun District, which he joined on the 21st May 1874, before noon.

LOCAL COMMUNICATIONS.

The 29th June 1874.

No. 230.—Declaration under Section 6 of Act X of 1870 of the Government of India.— Whereas it appears to the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal that land is required to be taken by Government at the public expense for a public purpose, viz. for making a deviation line of the Rajmehal and Dinagepore road in front of a breach above Old Maldah, in the villages of Shak Mohuppara, Fulbari, and Ramchunderpore, pergunnah Rokunpore, and villages Nowgow and Balia, pergunuah Kankjole, zillah Maldah, it is hereby declared that for the

above purpose a piece of land measuring, more or less, 20 beeghas of standard measurement, bounded on the north by Sonatun Dasse's land in Balia, Nowgow, and by dawra and Aughory and Hoolash Bewas' lands in village Ramchunderpara; east by Lotun Rajak, Ramdhone Rajak, Ratoo Hajee, Jaun, Mehomed Khoodoo Ganjea Alal and Premchand Kurmokar's gardens, and Buffatoola and Chukoo Sah's lands in villages Fulbari and Shak Mohumpara; west by River Mohanunda, Lotun Rajak, Ramdhone Rajak and Golam Mehomed's gardens and daura, and south by Sonatan Dasse's gardens and daura, is required within the aforesaid villages of Shak Mohumpara, Fulbari, Ramchunderpore, Balia and Nowgow, in the district of Maldah.

2. This Declaration is made under the provisions of Section 6 of Act X of 1870

to all whom it may concern.

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Colonel; R.E., Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, P. W. D.

IRRIGATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.—ESTABLISHMENT.

Dated 26th June 1874.

No. 263.—Appointment.—Baboo Rajendra Nath Biswas is appointed to the Public Works Department as a Probationary Sub-Overseer of the First Grade and posted to the Gunduk Circle.

No. 264.—Leave.—Mr. J. H. Apjohn, Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade, attached to the Cossye Division, is allowed privilege leave from the afternoon of the 24th May 1874 to the afternoon of the 4th June 1874, under Chapter VI, Section 21 of the Civil Leave Code.

No. 265.—Appointment.—Baboo Girish Chunder Banerje is appointed to the Public Works Department as a Probationary Sub-Overseer of the First Grade and posted to the Gunduk Circle.

No. 266.—Notification.—The following extract from the General Orders of the Right Hon'ble the Commander-in-Chief, dated 16th June 1874, is republished for information:—

(" From the London Gazette dated 12th May 1874.")

"The undermentioned officers, having completed the qualifying service, to be Colonels:--

"Lieutenant Colonel Henry William Gulliver, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers. Dated 21st March 1874."

No. 267.—Postings.—Mr. J. G. Lee, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, transferred from from the Sindia Railway Survey, is posted to the Karamnassa Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 7th June 1874.

No. 268.—Lieutenant E. Kenny, s.c., Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, transferred from Mysore, is posted to the Survey Division, Gunduk Circle.

Lieutenant Kenny reported his arrival at Dinapore on the afternoon of the 17th

No. 269.—Lieutenant II. W. Allen, Assistant Engineer, Second Grade, transferred from Mysore, is posted to the High Level Canal Division, Gunduk Circle.

Lieutenant Allen reported his arrival at Dinapore on the afternoon of the 17th June

No. 270.—Notification.—The following notification of the Government of India, Public Works Department, is republished for information:—

"No. 399, dated 19th June 1874.—The services of Lieutenant A.R. Porter, B.S.C., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for employment on Famine Relief Works."

No. 271.—Posting.—Lieutenant A. R. Porter, B.S.C., to the Lower Gunduk Embankment Division, Gunduk Circle.

Lieutenant Porter will rank as an Assistant Engineer of the Second Grade for such

time as he is employed on famine relief works.

No. 272.—Notifications.—Baboo Jogendro Chunder Mookerjee, Temporary Overseer, Second Grade, joined the Upper Gunduk Embankment Division on the afternoon of the 16th June 1874.

No 273.—Mr. H. H. Gahan, Assistant Engineer, Third Grade, joined the High Level Canal Division on the afternoon of the 8th June 1874.

Dated 29th June 1874.

No. 274.—Medical Posting.—Second Grade Assistant Surgeon Rajkristo Ghosal, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Department, is posted to the Dehree Division, vice Third Grade Assistant Surgeon Romana Krishna De.

No. 275.—Leave.—Mr. W. H. Morrow, Supervisor, Second Grade, Dehree Division, is granted privilege leave for two months, under Section 12, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code, with effect from the afternoon of the 28th May 1874, on which date he availed himself of it.

G. A. Searle, Lieut.-Col., s.c.,

For Offg. Joint-Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

[Third Publication.]

NOTIFICATION.

Under Section 64 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

The 15th June 1874.—The Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta, with the sanction of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, do hereby declare that the wharf on the east bank of the River Hooghly, extending from the northern boundary of Golabaree Ghât Road on the north to the southern boundary of Kassy Mitter's Ghât on the south, is ready for receiving, landing, and shipping goods from and upon vessels not being sea-going vessels, and order that within the limits of that portion of the Port of Calcutta situate between the said Kassy Mitter's Ghât on the south and the northern boundary of Thakoorbarree Ghât on the north, it shall not be lawful to laud or ship any goods out of or into vessels of the class above specified except at the aforesaid wharf.

By order of the Commissioners, W. D. Bruce, Vice-Chairman.

HIGH COURT NOTICES.

Orders by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE.

The 29th June 1874.—Baboo Poorno Chunder Roy, Second Moonsif of Dukhin Shabuzpore, in the District of Backergunge, is allowed leave of absence for 41 months, on private affairs from 2nd July 1874, under Section 5, Supplement F of the Civil Leave Code.

TRANSFERS OF MOONSIFS.

The 25th June 1874.—Baboo Gopal Chunder Bose, Second boonsif of Rungpore, on leave is appointed to be Moonsif of Kandi, District Moorshedabad, and will join his new appointment on the expiration of his leave.

Baboo Chunder Coomar Roy, Moonsif of Buddergunge, District Rungpore, and now Acting Moonsif of Cox's Bazar, District Chittagong, is appointed to be Moonsif of Cox's

Bazar, District Chittagong.

By order of the High Court, H. J. S. Cotton, Offg. Registrar.

Circular Orders and Memos. by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

Circular Order No. 2.

Dated Calcutta, the 8th June 1874.

WITH reference to the alteration in Section 276 of the Code of Criminal Procedure
HIGH COURT.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

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2. The High Court find it necessary to call the attention of the several Subordinate Criminal Courts, and of the Officers in charge of Jails, to the provisions of Act X of 1872, in respect of the submission of criminal appeals. Section 275 of the present law enacts that "every petition of appeal shall be accompanied by a copy of the judgment or order appealed against."

3. What the jædgment or final order in the case shall contain is enacted in Section 464 of the Code:—"The judgment or final order shall contain the point or points for determination, the finding increupon, and the reasons for the finding." The fourth paragraph of the same section points out that "In trials by jury the Court need not state its reasons for its judgment, but shall record the heads of the charge to the jury." In cases tried by jury, therefore, the heads of the Judge's charge to the jury will take the place of the reasons for the finding.

4. No doubt can exist as to the plain requirements of the law in this matter, and the Court desire that the Subordinate Courts will carefully comply with the provisions of the New Code and discontinue the practice, which at present exists in several quarters, of furnishing to the person affected, and sending up to the Appellate Court, a copy of the sentence only with the petition of appeal.

Circular Order No. 3.

Dated Calcutta, the 18th June 1874.

MIGH COURT. English Department, Criminal. THE Court are pleased to notify; for the information of Judges and Magistrates, that Circular Order No. 17, dated 17th June 1863, is cancelled.

Circular Order No. 14.

Dated Calcutta, the 13th June 1874. .

THE following special returns are prescribed in addition to the regular annual statements, and it is requested that they may be made without delay for DEPARTMENT.

Civil.

1873 in the forms appended hereto:—

A statement showing for each Court in the district the applications filed during the ear, under Section 119, Civil Procedure Code, for orders to set aside judgments passed ex-parte or on default.

A return of decrees satisfied without execution for each Court subordinate, to the High

Court.

A statement showing on a graduated scale the values of suits in which local inquiry was ordered, and the expenditure of money and time involved therein.

A.

Applications under Section 119, Act VIII of 1859, for an order to set aside an ex-parte judgment or a judgment on default.

Name of Court.	To set aside ex- parte judg- ment.	To set aside judgment on default.	Total	Applications granted.	Applications rejected.	Total disposed of	Pending.	REMARKS.
					-	•		
						•		
		•					۴.	

B.

Statement showing decrees satisfied without execution in_ during the year_____

Denomination of Court.	Number of decrees satisfied.	Amount of decree.	Remarks.
			•

Ö.

Statement showing values of the different classes of suits in which local inquiry was ordered during the year_____.

	<u> </u>					
Scale of values.	No.	Aggregate value.	Average value.	Aggregate cost of local inquiry only.	Average cost of local inquiry.	Average time occumed in inquiry.
Cases not exceeding & Rs.						
20 "	,		•			
50 "	•					
100 "	•	•				
530 "	· ·	·				
1,000 "	•					
Exceeding 1,000 ,,						,

No. 689, dated Calcutta, the 3rd June 1874.

From—H. J. S. Corron, Esq., Offg. Registrar of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

To-The Magistrate of Sylhet.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2546, dated 20th May
HIGH COURT.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

Criminal.

1874, in which you state that you had presumed that
columns 2 and 3, Part II of Quarterly Statement D, referred
to cases of commitment.

2. In reply, I am to say that, although your supposition is borne out by the literal wording of the headings of the columns, the intention of the Court was that "persons implicated in commitments" and not the commitments themselves should be shown in this column, and you are requested to cause the statements to be prepared on this principle in future.

Circular Memo. No. 3.

Dated Calcutta, the 3rd June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

Winningl.

Forwarded to all Sessions Judges and Magistrates for information and guidance.



No.

Dated Calcutta, the 12th June 1874.

To-The Judge of

THE Court direct me to return herewith your returns to Circular Order No. 11, dated
14th March 1874, and to point out that the forms of
Registers of receipts and disbursements on account of Civil
Court Ameens prescribed by that Circular were intended, as
stated therein, to be kept up in all the regular Civil Courte

stated therein, to be kept up in all the regular Civil Courte with a view to furnishing materials for the returns to the Court under Circular Order No. 12, dated 8th April 1872.

- 2. The Statement for the financial year 1873-74, required in the 2nd paragraph of the recent Circular, should be made in the form appended to the Circular No. 12, dated 8th April. 1872.
- 3. The Statement should accordingly be recast and submitted to this Court at an early date.

Circular Memo. No. 14.

Dated Calcutta, the 12th June 1874.

HIGH COURT.
ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.
Civil.

Cory forwarded to all District Judges for information and guidance.

By order of the High Court,

H. J. S. COTTON,
Officiating Registrar.

TREASURY NOTICE.

LIEUTENANT L. J. H. GREY, Assistant Commissioner, has been placed in charge of the Lohardugga Treasury, and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

E. T. DALTON, Commr. of Chota Nagpore.

CHOTA NAGPORE, the 19th June 1874.

EDUCATIONAL NOTICES.

It is hereby notified that, under the orders of the Government of Bengal contained in the Resolution dated the 5th of October 1872, promulgating the Junior Scholarship Rules, five junior scholarships of the second grade and ten of the third grade were allotted to the Presidency Division. They will be distributed among the several districts of the division in the following manner at the ensuing December examination:—

 24-Pergunnahs
 ...
 ...
 ...
 7

 Nuddea
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 5

 Jessore
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

The grade of the scholarship will be determined by the marks obtained by the successful candidate in the divisional list.

It is also notified, in accordance with paragraph 10 of the Rules, that not less than one half of the scholarships will be awarded to students who have qualified in drawing, surveying, and physical geography.

The examination in these subjects will be held in the Kishnaghur College, Jessore Zillah School, and the Senate House, on the 8th and 9th October 1874. For further information candidates can apply to the Inspector of Schools, Presidency Circle, No. 22, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

The 12th June 1874.

H. ULICK BROWNE, Commissioner.

NOTICE

By the Board for conducting the examination of candidates for admission as Pleaders and Mookhtears in Courts subordinate to the High Court at Fort William.

The following is the result of the examination held at Patna of candidates for admission as Pleaders of the Lower Grade.

. Name. ·	Father's name.	Father's name.		
Rewab Lall	Seeta Ram	•••	Gya.	
Hurbuns Sohoy •	Luchmun Proshed	•••	Ditto.	
Janoki Persad	Bhyro Deyal Singh	•••	Shahabad.	
Ramnoomi Pershad	Jagun Nath Singh	•••	Tirhoot.	
Mohomed Ahya	Sheik Munowur Hossein		Patna.	
Arshud Ali	Usad Ali		Bhagulpore.	
Mudun Mohun Lall	Nundo Proshud Khatre	•••	Patna.	
Mohamed Tayeb	Mehdi Hossein	•••	Monghyr.	
Mohamed Abdool Azneez	Sheik Ameer Hossein	•••	Shahabad.	
Golam Raza	,, Ali Raza	•••	Ditto.	
Sheik Bilayet Hossein	Muhdela Hossein	• • •	Gya.	
	Sheik Urshud Ali	• • •	Patna.	
Kooldip Narain	Sheo Sohoy Singh	•••	Shahabad.	
	Hurihur Sohoy	•••	Tirhoot.	
	. Sohun Lall	•••	Patna.	
Amanut Ali Khan	Mahomed Ali Khan	•••	Shahabad.	
Sheik Mahomed Ibrahum Hosse		•••	Ditto.	
(4) 1 T)	Hor Pursad Singh	•••	Sarun.	
	Ahmed Bux	•••	Patna.	
	Thacoor Ubhlakh Proshud	•••	Sarun.	
	Mohamed Beg	••	Shahabad.	
	Bhograj Singh	•••	Patna.	
Mahamad Thuckins	Syed Mahomed Horoon	•••	Ditto.	
Iranda Mund	Deedar Ollah	•••	Tirhoot.	
Shaile Ambur Wassin	Goor Sohay Singh	•••	Sarun.	
Nhannan Dunahad	Sheik Sakhaut Alli	•••	Patna.	
Sheile Mahamad Dahim	Ram Bhajun Lall	•••	Shahabad.	
Dadamaddaan Hassain	Moonshee Deebai Ali	•••	Patna.	
Dam Amaumaha Damhad	Mulick Muzhur Ali Janki Proshad	•••	Ditto.	
Mahamad Sharast	Shalla Dahadaaa Ali	•••	Tirhoot.	
their Mohamad Tan	Daigue ban Darr	•••	Bhagulpore. Tirhoot.	
Shamoun Tall	177 75-11	•••		
Shaile Fagul Hya	Shails Shares Ali	•••	Monghyr. Patna.	
thail Warrid Warrain	A	•••	Arrah.	
Lan Darband	Degamber Lall	•••	Monghyr.	
Valind Deckad	Mahadeo Dutt	•••	Tirhoot.	
Ional Tall	Pubhoo Nath	•••	Gya.	
thick Plahi Bulcah	Sheik Joomun		Ditto.	
Tahamad Sadia	, Mahomed Karim		Bhagulpore.	
Imami	, Enayet Hossein		Gya.	
Joan Marain Singh L.	Durgapaty Lall		Bhagulpore.	
thermore of the Albert	Mahomed Wajid		Gya.	
Ali Hyder .	Sheik Najabut Ali		Shahabad.	
Tradbas Tull	Rung Lall		Patna.	
heik Ali Buksh .	Sheik Korem Bux		Ditto.	
bnool Hossein .	Syed Hossein Askri		Shahabad.	
Abdool Huq .	Kobeerooddin Ahmed		Bhagulpore.	
Nowrung Proshad	. Thacoor Proshad		Shahabad.	
Soij Nath Proshad	. Jugroop Sing	!	Patna.	
lahomed Abdoolah	Hyder Ali		Monghyr.	
hedi Lall .		•••	Patna.	
heikh Reyazoodin		•••	Shahabad.	
alla Brojobehari Lall .			Sarun.	
enarsi Lall			Shahabad.	
Iohamed Ali Ahsen	1	- 1	Patna.	
aghober Sohay	1	•••	Ditto.	
lainee Proshed	1 = -0.		Gya.	
anuck Lall			Tirhoot.	
lath Sohay			Ditto.	
Schamed Mehfooz	. Sheik Kifayetoollah		Bhagulpore.	

Name.	Futher's Name.	Districts.
Golam Woris, alias Golam Rows	han Wazeerooddeen	Patna.
Deoki Nund	Sham Soondar Lall	Ditto.
Oulad Ashun	Shaik Imam Buksh	Ditto.
Riyaz Ali	Wahid Ali	Shahabad.
Syed Abdool Azeez	Syed Goohur Ali	Bhagulpore.
Sheik Omed Ali	Imam Buksh	Patna.
Sheik Bundeh Ali	Muazum Ali	Sarun.
Dabi Proshad	Ajoodhya Proshad	Shahabad.
Elahi Bux	Moorad Ali	Tirhoot.
Sheik Robut Hossein	Hyder Ali	Gya.
Nonidh Narain	Har Sohay Singh	Shahabad.
Mehboobool Hossein	Habeebool Hossein	Sarun.
Durshun Lall	Khoob Lall	Bhagulpore.
Sheik Imdat Hossein	Imam Bux	Patna.
Chundi Proshad Ghose	Sunker Nath Ghose	Bhagulpore.
Nuckchedi Lall	Meemoon Lall	Ditto.
Mungri Ram	Rugho Nath Sahoy	Ditto.
Mahomed Jan	S. Muzhur Hossein	Tirhoot.
rajunmool Hossein	Mahomed Azhar	Ditto.
Waris Ali	Vazeer Ali	Ditto.
Abdool Goni	Dandan Ali	Dotne
Abdool Rahman	S-ul Makal Ali	1.C.
Joy Nath Lall	Tiamani Tall	Shahabad.
Narsingh Sahoy -	Dammakind Sahan Singh	
Ali Buksh	S 3 A 1:	G
Byed Sahib Ali	17))	17:44
S. Ameer Ali	0 37 1 411	6111
Nowarddin Ahmed	O II. Jan Almad	D.4.
	O D. L. L. L. A1:	m: A - A
Deeder Ali		
Zahooroolashsan	Ikramoolhuq S. Elahi Buksh	Ditto. Patna.
Casuddook Hossein	9 14-1 1 17 1 1 - 1	
Syed Kowut Ali	Makamad Massah	Shahabad. Patna.
Abdool Gafoor	Rashi Raza	•
Serajooddin Ahmed		Gya.
Mahomed Iradut Hossein	S. Mahomed Ali Asghur	Patna.
Mehdi Hossein	Bundah Ali	Monghyr.
Bunwari Lall	Doomun Lall	Tirhoot.
Mahomed Abdool Luteef	S. Aizad Bux	Shahabad.
ogendro Nath Banerjee	Krish Chunder	Patna.
Akhori Gonesh Proshad	Sivaram Singh	Shahabad.
Mothoora Nath Banerjee	Nundo Coomar	Kishnaghur, Nuddea
Moonshee Purmanund	Achoota Nund	Tirhoot.
Ramroop Lall	Nundoo Singh	Patna.
Kedar Nath Mookerjee	Bhogoban Chunder	Shahabad.

The following is the result of the examinations held at Dacca, Cuttack, and Gowhatty, of candidates for admission as Mookhtears.

Name. Father's name. District.

Dacca.

Banarjee, Judu Nath		Cassi Chunder		Backergunge.
,, Haro Kantha		Lakbi Kantha		Dacca.
" Sri Nath		Krishna Kishore		Ditto.
" Madan Mohun	:. .	Banko Chunder	•••	Ditto.
Bose, Chundra Coomar	•••	Rajnarayan		Ditto.
Chackerbutty, Bisnu Charan		Ram Kanai		Ditto.
Chowdhari, Gooroo Nath	•••	Ishar Chundra		Ditto.
	•••	Ram Roman		Fureedpore.
,, Kajoni Nath Roy Chatterjee, Kasi Chundra	• • •	Ram Doollub	•••	Backergunge.
,, Koilas Chundra		Tilak Chundra	•••	Dacca.
Dass, Shib Narain		Durga Narain	•••	Ditto.
" Prosunno Coomar		Ramlochun	•••	Ditto.
Dey, Chunder Kantha	•••	Joy Kantha	,	Ditto.

Mame

Dacca.—	(Continued.)
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Deb, Alack Chundra	Gour Chundra	Sylhet.
Datte, Ishan Chundra	Kali Das	Dacca.
Ghose, Omesh Chundra	Ramoni	Fureedpore.
,, Bhoobun Mohun		Mymensingh.
Guha, Kylas Chunder	Iswar Chunder	Ditto.
Gupta, Mobima (!hundra	Bhoyrab Chundra	Dacca.
Ghosal, Durga-Churn	Gooroo Dass	Backergunge.
Kar, Nobin Chundra		Tipperab.
Mukerjee, Kali Prosunno		Backergunge.
Roy, Juggebundhoo	Gocool Chundra	Dacca.
Sen, Raj Coomar	Kebol Krista	Backerguuge.
" Sri Nath	Soda Nunda	Dacca.
" Mohim Chundra	Radha Nath	Ditto.
Sirkar, Kali Prosunno		Backergunge.
Shome, Nobin Chundra	Ilari Krishna	0 11 4
Talapatra Coomar Chandra	Bishna Nath	Tipperah.
Mahomed Nusseem	Mahomed Mozoom Chowdhri	
	Cuttach	

Cuttack

Cuwack.	
Kanaram	Cuttack.
Rajkishore	Ditto.
Brindabun	Midnapore.
Rughoonath	Cuttack.
Sheeb Narain	Midnapore.
Muddun Mohun	Ditto.
Nund Doolal	Ditto.
Seetul Persaud	Ditto.

Gowhatty.

•	•	
Moonshee Buzlul Hossein	Moonshee Mahomed Hossein	Gowhatty.
Essan Chunder Dutta	Goluck Gobind Dutta	Ditto.
Kripa Nath Bose	Nund Coomar Bose	Pubna, Rajshahye.

The sertificates of these persons will be sent immediately to the Judges of the District given against their names.

CALCUTTA, The 29th June 1874.

Sharessur Bannerjee
Gopinath Chowdhurry
Radhamohun Dey
Joykista Mohanti
Moteeram Maytee
Dwarka Nath Nundee
Bhola Nath Dass
Pudma Lochun Sing

CECIL JACKSON,
Secretary to the Board of Examiners.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 578B.

Notice is hereby given that the Seventh Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th July 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz.—

Behar Opium Zenares "	•••	•••	•••	Chests 2,185 1,565
•			Total	3,750

- 2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the Government and Exchange Gazettes, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.
- 3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 11th and 21st July, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other public securities that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Saturday, the 11th July 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Tuesday, the 21st July 1874.
- 4,...In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about

the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.			Behar, about Chests.	Benares, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.
On or about Wednesday, 5th August On or about Monday, 7th September On or about Wednesday, 7th October On or about Friday, 6th November On or about Thursday, 3rd December	1874	•••	2,185 2,185 2,185 2,185 2,185	1,565 . 1,565 1,565 1,565 1,565	8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750 8,750
•	Total	•••	10,925	7,825	18,750

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, Offg. Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L. P., FORT WILLIAM, the 2nd June 1874.

OPIUM NOTIFICATION.

No. 691B.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Eighth Sale of Opium, the provision of 1872-73, will be held at the Government Opium Sale-room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Wednesday, the 5th August 1874, at 11 A.M., and will comprise 3,750 chests, viz:—

Behar	Opium	•••	•••		Chests. 2,185
Benares	,,	•••	***	•••	1,565
		Tot	al	***	3,750

- 2. The general conditions of the sale now advertised will be the same as usual; they may be ascertained by reference to the Notification issued on the 8th November 1873, and published in the Government and Exchange Gazettes, or on personal application at the Office of the Board of Revenue.
- 3. The latest dates for deposit and clearance will be the 10th and 20th August, respectively, that is to say, no Bank of Bengal Receipts, Government Promissory Notes, or other Public Securities, that may be tendered for deposit in redemption of Promissory Notes given by purchasers in the Sale-room, will be received after 4 P.M. of Monday, the 10th August 1874, and no Bank of Bengal Receipts in full payment of lots will be accepted after 4 P.M. of Thursday, the 20th August 1874.
- 4. In addition to the quantity above advertised for sale, the following quantities, more or less, of Behar and Benares Opium will be brought to sale in the present year on or about the dates specified below. The Member in charge of the Opium Department, however, reserves to himself the right of altering these dates, should circumstances render it expedient to do so:—

Dates.		Behar, about Chests.	Renarcs, about Chests.	Total, about Chests.	
				•• (
On or about Monday, 7th Sept. 1874	***	2,185	1,565	8,750	
On or about Wednesday, 7th Oct., On or about Friday, 6th Nov.,	•••	2,185 2,185	1,565 1,565	3,750 3,750	
On or about Thursday, 3rd Dec. "	•••	2,185	1,565	8,750	
Total	•••	8,740	6,260	15,000	

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

NOTICE.

No. 660 B.

Ir is hereby notified that one lot of Behar Opium of the sale held on the 4th instant. for which the Promissory Note deposited was not redeemed within the period prescribed in the 5th clause of the sale conditions, will be resold at the risk of the former purchaser at the Opium. Sale-Room, No. 2, Bankshall Street, on Monday, the 6th July 1874, immediately after the conclusion of the sale of 3,750 chests advertised for that day.

2. The conditions of resale will be the same as those of the sale above referred to.

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, Offg. Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, FORT WILLIAM, the 23rd June 1874.

STATEMENT showing the quantity of Salt in store available for exportation on Private Trade at each of the several Ports of export in the undermentioned Districts.

Name of District.		Ports at which Salt is generally available for export on private trade.		Quantity remaining in store actually available for export on 16th May 1874.	Remarks.
		•	APP Burgumananan	Indian Mds.	
Ganjam	, •••	Bavanapadu, at the	Nowpa-		
	ŕ	dah Salt Pans	•••	50,000	!
Godaver y	***	Coconada	•••	47,840	•
Kistna	••	Nizampatam	•••	33, 60 0	
	(Madras	•••		
Chingleput	}	Ennore	•••		
- -		Covelong	•••	27,818	
Tanjore	{	Negapatam	•••		
J	C	Katmavady	***	100.000	
Tinnevelly	•••	Tuticorin	•••	120,000	
		Total	•••	279,258	

N.B.—Salt for export will be supplied by Government at the rates specified in the Notifications dated 21st March 1868 and 22nd April 1869, published at pages 737, Fort St. George Gazette, dated the 24th March 1868, and 673, dated 27th April e C. A. GALTON, Acting Sub-Secretary.

REVENUE BOARD OFFICE, Madras, 8th June 1874

Published for general information,

By order of the Member-in-Charge,

W. H. GRIMLEY, Offg. Secretary.

BOARD OF REVENUE, L.P., Fort William, the 25th June 1874.

DISTRICT RELIEF COMMITTEES.

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to act as members of the district relief committee for the Sonthal Pergunnahs:-

Mr. B. Wood.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. Moore.

Mr. W. M. Smith.

" C. W. Wilmot.

" F. Grant.

" E. Stewart.

" J. R. Hand.

J. Rowland.

Rev. Mr. Boeressen.

Brown. "

A. Stark

Mr. Cole.

The Civil Surgeon.

Mr. E. J. Meara.

" R. C. Hamilton.

Rev. Mr. H. Davies.

Rajah Gopal Chunder Sing.

Leela Nund Sing.

Baboo Gopce Lal Pandey.

Indro Narain Rai. Audit Narain Singh.

Mr. H. Muston.

S. P. CHATTERJEE, For Offg. Commissioner.

BHAGULPORE, the 24th June 1874.

At a meeting of the District Charitable Relief Committee, Bankoora, held on the 7th June 1874.

PRESENT.

W. R. Larminie, Esq., c. s., in the chair.

Members:

E. Grey, Esq., c.s. R. H. G. Irvine, Esq.

J. O. B. Sceales, Esq.

Baboo Kanti Chunder Chatterjee.

Promotho Nath Banerjee. Kunja Behary Chuckravarti.

Ram Chunder Dichit.

Baboo Kumad Nath Dutta. Mohesh Chundra Banerjee.

Moonshee Alijameen.

Baboo Krishna Govind Gossami, Honorary Secretary.

Baboo Harri Sunkur Dutta, Joint-Secretary.

Read correspondence on the subject of relief to be afforded to "d" class paupers, and resolved-

That supply of rice to "d" class paupers be made through some respectable men of the village where they reside, and that such respectable men be supplied with rice for that

purpose.

2. That on the written recommendation of any one member of the committee, relief to "d" class paupers be given, and that the member recommending such persons will state in the certificate to be granted by him the names of the persons with details as to their cattle, implements of husbandry, and any other property they may be in possession of, and what aid they should receive.

3. That clothing be supplied to those paupers who are destitute thereof, and that the following be fixed as the length of the clothing :- Five yards for women, three-yard pieces

for girls, four yards for men, and three yards for boys from 5 to 12 years of age.

4. That the weavers' sub-committee be requested to cause cloth of the above descriptions to be manufactured.

Read a letter from Leonard Reuss, Manager of the Susunia Stone Quarries, offering to open a relief centre at Susunia on condition that the Charitable Relief Committee will defray one half of the expenses thereof; and resolved-

5. That his offer be accepted and Government grain be sent to him as required.

Resolved, that a relief centre be opened at Godardihi.
Resolved, that as in consequence of the rains having sent in, the river Dalkeswar will frequently overflow during this season, the relief centre of Bankoora be divided into two, and one be located at Rajgram.

Resolved, that advances of hemp be made to fishermen to spin to make nets with, and that their women be supplied with cotton to spin, and that in case their wages be not sufficient to maintain their families, gratuitous relief be granted after due consideration and enquiry.

As the working of the Joypore sub-committee is very unsatisfactory, resolved-

8. That it may be remodelled.

Resolved, that the salary of the mohurir allowed to the husking sub-committee be increased to Rs. 10 in consequence of the general increase of work.

Read a letter from the Gungajulghatty sub-committee regarding the appointment of a moharir to keep accounts in connection with relief, and resolved-

That a mohurir be at once appointed under the sub-committee.

Read a letter from Baboo Kumud Nath Dutta regarding the arrangements he made about the distressed Brahmins of Bathantore who were, on enquiry, found to be really poor, and resolved-

11. That the arrangements of Baboo Kumud Nath as to these man receiving gratuitous alms as "d" class paupers at the Inackra centre be approved.

Read a letter from Baboo Ramchunder Dichit, a member of the weaving subscannittee, regarding the purchase of an almirah for keeping tusser cloth, &c., received back from the weavers, and resolved-

That the cost of purchasing an almirah, Rs. 25, be sanctioned.

Resolved, that as the salary of the English clerk under the committee is very small, it be increased to Rs. 20 in consequence of the general increase of work.

Read a letter from certain inhabitants of Polasdanga, requesting to provide for certain villages of thana Gungajalghatty bordering on the Burdwan jurisdiction, and resolved-

- 14. That seven days' rations at a time be allowed to the paupers of the villages from the
- 15. Resolved, that the several sub-committees be requested to realize and remit the value of the thread advanced to weavers, or to send the cloths manufactured by them.

W. R. LARMINIE, Chairman.

At a meeting of the District Relief Committee, held on the 15th June 1874.

PRESENT:

W. R. Larminie, Esq. c.s., in the Chair.

Members.

E. Grey, Esq., c.s. R. H. G. Irvine, Esq. W. B. Christie, Esq.

Baboo Kanti Chunder Chatterjee.

Promotho Nath Banerjee. " Harihar Mookerjee. .))

Gouri Sunker Chatterjee. . " Kulada Prosad Mukerjee.

Kunja Beharee Chakravarti.

Baboo Shib Das Bhattacharjee. Ram Tarak Mukerjee.

Mohesh Chundra Banerjee.

Ananda Chundra Roy.

Moonshi Ali Jamin.

Abdool Jalil Khan.

Baboo Rameshar Sen.

" Krisna Gobinda Goshamee, member and Honorary Secretary.

Resolved that every member of the committee recommending objects of relief under class "d" be required to grant a certificate in the following form, and that all such persons already admitted be called upon to furnish fresh certificates from the members.

Form of Certificate.

"I hereby certify that I have examined into the circumstances of the family noted below, and declare that they are in need of charitable relief, and that their social position is such that it would be degarding to them to support themselves by any sort of manual labor, or being physically unable to perform such labor cannot by reason of their social position come to the relief centre."

2. Read a letter from Moonshee Abdool Jalil Khan, proposing the adoption of certain forms of registers and tickets, with regard to "d" class paupers, and resolved-

That the chairman be requisted to arrange for supply of printed forms (both in English and in the vernacular), for the use of the district committee, as well as of the mofussil subcommittees.

3. As the number of in-door patients of the charitable hospital has greatly increased in consequence of the scarcity, the committee have decided upon contributing towards the institution from the funds at their disposal at the rate of Rs. 2-8 per every average patient in excess of Rs. 12.

Read a petition from the inhabitants of Ramsagor, and the neighburing villages, and resolved-

4. That a relief centre be opened at Ramsagor.

5. Resolved that the Bissenpore sub-committee be requested to report whether there is at present any necessity for opening a relief centre at Bankadaha.

Read a petition from the inhabitants of Lodnah and the neighbouring villages praying : for the opening of a relief centre somewhere between Ondah and Bankoora, and resolved-

6. That Baboo Shib Das Bhuttacharjee, Deputy Inspector of Schools, be requested to report after enquiry as to the expediency of a relief centre being opened in that locality.

7. Resolved that Baboos Umesh Chandra Datta, Soorja Kumar Dass, Akhoy Kumar Mukerjee, Bireshur Chatterjee, and Shama Charan Bauerjee, be elected members of the District Relief Committee.

Read a petition from certain inhabitants of the town, craving that assistance be afforded to them for rebuilding their houses destroyed be fire, and resolved-

8. That Baboos Kanti Chunder Chatterjee and Gouri Sankur Chatterjee be requested to enquire into the circumstances of the applicants, and suggest measures as to how relief should be offered to them.

Read a letter from Moonshi Ali Jamin, member of the committee, asking for a mohurir to enable him to keep accounts of wages paid to laborers, weavers, and resolved

9. That a mohurir on a salary of Rs. 10 be placed at his disposal for the purpose indicated above.

> W. R. LARMINIE, Chairman.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1874.

PART II.

Adbertisements.

[N.B.—Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this part of the Gazette, cannot be received after Noon on Monday.]

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned plots of land, no longer required by the Government, situated in the district of Patna, will be put up to as at the Collector's Office at Bankipore at 12 o'clock on Thursday, the 16th July 1874, corresponding with 1st Sarabun B.S.

The purchasers of these plots will be subject to the following conditions:-

1st.-If the amount of purchase-money does not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

2nd.—If the amount of purchase-money exceeds Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the first succeeding office day, the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale to be cancelled, the sum deposited being forfeited to Government, and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

3rd,—The plots will be sold revenue-free to the highest bidders.

411.—The purchasers shall be put in possession on receipt of the orders of the Collector confirming the sales. But such possession shall be liable to be disturbed in case the final sanction of the Member of the Board of Revenue in charge should not be accorded to the proceedings.

-		-				-	-						
	!			Number of	Situated on	4	APPROXIM. BERGHAS		ATE ARBA IN AND ACRES.	LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.	ROK SALB	Commencement and termination	
Comecuti Simple	Name of Zillah		Pergunnah and Mouzab.	the land is situate.		2 .	B. C. C.	. A.	~ :	P. Reasons for exclusion.	A. B. P.	of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
-	Patna		Pergunnans Saleemabad, and Gyaspore, Mouzah Punch- mahulla.	337	South		12 19 8		9 1			Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 337, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway feacing South—By remindarse land. East—By boundary of the Monghyr district.
Ø	ditto	:	ditto	337	North .	:	13 8 0		7 28	:	:	ditto	West—by end of mile 507, as per plan. North—by semindaree land. South—By railway faceing. For the property of the Manches district.
6	ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Punchmahulla.	338	South	<u>`</u>	81 6 6		3 0 22	#	:	Commences at the end of mile 337, as per plan, and terminates on 1,310 feet of mile 338.	Meet—By continuity of the seeign's under the Weet—By end of mile 337, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. Rast—By end of mile 337, as per plan.
•	ditto	i	ditto	388	North	:	0 28 01		3 1 14		•	ditto	West—By boundary of Mouzah Jakalpore. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
10	ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzah Jalalpore.	88	South .	 -	22 13 8		0			Commences on 1,310 feet of mile 333, and terminates on 4,250 feet of same, as nor nlan.	West—By send of male 80%; as per pain. West—By sendary of Monzah Jalalpore. North—By resilway fencing. O South—By zemindave land. Reset—By hundave land.
, • , .	ditto	:	ditto :	~~~~ 88	North .		21 7 8		1 0 11	·		•	West—By boundary of Mouseb Domnh. North—By zedindaree land. South—By railway feacing.
-;-	ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Meuzah Domrah.	336	South .	<u>.</u>	7 14 0		. L 81	la		Commences on 4,360 feet vile 338, and terminates at the wd of same, as per plin.	
•	ditto	· :	ditto	88	North		8 12 0		3 16	c i		ditto	
. .	•	•					,	<u>.</u>			_	_	West-By end of mile 338, as per plan.

North By railway tencing. Senti-By semindares land. Edit-By end of mile 589, as per plan.	west—by essent nountary of the North—By semindare lead. South—By railway forcing. Reat—By end of said \$58, as per plan.	West—By eastern bonnshary of but 19. North—By railway fencing. South—By semindares land. South—By semindares land. Western boundary of lot 9. Western boundary of lot 9.	went—by only or miss obes, as yet than. North—By semislance land. • . South—By rail@ny feacing. East—By western boundary of lot 10.	West—By end of mile 339, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindare land. Each—By end of mile 389, as per plan. West—By section hundary of its	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway feecing. East—By end of mile 339, as per plan.	West—By eastern boundary of lot 16. North—Hy railway fencing. South—By semindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 13. West—By western boundary of lot 13.	North—By semindare land. South—By railway fencing. Reat—By western hundary of lot 14	West—By village road, North—By village road, South—By zemindaree land. Sate—Hy village road, West—Hy village road,	North—By zemindare land. South—By zemindare land. South—By railway fenong. West—By millinge need. West—By and of mile 340 as nor plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. Each—By need of mile 340, as per plan.	North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By ead of mile 340, as per plan.	West—By railway level crossing. North—By railway feecing. South—By zemindaree land. Sast—By railway level crossing. West—Re and of mile 841 as nor olan.	North—By semindares land. South—By railway feeding. East—By railway feed cruesing.	West—By end of mile 341, as per plan. North—By railway feacing. South—By zemindaree land. Kast—By end of mile 341, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 26.
Commences set the end of mile 338, he per plan, and terminated on 2,000 feet of mile 339.	ditto	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 389, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 389, as per plan, and terminates on 1,740 feet of mile 340.	ditto	Commences on 1,740 feet of mile 340, and terminates on 3,840 feet of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences on 3,680 feet of mile 340, and terminates at the end of same, as per plau.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 340, as per plan, and terminates on 2,725 feet of mile 341.	ditto	Commences on 2,750 feet of mile 341, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.
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ditto	ditto	ottip	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Badpore.	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Morachee and Hatheedah.
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2 2 9 Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 2,441 feet of asme, as per plan. 2 2 18 Occupied by road 0 0 4 Commences on 3,450 feet of mile 343, and terminates on 2,441 feet of asme, as per plan. 3 2 37 Commences at the end of mile 343, and terminates on 2,440 feet of mile 343. 5 1 2 Commences at the end of mile 343, and terminates on 2,440 feet of mile 343. 5 1 2 Commences at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 343, and terminates at the end of mile 344, and terminates at the end of mile 344, and terminates at the end of mile 344, and terminates at the end of mile 344, and terminates at the end of mile 344, and terminates at the end of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, and 344, an	Desire and	Desire and	Desire and			.c.		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.		•
2 2 18	Patna Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzaha 342 North Morachee and Hatheedah.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 342 North	North	:		 	© 84	:	:	Commences at the end of mile 341, as per plan, and terminates on 1,700 feet of mile 342.	
2 2 18 Occupied by road 0 0 4 Commences on 3,450 feet of mill 342, and terminates at the end of mill 342, and terminates at the end of mill 342, and serminates on 2,444 feet of same, as per plan. 0 0 4 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto 0 ditto	ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah 342 South Hatheedah.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzah 342 South Hatheedah.	South	<u> </u>	······································	7 14 10	co co	:	!	Commences on 1,700 feet of mile 342, and terminates on 3,450 feet of same, as per plan.	
2 9 18 Occupied by road 0 0 4 Commences on 3,450 feet of mill 342, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan. 2 0 14 ditto 0 0 4 ditto ditto Commences at the end of mill 342, and terminates on 1,380 feet of mile 343. 5 1 2 3 7 Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 343. 5 1 2 8 Road common to loke of 3,440 feet of mile 343. 5 1 2 8 Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 343. Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 344. Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343. Commences at the end of mile 344. ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	ditto difto 342 North 7	342 North	North			7 14 10	69 69	:	:		
2 9 19 ditto Commences at the end of mile 343. 1 3 1	ditto ditto 342 South 7	842 South	South	:		18	69 69		•	Commences on 3,450 feet of mile 342, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	
2 0 14 Commences at the end of mile 342, as per plan, and terminate on 630 feet of mile 343. 1 3 1 Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 343. 5 1 2 37 Commences at the end of mile 343. Commences at the end of mile 343, and terminate on 2,440 feet of mile 343. Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343. Boad common to lots of same, as per plan. Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343. A 2 28 Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan. Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminate of a 283. Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344. ditto ditto ditto	ditto ditto 342 North 7	342 North	North	:		18	61	ditto.	•	į	Welf-De sent of muse case, as per press. North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. State—By western boundary of lot 36. Western Awestern boundary of lot 36.
1 3 1 Commences on 1,390 feet of mile 343, and terminates on 2,444 feet of same, as per plan.	ditto ditto 343 South 6	343 South	South	:		80	Ø	:	!	nater	North—By railway fencing. South—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile \$45, as per plan.
3 2 37 Commences at the end of mile 342, se per plan, and terminate on 2,440 feet of mile 343. Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343. So, 31, 32, and 62 ditto	ditto ditto 343 South 6	343 South 6	South 6	:	٠.	90	. I.	:	:	Commences on 1,380 feet of mile 343, and terminates on 2,440 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By reminderse land. North—By remindarse land. South—By zemindarse land. Est—By ditto. West—Ey ditto.
6 1 2 Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 343, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan. 6 1 3 Road common to lots 0 0 10 ditto Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminate on 1,830 feet of mile 344. 6 2 28 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	difto dirto 343 North 11	343 North 11	North, 11		=	10	ea ea	:	•	De te	wet.—By village road. North.—By semindare land. South.—By railway fencing. East.—By end of mile 349, as per plan.
5 1 3 Road common to loke 0 0 10 ditto 4 2 28 Commences at the end of mil 343, as per plan, and terminate on 1,830 feet of mile 344. 4 2 28 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mou- 343 South 15 1 zahs Dururpore and Durya.	Gyaspore, Mou- 343 South 15 pore and Durya-	South 15	15	15	8	9	:		Commences on 2,470 feet of mile 843, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	Worth—by railer tout. North—by railery fending. South—By semindare land. Bast—By village void.
4 2 28 Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminate on 1,830 feet of mile 344. 4 2 28 ditto ditto ditto ditto	ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mon. 343 North 15 sahe Dururpore, Duryapori and Moorarpore.	Gyspore, Mou. 343 North rpore, Duryspori	North	:		16 18 10		Road common to lots 30, 31, 32, and 33.	•	•	North—By soundares land. South—By semindares land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road.
4 2 28 Gitto Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 8,10 feet of same, as per plan.	ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Moutaha 344 South 14 Duryapore and Moorarpore.	344 South 14	South 14		14	83	7	:	:	Commences at the end of mile 343, as per plan, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 344.	Water—By can of mine case, as per plan. North—By callway feacing. South—By remindares land. South—By seemindares land. Teat—By end of mile &&, as per plan.
3 1 29 Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,10 feet of same, as per plan.	ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, sonsah 344 North 14	fourth 344 North 14	North 14		14	2 10	4 60	:		1	North—By semindaree land. South—By semindaree land. South—By railway feeding. Rast—By end of mile 343, as per plan.
	ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah 344 South 10 Outah.	344 South 10	South 10		9	7 10		£ .	:	Commences on 1,830 feet of mile 344, and terminates on 3,100 feet of same, as per plan.	West—By esteen boundary of lot 57. North—By railway feeding. Seeth—By semindays land. Blot—By westeen boundary of lot 34. West—By westeen boundary of lot 34.

beges of 1,830 feet of mile. North The sessinglares land. not Commission on 3,100 confirmed resident festing. K same, as per plan.	Commences on 8,130 feet of mile / North—By winge road. 344, and terminates at the end Spath—By semindates land. of same, so pet plan.	dittoo Korth By seen or units par, as per pain. dittoo South By seen indares land. South By seen indares land. East By village read.	Commences at the end of mile North—By end of mile 344, as per plan. 344, as per plan, and termi: South—By reginderse land. nates on 670 feet of mile 345. Rast—By end of mile 344, as per plan. West—By village road and boundary of Moumh	ditto North—By semindarse land. South—By railway flucing. East—By end of mile 344, as per plan.	Commences on 700 feet of mile North—By railway feeting. 845, and terminates on 3,000 South—By semindares hand. feet of same, as per plan. East—By village road & boundary of Mounts.		Commences on 3,000 feet of mile North—By railwy feeting. 345, and terminates at the South—By remindares land, end of same, as per plan. East—By western boundary of lot 43.	ditto Worth—By semindarse land. South—By railway fencing.	Commences at the end of mile North—By realer boundary of 100 so. West—By end of mile 345, as per plan. 345, as per plan, and termi: South—By semindaree land. nates on 1,760 feet of mile 346, Ext—By end of mile 345, as per plan. West—Reseason handle 346, Reseason handle 345, as	ditto North—By zemindaree land. South—By zemindaree land.	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile North—By zentern boundary of lot 49. 346, and terminates on 3,620 South—By remindaree land. feet of same, as per plan. East—By western boundary of lot 46.	ditto North—By semindare land. South—By relivey fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 47.	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile North—By railway fencing. 346, and terminates at the end South—By zemindares land. of same, as per plan. West—By wastern boundary of lot 48. West—By wastern boundary of lot 48.	ditto North—By zemindare land. South—By railway fencing. Kast—By western boundary of lot 49. West—By western boundary of lot 49.
33.5	Commen 344, an		Commer 844, su nates		Commei 345, a feet of		Commer 345, send of		Commer 345, a nates o		Commer 846, at feet of	-	Commen 346, an of same	
	:	0 0 10	:	•	•	.:	0	9 0 0	• !	:	:	i	:	0 0 83
:	į	Road common to lots 36, 37, 38, and 39.	; ;	:	:	!	Occupied by road	ditto	:		:			Occupied by branch line to River Gangee.
8	8 8	8,3	6	2 0	2 11	11 8	1 34	1 35	© 61	о. 81	© 61	& 81	8	1 26
6	*	₹	#	~	60	es	6	ಣ	61	61	64	81	61	•
10 7 10	0 41 %1	14 17 0	6 4	8 8	10 16 0	10 16 0	10 9 8	10 9 8	7 14 10	7 14 10	7 14 10	7 14 10	7 14 10	7 6 8
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North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North
844	**		346	346	346	346	346	346	346	346	846	346	346	346
· .·	•	:		:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	:	:	:	: •	:	i	1	:	
detto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	Pergunnah Gy Muckeah.	ditto	• ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	• ditto	ditto	ditto
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k	ĸ	87	9	' 3	4	3	4	\$	\$	4	4	, 3	3	3

,			Number of	Situated on		PROBLEO P	Berghas and acres.	FROM RACH LOT.		Commencement and termination		
<u>.</u>	Name of Zilab.	Pergumah and Mousah. u	mile on which the land is situate.	which fide of the Railway.	B.	. c.	A. B. 1	P. Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	of lot.		Boundaries of let.
Patos	i	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Muckeah.	847	South		13 8	0	.:		Commences at the end of mile 346, as per plan, and terminates on 316 feet of mile 347.	North—By r South—By z East—By en	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 346, as per plan.
ditto	:	• ditto	347	North		1 13 3	0	60		ditto	North—By a South—By r East—By ra	west—19 rainway ievei crossus. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—Hy end of mile 346, as per plan.
ditto	:	ditto	. 847	South		оо m оо	61	33 Occupied by railway level crossing road.	9 0 0	Commences on 3,390 feet of mile 347, and terminates at the end same, as per plan.	West-By ra North-By ra South-By ra East-By Mary	West—By railway level crossing. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree lands. Bast—By Mokameh station lands. West—Hy and of mile 247 as nor nian.
ditto	:	ditto	347	North .		8 13 14	es	20 ditto	9 0	ditto	North—By 1 South—By 1 Kest—By M.	cemindaree land. allway fencing. blameh station lands.
ditto	•:•	ditto	348	South .	:	7 7 0	61	65		Commences at the end of mile 347, as per plan, and terminates on 1,760 feet of mile 348.	North—By a South—By a East—By ead West—By ea	Next—by end of this sole, so per plan. North—By railway feacing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 347, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 68.
ditto	:	ditto	348	North .	······································	7 7 0	A 61	:	:	ditto	North—By a South—By n East—By en	emindaree land. silway fencing. d of mile 347, as per plan. stern handary of lot, 59.
ditto	:	ditto	348	South	<u> </u>	7 7 0	69	: ::	:	Commences on 1,760 feet of mile 348, and terminates on 3,520 feet of same, as per plan.	North—Hy r South—By s Rest—By we	North—Hy railway fencing. South—By zemindare land. Rast—By western boundary of lot 56. West—Ry seatern boundary of lot 60.
ditto	:	ditto	976	North	<u>. • </u>	7 7 0	89	:: ::		ditto	North—By a South—By a East—By we	North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. Sast—By western boundary of lot 57. West—Hy seatern boundary of lot 61.
ditto	:	Pergunnah Graspore, Mouzahs Mokameh and Shonar.	848	South	<u> </u>	7 9 0	8	1 34 Occupied by road	•	Cummences on 3,620 feet of mile 348, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By a South—By a East—By w	North—By railway feacing. South—By zemindaree land. Bast—By western boundary of lot 59. Western land 248 as ner plan.
dith	:	ditto	85 89	North		0	8	34 ditto	0	ditto	North—By South—By West—By orth—By zemidaree land. South—By zemidaree land. South—By railway fencing. West—Hy weekern boundary of lot 69. West—Hy and of mile 248, as per plan.	
ditto	i	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Morzah Shanar.	956 -	South .		16 4 14	, o	1 19		Commences at the end of mile 349, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 349.	North—iy South—By	halway tencing. semindare land. d of mile 348, as per plan.
ditto	i	ditto	976	North .		16 4 14	. n	1 10		atte	North—By	North—By zemindaree land. South—By zemiway feacing: South—By railway feacing: Signif—By and of mile 346, as per plan.
ditto		dieto	346	South .	:	8 17 8	es 61	08 8		Commences on 2,950 feet of mile 349, and terminates at the end of space, as per plan.	North Park	By realway fencing. By semindares land. By villages your. By end of saile 346, as per plan.

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A Bonk من yajiway fogsing. East-Lyy villare roof.	War - Ity end of mile 349, as per plan. No th. By Milyay fending. South By tenindares land. East By end of mile 349, as per plan.	West—By village road. North—By semindare land. South—By railway feneing. Bast—By end of male 240, as ner plan.	West—B: village road. North—By railway feacing. South—By apmindate land. East—By village road.	West—By send of mile \$50, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. Rest—Hy villace road.	West—By end of mile 350, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan.	west—by village road. North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 350, as per plan.	West—By village road. North—By resilvay feacing. South—By zemindaree land. West—By village road.	wer—is and or mue 531, as per pian. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. Eart—By village road.	West—By marshy land, North—By railway flencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 351, as per plan.	West—by castern boundary of lot 76. North—lly zemindaree land. South—lly railway fencing.	West—By eastern boundary of lot 77. North—By eastern boundary of lot 77. South—By Ruindaree land. Rest—By western boundary of lot 74.	West—By end of mile 363, as per plan. North—By zenindaree land. Bouth—By railway fencing. Eact—By western boundary of lot 75.	West—Ify end of mile 352, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By semindaree bud?. East—By end of mile 352, as per plan,	West.—By eastern boundary of lot 80. North—By zenindare land. South.—By reinfavy fencine. East.—By end of mile 362, as per plan. West.—By eastern boundary of lot 81.	
\ ;;	at the eud of mile blan, and terminates t of mile 330.	Commences at the end of unifie. 349 as per plan, and terminates on 2,650 feet of mile 350.	Commences on 2,970 feet of mile 350, and terminates at the end of same, as par plan.	:	Commences at the end of mile 350 as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 351.	drto	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	Commences on 2,180 feet of mile 351, and terminates on 4,730 feet of same, as per plan.		dirto	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 352, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 352, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 353.	ditto	
0 0 16	•	:		9 0 0	:	:	:	8 0 0	:	<u>:</u>	•	<u>:</u>		0 0	
Occupied by road common to lots 62, 63, 64, and 65.	:	!		Occupied by road common to lots 66, 67, 68, and 69.		:	:	Occupied by road common to lots 70, 71, 72, and 73.	:	:	:	:	Occupied by road	ditto	
8	1 34	1 34	0 24	0 24	0 13	0 13	3 15	8	3 34	36 E	88	es es	၁ ၈	0	
ه <u>^</u>	-	4	e .		es	89	7	+	10		es	es	<i>m</i>	۳	
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North .	South .	North .	South	North .	South .	North .	South	North .	South	North	South .	North	South	North	
976	350	98	360	2.	355	361	361	361	362	358	362	392	863	89	_
aging	Pergun: yaspore, Mouzaha Shonara, d Barrackpore.	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzah Barrackpore.	ditto	ditto	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah More.	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	• ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Sultanpore.	ditto	,
•	12.Al	•	;	•	i	:	i	:	i	:	:	:	:	i.	
4	dieto	ditto	ditto.	ditto	£ F	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	
*	8	\$. 3	8	2	z -	2	5	2	22	92	=	8	8 .	-

			Number of	Situated on	٩	APPROXIMA: BEEGHAS A	LTE ARBA IN And Acres.	LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM RACE LOT.	IOM SALE		
Name of Zillah.	पुरा	Pergannah and Monzah.	the land is situate,	which side of the Railway.	B. C.	ပ် :	A. B. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
Patns	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Sultanpore and Kanyepore.	363	South	=	14 6	8 8 80	•		Commences on 2,840 feet of mile 353, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. Eart—By westen boundary of lot 78.
ditto	i	ditto "	363	North	11 14	5 21	3 3 20		!	ditto	North—By son or mise soo, as per pass. North—By remindare land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 79.
ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore , Mouzahs Kanyepore and Meckra.	354	South .	• :	6 13 0	3 0 3 3		:	Commences at the end of mile 353 as per plan, and terminates on 1,620 feet of mile 354.	West.—By end of mile 363, as per plan. e North.—By railway fencing. s South.—By zemindare land. Eact.—By end of mile 363, as per plan,
ditto	:	ditto	354	North .	•• 	13 0	0 8 8	:	:	ditto	West.—By raminger read. North—By zeminderee land. South—By railway fencing. East.—By end of mile 363, as per plan.
ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Meckra.	364	South .	60 	0 2	64 69		:	Commences on 1,550 feet of mile 354, and terminates on 8,400 feet of same, as per plan.	
ditto.	:	ditto	364	North .	60	0	38 38		•	ditto	west—by eastern boundary of 100 co. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By village road.
ditto	:	ditte	36.1	South .	co .	14 0	81 62	20 Occupied by road	9 0 0	Commences on 3,400 feet of mile 854, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	
ditto	:	ditto	364	North	60	© 6:	en en	ditto Road common to lots 82, 83, 84, and 85.	0 0 6	ditto	west—by eat of mile 30%, as per pass. North—By camindare land. South—By railway fencing. Eatt—By weetern boundary of lot 85.
Age .	:	ditto	2965	South .	13 19	0 61	4 2 18	: : .	:	Commences at the end of mile 854, as per plan, and terminates on 2,430 feet of mile 365.	
ditto	:	ditto	egg.	North .	13 19	0 81	4 2 18	::	! !	ditto	West-by village road. North—By renibares land. South—By railway fencing. Rest—By end of mile 356, as per plan.
ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mousee Punaruck.	365	South .	<u></u>	0	4 6	::	:	Commences on 2,460 feet of mile 855, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	
ditto	Hi	(1)	388	North .	77	0	eo ▼	2 Occupied by road common to lots 89, 89, and 91.	0 0 11	ditto	North-Ly end or man coop as per property of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop of the coop o
	,	Some Services	998	South .	9 7	0			:	C. mmence at the end of mile 55, and terginetes at the end f mile 25, as per plan.	North—By radient fancing. South—Dy partient fancing. South—Dy Williams fancing. East—By Williams Chi, as per plan.

South—By railway funcing. Kast.—Ry end of mile 355, as per plan.	Work—13 and of maje 356, as per plan. North—19 railway fencing. South—3y semindare land. Sast—By end of mile 356, as per plan. Wort—18 seatem boundary of 6t 96.	North—By semindaree land, South—By railway fencing. Rest—By end of mile 366, as per plan.	West—By eastern boundary of lot 97. North—By railway fencing. South—By semindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 94.	—By end of mile 867, as per plan. —By raindaree land. —By railway fencing. -By western boundary of lot 95.	Wet—By end of mile So; as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By semindaree land. Sast—By end of mile So; as per plan. Wet. As estem bounds.	s 2:	West—By eastern boundary of lot 101. North—Hy realway fencing. South—By assmindares land. Sast—By western boundary of lot 98.	Dy centern boundary of the con- — By zemindaree land. — By railway fancing. - By weetern Sandary of lot 99.	West—By eastern boundary of 100 1005. North—By railway fencing. South—By remindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 100.	Weet - by end of mile 383, as per plan. North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By weetern boundary of lot 101.	weet—by end or mile 389, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. West—By end of mile 388, as per plan. West—By enetern houndare of let 108.	North—By sentent of contacts South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 858, as per plan.	North—by railway fencing. South—By zemindares land. Sast—By zemindares land. West—live seatem boundary of lot 104. West—live seatem boundary of lot 104.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—Hy western boundary of lot 106. West—By castern boundary of lot 109.
Kast	Comr ences at the end of mile North 386, as per plan, and termi- South- nates on 2,630 feet of mil. 387. East-	ditto North-	West-Commences on 9,640 feet of mile North- 357, and terminates at the end South- of same, as per plan.	:	Commences at the end of mile North. 857, as per plan, and terminates South- on 1,780 feet of mile 358.	ditto North-	Commences on 1,740 feet of mile North. 3.85, and terminates on 3,520 South-feet of same, as per plan.	ditto South-	Commences on 3,520 feet of mile North. 358, and terminates at the end South- of same, as per plan.	i	Commences at the end of mile North: :86, as ner plan, and terminates South- on 1,125 feet of mile 359.	ditto South-	Commences on 1,125 feet of mile North- 359, and terminates on 4,345 South- feet of same, as per plan.	ditto North-South-Ekst-
		:	0 0	9 0 0				:			!	:	!	
		:	Occupied by road	ditto		:		:			:	:		.:
7000	4 0 8 0	4 0 39	8 23	4 2 2 3	3 1 32	3 1 32	3 1 32	3 1 32	3 1 35	3 1 35	2 2 8	23 23 24	7 1 31	.7 131
 > 2	12 16 12	12 16 12	14 1 0	14 1 0	8 8 0 7	10 8 8	10 8 8	10 8 8	10 9 14	10 9 14	7 19 0	7 19 o	\$3 10 6	22 10 8
North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North
358 858	357 Sc	357 N	. 758 	367 N	358 S	368	898 898	358 N	838	358 N	359	328 N	359 Se	998
ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	dùto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Itailee.	ditto
<u>-</u>	:	•	•	:	:		- 			- :	:	· :	Pergunns Railee.	•
ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	dirto	ditto	ditto ,	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
8		12	. 8	70	8	28	130	19I	102	♦ 88	<u></u> 현	105	106	103

10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	*100	i			Number of mile on which	Situated on		APPROXIMATE Berchas and	ARRA IN ACRES.	LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.	ROW SALE OT.		
Patan Pergramah Grappor, Mozzah 359 South 6 3 10 2 0 7		Marne of Zi.	dell dell	Fergunnah and Monzah.	the land is situate.		ä		A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	5 5	Boundaries of lot.
ditto		Patna		Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Luchmeepore	359	ļ			•	:		Commences on 4,345 feet of mile 359, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindarse land. East—By western homelows of 104 108
South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South Sout		ditto	÷		359				0	:	•		West—By end of mile 359, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
dito Pergumah Graspore, Normalis 300 South 15 16 5 0 37 Commences an 1.50 feet of mile state Pergumah Graspore, Normalis 300 South 15 16 5 0 37 Commences an 1.50 feet of mile state Commences and State South 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16 15 16		ditto	:		380				C3			Commences at the end of mile 359, and terminates on 1,570 feet of mile 360, as per plan.	East—By western boundary of lot 107. West—By end of mile 359, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 359, as per plan.
ditto Berrianpore and Sanarah. 300 South 15 16 8 5 0 37		ditto	:		380				63	:		ditto	West—By eastern boundary of lot 112. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
ditto ditto 360 North 15 16 8 5 0 37 Commences on 3,900 feat of mile and derminates at the end of same, as per plan. ditto		ditto	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burriarpore and Sanarah.						ļ		Commences on 1.570 feet of mile 360, and terminates on 3,900 feet of same, as ner plan.	East—By end of mile 359, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 113. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—Ry western hondary.
ditto Pergunah Gyaspore, Mouzah 360 South 9 8 8 0 19 8 8 0 19 8 8 0 19 8 9 19 8 8 0 19 8 8 0 19 8 8 0 19 8 9 19 8 9 19 8 9 19 ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto Go. 4		ditto	:	•	360				0	:			West—By castern boundary of lot No. 114.
ditto ditto ditto 381 South 28 0 0 3 7		ditto		Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Dheebar.	360					wangungunga k	:	Commences on 3,900 feet of mile 360, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	Voutn—By western boundary of lot 111. West—By eastern boundary of lot 115. Worth—By railway fencing. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of lot 119
ditto ditto 361 saper plan, and terminates on 400 feet of mile 360. ditto ditto South 2 5 4 0 3 0 Commences at the end of mile 361. ditto ditto South 2 5 4 0 3 0 Commences at the end of mile 361. ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs 361 South 14 6 13 4 2 39 Commences at the end of mile 360. ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzah 14 6 13 4 2 39 Commences on 426 feet of mile 360. ditto Commences on 426 feet of mile 360.		ditto	• :		360				0		:		West—By end of mile 360, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
ditto ditto 361 North 2 5 4 0 3 0 Commences at the end of mile 360. ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs .361 South 14 6 12 4 2 39 Commences on 425 feet of mile 360. ditto ditto 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same, as per plan. ditto 361, and terminates on 3,75 feet of mile 361. South 14 8 12 4 3 4 Commences on 425 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, indicerminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, indicerminates at the end of sarre, as per plan.		ditto	<u>:</u>		361				ಣ		:	Commences at the end of mile 360 as per plan, and terminates on 400 feet of mile 361.	Tast.—Dy western connatry or 101 113. West.—By end of mile 360, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindawee land. East.—By end of mile 360, as per plan.
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 361 South 14 6 12 4 2 39 Commences on 425 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 8,560 feet of mile 361. ditto ditto 361 North 14 8 12 4 3 4 Commences on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of mile 361, and terminates at the end of sarie, as per plan.		ditto	:		361				၈		:	Commences at the end of mile 360, as per plan, and terminates on 350 feet of mile 360.	
ditto ditto 361 North 14 8 12 4 3 4 Commences on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah 361 South 16 12 0 5 1 38 Comp 305, bot of mile 361, ind. terminates at the end of 831, ind. terminates at the end of 837, as per plan.		ditto		Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzaha Parehpore and Nyamubpore.	.361				6.1		:	Commences on 425 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same, as per plan.	
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzah 861 South 16 12 0 5 1 38 Comm sucas on 2,550 feet of mile Shuhoriah.		ditto	:,		361				ಣ		:	Commences on 375 feet of mile 361, and terminates on 2,550 feet of same, as per plan.	
		ditto		Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Shuhoriah,	361		. 16				:	Comp suces on 2,550 feet of mile 361, ¹ nd terminates at the end of sa ⁻ ne, as per plan.	

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North—By semindaree land. South—By rationy fending. Beak—By weetern boundary of lot 119. Weet—By end of mile 261, as nor plan.		North—by zmindares land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 361, as per plan.					North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By land retained by railway company. West—ly end of mile 363, as per plan.							
ditto	of dominences at the end of mile 4861, as per plan, and terminates on 2,000 feet of mile 363.	ditto	Commences on 2,000 feet of mile 362, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 382, as per plan, and terminates on 475 feet of mile 363.	Commences on 4,050 feet of mile 363, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 363, as per plan, and terminates on 3,550 feet of mile 364.	ditto	Commences on 4,000 feet of mile 364, and tenninates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 364, as per plan, and terminates on 2,860 feet of mile 365.	ditto	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terninates at the end of same, as per plan.
0 0 16		:	:	į		:	3 1 0 0 2 33	:	į		:	0 0	800	:
Occupied by nullah common to lots 116, 117, 118, and 119		:	l	:	!	:	Retained by the railway company. Abandoned, being occupied by branch	line to the Ganges.		 ! !		Occupied by nullah	ditto	:
1 38	23	1 23	50 61	8	80 80	2 39	88	0 19	0 19	1 10	1 10	69	1 34	1 20
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0 81 91	10 5 0	10 5 0	14 0 0	14 0 0	68 68	10 10	بن بو ھ	18 10 0	18 10 0	0 0 4	7 0 0	12 16 0	13 10 0	0 4 0
:	:	:	:	:	:	: .	, :	<u>:</u>	:	:	:	:	:	:
North	South	North	South	North	South	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South
361	362	368	362	363	363	898	868	364	364	364	364	365	365	365
· :	: :	::	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzaha Shuhoriah, Jumoniah, and Bazidpore.	···	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bazidpore.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs Barnazahidpore and Burua.	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Burua and Dalismioncheck.	:	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Ehaitgaon.	:: ·	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Bhaitpore, Shalkpore, aud Ocherpore,	::	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Abrahimpore, Sulampere, Gobindpore, and Julgobind.
ditto	ditto	ditto	Pergunnah Gy Shuhoriah, Bazidpore.	ditto	Perrunnah Bazidpore	Pergunnah Barnazahi	ditto	Pergunnah Burua an	ditto	Pergunnah (Ehaitgaon.	ditto	Pergunnah (Bhaitpore, Ocherpore,	ditto	Pergunnah Abrahimi Cobindpo
1	i	:	i	:	i	:	:	:	•	i	:		:	:
ditto	ditto	ditto	dito	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto	ditto
5	. 22 .	81	% .	381	136	121	188	139	130	181	132	133	134	136

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APPROXIM.	APPROXIM Situated on BERGHAS	APPROXIM Situated on BERGHAS	APPROXIM Situated on BERGHAS	APPROXIM	APPROXIM	54	ATE ARRA IN AND ACRES.	LAND EXCLUDED PROM	BALB		
onunced on which side of the Railway.	Pergunnal and Mouzah, mileon which which side the land is of the situate. Railway.	mile on which side the land is of the situate. Situate. Railway.	which side of the Railway.	which side of the Railway.	_ m		A. R. P.	Reasons for exclusion. A.	R. P.	Commencement and termination of lot.	Boundaries of lot,
Patna Pergunnali Gyaspore, Mouzahs 365 Noith 10 13 A brahimpore, Salampore, (fobindpore, and Julgobind.	Pergunnali Gyaspore, Mouzahs 365 Noith 10 A brahimpore, Salampore, (fobindpore, and Julgobind.	365 North 10	North 10	01.	10 13	0	63 63	Occupied by road 0 common to lots 134, 135; 136, and 137.	x	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 365, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—Ity railway fencing. East—By railway level crossing.
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs 366 South 13 0 Julgobind and Dahore.	Pergunnah Graspore, Monzahs 366 South 13 Julgobind and Dahore.	366 South 13	South 13	: 			4 1 8	Occupied by road and ditch.	0 26	Commences at the end of mile 365, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 365.	West—By end of mile 365, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 365, as nor plan
ditto ditto 366 North 13 (ditto 366 North 13	366 North 13	North 13	13		0	4 1 8	ditto 0	0 26	ditto	
diffo Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 366 South 10 10	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 366 South Dahore and Achouara.	368 South	South :	:	10 10	0	3 1 36			Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 366, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	
140 ditto ditto 366 .North 10 14	ditto 366 North	366 North	North		10 17	•	9 7 8	•		ditto	West—By end of mile 366, as per plan. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—Ry western boundary of lot 130
dirto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 367 South 10 5 Achooara, Rajpore, and Hossainchuck,	Pergunnah Graspore, Mouzahs 367 South 10 Achooar, Rajpore, and Hossainchuck.	367 South 10	South 10	01		٠.	3 1 22	Occupied by road G	8 0	Commences at the end of mile 36%, as per plan, and terminates on 2,950 feet of mile 367.	
ditto ditto 367 North 10 5	ditto 367 North 10	367 North 10	North 10			•	3 1 22	ditto 0	8 0	ditto	West—Hy rankay level crossing. North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing.
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs 367 South 6 2 Nazampore and Sarohurpore.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs 367 South 62	367 South 6 2	South 6 2	61 Ø ,	63	2	0 0		'	Commences on 2,980 feet of mile 367, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	
ditto ditto 867 North 6 2 12	ditto 367 North 6 2	367 North 6 2	North 6 2	6N 10 11 11	63	C)	2 0 2	Road common to lots 0 112, 113, 111, and 115.	6 0 0	ditto	West—By end of mile 367, as per plan. North—By zennindaree land. South—By zailway fencing. Rest.—By reilway lenging.
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore. Mouzahs 868 South 6 0 Sarchurpore and Kulkupore,	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 868 South 6 Sarohurpore and Kulkupore,	868 South 6	South 6			•	1 3 38			Commences at the end of mile 367, as per plan, and terminates on 2,150 feet of mile 368.	
ditto ditto 868 North 6 0	ditto 368 North 6	368 North 6	North 6	:		•	1 3 38	•	:	ditto	
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs 368 South 3 19 Kullanpore and Satookhord.	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs 368 South 3 Kullanpore and Satockhord.	368 South 3	South 3	 :		0	1 1 9	· 	:	Commences on 2,150 feet of mile 368, and terminater on 3,565 feet of same, as ner plan.	East—By end of mile 367, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 149. North—By railway fencing. South—By zeenindaree land. Raff — Re mestern boundary of lot 148.
ditto ditto 368 North 4 8	ditto 368 North 4	368 North 4	North 4	* :		6 0	1 1 34	:	:	ditto	West—By realizable cossing. North—By zensindare land. South—Ry relies for free land.
•				•-	• -				• -	•	East.—By western boundary of lot 147. West—By railway, level crossing.

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North—By railway feacing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By and of mile 258, as new plan.	North—By semindares had. South—By railway fencing. Last—By railway fencing. West—By and of mile 356, as new lan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By semindaves land. Sat—By end of mile 368, as per plan. West—Ry zemindares land.	North—By zemindare land. South—By railway foncing. East—By end of file 369, as per plan.	week— by rannounge and. North—By railway feacing. South—By zemindare land. East—By ditto. Wort—By and generalized.	North—By semindaree land. South—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. Bast—By railway fencing. West—By and off mile 349, se ner plan.	North—By railway fencing. South—By zeenindaree land. Sast—By even of mile 869, as per plan. West—By railway level creasing.	North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 369, as per plan. W.	week-Dy taliway feeting. North—By railway feeting. South—By remindaree land. East—By railway level crossing. West—By end of mile 370, as per plan.	North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway fencing. Bast—By railway level crossing. West—Ry and weight 370 serior plan	North—By railway fencing. South—By railway fencing. South—By zemindares land. Masi—My end of mile 370, as per plan. West—Ry railway layel grossing.	North—By zemindaree land, South—By railway fencing. Bast—Hy end of mile 370, ap plan. West—He seilens lend consing	North—By railway fencing. South—By railway fencing. South—By zemind-ree land. Sast—By railway level crossing. West—Ry and of wife 371 as nor ninn.	North—By zemindatee land. South—By zemindatee land. South—By railway fencing. East—By railway fencing.	North—By railway feeding. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lot 166.
Commences on 3,590 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the tad of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 368, as per plan, and terminates on 2,600 feet of mile 369.	ditto	Commences on 3,180 feet of mile 349, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	Commences on 3,900 feet of mile 369, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	Commences at the end of mile 369, as per plan, and terminates on 2,930 feet of mile 370.	ditto	Commences on 2,960 feet omile 370, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commerces at the end of mile 370, as per plan, and terminates on 3,200 feet of mile 371.	ditto	Commences on 3,230 feet of mile 871, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	ditto	Commences at the end of mile 371, as pet plas, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.
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•	Occupied by groad common to lots, 148, 149, 160, and		:	Occupied by road	Ditto	:		:	Road common to lots 156, 157, 158, and 159.	:	:	:	Road common to lots 160, 181, 162, 163.	. !
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South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South	North	South
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Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzahs Satookhord and Bahadoor- pore.	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Bahadoorpore, Moortojapore, and Jamalpore.	ditto	Pergunnah Graspore, Mouzah Jamalpore and Kullanpore.	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Monzah Kullanpore and Dowlatpore.	ditto	Pergunuah Gyaspore, Mouzah, Poyragpore, Dowlatpore, Mohoolyasmanpore and	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzahs Mukdumpore, Mohooly- asmanpore and Durreapore.	ditto "	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Boorrah Allypore.	ditto	Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah Samnemah
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Name of Zilish Pergunah and Mounth	per.			Number of	Situated on	APPECKIMATE ARI Berghas and ac	IPPROXIMATE ARMA IN BEEGHAS AND ACRES.	LAND EXCLUDED FROM SALE FROM EACH LOT.	OM SALB	Commence and termination	
Pates Sammeword 372 North 1000 319 Commences at the end of mile of 12,00 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 373, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 373, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 373, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 373, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 373, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and terminates on 1,500 feet of mile 374, and	Consecuti LunX	Name of Zillah.	Pergunnah and Mouzab.	the land is situate.	which side of the Bailway.	ಲೆ		Reasons for exclusion.	A. R. P.	of lot.	Boundaries of lot.
ditto			-			0	3 1			Commences at the end of mile 371, as per plan, and terminates on 1,950 feet of mile 372.	North—By zemindaree land, South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 371, as per plan.
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mouzah 372 South 11 2 0 3 2 27	165	:				c	n .	•		Commences on 1,950 feet of mile 372, and terminates on 2,620 feet of same, as per plan.	North—By railers foundary of 104 104. North—By railers fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By western boundary of 104 164.
ditto Pergumah Gyaspore, Muzah 372 South 11 2 0 3 2 37 Commences on 2,630 feat of mile at the Manickpore 372 North 11 6 0 3 2 35 Commences at the end of mile ality South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South	166		ditto			c	e c	, 	:		Wesf.—By eastern boundary of lot 168. North.—By zemindaree land. South.—By railway fencing. East.—By western boundary of lot 165.
ditto Gitto South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South South	191				•	61	 		:	Commences on 2,620 feet of mile 372, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	West—By eastern boundary of lot 169. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. Eastern by western boundary of lot 166. West Hr and of mile 279 as nor along
ditto Pergunah Gyaspore, Mou- and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahnudpore, and Mahn	169		ditto			Ç	61 10		:		North—By remindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 167.
ditto 373 North 8 12 0 2 3 15 ditto ditto ditto ditto <th< td=""><td>169</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>၈</td><td>ର ମ </td><td>-</td><td>:</td><td>Commences at the end of mile 372, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 373.</td><td>West—By end of mile 372, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lat 171</td></th<>	169					၈	ର ମ 	-	:	Commences at the end of mile 372, as per plan, and terminates on 2,640 feet of mile 373.	West—By end of mile 372, as per plan. North—By railway fencing. South—By zemindaree land. East—By end of mile 372, as per plan. West—By eastern boundary of lat 171
ditto: Fergunnah Gyaspore, Mou. 373 South 8 13 0 2 3 18 Commences on 2,640 feet of mile surai, and kaghubpore, Rance and Anh 8 5 0 2 2 37 ditto ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mou. 374 North 6 15 0 2 0 37 Company Commences at the end of mile 374 ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mou. 374 North 9 8 0 3 0 17 Retained by railway 2 3 17 Commences at the end of mile 374 mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mudpore, mud	021		ditto	373		2	හ ශ	:	:		North—By zemindaree land. South—By railway feneing. East—13y end of mile 372, as per plan.
ditte ditte Pergunah Gyaspore, Mou- 374 North 6 16 0 2 2 37 Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 374 alite Pergunah Gyaspore, Mou- 374 North 9 8 0 3 0 17 Retained by railway 2 3 17 Commences at the end of mile and mah- and mah. On the standard of mile 374 on 3,100 feet of mile 374.	171	:	Pergunnah zahs Ma surai, and	378		13	64		:	Commences on 2,640 feet of mile 373, and terminates at the end of same, as per plan.	West—By eastern boundary of 1ot 173. North—By railway fencing. South—By acmindaree land, Rast—by western boundary of lot 169.
ditto Pergunnah Gyaspore, Mou. 374 South 6 15 0 2 0 37 Zah Raghubpore, Mou. 374 North 9 8 0 3 0 17 Retained by reilway 2 3 17 Commences at the end of mile 374. Tanis Raghubpore and Mah. 374 North 9 8 0 3 0 17 Retained by reilway 2 3 17 Commences at the end of mile 374. On 3,100 feet of mile 374.	172		ditto			ю	©1 ©1		:		North—By semindaree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By western boundary of lot 170.
ditto Pergunash Gyaspore, Mou- 374 North 9 8 0 3 0 17 Retained by railway 2 3 17 Commences at the end of mile and Rah. and Earlingtes mudpore, and Mah. on 3,100 feet of mile 374.	173		pore,			16	ca 	• :	;	Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 1,830 feet of mile 374.	West.—By end of mile 3/s, as per pan. North—By railway feucing. South—By zemindayee land. East—By ond of mile 3/3, as per plan. West—By aland retained by the raily
	. 47.		Gyaspore, ubpore and			œ				Commences at the end of mile 373, as per plan, and terminates on 3,100 feet of mile 374.	North—By zemindsree land. South—By railway fencing. East—By end of mile 373, se per plan. West—By Bukhtiarpore station lands.

BHAGULPORE, RAILWAY DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 29th May 1874.

اشتهارنلعه كمچهوي ريلوے دييوٽي كاكٽوي اجافس مسٽورليم هيشم صاحب ريلوے ديپوڻي كاكٽو مقام بهآكلپور

مهوفيكر هبب موكار بهادر وايس ليكر اس جانب كو فريضت كرنيكا اختيار دي هين اسواسط بموجب اوس اختيار كم تفصيل كي لكهي هوئي لائها۔ كي زمين بقاريخ ١٩ جولائي سنة عامماع مطابق ١ ساون سنة ١٨٦١ بنگله روز پنجشنبه مقام باقي پور كا كلكتر صاحب ك كچهري اس جانب ك اجلاس ميں بالام پر چڑھائے جائينكم اوں زمينوں ك خريدارونكو ليجيم كي لكھي ھوئين شرطونكر پابند ھونا پويكا فقط اس تحرير كي روه سبهونكو واقف كيا جاتا هي كه ضاع يئنه صين سركار بهادر كم خريدة بي كلاس زصين يعذ جو زصين ريلوے كميني كو رسته تيار كرنيكي وقت ديا كيا تها وهي سب زمين ريلوے كميني كا اور دركار

هماريما جايگا پندرهوين دن کے دو پهر تك ادا نکام جائين يا اگروة روز تعطيل كا هو جس مين كه دفتر بعد او جس روز پهلم دفتر كهلم اوسكم دو پهرتک ادا نكيا جائے تو نيلام باعلَ هوچايگا اور جسقدر روييه داخل هوچكم هون أوة سوكارهين ضبط هو جائيدكم اور وة جايداد بيمو صثل ببهار نبالهم كم اشتهار جاري هونيكم بعد نيلام پر چوهائم جائينكم اور اوسكا جوكهم خريدار باقيدار كو اوئهانا بپويكا فقط ب بهالمي شرط-اكر تعداد زرئمن ايك سو روپيه ڪ زيادة نهونتو كل روپيه يكباركي ادا كالم جائينكم فقط . موسري شوط – اگمر تعداد زر ثمن ايك سو روبينه شے زيادۃ هو تو جسقدر روبينه مين نيلام هو اوسكا ايك چوتينه في الفور داخل كرنا بهڙيكا اور اگر باقي روبينه نيلام كے بعد نيلام كي تاريخ سے كه وة تاريخ بهي ايك روز

. منظوري ناطق نه بخشين تو اوس دخلكاري مين فنور أنيكا فقط تیسری غوط—بیمه هی که وه سب زمین سب سے زیادہ قیمت کی بولی بولغ والون کو بطور لأخواج کا دئے جائینکے فقط چوقهی شوط—صاحب کلکٹو کا احکام مقضمن بحالي نيلام کا تبانچن پرخوبدارون کو دخل دلایا جايگا مگوجس معورت مين که وہ صاحب معبو بوری ان ربونيو جو اسکام کا مقعبد عون ان کار روائيون کي نسبت

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ع پول				•
	لاڪ کي شرو ع اور انگها	۱۹۳۷ میل ک ۱۹۸۰ فگ سے اوٹر ریلوي کا گہو او شوع اور اوسیکے اخیو تک ختم دکھن زمینداري زمین مطابق نقشه پیورب مولگیر ضاح کا سیوانگ لیچهم ۱۹۸۷ میلا، کے اخیو ا	 ۱۹۹۸ عیل کے ۱۹۸۰ فیٹ سے اوٹر زمینداری زمین شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاق دکین ریلوي کا گیراو ختم عطابق نقشه پورب مونگیرضاج کا سیا ختم عطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۹۹۷ میل کی اخ 	 ۱۹۳۷ مبل کے اخیر سے شموء اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او اور ۱۹۳۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ ادکس نمینداری زمین کے اخیر پورب ۱۳۹۷ میل کے اخیر تک ختم ۱۳۵۷ ختم ۱۳۵۷ میل کے اخیر چههم جلال پور موضع کے
	لاڪ کي چرڪدي	ارتو ریلوي کا گیو او دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب مونگیو ضاج کا سیوانه پهچه ۱۳۷۰ میله کے اخیر مطابق رقشه	اوتر زعینداری زعین دکین ریلوي کا گیو او بو رب عونگیرضاج کا سیوانه پچهم ۱۳۹۷ میل کی اخیر	اوتو ریلوي کا گهر او دکبن زمیندهاري زمین پورب ۱۳۹۷ میل کے اخیر پچهم جلال پور موضع کے سیوانه

	•	رلاق مين نيلام کي گڻي هي	وی زمین جو ه مستثنی		ان يا	زي لاق 4 اور ايكو	ني موازي بي ^{اهه} او	.J	ناملي	واة أون ميلوز	اندر زه		
لاق کي هرمدي	لاڪ کي شہوع اور انقها	پول روء روع	خار چ هونیک ي وجوڙ	\$cL	a 2	المحرة ا	منالله	مولا	دولایا کے کسطرف	عه ای کي نعن\دجن <u>ک</u>	ان رائع می ایم پیچه چی ایر موجه		- 3
اوٹر زمینداری زمین ۔ دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پورب ۱۳۹۷ میل کے اخیر پچہم جالال پور موضع کے سیوالۂ	۱۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر مے شروع اور ۱۳۱۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشه	: .	:	ā.	-	L	•	• •	<u>-</u>		گنه غوثپور ۸ رضع پانچ هجاء	10 14 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
اوتر ریاوي کا گهر او دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب پانج صحله موضع کے میوانه پچهم 5موا مرضع کے میوانه	۱۳۱۸ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ نگ سے شروع اور اومیکے ۲۰۱۰ فٹ آف ختم	:	: i		L	>	<	F	<u> </u>	Sèso FFA	مرفع موفع جلال پور	بَ قَ که ۸:	_
ارتر زمیدار ي زمين دکهن ريلوے کا گهراو پورپ پانچ محله مرضع ک ميوانه پچهم 3مرا مرضع ک ميوانه	۸۳۳ میل کے ۱۳۱۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۱۹۶۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ		<u>:</u>	***	•	>	<	>.	<u> </u>	- اوتر ۳۳۸	•	· <u>}</u>	-
اوتر ربلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمیدا ہے زمین پورب جائل پور موضع کے سیوانۂ لجهم ۱۳۳۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	۸۳۳ میل کے ۱۶۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف مطابق ثقشہ			>	L	L	•	ā.	<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	·
اوتر زمیداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب جائل پور موضع کے میوانه پچههم ۱۳۸۸ میل ک اخیر مطابق نقشه	٠ <u>-</u>			<u> </u>	.	L	•	L	<	بر. ۲۲	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	.
اوتو ریلوے کا گھواو دکھی زمینداری زمین پورپ ۱۳۸۸ میل کے اختور پچھم آل نجو لاگ کا پورب میواند	۱۳۸ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۳۹۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ آف مطابق نقشہ		: :		•	•		• .	<u> </u>	دگهی	· j	<u> </u>	_

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	۱۹۹۹ میل کی ۲۰۰۰ فرگ <u>سے</u> شروع اور اوسیکی اخیر تک خفم مطابق نقشه	۱۹۰۹ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ و تا سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخ یر تاف ختم مطابق نقشه	ومهم میل کے اخور سے شروع اور .عم میل کے .عمر ا فت تاف مطابق نقشہ	ا يغضا	عمم میل کے عمرہ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے عمرم فٹ تلف مطابق نقشہ	٠ .	. عام میل کے ۸۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک خلم مطابعہ نقشہ
اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گمولو پورب ۱۳۸۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ چچھم ۱۲ نمبر لاٹ کا پورب میوانہ	اوٹوریلوے کا گھواو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۹ نمبرلاھ کا ٹچھم میوانه پچھم ۱۳۹۹ میل کے اخیرمطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریاوے کا گهراو پورب ۱۰ نعبر لاٹ کا ٹیچهم میوانه پیچهم ۱۹۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	ارتر ربلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۳۳۹ ميل کے اخير پچهم ۱۵ نمبرلاٽ کا پورب ميوانه	اوترزمینداری زمین دعمی ریاوے کا گھواو پورب ۱۳۹۹ میل کے اخیر پچهم ۲۱ نمبرلات کا پورب سیوانه	اوتر ریاوے کا گهواو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۳ نمبرلاڪ کا پچهم ميوانه پچهم رسٽه	اوتر زمیدداری زمین دکھن ربلوے کا گھراو پورب عا نمبرلاٹ کا لیچھم سیوانۂ پچھم رستھ	اوتوريلوي کا گهو او دکهن زميندازي زمين دويته رستگ

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	لاڪ کي چوهدي	اوتر زعینداری زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهر او پورب رمنگه	اوٹر ریلوي کا گھر او دگھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۳۶۰ ميل کے اخير پچھم ریلوي لوالکواسنگ	اوترربلوي زمینداري زمیر دکهن ربلوي کا گهرار پورب ۱۳۶۰ میل څ اخیر پهید. بلری رایک استگ	رہ میں رے رہے ہی رہ اوٹر ریلوی کا گھواو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ریلوی لوالکزاسنگ * پچھھم ۱عام میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهر او پورب ریلوي لوالکراسنگ پچهم ۱۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب اعام میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه آپچهم ۲۰ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میونه

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Į., .	پرگنه ایضا موضع هاتیدا	٠ <u>٠</u>	غ	آ	الأو	· <u>ā</u>	<u>.</u>
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اعام میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور اوٹرزمینداری زمین اعام میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور اوٹرزمینداری زمین کا گھراو حام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل کے انہام میل میل کے انہام میل میل میل کے انہام میل میل میل میل کے انہام میل میل میل میل کے انہام میل میل میل میل میل میل میل میل میل می	اور اوسیکی ۱۷۰۰ فٹ سےشروع اور اوسیکی ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تک خفم	اعبام میل کے ۱۷۰۰فٹ یے شویع اور اوسیکے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	اقوم میل کے ، ۱۹۹۰ نگ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف خام مطابق نقشه	إنْ غُ	اعام میل کے 'خیر سے شروع اور ماءام میل کے ۔م، فیگ تلی ختم مطابق نقشہ	عمم میل کے ۱۳۸۰ فیٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے عمم ویٹ آلی ختم مطا ق' نقشہ	مهمم میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور مهم میل کے مهمم فی ناف ختم مطابق نقشه
اوترزمینداری زمین دعی ربلیری کا گهرار پورب ۱۶۳۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۲۹ نعبر لات کا پورب میوانه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او دکهن زمینداري زعین پورب ۱۳ نمبر لاڪ کا پچهم میووانه پچهم ۲۷ نمبر لاڪ کا پورب میوانه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دعمی ریلوي کا گهر او پورب ۲۹ نمبر لاگ کا پچهم میوانه پچهم ۲۸ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میوانه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۵ نمبر لاٿ کا پُههم میوانه پچهم ۱۳۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھر او پورب ۲۱ نمبر لاگ کا ليچھم ميوانة پچھم ۲۳۳ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشة	ارتر ریلوے کا گھواو دکھن ومینھاری زمین پورب ۱۳۹۲ میل کے خیو مطابق نقشہ پچھم زمینواري زمين	اوتر ریلوے کا گھواو دکھن زمینھاري زمين پورب زمينھاري زمين پچهم رمتھ	اوترزمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گہواو پورٹ ہوہم میل کے اخیر صطابق نقشہ لیجہ ہم رسنتھ

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لاڪ کي شرو ع اور انگ	م میل کے ۱۳۷۰ فٹ سے شروج اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	. <u>ā</u> '	ماءم میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور عصم میل کے ۱۳۰۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ريق	عامم میل کے ۱۸۴۰ نیٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۱۹۰۰ می تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	. j .
رق کی چراگی	ارتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب رستھ پيچهم جاير ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشھ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریاوے کا گھراو پورب رستھ پچھم مہمم میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھواو دکھن وصینداری وعین پورب ۱۹۹۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ پچھم ۱۳ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میوانہ	ارٹرزمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوسے کا گھراو۔ پورب ۳۹۹۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۳۹ نعبر لاق کا پورب میوانه	اوتر ریابیے کا گھرار دکھن زمینھاري زمين پورب عام نمبر لاڪ کا پيچهم سيوانه پچهم رسته	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۵۹ نمبر لات کا لیچهم میوانه پچهم رسته
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عامام میل کے ۱۹۱۰ فٹ صلاً اوٹرریلوسے کا گہواو شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف خقم دکھن ومیٹاتھاری ومیں مطابق نقشہ	بغا .	عام میل کے اخیر سے شور ع اور همام میل کے ۱۷۰ فیٹ تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	- ا	همام میل کے ۵۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۵۰۰۰ فٹ تاف خنم مطابق نقشہ	ارغا	هم میل کے ۱۰۰۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کم اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	رغا
ا ارتر ریلوسے کا گہواو دکھن زمینگھاري زمين پورب رستھ	پچھم PPP میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه اوتوزمینداری زمین دکهں ریلوے کا گھراو پورب رمنتھ	ایتهم ۱۹۲۳ عیل کے اعیر مصابق نسسہ اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب عهمم میل کے ایگر مطابق نقشه پیچیم بھنگ و مکامہ مہضم کے میوانه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکمن ریلوے کا گھواو پورب عهم میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب رستھ و آوتا موضع کے سيوانھ پيچهم عوا نعبر لاڪ کا پورب سيوانھ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب آوتا صوضع کے سیوانۂ پچھم 6م نمبر لاگ کا پورب میوانۂ	اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين * پورب ۳۶ نمبر لاڪ کا پيچيم ميوانه پيچهم ۱۳۶۶ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ربلوے کا گهراو پورب مام تببر لاگ کا بچهم سیوانه پورب مام میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه

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ي کي گئي ھي اُ	پرل ردة ايکر	•	•	,	•	•	
	لاڪ کي شرو ع اور انقبا	قام میل کا خیر سے شروع اور اعام میل کا ۱۷۹۰ فٹ تک ختم عطابق نقشه	. . .	وعب ميل ک ۱۷۹۰ فٽ سے شروع اور اوميکے ۱۹۰۰ فڪتك ختم مطابق نقشه	بۇ	المام ميل ك ١٥٠٠ في سروع اور اوسي كم اخيو تك شروع اور اوسي كم اخيو تك ختم مطابق نقشه	Š
< · ·	لاڪ کي چرھدي		مجمع ۱۲ میبر دی د پورب میبوات اوترزمینداری زمین دکمن ریلوب کا گهر او پورب ۱۹۹۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۹۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتوربلوے کا گهر او دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۲۹ نمپر لاگ کا لیچهم میوانگ چههم ۵۰ نمبولاگ پورب میوانگ	اوتو زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهر او پورپ ۱۳۰۸ نمبر لاگ کا تیههم سیوانه پچهم ۱۵ نمبولاگ کا پورب سیوانه	ارترربلوے کا گھر او دکھی زمینھاری زمیں پورب مع نمبرلاٹ کا لیچھم میروانگ پچھم اعام کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	اوثر زمینداری زمین مکهن ریلوسه کا گهراو آپورب ام نمبر لاگ کا پیههم میوانه آپیههم باهههمیهیل کا اختیر مطابق نقشه

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اعام میل کے اخیر سے شروع اوٹر ریلوے کا گھواو اور ۱۹۳ میل کے ۱۹۳ فٹ مردکھن ومیقداری ومین تک ختم مطابق نقشه ال پیورپ امام میل کے اخ	آق	ا المجل عدل کے ۱۳۹۰ فراع ہے الحکر نافی مطابق نقشه	۷۰۹۳ عیل کے ۱۳۹۰ فٹ میشروع اور اوسیکے اخیر نک ختم مطابق نقشه	۷۹۲ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور او ر ۱۷۹۰ میل کے ۱۷۹۰ می تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	۱۹۹۷ میل کے اخیر مے شروع اور ۱۷۹۰ میل کے ۱۷۹۰ نٹ تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	۱۹۹۸ میل کے ۱۸۹۰ فیک سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۱۹۵۰ فیک تلک ختم مطابق نقشہ	رعام میل کے ۱۷۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ
اوٹر ریلوے کا گھواو دکھن زمیقداری زمین پیورپ ۱۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	ے ایچی م ریلوے لوالکواسنگ اوٹورامینداری زمین دکھن ریلوے کا گھراو تع ہے ہمیں مطلب کی بغد مطابع زقفع	میران پههم رد وسه لوالکواسدگ اوتو ریلوسه کا گهراد دکهن زمینداری زمین بورب هگایا استگیش، کم زمین	نچهم ۱۳۹۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھواو پورب مکایا اسٹیشن کی زمین ٹچھم ۱۳۳۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھولو هکس زمینداري زمين پو رب ۱۳۶۷ ميل کے اخبر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۸۰ نمبر لاڪ کا پورب ميوانه	اوٹر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۳۹۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۹۹ نمبرلاگ کا پورب میوانه	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینڈاري زمین پورب ۱۹ نمبو لاڪ کا پچھم میوانه پچھم ۱۰ نمبو لاڪ کا پورب میوانه	اوتر زمینداري زمين دعن ريلوي كا گهراو پورټ ۷۶ نمبر لاٿ كا لي جا م سيوانه پچهم ۱۱ نمبر لاٿ كا پورب سيوانه

	اعار فوالع ق أخبر	· ;	· <u>ā</u> .	آخ	<u>نَّعَ</u>		·
	نام پرگذه اور موضع	پژنه ایضا هرضع مکایا وسقار	. <u>ā</u> j,	. پرگانه ایما ۵ فع مونار	بيغ	- -	ِعْ َ ا
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وة زمين جو هر هم مستثني ا	خار ۾ هونيکي وجوڙ	رستة	رسته	:		:	۱۲ و ۱۲ و ۱۲ و ۱۲ و ۱۲ و ۱۲ دبیر لاتگا درهیاني رسته
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	لاڪ کي شروع اور انقہا	مام میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیرٹک ختم مطابق نقشہ	۱۹۳۸ میل کر ۹۴۰ فگ سے شروع اور اوسیکی اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	مام میل کے اخیر ہے شروع اور اعام میل کے ۱۹۳۰ فٹ تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	معام میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور اعام میل کے ۱۹۰۰ فٹ تاف ختم مطابق نقشه	۱۹۹۹ میل ک ۱۹۹۰ فرگ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخبار تاف ختم مطابق نقشه	۱۹۵۰ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شروع ارر اوسیکے اخبر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ
;	لاق کي چوهدي	اوٹر ریاوی کا گھر او۔ دکھن زمینداری زمین پورب ۸۵ نمپر لاگ کا ٹیچھم میرونۂ چھہم ہعامؓ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشۂ	اوتر زمینذاری زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهر او پورب ۹۹ نمبر لاگ کا پچهم میوانه چهم ۱۳۹۸ میل کے اغیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهر او دکهن ومینداري زمین پورب ۱۳۹۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته	اوٹر زمینداری زمیں . دکھن ریلوی کا گھر او پررب ۱۳۹۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	مچهم رست اوتر ریلوي کا گهو او دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رسته پچهم ۱۳۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهر او پورب رسته

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ا اوتو میل کے اخیر سے شووع اور اوتو ریلوي کا گھولو ۱۹۵۰ میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تاف ازدکس زمینداری زمین ایدم مطابق نقشہ اپورب ۱۹۵۹ میل کے ا	ہ عمم میل کے اخبر سے شروع اور ۱۹۹۰ میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فت کی ختم مطابق بتشہ	. هم عيل ك ١٩٧٠ فئو سم شروع اور اوسي ك خيرة تك ختم عطائق نقشه	ر فَعْ	٥٠٩ ميل ك اخيو سهروع اور ١٥١ ميلك.١٥١ فت نك ختم مكانق نتشه	بغا	اهم مبل کے ۱۸۰۰ مٹ سے شروع اور اوسي کے اخبر ڈاف ختم صطابق بدشه	ا مم میل که ۲۱۸۰ دگ سی شروع اور ارسیکی ۱۷۸۰ فگ تك ختم مطابق نقشه
اوتر ریلوي کا گهواو دکهن زمیندازي زمین اپورب ۱۹۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته	اوتو زمینهاري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهواو بورب ۱۳۹۹ میل کا خیر مطابق نقشه	اوتو ریلوي کا گھواو دکھن زمینداري زمين بورب رسته بچهم ۱۵۰۰ ميل کے اخير مطابق نتشه	اوترزمینداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب رسته بهجوب ميل کا اخير ماانق نقشه	اوتور يلوي كا گيولو دكهن زمينداري زمين بورب ۱۳۵۰ ميل ك اخدو چهـم رسنه	اوٹو زمنداري زمن دکس ربلوي کا گمولو بورب ۱۳۵۰ مال کے اخار مطابق عشم	اوتور دلوي کا گمواو دکوس ریمبناداري زیمبن - دورب رسته جهنم ۱۵۳ مبل کے اخدو مطیق دهننه	اوتر رمیدداري زمس دکس ریاوي کا گهواو پورب رسته پهيم غوقي زمين

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7	بول	•	·	•	•	•	•
•	لاڪ کي شروع اور انڌيا	ا مم میل کا اخیر سے شروع اور امم میل کے عالم نوش تاف خات تاف خام مطابق نقشه	نوا	وم میل کے ۱۹۲۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسی کے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	٠ •	۱۹۹۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۹۶۳ فٹ تک حقم مطابق نقشہ	انتها .
	لاق کي چوهدي	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمين • پورب ۱ ۳۱ ميل که اخير مطابق نقشه پهيم ۲۷ نمبولاۍ کا پورب سيوانه	اوتر زمینداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۹۹۱ ميل که اخير مطابق نقشه پهوب ۱۹۸۷ ميل کا پورب سيوانه		اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریاوی کا گهراو پورب ۲۰ نمبر لات کا پچیم سیوانه پچیم ۱۳۹۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتو ريلوي كا گهواو دكهن زمينداري زمين پورب ۱۶۳ مال كم اخير مطابق نقشه پههم ۸۰ نمبولاۍ كا پورب سيوانه	اوتو زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلزی کا گهراو پورب ۱۹۳ میل کا اختو مطابق نقشه چیمه ۱۸ نمد لای کا دون سیوانه

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چرکند بیغا موضع بیغا وکناتي پير	پرگنه غوژپور موضع سلطانپور . وکنائي پور	پرگانه ایضا موضع کاائي پور و مکرا	ڹ ڠ ؘؙ	غ	٠ <u>٠</u> ٠	بْغ	بَعَ
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موم میل کے عوام فی مے شروع اور روسي کے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نتشه	۱۹۶۳ میل کے ۱۹۴۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکی اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	موم میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور عوم میل کے ۱۹۰۰ و فت تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	موم میل کے اخیر میں شروع اور عامم میل کے ۱۹۰۰ فٹ تی دام مطابق نقشہ	عوم ميل کے ۱۵۵۰ فٽ سے شروع اور اوسيکے مصام فٽائک ختم مطابق نقشه	عامم ميل ۱۵۵۰ فٽ سے شروع اور ارسيکے معام فٽ تک خام مطابق نقشھ	عاهم میل کے معام فٹ مے شہوع اور اوسیکے اخیو تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	عامم میل کےعام فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تک خلم مطابق نڈشہ
اوٹر ریڈوي کا گھواو دکھن زمینداوي زمین پورب ۸۷ نمبر لاڪ کا ہچھم میوانھ پچھم موم میل کے اخبر مطابق نقشہ	اوتر زمینداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهرو پورب ۷۹ نمبر لاڪ کا لچهم ميوانه پچهم ۱۹۵۳ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه	اوتر زیلوي کا گهراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۹۵۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم رسته	اوٹر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوپ کا گھراو پورپ ۱۹۰۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم رستھ	اوتر ریالوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب رمنگ پچهم ۲۸ نمبر لاڪ کا پورب میوانه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکمن ریلوی کا گهراو پو رب رمنگه پچهم ۸۸ نمبر لاٹ کا پو رب میوانه	اوتر ریلوی کا گهراو دکهن زمینداری زمین پورب عام نمبر لاگ کا ٹیچهم میلوانه پچهم عاه ۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نفشه	اوتر زعینداری زمین دکون ریلوي کا گهرو پورب ۸۰ نمبر لاۍ کا پههم میوانه پههم ۱۹۵۳ میل که اخیر مطابق نقشه

		ئرلاق مين نيلام ں کي گڻي هي	ولا زمین جو هر ا مستثنی ک		اب ب	، مرازي لات بحساب يفگهه اور ايكو	به موازی بیگهه	ر نجم بالو	 '	9	اری میلو اندر زم			
لاق کي هوهدي	لات کي شوو ع اور انتها	بدل روء ايكر	خار _ج مونيکي وجوڙ	ಜ ಗ	1 1 1 2	ایکو	عانلته	Z. A.	لاولايا	ن کسطرن مع ^و ون	نکي تعداد جنکي بن واقع هي	نام پرگند اور موضع	نام ضاع	5 i etc
اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۹۹۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه چهم رسته	عامم میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور مام میل کے -مام و فت تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	:	:	<	L	ā	•	<u>-</u>	<u>L</u>	دکین	0 0 1	پرگنه غوث پور موضع کنائي پور و مکرا	مراج پڏينھ	**
اوتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهولو پورپ عبوم میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	عامم میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ممم میل کے مہمم فی تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	:	:	<u> </u>	L	4	•	- .	L	<u> ب</u> ر	0 L		· <u>ā</u> ,	?
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	ہ مس میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فت سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تھ۔ ختم مطابق نقشہ		۸۸ ،۹۸ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰ ،۹۰	<u>.</u>	L	<i>Ā</i>	•	<	<u>7</u>	يو	0 0 1	بغ	نْفَا	<u> </u>
اوتر ر یلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمی ^{دد} اري زمین پورب ۱۹۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۹۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	ه هم میل کا خیر سے شروع اور ۱۹۹۱ میل کے اخیر آگ ختم مطابق نقشه	:	:	Ĺ	L .	ø	•	•	<u> </u>			· g i	· ġ ' .	÷
اوترزمهنداري زمين دكهن ريلوے كا گهرو پورب ۱۹۵۹ ميل كا اخير مطابق نقشه، پههم ۱۹۵۹ ميل كا اخير مطابق نقشه	ه هم میل کا خیر سے شروع اور اور ۱۹۵۹ میل کا اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشه	:	:	ì	•	•	•	•	· <	آور	9	· ġ ˙	.g.	<u> </u>

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اوتر ریلوے کا گھراو دکھن زصینداری زمین پورب ۱۹۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۹ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میونه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوے کا گهراو پورب ۱۹۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۷ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میورنه	اوتر ریلوے کا گهراو دکھن زمینداریونویین پوریہ ۱۹ نمبر لاٹ کا چھھم سیوانۂ پچیم ۱۵۰۷ عیل کے اخیرمطابق نقشۂ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکون ریاوے کا گهراو پورب ۴۵ نمبر لاگ کا پچهم سیونه چهم ۲۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشته	اوتر ریاوے کا گبراو دکھن زعینداری زعین پورپ ۱۹۵۷ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچنم ۱۰۰ نه برلاگ کا پورپ سیوانه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریاوے کا گهرار پورب ۱۹۵۹ تمیل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچیم ۱۰۱۱نمبر لاق کا پیورب مینوانه	اوتورداوے کا گھواو دکھی زمیدداریزامیں پورب ۹۸ ٹھبر لاگ کا پھیم صیوانہ چہم ۱۰۰ نعبر لاگ کا پورب صیوانہ	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکبی ، یلوے کا گھواو پوریٹ ۹ ہو نمبر لاگ کا چھبم صیوانگ پچھم ۳۰۱ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میٹوانگ

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	لات کي شروع اور انتها	۱۹۰۸ عیل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ سے شووع اور اوسي کے اخیو تاف ختم مطابق نفشه	.gʻ	۱۹۸ میل که اخیر می شروج اور ۱۹۹۹ میل که ۱۹۱۱ فت تک ختم مطابق نقشه	۱۹۹۸ میل کے اخیر مے شوع اور ۱۹۹۰ میل کے ۱۱۴۵ فیگ تاف کومیار کے ۱۱۴۵ فیگ تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	وهم میل کے ۱۱۴۵ نفت سے شروع اور اوسي کے ۱۹ممهم فٹ تك ختم مطابق اقشه	ڹۼٙ
	لاق کي چوهدي	اوتورداوے کا گھراو دکس زمینداری زمین بورب ۱۰۰۰ نمبرلات کا پچھم میورنه پچھم ۱۶۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوتو زمینداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۰۱ نعبر لاڪ کا بچيم ميوانة پچيم ۱۰۸ ميل کا اخير پمانتي نقشة	اوتر ریامے کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۹۵۸ ميل کے اخير مطاق نقشه چچ،م ۱۰۱ نمبرلاڪ کا پورب ميوانه	اوقر زعینداری زمین دکهن ریاوے کا گهراو ، پورب ۱۹۵۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق دهشه پههم ۱۰۰ نمبر لات کا پورب سیوانه	اوتر ریاوے کا گھراو دکس زمینداری زمین پورب عا۱۰ مبر لاگ کا بچھم سٹوانھ بچھم ۱۰۸ نمبر لاگ کا پورب سیو نھ	اوقر زمینداري زمین دکمن ریلوے کا گمراو پورپ ۱۰۵ نمبر لاڪ کا پچ،م میوانه چچهم ۱۰۵ نمبر لاڪ کا پورب میوانه

اوڈر ریلوے کا گھواؤ دکھن زمینھاریپزمین پورپ ۱۰۱ نمبر لاٹ کا پچھیم میوانہ پچھم ۱۵۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	ادم میل که دعهم ندی سے ا شروع اور اوسي که اخیرتك ختم مطابق نقشه	:	:	>	•	.	· ·	L ,	ا ديغني	<u>r</u>	روم المار المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام المام ا	· <u>ā</u>	¥ • -
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اوتر ریلوے کا گھواو دکھن نمیدھ ری زمین پورب ۱۹۵۹ عیل کے لخیر مطابق نقشہ لچھھ ۱۱۳ نعبر لاگ کا پورب میوانہ	۱۹۹۹ میل که اخیر میم شروع اور ۱۹۷۰ میل که ۱۹۷۰ فی تک ختم مطابق نقشه ه	:		ā	<u>.</u>	L	•	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	. კ	·•	<u>. آ</u>	÷
اوڈر زمیندهاری زمین دکئی ریلوے کا گھراو پورن ۱۹۹۹ میل کے اخیر پہورہ ۱۹۹۹ میل کے اخیر		:	:		• • ,	L	•	<u> </u>	<u>'3'</u>	Ė	غَ	·3̄'	Ξ.
اوتر ریاوے کا گھواو دکھن زھیلاداری زمین پورپ ۱۱۰ مغبر لائ کا چھھم سیوانگ	اوتر رياوے كا كيواو شروع اور اوسى كا ميل كيواو شروع اور اوسى كى ١٩٠٠ فك دكين زميدداري زمين ال مغبو لاق كا الله ختم مطابق نقشه	:	:	<u> </u>	•	0	- - .	_	ه ا	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	برگاه ایضا موخع بریار پور و منورا	·3̄'	=
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ارتر زمینداری زعین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورپ ۱۴ نمبر لات کا پچهم میوانه چچهم ۱۳۰۰ میل کا اخیر	يْغَ		. !	=	•	<u> </u>	<	<	اير	<u> </u>	ر ا	· <u>ā</u> '	•

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ي <mark>ذي عوازي لاٿ بحساب</mark> بيگهه اور ايکو	*	•	<u>ም</u>	<u> </u>	<u>. </u>	•	. •
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وة زمين جوهر م مستثني ا	خارج هونيکي وجوة	:	:	•		:	و11 و 11 و 17 و 11 و 14 و 14 و 14 و 14 و
هرلاٿ مين نيلام ياکي گلي هي	ایکو	:		:	:		
	لات کي شرو ع اور انقها	۱۳۰ عبل که اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۳۱۱ عیل کے معم فری تاف خقم مطابق نقشه	۱۹۰۰ میل که اخیر میم شووع اور ۲۳۱ میل که ۱۹۰۰ فق تافی ختم مطابق نقشه	ا ۱۳ میل کے ۱۹۶۵ فٹ می شمروع اور اوسیکے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تھ ختم مطابق نقشک	الام عيل ك ١٩٧٩ فت مير شروع اوراوميكي ١٥٨٩ فت آك ختم مطابق نقشة	۱۹۳۱ میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف مطابق نقشہ	الام ميل ك . ١٥٥٠ عنى عي شروع اور اوسيكي اخير تك ختم مطابق نقشه
	لاق کي چوددي	اوٽر رياوي کا گهوڙو دکهن زمينداري زمين پورب ١٩٦٠ ميل کا خير	رُ ا اوٹر زمینداری زمین دکھی ریلوی کا گہراو پورب ۱۳۰۰ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	اوتور يلوي كا گهراو دكهن زعينداري زمين بورب قالا بههنم ۱۱۰ ممبرات كا پورب ميورنه	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوی گهراو پورب نالا پیهم ۱۳۱ نمبو ۱۳ کا یون سیونه	اوتوريلوي كا گهراو دكهن زمينداري زمين پورب ۱۱۸ نمبرلاگ كا پههم سيوانه پههم ۱۳۹ ميل كا اخير مطابق نقشه	اوٹر زعیدداری زمین دکمن ریلوی کا گھرو پورب ۱۱۹ نمبرلای کا پچیم سیوانه چهم ۱۳۳ میل کا اخیر مطابق نقشه

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			پرگنة ايضا صوضحشهوريا و جمونيا و بازيد پور	ૡ૽ૢૼૺ	پوگانه اینفا هرضج بازیده پور	يرگنه ايضا مريمج برنا زاهلا پور و بونا	·ĝ'	پرگانه غوئپور موضع بزیا و دلیسمن جاف
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		υ _{λα} • •	i	÷	<u>:</u> .	: :	ريلوي كمپذي كي ركيا هوا زمين كذكا ندي مين جانيكارستةكي واسط ههورزا هوا زمين	:
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	ا ۱۳ میل کے اخبر مے شروع اور ۱۳۳ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	اور ۱۳۹ میل که اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۳۰۱ میل ک ۱۰۰۰ فت تا ختم مطابق نقشه	شروع اور اوسیکم اخیر تك ختم مطابق نقشه •	۱۳۹۳ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فت سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نتشہ	۱۲۳ میل کے اخیر سے شروع ادر ۱۳۳ میل کے ۱۹۷۹ فٹ تک ختم	مہرم میل کے ممم نگ سے شورج اور اوسیکے اخیر تک ختم مطابق نقشہ	ہاہ میل کے ۲۰۰۰ فٹ مے شروع اور اومیکے اخیر تک حتم مطابق نقشہ	۱۳۹ عیل کے احیر سے شروع اور عالم میل کے ۱۹۵۰ فٹ تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ
В	اوڈو ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینگاري زمين پورب ۲۰۱۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۳۶۰ نمبر لاگ کا پورپ سيوانه	اوٹر (مینداری زمین دکھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۳۹ میل اخیر مطابق نقشه گ هم م ۱۳۹ نمبر لاگ کا پورب میوانه	ارتر ریلوي کا گهراو دگهن زمینداري زمین پررب ۱۲۳ مبر لاگ کا پچهم میروانه پچهم ۱۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	اوٹرزعینداری زمین دئھن ریلوی کا گھراو پورب ۱۱۴ نمبولاٹ کا پچھم میوانھ پچھم ۱۴۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشھ	اوٹر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پررپ ۱۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچھم ریلري کمپني کے رکھا ہوا زمین	اوتر ر یا دھی کا گھراو دکھن زمینداری زمین پہورب ر یلوی کمپنی کے رکھا ہوا زمین پچھم ۱۳۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	اوٽر زمينگداري زمين دکھن ريلوي کا گھراو پورپ ريلوي کمپائي کے رکھا ھوا زمين پڇپم ۱۳۱۳ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشھ	اوڈر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمین پورپ ۱۳۱۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچېم زمینداري زمین

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,	نام فلم	ئۇلىڭ ئۇلى	٠ؖٷٙ	٠ <u>٩</u>	نَوْ	· ġ ' .	· ġ .
	نام بیرگذه اور هوضع	پوگلة غوثپور موضع برنا و دلیسمن چك	پرگنھ ا <u>یضا</u> موضع بہگوان		پرگنه ایضا هوضع ایضا هوخ پور و آلبو پور	بغ	پرگناه ایضا موضع ابراهیم پورومهگمپور وگویندپیورو هاگوبندپور
اون ميلوذ	کيا تعداد جنک س واقع هي	y. E	r L	<u>y</u>	Ç	4 C	
دیاری واق	ر کسطرف مع هی	نځ ،	دکھی	نير	دکشن	* 2	s
	ههلي	\(\)	>	>	b.	F	<u>:</u>
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هوازي بيگهه ا	\$ Jile	•	•	•	•	•	•
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ولا زمين جو هم سے مستثني '	خارج هزيئي رجوة	:	:	<u>:</u>		ગુહ	:
هر لاڪ مين ي کي گڻي ه	ايكو		-			•	•
ين نيلام ب هي	(£	:	•	:	•	• •	•
	پرل	•		•	L	L	
	لاڪ کي شرو ۽ اور انڌہا	۱۳۹۳ میل کے اخبر سے شروع اور ۱۳۹۳ میل کے ۵۰۰ فت تلف ختم مطابق نقشہ	عالا میل کی، وق سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشه	بَوْعَ	مجامع میل کم اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۳۹۵ میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ تک مطابق نقشہ	.āj	۱۹۹۹ میل ۱۹۷۰ فی سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر آباف مطابق نقشہ
	لاڪ کي چوڪئ	اوٹر زمینداري زمين دکھن ريلوي کا گھراو پورب ۹۴۳ ميل کے اخير مطابق نفشه ^چ چھم زمينداري زمين	اوتو ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمیندهاری زمین پورب زمی ^{زند} اري زمین پچهم عاوم میل کے اخیوصطابق نقشه	اوتو زمینداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب زمينداري زمين چيم عا۳۹ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه	ارتو ریلوي کا گھواو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب عا۳۳ ميل کے اختو مطابق نقشه پچھم ريلوي لوالكواسنگ	اوتر زمینداری زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورپ عالام میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشۂ پچھم ریلوي لوالکوسنگ	ارتو ریلوي کا گهواو دکهن زمینداري زمين پورب ريلوي لوالکوآسنگ پچېم ميل ۳۳۹ کے اخير مطابق نقشه

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· <u>ā</u> '	الم	· <u>3</u>	بق	નું	٠ <u>٩</u>	نَعَ	<u>.</u> غ
آز	پرگنه _{ای} فنا م _ر ضعجلگریند و 5هور	آ	پرگنه ایضا هوضع ۲هور و اجورا	آ	پرگنه ایضا موضع اجودا د راز پور وحسین	<u>.ā</u>	پرگٽھ ايضا موضع نظام پور شروهر
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۱۳۱۰ (۱۳۱۶ (۱۳۱۶) ۱۳۷۰ نمیر لاتکا درمیاني رسته	رسته و پيغار	المويا	:	:	وتتم	,	:
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بْغَ	ا در ۱۳۹ میل کم اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۳۹۹ میل کے ۱۳۹۰ فٹ آبی ختم مطابق نقشہ	•	اجم میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فیکے شروع اور اومیکے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	إغما	۱۹۹۹ میل کے اخیر سے شروع اور ۱۹۹۷ میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ آف ختم مطابق نتشہ	يْغُ	۱۹۸۰ میل کے ۱۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اسیکے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشه
اوثر زمینمهری زمین دکهن ریلوی کا گهراو پورب ریلوی لوالکواسنگ پچهم ۱۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشف	اوتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۳۹۵ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچھم ۱۳۹۰ نمبر لاق کا پورب ميوانه	اوتو زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۹۳۹ میل کے اخیو مطابق نقشه چههم ۱۹۳۱ نعبو کا لاق پورب میوانه	اوتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمین پورب ۱۳۸ نمبر کا لاڪ څههم میوانه چهم ۱۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهرو پورب ۱۳۹ نمبر لاگ کا پچهم میونه پچهم ۱۳۳ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه	ارٽور ريلوي کا گھرو دکھن زمينداري زمين پورب ۲۲۹ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچھم ريلوي لوالکوامنگ	اوٽورزمينداري زمين مكهن ريلوي كا گهراو پورپ ٢٣٩ ميل كا اخبر مطابق نقشه چهم ريلوي لوالكراسنگ	ارتوريلوي كا گهراو • دكهن زميندازي زمين پورپ ريلوي لوالكرسنگ • پهچېم ۱۳۷ ميل كے اخبو مطابق نقسه

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	اع فرا <u>م</u> تام فرام	-0 10 A	· <u>3</u> j,	· <u>ā</u> '	<u>.</u> غَ		غ
	نام پرگخه اور موضح	پرگنة غوئپور ميضع نظام پورشويفوپور	پرگنه ایضا هرضع شررهر پورکلنپور	बुं	د گنه ایضا صوضع کلیان پور و ساتو کهة	بْغَ .	برگیاته بیناً هرخیاته در خواند برز بهارد بوزر
رون ميلون	ای احداد جنگ این واقع هی	Ž	£	Ę	< L	Ę .	۲.
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ي موازو بيگهه ا	÷#¥ile	=	•	•	•	<	÷ ,
موازي لاڪ گهڻه اور ايکو	المحرا	-	•	-	***	*	-
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رة زمين جو هرلاه ممثلني كي	خار ۾ هونيکي رجوءِ	الا بالا الالكا درمياني رستة	:	•		•	•
رلاڪ مين نيلام کي گڻي هي	ډرل روء . ابکر	•		:	:	•	:
	لاڪ کي ھرو ۾ اور بٽما	۱۹۷۷ میل کے ۱۹۸۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیرتاک ختم مطابق نقشه	۱۳۱۷ میل کم اخیو سے شروع اور ۱۳۱۸ میل کے ۱۹۱۰ فٹ قلف ختم مطابق نقشه	رْغَ	مهم ميل ك ١٥٠ موم فق شروع اوراوسيكي مهمم فق تلف ختم مطابق نقشه	۱۳۸ میل کے ۱۹۰۰ کی سے شروع اور ۱۹۵۹ فی تاف ختم مطابق نقشه	۱۹۸۸ میل کے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر ڈک ختم مطابق نقشہ
	َ . لاڌ کي هرهدي	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ربلوی کا گهواو پورب ریلوی لوالکراسنگ هچهم ۱۳۹۰م.مال کے اخیر مطابق نتشه	ارتو ریلوي کا گهواو دکهن زمینداري زمين پورب ۱۳۳ ميل کے اخيو مطابق نقشه پههم ۱۳۹۸ نمبولاۍ کا پورب ميوانه	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ریلوی کا گهراو پورب ۲۱۳ میل کا نخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم ۱۳۹ نمیر لای کا پورب میوانه	ارتر ریلوي کا گنبراو دکهن زمیدداري زمين پورب ۱۳۹۱ نمېر لاڪ کا پنچهم ميورنه پنجهم ريلوي لوالکولسگ	ارتر زمینده ري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهواو پورب ۱۲۷ نمبر لاڪ کا چهءم سيونه چههم ريلوي لوالگونسنگ	ارقر زیلوي کا گهواو دکهن زمینداري زمين پهري رياري لوالکراسنگ پههم ۱۲۸ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه

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اوئر زمینداری:زمین دکھن ریلوي کا گھرلو پورب ریلوي لوالکرسنگ پههم ۲۱۸ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقیدہ	ا تُرريلوي كا گهراو دكهن زمينداري زمين پورب ۲۰۱۸ ميل كا اخير مطابق نقشه چههم زمينهاري زمين	ار آورزمیندهاري زمين دکهن ربلوي کا گهراو پورب ۲۳۹ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشه پچهم زمینداري زمين	ارتوریلوي کا گھواو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورپ زمينداري زمين پيهم ۲۹ ميل کے اخير مخابق نقشة	اوٽرزمينداري زمين دکهن زيلوي کا گهواو پورب زمينداري زمين پيهم ١٩٣٩ ميل ٦ اخيو مظايق نقشه	ارتوریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمين پورب ۲۳۹۱میل کے اخیو پچهه ریلوی لوالکراسنگ	ا تو زمینداری زمین دکنی ربلوی کا گهراو پورب ۲۱۹ میل کا اخیر	ازور ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمیملااري زمين پورب ریلوي لرالکراسٹگ څچهم ۱۳۰۰ میل کے اختو

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لاھ کي چوھڻي	اوٽو زميند اري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ريلوي لوالکرامنگ چهم ٧٠٩ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه	ارتر ریلوي کا گهراو دکهن زمینداري زمين پورب ۲۰۰۰ ميل کے اخير مطابق نقشه پچهم ريلوي لرزالکواسنگ	ارتوزمینداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۳۷۰ ميل کے اخير پچهم ريلوي لريالکراسنگ	ا تَر بِلوي كا كَهواو دكهن زعيدهاري زهين پورب ريلوي لوالكراسنگ چهم ۱۷۱ ميل كا اخير مطابق نقشة	ارترزمینداری زمین دکھن ربلوي کا گھراو پورب ربلوي لرالکرا منگ پچھم ۲۷۱ میل کے اخیر مطابق نقشہ	ارتر ریلوي کا گھراو دکھن ریلوي کا گھراو پورب ۱۳۹ میل کے اخیر پچھم ۱۳۹ نعبرلاڪ کا پورب میوانف
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اتعا	مروع اور اوسيك ١٩٥٠ فت سے شروع اور اوسيك ١٩٢٠ فت تك ختم مطابق نقشه	مروع ادر ایسیکے ۱۹۹۰ فٹ سے شروع ادر ایسیکے ۱۹۲۰ فٹ تاف ختم مطابق نقشع م	۳۷۲ میل کے ۲۹۳۰ فٹ سے شروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف ختم مطابق نقشہ	بَوَّ	۳۷۳ میل کے اخیرسے شروج اور سے ۱۹۷۳ میل کے عالم ۱۹۷۳ فیگ قاف ختم مطابق نقشه		، مهرم ميل ک ١٩١٠ وق سے شروع اور اوسيکے اخير تك ختم مطابق نقشه
ارتر زمینداري زمین دکهن ریلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۳۱۱ میل کے اخیر پچهم ۱۱۱ میرلات کا پورب میوانه	ارڈر ریلوي کا گھواو دکھن زمینٹداري زھين پورب ۱۱۴ نمبر لاڪ کا پچھم ميوانھ پچھم ۱۱۸ نمبرلاڪ کا پيرب ميوانھ	اوٹرزمینداری زمین دکھن ربلوی کا گھراو پورپ ۱۳۵ نمٹر لاٹ کا پچھم ھیوانھ پچھم ۱۳۱ نمیرلاٹ کا پورپ میوانھ	ارتر ربلوي كا كهراو مكهن زميننداري زمين پورب ۱۱۱ نمبو لاگ كا ^چ چهم ميوانه چچهم ۱۷۳ ميل كا اخير	ارتر زمینداری زمین دکهن ربلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۱۷ نمبرلاگ کا پُههم سیوانه پههم ۱۷۳ میل کا اخیر	ار تر ربلوي کا گھراو دکھن زمینداري زمين پورب ۲۷۳ هيل کے اخير پچھم ۲۷۱ نعبر لاٿ کا پورپ ھيوانھ	اوترزميندا ي زمين دكهن ربلوي كا گهراو ډيرب ۲۷۳ ميل كم اخير پچهم ۱۷۴ نمبرلات كا پورب هيوانه	اوٽر ريلوي کا گھراو دکھن زعينداري زعين پورپ ۱۳۱ نمبولاڪ کا پڇھم سيوانه پچھم ۱۳۰ عيل کے اخير مطابق نقشه

•		رلاڪ مين نيلام کي کڻي هي	وة زمين جو هر لاڪ مين نياف شے مستثني کي کائي هي		ا. الج	ي لاق ادر ايد	^ت غميني موازي لاٿ بعماب بيگهه اور ايكر		ريمي.	واة ري ميلون ري ميلون		;		KT
لاق کي چرهڻي	لاھ کي شوو ع اور انتہا	پدل رود ایکر	خارچ ھوئيئي وجوڙ	بحل	23)	ایکر چهگانا <u>ی</u>		Zīps Ļžps	کی کسطرق	ع ای زمدادرجنگ	<u>य राष्ट्र क्य</u> म्ब्रु -क्रु	لام معلم الار مرضع	2. 3.	نجبر .
ارٽورزمينداري زمين دکهن ريلوي کا گهراو پورب ۱۷۰ نمبو لاڪ کا ڏڇهم صوانه پيهم ۱۷۳ هيلن کے اخيو	م میل کے عوام فی سے ارتورزمینداری زمین اشروع اور اوسیکے اخیر تاف ختم دکھن ریلوی کا گنیراو مطابق نقشه پورپ ۱۷۰۰ نمبو لات ا	:		2	•	•		•	اور.		پرگناه غولپور ۱۳۷۹ هرضع هانکډور وبنزیک سمد بهور وراني	پرگذا غوئپور هرضع حاکن ور وبنروکی محمد پولا و راني	ڹؠ ٵٷ؞ڹۼ ؙ	<u> </u>
ا يُو ربلوي كا گهباو دكهن زمينداري زمين پورب ۱۳۷۳ ميل كم اخير	ارتر ربلوي كا گهراو ارتر ربلوي كا گهراو اور اللا ميل كا اخير شا شووع ارتر ربلوي كا گهراو اور ۱۸۰۳ ميل كا الله ختم مظابق أقشه	:	:	<u>.</u>	•		•	<u>•</u>	دکهن ۲		الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الله	مراي ورائهب پور پوگه ایفا موضع راگهب پور	· <u>ē</u> ·	Σ
	الهم منك كم اخيرك شروع اور ۱۳۷۶ منك كسرام فث تك خلم مطابق نقشه	<u>.</u>	ربلوي كمپنې ك ركبا هوا زمين	2	•	L	•	<	بي		ارِيْ غَيْر <u></u>	پرگٺٽه ايضا هوننج ايضا وسحمد پور	·3̄'	Σ .

W. HEYSHAM, ريلوي ديپوري کلکٽر مقام بهاکلپور

LAND SALE NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Cuttack will be put up to public and unreserved sale, at the Collector's office of that district, on the 17th day of July 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of April 1874.

Class II .- Temporarily settled Estates.

No. 1847.—Mehal Mouzah Ummer, Pergunnah Matkatungar; recorded proprietor, Sudanund Mahapatra; sudder jumma, Rs. 319-12-10; will be sold for arrears of Government

revenue amounting to Rs. 159-14.

No. 2200.—Mehal Mouzah Barhapur, pergunnah Hariburpur, Recorded proprietors Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Sadanund Mahapatra, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Jagabundhu Pasait, Kunjabehari Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo. Sudder jumma, Rs. 519-13-9½, of which Rs. 346-9-1½ to be deducted on account of the jumma of the share of Nityanund Patnaik, Gourang Charan Dass, Srikrishna Mahapatra, Radhakrishna Mahapatra, Kunjabehari Pasait, Jagabundhu Pasait, and Parmanund Canoongo, with whom separate acounts have been opened, as per Section 10, Act XI of 1859. The sudder jumma advertised for sals is Rs. 173-4-8, on account of the jumma of the share of Sadanund Mahapatra. This share will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

CUTTACK COLLECTORATE, the 12th May 1874.

JOHN BEAMES, Collector.

୍ ଭୂମି ବଏସ୍ ଇସ୍ତାହାର । ଜଲ କଃକ ।

ସନ ୯୮୬୧ ମସିହା ୯୯ ଅଇନ ୬ ଧାଗ୍ୟରେ ସମ୍ବାଦ ଦଆ ଯାଉ୍ଅନ୍ଥ କ କଲ କଃକସ୍ଥ ଇଲ ଲ୍ଷିତ ମାହାଲ୍ଭର ସନ ୯୮୭୪ ମସିହା ତା ୬୮ ଉଖ ଅପ୍ରେଲ କସ୍ତିର ମାଲଗୁଜାର ବାକ ବାବତ ୯୮୬୪ ମସିହା ତା ୯୬ ଉଖ ଜ୍ଲାଇ ମୁତାବକ ଶ୍ରାବଶ ୪ ଦନ ସନ ୯୬୮୧ ଫସଲ ସେଜ ଶୁକ୍ବାର ଉକ୍ତ କଲ୍ଲର କଲେକଃଉ କତେଉରେ ବନା ଓଜରରେ ନଲ୍ମମ କଗ୍ ସିବ ।

ଦ୍ୱିଗମ୍ ଶ୍ରେଣୀ ।

କଞ୍ଚଳାଲ ନମନ୍ତେ, ବନ୍ଦବସ୍ତ ମାହାଲ ।

କ ୯୮୪୭ ମ୍ବ ମାହାଲ ମାହାଲ ମୌ ଉମର । ପ୍ର । ମାତକତ ନଗର ମାଲ୍କ ଶଦାକନ୍ତ ' ମହାମାସ ସଦର ଜମା ୪ *୯୯୯୯ ପ୍ର ମାହାଲ ସରକାହ କାକ ଖାଜାନା ୪ ୯୬୯୯ ପାଇଁ ନଲମ ହେବ ।

ଥେ । ମାହାଲ୍ ା ନ 9900 ମୃର ବାଗ୍ନସ୍ତୁର । 0 1 ହରହୃର୍ପୁର୍ ପଃନାଏକ, ଗୌଗୁଙ୍ଗରରଣ ଦାସ, ସଦାନନ ମହାପାଏ ଶ୍ରୀକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାଏ, ଗ୍ଧାର୍କୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାଏ, କଗବନ ପସ୍ୟର୍ କୁଞ୍ଜବହାର ପସ୍ୟର ଓ ପର୍ମାନନ କାନଗୁର୍ ସ୍ତର ଜମା ४୯୯୩/୯ । ସେଥିମଧ୍ୟଲ୍ ନତ୍ୟାନନ ପ୍ରନ୍ନାଏକ ଗୌସ୍କ୍ରେର୍ଣ ଦାସ ଶ୍ରାକୃଷ୍ଣମହାପାଏ, ସ୍ଥାକୃଷ୍ଣ ମହାପାଏ କୃଞ୍ଜବହାର ପସ୍ୟଏତ ଓ ଇଗବର୍ଷ ପସ୍ୟସ୍ତ ଓ ପର୍ମାନନ କାନଗ୍ଲ ସହମାନକର ହୃଷ୍ୟବାବତ ଜମ । ୬ ୩୪୬୯/୯ । ବାଦ୍ୟାଁ ଦ୍ର ବାକ ସଦାନଳ ମହାପାଏ ହିଷ୍ୟବାବତ ୪ ୧୭୩ । ୮ ସଦର ଜମା ନଲ୍ମ ସକାସେ ଇସ୍କାହାର ଦ୍ୟ ଯାଉ୍ଅନ୍ଥ ଐ ହୁସ୍ୟ ସର୍କାର୍ ବାକ ଖାଳାନା ସାଁଇ୍ ନଲ୍କମ କର୍ସିକ ପ୍ରକାଶ ହ୍ୟଦାର୍ମାନଙ୍କର ବାବର ୯୮୫୯ ମସିହା ୯୯ ଆଇ୍ନର ଧା ୯୭ ଗ୍ ମୂଭାବକ ସଇଷ ହ୍ୟବରୁ ଲ ଯାଇଁ ଅଧିକ ।

JOHN BEAMES, Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Monghyr will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district on the 6th day of July 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th day of March 1874.

Permanently-settled Estate.

Towjih No. 336.—Bisthazari, Pergunnah Bisthazari; sudder jumma Rs. 61,809-11-0; proprietors, Khajah Badaruddin Khan, Negmi Begum, &c.; for arrears of Rs. 2,433-1-0, with the exception of 44 shares separated under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859, bearing a sudder jumma of Rs. 44,947. The remaining Ijmali estate, having a sudder jumma Rs. 11,175-4-0, and Mehal Lohanda and others, separated under Section 10 of Act XI of 1859, bearing No. 5,687, i.e., in all Rs. 16,862-11-0, will be put up to sale for arrears due on the 25th March 1874. March 1874.

H. J. NEWBERY, Offg. Collector.

پرگاه بست

ُ مُزاري مُزاري

ا شتهار نيالم بابت بقية مالكذاري سركار كهبرى كلكتري ضلع مونگير

واضم هو كه حسب دفعه ٦ - ايكت ١١ سنه ١٥٥٩ع ك يهه صحالات مرقومة الذيل ضلع مونكير مين بابت بقیه مالگذاری سرکار و دیگر دعوی جو ازروے دستورات و قوانین مجاریه موافق باقی مالگذاری سرکار کے بقاريخ ٢٨ مارخ سنة ١٨٧٤ع واجب الوصول هي بروز دوشنبة ٣ جولائي سنة ١٨٧٤ع كجهري مين صاحب كلكترك اس ضلع ك بلا عذر عام نيلام مين ركها جايكا .

نمبر نام صحال و صدر جبع كيفيت تعداد باقي نام باقیدار

قلم تفريق ود قلم در تفریق كه جسكا جمع ۴۴,۹۴۷ روپيه هرتا هي بقيه محال اجمالي جسكا جمع صدر مداغ عده۱۱٫۱۷ و محال لوهدده وغيروجسكاتفريق جبع صدر ۱۹۸۷ روپية هي جماه 11-17471 ---صدر نيالم هوكا

٣٢٦ بست هزاري ١١-١١٠٩ خواجة بدر الدين خان و نيگمي بيگم و ٢١٤٣٣٠١ با ستندا _ ٣٩ خراجة حدات خان وخواجة صحمد جعغر خان و صحمه يار خان و چودهري ليلنه پرشاه ساگهو شیونندن پرشاه سنگه و هری نندن پرشاد سنگه و نند کشور پرشان سنگه نابالغان و بودهي سنگه و رام پرشاد داس وخواجه صحمد رهیمخان و لکهراج سگه و لوهنکر سنگه و پیمچند سنگهٔ و خواجهٔ صحمه عیسی خان و بيجناتهه ساے و نجف عابی و مساة حكم بي بي و خواجة صحمد گوهر علي خان و خواجه محمد عزیز الله خان و خراجة محمد كمال الدين خان خود و والى جالل الدين خان نابالغ و گنون سنگه . و كرن سائمة و پوكهراج سائمة وشديخ مولي ابخش خود و والي ايزد بخش نابالغ و شیخ رهیم بخش و شیخ فقیر بخش و شبخ امید علی و شیخ ولایت حسین و خواجه صحمد واجد حسدن خان و خواجه محمد حسن خان و مسماة اشرف النسا بيكم وهاك على كبيروهاك على نظير و مسماة رسولن و مهاراجة جيمنگل سفكه بهادر و خواجه عزير الله خان عرف نواب خان و خواجه شرف الدين خان عرف هينگن خان و مسماق بي بي جان بيگم و پارسناتهه پانده و مهیشدت و شیخ امید

بحيفية

نببر نام مجال و صور جمع

علي و شيخ عبد الوهاب والي شيخ مهدي حسين وشيخ صعمد عبد الرهيم نابالغان و مساة اميري جان مادر واليه شيني احمد الخش نابالغ وصاحب لنساوهس النسا و خراجه حبيب الله خان و مسماة صورت النسا بيگم و مسماة بي بي نصرو و مساة غفورن و درگا پرشاد و مسالا عمدة بيگم و دوكها مهتون و كنور شيو پرشاد نراین ساگه و بهیم مهنون و بهنو مهتون و نندو مهتون و مسماة بيهنون و ننکو مهتون و مسماة اسو و سکینه بیگم و مجيب خان و مسماة صفحن و مسماة چاندو و مسماة باسو و شديخ محمد خليل وشيع مصاهب حسين و شيخ اصجد هسين وشيخ عطاء محمد رمسماة هرلاس كنوري وداسوكنوريوترابءايخان وسهاپت گيرو رنگ لعل سائه و چبها سنگه و مسماة نولکهو کنوري و سکنو کنوري و مسماق فخر النسا بيكم و مسماة ظهور النسا بيكم و شيخ ولايت حسين و صماة وحيد النسا و هالک علی بخش وچمن سنگه و جلکهو كنوري وكهكركنوري ودهرمو كنوري و منروپ کنوري و اجلاسو کنوري و هيو كنوري و اودهو كنوري و ليلدي كنوري و گرگدهاري ساگه و چټردهاري سنگه و مسماة گل بيگم و گوبودهن لعل وصلحب رام و بینی سنگه و لوناے ساگھ و رگھو ناتهه پرشاد سنگه و سوکو کنوري ومسهاة جولهو ومسماة وزير النسا وملك دعاء الله و مسمالاً نصيرن ومهاراج كنوار كنورهو پرشاد نراین سنگه و کاور ایشري پرشاد نراين سنكه وروپ سنكه وسيد صحمد امين الدين و محمد ولي الله و خواجة صحمد گوهر علي خان اصل بنفسه پدر والي خواجه يوسف على خان عرف مهدي نواب و خواجه صحمد رحمت الله خان عرف ولى نواب و خواجه اقبال على خان عرف علي نواب پسران و مساة عصبت النسا بيگم عرف امراو بيگم و مسماة عظمت النساء بيكم عرف اميري بيكم و و جز آن نابالغان و مسماة نصيرن،

نام بالهيدار

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, and under Section 3, Act VII of 1868, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Rungpore will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's office of that district, on Wednesday, the 29th July 1874, corresponding with 14th Sraban 1281, B.s., for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 28th March 1874.

CLASS I .- PERMANENTLY SKTTLED ESTATE.

To be sold for arrears of revenue.

No. 7.—Mouzah Moubhasha, &c., chackla Futtehpore. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Essan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chunder, Tara Mohun Chouhdry, Brojokishori Dassia, Dhanessury Dassia, Boroda Soondery, Joyuntee Debea, Nilkant Sirmah, Moharaja Nrependra Narain Bhoop Bahadoor, minor, Mohamed Sadutullah, for himself and Sadutullah and Komaruddin, on behalf of Majohurullah, Faratullah, and Enaitullah (minors), Mutiullah, Kutubullah, Harasundery Debya, Bamasundery Gupta Choudhurani, Shona Bibi, Amirullah, minor, Jodunath Shaha Chowdhry, having been separated under Sections 10 & 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The shares of Istan Chundra, Bhoyrub Chundra Chowdhry, Hurchunder Gossami, Protap Mul Rakha, Abrannessa Khatoom, and Hurish Chunder Roy, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 719-5-5, will be sold for arrears of Government revenue. The entire sudder jumma of the estate is Rs. 6,554-13-8.

To be sold for acrears of revenue.

No. 241.—Mouzah Naskurpore, &c., pergunnah Borobillah. The shares of the recorded proprietors, Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry, Dhanessury Dassea, and Khajey Enastullah Chowdhry having been separated under Section 11, Act XI of 1859, are excluded. The share of Omaruddin Mohamed Chowdhry will be sold. The sudder jumma of the share put up for sale is Rs. 46-5-10. The sudder jumma of the entire estate is Rs. 966-12.

RUNGPORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, the 8th June 1874. E. G. GLAZIER, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands, which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 26th day of May 1874.

Class I.—Permanently-settled Estates.

No. 3880.—Taraf Obedullah Sheik, Mahomed Osi, and Sheik Mahomed Ali; recorded proprietors, Aimona Bibi, Ahmed Ali Bonnijan Bibi, Abdullah Khan, Mahomed Bashirullah Chowdry, and Romijaddeen; sudder jumma, Rs. 678-7-0. The entire estate will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

A. L. CLAY, Offg. Collector.

NOTICE is hereby given, Section 11, Act VII (B.C.) of 1868, and under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Chittagong will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 21st day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 25th day of May 1874.

NOABAD.

Mouzah Mita Serra, Thana Ramoo.

No. 107.—Taluk Rustom Ali, Malik Rustom Ali; sudder jumma, Rs. 658-3. The, entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

Mouzah Teknaaf, Thana Teknaaf.

No. 1401.—Taluk Khepong Chewdry, Ompoori Chowdry, Srimoti Nao, Chaimpuri Chowdry, Aungiree Chowdry, and Kassim Ali Chowdry, Malik Khod; sudder jumma, Rs. 692-3; road fund, Rs. 6-15; total, Rs. 699-2. The entire taluk will be sold for arrears of Government revenue.

NOTICE is hereby given, under Section 6, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates in the district of Shahabad will be put up to public and unreserved sale at the Collector's Office of that district on the 6th day of August 1874, for arrears of revenue and other demands which by the Regulations and Acts in force are directed to be realized in the same manner as arrears of revenue due on the 8th day of June 1874.

Class II.—Temporarily-settled estates.

No. 923.—Mehal Kurmi, pergunnah Chusa; sudder jumma, Rs. 935; recorded proprietors, Chubinath Kooner, for herself and as guardian of Baboo Jugduma Pershad Sing, minor son, Luchmepershad Sing, and Buxee Koonjbehary Lall, and others; will be sold for arrears of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 2-8-0.

Class 1 .- Permanently-settled estates.

No. 1686.—Mehal Mookraon, pergunnah Chynpore; sudder jumma of the entire mehal, Rs. 2,139-11-8; recorded proprietors, Ramjeawan Roy, Runjit Roy, Jaipal Roy, and others, non-applicants. The share of the above non-applicants alone, the sudder jumma of which is Rs. 1366, 2 as. 11 p. 0 k. 14 m. 6½ d. will be sold in satisfaction of Government revenue amounting to Rs. 4-10-6¾, excepting the shares of the proprietors (applicants) with whom separate accounts have been opened under Section 11, Act XI of 1859.

SHAHABAD COLLECTORATE, the 19th June 1874.

H. W. ALEXANDER, Collector.

चादिव कलकटर बदादर जिले

के उक्रम से

द्शतदार नीकाम मुताबिक दफा ६ रकड ११ सन १८(८ सन को जानना चादिने के यद सदास जो नीचे सिका है बावत वाकी सासमूजारी सरकार को दूसरे दाने जो मुताबिक चार्यन को कानान जारी के बाकी सास-गुजारी सरकार की तरद वसूस दोने चाबिने को जो तारीस ८

मचीना जुन सन १८०४ को पाने ये तारीस (मचीना समग्रत सन १८०४ मुताबिक ताः ८ मचीना ग्राबन सन १९८१ फसली दिन वीचग्रपत् को इस जिले के साहेब कलकटर को कचचरी में विला एज्र के सव के सामने नालाम चामा

तौजी नवर	मध्य मशस्त्र भीर परमग	सदर जमा	नाम मासिक्षेका	के प्रियत
८१६	करमीयः चैं। शा	eu t	कवीनाय कुसारखद्बो की वाय जगदमाप्रगाद शोंच पेगर नावाकांग की ककसी प्रशाद ग्रींच की वक्षणी कुंजवीचारीकाल की वाय प्रशावन शोंच की वातु की कि शोंच की चिश्रभी शोंच की वक्षणराम रचाद शोंच पेदर वला वातु पंचानन्द नावाजीन सीग्रमात देवकल कुसर मादर की वाजीय सीग्रमात राज पती कुमार की मीग्रमात रामदेचाली कुसर की वखगरन ग्रींच नरायन शोंच की वखगर दचनप्रगाद शोंच की बीजन शींच की राम नरायन शोंच की राम कुमारी कुमार	२॥० द्याच सडाल वाजने वीग ज्ञाल दुवनदार १ षपरैल सब १८६८ वंद्रीवका मे चादा है बद्दलत वाकी
1(=(मुधरा बप्र:- ये मपुर	२१ ३८। = ु ट योज्ञतयारा	राम थीषावज राण वो रमजीत राण जैवाल राण वल्लवद राण देवी राण विशेश र राण वो नींड्य चौने शीवमुन राण प्रशाद राण जीतीराण जरीव प्रश्न राण मयुरा राण मानीक राण वो बलराज राण वो रामरचराण गुद्नी राण जैमकुल राण वो नोशमात जगरानी कुचार रामकुली कुचार वो खाझवी राण रमेशर राण नैपालराण गुरामन चौने वो राजनैन राण वो नच्छक राण वो शंजुर राण वो धुरवाषर राण शोवरन राण वसराम राण वो धुरवाषर राण शोवरन राण वसराम राण वो दिल्लोर राण श्रवी राण वो स्वजीत राण वो शोना राण श्रवी राण वो स्वजीत राण वो शोना राण वी कीशनहैचाल राण वो कुलवंत तेवारी गैर शाणकान सफरीक रेंग्ल	वर्णतिश्वार चिश्रेशारलाम नफरीक रोल जिसका जमा वमीजीवदफे ११ रकट ११ १८१८ इसवी दलच्हे साखाजाता के बाकी चिमसे

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the Schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction at the office of the said Deputy Commissioner at 11 o'clock on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on

application to the Deputy Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 396 acres, situated in mouzah Nizorikhat

Hatirgaon, in the district of Nowgony, Assam, and bounded as follows :-

North.-A line drawn from a pillar marked N on the bank of a stream called "Dogajooree" to a pillar O, on the north-east, along the edge of the above stream, distance 100 yards. From pillar O to a pillar P, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 260 yards. From pillar P to a pillar Q, on the north-west, along the edge of the said stream, distance 360 yards. From pillar Q to a pillar R, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 200 yards. From pillar R to a pillar S, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 350 yards. From pillar S to a pillar T, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 233; yards. From pillar T to a pillar U, on the north-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 140 yards. From pillar U to a pillar V, on the south-west, along the edge of the above stream, distance 2332 yards. From pillar V to a pillar A, on the south-west, along the edge of the said stream, distance 1663 yards.

South.—A line drawn from a pillar marked F, on the west, at the foot of the hill called "Matiapahar," to a pillar G, on the north-east, along the foot of the above hill, distance 233} vards. From pillar G to a pillar H, on the south-east, along the foot of the above hill,

distance 180 yards. From pillar H to a pillar I, on the south-east, distance 150 yards.

West.—A line drawn from a pillar marked A, on the bank of the stream called "Dogajooree" to a pillar B, on the south-east, distance 129 yards. From pillar B to a pillar C, on the south-east, distance 200 yards. From pillar C to a pillar D, on the south-west, distance 233\frac{1}{3} yards. From pillar D to a pillar E, on the south-west, distance 625 yards. From pillar E to a pillar F, on the south-east, at the foot of the hill called "Matiapahar," distance 500 yards.

East.—A line drawn from a pillar marked I, on the south-west, to a pillar J, on the north-east, distance 250 yards. From pillar J to a pillar K, on the north-east, distance 2331 From pillar K to a pillar L, on the north-east, distance 700 yards. From pillar L to a pillar M, on the north-east, distance 550 yards. From pillar M to a pillar N, on the north-east, distance 140 yards.

The pillars are marked A to V in the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner,

Nowgong, Assam.

Nowgong, Assam, the 19th May 1874.

J. SHERER, Dy. Commr.

[Third Publication.] Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the Deputy Commissioner office at Debrooghur, will be sold by public auction at the said Deputy Commissioner's office at 12 o'clock on the 2nd September 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on

application to the Deputy Commissioner.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land consisting of about 741 acres, situated in mouzah Kodomoni, in the district of Luckhimpore, and bounded as follows:-

North.—By a straight line through the forest from a pillar, 1, bearing 242°, past

an intermediate pillar, 2, to pillar 3, measuring 2,282 yards.

West.—By a straight line from pillar 3, through tree forest, bearing 176° and measuring 1,040 yards, to a pillar, 4; and thence by a straight line through tree forest, bearing 151° and measuring 660 yards, to a pillar, 5, on the Tettelia bheel.

South.—From pillar 5, along the northerly edge of the Tettelia bheel and the course of the Lohitkota river, to a pillar, 6, measuring, as the crow flies, 1,650 yards.

East.—By a straight line from pillar 6, on the Lohitkota river, through tree forest, bearing 20° and measuring 825 yards, to a pillar, 7; and thence by a straight line through tree forest, bearing 855° and measuring 1,045 yards, to pillar 1.

The pillars are marked from 1 to 7 on the map filed in the Deputy Commissioner's office.

DEBROOGHUR, ASSAM, the 17th April 1874.

W. S. CLARKE, Dy. Commissioner.

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the Schedule hereto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, will be sold by public auction at the office of the said Deputy Commissioner at 11 o'clock on the 2nd September 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands) or owing to any other cause. For the conditions of sale, see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste and, consisting of 1,087 acres 1 rood 20 perches, situated in Pergunnah

Berkhola, Mouzah Abong, in the district of Cachar, and bounded as follows:-

East.—The Abong river from pillar No. 1, at confluence of the Abong and Cacharee Cherra with the Dooloo river, to pillar No. 2, on the banks of the Abong and at the foot of the Casee Teelah to the north; thence, to pillar No. 3, on the top of the same teelah, and No. 4 pillar at the northern foot.

North.—From pillar No. 4, as above, to pillar No. 5 on the banks of the Mewah Cherra.

West. - From pillar No. 5 along pillars Nos. 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, at the edge of the jungle on high teelahs to the west, and along No. 11 on the banks of the Cacharee Cherra.

South.—The Cacharee Cherra, between pillars No. 11 and No. 1.

The pillars are numbered from 1 to 11 on the map filed in the office of the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar.

SILCHAR, the 27th April 1874.

O. G. R. McWilliam, Offg. Deputy Commissioner.

Notice

Is hereby given that the land specified in the schedule hereunto annexed, and of which the plan is open to inspection at the office of the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam, will be sold by public auction, at the office of the said Deputy-Commissioner, at 11 o'clock, on the 2nd October 1874, unless meantime the sale is stopped or postponed in consequence of claims or objections under Act XXIII of 1863 (to provide for the adjudication of claims to waste lands), or owing to any other cause.

For the conditions of sale see the detailed notice, copies of which may be obtained on application to the Deputy-Commissioner of Nowgong, Assam.

SCHEDULE.

A lot of waste land, consisting of about 317 acres, situated in Mouzah Telia Chapori, in

the district of Nowgong, Assam, and bounded as follows:—
North.—A line drawn from pillar marked G, on the side of a road to pillar H, and a

stream called Dijoo Nuddee on the north-east, at a distance of 400 yards.

South.—A line drawn from pillar O to pillar A, on the south-west, at a distance of 1,580

yards. West.—A line drawn from piller A to pillar B on the north-west, at a distance of 240 yards; from pillar B to pillar C on the north-west, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar C to pillar D on the north-west, at a distance of 220 yards; from pillar D to pillar E on the

north-west, at a distance of 1,320 yards; from pillar E to pillar F on the north-west, at a distance of 600 yards; from pillar F to pillar G on the north-east, at a distance of 940 yards.

East.—A line drawn from pillar H to pillar I on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 400 yards; from pillar I to pillar J on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar J to pillar K on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 120 yards; from pillar K to pillar L on the south-east, along the edge of the above stream, at a distance of 200 yards; from pillar L to pillar M on the south-east, at a distance of 500 yards; from pillar M to pillar N on the south, at a distance of 820 yards; from pillar N to pillar O on the south-west at a distance of 500 yards.

Note.—The pillars are marked A to O on the plan of the land filed in the office of the Deputy-Commissioner.

Nowgong, Assam, the 1st May 1874.

J. F. Sherer, Deputy Commissioner.

Wanted.

A FIRST grade Canoongoe and Surveyor, salary Rs. 50, for the Sub-division of Cox's Bazar in the district of Chittagong. Candidates for the appointment are requested to submit their applications to the Commissioner of the Chittagong Division on or before the 10th of July 1874.

None need apply who have not passed the native Civil Service examination.

Commissioners for making Improvements in the Port of Calcutta.

NOTICE.

Under Section 69 of Act V (B.C.) of 1870.

THE following Packages, landed at the Jetties from the undermentioned ships, have been removed to the Commissioners' Import Warehouse, where they remain at the risk and expense of the owners. If not cleared within two months from the date stated against each item, they will be sold under Section 72 of the said Act.

Date of removal to Import Warehouse.	No., Mark, and Description.	No., Mark, and Description. Consignees.			
1874.			•		
June 26th	1 Case, [A B C 5]	Hajee Mahomed Hossen.	S. S. City of Poonah.		
" 26th	2 Packages, [B D] F M	Ordon	Ditto.		
9844	1 Case, B L D		Ditto.		
9.84h	2 Cases, [C L] A. B. & Co.		Ditto.		
98th	3 Cases, [C] J. S. & Co.	Young, Gray & Co	Ditto.		
9B+h	4 Cases, [D D & S]	Ondon	Ditto.		
9814	1 Cask, [D]		Ditto.		
,, 26th	3 Cases, [108] E D J		Ditto		
,, 26th	1 Case, F. P. & Co.	,,	Ditto.		
,, 26th	12 Cases, G C M	,,	Ditto.		
,, 26th	1 Case, G. & Co.		Ditto.		
" 26th	1 Case, G. F. K. & Co.	G. F. Kellner & Co.	Ditto.		
" 26th	8 Cases, [HB] A. B. & Co.	Order	Ditto.		
" 26th	4 Cases, [S J H C]		Ditto.		
" 26th	1 Case, [K] S	,,	Ditto.		
" 26th	2 Cases, K G	***	Ditto.		
,, 26th	29 Kegs, L S & G S	,,	Ditto.		
" 26th	3 Cares, [M R]	••• ,,	Ditto		
" 26th	2 Casks, no mark	•••	Ditto.		
" 26th	2 Casks, no mark	••• ,, •••	Ditto.		
" 26th	26 Packages, no mark	••• ,,	Ditto.		
" 26th	1 Cask, no mark	••• ,,	Ditto.		
" 26th	6 Crates, no mark	•••	Ditto.		
,, 26th	6 Casks, [P] 200	,,	Ditto.		
,, 26th	14 Casks, [P] 100	••• ,	Ditto.		
" 26th	2 Cases, R D	,,	Ditto.		
" 26th	.1 Case, TS & LS	,,	Ditto.		
" 26th	1 Cask, W. L. A. & Co.	W. L. Atkinson & Co.	Ditto.		
,, 26th	28 Cases, W. L. A. & Co.	Order	Ditto. Ditto.		
" 26th " 26th	1 Keg, W C D	···	Ditto.		
9.7th	1 Sample trues, [J W B] S M 2 Cases, [2201 A. B. & Co.		S. S. Bertha.		
97th	54 Kegs, B S C M	,,	Ditto.		
97th		r ,,	Ditto.		
97th	107 Kegs, B D B		Ditto.		
, 27th		•••	Ditto.		
" 27th		Turner, Morrison & Co.	Ditto.		
" 27th		E. & Oesterley	Ditto.		
" 27th	1 Case, B R U	Sumbo Chunder Sing	Ditto.		
" 27th		Scott & Co	Ditto.		
" 27th			Ditto.		
" 27th		E. & Oesterley	Ditto.		
,, 27th		Order	Ditto.		
,, 27th		,,	Ditto.		
" 27th	•	Tariney Churn Bose, & Co.	Ditto.		
" 27th	2 Cases, G M D C	Order	Ditto.		
" 27th		ervis, Mackenzie Lyall &	Ditto.		
1	Mussooree, care of M. 1 & Co.	•			
,, 27th	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Order	Ditto.		
,, 27th		,,	Ditto.		
" 27th		•••	Ditto.		
,, 27th		•••	Ditto.		
" 27th		,,	Ditto.		
" 27th	2 Cases, [M] G G	•••))	Ditto.		

to Wa	of removal Import rehouse.		No., Mark, and Description.		Consignees.		Ships.
	27th	4	Baler, [N N E]	•••	J. Nicol Fleming	&	S. S. Bertha.
29	27th		Bales, [3821 R B		Co. Order	•••	Ditto.
"	27th		Cases, R. & C. Case, Atkins, Spence &		Reutiers & Co. Ditto	•••	Ditto. Ditto.
,		•	Colombo.	٠,	271170	•••	Ditto.
"	27th		Casks, [S C M, 340] E E	•••	Ditto	. • •	Ditto.•
))))	27th 27th		Case, [8] Cases, T. M. & Co.		Order Turner, Morrison	···	Ditto, Dit to ,
••					Co.		
39	27th 27th		Cases, W B V		W. Bell	• • •	Ditto,
))))	27th		Case, [X] Barrel, [X]	•••	Ahmuty & Co. Ditto	•••	Ditto, Dittop
"	27th		Sample truss, [T A B] or [•••	Dirto.
•	27th	,	B] [T A B] [R A B]	าวา			D:44 -
"	27th	l	Sample truss, [A A B] [R A Ditto B A b]	 [C	,,	• • •	Ditto. Ditto.
"	27th	i		•••		· · · ·	Ditto.
))	27th	i	· Ditto C. B, or G. Arb		"		Ditto.
••		-	not & Co.		,,		,
"	27th		Case, D. D. & N, N. P. & C		,		Ditto.
>>	27th	2	Cases, [T M] Co.	•••	Turner, Morrison	&	Ditto.
"	27th	1	Sample parcel, [B A B]		Co. Order		Ditto.
<i>"</i>	19th		Case, [C. P. & Co.]		Cutter, Palmer &		
))	24th		Pattern sample, [G H] B T		Order	•••	Tenasserim.
**	22nd		Cask, [357] A. B. & Co.		;;		Ship Saint Monan.
"	22nd	6	Casks, [264] A. B. & Co.	•••)		Ditto.
"	22nd		Casks, [250] A. B. & Co.	•••	,	•••	Ditto.
"	22nd		Case, [178] A. B. & Co.	•••	,,	•••	Ditto.
>>	22nd		Case. [357] A. B. & Co.	•••	"	•••	Ditto.
27	22nd 22nd		Casks, [180] B. L. & Co. Cask, B. L. & Co.	•••	B. N. Law & Co.	•••	Dirto. Dirto.
)	22nd		Casks, [207 C] A. & Co.	•••	Order		Dirto.
,,	22nd		Cases, C. D. & Co.		Kally Dass Dhur		Ditto.
	22nd	1	Cask, G C D		Co. Order		Ditto. •
"	22nd		Cask, G. F. K. & Co.		G. F. Kellner &	Ċ	Ditto.
"	22nd		(ase, [J. A. & Co., J]		James Anderson &		Ditto.
"	22nd		Cases, K L D		Order		Ditto.
,,	22nd		Case, M 8 & K E	• • •	,,	• • •	Ditto,
,,	22nd	1	Case, [M] R B		1)	•••	Ditto.
"	22nd		Cusks, R L D	•••	"	٠	Ditto,
"	22nd		Cask, [R N P]	•••	"	• • •	Ditto.
))	22nd 22nd		Casks, [40] S. D. & Co. Cases, [B. L. & Co.] C & B	•••	Bisso Nath Lav	 &	Ditto. Ship Saint Malo.
))	22nd		Case, B F		Co. Reutiers & Co.		Ditto.
"	22nd		Case, C. D. & Co.	•••	Kally Dass Daur 8	 Co	
))))	22nd		Case, D. C. R. & Co.		Rocknit & Co.		Ditto.
"	22nd		Kigs, G C B	••			1
"	22nd		(ase [H & E] C & B		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•••	
"	22nd		Сивен, [Н. А & Со.] С & В	3	A. W. Mahomed		
"	22nd		Cases, [H R] C & B		Haf z Abdool Cd		
"	22nd		Cases, [I. C. & Co.]		. M. Lvall & Co. Kristo W. Andda		Ditto.
"	22nd		Cases, [R. A. & Co.] C & B. Cases, K. M. B		. Kristo M. Auddy Knetter M.Banno		Di to. Di to,
"	22 nd	_	Cask, no mark		. Order	·J···c·	Ditto.
))))	22nd		Case, [PSCL] JSDA		D. T. Shaw & Co	··· ·· ··	
))	22nd		Cases, [P M B, 346] E R		. Ede & Hobson		n.
"	22nd	2	Casks, [R. M. & Co.]		. Robert Charriol	•••	131.44
,,	22nd	15	Cases, S C D	• • •	. Order	• • •	_
))	22nd		Cask, S C D	• • •	. ,, . Dia	• • •	132
>>	22ud		Casks, [S C D] E	• •		;	Ditto. Ditto.
"	22nd	1	Case, [S]	••	• •••••		Ditto,

to W	of remova Import rehouse. 1874		No., Mark, and Descr	iption.	Cor	signees.		Ships.
	20th	28	Drums, [I S D]	• •••	Medical.	Storeke	eper	S. S. Queen Victoria.
"	20th		Kegs, [ISD] Case, [X]		Cinchona Order	•	tion	Ditto.
"	25th 25th	7	Drums, [ISD] Cases, [ISD]	•••	Cinchona Medical	plante Storeke		Ditto. Ditto.
"			Casks, [I S D]		Marine	Departn nchona p	ent,	
,,	25th	2	Drums [C] S C	•••	T. Thom	son		Ditto.
"	25th		Cask, [X]	•••	Order		•••	Ditto.
"	27th		Cases, [287] A B	•••	"			Ship Peter Stewart
"	27th		Case, [207] A. B. &	Co	Abdool I		Ab-	Ditto.
,,,	27th	. 1	Case, [200] A. B. &	Co	Order		• • •	Ditto.
"	27th		Case, [153]. M. C. &		29			Ditto.
12	27th		Cases, W. W. & Co.		29			Ditto.
	27th		Case, K C B					Ditte.
	27th	4	Cases, [280] A. B. 8	t Co.				Ditto.
	27th		Cases, [315] A. B. &					Ditto.
	27th		Case, [] A. B. &					Ditto.
(Calcutta			(256—1)	W. Dufi	BRUCE,	, Offg.	. Vice-Chairman.

Notice.

List of Unclaimed Packages on the Custom House Wharf.

	Mark or Number of Packages.				Ships.
· 2	Casks, Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.				Burmah.
1	Case, [W H C] Revd. Wm. Harper,	м.л., р	assenger to	Calcutta	City of Manchester.
	China dressing case, no mark	•••	ч		Hindostan.
	Packet of tins, no mark	•••	•••	•••	China.
2	Chairs, Miss Lowen	••	•••	•••	Woosung.
1	Case, Holgate Graham, Esq., Passen	ger to	Rangoon	•••	Navarino.
	Bundle cooking pans, no mark	•••			China.
	Jar preserves, no mark	•••	•••	***	Ditto.
1	Spittoon, no mark	•••	•••	•••	Ditto.
1	Bag vegetables, no mark	•••	•••	•••	Statesman.
	Parcel, S R G= S. R. Gubby, Esq.,	Calcu	itta	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	China.
1	Parcel, Messrs M. Aaron, Calcutta	•••	• •••	•••	Ditto.
2	Bags, Robert & Charriol, Calcutta	•••	•••	•••	Statesman.
1	Parcel, N M	•••	•••	•••	Meinam.
	N.B.—The above will be sold if not	cleare	d within the	25th of July	1874.
1	Piece rod iron, no mark, supposed to	be L	8 F	•••	Jane Porter.
	Case, [G C S B] No. 146, Calcutta				Star of Erin.
N.B	The above, landed under the Act, will b	e sold	if not cleared	l within the	31st of August 1874.
CAI	LCUTTA CUSTOMS, the 27th June 1874.		T. B. LAN	ie, Offg. Co	llector of Customs.

Custom House.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having business with the Calcutta Custom House are hereby reminded that the existing rules for the payment of money into the Custom House must be invariably observed, and that no sum tendered contrary to these rules will be received.

The Custom House Treasury is open daily from 10-30 A.M. to 3 P.M., save on Saturdays, when it closes at 1 P.M.

As a rule, cheques which have not been accepted by the bank on which they are drawn are not received; this rule is, however, subject to special exceptions, with the approval of the Collector.

At 2-45 P.M. (Saturday excepted) the last remittance of the day is made to the Bank of Bengal, and after that hour no cheques which have not been accepted are received.

After 3 P.M., on Saturday after 1 P.M., no payments are received on any account.

Masters and Agents of ships having to pay marine dues are specially warned that they must do so before 3 P.M., on Saturday before 1 P.M., otherwise port-clearance cannot be granted until the Custom House opens on the following day.

T. B. LANE, Offg. Collector of Quetoms.

CALCUTTA CUSTOM HOUSE, the 11th June 1874.

LOST OURRENCY NOTES.

THE following Currency Notes of the Government of India, Calcutta Circle, are stated to have been lost, and payment of their value has been claimed by the persons whose names are placed against the numbers; any other person having these Notes in his possession, or claiming a right to them, is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Notes wholly lost or destroyed.

		_		270		tost or destroyed.
Register No.		ľ	fo. of Notes.		Value.	Name of Claimant.
		_	•		Rs.	
6794	•••	28 L	60757	• • •	100	···)
		"	67715	• • •	100	> J. T. Maclean.
		į,	84321	•••	100)
6796	•••	28	43669	•••	10	.
	•	"	43668		10	
			43667	•••	10	\ Haris Chandra Bagehi.
		"	43666	•••	10	···· i ommerin ombonio
	-	,,	48665		10	
6707		1. 1.	90332	•••	100	
6797	• • •	28		•••		
		"	90333	•••	100	i
•		"	90334	•••	100	··· M. S. Owen.
		>>	86181	•••	100	•••
•		>>	20669	• • •	100	•••
		"	65951	•••	100)
6798	:	,,	86923	• • •	100	Baboololl Cooar.
6799		86 1,	01187	•••	20	··· } Grish Chandra Chatterjee.
		,,	01186	• • •	20	Sorian Onandra Onavterjee.
6800	•••	E E	00357	9	100	Syadut Khan.
6801	•••	J 9.	25897		50	The Officiating Post-Master-General,
0001	•••	10				Bengal.
6803		L	42035	•••	100)
0000	•••	3 6	62353	•••	100	
		"	36468		100	· · · · ·
		"	63711	•••	100	>Jodh Ram.
		"		•••	100	/ Vodu teats.
		Ľ	79103	•••		
		77	63597	•••	50 50	
		? '	65683	•••	50	" MIN - (T. 1) - (3/ 13).
6807	•••	A N Ø L	48058	•••	006	The Collector, Maldah.
6808	•••	1 g		• • •	50	The Superintendent of Police, Serampore.
6810	•••	2,2	06551	•••	100)
		"	06552	•••	100	
		"	06553	• • •	100	>Shah Mungun.
		_ ;;	06554	•••	100	•••
		٠,,	06558	•••	100	
6814	•••	3.5	55764	•••	10)
		"	64003	•••	. 10	Mohendronath Chuckerbutty.
		,,	86519		10)
683 2			80699	•••	5 0]
700	•••	<u>l</u>	38601	•••	20	•
		L.	35787		20	
		<u>1.</u>	25328		10	372
•		Ł	77562	•••	10	··· > Woomachurn Mukerjee.
		£	29770	•••	10	
		Ł	90618		10	
		\$4 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	02890	•••	10	
400F		L	48278	•••	100	1 -
6835	• • •	22		•••	100	··· > Janki Misser.
		7 A 1 2 B L B L D L D A B B	06556	•••		··· ጟ
6839	•••	Ę,	69219	• • •	100	Denomadhul Des
		3,5	62263	•••	100	Banemadhub Das.
		Ĩ	18924	•••	100	j
6840	•••	Ţ	99563	***	50	The District Superintendent of Police, Patna
68 44	•••	मुँग	05839	•••	1,000	Khetternath Mukerjee.
6859	•••	A	42821	•••	100	Sreehurry Sen.
6863	•••	L	95460	•••	100	•
		"	58556	•••	100	
		"	69201	•••	190	
		"	86279	•••	100	
		"	86288	•••	100	Tariny Churn Bose & Co.
		"	75801	•••	100	•
			98225	•••	100	
		"	67658	•••	100	
		Ľ,			50	
		1,0	4144	***	••	

Notes wholly last or destroyed.

		Tines munit	
Register No.	No. of Notes.	Value.	. Name of Claimant.
-		Rs.	
4			•
6864	L 86128	100	··· Goordhundas Roopram.
	,, 93237	100	J
6871	½ 24520 ½ 51346 Å 89294	10	··· Sreekally Ghose.
	£ 51346	10	••• 1
6872	A 39294	1,000	The Magistrate of Cuttack.
6873	🔏 34097	1,000	··· } Ram Bhunjo Ram.
	A 55671	500	5 222.75
		Notes nartially	lost or destroyed.
1			
6789	$\frac{L}{13}$ 74381	5	Brojonath Bhuttacharjee.
6790		10	John Flewken.
6791	$\frac{1}{88}$ 59265	10	··· } Mrs. E. Walter.
	$\frac{L}{16}$ 57215	∴. <u>5</u>	٠ ا
6792	$\frac{1}{6}$ 55772	10	The Agent, Oriental Bank Corporation.
	L 82809 L 59265 L 57215 L 55772 L 82025 L 82025 L 52337 L 43930	10	
6793	1 82025	20	Bamapuddo Chatterjee.
6795	½ 25322	10	Denonath Roy.
6805	$\dots \stackrel{\tilde{L}}{4} 52337$	10	The Manager, Agra Bank, Limited.
6806	🕺 818 37	10	j
0,00	1 43930		Bepinbehary Prawmanic.
	,, 67355	5)
6812	1 51330	100	T. J. Hughes.
6813	009RA	100	W. H. Johnson.
6815	½ 01663	5	Gooroodas Neogy.
6816	A 01040	20	H. Richardson.
6818	45513	10	J. Statham.
	1 28670	100	H. Fewatt.
6820	£ 79342	100	Mohendronath Dutt.
6821	1, 00634	5	
6822	± 28034 L 32603	ĸ	} Gangacharan Nandi.
<i>a</i> n 50	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10	Danadalanaan D'an
6823	14225	10	lantrumodos Humin
6824	33	100	C T W M
6825	1 69880	100	•
682 6	,, 56176	100	··· } Bhuggoban Das.
	, 56178 L 15383	5	11. 7
6827	4% Y0000	100	,
6828	19661		··· } Purmessur Misser.
_	, 10311	100	Brahmeshwar Pershad.
682 9	$\frac{L}{1.1}$ 65004	111,	
6831	A 35645	10	H. Glas Smith.
6833	½ 46687 ½ 50978	10	··· } Callachand Sing
	$\frac{1}{100}$ 50978	5)
6837	🚓 52000	20	··· } H. Glas Smith.
	, 4 53058	20)
6840	74 53058 11 21344	20)
	,, 40202	20	•••
	,, 43868	20	•••
	L 42680	20	"The District Superintendent of Police
	57745	20 •	Patna.
	$\frac{L}{18}$ 08961	20	A avua.
	,, 26590	20	
	£ 90796	20	
	82910	20	_
6843	[£] 19519	20	Radhagobind Ghose.
6847	L 47611	100	P. H. Durup de Dombal.
6848	\$\frac{1}{48} 25448	10	The Honorary Secretary, Nurroa Club.
6851	£ 80960	10	Premchund Sircar.
6852	1 72475	50	Prankissen Mookerjee.
68 54	70084	r.]
0002	72069	ĸ	
	79070	K	··· Doorgachurn Mookerjee.
	~ 79 0 71	t.	•••
BOYE	£ 56182	aΛ	.
6855	T 50102	10	··· { Krishnakanta Pramanick.
20-2	17 56182 15 53181 17 46256	90	J. Beletty.
6856		90	
6857	4 36073	20	Troylukhonath Bose.

				Note	.	ly lost or destroyed.
Registered No.		No.	of Notes.		Value.	Name of Claimant.
AUAN		L	01171		Rs. 20	•
6860	•••	3-6 L	01172		20	Abdool Hakim Khan and Abdool
•		17 17 10	65327	• •••	20	Gunny Khan & Co.
		Ľ	22857	•••	10)
6865	•••	88	51941	•••	100	•••
•		11	51948	•••	100	The Manager, Agra Bank, Limited.
4.		L L	63401	•••	50	***
6886	•••	T,4	59433	•••	20	Hurry Ram Santloll.
6862	•••	8 8 F V	47327	•••	500	•••]
			03134 21784	•••	100 100	}
		7,7 A 0,8		•••	50	
		.1,	66049	•••	20	
		L	08515	•••	20	
		N A	43659	•••	10	
		F 2 4 2 1 - 1 2	28081	•••	10	
		7 L		•••	10	
))].]	89500	•••	10	
			62571	•••	10	
		. "L	97358 19751	•••	10 10	
		4	51759	•••	10	1
); <u>l.</u>	55814	•••	10	} Ramphul Ram.
			00470	•	• 10	
		1, L L 83	08696	•••	10	•
		2,2 I	39990		10	
		"	39991	•••	10	
		"	39992	•••	10	
		ľ.	39993	•••	10	
		L	12512 12519	•••	5 5	
		"	97639	•••	5	
		I, 10	00883	•••	5	
		"	20883	•••	5	
		"	45507	•••	5	
		T	49134	•••	•5	
		·-	89515	•••	5	<i>)</i>
6867	•••	Ţ	64091	•••	20	··· } Prosono Coomar Shome.
0000		្តែ	05912	***	5 10	••• }
6868	•••	22	88099	•••	10	Ramlol Dey.
0705		ı,	64836	•	• W TON	gly joined.
6795 6802	•••	9.8 L	64835	}	100	Messrs. Cowasjee Dossabhoy.
6809	•••	,A	79536	ر ۱		
0000	•••	67	79538	}	10	Sreeram Dey.
6817	•••	į,	91859)	00	The Chief Paymaster, East Indian Rail
0000	•••	,,	91856	}	20	way.
6819		33	71948	Ì	10	Ramjeewan Lal.
		27	71949	• 5	10	Kamjeewan Lai.
6845	•••	1 8	52963	··· }	5	Mrs. Monteith.
2042		,,	52935	5		
6846	•••	9 B	43689	}	20	R. Macallister & Co.
6849		1 6	88300 70526	}		
0040	•••	TR	10020	}	5	Bathgate & Co.
6850	•••	l.	60580	1	_	• • •
4444	•••	•		:::}	5	Juggeshur Addy. •
6853	•••))],]	07423	7		
	٠	,,	07424	}		
		"	07422	Ž	5	Chundernath Roy.
			07420	}	U	Chundernath Roy,
		"	07419	··· • }	Ð	
40.74		"	07426	<u>\$</u>	•	•••
6861	•••	TB	61895	}	5	Russicklall Bose.
) cana //	*	. »,	61893	··· J		·
PAPER CUR			e 1874.			L. Berkelby, Asst. Commr. of Paper Currency.
and Z	VM	·	O AUITA			Ass. Wirms, of Layer Custeray.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 23rd June 1874.

LIABILITIES.	Ra. A. P.	ASSETS.	Re.	A. P
roprietors' Capital, paid-up	2,20,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	1,87,65,865	5
teserve Fund	15,35,004 8 9	Loans on Government Securities, &c., at Head Office and Branches	55,85,407	6 8
Office Re. 1,26,73,334 0 6	2,82,24,057 3 6	Accounts of Credit ou Government Secu- rities, &c., at Head Office and Branches Mercantile Bills discounted at Head Office	17,96,098	0 1
Balance at Branches ,, 1,55,50,723 3 0		and Branches	1,60,96,674 11,36,591	6 1
ther Deposits at Head Office and Branches	2,82,19,126 5 5	Stamps	12,488 7,10,797	
Sank Post Bills, &c	1,87,500 13 7 13,34,990 15 10	Sundries	61,491 .85,486	
		-	8,91,50,600	10
•		Cash and Currency' Notes at Head Office Rs. 2,10,56,776 2 10 Cash and Currency Notes at Branches , 2,12,93,303 1 9	4,28,50,079	4 !
Total	8,15,00,679 15 1	Total	8,15,00,679	15

BARK OF BENGAL, Calcutta, the 25th June 1874 By order of the Directors,
F. A. GILLAN, R. HANDIN,
Offg. Chief Accountant & Deputy Secretary. Secretary and Treasurer.
(252-1)

اشتهار

بذربعة اسكے شہرت عام دي جاتي هي جر ضلع 3هاكة كے مقعلق محكمة منشي گنج كے قريب دهلسري دريا كي كنارے پر جو هرسال اک مشہور كاتك بارني كا ميلا هوا كرتا هي وہ ميلا گورنمنت عالية كي گذري ٢١ فبروري مهينے كے حكم بموجب ميلا كي پہلي تاريخ سے فقط مدت يكماة قايم رهيگي اك مهينے سے زيادة نہيں رهيگي آيندة ميلا صنة ١٨٧٤ع كے تقيسويں ٢٣ نومبر مطابق سنة ١٢٨١ بنگلة كے آتهويں اگہن سے شروع هوكر وهي سن كے تقيسوين ٢٣ دجمبر مطابق بوس ميلا شكست اور تمام هوكا مودمان تجارت پيشة وغيرة كو اسي اک مهينے كے درميان خويد و فروخت سے فراغت كرني هوگي فقط

ورخه ابریل سنه ۱۸۷۴ عیسوي مطابق بیساکهه سنه ۱۲۸۱ بنگله

বিজ্ঞাপন।

এতদারা সর্বাধারণকে জাভ করান বাইতেছে জেলা ঢাকার অধীন মুনলীগঞ্জ মহকুমার সংলগ্ন ধলেশ্বরী নলীর তীরে বে প্রতিবংসর বিধ্যাত কার্তিকবারণীর মেলা হইরা থাকে তাহা মহামান্য গ্রণ্মেন্টের গত ২১ কেব্রুআরির আদেশানুসারে ভবিষ্যতে মেলা আরম্ভের তারিধহইতে এক মাসকাল মাত্র ছারী হইবেক, এক মাসের অধিক থাকিবে না, আর আগামী মেলাইং ১৮৭৪ সনের ২০ নবেম্বর মোতাবেক বাললা ১২৮১ সনের ৮ অগ্রহারণহইতে আরম্ভ হইরা ঐ সনের ২০ তিসেম্বর অর্থাৎ ৯ পৌর তারিখে মেলা ভল হইবেক। বাণিজ্য ব্যবসায়ী ইত্যাদি লোক সকল এই এক মাসের মধ্যে ক্রের বিক্রের সমাধা করিবেক, ইতি সন ১৮৭৪ ইং তাং আপ্রিল বাং ১২৮১ সন তাং বৈশাধ।

D. R. LYALL, জেলা ঢাকার মাজিক্টেট সাহেব।

Bhagiruthee River.

Weekly Water Report showing the least depth of water in the Bhagiruthee River for the week ending Friday, the 26th June 1874.

 Names of places, &c. 						ast d f wat	4	Benarks	
						Ft.			
Entrance below Chourasea	•••		•••		•••	14	V		
Thence to Noorpore Junction, 6 miles		•••		•••	•••	10	0		
Thence to Jungipore, 9 miles			•••		•••	9	O		
From Jungipore to Berhampore, 47 miles		•••		•••	•••	. 9	7		
From Berhampore to Cutwa, 50 miles	•••		•••		•••	8	6.		
From Cutwa to Nuddea, 46 miles		•••		•••	•••	10	6		
Thinks of maker on divine at Donkame	2000	an.	tha	901	h 1	Inna	1874	ahowa wara	19/9

Height of water on guage at Berhampore on the 29th June 1874, above zero, 13'31".

T. Beatty, C.E., Offg. Exe. Engr., Nuddea Rivers Division.

Berhampore, the 29th June 1874.

Notice

Is hereby given that the Transfer Books of the Bank will be closed from the 1st to 15th July 1874, both days inclusive.—By order of the Directors,

R. HARDIE, Secy. and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL, CALCUTTA, the 27th June 1874.

(257-1)

Administrator-General's Office.

THE undermentioned Estates having come under charge of this Office, all persons having claims upon, being indebted to, or holding property belonging to the said Estates, are requested to place themselves in immediate communication with the undersigned:-

John Barlow, of the Bengal Civil Service, and Officiating Joint-Magistrate of Gya, died

at Gya on the 2nd March 1874.

William Craddock, a Surgeon-Major on the Retired List of Her Majesty's Bengal Medical Establishment, died at sea on board the steamer Gascon, on the 30th March 1872.

William Becher, of Gowhatty in Assam, a Tea Planter, died at Chandernagore on the 10th March 1874.

Sree Mutty Soodha Money Dossee, a Hindoo inhabitant of Simla in the town of Calcutta, died at Calcutta in February 1862.

Alfred Clefton Snell, employed in the Government Telegraph Department of India at Nagpore, died at Nagpore on the 3rd February 1874.

L. P. D. BROUGHTON, Administrator-General.

HIGH COURT; CALCUTTA, 20th June 1874.

(253-1)

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

NOTICE is hereby given that the meeting of Shareholders adjourned from yesterday, will be held in pursuance of the Resolution then passed, on Saturday, the 11th day of July next, at noon, at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta.

No. 3, Church Lank, the 5th March 1874. (91—4)

By order,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co., Agents.

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

Notice is hereby given that a General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 1st July 1874, at 3½ P.M., when the following special resolution will be proposed:-

"That Section 35 of the Articles of Association, empowering the Directors to borrow funds for the working expenses, be altered by substituting the words 'Rupees seventy-five thousand' for the words 'Rupees fifty thousand.' "-By order of the Directors,

WILLIAM MORAN & Co., Agente.

3, Church Lane, the 26th March 1874.

Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, "Limited."

Notice is hereby given that a General Meeting of Shareholders of this Company will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 3, Church Lane, Calcutta, on Wednesday, the 22nd July 1874, at 31 P.M., to confirm such resolution or resolutions as may have been passed at the General Meeting of Shareholders convened for the 1st July 1874.

By order of the Directors,

3, Church Lane, 16th April 1874.

(152-4)

WILLIAM MORAN & Co., Agents.

Notice

Is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in London under the style of Goolden, Smellie and Company, and in Calcutta of Smellie and Company, has been dissolved as from the 30th instant by mutual consent.

The London firm will henceforth be carried on by Mr. R. F. Goolden under the style of Goolden and Company, and the Calcutta firm by Mr. S. N. Smellie under the style of Smellie

and Company.

Dated this 29th day of June 1874.

R. E. Goolden,

Witness,

By his Attorney, S. N. Smellie, S. N. SMELLIE.

W. H. GOOLDEN. Notice.

WE have this day established ourselves in business as Merchants and Agents under the style and firm of "Rutherfoord and Company." John FitzThomas Rutherfoodd. HENRY BENJAMIN HARRISON.

CALCUTTA, the 1st July 1874.

(255-1)

Notice.

. My Son, Mohendro Nath Bhose, has been authorized to sign my firm of Tariney Churn (214--6) TARINKY CHURN BHOSE. Bhose and Co.

Pursuant to a decree of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction, made in suit No. 402 of 1872, (wherein Charlotte Beileau, of No. 33, Baniapookur Road, Fntally, in the district of 24-Pergunnahs, is the plaintiff, and William O'Brien Smith, of Serampore, in the district of Hooghly, Charles Stonehouse Boileau, Henrietta Boileau, and Henry Alexander Porteous Boileau, now residing at No. 33, Baniapookur Road, aforesaid, Theodore Debracy Boileau, now residing at Barrackpore, Selina Forbes, now residing at Purneah in Bengal, and Josephine Fitzgibbon, now residing at No. 38, Taltollah Street in Calcutta, are defendants), and dated the ninth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, the creditors of Simeon Henry Boileau, late of Calcutta, a Government pensioner, who died on or about the twenty second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, are, on or before the fourth day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, to come in and prove their debts and claims at the Chambers of the sitting Judge in the Court House, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said decree. Saturday, the eleventh day of July, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-four, at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon at the said Chambers, is appointed for hearing and adjudicating upon the said claims.

'M. CAMELL, Plaintiff's Attorney.

R. Belchambers, Registrar.

CALCUTTA HIGH COURT, OBIGINAL JURISDICTION, the 1st day of June 1874. (222—4)

To LET, in putnee, the divided half share of Prawnkishen Biswas, deceased, of and in pergunnah Annurpore, in Twenty-four-Pergunnahs, on the following conditions:—

- 1st.—The putnee to be given for the whole as one lot, or for separate dhees separately.
- 2nd.—The zemindars will be prepared to give up so much of the profits on each dhee as are placed opposite to each of them on receiving in adequate purchase value of the profits so given up, and will further require as salamee to be given for the balance of the profits, being the rents reserved to the zemindars as may be arranged.
- 3rd.—The offers for purchase, value, and of salamee are to be made on or before the fifteenth day of July next, either to Baboo Denonath Bose, Attorney-at-Law, or to Baboo Cassinath Biswas, at No. 20, Nilmoney Mitter's Street, in Simla, in Calcutta, where the same will be recorded.
 - 4th.—The highest offers will be preferred.
- 5th.—Upon the offers being accepted, notice of such acceptance will be given by the said Baboo Denonath Bose to the person whose offers will be so accepted, and service of such notice will be deemed good service thereof upon the same being left at the usual place of abode of the said offerer.
- 6th.—Upon acceptance of the offers the persons whose offers shall have been so accepted should within fifteen days from the date of the said notice pay in the whole amount of their respective offers to such person or persons as may be authorised to receive the same.
- 7th.—That upon payment of all purchase-money the zemindars will, at the costs of the putneedars, execute pattahs in their favor after approval thereof by the zemindar's Attorney. The putneedars may at their own costs get their respective putnee holdings separately registered in the Collectorate.
- 8th.—The putnee lease will contain terms to the effects—(1st) that the rent will be payable by twelve equal monthly payments made on the first day of every month, and that such rent will be paid separately to each of the zemindars according to his interest in the property, to such person or persons as may be nominated by all parties for the purpose of receiving such rents; (2nd) that all taxes now paid or hereafter payable in respect of the said property, either by the zemindar or otherwise, shall be paid by the said putneedars; (3rd) that in default of payment of the said rent or taxes on the due dates thereof, respectively, interest will be charged on the defaulted amount at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, and the rent and interest will be realised either as soon as default is made or in accordance with the provisions of Regulation 8 of 1819; (4th) that the putneedar will not be allowed to grant any under-tenure of his putnee mehal or any portion thereof for jummas less than what are now payable in respect thereof; (5th) that the putneedar will be fully empowered to make jariff jummabundee of all lands, &c., in his mehal.
- 9th.—The income of the property is detailed below. The putneedars will be at liberty to make a mokabilla thereof with the naib of the zemindars within three months after the deposit of purchase and salamee-money as aforesaid. After the expiry of this time no objections on the grounds of short income will be entertained; the shortcoming of the income will not be a ground to cancel the contract for putnee.
- 10th.—That the putneedars may take upon themselves at their own expenses the collection of all the arrears of rent now due from the mehals, and that a commission of 10 per cent. will be allowed by the zemindars for such collections.
- N.B.—This putnee is not to include any khas lands, gafdens and tanks, nor any brummuthro, any lakhiraj and debutter, and purchased lands within the zemindary, for which separate arrangement will be made.

	: :		4	-				•	
Shoohie Chunderpore Chunderpore Chundaguree Chundaguree Chundaguree Chundaguree Babhanda Barabaree Rungpore Faultee Kadumbogachee Kadumbogachee		Rs. A. G. C.	Rs. A. G. C.	Re. A. G. C.	Rs. A. G. C	Rs. A. G. C:	. Rs. A. G. C.	R& A. G. C.	Rs. A. G. C.
Shoohie		0 11 11 196'9	1,880 4 9 1	5,104 7 1 3	60 12 11 3	5,165 3 13 2	810 0 0 0	4,946 8 18 2	2,000 0 0 0
Chausderpore		12,427 7 19 3	. 6,078 0 14 2	6,349 7 8 1	8 14 17 3	6,411 6 6 0	0 0 0 018	6,201 6 6 0	0 0 0 000'8
Bharah <t< th=""><td>: :</td><td>10,122 0 9 0</td><td>2,947 9 1 0</td><td>7,172 7 8 0</td><td>70 13 4 1</td><td>7,873 4 19 1</td><td>287 0 0 0</td><td>6,956 4 18 1</td><td>0 0 0 000°s</td></t<>	: :	10,122 0 9 0	2,947 9 1 0	7,172 7 8 0	70 13 4 1	7,873 4 19 1	287 0 0 0	6,956 4 18 1	0 0 0 000°s
Chundaguree Cootrah Robhanda Thejara Bamoqadhanga Barabaree Rungpore Bistoopore Kadumbogachee Kadumbogachee	:	7,384 10 7 2	1,626 13 15 3	6,757 12 11 8	. 53 6 5 0	6,811 2 16 3	285 0 0 0	5,526 2 16 3	0.0 0 000'8
Cootrah <	 ! :	6,045 0 9 2	1,151 13 11 8	4,893 2 17 3	43 1 6 2	4,936 4 3 1	218 0 0 0	4,724 4 3 1	2,000 0 0 0
Robhanda	:	6,241 0 2 1	1,538 3 7 0	4,702 12 13 1	44 8 11 3	4,747 6 6 0	255 0 0 0	4,493 5 5 0	2,000 0 0 0
Thejara	:	6,822 0 6 0	1,748 4 19 0	4,073 11 7 0	40 12 1 3	4,114 7 8 3	195 0 0 0	3,919 7 8 3	1,500 0 0 0
Barabaree Rungpore Bistoopore Yaultee Kadumbogachee	:	5,609 3 7 0	1,646 5 3 1	3,962 14 3 3	33 6 0 0	3,996 4 3 1	815 12 0 0	3,780 8 3 3	1,500 0 0 0
Barabatee Rungpore Bisteopore Faultee Kadumbogachee	:	0 41 21 0189	1,598 7 7 1	4,212 5 9 3	41 14 0 0	4,254 3 9 3	190 0 0 0	4,064 3 9 3	2,000 0 0 0
Rungpore Bisteopore Faultee Kadumbogachee	:	7,708 6 6 3	1,897 7 7 2	5,810 12 18 1	62 10 13 0	6.863 7 11 1	250 0 0 0	6,613 7 11 1	2,500 0 0 0
Bisteopore	:	3,426 7 18 3	843 6 17 1	2,583 2 1 2	21 11 6 3	2,604 13 8 1	169 12 0 0	2,445 1 8 1	1,000 0 0 0
Faultee Kadumbogachee	:	4,500 3 11 2	825 1 10 2	3,675 2 1 0	22 3 12 3	3,697 6 13 3	0 0 0 00	3,637 6 13 8	1,000 0 0 0
Kadumbogachee	:	3,390 9 1 1	467 11 6 2	2,922 18 14 8	27 11 16 3	2,950 9 11 2	155 8 0 0	2,795 1 11 2	1,000 0 0 0
	:	9,293 8 10 1	397 0 3 1	1,896 8 7 0	18 13 6 0	1,916 6 12 0	0 0 0 68	1,816 5 19 0	0 0 0 006
,, Noapatrah		2,078 12 9 2	383 12 6 0	1,695 0 3 2	16 13 6 0	1,710 13 8 2	0 0 0 08	1,630 13 8 8.	0 0 0 008
	<u> </u>	89,832 14 6 3	25,013 7 1 3	64,820 7 4 0	603 8 9 1	66,423 15 13 1	2,864 0 0 0	62,559 15 13 1	26,100 0 0 0

Notice.

Norice is hereby given that the effects belonging to the estate of George Augustus Harris, of the Trigonometrical Survey, who demised at Shillong, Khasi Hills, on the 12th May 1874, are in the custody of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner, Khasi and Jynteah Hills, and will be delivered to any person who may be legally empowered to administer to the estate.

H. S. BIVAR, Dy. Commr., Khaqi and Jynteah Hills.

SHILLONG, DY. COMMR.'s OFFICE, dated 4th June 1874.

(229-3)

Notice.

Lost or mislaid by the owner, the Title-deeds of the premises No. 53, formerly No. 21, Nebootollah Lane, Molungah, in Calcutta, belonging to Sreemutty Koosumkameenee Dabee. Any person bringing them to the office of the undersigned will be rewarded.

71 HASTINGS STREET.

(230-3)

A. St. John Careuthers.

Notice.

Found at Patramoondi, Churti.

Three Government Currency Notes for Rs. 10 each, bearing numbers $\frac{L}{37}19768$, $\frac{L}{4}38440$, $\frac{L}{7}77221$. The owner may have them by adducing proper proofs and rewarding the finder. If no claim is made within a month, the notes will be escheated to Government.

KENDRAPARAH, the 9th June 1874.

(233-5)

S. C. NAUTH, Dy. Collector.

Revised Notice

Is hereby given that the undermentioned Ourrency Note for Rs. 50 has been found out by a person in a bundle of waste papers, purchased by him from different places. Any person claiming the said notes as his own, must apply to the undersigned with necessary proofs within one month from the date of publication. If no claimant appear within the period, the note in question will be disposed of according to rule.

Currency Note No. C-33348, dated Calcutta, 19th October 1857.

RAM COOMAR BOSE, Dy. Collr., Culna.

Dy. Colle.'s Office, Culna, the 17th June 1874.

(244-3)

Burnt by Fire.

THE 4 per cent. Government Promissory Notes No. 2766, of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, and 5 per cent. No. 65299, of 28th February 1856-57, for Rs. 500.

HOWBAH RAMKRISTOPORE, the 17th June 1874.

(239-3)

SARADA CHARAN BASU.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Note No. 037145 of the 4 per cent. loan of 1st May 1865 for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Okil Chunder Mookerjee, and last endorsed to Khetter Nath Mookerjee, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(258-3)

Khetter Nauth Mookerjee, Panihatty.

Lost.

The upper half of Government Promissory Note No. 020899 of the 4 per cent. of 1st May 1865, for Rs. 500, originally standing in the name of Jibunkristo Mullick, and last endorsed to Doorga Churn Mullick, the proprietor by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is to be made for the issue of duplicates in favor of the proprietor.

(251-3) Doorga Churn Mullick, Calcutta, Shiboo Takoor's Lane, No. 67.

Central Provinces' Gazetteer.

Edition of 1870 in one Vol.

A LIMITED number of the above work, strongly bound in cloth, octavo size, for sale at Rs. 12 per vol., exclusive of postage charge. Apply to—

MESSES. THACKER, VINING, Bombay, MESSES. THACKER, SPINE & Co., Calcutta, or Supdt., Chief Commr.'s Office, Nagpúr.

For Sale.
AT the Meteorological Office, No. 22 Chowringhee, the following official publications:— Meteorological Report of 1867
Ditto ditto 1868 1 8
Ditto ditto 1869 2 4 Ditto ditto 1870 2 6
Ditto ditto 1870 2 6 Ditto ditto 1871 2 8
Ditto ditto 1872 3 0.
Administration, Report of 1870-71
Ditto ditto 1871-72 0 4
Ditto ditto 1872-73 0 4
A table of the average monthly and annual rainfall at 98 Stations in Northern India
The above are also to be obtained at the same prices at Messrs. Thacker Spink and Com-
pany, No. 5, Government place.
HENRY F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal. CALCUTTA, the 22nd September 1873.
Rates of Subscription to the Calcutta Gazette FROM 1st JANUARY 1872.
Payable in advance.
For one year without postage Rs. 15 0 0 Ditto with postage , 20 0 0 When Postage Stamps are remitted in payment of subscription, half an anna in the rupee
should be added for discount.
Notice.
THE ASSAM GAZEITE is published every Saturday. It is available to the public at the following rates:
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Ditto ditto 9 0 0 (with postage, to be paid in advance).
Applications for the Gazette should be addressed to the "Publisher of the Assam Gazette,
Shillong."
Non-official advertisements will be inserted in the Assam Gazette only when they are paid
for in advance at the following rates: Rs. As. P.
For first insertion, not exceeding 40 words 1 0 0
Ditto ditto 60 ,, 1 8 0
Ditte ditto 80 ,, 2 0 0 .
and for every 20 words above 80, eight annas extra. For second and subsequent insertions, the charges will be at half the above rates. •The
number of insertions required should be entered on the face of the advertisement.
Advertisements should be addressed to the "Publisher of the Assam Gazette, Shillong."
Shillong, the 26th May 1874. H. L. Johnson, Secretary.
Publications for Sale at the Bengal Secretariat Press.
THE BENGAL ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR 1872-73, price Rs. 7 8 0
MAP or BENGAL, 1873, price, if taken with the Report ,, 1 0 0
Ditto, separately ,, 2 0 0
Rules for the Sale of Waste Lands, price 4 annas.
Act VII (B.C.) of 1873 (Labor Districts Emigration), the Government Resolution thereon, and the Rules and Forms under the Act, bound up together in pamphlet form 8 annas per copy, or, including postage Rs. 0 10 0
Papers Regarding the Tea Industry in Bengal, price Rs. 3.
Report on the Cultivation of, and Trade in, Jute in Bengal, and on Indian Fibres
available for the Manufacture of Paper, with map. By HEM CHUNDER KERR, Deputy Magistrate on special duty. Price Rs. 8 0 0
A Report of the District of Jessore: its Antiquities, its History, and its Commerce. (Second Edition, Revised and Corrected). By J. Westland, Esq., c.s., late Magistrate and Collector of Jessore. Price Rs. 3 0 0
Selection of Papers regarding the Hill Tracts between Assam and Burmah, and on the Upper Brahmapooter. Price Rs. 5 0 0
Selections from Divisional and District Annual Administration Reports. 1872-73, with the Government Resolutions on them. Price Rs. 5 0 0
10/2-75. With the Crovernment resolutions on them. Fries
Apply to E. M. Lewis, Bengal Secretariat Press, 28, Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.

The following books may be had from the Office of Superintendent, Government Printing, No. 8, Hastings Street. No orders can be attended to, unless accompanied by a remittance. When postage stamps are forwarded, one anna additional should be sent for every Rupee's worth of stamp for discount in exchanging them for cash. Service labels are not received.

Books required on the public service are only supplied when authorized by the Depart-

ment under whose orders they are published.

Just published.

Army List—New Number.

The Official Quarterly Army List of H. M.'s Forces in Bengal, to which is appended the Civil Service Gradation List, corrected up to 1st July 1874. Price Rs. 4; packing and postage, 8 annas.

Recently Published.

Rules for the Qualification, Admission, and Enrolment of Pleaders and Mooktears in Mofussil Courts. Price 4 annas; by post, 5 annas.

Recently Published. .

Rules for Admission of Vakeels in the High Court. Price 4 annas; by post

New authorized edition corrected up to 1st //ecember 1873; royal 800., limp covers, with every alternate page blank for entering notes and alterations.

Price, Re. 1-4; packing and postage, 4 as. The Civil Pension Code.

The Civil Leave Code. Price, Re. 1; packing and postage, 3 as.
The Acting Allowance Code. Price, As. 8; packing and postage, 2 as.; or

The Three Codes bound in one vol. Price, Rs. 2-8; packing and postage 8 as.

- A Report on the Expedition to Western Yunan vid Bhamo. By John Anderson. w D., Medical Officer and Naturalist to the Expedition. Price Rs. 8.
- Report of the Commissioners appointed by the Government of India to inquire into the Origin, Nature, &c., of Indian Cattle Plagues. With Appendices, Calcutta, 1871. Fol. pp. xxx and 999, with Maps. Price Rs. 10; packing 4 annas.
- Selections from Unpublished Records of Government for the years 1748 to 1767 inclusive. Relating mainly to the social condition of Bengal. With a Map of Calcutta in 1784. By the Rev. J. Long, Member of the Government Record Commission. Price Rs. 5; packing and postage 1 Re. extra.
- Selections from Calcutta Gazettes of the years 1816 to 1823 inclusive, showing the political and social condition of the English in India upwards of fifty years ago. By Hugh David Sandeman, C.S., Accountant-General, Bengal, and Member of the Record Commission. Volume I, Rs. 3, and Volumes II, III, IV, and V, at Rs. 5 each; packing and postage Re. 1 extra.
- Revised (Indian) Army Regulations, Regulations and Orders for the Army of the Bengal Presidency. Published by authority. Royal 8vo., cloth boards. Price, Rs. 4; packing and postage, Re. 1. Interleaved copy, Rs. 5; packing and postage, Re. 1-12.
- Book of Forms referred to in the above. Foolscap folio, enclosed in stiff Price, Rs. 2; packing and postage, Re. 1-8.
- Report on the Fresh Water Fish and Fisheries of India and Burma. Surgeon-Major Francis Day, F.L.s. & F.z.s., Inspector-General of Fisheries in India. Price Rs. 2; packing and postage 10 annas extra.
- Public Works Department Classified List and Distribution Return of Establish. ment, corrected up to 1st October 1878. Price Rs 2; packing and postage 4 annas.
- The Thanatophidia of India, being a description of the venomous snakes of the Indian Peninsula, with an account of the influence of their poison on life, and a series of experiments. By J. Fayrer, M.D., C.S.I., F.B.S.E., Honorary Physician to the Queen, Surgeon-Major, Her Majesty's Bengal Army, Professor of Surgery and Senior Surgeon in the Calcutta Medical College and its Hospital, Fellow of the University of Calcutta, and late President of the Asiatic Society of Bengal. Price Rs. 80 per copy; packing and postage, Rs. 2-4.
- The older Statutes in force in India, edited, with Notes and an Index, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. Price Rs. 5; packing and postage, 3 as.
- A collection of Statutes relating to India passed between the years 1855 and 1870, both inclusive, being a Supplement to the Law relating to India and the East India Company, fifth edition, edited, with an Index to the Statutes relating to India not expressly repealed in August 1867, by Whitley Stokes, Esq. Price Rs. 10; packing and postage, 12 as.
- The Acts of the Government of India from 1854 to date, with Indexes and lists of titles, each separately available.

New Criminal Procedure Code.

OFFICERS under the Bengal Government, who wish to have copies of the New Criminal Procedure Code, for sale, are requested to apply to the Superintendent of Government Printing, Calcutta.

Postal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the French Government have contracted with the British India Steam Navigation Company for a four weekly service between Zanzibar, the Comoro Isles, and Madagascar. The steamers on this line will run in communication with the four weekly service now working between Aden and Zanzibar.

2. The first steamer will leave Zanzibar on the 3rd July 1874.

3. Letters can be sent vid Bombay and Aden by this route to Great Comoro, Mayotta, Nose-be, and Majurga, if fully prepaid at the rate of 8 annas per half ounce; they will be liable to additional postage on delivery.

E. R. Douglas, for Offg. Director-General of the Post Offices of India. CALCUTTA, the 25th June 1874.

Postal Notices.

SEA OVERLAND MAILS.

For	Box closes at	Date.	Per Steamer.
	7 ,,	3rd July 1874 3rd ,, ,, 4th ,, ,,	

The next Overland Mail, vid Bombay, will close on Tuesday, the 7th July 1874.

2. Book-post and pattern packets must be posted on the 6th instant.

Letters, &c., for Mauritius, St. Denis, Réunion, Natal, and Cape of Good Hope, can be sent by this opportunity.

N.B.—The Letter-Box will close at 7 P.M. precisely, after which hour Overland letters, fully prepaid and bearing extra postage stamp of two (2) annas on each cover, will be received up to 7-30 P.M., or, bearing an extra postage stamp of four (4) annas on each cover, up to 8 P.M., and after 8 up to 9 P.M., by a Post Office Clerk at the East Indian Railway Station, Armenian Ghât.

CALCUTTA, the 30th June 1874.

M. Percy, Post-Master of Calcutta.

List of Remaining and Unclaimed Letters received in the Calcutta Post Office up to 27th June 1874.

Abreo, Mrs. S.
Aire, B.
Atkinson, Mrs. G. W.
Barton, Mrs.
Bayley, Miss A.
Biggs, Mr.
Briant, A.
Briant, Monsieur A. L.
Bridge, Mrs. A.
Brown, Dr. J. R.
Burnette, Mrs. A.
Caddy, D.
Campbell, Col.
Cave, Miss.
Clarke, L.
Contarini, E.
Edwards, E. J.
Elworthy, F.
Ferrie, W. A.
Freyberger, M.
Gill, G.
July 0.

Gomes, J. Gordon, Mrs. Green, Mrs. Gunring, H. Henriques, Mrs. R. Hickie, Borman & Co. Joubert, Dr. Langlois, Madame L. Leicester and Co. Lenahan, Mrs. Lonides, C. Martin, Anna. Mathews, Mr. Meyers, Mrs. E. C. Paulson, Mrs. M. Pepin, Mrs. Potter, Miss. Ravenscroft, Mrs. B. Richardson, G. Richards, Mrs. J. W. Robinson and Co.

Ryall, J. E. Sampson, Mrs. Sainter, J. D. Saxton, J. W. Senior, Mrs. C. Shine, Miss A. Smith, A. Smyth, W. S. Stuart, E. A. Thomas, Miss H. Thomas, H. Mrs. Thomas, J. Tonkin, Mrs. J. Vivian, Mrs. G. Walls, J. Watson, Mrs. W. J. Welcome, A. Weedon, F. M. Williams, M. J.

M. Percy, Post-Master of Calcutta.

Wright, J.

Insolvency Notice.

Public Auction Eale, on Friday, 10th July 1874, at twelve o'clock noon, at the Official Assignee's Office, No. 3, Old Post Office Street.

PURSUANT to an order of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors at Calcutta, made in the matter of Woomachurn Doss and Gobind Chunder Doss, dated 3rd June 1874,

The Official Assignee will sell (with the concurrence of the mortgagee) the following

property:---

A piece of mourosee land (with 3 brick-built one-storied rooms and ponds, containing about 1 beegha more or less, situated at Batrah, pergunnah Borrow, in zillah Howrah, at a rental of Rs. 8 per annum).

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Orr and Harris, Solicitors,

Hastings Street, or to the Official Assignce's Office.

(254—1)

A. B. MILLER, Official Assignee.

INSOLVENT NOTICES.

Court for the Relief of Insolvent Deblors at Calcutta.

In the matter of Civil Anthony Robertson, an Insolvent.

On Saturday, the 20th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tucsday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

E. O. Moses, Attorney.

In the matter of RAJNARAIN PAUL and Kissorymoniun Paul, both lately carrying on business and trade at Hautkollah, in the Town of Calcutta, in copartnership under the style and firm of Rajnarain Paul and Kissorymohun Paul, Insolvents.

On Monday, the 15th day of June instant, it was on the petition of Gobind Chunder Coondoo and Ramtonoo Shaw Mudoosooduu Shaw Hurrolall Coondoo Seetul Chunder Coondoo Nobin Chunder Coondoo Bunko Behary Shaw and Sreemuntloll Shaw Kreepanundo Shaw Grees Chunder Shaw and Addonauth Shaw, creditors of the said Insolvents, adjudged that the said Rajnarain Paul and Kissorymohun Paul have committed an act of Insolvency under the provisions of the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, and by another order of the same date the estate and effects of the said Insolvents were vested in the Official Assignee.

G. C. Chunder, Altorney.

In the matter of EDWARD TRESTON O'CONNOR, au Insolvent.

On Monday, the 15th day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

M. Camell, Attorney.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 23rd June 1874.

In the matter of Benjamin Francis, an Insolvent.

Notice that an application for an ad interim protection order has been this day made by the said Insolvent, and that such application will be heard and disposed of by the Acting Commissioner of the Insolvent Court on Tuesday, the 7th day of July next, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

Any Creditor of the said Insolvent desirous of opposing such application must appear before the said Court at the time and place aforesaid.

II. R. Fink, Attorney.

In the matter of Albert Walter Ravenscroft, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the hearing of this matter do stand adjourned until Tuesday, the 4th day of August next, and that the order made in this matter for the ad interim protection of the said Insolvent from arrest be enlarged to the said 4th day of August next and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

C. F. Pittar, Attorney.

In the matter of BACHARAM Dass, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 2nd day of June instant, by an order of this Court, the said Insolvent was adjudged entitled to his personal discharge under the Act XI Vic., Cap. XXI, as to all persons named in his schedule as Creditors or claiming to be Creditors, respectively.

Insolvent in person.

In the matter of James HILL, an Insolvent.

On Monday, the 22nd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

W. F. Watsor, Attorney.

In the matter of AMAND DOLLET, an Insolvent.

On Tuesday, the 23rd day of June instant, it was ordered that the matters of the petition of the said Insolvent be heard on Tuesday, the 1st day of September next, and that the said Insolvent do then attend to be examined before the said Court.

Berners & Co., Attorneys.

Chief Clerk's Office, the 30th June 1871.

No. 26 of 1874.

[REGISTERED No. 29.]



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 1, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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BENGAL FAMINE.

TWENTIETH SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL, FROM THE 12TH TO THE 25TH JUNE 1874.

THE Lieutenant-Governor, Sir Richard Temple, has written from Goalundo on the 23rd June the following remarks for inclusion in the present narrative:—

"During the past fortnight I have passed down the Ganges and part of the Brahmapootra and its branches, from Monghyr to Dacca, visiting parts of the districts on either bank of the river, and conferring with the local authorities and with the principal natives. The remarks which I shall now offer apply not at all to Behar, but to the generally distressed, or partly distressed districts of North-Eastern Bengal, namely, Cooch Behar, Dinagepore, Rungpore, Bogra, Malda, Rajshahye, and Pubna."

"In the spring, frequent showers enabled the husbandmen in many places (though not everywhere) to sow the early (or boro) rice to a larger extent than usual, advantage being taken, with skill and promptitude, of every patch of ground that could be turned to this purpose; such as beds of those tanks and of those rivers which had been deprived of their water by the drought. Occasional rain-storms brought forward to maturity the produce of these little green fields in the midst of the arid, drought-stricken country just at the time of sorest need, when the circumstances of May caused stocks to fall, prices to rise, and employment to cease. The incoming of this early harvest, though not enough to alter the general situation, did yet suffice to afford relief and mitigation."

"Then the rains, commencing seasonably and propitiously at the end of May, have continued through June abundantly, but not violently; filling the

rivers, soaking the soil in the uplands, where the autumn rice crop (aous) is springing up, and flooding the hollows, where the winter crop (amun) has just been sown, and affording the required moisture for the lowlands, where the sowings have yet to be made. The sowings for the autumn rice are believed to have been extensive beyond the average: the crop is now so strong and high above the ground as to be considered almost secure. The sowings for the winter rice are understood to have already been considerable, and to be progressing well. For the most part there has been no want of seed. In some places some such want has manifested, or may yet manifest itself. It is remedied partially, if not completely, by the arrangements which the local officers are able to make."

"Thus far, then, the agricultural prospect is favorable."

"The rivers are rising, the summer navigation of these natural highways is opening fast: these are the arteries and the veins of this system of inland communication. It is therefore possible for trade to throw in supplies from distant districts; but this is not being done as yet to any considerable extent. The southerly and the easterly breezes, which are the trade-winds in this section of the great river at this season, have been blowing propitiously for many days past. Some fleets of the Dacca boats—always distinguishable by their tall masts and white swelling sails—are to be seen, laden sometimes, but not always, with rice from Naraingunge (the entrepot of South-Eastern Bengal), and bound for the distressed districts. But the quantities thus brought are as yet small compared to the needs of the North-Eastern markets. Some supplies may reach the river-side districts, as Maldah, Rajshahye, Pubna, Bogra, and parts of Rungpore; but no succour worth reckoning has as yet come to Dinagepore, which has the broadest area of distress in all North-Eastern Bengal, and few persons seem now to believe in its coming. The Dinagepore marts usually supply all their own neighbourhood, and export largely to Rajshahyo and Pubna. This year they cannot meet their home demands, much less supply any one else. The inland river-side "bunders" or quays for the collection of rice to be sent away by boats, so numerous in the interior of this district, and usually so full and busy, have this year been empty and deserted. Again, the east tract of Dinagepore, having good crops, exported rice to the neighbouring tract of Rungpore, which was in distress, to such an extent that it became itself distressed in its turn."

"Then the markets of Rajshahye and Pubna, even in ordinary years, expect to receive a part of the Dinagepore supplies. This year they depended still more on such importation, as the supplies from the local harvests, though in good part saved, were yet short and scanty, but have received, and will receive, next to nothing. In the Rajshahye district prices have gone on rising until on a very recent date they were as dear as in the most distressed districts. In the south part of the Pubna district the upward tendency of prices has been stopped, and indeed reversed, to the relief of the people. This fortunate result arose, however, not so much from importation as from the belief in the safety of the acus crop, and the consequent production of old stocks. In the north part of the Pubna district, around Serajgunge (the well known place, where the collection of country boats forms a sort of floating city), the market had for months been trusting to supplies from the Mymensingh district, across the Brahmapootra. These suddenly ceasing, together with failure of supplies from the Dinagepore direction and gradual depletion of local stocks, caused a panic, which was checked only by importation of Government grain. Scarcity, however, still prevails in most of the northern parts of Rajshahye and the north-eastern part of Pubna."

"In the Cooch Behar division (including the Julpigoree district, the Cooch Behar State, and part of the Bhootan Dooars), there was but slight failure of crop (chiefly in a locality to the south of Julpigoree itself), but grain was exported briskly to parts of Purneah and of Dinagepore. Then in the Julpigoree district there arose panic in the grain-markets;—how far from depletion of stocks, how far from combination among dealers to hold their stocks, it is hard to say, but probably from both causes. The trouble, which at one time threatened to become serious, was checked by relief measures and by the

importation of Government grain."

"The Rungpore and Bogra districts obtained much of their food-supply for many weeks from Mymensingh, across the Brahmapootra. In the beginning the Mymensingh crop was expected partly to fail. Had it not been saved, there

is no doubt that the troubles in Rungpore and Bogra would have begun much earlier, and proved worse than they actually have. The west part of Rungpore also benefited by the trouble which has been just mentioned as befalling the east part of Dinagepore. The frequent occurrence of panics in the grain-marts of Rungpore, and the equally frequent demand for Government aid, prove the precarious position in which the trade has been standing for several months past."

"In Mymensingh, again, the north-west corner brought temporary trouble on itself from helping others. In that particular quarter the markets became empty. There was money enough in the hands of the people, but no food-grain for it to purchase. Hence arose the strange circumstance of Government grain being landed on that margin of the river highway whence surplus grain

had recently been exported to districts within sight across the water."

"Further down the river, in the Dacca district, though the crops were fairly good, there were very high prices of rice (8 to 10 seers for the rupee) for some time and many complaints of distress among the people, owing doubtless to the grain going to meet demands elsewhere. Within the last few days the price has become cheaper, 12 to 13 seers for the rupee. It is worthy of note that the Dacca district is held by the local authorities to be secure from general distress caused by drought, because large areas of rice-land, which ordinarily suffer from floods, yield fully in years of scanty rainfall; yet even in this district it has for some weeks past been necessary to distribute charitable relief at the chief centres of population."

"These circumstances may be not devoid of interest, as showing the interdependence of these several districts, in consequence of which any extensive trouble befalling any considerable part ramifies ultimately over the whole, and causes divers complications and mischances to occur suddenly, and to tax our

vigilance to the utmost."

"Under all the circumstances, as above set forth, of agriculture and of trade in the particular districts above adverted to, there arise the questions—Will there be private supplies of grain forthcoming to sustain the people till the end of August? and if not, are there enough Government supplies for this purpose? and whether the aous crop, if successfully gathered, will sustain the people from September till December, when the main rice crop is to be expected? Many, perhaps most, experienced persons think that there is not now time enough remaining for trade to do the needful; that there are certainly not stocks in any quantity; and that if there be any part unexhausted, there is no certainty that the dealers will bring it forward upon merely the assured prospect of the assured that they will perhaps wait until the position of the winter crop can be better foreseen. Again, some of the best authorities apprehend that the aous crop may not wholly suffice (in the absence of all other stocks) for the sustenance of the people from September until the incoming of the amun crop in December; and that distress, after subsiding in September and October, might spring up again from the end of October till December. In vain, it is argued, will the winter harvest be displaying all its promise of abundance if there be actually not grain enough on the spot for the teeming population. Some assistance may perhaps be looked for from the acus crop of other places. It is indeed always to be remembered that generally this crop is kept for intermediate subsistence until the winter crop comes in, and is seldom exported; and this rule will probably obtain to the full this year, when rice is so scarce everywhere. Still its promise seems to be so good in the constant tract in the country of the Brahmanotan and the be so good in the eastern tract, in the country of the Brahmapootra and the Megna, that some considerable part may be available for exportation during August and September, while the rivers are still full."

"The original allotments of rice for the four districts of Dinagepore,

Rungpore, Bogra, and Maldah, are stated below:-

	•	•				Mds.
Dinagepore	•••		• • •	•••	•••	12,00,000
Rungpore	•••	•••				3,00,000
Bogra		•••				2,40,000
Ma ldah	•••	•••	•••	• • •		1,50,000
Rajshahye	• • •	•••	• • •	4.1.1	•••	1,00,000
Railway wo	orks	•••	•••	•••	***	1,00,000
-				Total	•••	20,90,000 = 76,849 tons."

"Out of this allotment the expenditure has been-

	•	-	4	otual expenditure to some day from t and to 19th June Mds.	he	Estimated up to the end of June. Mds.	nđ.
Dinagepore	• •	• •	• •	1,88,235		3,00,000	
Maldah Bogra	• •	••	• •	24,000 30,000		41,000 45,000	•
Rungpore	• •	••	••	94,359	•	1,32, 00 0	
Rajshahye a	nd Kailwa	•	• •	8,000	•	20,000	
		Total	• •	3,44,594		5,38,000 = 19,779 to	ns.',

"Under the circumstances, it has been decided to transfer 60,000 maunds, equal to 2,205 tons, from Dinagepore to the neighbouring district of Purneah, where the distress had increased faster than was expected, and which had to send part of its grain on to Cooch Behar. Also 50,000 maunds, equal to 1,838 tons, have been transferred from Maldah to Sonthalia and Moorshedabad. Perhaps, too, some portion of the Bogra allotment may be spared. But with these exceptions, the belief of the responsible officers on the spot is that the Government grain available in these districts will be absolutely needed."

"Inasmuch as the estimated consumption shown above does not allow for loss and wastage, there must be some abatement made from the quantity estimated to be remaining after the 1st of August. With allowance made for this, however, there will still be, as we hope, considerable stores for the needs of the distressed tracts. And if any misfortune not now foreseen should occur, these stores would suffice to meet even a severe accession of distress until fresh supplies could be brought in by river."

"The numbers of boats of various build and capacity, according to the peculiarities of the navigation of each stream or river, are known to be ample for any operation which we might have to undertake. These craft are now to be seen everywhere, either plying on the channels which daily become broader and deeper, or moored in crowds at every creek that is sheltered from the gales that

blow over the expansive rivers."

"As regards the condition of the people: I believe that there has been occasionally some sharp distress in Rungpore; perhaps also some (though in a less degree) in Bogra, which happened notwithstanding our preventive efforts. But in Dinagepore I believe that dangerous distress has never been permitted to rear its head. Large sections of the people must doubtless have been straitened or gradually drawn towards the verge of distress; but help (as I believe) nearly always came in time, even before emaciation could begin. But none who witnessed the many broad patches of country where the rice crop had perished; who reflected on the consequences of such a failure to a dense population almost exclusively agricultural with almost nothing save this one product to depend upon; and who noted the impossibility of succour being afforded by trade at that time of year, when the river navigation was closed to this land-locked district, and when prices in the south were too high to yield a profit to the importer, can reasonably doubt regarding the disease and death which must have ensued had the Government refrained from acting. Maldah was from the beginning never brought near to danger. In juxtaposition with its partly distressed tracts were tracts fertilised by the Ganges and yielding a rich crop of wheat and barley. Its situation offered the utmost facilities for importation from Central and Southern Bengal, of which advantage the trade availed itself. In the hottest season also the mange-fruit afforded much sustenance."

"The wages given to relief laborers in these districts (2 to 3 annas a day) are higher than those allowed in Behar, only because the ordinary rate of wages is higher in these eastern districts. Generally task-work has been successfully exacted and demoralisation prevented; with some notable exceptions however. The rates for piece-work (4 annas for 100 cubic feet of earth-work) have been lower than those which had to be allowed in Tirhoot. Here also the laborers are believed to have saved something from their earnings at piece-work by working with commendable industry. They would in the early hours of the day do their out-work in their fields, from which they could obtain no present gain; then come on to the relief works before noon, and work to the very end of a summer's eve in order to earn a good wage. The works

consisted more of roads and less of tanks than in Behar. The roads are represented to be so far good as to improve the internal communication of the district; the bridging must, however, remain for future years. As the rains fall, the relief laborers will, we hope, go off to their fields or to private employment; and instructions have been reiterated to the local officers to expedite this change. This will be facilitated by the advances of Government grain to the cultivators which are being made; still there may be many who cannot sustain themselves, and thus the lists of recipients of charitable relief may swell."

"The sale of Government grain to the public, as might be expected under the circumstances described in this narrative, has recently been, and probably will continue to be, very considerable. In Dinagepore and Rungpore and Bogra the measure has not been extended beyond the limits mentioned in my narrative of the 14th May. In Maldah it has been adopted, but very slightly. In parts of Pubna it was adopted to stay the panic. In parts of Rajshahye I have recently ordered it not only at the request of the people, but on the recommendation of the grain-dealers themselves. In these districts one may travel from town to town and ask the grain-dealers why, with such high prices (9 to 11 seers the rupee) at home, they do not import from the south. They will say that the principal mart whence they could import is Naraingunge, and that the prices there (12 seers the rupee) preclude profit. Boats worked by the owners may bring some consignments obtained direct from the producers. Some traders may make ventures individually, but native merchants will not import largely to the north until prices at Naraingunge shall become as cheap as 15 or 16 seers the rupee. Now Naraingunge is the principal mart in East Bengal for rice among several other things. Here is collected much of the surplus rice from the east bank of the Brahmapootra;*

from the basin of the Megna (Sylhet, Dacca, Tipperah) and from the deltaic district of Backergunge. Proceeding to Naraingunge, I find that rice has become cheaper, but is quoted as dear as 12 to 13 seers to the rupee. The native merchants think that the price may become slightly cheaper, but they would not admit the hope of its becoming as cheap as 16 seers to the rupee until August, and they evidently are not at all confident that, however good the September crop may prove, rice can be much cheaper until the next winter crop is gathered. The scarcity of rice, which has been felt for so many months throughout most parts of Bengal, must cause a demand everywhere, with a corresponding effect upon prices at Naraingunge as well as at other southern marts; and this must militate against grain being sent northwards."

"Looking to all this, I cannot doubt the expediency of selling Government grain in the eastern districts north of the Ganges whenever the measure is asked for, reiterating always the instruction that such sales are to be suspended if trade should bring in supplies."

1. Weather and Rainfall.—The reports continue to be very satisfactory. Rain continues to fall seasonably in almost all districts; only in Hooghly, Howrah, and part of Jessore, is more rain said to be wanted.

2. State of Crops.—The prospects of the coming crops could hardly be better. In almost every district, with very few exceptions, a more than average crop is expected, and in every district there has now been ample rain for

sowings.

3. Prices.—Prices still remain fairly steady, and the tendency to fall, remarked on in last narrative, still continues in Behar and the more distressed districts of north-eastern Bengal. In the western districts there has been a fall in Burdwan and Hooghly, and a rise in Beerbhoom, Midnapore, and Howrah. In the central districts there has been a rise in Jessore and Maldah, and a slightly upward tendency is shown in Moorshedabad. There has been a fall in Rangpore, Bogra, and Pubna. Throughout the eastern districts prices are generally somewhat higher. They have risen considerably in Dacca and Fureedpore, and slightly in Sylhet and Chittagong. The other districts show no change except Noakholly, where prices have fallen to the level at which they stood the fortnight before last. In Behar rice and barley have fallen in Tirhoot, and

barley (an important article of food in Behar) has fallen in Patna, Shahabad, and Chumparun; only in Monghyr have prices risen. In Chota Nagpore there is no change to record except in Hazareebagh, where prices are somewhat lower. In Pooree there has been a considerable rise, from 27.9 to 23.10 for common rice.

In Pooree there has been a considerable rise, from 27.9 to 23.10 for common rice.

4. Private trade to Behar.—The usual note on food-grains will be found in appendix A. Though the total upward traffic shows a decrease from the figures given last fortnight, yet the decrease is solely in the Government grain sent up, and there is really a slight increase of 56 tons in the upward private trade, and a considerable increase of 2,779 tons in the downward traffic.

5. North Tirhoot.—The reports continue satisfactory. Sowing is being carried on in every part of the district, and seed-grain, about which there were some fears, has turned out to be generally plentiful; so much so, that it was selling in Mudhoobunnee at Rs. 2 the maund. The general health of the population is exceedingly good, and their condition very much improved. The Seetamurhee and Poopree sub-divisions have been inspected during the fortnight by Drs. MacDonell and Coates. The former found in Poopree from 90 to 82 per cent. of the people on relief works up to the normal condition, which is exceedingly satisfactory, as the standard adopted by Dr. MacDonell, as remarked in the last narrative, is a high one. Dr. Coates found the people in Seetamurhee generally in very good condition, even in the most remote villages.

6. Rice (except Government rice) continues very scarce in the bazars, but importations of the coarser grains are reported to be increasing. Advances are now being given largely to the ryots for the support of themselves

and their dependent laborers during the coming cultivating season.

7. South Tirhoot.—The prospects of the coming crop are excellent, and sowings are going on extensively; but though importations by private persons have increased, yet stocks still continue to be abnormally low, and

sales of Government rice are necessarily continued.

8. Chumparun.—Indigo prospects are said to have improved owing to the recent rain, and there is consequently an increased demand for laborers for weeding the fields. The prospects of the other crops are excellent, and the condition of the people improved. In Ramnugger Dr. Coates, in his inspection tour, found a large number of the people anæmic and out of condition; but as the place is noted for its unhealthiness, it is probable that a similar inspection in a year of the greatest plenty would produce similar results. More seed-grain has been forthcoming than was at one time thought likely to exist in the district.

9. Surun.—In this district the cheena crop has turned out particularly well, especially in Bussuntpore and Mushrukh, the worst tracts in the district. Indigo prospects are greatly improved, and the bhadoi crop promises to be remarkably good. Some laborers have been at last induced to engage to go to the Soane

Canal, and it is hoped that others will follow.

10. South Behar.—The prospects of these three districts continue to be very good; only the rainfall was too early for the superstitions of the people, as many refrained from sowing when the first rain fell owing to the idea that the influence of the Mirgeshra Nakshattar,* through which the moon, according to Hindoo astronomers, was then passing, was unpropitious. Some, however, disregarded the omen and sowed, though at least a large minority hesitated. Fortunately for the latter the rain continued, and they did not lose the opportunity of getting their crop into the ground. Private trade in Patna continues to be very active; the imports for the fortnight being 3,88,512 maunds, against 3,62,246 imported in that preceding it.

11. Bhagulpore Division.—The condition of the people continues good, and there is but little distress anywhere except in Bahadoorgunge in Purneah, and parts of the Sonthal Pergunnahs. The prospects of the coming crops are excellent. The Collector of Bhagulpore says that "the bhadoi is simply magnificent;" and the Collector of Monghyr goes so far as to state that all fear of distress will be over at the end of July, as soon as the jenera millet) crop ripens. If the rains continue the harvest throughout the division will probably

be above the average.

12. Rajshahye Division.—In this division there has been a very great and general improvement, except in Rajshahye and parts of Pubna, where somewhat severe distress has been felt. The distress in the former district arose chiefly

from a deficient supply of food-grains owing to the falling off in importations, and sanction has been given for the sales of Government rice in those places where the deficiency was serious. The prospects for the coming season could not be better.

- 13. Cooch Behar and Julpigoree.—The report of the Deputy Commissioner shows that no further distress is apprehended in this district, and that with some few exceptions the people are now well off and looking forward to reaping a more than average crop.
- 14. Burdwan Division.—There is little or no change to report in the condition of the people, and the prospects are good, though not so unusually good as in other parts of the country. Cholera is decreasing.
 - 15. Nuddea.—There is no change in this district.

16. Chota Nagpore.—The reports still continue to show an improvement in the state of the people, and distress may now be said to be almost entirely confined to parts of Manbhoom and Hazareebagh; the promise of the crops is so good that hopes are entertained of an early return to a normal

state of prosperity.

17. Transport of Grain.—With the exception of small quantities of grain going to the districts of the Burdwan division and of the extra lakh of maunds ordered to be sent for South Tirhoot, the transport of Government grain by the railway has almost entirely ceased. The State Railway to Durbhunga having been only laid down as a fair-weather line, cannot continue to carry grain during the rains; and hence the three lakhs still remaining to complete the Mudhoobunnee allotment will have to go by water. Arrangements are being made for the purpose. Mr. Metcalfe reports from Durbhunga that he anticipates no difficulty in making adequate transport arrangements for the movement of grain from the larger to the subsidiary golahs during the rains, as all the golahs are situated on the banks of rivers or connected with riverside stations by good roads, involving no great length of land carriage.

18. Relief Works.—The number of laborers on relief works according to the latest returns available, as compared with the numbers given in the last

fortnightly narrative, are as follows:-

				Last fortnight.	This fortnight.
Patna division	•••	• •••		1,231,496	1,368,087
Gunduk embankment		•••		45,247	27,574
Soane Canal		•••		34,850	31,945
Bhagulpore division		•••		109,617	88,448
Rajshahye division	'	•••		194,131	155,466
Northern Bengal Rai	lway			22,129	22,622
Burdwan and Chota		•••		96,950	72,849
Cooch Behar		•••	• • •	3,548	3,741
		Total	•••	1,737,768	1,770,732
				<u> </u>	

These returns show an increase on those given in previous returns of 32,964; but an analysis of the numbers employed in each district shows that the increase has been chiefly in North Tirhoot, Sarun, and Chumparun districts. The Collector of Sarun remarks that we must not expect the numbers on relief works to fall off largely immediately after a fall of rain sufficient for sowing, as "beyond the ploughing and sowing which are done by the ryots themselves and their families, there can be no general demand for field-labor till the transplanting of the dhan and the weeding operations are taken in hand." In this district it is proposed to close relief works from the 1st July, when the demand for agricultural labor becomes brisk, and to reduce the rate of wages where works are maintained to the lowest subsistence allowance. In Chumparun the numbers have not increased largely anywhere, except in the Gobindgunge sub-division, where they have more than doubled; but in the Ramnuggur sub-division, where the numbers have been hitherto very large and the distress greatest, there has been a very large decrease from 31,573 to 11,919.

In South Tirhoot there has been a decrease, and also in Shahabad and on the Gunduk embankment and Soane works; but in Patna and Gya there has been a slight increase in the numbers of laborers, though in the former district the

numbers had fallen at the close of the fortnight.

In the Bhagulpore division there has been a decrease in the numbers on the whole, though the Bhagulpore district and the Sonthal Pergunnahs show a slight increase. In the Rajshahye division all the districts show a decrease except Moorshedabad and Rajshahye. In the former district the increase is small, and in the latter, though apparently large, it is really insignificant, as the persons engaged in light labor, who were last fortnight entered as receiving charitable relief, have now been entered as laborers according to the practice. followed in other districts.

In the Burdwan division the returns are not complete, but there has been a slight decrease in Hooghly and a slight increase in Bankoora and Beerbhoom; while in the Burdwan district the increase is more considerable. In Chota Nagpore there has been a slight increase in Manbhoom, and no satisfactory returns have been received from Palamow and Hazareebagh; but the figures given probably rather overstate the numbers on relief works. The Commissioner remarks that the numbers are at least half what they were in the previous fortnight, and the last crop-report says that the relief works in Palamow are almost deserted.

It is frequently remarked in the district narratives that the laborers work part of the day in their fields and part on the relief works, and consequently the numbers of men on these works must not be considered as so many men taken from the ordinary number of agricultural laborers. The universal report as to the excellence of the crops and the breadth of land sown prove that nowhere have relief works prevented the carrying on of the ordinary agricultural operations of the season.

20. The following return shows the numbers employed in each district, with details, as far as they are available, of those employed on piece-work

and daily wages:-

Divisions.	Names of districts.	Laborers under Public Works Department.	Laborers under Circle officers.	Total Laborers.	Task or piece work.	Daily wages.
PATHA	Tirhoot (North)	149,487 	639,021 180,659 3,634 . 997	788,508 180,559 130,197 229,885 17,661 3,534 8,743	675,682 26,604 17,661 2,289 8,186	112,826 153,955 No details. No details. 1,246 557
	Total	543.976	824,111	1,308,087	730,422	268,583
· ·	Gunduk Embankment Soano Canal	27,574 31,945		27,57 ± 31,945	27,574 31,945	27,574
	Total	59, 519	-	59,519	59,519	
	Total for Patna Division	603,495	824,111	1,427,606	789,941	268,583
	Monghyr	2,997	******	2,997	Task-work gen	fect.
BHAGULPORE	Bhagulpore Purneah Sonthal Pergunnahs	22,266 13,562 3,315	13,028 4,127° 29,153	35,294 17,689 32,468	35,251 16,991 20,867	43 698 Details impe
	Total	42,140	48,308	88,448	72,609	741
ſ	Maldah Dinagepore	2,573 2,559	8,915 71,717	74,276	No details. 28,167	41,446 Details impe
Rајананув {	Rungpore Bogra Moorshedabad Rajshahye	713 27.020 4.991 1,247	34,120- 6,611	34,833 27,020 4,991 7,858	15,156 No details. Ditto. Ditto.	fect. 11,816 No details.
	Total	39,103	116,363	155,466	48,323	53,262
	Northern Bengal Railway	22,622		22,622	17,994	
CHOTA NAGPORE	Manbhoom Palamow Hazareebagh	15,063 9,000	3,272 12,000	18,335 12,000 9,000	14,292	4,101 12,000 9,000
	Total	24,063	15,272	39,835	14,293	26,101
BURDWAN 14.	Hooghly Beerbhoom Bankoora Burdwan	1,877 10,484 3,824 8,785	1,301 7,293	8,178 10,484 8,824 16,038	1,877 9,884 1,497	Details imperfect. 600 No details. 9,581 Details imper
l	Howrah Midnapore	No returns. · No returns.				fect.
	Total	24,920	8,594	38,514	18,958	10,181
COOCH BEHAR	Julpigoree	8,741		3,741	No details.	
	Grand total	760,084	1,010,648	1,779,782	951,417	806,618

¹⁶⁸⁶ figures are doubtinf. Ruduith 1s peing in a

- 21. Gunduk Embankment.—The embankment work has been nearly completed, and it has been raised above high flood-level throughout the entire length, so that there is little but dressing to be done. Two miles of the High Level Canal have been completed, and work has been started from the 1st to the 8th, the 24th to 29th, and 46th to 48th miles; seven miles of temporary road have been made, and the Sarun Canal begun.
- 22. Soane Canal.—Work is progressing favorably, but the number of laborers has decreased owing to the completion of the anicut works in Patna and the rain in Arrah. About 29 lakhs of cubic feet of earthwork have been excavated during the fortnight in the main western canal in the Karumnassa division.
- 23. Northern Bengal Railway.—The total amount of earthwork up to date is 57,058,000 cubic feet, equal to 109 miles of four feet bank, of which 9,281,300 have been thrown up during the fortnight. This is the largest return yet sent in, and besides this 89 miles of feeder roads have been completed.
 - . 24. The following statement shows the numbers in receipt of charitable relief according to the latest returns:—

Divisions.	No.	ames of	Names of Districts.						NUMBER ON CHARITABLE RELIFF.	
	•						centres.	This fortnight.	Last fortnight.	
	Tirhoot North					•••	572	162,294	157,477	
	Tirhoot South	•••					57	13,647	12,926	
	Chumparun	•••	•••		•••		50	15,664	11,997	
Ратва	Sarun .				•••		16	7,122	13,364	
	Patna	•••		•••	•••	•…	None.	None.	None.	
	Gya	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	12	1,070	420	
	Shahabad	•••	•••	•••			15	846	410	
•					Total		722	201,643	195,594	
,	Monghyr	•••		•••			13	1,090	2,251*	
	Bhagulpore						15	39,740	12,783	
Beagulpore	Purneah			•••	•••		91	2,944	5,045	
	Sonthal Pergunna	ahs					••••		100	
	•				Total		119	43,774	20,179	
	Maldah			•••			32	9,562 _	8,977	
	Dinagepore						464	22,460	19,112	
	Rungpore						83	32,650	21,580	
RAJBHAHYB	Bogra						30	13,705	9,031	
	Moorshedabad			•••			24	5,916	2,217	
	Rajshahye	•••					19	7,009	14,143	
	Pubna	•••	•••					10,966		
					Total		602	102,268	66,059	
CROTA NAGPORE	Manbhoom				•••	•••		10,490	8,559	
	Hooghly	•	•••	•••	•••	•••		4,013	3,884	
	Beerbhoom	•••	•••					10,913	9,803	
	Bankoora	•••				٨٠.		14,446	9,047	
	Burdwan							15,382	14,551	
• '	Midnapore	•••	•••		•••		•••••	Not received.	1,314	
•					Total			44,784	88,599	
•				Grand	Total		1,443	401,002	329,000	

These returns show a considerable increase over those of the last fortnight in almost every district except Sarun, Monghyr, Purneah, and Rajshahye. In the last district the decrease is more nominal than real, as those doing light labor on roads have this fortnight been entered among the laborers on relief works, instead of among the recipients of charitable relief, as was the case in the former return. The great increase in Bhagulpore seems, from the Collector's report, to have been caused by a too indiscriminate grant of village relief, tickets; but the lists are being carefully scrutinised, and the numbers will probably be considerably reduced. In Purneah the figures are not free from doubt, and their accuracy will be inquired into. Enquiry is being made as to the large numbers returned for Pubna.

25. We can hardly flatter ourselves that we have yet reached the greatest numbers of persons to be relieved under this heading; for doubtless as relief works become deserted, owing to the demand for field-labor, there will be considerable numbers of old men and women and young children who now earn a scanty subsistence from doing nominal work on relief works, who will be driven to accept charity owing to their incapacity for gaining a living by labor paid at its market value, and these persons must continue to draw sustenance from the charitable funds till the incoming harvest enables their

relatives to give them the same assistance as heretofore.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. F. K. HEWITT,

Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

APPENDIX A. TO THE 20TH SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

1. The returns received for the first half of the month of June give the exports from the Bengal Presidency at 4,780 tons, and the imports at 11,614 tons. Of the latter, 2,020 tons were on private, and 9,594 tons on Government account. The bulk of the private imports was from Orissa.

The total figures to the middle of June are:-

			•		ı	TOHS.
Exports	•••	•••		•••	•••	230,510
Imports	•••	• • •		•••	•••	415,004

2. The following figures show (in tons) the quantity of food-grains "sent up from stations below Rajmehal and Jamooee, and down from stations above Mirzapore, which was delivered at stations between Rajmehal and Buxar (inclusive)" between the 31st May and 13th June.

		ו	This fortnight.	Last fortnight.	Increase.	Decrease.
$egin{array}{c} \mathbf{Up} \ \mathbf{Down} \end{array}$	•••		6,764	16,546		9,782
\mathbf{Down}	••• ,		20,190	18,640	1.550	*****

All the increase is in private, and all the decrease in Government grain.

The totals to date of the returns on which the above figures are based, and which, it must be remembered, are for Behar only, are given below; but the "up" figures are only approximately correct. Appendix B., however, shows in detail the destination of all the Government grain that has been sent up from Howrah.

		Govt. grain.	Private grain.	Total.
Uр		269,076	146,659	415,735
Down	•	38,635	170,249	208,884
Totals	•••	307,711	316,908	624,619

- 3. The importations of food-grains to Calcutta by the Eastern Canals, from the 5th to the 19th June, were 3,394 tons, making 192,026 tons in all since 1st October.
 - 4. The private traffic registered on the Ganges is as shown below:—

• .			November 1878.
Date.	Direction.	Tons.	Tons.
7th to 20th June	Up the Ganges	898	35,071 -
Ditto ditto .	Down ,,	304	12,287
	me Up "	1,274	24,671
Ditto ditto	Down ,,	147	12,599
	7th to 20th June Ditto ditto	7th to 20th June Up the Ganges Ditto ditto Down ,, 31st May to 13th June Up ,, Ditto ditto Down ,,	7th to 20th June Up the Ganges 898 Ditto ditto Down ,, 304 31st May to 13th June Up , 1,274 Ditto ditto Down , 1,274

CALCUITA, the 25th June 1874.

G. Toynbee, c.s., on Special Duty.

Tona

. APPENDIX B. TO THE 20TH SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Return of Grain despatched from Calcutta up to Monday, the 22nd June 1874.—(Gross Railway weight.)

Division in which to be used.		Station to which sent.	Up to date of During the last return. fortnight.	Total to date.	RRMARES.	
*		s s	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
	ſ	Arrah (for Sarun)			8,87,853	
•	П	Barh	1 2 0 2 0 0 0	69,015	77,476 16,04,383	
		Bankipore	63,576		53,576	
	1	Bihta Bukhtiarpore	20,827 23,235	•••••	20,827 23,235	
		Buxar	8,026	•••••	8,026	
AKTA ⁰	1	Dinapore Doomraon			3,336 9,022	
	П	Futwah Ghât	9,022 (a)20,50,627	••••	20,50,627	(a) Of this 20,585 maunds w
	П	Mokameh	1,03,880	····	1,03,880	seed grain. (b) Of this 9,436 mannds w
	Ш	Monghyr Patna Ghât	(b) 1,92,567 5,08,665	57,651	4 ,92,567 5 ,66,316	seed-grain.
	П	Sultangunge	(c)58,85 8		58,858	(c) Of this 39,031 maunds w
	٦	Zumanea	16,027	1 00 600	16,027	seed-grain.
		Totals of Patna Division Arrah	53,49,343	1,26,666	38,863	
	H	Beheea	38,863 2,078	•••••	2,078	
OANE CIRCLE	┨	Bihta	2,032	•••••	2,032	
		Buxar Mogul Serai	4,354 33,521	•••••	4, 3 54 33,521	
		Totals of Soane Circle :	80,813		80,848	
		Grand totals, Patna Division				
		and Soane Circle	54,30,191	1,26,666	55,56,857	(d) Rasidas this 00 223
		Bhagulpore Burriarpore	(d) 1,41,596 2,375		1,41,596 2,275	(d) Besides this 28,351 maune were sent vid Bhagulpore an
	П	Burhea	3.744		3,744	Colgong to Nepal.
•	Ш	Caragolah Colgong	3,00,331 3,42,087		3,00,331 3,42,087	
	П	Ghidhour	1,981		1,981	
	П	Jamooe e Kujrah	26,810 3,506		26,810 3,506	
	П	Luckee Serai '	79 941		79,911	
•		Monghyr Pecrpointce	3,70,321 64,210		3,70,321 64,210	
BHAGULPORE	1	Sahebgunge	11.262	4,221	15,483	
	П	Sultangunge Bahawa	2,77,349 20,981		2,77,349 20,981	
	Н	Teenpahar	11,052	•	11,052	
		Maharajpore Moorrarooee	4 77 77	8,415	3,033 20,149	
	Ш	Rampore Hât	72,034 6.1 5		6,115	
	П	Jamtarra Baidynath	13,206	1,102	13,206 1,102	
	П	Synthea		5,073	5,073	
	4	Nulhattee	•••••	2,705	2,705	
		Totals of Bhagulpore Division	16,91,834	21,516	17,13,350	
		Goslundo Kaligungo	4,83, 28	7 ,336	4,90,864 1,85,781	
	П	Kangunge Kooshtea	1	•••••	11,73.836	•
		Rajmchal Sahebgungo	(e) 86,523		86,523	(e) Includes 2,025 maunds se to Dinagepore jail.
RAJAHAHYR	4	Shohajipara	1	•••••	1,02,315 75,648	to ismagepore jair.
САЈВНАНҮВ		Azimgunge	6,011	4,752	10,763	
	П	Synthea, Moorrarooee	1,561 1,519	516	.2,077 1,5 9	
	П	>awadi	519	•••••	540	
	U	Nulhattee Rampore Hût		1,096	1,100 1,602	
	İ	Totals of Rajshahye Division	21,18,875	13,700	21,32,575	
CHOTA NAGPORE	3	Burrakar Girhidee	2.14,369 29,640		2,14,369 20,619	
	Ì	Totals of Chota Nagpore		•••••		
		Division			2,44,018	
		Raneegunge Burdwan		1,075	7,446	
		Bhulpore	1	5,113	7,233 6,174	
		Hooghly	893	1,519	2,4 2	
URDWAN	1	Mugrah			2,177 204	1
		Pandooah	102	••••	204	
		Sorampore Synthea	1,010	518	1,864 1,040	
		Goshkhara	1	2, 08	2,096	
	4	Mancoor		4,117	4.117	
		Totals of Burdwan Division	20,021	14,4 16	34,487	
1		Grand totals of all Divisions	95,04,039	1,76,348	96,81,287	
		Or tons	350,034	6,531	358,565	

ENCLOSURE NO. 3 TO THE TWENTIETH SPECIAL NARRATIVE.

Comparative Return of Crime in the distressed Districts for May 1874.

					CRIME	S COMMIT	ed in Ma	¥ 1874.	ایرا		ad .	
	Distr	ICTS.	**************************************		Dacoity.	Войрегу.	Theft.	House-breaking.	Total for May 1874.	Total for May 1873.	Total for May 1872.	Remarks. *
Moorshedaba	d		•••		. 1		60	19	80	76	70	
Dinagepore					. 5 -		*69	56	130	65	63	Of this 9 are grain-
Maldah					1	2	†38	34	75	43	35	thefts.
Rajshahye					. 1		118	41	160	116	145	thefts.
Rungpore					. 5		47	38	80	69	57	
		Total	•••		. 13	2	332	198	535	369	370	
Patna			•••			2	108	89	199	102	160	Ì
Gys			•••		. 3	1	92	193	289	245	153	
Shahabad			•••			3	81	76	160	111	69	
North Tirhoo	t		••			1	32	24	57	18	23	
South Tirhoo	t		•••		.		56	31	87	42	59	
Sarun					. 3		31	132	166	158	153	
Chumparun			•••		. 1		21	46	71	48	43	
		Total	•••		7	7	421	591	1,029	724	660]
Bhagulpore	•••						29	19	48	40	78	
Monghyr	•••						33	19	59	36	102	
Purneah					. 8	2	‡117	28	155	Note	iven.	‡ This includes 58 cases
		Total		• ••	8	2	170	66	255	76	175	of grain-thefts.
	Grand	total			28	11	935	845	1,819	1,169	1,205	İ

J. F. K. Hewitt,
Offg. Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. AF., dated Bankipore, the 14th June 1874.

From—A. C. Mangles, Esq., c.s., Collector of Patna,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to send the following narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th instant.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The several bazars in this district continue to be well supplied with grains of all sorts, and no deficiency is reported from anywhere. The quantities imported by private traders is still very large, and from all that I can hear, there is no likelihood of its falling off for the present. 388,512 maunds were imported during the fortnight ending the 6th instant, against 362,246 reported in my last narrative.

3. The subject of the impending block at the Patna station was fully discussed with His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor during his late short visit to this station, and I am only sorry that he could not spare the time to visit the stations and judge for himself what their requirements are. The subject has since been receiving my best attention, but I am sorry to say that day by day resh difficulties arise. Of the shoots that were ordered only two were at work on the 11th, the time of my last visit, the construction of the remainder up to that time not having been completed, and it was very doubtful whether the existing two would be much longer of any use, as the water was already beginning to stand in the hollow to the south of the railway embankment and threatened to spread up to the embankment itself, when all unloading on that side would have to be put a stop to altogether, and we should have to look to the north side only for removing the grain. Here again, with the enormous and continued traffic that is passing over it, the road is daily getting worse and worse, and it is hard to say what to do lest in trying to improve matters we put a stop to traffic altogether. At the new siding things did not look much more hopeful. The bank of new earth intended for the platform had become saturated, and from there being no revetment wall and no drain, the surplus water had found its way across the space left for the road, which had not up to that time been metalled, and cut away deep channels into the cutting on the opposite side of it. I have since received Government of Bengal's letter No. 437T.F., dated the 13th instant, forwarding copy of extracts from its letter to the Government of India, and on receipt of the telègram therein referred to will do my best to carry out the instruction therein contained,

whatever they may be, but I would here beg to point out that the whole of the work which has to be done is within the railway premises which have their frontage, a very broad one, on to our main road leading through the bazar. The Railway Company let the time slip for the completion of the work, and now it will be very hard, if not impossible, to make up for lost time. However, as I said before, as soon as I get my instructions I will do any best to carry them out.

4. The following are the prevailing prices of food-grains in the principal markets of this

	Rice, best.	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Maize.	Barley.	Gram.
	s, c.	s. c.	S. C.	S. C	s. c.	S. C.
Patna	. 12 8	14 0	17 0	17 0	19 8	20 8
Barh	0.0	10 0	13 8	14 8	16 0	17 U
· Behar	. 9 12	10 8	13 0	16 0	19 0	16 8
Dinapore	. 10 0	11 12	16 0	16 O	•••	18 • 8

The rates prevailing in the interior of the Sudder and Dinapore sub-divisions are as follows:-

Than	na.		Common	rice.	W	ıcat.	Bar	le y .	Ma	ize.	Gr	am.
			S.	C.	S.	C.	8.	C.	S.	C.	8.	C.
Bickram	•••		11 to 11	8	14	0	19	0 •	17	8	17	O
Mosoures	•••	•••	10 to 11	0	14	0	18	0	16	8	17.	8
Monair	•••	•••	10	0	14	0	18	0	17	0	17	0
Behta	• • •		11	0	14	8	16	8	17	0	18	0

5. During the past fortnight we have had good rain generally throughout the district, and though each individual fall has been very partial, they have been in such quick succession in one part of the district or another that each part has had a fair share. At head-quarters the reported fall has been 1.51, though within a very few miles of it, or indeed less than that, I have reason to believe that more than double that quantity has fallen. At Dinapore the fall is said to have been 2.20, at Barh 2.81, and at Behar 1.82. We have thus all over the district had sufficient rain to allow of work in the fields being commenced upon, and the sowing of the bhadoi crops and broadcast paddy is going on everywhere. In some places the Indian-corn and morooa seeds sown with the first rain have already germinated, and the young plants are some two or three inches high. There is no doubt that the fall of prices generally in the city may be attributed to this early fall of rain and to the consequent improved state of agricultural prospects, more than to the large importations of grain from the north-west, the bulk of which finds its way across the river. On this subject the subdivisional officer of Behar writes as follows:-

"According to local custom, no ploughman ploughs his field during this fortnight, or as long as the influence of the Mirgisra star lasts. Many have stuck to the prejudice, but so great has been the desire to profit by the early rains, which were so scarce last season, that notwithstanding the local prejudice many ryots have commenced sowing makie. In fact the plants have come up 3 inches in some fields. In most places cheena has been reaped. In five to ten days more the whole will have been cut."

6. The condition of the people is reported as favorable from every part of the district, and now that they can find employment in the fields, it is to be hoped that they will leave our

relief works and return to their agricultural pursuits.

No cases of misery or starvation have been brought to light except in the Dinapore subdivision, whence the sub-divisional officer reports: "Six cases of misery or starvation have been brought to my notice up to date; they are being relieved by private charity. They are professional beggars." Captain Hopkinson, I am of opinion, may congratulate himself on not being able to find more than six beggars in his sub-division.

.7. Though only one case of grain theft was reported by the district police during the fortnight, and that of a petty nature, numbers are being sent up almost daily-by the railway police. These thefts are for the most part perpetrated by the coolies employed in removing the

grain, and I must say that the temptation thrown in their way is very great.

8. I annex herewith the crime statement prescribed by the Government order of the 20th December last for the last month, which shows 199 cases against 102 in 1873 and 160 in 1872.

9. Two hundred and thirty-nine emigrants were registered in this office during the fortnight for the Natal colony, whereof 82 belonged to this district, 70 to Gya, 21 to Shahabad, 9 to Sarun, 3 to Tirhoot, and 54 to the North-Western Provinces and Oude.

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

10. The subjoined statement will show the number of laborers employed on our several relief works during week ending the 6th instant, regarding which the latest return has been received. Sudder Sub-Division.

•			Average daily No.
Road No. 9, from Bankipore to Mohabullypore	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	983
" " 11, from Nowbutpore to Mosowrhee	•••	•••	351
" ,, 12, from Durweshpore to Bichram	•••	•••	325
" " 22, from Dinapore to Nowbutpore	•••	•••	293
" ,, 24, from Ranipore to Mohabullypore	•••	•••	159
" " 23, from Ekanger Serai to Mosowrhee	• •••	•••	729
•	Total		2,840

Rash Su	b-Divisio	n .		Average daily No.
				' 01
No. 17, Mokameh railway station to	the river	Dank .	•••	· 21
,, 15, Futwa to Burhiea	•••	• • •	•••	1,886
,, 30, Mokameh to Surmeyra	•••	•••	•••	169
		Total	•••	1,526
•		•		-
• Behar Su	b-Divisio	n.		
No. 29, Futwa to Behar	•••	•••	• • •	2,246
,, 31, Bucktearpore to Raneebagh	•••	•••	•••	4,932
36, Behar to Asthwan	•••	•••	•••	1,880
" 37, Raggir to Girrick	•••		•••	1,250
" 38, Futwa to Raneebagh	•••	•••	•••	1,486
		Total	•••	11,794
• Dinapore	Sub-Divis	ion.		
No. 10, Phoolwaree to Surowdha		•••		428
,, 13, Monair to Pures		•••		127
" 14, Monair to Bihta	•••	•••	•••	131
		Total	•••	686

or a grand total of 16,846, consisting of 5,525 men, 8,869 women, and 2,452 children, against 18,477 in the previous week, and 17,453 in the week before, as shown in paragraph 11 of my last narrative. The number of laborers has, I believe, considerably fallen since, and will doubtless continue to fall.

Though I have not at any time increased the rates of wages, and am still paying those employed on the roads the same wages as they have been accustomed to get in ordinary years, still there is no doubt that it is in excess of what they could expect to earn by ordinary labor in the fields; so that now that we have had a sufficiency of rain to allow a cultivation being commenced upon, I have issued strict orders on the officers in charge of the different works, through the Executive Engineer, to enquire from the land-owners and cultivators in the vicinity of each work whether they were in want of labor, and if they found that we were drawing away labor to the detriment of the former, to at once put a stop to the work. If unfortunately necessity arise, we can easily resume them, but I am in hope that once stopped we shall not require them again.

11. The following relief works had additional grants sanctioned for them during the fortnight:—

					Rs.
Road No. 29	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,000
Road No. 31		•••	•••	•••	5,000
Road No. 36	•••	•••	•••	•••	2, 00 0
			Total	•••	11,000

12. The average daily number of the laborers employed on the canal works in this district, during the fortnight ending the 2nd instant, was 4,633, against 8,931 during the previous fortnight, and the daily number of those employed on tank and embankment works in the Sudder sub-division was 1,039 against 1,549, reported in the last narrative. These works have now approached completion, and will in the course of ten or fifteen days be dispensed with.

C .- TRANSPORT OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

13. The subjoined statement will show the amount of food-grains imported into this district during the fortnight ending the 6th instant:—

	Rice.	Wheat, oats, and burley.	Maize.	Other grains.
By rail By river	93,856	146,254	33,734	215,962
By river	750	*****	•••••	.64 0
	0.4.00.0	140 054	00.504	010.000
Total	94,606	146,254	33,734	216,602

or a grand total of 491,196 maunds, of which 102,684 was Government grain and 388,512 made up the amount of private importation.

D.—STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

14. I had, as reported in my last narrative, directed the sub-divisional officer of Behar to make arrangements for the sale of Government grain to the laborers on the road, and had for the same purpose deputed one of my salt officers to Mussouree to the south and another to Paleegunge, to the south-west of 'the Sudder sub-division, but having since received the Government orders directing me to send all the grain which I could spare for use in Tirhoot,

I have recalled the officers deputed to the Sudder golahs, and also directed the sub-divisional officer of Behar to put a stop to all sales. I have already commenced despatching what I can spare in excess of the 25,000 maunds already sent, but I think it will be necessary for me to keep a small stock in hand at the two places mentioned above in the Sudder sub-division, and also at Behar for the present, to prevent the buniahs, thinking that they had it all their own way and could raise their rates as it pleased them.

own way and could raise their rates as it pleased them.

15. I have received Government orders to receive 75,000 maunds of grain from Gya, and of it to despatch 40,000 to Tirhoot, keeping the remaining 35,000 as a reserve in the Bankipore golahs. I am making arrangements for the transport of the grain by boats to

Konoi Ghaut at Hajeepore, Bunker Ghaut having been done away with.

E .- Advances to Private Parties.

16. None during the fortnight. All the advance-holders for the purchase of grain have sent money to the Punjab for importing grain and replenishing their stock to the full.

	F.—UHA	RITABLE RELIEF.				
17.	None in this district.					
		NCIAL RESULTS.		Rs.	A.	P.
18.	As per account already rendered	•••	•••	2,41,803	5	11
	During to	he fortnight.		•		
	Paid to the municipal overseer for	the transport of	grain			
	to Tirhoot			340	1	6
	Office contingencies	***	•••	26	$\bar{2}$	6
	Paid to Nazir on account of th	e halting chare			-	•
	Government carts	,,,		654	8	0
	Cost of telegraphic messages	•••	•••	14	ŏ	Ö
	Copt of total There Transfer	•••	•••			
		Total		1,034	12	0
	Fodder Accoun					
	Paid to the fodder clerk Mohou		Dav			
	for May			20	0	0
	Paid to Juddoo Roy on account of	the price of fode	ler	5,974	5	10
	To ditto ditto on account of the			3,819		
	To Deputy Collector of Barh to set			1,375		Ŏ
	To Jaisee Roy on account of the p			15		Ŏ
	To Paryag Singh on account of			20		•
	fodder from Dugha to Champta			629	7	3
	To Sookhoye Ram on account of the			330	Ö	ő
	To cooking of Lumi on account of the	20 price of 1,000	Dugo			
		Total	•••	12,164	4	8
		Grand total	•••	2,55,002	6	7

PATNA.

Statement showing the Number of true Cases of Daccity, Robbery, Theft, and House-breaking, for the month of May 1874, as called for by Government No. 4801, dated 20th December 1873, forwarded with Magistrate's No. 2943, dated 26th idem.

		p.	atna District.
		•	Bella 171801166
•••		•••	0
			0
•••	43		0
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			9.
		•••	~ 0
•••		•••	2 2 0
•••		•••	U
•••		•••	108
		•••	43
	•	•••	59
			89
•••		•••	57
•••		•••	101
•••	•	•••	101
			100
•••		•••	199
•••		•••	102
•••			160
			-

PATNA POLICE OFFICE, The 8th June 1874. H. M. RAMSAY, Captain,

District Supdt. of Police.

No. 890F, dated Gya, the 15th June 1874.

From-A. V. PALMER, Esq., Collector of Gya,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my report on scarcity and relief in the Gya district for the fortnight ending Saturday, 13th June.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The bazars continue to be sufficiently supplied. In Atrungabad sub-division the importations have gradually been decreasing,* but to no great extent. This is, as stated in my lag; report, attributable chiefly to the great demand for carriage in all parts of the sub-divisional officer that he has, after enquiry, satisfied himself that there is no want of stock; and that importation every year becomes slack at this season, when every laborer and bullock is more usefully employed in agricultural pursuits.

- 3. The firmness of prices as indicated in the price-current supports this view, and I have no reason to think the state of the sub-division to be otherwise than normal.
- 4. The annexed statement shows the comparative prices of food at the principal marts in the district:—

	WBI	KAT.	Bar	LBY.	RICE, BI	est sort.	Rice, co	MUON.	Mit	LET.	MAIZE.	GRA	M.
BAZARS.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June.	Weck ending 30th May.	Week ending 13th June. Weck ending 30th	Week ending 13th June.	Week ending 30th May.
	s. c.	8. C.	8. C.	s. c.	8. C.	8. C.	8. C.	s. c.	8. C.	8. C.	8. C. S.	& C.	8. C.
Gya	11 12	11 8	16 N	15 8	8 4	8 0	9 0	9 0			14 0 13	15 0	14 0
Nowada	18 8	12 0	17 0	18 0			9 12	11 0	17 0	15 0	14 0 13	16 12	11 8
Jehanabad	13 0	13 0	16 0	16 4	9 0	8 12	98	10 0			15 0 14	15 8	15 0
Aurungabad	13 8	13 4	17 0	17 4	9 12	10 0	10 8	10 12	•••••	17 0	16	15 4	13 6
Daoodnuggur	13 0	13 8	18 0	18 0	10 0	10 0	10 8	11 0	•••••	17 0		15 8	16 0

Rice has slightly risen, but other grains have declined, and no interference on the part of Government is necessary so long as other food-grains are plentiful and cheap. Prices continue firm.

- 5. Rain began to fall from 1st June, i.e., about three weeks before it was expected. It has been most acceptable after the long drought, extending almost without intermission from February last.
 - 6. I append in the margin the rain reported at sub-divisional head-quarters during the past fortnight.

- 8. Rice and the bhadoi crops are being sown. The Mirgissa Nakshattar (or first week after rain begins to fall, during which time all Behar husbandmen consider it most inauspicious to touch the land) having expired, agricultural operations are being vigorously pursued, and it is a matter of astonishment to find the cattle in such good condition. From what I have been able to learn, I attribute this to the great demand there has been throughout the season of drought for carts and cattle, and the very handsome manner in which the owners have been paid, thus enabling them to live comfortably themselves and to provide food for their cattle.
- 9. I am thankful to be able to reiterate that the condition of the people in this district remains good. I have, during the past fortnight, received a large accession to my executive staff in the shape of 6 tehsildars, 4 moonserims, and 2 overseers. The moonserims have since returned to divisional head-quarters.
- 10. These officers have been employed in a village to village visitation, and the result hitherto has been highly satisfactory. The tehsildars are intelligent officers, and are doing their work to my satisfaction. The Sudder sub-division, including Sherghotty, I am having thoroughly well tested.
 - 11. No cases of misery or starvation have been reported in any part of the district,
 - 12. I append a statement of crime which speaks for itself.

Statement showing the number of true cases of dasoity, robbery, theft, and house-breaking, in the Gya district. for the month of May 1874, as compared with the number of such cases in the corresponding month of May 1873 and 1872.

	D	ACOIT	Y.	R	OBBER	T.		THEFT	·.		Ho	USE-R	RBAKI	NG.				
	and	ings N 81 of (urn Al	Orime	and	ling No 88 of (urn Al	Crime	of C	ling N rime li xcludi theft.	eturn	1	Headin	ng 35 an Retu	nd 42 o irn Al.	f Crim	10		tal of crimes	
BUB-DIVISION.										18	74.	18	73.	18	72.	<u> </u>		
	May 1874.	May 1873.	May 1872.	May 1874.	May 1873.	May 1872.	May 1574.	May 1873.	May 1872.	With theft.	Without theft.	With theft.	Without theft.	With theft.	Without theft.	May 1874.	May 1873.	May 1872.
Gya	2	3	2	1			45	27	21	21	41	25	78	21	40	110	1 33	8
Jehanabad		1					12	7	4	5	26	4	19	8	18	43	81	2
Nowada	1		1		1		24	8	6	15	44	11	24	8	12	81	45	צי
badāgnunA						1	11	6	6	19	22	9	22	6	9	52	37	
Total	3	4	8	1	1	1	02	48	87	60	138	49	143	33	79	289	245	15

Comparative Statement of Crime in which Grain was stolen in the Gya District for the month of May 1814 as compared with those of corresponding months of 1872.

	THEFT IN WHICH OB 11N WAS STOLEN, SECTIONS \$79 AND 380.					-	lors	E-BRKAK STOL	HOUSE BREAKING IN WHICH GRAIN WAS	HICH G	RAIN WA				Tot	TOTAL OF ALL CRIMES.	L CRIMB	až		
BA. 10 and belov Ba. 30.	Above Rs. 10 and below Rs. 30.	nd belov	ie.	ΦP	Above Rs. 30.	-	τp	Cp to Rs. 10.	 	ove Rs.	Above Rs. 10 and below Rs. 30.	elow	Lp to	Up to Rs. 10.	Abo	Above Bs. 10 and below Bs. 30.	and belo		Above Rs. 80.	98
				1874.	1873.	1872.	1874. 1673.		1872. 1	1874. 1	1673. 1673.	-	1874 18	1673. 1872.	2. 1674.	1873.	1872	1874	1678.	1872
	_	_		61		-	-					-		- s		-	<u> </u>	64		-
		~					i	-	-				4	61		-	, pel		!	<u> </u>
				-	i	•	<u></u>	Ħ					4	ь				-	•	:
-	-	-		•		i				61		:		<u></u>		61		-		
20	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	8				∞	-	89			12	=	6	m	69	**		

Orime is not even up to the average in the Sudder and Jehanabad sub-divisions, and in

Nowada and Aurungabad it has but very slightly increased.

18. I still continue to think that there is no deficiency of seed-grain. Several applications have been made by needy ryots, but on inquiry it has generally turned out that the applicants are men of straw, and in many cases having no lands; and in others they have abused their zemindars' confidence on former occasions, and that they belong to that class of tenantry, who never act fairly by their lands.

14. Where a ryot is bond fide in want of seed-grain, his zemindar will, as a rule, if it be

necessary, supply it; and the fact of zemindars having held back in taking advances for this purpose from Government, is fair evidence that there is no great pressure from want of seed-

grain in the district.

B.—Relief Works.

15. I annex a statement of relief works.

Many on Manys		On Pra	CE-WORK.	1		OR DAIL:	WAGES.	
Name of Works.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
1. Daoodnuggur road	223	26		219		Ī		
2. Surbubda road	•••				308	438	28	774
3. Bela and Khidur Serai road	647	471	113	1,231				
4. Purava road	1,099	596	275	1,970	•••••		l	
5. Sherghottty and Myapore road*	410	326	230	966				
6. Ditto and Imamgunges,	233	209	102	514				}
7. Pukree Borwan	1,535	471	580	2,586	298	1,185	486	1,969
8. Gobindpore road	1,028			1,028	182	1,559	561	2,302
9. Behar and Rujowlee, collection of metal.	772	1,205	17	1,994	2,205	8,118	4,317	14,64
O. Warishgunge road	636	221	116	973	1130	2,885	814	4,829
1. Jehanabad and Hoolasgungeroad	1.567	2,149	196	3,912	103	242		34
2. Obra road	260	107	81	451	295	88	67	45
8. Myabigha and Ruffigunge road	818	693	217	1,526	143	313	40	52
4. Aurungabad tank					59	257	9	1 32
5. Maharajgunge road	******			••••	1,940	2,081	1,223	5,24
6. Kootoomba road					321	200	125	64
Total	9,026	6,474	1,930	17,430	6,983	17,396	7,670	82,04

Grand total Daily average

49,479 3,534

16. It will be observed that the numbers of laborers have slightly increased during this fortnight, the number being 49,479 against 40,060 in preceding fortnight. There are two

additional works in the present statement, as marked with an asterisk.

17. This statement shows 17,430 persons engaged on work, which is paid for by result, against 32,049 paid by daily wage. This is an improvement on the preceding fortnight, which showed 12,228 on "piece-work" against 27,832 on "daily wage."

18. There are two additional works in the preceding fortnight, which showed 12,228 on "piece-work" against 27,832 on "daily wage."

18. There are two additional works in the preceding fortnight, which showed 12,228 on "piece-work" against 27,832 on "daily wage."

road, which affords employment to a very large number of women and children, and to men who are unfitted for harder work. If we omit this work in the calculation, we have for the present fortnight 15,436 on piece-work, against 17,409 on daily wage.

19. This is an improvement, but not a sufficient one to satisfy me, and I trust to reduce

the proportion of daily payments very considerably.

20. Laborers are being paid in grain and in pice, which are exchanged for Government grain on the works. I hope to be able to annex a statement showing the realisations by sale of grain to laborers. Grain is nowhere looked upon as a boon by the laborers, notwithstanding the favorable rates at which it is sold to them. They would infinitely prefer payment in coin.

In some cases a gang will bring eight days' food-supply with them from their village.

21. As promised in paragraph 48 of my last report, I submit a statement showing the cash expenditure on each relief work, and the amount recouped by sale of Government grain.

Statement of Laborers, their wages, and amount recouped by sale of Government Grain for the fortnight ending 6th June 1874.

Name of Wor	K.			Number of laborers.	Amount in wag		Recouped by sale of Govern- ment grain,	REMARKS.
					Rs. A	s. P.	Rs. As. P.	
Puraya road, Katari end	•••			638	49	4 8	Nil	Sale commenced from 9t
Ditto, Puraya ,,		•••		1,832		0 0	55 14 1	June.
Surbuhda road	•••	•••		774	61	8 4	77 7 0	
Bela and Khizer Serai road	•••			1,231	125 1	12 11	Nil	
Sherghotty and Myapore road		•••		966	7 ,,,	1 6	47.14 0	1
Ditto and Imamgunge road	•••	•••	•••	544	§ 110	1 6	47 14 0	
Aurungahad tank	•••	•••	••	325		0 0	n	1
Obra road	•••		•••	450		12 0	11	l
Maharajgunge road	•••	•••	•••	5,244	380	2 3	408 10 3	1
Kootoomba	• • • •	•••	•••	646	53 1	13 6	1)	
Myabigha and Ruffigunge road	•••		•••	526		0 3	IJ	1
Warisgunge road	•••			5.803	426		82 3 6	1)
Pnkrie Barwan ,,	•••	•••	•••	2,257	176 1		28 7 9	(Sales during the wee
Gobindpore "	•••	•••	•••	8,330	,	5 6	Nil	ending 6th June.
Behar and Rujowlee road	•••	•••	•••	16,631	1,176	15 8	66 7 4	D
	Total	•••	•••		3,044	6 0	749 2 2	

On the Bela and Khizer Serai road the laborers declined to buy the Government grain. They have since been informed that, unless they do, payment will be made them in grain only, instead of pice. As the works proceed, and the system of payment in Government grain gets better understood, the expenditure of Government grain will increase.

22. I may mention that I anticipate a very great falling off in laborers by next fortnight, in consequence of the agricultural necessities of the season.

C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

23. The following importation statement will show reported imports:-

Bazars.	Wheat,	Barley.	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common.	Millet.	Maize.	Gram	Total.
Gya	493	. 175	122	1,609		•••••	431	2,830
Nowada Jeharabad	30 300	 45	175	$\begin{array}{c} 40 \\ 225 \end{array}$	135	····75	40 225	110 1,180
Aurungabad	150	111111	31	338			145	664
Daoodnuggur	1,100	125	340	280		••••	130	1,975
Total	2,073	345	668	2,492	135	75	971	6,759

The total importations amount to 6,759 maunds, against 5,656 maunds in preceding fortnight. The increase has been general, except at Daoodnuggur, in the Aurungabad sub-division.

- 24. The importations at the sudder station bazar are 2,830 maunds, against 2,084 maunds in preceding fortnight.
- 25. Means of transport at this season of the year are very insufficient. This is owing to all agricultural oxen being engaged in ploughing up the country, and it is only the regular carrier-traders who have carts and bullocks available. I don't apprehend that this state of things will improve for some time to come.
- 26. I should be glad if Sir Richard Temple sees his way to supplying me with some Government transport to convey 75,000 maunds of grain recently ordered to Patna.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS. .

27. The selected storage places are as follow:-

	•	Storage centres.				Quantity.	Total.
<i>Gуп</i>	,		•••			29,851	
Bela		•••		•	•	3,012	
Sherghotty	•••	•••	• • •	•••	`	4,279	
Uttree	•••	•••		•••		3,930	
Bhelooa Chutti		•••		• • •		991	
Tuccaree		•••				2,004	
Futtehpore	•••			•••	•	991	
Imamgunge	•••	•••	•••	•••		1,435	
	•••	•••		•••	-		46,493
Jehanabad					·	14,900	10,100
Urwul	•••	•••		•••		6,958	
Gundhor	;	•••	•••			3,059	
Kinjur	•••	•••	•••	•••	1	1,945	
Hoolosgunge	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,000	
Khazi Serai	•	•••	•••	•••	•••	993	
1x11a21 Sciai	•••	•••	•••	•••	_	30.5	29,855
Nowada						21,460	29,000
Kadirgunge		•••	•••	***	•••	2,814	
Radiigunge Pukree Borwan			•	•••	•••		
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,182	
Rujowlee	•••	•••	***	•••	•••	3,992	
Warisligunge	•••	•••	•••	•••	• •••	2,002	~~ 4~4
		•			-	10,000	35,45 0
Aurungabad	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	18,869	
Ruffigunge	•••	• • •	•••	•••		3,968	
Kootoomba	•••	•••	•••	• • •		2,997	
Ver		•••		•••		4,556	
.11.			•	•••		4.97	35,364

- 28. The Aurungabad sub-divisional officer has experienced great difficulty in getting transport from Bihta station, notwithstanding that he has raised the rates to 8 annas per maund. Of the 5,000 maunds lately sent to Bihta from North-Western Provinces, he has stored 1,640 maunds and 1,750 maunds are in transit, leaving 1,610 maunds at the station.
- 29. This I have directed my agent to forward to the Collector of Patna for transmission to north of the Ganges.
- 30. I annex statement showing the storage and consumption of Government grain for the fortnight ending 13th-June 1874.
- . 31. It will be observed that, whilst I have preserved the form of statement as prescribed by Government, I have amplified some of the columns, so that the direction in which the expenditure has been incurred may be seen at a glance.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Gya District for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

•	gance		eceived	TOTAL QUANTITY OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE.					
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Dates for which figure are given.	Total allotment.	Total quantity received and stored.	By sale to the public or laborers.		By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By payment in kind.	Total.	Estimate of expendi- ture during ensuing fortnight.
	:			Public.	Laborers.	To relief committee.	Public.		
Gya	12th June	51,000	40, 193	4,305	249	261		4,815	3,000
Nowada	10th ,,	33,000	35,450	396	55	33		484	300
Johanabad	11th "	30,000	29,855	696	· 19	71		816	500
Aurungabad	9th	40,500	35,361	399	138	67	117	721	500
	Total	154,500	147,162	5,796	491	132	117	6,834	4,300

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

32. First, to deal in grain.—These applications have been put a stop to by Government Order No. 3369-S.R., paragraph 4.

Second, for land improvement.—During the fortnight only one advance (for a pucca well) has been granted in the Jehanabad sub-division.

33. I annex a statement showing number of applications made up to date and how dealt with:—

						the	ations isly. appli		NUMBER DISPOSED OF.					
\$	30B- 1		ons.	•	-	Number of applications received during the fortnight.	Number of applications received previously.	Total number of a cations received.	Applications granted.	Rejected or with- drawn.	Reported to Commissioner.	Returned.	Total disposed of.	Pending.
Gya						2	32	34	9	25			34	
Aurungabad	•••			•••		••••	80	80	38	40	2		80	
Jehanabad		•••	•••		•••		80	80	49	31			80	
Nowada	•••		•••	•••	•••	29	18	47	•	80			34	13
				Total	•••	31	210	941	100	120	2		228	13

F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

. 34. In my last report I stated very fully what had been done from the commencement of operations, and what was being done in the matter of charitable relief. It will only, therefore, now be necessary for me to report the transactions of the past fortnight.

35. I may mention that the late bi-monthly (now monthly) statement and report furnished to the Central Relief Committee at Calcutta give all details. The annexed statement will show the number of persons relieved during the fortnight ending 12th June:

Sub-	-DIVISIO	Ns.		В.	c.	D,	Total.	Daily average.
Gya	•••	•••		5,702	343	8	6,053	432
Nowada	***	•••		2,016	9	•••••	2,025	144
Jeha nabad	•••			1,628	8	••••	1,636	117
Aurungabad	•••	•••	• • •	4,584	707	21	5,312	377
,	,	Total		13,930	1,067	29	15,026	1,070

36. A fresh relief-house has been opened at Bela.

37. It is anticipated that the number will increase under heading C of the Central Committee's circular. Under heading D, I continue to expect very few applications for relief, and there is no doubt that the country is being thoroughly searched for such cases.

33. The tehsildars were first sent out on a trial trip to become acquainted with their work, and when I had satisfied myself that they understood what I wished them to do, I

distributed them throughout the district.

Expenditure shown in last report

39. Each sub-division has now a supervisor and deputy supervisor, mainly employed in seeking out fit subjects for relief.

G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

The total expenditure as per last narrative (31st May) amounted to Rs. 1,13,145-5-3. During the fortnight under notice the following expenditure has been incurred:-

		Ks.	A.	P.
Salary of famine clerk for Ma	35	0	0	
Paid to Poonie Saho to deal i	500	0	0	
Paid to Bikum Singh	100	0	0	
	Total	635	0	0
	Abstract.			
Establishment		35	0	0
Advance to private parties	•••	500	0	0
Ditto for land improveme	nt	100	0	0

No. 444—F., dated Arrah, the 15th June 1874.

Grand total

1,13,145 5

1,13,780 5

From-H. W. ALEXANDER, Esq., Collector of Shahabad,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my fourteenth narrative, for the fortnight ending the 13th June.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or scarcity of supply in the Bazars.

No scarcity of supplies is reported in the markets from any part of the district.

Kinds and prices of Grain selling at one or more specified principal Marts.

In Appendix A full particulars in regard to prices and kinds of grain selling at the chief marts in the district are given.

.In the Arrah sub-division, as compared with the last return, at Arrah, Bendowlia, and Saha, prices have slightly risen, in Jugdispore there has been a fall in the price of wheat and barlev.

In the Buxar sub-division the prices have remained on the whole steady, and are not unfavorable.

In the Sasseram sub-division the prices have slightly risen in Sasseram, Dehree, and Sheogunge, have remained steady at Akberpore, and fallen in Chennary.

In the Bhubhoon sub-division the prices continue generally steady.

Rainfall.

At Arrah during the fortnight under report the rain-gauge has registered 8.48 inches, and rain appears to have fallen in most parts of the head-quarters sub-division.

From Buxar, rain is reported to have set in fairly on Tuesday last.

A rainfall of 2.09 inches has been reported at head-quarters in the Sasseram subdivision, and 1.11 in the Bhubooah sub-division. In these two sub-divisions the rain appears to have commenced from the beginning of the month, and to have continued in occasional showers up to the end of the fortnight.

At Arrah during the past week the rainfall has been unusually heavy.

Condition of the Crops.

Sugarcane and indigo have generally benefited by the late rain.

Since the 6th of June very little in the way of sowing has been carried on; on that date the Mirgissa Nakshattar commenced, and the natives of these parts have a superstitious dread of carrying on any agricultural operations during the first eight days of this Nakshattar. Previous to the 6th instant, during the Rohinee Nakshattar sowing in some places occurred. From this date (June 15th) bhadoi sowings will generally commence, the ground being nearly everywhere in a favorable condition for such sowings. In the table-land in the Sasseram sub-division both broadcast and nursery rice have been sown.

The mango crop is now being gathered, and may be considered a full average one.

Condition of the People.

There is no reputed change for the worse in the condition of the people since the date of the last narrative. No cases of actual misery and starvation have been brought to light. Small-pox still continues, but is on the decrease. From Sasseram, Mr. Evre reports—"I have during the last week been over a large tract of pergunnah Rohtas, high-land and low-land,—the condition of the people generally was satisfactory."

In the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions the grain-thefts have been so few as to call for no notice. Two burglaries and one house-theft occurred in the Sasseram sub-division during the fortnight under report. The burglaries (one of which was from the Sasseram golah, under police guards) were of over two maunds of grain each; the house-theft was of six seers.

Only one case is reported from the Bhubooah sub-division, of one mound of wheat.

In Appendix B is given the comparative statement of crimes called for in Government Circular No. 4081, dated the 20th December 1873 As compared with the corresponding period of 1872, there has been a marked increase of 91 cases, and of 1873, an increase of 49 cases; this increase is noticed in the offences of "cattle-theft" and of "house-trespass and house-breaking with intent to commit theft."

B.—Relief Works.

For full particulars in regard to relief works in progress, and number of laborers employed on each, vide Appendix C.

Government grain has been sold to the laborers employed on these works; details in

regard to the amount so disposed of appear in a separate statement.

During the fortnight no fresh relief work has been started in the Arrah sub-division.

In the Buxar sub-division the chief work in progress is the cross-road from Saraya to Poorunda.

In regard to the Sasscram and Bhubooah sub-divisions, Mr. Eyre reports—"The work on the road between Hatta and Durowli has been the only relief work carried on during the fortnight. From the infermation gathered during my recent visit to Rohtas pergunnah, I conclude that no relief work is necessary in that locality for the present. Baboo Nund Lal Singh, a well-to-do zemindar, is constructing a stone dam across a mountain-stream, the Puteatee, near Purcha, which runs through his estate there. He is employing between 100 and 200 workmen, and will employ as many as come to the work. The workmen are being paid mostly in kind. This work affords work to all in need thereof, and there is no necessity for Government to undertake any."

The sale of grain to the laborers is being carried on on the Hatta Durowli road, Jehanabad-Khiree road, Jehanabad-Baraon road, and Jehanabad-Bhubooah road. It will be

extended to the Jehanabad-Mulhipore road this week.

C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

The statement of the private importations of grain by rail to the stations in the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions during the fortnight will follow.

The imports into the Sasseram sub-division during the fortnight were-

By rail	***	***	•••	1,282	maunds
By rail Interior	***	•••		2,437	,,
Exterior	•••		•••	3,153	11

These imports from the exterior are reported to be chiefly rice and gram from the Gurwa mart, in Palamow.

The imports into the Bhubooah sub-division during the fortnight amounted to-

		TIT (10)	Srs.
		94	25
		1,143	15
		1,028	25
Total		9 9 <i>RR</i>	25
,	F otal	Total	94 1,143 1,028

The imports into the Sasseram sub-division have thus again decreased, and those into Bhubooah again increased, in comparison with the previous fortnight, which showed a decrease and increase, respectively, as compared with the fortnight preceding it.

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

Mr. Eyre reports—"Maunds 5,127 have been stored during the fortnight of the grain which has arrived at Zumuneah, Buxar, and Doomraon from the North-Western Provinces. The rain has been so continued, and the river Kurrumnassa and Durgaoti being in flood, carts have experienced the greatest difficulty in getting along. I have accordingly directed the receiving clerks to store the grain at the delivery-stations until a break occurs.

the receiving clerks to store the grain at the delivery-stations until a break occurs.

"In all, up to date, of the 25,000 maunds, 20,603 maunds have been received at the delivery-stations. It is greatly to be regretted that this grain was not sent earlier; I anticipate great difficulty in getting it safely stored,—I proceed to Zumaneah as soon as possible to see to its security and arrange for the most rapid transport obtainable."

E .- Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

No advances have been made. In regard to this subject, the sub-divisional officer of Buxar remarks—"No fresh advances have been actually made in the fortnight, and I would notice that I am strongly impressed with the difficulty there will be in making sure that the money advanced either for the purchase of grain or improvements is fairly used in the way bargained for by Government. For instance, two men only, Suumber Ram and Ram Sarun Ram, have received from me Rs. 800 and Rs. 400, respectively, to purchase grain. I have called on them for their proofs that the money has been spent in the way specified in their agreements, by purchase from other districts: Ram Sarun Ram states that he bought his at Mirzapore, and brought it down by boat; he bought it from an agent of one of the large Mirzapore firms, but cannot give the man's name; the owner of the boat which brought it down lives somewhere in the east, and the boat has gone eastward. This is very vague and unsatisfactory. Suumber Ram states that he has had his grain sent from Delhi by rail. He is sorry he cannot show the receipt, because he has made it over to the station-master at Doomraon; enquiries have been made, but the station-master says he can trace no such grain, and I have to make further enquiries. I will send a separate report on this subject.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

In the Arrah sub-division the charitable relief operations are as follow:-

		HEADING I	3.		
		Cooked Food	<i>1</i> .		
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	211	215	426	852	57
Gurhanee	82	39	13	134	9
	293	254	439	986	66
		HEADING	C.		
		Rope-making	g.		
	Men,	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	278	68	•••••	346	23
(Jurhanee	•		received.		
Nonore			received.		
	S	pi n ning R eli	ef.		
	Men.	Women.	· Children.	Total.	Average.
Moulabag	•••	126	13	139	9
		Road-making	7.		
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah	260	216	66	542	36
		In-door Rela	ef.		
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
Arrah Town	45	735	45	825	55

	GRAND TO	TAL UNDER	HEADING C	,	
	Men. 583	Women. 1,145	Children. 124	Total. 1,852	Average. 123
		HEADING I	Э.		
	Grat	uilous Uncoo	ked Food.		
	Men,	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average
Moulabag	392	832	86	1,310	87
Gurhanee	•••	12	•••••	12	1
Total	392	844	86	1,322	88
	Gratuilo	ıs Distributio	m of Money.		
	Men.	Women,	Children.	Total.	Average.
A rrah	45	390	90	525	35
	GRAND TO	TAL UNDER	HEADING D		
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Average.
	437	1,234	176	1,847	123
GRAND TOTAL	1,313	2,633	739	4,688	312

During the fortnight the three supervising relief officers and the Canoongo have visited

Arrah circle Beheea ,, Peroo ,, Nonore ,,		22 villages. 21 ,, 39 ,, 15 ,,
	Total	97

In the Buxar sub-division the numbers relieved are as follow:-

HEADING B.

Cooked food.

Men. Women. Children. Total. Daily average.
Chousah ... 70 110 16 196 17

HEADING C.

Rope-making at Poor-house.

Chousah ... 44 44

Spinning Relief.

Women. Total. Chousah . 2 2

Total of persons under Heading C, 46.

HEADING D.

Gratuitous Uncooked Food.

	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Daily average.
Buxar	118	218	•••	336	24
Doomraon	56	56	•••	112	8
Nowanuggur	140	168		308	22
Chousah	380	868	220	1,468	133
Berhampore		112	•••	112	8

Total	694	1,422	220	2,336	195

Mr. Armstrong further reports that—"During the fortnight the Chousah poor-house has working for the Chousah thans. I have a very intelligent man in charge, and am satisfied that it is being worked properly, and I hope to have the Buxar and Saraya poor-houses working, as I stated in my last, from the 15th instant. Wali Mohamed, the Chousah relief inspector, has visited 95 villages during the fortnight, and is confident that everything is going on right. Illahi Bux, the Doomraon relief inspector, has visited 98 villages, and Hurjuthun Dubee, the new Buxar relief inspector, 90 villages, and they both report favorably also. They have all three got the names of the members of the committees and sub-committees resident in their respective thanas, and have been instructed to apply to the different members from time to time to know whether they have any fresh information to give."

The charitable relief operations in the Sasseeram and Bhubooah sub-divisions are—

HEADING B. Cooked Food.

Sasseram Kochus Bhubooah	 •••	Men. 244 45 225	Women. 268 17 411	Children72 . 28 .297	Daily average. 41 6.5 66.5
	-	514	696	397	114
	_				

Total number relieved under heading B, 1,607.

HEADING C.

Rope-making

		zope ma	cong		
		Men.	Women.	Total.	Average.
Sasseram	•••	561	•••	561	40
Kochus		28	•••	28	2 '
Bhubooah	•••	\dots 623	52	675	53 *
Chynepore	•••	29	•••	27	. 2
Mohunia	•••	•••	19	19	1.5

		1,339	71.	1,410	88· 5
				·	-
		Spinning	Relief.		
Sasseram	•••	•••	•••	408	
Bhubooah	• • •	•••	•••	165	
Chynepore	•••	•••	•••	179	**
Jehanabad	•••	•••	•••	14	
M ohunia	•••	•••	•••	13	>>
•				~~~	•
				779	
		Weaving 1	Relief.		•
Sasseram	•••	•••	•••	4	persons.
Bhubooah	•••	•••	•••	35	,,
			_	7 9	,,
		•			

Total of persons relieved under heading C during the fortnight, 2,268.

HEADING D. Gratuitous Uncooked Food.

			Men.	Women.	Children	Total,
Sasseram	•••	•••	13	·127	${f 2}$	142
Dinareh	•••	•••	•••	20	•••	20
Akberpore	•••	•••	•••	5	•••	5
Bhubooah	•••	• • •	15	13	•••	28
Mohunia	•••		1	•••	•••	1
Chynepore	•••	•••	3	• • •	. 1	4
Chand .	•••	•••	1	14	1	16
		•	33	179	4	216

Mr. Eyre further reports that—"The supervising relief officers of Dungair Nokh, in Sasseram, and of Ramgurh Bhubooah, in Bhubooah sub-division, have submitted their reports up to the 8th current. In the first sub-division, 73 villages more had been visited and 45 persons. In Bhubooah 114 villages had been visited and 82 persons. The supervisors of Sasseeram and Durgaoti circles have not sent in their reports as yet.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P.

82,448

Total expenditure from the district and sub-treasuries, as shown in the last narrative, full details of which were therein given

Expenditure during the fortnight under repo	rt.					
In the Arrah sub-division—		A,	P.	$\mathbf{Rs.}$	Α.	p
Repairs of Sahar golah	. 3	8	0	2001		••
,, of Sundais ,,	_	13	6			
,, of Powna and Ageeaon golahs	. 2		0			
" of Gurhanee golah	. 3		6			
,, of Burdiha ,,	. 1	14	0			
Expenditure incurred in taking out bagas for removing white	e		•			
ants at Sahar golah		12	0			
In the Buxar subsdivision—	_			30	4	0
Advanced to Gopi Roy for the stacking of oat-straw purchase	d				_	•
by Government	. 50	0	0			
Advanced to Dusruth Lal, golah-keeper of Saraya, for repair						
of golah	. 20	0	0			
Advanced to Ramruttun Lal, golah-keeper of Sarenja golah, fo		•	Ī			
repairs of golah	. 20	0	()			
Advanced to Rughoonath Pershad Itaree, golah-mohurrir, fo	r	•	•			
repairs of golah	. 20	0	0			
Advanced to Ramsurun Lal, Mr. Eyre's kotegusht, for expense		·	v			
relative to the carriage of grain	. 50	0	0			
Paid to Tupsee for golah rent for May 1874	7	_	ŏ			
Advanced to Amanut Khan, ghat manjhee, on account		v	Ü			
dognatching out strong to Champto what	. 125	0	0			
Advanced to the Sub-Deputy Collector for current expenses.		12	3			
In the Sasseram and Bhubooah sub-divisions—	. ~	1.0	o	294	10	3
Paid to clerk, Durgaoti, for the repairs of Durgaoti depôt	15			204	1 ŵ	J
Purchase of service labels		_	0			
Paid to Bani Madhub, clerk at Zumuniah, for contingencies.	. 10		0			
Paid to clerk at Durgaoti for contingencies			0			
Paid to Shunkar Sahaa katamaht Daamraan far contingencies	. 25		0			
Paid to Shunker Sahae, kotegusht, Doomraon, for contingencie			0			
Paid to Ram Surun Lal, kotegusht, Buxar, ditto	. 50		0			
Paid to Buksbi, Bhubooah, for carriage of grain to relief work			0			
	. 34		0			
	. 25		0			
	. 10	0	0			
Paid to station-master, Zumuniah, railway fare for the tran		,	^			
port of grain	. 10		0			
Paid carriage of grain from Ahroura road to Zumuniah	. 158		0			
Purchase of foolscap-paper for the use of office			6			
Paid to Nazir for the purchase of country paper			0			
Purchase of service labels	. 5	14	6			
Paid to Mohit Roy, ryot of Selary, for the purchase of 1 bulloc			0			
Paid to Bani Roy, ditto ditto	. 15		0			
Paid to Mohit Roy, ryot of Selary, for the purchase of grain .		13	0			
Paid to Bani Roy, ditto ditto .	_	13	0			
Carriage of grain		6	0			
Paid to Gouri Roy, ryot of Selary, for the purchase of bullock	cs 40	0	0		_	
				632	10	0
Total expenditure during the fortnight				1,227	10	3
and and and and and and and and and and			••	1,~~1	. 0	
Grand total to end of fortnight			••	3 3,670	15	U

APPENDIX A. Price-current at the Principal Marts up to the Fortnight ending the 30th May 1874.

DIVISION.	Marts.	Wheat.	Rico.	Gram.	Peas.	Maizo.	Barley.	Bajra.
		. s. c.	8. C.	s. c.	8. C.	s. v.	8. C.	s, c.
ARRAH {	1. Arrah 2. Bindowlia 3. Sahar 4. Jugdispore	14 4 13 12 14 0 15 0	11 0 10 12 10 8 11 0	18 4 16 4 17 0 18 0	17 0 16 4 17 0 18 0	17 8 16 4 18 0 18 0	18 4 18 0 19 0	17 0
BUXAR {	1. Buxar 2. Doomraon 3. Rughoonathpore 4. Chousah	14 0 15 0 15 8 15 0	12 0 11 0 11 0 11 0	18 0 19 0 19 0 18 8	18 0 17 0 17 4 17 0	16 0 	19 0 19 0 19 0 19 0	16 8 16 0
BARRERAM {	1. Sasseram 2. Dehri 3. Chennary 4. Akberpore	14 8 14 4 14 8 15 0	11 0 11 0 11 8 11 0	17 0 16 8 17 8 15 0	17 0 17 0 17 4 15 0	17 0 	17 0 17 0 17 8 20 0	
Вичвооди	1. Bhubooah 2. Jehanabad 3. Durgawntti 4. Chynepore 6. Hatta	14 8 14 0 15 0 14 0 15 0	10 12 11 0 13 0 10 0	17 8 17 0 18 0 18 0	17 8 17 0 19 0 18 0 17 0	•••	18 0 18 0	15 0

APPENDIX B.

Comparative Statement of Crimes, as per Government Circular No. 4081, dated the 20th December 1873.

DACOITY-				
Headings 30 and 31 of Month of May 1872 Crime Return A., Part I. Corresponding month of Ditto ditto			•••	3
Corresponding month of	1873	•••		3 8
Orime Return A., Part I. Ditto ditto	1874		• • •	
Robbery-				•
Handings 32 and 33 of (Month of May 1872		•••		•••
Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return A., Part I. Month of May 1872 Corresponding month of Ditto ditto	1873		•••	1 3
Ditto ditto	1874			3
Тнегт-				•
Heading 43, Crime Return (Month of May 1872		•••	•••	34
A., Part I, excluding Corresponding month of	1873	•••	•••	44
cattle-theft. Ditto ditto	1874		444	81
•		•••	•••	-
Heading 35 of Crime	_			
Return, Part I, lurk- Month of May 1872		•••	•••	32
ing house-trespass or > Corresponding month of	1873	•••	•••	63
house-breaking with Ditto ditto	1874	•••	•••	76
intent to commit theft.			•	
475 11 575 1080				-
(Month of May 1872		• • •	•••	69
Total of all three columns { Corresponding month of			•••	111
· (Ditto ditto	1874	3	• • •	160

APPENDIX C.

List of Relief-Works in the Shahabad District, and Laborers on them, during the Fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

Gudhani and Bilha road	NAMB	o y Wo	et.					Men.	Women,	Children.	Total.
Sample Saher and Arrah road		Yes	******								•
Rammugur road	•	SUB-DIV	VISION.				- 1	2.000			
### Paser Oracle ### Gudhani and Bihta road ### Claundwa tank ### Total ### 19,332	- W	•••					1				
Rearing of Chundwa tank Total 19,332 4,700 1,458 25,450	Peero road			•••]		835		8,091
BUXAB SUB-DIVENSOR. 1,688 2,685 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 2,135 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642 1,642	,, Gudhani and Bihta road										1,012
BUXAR SUB-DIVENOR. Latining P vanida and Sarya road						Total		19.232	4,769	1.458	<u> </u>
Asing P - wands and Sarrya road					•	20045			2,1 00	-,	
Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part Part	BUXAB S	SUB-DIV	mon.								
Total 5,074 3,830 1,642 9,552 BRUEBOOAR SUB-DIVISION. Raising Bbuboosh and Haita road	Raising P runda and Sarrya road	d		•••	•••	•••			2,665	1,642	9,125
### Total 5,074 9,830 1,642 9,565 #### BHUBOOAR SUB-DIVISION. #### BHUBOOAR SUB-DIVISION. ##### BHUBOOAR SUB-DIVISION. ###################################	Repairs B . Tar road						1				10 417
BHUBOOAR SUB-DIVISION. Raising Bhuboosh and Haita road	" Doomison and voobseda	r romu	***	•••	•••		- 1				
Caising Bhuboosh and Hasta road						Total	•••	5,074	2,830	1,042	9,552
Sample State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State State Sta	Внивоода	SvB-1	OIVIBIO	y .							
Khiree and Jehanabad road 16,993 11,940 3,171 32,10. Doorgautti and Hatts 3,496 2,303 648 6,344 Burroon and Jehanabad 7,000 5,537 1,367 10,511 Bhubooah and ditto 7,540 8,832 733 17,100 Bhugwanpore to Chynepore 8,092 4,860 165 8,994 Hatta to Durowli road 7,540 8,932 3,933 111 8,760 Total 39,550 37,712 6,114 83,700 Raising Khyra to Dehree road 1,247 579 Bickrum and Mohunia road 960 291 6318 63 64 Total 2,188 1,187 311 3,980 Total 2,188 1,187 311 3,980 Total 36,144 33,779 6,033 7,404 Burar 7,	Rejaing Rhuboosh and Weste road	-			***			437	208	50	785
Dorgawatti and Hatta	Khiree and Jehanabad	road					•••	16,993	11,940	3,171	32,104
## Blubocah and disto ## 7,540 8,833 733 17,10	" Dumoon and Johanahad	-									6,347 10,510
Total 39,850 37,712 6,114 83,701 SAMERAM SUB-DIVISION.	Bhubooah and ditto				•••	•••		7,540	8,832		17,104
Sasseram Sub-division	U-see to Dunomli mond	θ,,									8,760
Raising Khyra to Debree road						Total		39,850	37,712	6,114	83,708
Raising Khyra to Debree road											
### Bickrum and Mohunia road		Sub-d	IVI8101	T.				1045	F. P.O.		1.005
Total 2,188 1,187 311 3,68 Under D. P. W Arrah sub-division 16,255 4,020 1,049 21,32 Burst 4,18 2,065 1,643 9,12 1,049 21,32 Burst 35,134 35,779 6,033 71,98 6,033 71,98 6,033 71,98 6,033 71,98 6,033 71,98 71,927 8,069 248 3,04	Bickrum and Mohunia re	oad						680	291		1,219
Under D. P. W Arrah sub-division	Distance of Commence	,,	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	261	318	63	642
Under D. P. W Susseram "	•					Total	•••	2,188	1,187	311	3,686
Under D. P. W Susseram "											
Bhubocah Sasseram Bhubocah Sasseram Bhubocah Sasseram Bhubocah Sasseram Bhubocah Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram Sasseram	D		ision							1,049	21,324
Total 1,927 809 248 3,04		•									9,125 71,9 9 3
Under Sub-Divi- Surar		••	1								3,044
UNDER SUB-DIVI- Bluxar	•					Total	•••	58,134	41,333	8,972	108,439
UNDER SUB-DIVI- SIONAL OFFICERS. Blubcoah											
### Sasseram										1	4,135 427
Grand Total 8,210 5,171 583 13,96 Grand Total 66,314 46,504 9,555 122,40 a.—Numbbe of laborers em- { On piece-work 55,001 30,068 7,801 103,76 PLOYED UNDER D. P. W. { On daily wages 5,945 4,661 235 10,8 SIONAL OFFICERS. { On daily wages 2,265 510 348 3,13 c.—Under Court of Wards 66,344 46,504 9,555 122,40 Total on piece-work 61,936 44,620 836 114,60 Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80	SIONAL OFFICERS. Bhuboos	h						4,716	3,933	111	8,760
Grand Total 66,311 46,504 9,555 122,40 a.—Number of laborers em- { On piece-work	(Sasseram	1 	•••	•••	•••					_	642
### Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Company Co	•				G					-	
PLOYED UNDER D. P. W. On daily wages 2,143 1,365 1,171 4,67 5.—DITTO UNDER SUB-DIVI- {On piece-work 5,945 510 348 3,136. C.—Under Court of Wards					Gran	d Total	•••	00,311	48,504	8,000	132,400
PLOYED UNDER D. P. W. {On daily wages 2,143 1,365 1,171 4,67 b.—Ditto under Sub-divi- {On pieco-work 5,945 4,661 235 348 3,1 c.—Under Court of Wards Nil. Total 66,344 46,504 9,555 122,44 Total on piece-work 61,936 44,620 836 114,66 Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,86 Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,86	a.—Number of laborers bm- (On pic	ce-wor	k	•••	· ···	•••	55,991	39,968	7,801	103,760
### SIONAL OFFICERS. { On daily wages 2,265 510 348 3,15 ### C.—Under Court of Wards ### Total 66,344 46,504 9,555 122,40 ### Total on piece-work 61,936 44,629 836 114,60 ### Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80 ### Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80 ### Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80 ### Total on daily wages	PLOYED UNDER D. P. W.	On dai	ily wag	œ	•••			2,143	1		4,679
Total 66,844 46,504 9,555 122,40 Total on piece-work 61,936 44,629 836 114,60 Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80	5.—DITTO UNDER SUB-DIVI- SIGNAL OFFICERS.	On pie On da	ily wag	k es	••						10,843 3,123
Total on piece-work 61,936 44,620 836 114,60 Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80	c.—Under Court of Wards			•••	• ••		•••		' Ni	1.`	
Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80						Total	•••	66,344	46,504	9,555	122,403
Total on daily wages 4,408 1,875 1,519 7,80	•	To	tal on	piece	-work	•••		61,936	44,629	836	114,601
	•			•				·	1,875	1,519	7,809
• Grand Total 66,844 46,504 9,555 122,40		•		•	-			00.044	46,504	9,555	122,403

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Shahabad District for the fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

,		it of	_3 & 3	Total Quai		FERNMEN O DATE.	e Grain Con	TV, CEMBB	ensteing	d grain ex- re of the- fortnight.
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment Government grain	Total quantity or vernagent grains exclusive of transferred to districts.	By sale to the public or to laborers.		By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Retimeted graceints of the copts of the cornight.	Estimated grapenditure of ensuing fortm
(Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Ms. S. C.	Mds.	Mdq.	- Ms. S. C.	Mds.	Mds.
Arrah sub-divi-	13th June 1874	22,300 0 0	22,300 0 0	180 0 0	61 5 0	Nil.	Nil.	241 5 0	Nu.	200
Buxar sub-divi-	Ditto	20,935 18 4	20,935 18 4	172 7 4	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	172 7 4	Nil.	200
Sasseram and Bhubooah sub-	Ditto	40,000 0 0	29,079 0 0	492 14 15	96 86 3	10	Nil.	589 11 6	4,400	1,070
division.	Total	83,235 0 0	72,314 18 4	844 22 9	148 1 3	10	Nil.	1,002 23 10	4,400	1,470

H. W. ALEXACER, Collector.

No. 453F, dated Arrah, the 17th June 1874.

Memo. by-W. II. ALEXANDER, Esq., Collector of Shahabad.

Submitted to the Commissioner of Patna, in continuation of the narrative for the fortnight ending 13th June.

Statement of food-grain imported by rail during the fortnight ending the 13th June 1874.

Outwards.

		RICE.			t, Oat Barley			OWAR		DALL	AND G	BAM.	Отнві	R GRAI	N AND	Тот	AL.	TOTAL
Station.	ng.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Down.	Total.	τρ.	Down.	Total.	Up.	Боwп.	GRIND T
Arrah								338	338								338	88
Behees			•••					27	27	221	128	349				221	155	37
Rugoonathpore									•••		90	90					90	8
Doomraon																	170	17
Buxar	312	170	482						•••		1,453	1,453	·	548	5 4 8	312	2,171	2,48
Total	312	170	482					365	365	221	1,671	1,892		548	548	538	2,924	3,45

INWARDS. 1,076 1,176 8,059 8,059 2,583 2,583 7,054 7,054 100 8,900 8,900 1,076 26,696 27,772 Arrab 336 336 1.190 191 1.381 160 1.324 898 3,768 4.666 8.727 Beheca ... 1.164 3.259 Rugoonathpore. 2,762 2,762 Ω_2 99 351 881 8,118 3.205 1,104 226 1,330 10,81 11,038 1,825 11,040 12,365 ... ••• ... ••• Buxar ... 1,543 22,86 23,784 25,326 7,674 1,433 9,107 8,487 160 8,747 3,907 10,822 11,720 42,582 Total 572 42,154 10.814 67.081 77.895

ARRAH, The 17th June 1874. W. H. ALEXANDER,

Collector.

No. 1685F., dated Mozufferpore, the 17th June 1874.

From-C. F. Worsley, Esq., Collector of Tirhoot.

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Hajeepore, Tajpore, and Sudder sub-divisions for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. In Hajeepore sub-division prices are nearly the same that they were on the 80th ultimo, and sales of Government grain at relief works have had a good effect on markets in

Mhoweh thana, where the sub-divisional officer was assured by the bunniahs some time ago

that there was no grain in the bazar.

3. In Tajpore sub-division prices have remained almost stationary "the only noticeable feature being," as the sub-divisional officer remarks, "a very slight rise in the price of rice in some markets, and a cheapening of barley and grain." The latter circumstance is considered satisfactory, as implying that importance not fallen off.

4. In the Sudder sub-division the price of rice has fallen 11 seers, while that of wheat has risen half a seer in the rupee. The prices of other grains have not varied, notwithstanding -that a considerable amount of Government grain has been brought into consumption. In the early part of last week I recommenced sales of Government grain in Mozufferpore town, and the amount sold daily has averaged 289 maunds. This is less than I expected to sell, but the result is perhaps natural enough when it is remembered that outside the town Government rice is sold at certain golahs at 12 seers the rupee, while in the town the price has been fixed by the order of Government at 10 seers. I do not myself see that any advantage can be gained by maintaining this distinction, and should be glad of permission to sell everywhere at the same rate. The manager of Ottar factory (10 miles distant from Mozufferpore) assures me that residents of the town come to buy rice at his golah, because it is sold two seers cheaper than in Mozufferpore.

5. Although the bunnishs of the town have reduced the price of rice in consequence of the Government sales, I do not propose to discontinue them at present. I know from experience that they will again raise the price directly the Government grain is withdrawn from the market; and that if real relief is to be afforded to the distressed towns-people, sales must be constant and regular. It is only the large dealers who dislike our sales: the small bunneahs to a man affirm that they are necessary, and are anxious that they should be made more largely. The latter declare, too, that existing private stocks are not one-tenth of what they usually are, and ought to be, at this season of the year.

6. The subjoined statement shows the kinds and prices of grain selling at some of the

principal marts on 13th instant.

,	Name ор ма	RT.		Wheat.	Barley.	Common rice.	Lesser millets.	Maize. or Indian- corn.	Gram.
Hajeepore		•••	•	123	171	91	•••	15½	17 <u>1</u>
Mhoweh	•••	•••	•••	124	15	81	16	121	15
Tajpore	•••	•••	•••	13	164	93	15	15	161
Mozufferpore	•	•••	•••	11	14	10	•••	13	14

7.	The rainfall during the	fortnigl	nt was as follow	ws :	
	Hajcepore		•••	•••	73
	Tajpore	•••	• • •	•••	30
	Mozufferpore	•••	•••	•••	2.32

The falls have varied very much throughout these sub-divisions. In several parts of the Sudder sub-division the fall has been as much as two or three inches, while in other places it has been less than an inch. At Lalgunge I understand that eight inches of rain fell one day in a

few hours, though at Hajeepore there was scarcely a drop.

8. In most parts of these sub-divisions the rain has been sufficient to enable the ryots to cultivate and sow their lands. During the last week I have been over more than 200 miles of country in the Sudder and Hajeepore sub-divisions, and everywhere I have found cultivation going on vigorously. A great deal of waste land is being brought under cultivation, and seed, though procured at much expense and with some difficulty, has apparently been obtained in sufficient quantities. In Tajpore sub-division the dhan in the lower churs to the south and south-east is said to "show a magnificent promise." The dhan sown on higher lands, and which had begun to suffer, has been freshened, and the clay soils are now soft enough to be prepared for transplanted rice,

From those circles of the Sudder sub-division which I have not visited during the fortnight, viz. Toorkie, Belsund, Rajkhund, Kuttrah, and Gaighattee, I have received most satisfactory reports regarding cultivation of lands. Throughout these circles active preparations for

sowing are being made, and in many places Indian-corn and rice have been already sown.

On the whole I may say that, with the exception of tracts liable to inundations, the country looks as well as could be wished, and it is quite evident that the relief works have not

induced the people to neglect their fields.

The condition of the people is generally satisfactory in Hajeepore and Tajpore subdivisions, where the attendance at relief works is still comparatively small. It is almost a truism now to say that the numbers on these works afford the surest test of the condition of the lower classes, and that as long as the works are thinly attended, there can be no severe distress in their neighbourhood. The deserted state of the relief works in some circles of

Hajeepore sub-division conclusively proves (what I have myself frequently observed elsewhere) that persons who are not in the habit of working on roads and tanks will not accept such

employment until compelled to do so by sheer want of food.

In the Sudder sub-division there has been no increase of distress, but wherever relief works have been temporarily closed, the villagers have felt the withdrawal of Government assistance, and have begged hard that the works may be reopened. I have therefore directed circle officers to provide employment liberally, as the only object of closing works was to ensure the cultivation of fields, and cultivation, as I have already said, has been going on most actively and widely. I was much struck during my recent tour with the very large numbers of women and children working in the western circles. In the Môteepore circle, for instance, there were on the 11th instant no less than 4,593 women and 3,761 children, against 4,819 men on the works. I have no doubt that many cultivators work in their fields, while their women and children are employed in carning subsistence for all.

B.—Relief Works.

10. The number of laborers employed daily in the three sub-divisions is as follows:-

Sudder sub-division	•••		•••	•••	•••	166,386
Tajpore ,,	•••		•••	•••	• • •	10,774
Hajeepore "	• • •	•	• • •	***	•••	5,099

Grand Total ... 182,259

Statements are given in the Appendix.

- 11. Now that the rains have commenced it will not be possible much longer to carry on tank works. I expect, however, that we shall be able to provide work on roads, especially village roads, for several weeks in many circles. At present there is no difficulty about this matter.
- 12. Payments in grain have now been introduced in all circles of the Sudder subdivision, and the ensuing fortnight may be expected to show the results of the system in full operation. Owing to the very large number of relief works in some circles, there was much difficulty in putting the system thoroughly in force.

In nearly all the circles of Hajeepore and Tajpore sub-divisions grain payments are now made.

C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

13. Large fleets of boats laden with private grain daily pass up the Gunduk, and importations are steadily increasing. The recent addition of 2,18,000 maunds to the previous three allotments for the Sudder sub-division will cause the contractors' carts to be employed in the transport of Government grain for a longer period than was anticipated; but to show that private traders might have done very much more during the last few months than they attempted to do, I may mention that all the small bunniahs to whom grain is advanced for sale by circle officers, contrive to supply carts for its conveyance from the Sudder golahs to their own villages. The employment of small bunniahs is not only greatly beneficial to them and the public, but it tends to make the large holders of grain more reasonable in their demands.

In Tajpore sub-division inland traffic is said to have become easier.

D. - STORAGE OF GRAIN.

14. The amount of Government grain that has been stored is as follows:-

						Mas.
	sub-division	• • •	•••	•••	•••	5,170
Tajpore	"	•••	• • •	•••	•••	20,753
Sudder	"	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,51,619

I propose to store the greater portion of the last allotment of grain in the opium godown

at Mozufferpore.

The quantity of Government grain disposed of during the for night was 34,361 maunds. Detailed statements regarding its disposal are given in the Appendix. The quantity is some 40,000 maunds short of my estimate, but an explanation of the discrepancy may be found in my 12th paragraph. Some officers, too, are still very reluctant to sell freely, and say that if they attempted to meet the demand they would run through a lakh of maunds in a month.

E.—ADVANCES.

- 15. There has been a great improvement under this head, especially in the circles administered by planters, where a good deal of grain has been advanced to ryots. A large 'number of very useful native officers from the North-Western Provinces are now employed under circle officers in the Sudder sub-division, in connection with the making of advances, which I hope will be completed by the end of the month. The Tajpore officer has now made a good beginning in this direction, but nothing has been done in Hajeepore.
- F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

 16. The number of persons daily receiving charitable relief have somewhat increased during the fortnight, being as follows:—

Hajeepore	sub-division	•••	•••	• • •	•••	2,501
Tajpore	,,	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,588
Sudder	>>	•••	• • •		• • •	11,146

The above figures include persons employed in cotton spinning, &c. Detailed statements are appended.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

17. Statement showing the financial results of Sudder, Hajeepore, and Tajpore subdivisions for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874:—

			Rs.	As.	P.
Salaries, establishments, and office contin	gencies	•••	8,560	0	0
Storage, including buildings and repairs	•••	•••	1,051	4	3•
Charitable relief		•••	14,171	0	0
Miscellaneous	•••	•••	118	12	0
Transport of Government grain	•••	•••	1,99,672	4	3
Advances to trustworthy residents for pu	rchase of	grain	5,580	9	0
Advances to zemindars for support of ry		•••	400	0	0.
Advances on account of giving loans to		•••	5,000	0	0
Advances to traders for purchase of grain	•	•••	500	0	0
Relief works		•••	81,710	0	0
Purchase of grain by Government	•••	•••	5,080	9	0
•	F otal	•••	3,21,844	6	6

E.

Statement showing advances made from Sudder, Hajeepore, and Tajpore sub-divisions for the fortnight ending 18th June 1874.

			Rs.	As.	P.	
Advances on account of giving loan	ns to ryots	•••	5,000	0	0	
Advances to trustworthy residents	for purchase o	of grain	5,580	9	0	
Advances to zemindars for support	of ryots		400	0		
Advances to traders for purchase of	grain	•••	500	0		
, •	Total	•••	11,480	9	0	

Statement of laborers employed in Mozufferpore sub-division for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

Names of Circles.	Average daily number of laborers during fortnight.	Number on last day.	Remarks.
Sudder Under Doudpore factory , Bheekhumpore factory Motipore Sahibgunge Dooria Serraya Jaintpore Toorkie Belsund Rajkhund Kuttra Gaighattee Ottar Under Executive Engineer Total	28,507 244 7,376 203,60 1,314 1,258 10,758 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1,314 1	34,552 151 7,731 20,065 13,173 8,851 9,056 5,117 6,561 10,258 2,861 22,914 3,520 322 18,026 3,228	Statement up to 11th June. "" 6th "" "" 11th "" "" 11th "" "" 10th "" Fortnight' † tals only given. Statement up to 11th June. "" 11th "" Fortnightly totals only given. Statement up to 10th June. "" 12th "" "" 12th ""

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Statement of Charitable Relicf for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

	Gratuito	ous Reliof. B.	Relief to B	rahmins, &c. D.	Cotton sp	inning, &o. C.	•		Quantity of
NAMES OF CIRCLES.		average uber.		aver ag e uber:	Daily : nun	average ;	Daily, s nun	iverage	grain spent during fortnight.
	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Children.	Adults.	Çhildren.	Adults.	Children.	Mds. 8, C.
Sudder Circle, including	803	66	 .		89		892	66	78 19 0
Mozusfurpore town. Toorkee	233	. 83			10		\$43 1	83	32 13 0
Belsund*	•••••				•••••		,		
Jeytpore	172	67			41		213	. 67	42 14 0
Dooriah	874	264	3	,	11		888	264	348 24 0
Sahebgunge	525	227	1	1	·····		, 526	228 ·	111 30 0
Kanti	489	185	•••••		•••••		489	185	Paid in cash.
Rajkhund	458	257	145	34	269		867	291	7980
Gaighattee	471	218	•••••		422		893	· 218	Not stated.
Motipore	369	6	•••••	•••••	•••••	· ,	369	6	Paid in cash.
Kuttrah	1,629	841	*****			ا ا	1,629	841	Not stated.
Ottar			Num	bor relieved	not menti	oned.			29 28 0
Serraya	1,089	799	******	*****	** ***		1,089	. 799	8 6 0 And rest paid in cash.
. Total	7,112	3,013	149	35	842		8,098	3,048	780 22

Return not received.

MOZUFFERPORE SUB-DIVISION.

Statement of Grain Allotted, Stored, and Consumed, for the fortnight ending 13th June 1874.

				Total quantity	TOTAL QUA	ATITY OF GOVE	BRMEST GRAIS	GOVERNMENT GRAIN CONSUMED UP TO DATE	TO DATE.	Estimated grain	Estimated grain	•
NAME OF CIRCLE.		Date for which figures are given.		stored, of trans	By sales to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payments in kind to lacorers.	Total.	receipts of the ensuing fort- night.	expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.	REKARKS.
Moznffernore Golah	-		Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	· Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch	Mds.Srs. Ch.	Mds Srs. Ch.	Mds. Srs. Ch.	
Sudder circle	 _	11 and 12th June 1874.	2,75,989 0 0	56,301 0 0	6,966 20 0	. 388 12 0	:	8,534 25 0	15,889 17 0	1,50,000 0 0	25,000 0 0	
Chajun	<u> </u>				•		***					
Kuttrah	- -	11th ditto	0 0 757.09	16,014 0 0	3,671 1 0	466 32 0	853 3 0	1,630 12 0	6,421 8 0	25,000 0 0	6,00 0 0	
Toorkee	:	10th ditto	. 20,431 0 0	20,687 0 0	1,231 4 0	32 13 0	24 21 0	1,282 38 0	2,570 36 0	:	3,500 0 0	•
Belsund		11th ditto	. 40,754 0 0	32,526 0 0	2,599 10 0	645 37 0	1 25 0	42 30 0	3,289 22 0	8,228 0 0	3,500 0 0	
Rajkhund	:	:	40,000 0 0	40,000 0 0	3,525 0 0	83 5 0	17 20 0	•	3,625 25 0	:	7,000 0 0	for
Kantee		11th ditto	15,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	1,674 20 0	:		2,100 0 0	3,775 11 0	6,000 0 0	0 000°9	ceived.
Righye out-work		11th ditto	10,000 0 0	10,000 0 0	287 14 0	35 16 0	:	:	823 10 0	2,000 0 0	1,500 0 0	
Motipore circle	-:	11th ditto	. 15,000 0 0	15,000 0 0	3,577 14 0	:	283 30 0	:	3,861 4 0	:	4 ,000 0 0	
Sahibgunge	:	11th ditto	. 24,731 0 0	24,731 0 0	1,652 19 0	0 88 881	:	1,505 28 0	3,597 6 0	:	8,000 0 0	•
Dooriah	 -	11th ditto	. 15,000 0 0	14,782 0 0	1,648 21 0	348 24 0	40 7 0	963 20 0	3,000 35 0	218 0 0	4,000 0 0	
Serayu		11th ditto	. 15,000 0 0	6,525 0 0	1,846 12 0	0 8 8	406 12 0	2,261 20 0	4,522 10 0	7,000 0 0	6,100 0 0	
Janitpore	 -	10th ditto	. 10,000 0 0	No return.	173 23 0	42 13 0	:	1,441 38 0	1,657 34 0	10,000 0	2,500 0 0	
Gaighat	:	12th ditto	. 25,000 0 0	6,053 0 0	2,135 0 0		:	:	2,135 0 0	10,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	
Ottar	:	:	10,000 0 0	No return.	718 19 0	61 15 0	555 28 0	0 0 009	1,925 22 0	10,000 0 0	3,000 0 0	
		Total	5,67,862 0 0	2,51,619 0 0	31,706 20 0	2,541 11 0	2,152 26 0	20,364 2 0	66,794 19 0	2,27,448 0 0	80,000 0 0	
	-				-		,					

HAJEEPORE.-APPENDIX OF LABOR.

	Number	r on daily	wages.	Numbe	r on piec	e work.	Total nun	nber of l	aborera.	ily num- ecipient, ble relief.
Name of Work.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Average da ber of r on charita

SHAPORE CIRCLE.

MR. J. SMITH, -Superintendent.

1 Tar 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	nk-diaging at Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	Mahomedpore Allum Mircha Gundhurp Akhtearpore Mothoornpore Shabajpore Blarokhra Harpore Arrarah Asudpore Maybhrah Chandporah Sadoollahpore Shahapore Mircha	 	 	41 98 99 25 26 11 384 73 112 103			41 98 99 25 26 11 384 78 112 103			
		Total	 	 	1,054	34	58	1,054	84	58	274

CHUTWARA CIRCLE.

MR. J. D. BLAKE, Superintendent.

1 Tank-digging at Dhumraj	 	 130	54	18	130	54	18	
Total	 	 130	54	18	130	54	18	273

KARHARI CIRCLE.

MR. W. CAMPBELL, -Superintendent.

_															
1	Tank-diaging at B			•••		•••••			10	2	1	10	2	1	
2		ucksa wa n	ı	•••	•••			•••••	25	2	1	25	2	1	
3			•••		•••	•••••	•••••	•••••	18	1	1	18	1	1	
4	Ditto Sa	lrwaii	•••	•••	•••	•			30	2	2	30	2	2	
			Т	otal			•		83	7	. 5.	83	7	5	223

CHUPTAH CIRCLE.

MR. R. PARK,—Superintendent.

1 Tan 2 3 4	k-digging (Ditto Ditto Ditto	st Mulmaliah Chuptah Dhunputtre Narayenpore	 	•••••		2 8 1 1	 1 1	 1	2 3 1 1	 1 1	1	
		Total	 		******	7	2	1	7	2	1	159

BHATONLIAH CIRCLE.

MR. W. O. MACGREGOR,—Superintendent.

1 2 3 4 5	Tank-digging a Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	t Fakooly Luchueenarao Barra Roop Misronliah Ghugowell Bishunporo Ma	 	 	 	20 52 35 89 33 51	. 19 28 21 22 29 26	11 15 13 13 15 16	26 52 35 39 38 51	19 28 21 22 20 26	11 15 13 13 15 16	
_	21(10	•	otal	 	 	236	145	83	236	145	83	820

SINGIIIAII CIRCLE.

MR. C. H. POPE, -Superintendent.

					l	·	l							
1 '	Tank-diegnig	at Shaikpoorah				'		51	24	ð	51	24	9	
2	Ditto	J intpore	•••					33	15	6	83	15	6	ĺ
8	1)itto	Manickpore I	Puckreo		 ,			89	41	18	89	41	18	l
4	Ditto	Kunth	**	•••	•••••			33	19	8	33	19	8	ĺ
5	Ditto	Sirsa	•••	٠.	•••••		•••••	38	. 15	6	38	15	6	•
6	Ditto	Gurmah	•••	•••			******	166	110	26	166	110	26	
7	Dicto	Rasulpore	•••	•••				147	70	23	147	70	23	l
8	Ditto	Arthoules	•••	•••				90	40	18	~ 90	40	18	ĺ
\$	l'itto	Rapoorah	•••	•••				78	35	17	78	35	17	
10	litto	Chuk Salah	•••			<i>.</i>		88	22	11	88	22	11	i
, 31	Ditto	Barhan	•••	••				80	24	11	30	24	11	i
14	Ditto	Bissenpore	•••	•••			••••	64	19	•••••	64	19	•••••	
			Total					857	484	153	857	434	158	400

HAJEEPORE.—APPENDIX OF LABOR.—(Continued.)

HAJEEPORE CIRCLE.

SUB-DIVISIONAL OFFICER.

	and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	•		Number	on daily	wages.	Numbe	r on piec	e-work.	Total nun	aber of la	borers.	lly num- ecipients ale relief.
	Name of relief work.			Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Average daily number of recipients on charitable relief.
1 2 3 4	Tank-diaging at Diaghi No. 1 Ditto Digahi No. 2 Ditto Chundalah Ditto Hajeepore						24 6 14 411	 	, 31	24 6 14 411	 	 31	
		Total	•••				455	60	81	455	80	81	850
1 2	Repairing of Shapore road ,, of Lalgunge road		•	TWARAI			343 196			343 196			
1	Repairing of Bitanly road			•••••		·	223	27	72	223	27	72	
			SI	NGHIAH	(UNI	ER ME	. C. H.	POPE)).	·			
1 2 8 4 5 6	Repairing of Ropoorah Road of Arthoulee Road of Mohnah Road of Ramdoulee Road of Haharo Road of Shampore Road	ud					76 27 21 12 40 28	48 11 7 9 6 2	22 4 14 3 1	76 27 21 12 40 28	48 11 7 9 6 2	22 4 14 5 1	
	Total	•••	•••				966	110	116	966	110	116	
	Grand total	•••	•••		•••••		3,788	846	465	3,788	846	465	2,501

HAJEEPORE.—APPENDIX OF GRAIN.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the golahs of Hajeepore sub-division for the furthight ending 14th June 1874

						• Date for which	Total Allot-	Total quantity grain stored,	Total Quant	tity of Govern	ment Grain
	Name	of Ci	rcle.			figures are given.	ment of Government grain.	exclusive of grain trans- ported to other districts.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape,	By payment in kind to laborers,	Total.
		,					Mds.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.
Hajeepore			•••		•••	h i	16,000	1,832 21 12	128 20 0	·	128 20 0
M ohooa		•••			•			2,855 9 0	36 38 0	801 12 4	838 5 4
Laigunge	•••				•••	June 1874.		209 0 0	30 0 0		30 0 0
Bhapool	•••	•••	•••) i				•••••	•••••
Barsayi	•••		•••	•••	•••			232 17 8	*****	215 19 12	215 19 12
Bhatoulee	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	14th					•••••
Karbari	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	J I			19 20 8		19 20 8
			1	lotal	•••		.,,	5,129 8 4	214 33 8	1,016 32 0	1,231 25 8

^{*} A large quantity of grain has been received during the last week into the sub-division, but as no returns have been received from the differents golahs, the amount cannot be shown here.

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX A. OF LABOR.

			Numi	BEE ON THE		Numi	WORK.	PIECE- ·		Total.	
NAME OF CIRCLE.	Work.	•	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Men.	Women.	Children.
Tajpore {	4 tanks					614 168	100	103	644 163	108	108
Dhalee {	2 tanks 1 Poosah and Mozusterpore rose	à ·	24	118	53	474	******		474 24	113	53
Poosah {	7 Tanks 1 Rirowlee road Bishunputty bund Ralwa bund Poosah road	: :	894 43			240 37 80 481	4		1,134 43 - 87 80 481	•	 1
	3 Tanks						s not rec	eived.			
Jitwarpoes {	1 Jitwarpur and Dulsingsera road.	4 .	•••••	•	10	71	******		71	4	10
Bahlempore {	3 Tanks Bahlempore roads Bahwara and Shapore road Simarwara and Lama road	. . • •	43	41	42	73 556 425	11 419 118	13 189 859	116 1,427 556 425	52 419 118	55 189 339
Dulsingscrai	4 Tanks 1 Dulsingserai and Pembar- harda road. Dulsingserai and Narhan road	1	12	8 320 36	12 121 14	267 80 - 159		•••••	279 80 159	8 320 36	12 121
Harsingpore {	Ganges embankment 1 Tank Harsingpore village road		200 27		•••••	2,031 19			2,031 228 27	52	57
Shahpore Undi {	1 Tank Mahwa and Dulsingsorai road		18		•••••	107			107 13		
	Total								8,599	1,221	954

TAJPORE.—APPENDIX B. OF GRAIN.

		figures	Gov-	to gin		TOTAL QU	ANTITY OF	Governmen	T GRAIN TO	DATE.	
NAME OF CIRCLE	.	Dates for which fig are given.	Total allotment of ernment grain.	Total quantity of grain stored, exclusive of grain transferred to other districts.	By sales to the public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in Kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts of the ensuing fort-night.	Ratimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortnight.
			Mds.	Mds. 8. Ch.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	as my allotment reduced.	Mds.
Tajpore	•	1	10,000	2,895 20 0	125 0 0	245 18 12		133 14 12	503 88 8	E C	
Poosah	•••		8,500	*8,500 0 0	67 28 0	55 22 10	466 0 0	895 10 8	1,484 21 2	000 P	
Chandchaur	•••	May.	12,000						,	1 mg }	10,000
Arangar	•••	1st N	8,000				•			Uncerta,in has been	
Bahlempore	•••	٦	24,000					_		1 5 5 1 5 5	
Shahpore Undi	•••	J	10,000					•		ğā	

Mds. Sr. Ch. 17,575 20 0

Ц

C. T. Worsley,

Collector.

No. 689, dated Durbhunga, the 15th June 1874.

From—C. T. Metcalfe Esq., Additional Commissioner of the Patna Division, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

I have the honor to submit my narrative report of scarcity and relief for the three Sub-divisions of Sectamurhee, Mudhoobunnee, and Durbhunga, for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 13th June 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. We have now passed from the brassy heat of the 29th of May into the rainy season. Day by day in the earlier part of this past fortnight, the rain clouds came gathering from the east, and have since given us copious showers day and night, breathing agricultural life into the whole population. Ploughs are everywhere at work. Cultivation seed, of which, according to the statement of every villager, not a maund was forthcoming in some villages, has mysteriously appeared everywhere, and the greater part of the country will, by the time these lines leave the office, have been sown. In Mudhoobunnee seed-grain is selling at Rs. 2 per maund in the basar. In all the lower lands, wide expanses of dhan are to be

seen green and refreshing; the mango crop has turned out far better than was anticipated. and suttoo and mango-quash mixed, will form the midday meal of many thousands for the next month.

3. From the Durbhunga narrative I extract the following:—

"Everywhere I went I found ploughing actively going on, mostly, however, in lands which produce the bhadoi crop. In Bahera, I am informed, over half of the crop has been sown. Lands not usually tilled with this crop have been sown with it, in preference to keeping them for their usual crop, rice. This is a significant fact. Dhan has been sown more largely in the eastern parts of Bahera and in Singhia than elsewhere. The reports are reassuring as regards the condition of this dhan."

"The people are gaining heart greatly. The rains seem to have put life into them. The applications for seed-grain have become few. The people know they will be better employed in sowing the seed they possess. I never did believe there was much cause for apprehension on the question of sufficiency of seed-grain in the hands of the people."

From Poopree the accounts are very encouraging: "During the last fortnight we have had frequent falls of rain, notably on the 5th instant, when four inches fell in the space of a few hours at Poopree. On my last ride through the sub-division (within the last week), I everywhere found agricultural operations in full swing. Dhan, murwa, sama, sathi, makai, urhur, were everywhere being sown; and although want of seed is in places complained of, yet a good shower has a wonderful effect in bringing it to light. A few days ago two maliks, sharers in the same village, applied to me for advances. One of them hoped that I would lead him the A 1000 to have the same village. lend him Rs. 4,000 to buy dhan-seed for his ryots; the other opportunely enough wished me to purchase dhan-seed from himself which was stored in the village in question. I proposed to advance No: 1 some grain, and that he should exchange it with No. 2 for seed, so they both went away sorrowful, for it was cash that they both wished for."

	5.—Price-current	for	the	fortnight	under	report.
--	------------------	-----	-----	-----------	-------	---------

	Name	of place.			Wheat.	Barley.	Rice.	Millet.	Indian- corn.	Gram.
hrbhunga		•••	•••		111 to 12		12 to 131	13		1:
tusora	•••	•••			13		12 to 13]	16		10
ahera	•••	•••	•••	{	101		12 to 134	13		1:
inghiya	•••	•••	•••		104		12 to 13	121		3
Ludhoobunnec	•••	•••	•••		10		9 to 10	12	12	Ĭ
adnia	•••		•••		y l		11 to 131	12		
aselakhi		•••	•••		13	••••	10 to 11			1
eodha	•••				10		10 to 11	13	9	
hoiowlee	•••	•••	•••		ii l	16	11 (0.1)	11	116	1
eniputti	•••	•••	•••		io	1	11 to 131	is		
odrypore	•••		•••	• • • • •	9	15	11 to 131	13	13	
udhramut	••	🤛	•••		* 1	1	1. 10 101		**	•
	•••	•••	•••		not	received.	ł	į.	1	
owkaha	•••	•••	•••	ر ر		15	12 to 13	15	16	1
oopree	•••	•••	•••	••••	•••••			131		
ectamurhec	•••	•••		•••	11	14	9 to 10	191	121	1
hewhur	•••	•••		}	12	•••••	13 4 18			•
allah	•••	***		•••	12	•••••	12 to 13	13		1
unbursa	•••	•••	•••	.●.	101	157	101 to 111	15]	•	9

Condition of the people.—As the year progresses there is the less to report. tales of suffering, distress and emaciation are of the past. The grain has reached its destination. All vacancies have been filled. Every department has fallen into a working groove. The rainfall has been copious. The prospects of the coming crops are good, and there is but

little to form the material or groundwork of a narrative.

6. The sub-divisional officer of Mudhoobunnee reports: "The condition of the people can now be pronounced to be, on the whole, very satisfactory." Mr. Wight, who has recently taken charge of the Kutchra circle, writes: "It would be impossible for any one unacquainted

with the facts to discover from an inspection of the villages that there had been distress."

The Magistrate of Durbhunga reports the condition of those in the receipt of gratuitous relief as satisfactory. "A careful examination of this class, village-by-village, has been undertaken, with the result that a large number have been reduced who are now quite capable of earning their own bread."

Medical scrutiny of all classes, including the paupers, has been undertaken by Dr. MacDonell, through the Poopree circle. The following are the percentages:—

NAME OF LOCALITY.			Condition.	A	Amongst persons on charitable relief,	Laboring population.	
	1	Normal	• • •		27	94.75	89
POOPREE	₹	Under-fed	•••	•••	59	4.75	9.3
		Emaciated	•••	***	14	∙5	1.7
	(Normal	•••	•••	41 -	90	83.7
Seebnuggar	٠,,, ﴿	Under-fed	•••	•••	34	10	13.1
•	(Emaciated	•••	•••	25		3 2
	(Normal	•••	•••	35	85	80
CHERIUT	}	Under-fed	***	•••	44	16	18
		Emaciated	444	***	21	*****	8

Name of Loc	ALITY.		Condition.		nongst persons charitable relief.	Laboring population.	
	ſ	Normal	•••		36	94	84.5
Parihar .	∢	Under-fed	•••	•••	41	6	11.7
	į	Emaciated	•••	•••	23	•••••	3.8
	(Normal	•••	• • •	30	83	72
Soorsund	}	Under-fed	•••	•••	5 7 .	15·66	24
•		Emaciated	•••	•••	13.	1.33	4 .
	ſ	Normal	•••	•••	40	90	83
Jalen	4	Under-fed	•••	•••	38	, 10	14
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Emaciated	•••	•••	22	•••••	
	Ì	Normal		• • •	24	94	79
Nourunga	⊀	Under-fed	•••	•••	44	4	13
	Į	Emaciated	•••	•••	32	2 ·	8
	Ó	Normal	•••	• • •	33	94	86
Bungaon	}	Under-fed	•••	•••	54	6	12.3
•	(Emaciated	•••	• • •	13		1.7

8. This is for the whole of the relief circles of this sub-division. The normal condition here ranges from 72 to 86, whilst in the more distressed tracts of Durbhunga the conditions were, for normal, 55.5 only, The under-fed here range from 59 to 14, although in one case, the northern one at Soorsund, this class is quoted at 24. The average for the same class at Durbhunga is 23.4.

In Mudhoobunnee, the numbers receiving tickets have been largely increased during the fortnight, as the relief officers have taken over the distribution of relief from the Raj officers.

9. While Dr. MacDonell has run through the Poopree circles, Dr. Coates, the Sanitary Commissioner, has done the same in Seetamurhee. He reports the entire absence of disease out of 50 children found in a gathering of 500 persons. At Amoa 10 only were encemic, and 3 emaciated. I personally attach great weight to these figures, as being evidence to those who saw the earlier state of the population in March, of how really effective must have been the circle relief arrangements, when in a distant corner of a great division, away on the frontier of Nepaul, only 1½ per cent. of children are found at all approaching emaciation.

RELIEF WORKS.

- 10. The system of payment in grain has been everywhere introduced, except in the Mudhoobunnee Sub-division, where no steps up to date have been taken. To give effect to the Government orders, Hattee, which was behindhand in this respect, has picked up ground. Mr. Aikman writes: "I have been told by the laborers that they prefer it to money payments, and the system is reported on all hands to work well. In the case of the Public Works Department, the officer in charge of the work sends a receipt to the nearest golahdar for the amount of grain that may be required; no mates are employed, but the amount due to each gang is weighed out by a paid bunniah, and made over to the headman.
- 11. In the case of village tanks, payments are made for the whole quantity of work measured, the laborers keeping their own tally and taking their shares.

The rain has partially stopped the work all over these three sub-divisions. In Narayah the rain has been falling steadily every day, and large tracts of low lands are under water. In the drier lands of Poopree, the demands of agriculture have sent the figures of work-people from 25,000 to 14,463. In Mudhoobunnee the numbers have been rapidly decreasing. During the fortnight, from 153,000, the numbers have gone down to 127,000, whilst on Public Works there are 79,000 against 106,000, a total decrease of 63,000.

12. I admit I am puzzled by these figures, and the only conclusion to be gathered is that, of the 232,000 persons hitherto at work, only 63,000 were either ploughmen, or immediately in possession of land which required their attention, the rest having no agricultural employment. This can hardly be the case.

Regarding payment in grain, Mr. Magrath writes: "The late orders of Government have not yet had time to percolate through the sub-division."

13. In the Durbhunga Sub-division there is a diminution on the works of 21,000 persons in numbers. We have in this sub-division the assurance that all labor is now being paid in grain, both by the Department Public, Works and the circle officers, and yet only 17,000 maunds of grain have been expended under this head. As an equivalent for the money generally expended, this amount should have been nearly trebled.

It may be the case, as explained by the Magistrate, that the group inspectors first expended the money they had in their hands, and then commenced grain payments; or it may result, as I anticipate, that grain having less attractions than money for purposes of mis-appropriation, we may discover that the grain payments are cheapest for the Government in more ways than one.

•	Daily average	Public Wor	rks.	Circle Of	fficers.	Court of Wards.		
Name of Sub-division.	of laborers on relief works.	Task- work.	Daily wages.	Task- work.	Daily wages.	Task- work.	Daily wages.	
Mudhoobunnee	·232,719	69,787	9,365	73,191	80,376			
Durbhunga	391,451	40,925		287,180	10,593	52,653	100	
Sectamurhee	56,102	17,280	3,380	26,430	9,012			
Poopree	14,463			14,463			•	
Naraya Add other figures for	8,243		•••••	* 8,243	•••••			
Naraya, just received.	85,530	8,750		65,463	•••••	11,312		
Total	788,508	136,742	12,745	474,975	99,981	63,965	100	

^{*} Complete returns not received.

Consumption and Grain Sales.

15. Poopree—The sales in the northern circles are not as extentive as it was anticipated they would be, now that the Nepaulese are allowed to buy freely. Mr. Forbes lately visited Siripur in Nepaul, and found country rice of a superior quality selling in the hâts at about the same price as cleaned Government rice. It would appear that the Nepaulese bunniahs have been guided by the Government price and quite prepared to undersell us slightly. Mr. Forbes reports that it is quite clear the stocks of country rice across the frontier has never yet run so low as on this side. In Durbhunga the demand for Government grain has slackened, although it is still considerable. The introduction of grain wages, which are now general, has deprived the grain dealers of a large number of customers, and has made the trade hesitate in their purchases.

16 If I analyse the figures of these sales I find that in the Durbhunga Sub-division, the largest sales have been in Durbhunga, Mahomedpore, and Hyaghat, Tulee; Hattee

sub-division at Dasouta and Singhia.

17. The following statement shows the comparative sales for the past and the present fortnight:—

Name of Circle.			For fortnight ending 30	th May.	For fortnight ending 13th June.
Durbhunga .	•••		19,210		24,227
Mahomedpore	•••		28,920		38,944
Hyaghat .	•••	•••	15,223	•••	22,755
Warisnuggur	• • •		3,155	•••	7,804
Bundhar	•••		1,478	•••	2,247
Dosowta	•••	•••	12,568	•••	18,796
Gungdah	•••	•••	\cdot 5,156	•••	9,214
Rohur	•••		3,748	• • •	8,865
Singhiya	• • •		9,714		11,518
Hirnee	•••	•••	1,312	•••	2,113
Hussunpur	•••		2,425		5,062
Lehera	• • •		2,101	•••	2,500
	Total		1.02.010		1.54.045

This shows an increase of sales in every circle.

18. In Mudhoobunnee the figures of comparative sales are as follows:-

•	J	•		Past fortnight.	Present fortnight.
Name.			S	ales to the public.	Sales to the public.
Mudhoobunnee				19,105	71,746
Oomgaon	•••	•••		12,338	21,557
Bukwah	•••	•••	•••	44,022	48,105
Moteepur	• • •	•••	•••	11,569	19,112
Jhungharpur	•••	•••	•••	23,269	35,839
Kuchra	•••	•••	•••	1,606	24,603
•		Total	•••	1,11,909	2,20,962

The large increase of sales has been at Mudhoobunnee, Oomgaon, Jhungharpur, and Kuchra.

19. The above figures, then, show that within the month, 3,32,871 maunds of rice have been readily purchased; whether these sales will continue as briskly is a question on which there is a great difference of opinion among local officers. I incline to the belief that they will not continue, but the sales for July will give us the average sales that we may

expect for the remaining months of July to November. Mudhoobunnee has as yet only expended 2,46,226 out of its total allotments of 11,42,350 maunds stored. Durbhunga has expended only 2,96,802 out of its stored grain. We have, then, for the present, plenty of grain, and there is no immediate necessity for anxiety as to insufficiency. In Sectamurhee I may say the same; the original 10-lakh-allottment has been reduced to 8, which, again, will shortly be reduced to 6 by a transfer of 2 lakhs to Mudhoobunnee

20. In Sectamurhee the Government sales are not large. With a view of reising the

20. In Sectamurhee the Government sales are not large With a view of raising the frontier sales in Mudhoobunnee, where there has been a very great demand, I directed special sales at the more northern of the Seetamurhee granaries, but under European superintendence; only 32 maunds were sold in five hours in north Sonbursa, although the Nepaulese flocked in in large numbers. The buyers were comparatively few.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Sectamurhee Sub-division.

•						•				of grain of grain ner sub-	To	tal quan grai	tity of G	overnm med.	ent	expendi- ing fort-
	•	Nam	o of C	irc ie.				Date for figures give	are	Total quantity of g stored exclusive of g transferred to other s divisions.	By sale to pub- lic or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of the ensuing fortuith.
										Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
1.	Sheohur							9th June		46,173	2.492 } 4,303 }	1,881	2,596	87	11,359	4,500
3.	Amos	•••						7th .,		49,455	2,129	1,049	4,114	363	7,655	4,000
3 .	Dyneehupra							4th "	•••	66,947	1.627 } 700 }	859			2,686	1,500
4.	Bhugwanpore	·		•••				3rd "		40,264	2,130	136		593	2,859	1,500
5.	Murpa		•••					4th "		33,898	1,909	351	864	151	3,275	3,000
6.	Belahi		•••		•	•••		11th "	•••	10,316	2,239	254	14		2,507	1,400
7:	Saidpore		•••	•••	•••			7th "	•••	20,046	5,765	375			6,140	4,200
8.	Bhoothi	•••		•••	•••			8th ,,		61,679	2,675	258		1,205	4,138	1,500
9.	Sectamurhee					•••		9th "		1	6,916	154	1,200	87,4	9,174	4,000
0.	Panchore				•••	•••	•••	9th "	•••	2	1,041	23	5	269	1,338	600
1-	Dumra							11th "	•••	7	677	87	982	63	1,809	1,000
2.	Rajoputty		•••	•••	•			4th ,,		6	243	52	394	79	768	800
3.	Bathuaha				•••			10th ,,		1	573	61	~ 868	553	2,055	1,200
4.	Garha		•••			•••		9th "		1	1,163	132	241	280	1,816	1,000
								. Tot	al		36,612	5,172	11,278	4,517	57,579	30,200

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in Poopree Sub-Division.

•								f grain of grain her sub-		Total	QUANTITY OF	Governmen	f Grain Col	SUMED.
Name	of Ci	rcle.	•			r which		Total quantity of grastored, exclusive of grastored transferred to other s divisions.		By sale to the public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.
								Mds.		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Nurungah		•	••	7th .	June	, 1874		19,434		2,392	· 83	222	184	2,881
Purihur	•••		•••	7th	,,	,	•••	41,050		5,804	304	152	. 899	6,659
Soorsund	•••	•••	••	7th	30	٠,,	•••	75,264		{1,119 5,865}	520	886	1,966	10,856
Chorowte		•••	•••	7th	,,	**		89,787	•	{ 2,208 } { 4,4 90 }	656	1,141	292	8,787
Poopreo		•••	•••	7th	w	1)	•••	82,000		4,895	207	124	294	5,520
Bongaon	•••	•••	•••	‡ th	**	,,	•••	85,171		8,512	. 168	97	62	3,884
Sebnugger	•••		•••	7th	,,	"	•••	• 30,105		8,197	271	596	558	9,622
Jaley	•••		•••	7th	"	v	•••	93,348		{ 2,464 } { 18,973 }	1,070	8,128	504	27,034
					T	tal	•••	4,16,159		59,910	4,174	6,341	4,259	74,693

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the sub-districts of Mudhoobunnee for the fortnight ending 10th June 1874.

	hich • re	nent	d die		Tota	L (QUANTITY OF	GRAIN CON	BUMED UP T	O DATE.	rain 6 of
Name of Circle.	Date for w figures given.	Total allotment of Government grain.	Total quantity grain stored, clusive of grattansferred		By sale to t public.	he		paymenta	By advance to ryots.	Total.	Estimated graex per expenditure ensuing for night.
-		Mas.	Mds. B.	C.	Mds. S. (Э.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds.
1 Mudhoobunnee	8th June	2,35,000	1,68,079 1	1	71,746 85	14	1,478 34 51	542 13 8}		73,768 2 10}	30,000*
2 Motipore	1874. 2nd Hane	1,60,000	79,527 24	0	19,113 16 1	1	2,194 22 1	121 0 0	187 13 104	21,615 12 7}	12,000
8 Jhangarpore	1874. 4th June	.1,90,000	1,15,852 0	0	35,839 4	71	1,441 7 84	148 18 9	693 84 6}	38,122 24 15	18,000
4 Bhakwa	1874. 4th June	2,60,000	1,50,493 20	0	48,105 2 1	2	6,331 10 8			54,436 13 4	22,000
Mugaon	1874. 5th June	1,35,000	91,136 0	0	21,551 9	2	1,443 3 0		1,383 16 11	24,377 28 13	15,000
6 Kachra	18 74. 2nd June 18 74.	1,70,000	1,41,041 0	0	24,603 34	1	1,660 7 9	1,642 16 12		27,906 18 6	15,000
Total	*****	11,50,000	7,46,131 5	1	2,20,958 22	21	14,549 5 1	2,454 8 9	2,264 24 12	2,40,226 20 91	,12,000

^{&#}x27; The introduction of gram payments on all works has been taken into consideration in forming these estimates.

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Narayah Sub-division

	ures are	Govern-	of grain e of grain other dis-	Total	QUANTI	TY OF	GRAIN C	ONSUMED	eceipts of night.	d grain expendi- the ensuing fort-	d-dhan.
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures given,	Total allotment of Govern- ment grain.	Total quantity of stored exclusive of transferred to other tricts.	By sale to public or laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to labor- ers.	Total.	Estimated grain receipts the ensuing fortnight.	Estimated grain ture of the ensu night,	Exchanged for seed-dhan
		Mds,	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Narayah	h d	1,00,000	95,288	18,969	461		136	19,506		5,000	815
Mohadromut	11 1	90,000	95,060	21,470	1,485	617		23,572		6,000	1,605
East Patrahee		50,000	51,115	8,250	2,883			11,133		5,000	Not given
West Patraheo	>9th June 74{	1,60,000	1,53,688	21,786	8,935	93		80,834	6,312	8,000	in return.
Perogghur	.	90,000	83,843	8,994	7,248	1,284		17,526	6,157	6,000	459
Modhepore	J (1,50,000	1,60,168	30,983	5,724	2,346		39,053		12,000	1,007
	Total	6,40,000	4,39,162	1,10,452	26,756	4,340	136	1,41,684	12,469	42,000	3,886

Statement showing the Storage and Consumption of Government Grain in the Durbhunga Sub-division.

		Gov-	tity of grain usive of grain to other sub-	Total qu	antity of Go	vernment	grain con	sumed.	pendi- tnight.
Name of Circle.	Date for which figures are given.	Total allotment of ernment grain.	Total quantity of stored, exclusive of transferred to other divisions.	By sale to public or to laborers.	By gratuitous distribution in any shape.	By advances to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Estimated grain expenditure of ensuing fortnight.
		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds
Durbhunga	3rd June 1874	1,10,000	71,734	24,227	7,274	3, 603	1,250	36,351	7,000
Mohamedpore	6th "	1,72,000	1,34,890	88,944	5,666	2,273	1,708	48,591	15,000
Hyaghat	7th "	1,46,000	1,04,929	22,755	10,229	7,046	\$1,756	41,780	10,000
Warrisnuggur	7th "	1,00,000	99,090	7,804	3,402	6,382	2,220	19,808	8,000
Banothar	6th "	85,000	53,000	2,247 *	3,803	1,874	357	8,281	4,000
	· Total	6,13,000	4,63,043	95,977	80,374	21,178	7,291	1,54,820	44,000

	,		T	and and and and and and and and and and	ફે	in or	Total qu	antity of	Govern	nent grai	n oonsumed.	expen- ensuing		-
Nam	e of Circl	€.		Date for which figurare given.	Total allotment of vernment grain.	Total quantity of g stored, exclusive grain transferred other sub-divisions	By sale to public, or laborers.	By gratuitous dis- tribution in sny shape.	By advance to ryots.	By payment in kind to laborers.	Total.	Bstimated grain es diture of the ema fortnight.	REMARKS.	l at
anowta langdah langhia linghia lirace lasanpur ehrah			. Srd . 5th . 5th . Srd . 5th . 5th	June 1874	Mds. 2,14,000 1,32,000 2,08,000 64,000 64,000 54,000 7,86,000	Mds. 1,58,575 1,33,000 1,78,450 54,866 52,541 35,143 68,147	Mds. 18,796 9,214 8,865 11,518 2,113 5,062 2,500 58,068	Mds. 11,164 5,449 4,262 10,954 5,498 8,283 5,500 51,125	Mds. 7,387 1,812 1,472 2,428 4,882 305 1,818	Mds. 986 1,287 1,138 8,451 1845 904 2,512 12,048	Mds. - 38,353 17,732 16,732 28,331 14,853 14,554 12,330 1,41,345	M.ds. 10,000 8,000 8,000 6,000 2,500 3,500	Fractions of a maund are omitted from calculation	-

IMPORTATIONS.

I find private imports of the coarser grains coming into Durbhunga. I can hear of no

probable imports of rice grain into Durbhunga at all.

Seetamurhee is better off in this respect. Mr O'Reilly reports: "On Sunday I noticed rice imported by private traders, which is being sold at the same rate as Government rice. In Nepaul, rice is selling at 10 to 10½ seers per rupee. I hear also of Nepaulese traders bringing in a better class of rice, and exchanging it for our cargo rice."

Since the late heavy falls of rain I have asked for information in all quarters if prices have at all been affected thereby. The answer is in the negative, except at Durbhunga,

where prices are a shade lower.

STORAGE OF GRAIN.

21. The amounts of grain stored are as follows:—

						Mus.
Sectamurhee	•••	•••	•••		•••	834,011 *
Mudhoobunnee	•••	•••			•••	746,129
Naraya	•••	•••		•	•••	639,162
Durbhunga, includir	ig Hathee	•••	•••		•••	1,142,350
_						•••••••
			Total		•••	2,361,652

1/J.

Advances.

22. These advances are chiefly occupying attention, but the difficulties attending the giving are very great. The most preposterous applications are made. The Mudhoobunnee sub-divisional officer reports: "Some progress has been made in giving advances both of food-grain and seed to cultivators. Large numbers of applicants for advances have, however, on finding that money cannot be obtained, refused to accept grain. The hopelessness of obtaining even an approximately truthful statement from the villagers is very trying to all the officers concerned. The villagers of Bissumberpore with closed hands implored assistance, as they were on the verge of starvation. They asked for an amount which they never can repay. On inquiry it transpired that the farmer had just given them Rs. 400 worth of rice. This incident is connected with the Mahomedpore circle, but is a type of what is going on everywhere Naturally officers are afraid of being duped.

23. The following statement shows the advances already made:—

Name of circle or sub-division.	r				•	Advance in money.	Advance in
Durbhunga		•••		•••	•••	2,058	3,603 .
Mahomedpore				•••	•••	1,297	2,273*
Hyaghaut				•••	•••	4,331	7,046
Warisnuggur		•••		• •	•••	737	6,382
Bhandhar	•••			•••	• • •	•••	1,874
Dasowta				•••	•••	11,432	10,858
Gungdbar	•••	•••		•••	•••	8,673	1,812
Rohar		• • •		•••	•••	5,000	1,478
Singhia	• • •	•••	•	•••	•••	7,897	2,428
Hirnee	• • •	•••		•••		9,777	4,920
Hussunpere	• • •	•••		•••		749	105
Seyra				•••	•	12,467	1,818
Poopree	• • •	•••		• • •	•••	•••	6,341
Seetamurhee	•••	•••	44.	•••			2,264
Naraya	•••	•••	4	•••	•••	Not recei	ved.
				Total	•	64,418	53,202

Later returns not received. A special officer is on deputation in this circle for making advances.

CHARITABLE RELIEF.

24. As regards charitable relief, the recipients now number 139,871, excluding Sectamurhee and Naraya for the latter of these from returns just received, add 22,383, total 162,294. The daily average in Durbhunga and Hathee numbers 111,178 persons, which is an increase of 8,562 over the daily average of the last fortnight. The numbers are increasing, and it is anticipated that in Durbhunga alone there may soon be 130 to 150,000 persons. The following statement may not be without interest:—

	•					Re	ceiving Govern- ment relief at Home.	In Poor-	house.
Durbhunga					•	••	9,595	154	
Mohamedfore	•••			•••		••	7,884	81	•
Hyaghat	•••		•••			••	8,571	•••	
Warrisnuggur				•••	•		6,396	28	
Bandhar	• • •		•••	***		••	5,110	•••	
Dasowta	•••		•••	•••		••	45,159	81	
Gungdar	•••		•••	•••	•	••	6,649	•••	
Rohur	• • •		•••	•••	•	• •	9,444	65	
Singhia	• • •	•	•••	•••	•	••	14,802	196	•
Hirnee	•••		•••	•••	•	• •	8,000	90	
Hussanpore	•••		•••	• • •	•	••	15,000 3,930	33	
Lehra	•••		•••	•••	•	••	0,500	•••	
						•			
				Total	•	••	110,540	638	

There are, then, in this sub-division, 638 persons in poor-houses, and 110,540 receiving Government relief.

25. In Poopree sub-division the distress is far less. There are only 413 in poorhouses and 6,903 in village relief lists.

The figures of persons on charitable relief, then, are as follows:-

Seetamurhee	•••	,	•••	•••	Not received.
Poopree	•••	•••	•••	•••	7,316
Durbhunga		•••	•••		37,819
Hathee	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	•••		73,359
Mudhoobunnee	•••		•••	•••	21,417
Naraya		•••	•••	•••	Not received.
Since received		_			22,383
WITTOO TECOLAGO	• • •	* • • •	•••	•••	22,000

. G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

Seetamurhee.

			Present e	xpendi	iture	. Total		. :
Rs.	A.	P.	${ m Rs.}$	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	•P.
48,629	8	4	8,349	9	0	56,979	1	4
*****			••••			*****		
						*****		•
19,918	11	9	300	0	0	20,218	11	9
3,37,830	15	1	*****			3,37,830	15	1
• -		2	13,250	0	0	. 8,34,818	6	2
• •		0	•			78,809	4	0
,			3,225	5	6	3,225	5	6
10.27.279	5	4	•	0	0	•	5	4
		0	•	•		62,300	0	0
		Q	•••••			2,350	0	0
•••••			••••		•	•••••		
	. 4	10	•••••			31,761	4	10
24,30,417	7	5 ½	47,817	14	6	24,78,265	5]	111
	18st nar Rs. 48,629 19,918 3,37,830 8,21,568 78,809 10,27,279 62,300 2,350	18st narrative Rs. A. 48,629 8 19,918 11 3,37,830 15 8,21,568 6 78,809 4 10,27,279 5 62,300 0 2,350 0 31,761 4	48,629 8 4 19,918 11 9 3,37,830 15 ½ 8,21,568 6 2 78,809 4 0 10,27,279 5 4 62,800 0 0 2,350 0 0 31,761 4 10	Rs. A. P. Rs. 48,629 8 4 8,349 19,918 11 9 300 3,37,830 15 ½ 8,21,568 6 2 13,250 78,809 4 0 3,225 10,27,279 5 4 22,693 62,300 0 0 2,350 0 0 31,761 4 10	Rs. A. P. Rs. A. 48,629 8 4 8,349 9 19,918 11 9 300 0 3,37,830 15 ½ 8,21,568 6 2 13,250 0 78,809 4 0 3,225 5 10,27,279 5 4 22,693 0 62,300 0 0 2,350 0 0 31,761 4 10	Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. 48,629 8 4 8,349 9 0 19,918 11 9 300 0 0 3,37,830 15 \(\frac{1}{2}\) 8,21,568 6 2 13,250 0 0 78,809 4 0 3,225 5 6 10,27,279 5 4 22,693 0 0 62,300 0 0 31,761 4 10	Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs. 48,629 8 4 8,349 9 0 56,979 19,918 11 9 300 0 0 20,218 3,37,830 15 ½ 3,37,830 8,21,568 6 2 13,250 0 0 .8,34,818 78,809 4 0 78,809 3,225 5 6 3,225 10,27,279 5 4 22,693 0 0 10,49,972 62,300 0 0 62,300 2,350 0 0 31,761	Rs. A. P. Rs. A. P. Rs. A. 48,629 8 4 8,349 9 0 56,979 1

Mudhoobunnee.

	5,	Mudhoob	unne	e.					Ì	
	\	Total exp						•		
	٠,	last			Present	-			tal.	-
				P.	Rs.	A.	P.,	$\mathbf{Rs.}$	A.	Р.
Up to last fortnight	• • •	14,79,361	. 1	111	0.000		^			
Salaries, &c.	O	*****	•		6,380	1	2			
Compensation to Railway pany	Com-					•				
Package and incidentals	••••	••••	•			•				
Storage	•••				*****					
Charitable relief	•••				2,011	8	0			
Public Works	•••	*****	,		1,09,835					
Miscellaneous		••••			440		0			
Purchase of grain by Gov	vern-									
ment	•••	*****								
Transport of Government grain		• • • • • •								
Advances to trustworthy					•					
dents for purchase of g										
support of ryots, and pure of seed	пияе				•			•		
Advances to traders for pure	hasa	*****			*****					
of grain										
Loans to municipalities	and	*****			•••••			,		
townships										
Loans under the land impr	070-	,,,,,,								
ment Act	•••	*****								
Permanent advance	•••	*****			. 801	2	0			
Village work	•••	*****			3,15,673	1	2₫			
Total		14,79,361	1 1	11	4,35,141	4	41	19,14,50	9 1	6 4,
2002	•••	,,		2	1,50,111	•	- 4	10,11,00	• •	יוברייט
		Durbhu	nua.						r	
Salaries, establishments and	office									
aantin man ai aa		8,598	0	1	4,518	1	9	13,116	1	10
Package and incidentals	•••	241		Ō,	*,010		v	241		
Storage, including building				-	****	••		~11	10.	U
repairs	•••	15,048	14	6	,			15,048	14	6
Charitable Relief	•••	48,725	15	. 3	4,669		10	53,395		Ĭ
Public Works	•••	2,92,115			40,000			3,32,115	9	2
Miscellaneous •	•••	1,14,984	13	9	386	12	. 0	1,15,371	9	9
Advances for transport of Gov	ern-	NO NNO	^	•	0.000	. ~	_			
ment grain	4	76,770	0	0	9,882	15	6	86,653	7	4
Advances to trustworthy resid		4 100	Λ	٥				4 100	^	•
for purchase of grain Advances to traders	•••	4,190 12,475	0	0	o ······			4,190	0	0
to nomindam to help t	hoir	12,410	U	U	*****			12,475	0	0
ryots	•••	33,725	0	0				33,725	0	0
Advances, land improvements	•••	18,260	Ŏ		******			18,260		ŏ
", ryots	•••	1,100	Ŏ					1,100		ŏ
,, Purchase of bullocks	•••	36,060	0		•••••			36,060		Ö
Total	•••	6,62,295	6	7	59,457	M	1	7,21,753	1	8
Grand total of the three sub-divisi	ions					شوهر سه	— 	1,14,520	10	111
	- y a&W	*****			•••••		-	1,17,060	10	112
					С. Т	. м	ETC	ALFE,		
					_			nal Comm	ก่ออก	nor

Additional Commissioner.

APPENDIX.

Statement of grain stored in Sectamurhee Sub-division.

	Name of store-house.				A	mount of grain st	ored.
1.	Sectamurhee	•••		4 4 4.		1,14,129	
2.	Dumra	•••	•••	•	•••	2,592	
3.	Shiohur	•••	•••	•••		46,173	
4.	Sursund	•••		•••		44,847	
5.	Sinhursah	•••		•••	•••	20,526	
6.	Jalleh	•••	•••	•••	•••	65,348	
7.	Cherout	•••	•••	•••	•••	63,960	
8.	Dyneehuprah		•••	•••	•••	29,971	

Na	me of store-house.					Amount of grain sto
9.	Dighee	•* •	•••	•••	•••	4,792
10.	Mujorgunge	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,000
11.	Bhoothy	•••		•••	• • •	36,361
12.	Ethurwah	•••	•••	•••	•••	34,976
13.	Marpa	•••	•••			33,898
14.	Bungaon	•••	•••	•••	•••	35,171
15.	Nurkatiah ·		•••	•••	•••	7,976
16.	Amoa ·	•••	•••	•••	•••	41,479
17.	Nurgah	•••	•••	•••	•••	19,434
18.	Bela	•••		•••	•••	21,056
19.	Kumtowl		• • •	•••	• • •	20,668
20.	Bhugwanpore	•••	•••	•••	•••	40,264
21.	Morsund	•••	•••		• • •	20,046
2 2.	Belaby \dots	•••	•••	•••		10,316
2 3.	Poopree	•••	• • •		•••	34,266
24.	Raipore	•••	•••	•••	•••	32,144
25.	Sibnagur	•••		•••	•••	31,624
26.	Parihar	•••	•••	•••	•••	19,994
				Total	•••	8,34,011
•			•	•		
				•		

Appendix.

Statement of grain stored in Mudhoobunnee Sub-division.

Name of store-hou	use.				Arrived at fin	al des	stinatio	n,
					\mathbf{M} ds.	S.	C.	
Mudhoobunnee		•••	•••		73,200	21	1	
Pundowl		••••	•••	•••	61,983	0	0	
Kewan •	•••	•••	•••	•••	32,895	0	0	
Bemputti	•••		***	•••	1,02,232	.0	0	
Palee	•••	•••	•••	•••	28,809	0	0	
Arer		•••	•••	•••	10,000	0	0	
Hoolakbé	•••	• • •	•••	•••	30,536	0	0	
Phart	•••	•••		• • •	30,350	0	0	
Deodha	• • •	•••	•••	•••	30,252	0	0	
Korahya	• • •	• • •	•••	• • •	28,952	30	0	
Khojowah	• • •		•••	•••	64,932	0	0	
Ladma		• • •		•••	31,016	0	0	
Naradh	•••	•••	•••		25,592	0	0	
Jhangharpore	•••	•••	***	• • •	74,130	0	0	
Sorio	• • •	,	•••	• • •	41,722	0	0	
Radhpore		•••	•••	•••	45,409	24	()	
Basdeopore	•••	•••	•••	•••	34,118	0	0	
			Total	•••	7,46,129	35	1	
							-	

APPENDIX.

Statement of grain stored in Durbhunga Sub-division.

				-	
			Allotment.	Delivered.	Date.
Mahomedpore	•••	•••	1,72,000	1,34,890	June 6th.
Durbhunga	•••	•••	1,10,000	71,734	,, 3rd.
Hyaghat	•••		1,46,000	1,04,929	^ ,, 7th.
Warisnuggur	•••	•••	1,10,000	99,090	" 7th.
Bundhar	•••	•••	85,000	53,000	,, 6th.
Lehra	•••	•••	54, 000	66,147*	,, 10th.
Dosowta		•••	2,14,000	1,58,575	" 3rd.
Rohar			2,08,000	1,78,430	,, 5th.
Gungdah	••	•••	1,32,000	1,33,000	,, 3rd.
Hirni	•••	•••	64,000	52,541	" 3rd.
Linghia	•••	•••	80,000	54,806	" 3rd.
Hussunpore	`	•••	34,00 0	35,148	" 5th.
	Total	•••	13,99,000	11,42,350	
				•	

No. 3111F, dated Sarun, the 17th June 1874.

Memo. by-J. S. DRUMMOND, Esq., Offg. Magistrate and Collector of Sarun.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Statistical Department, Calcutta, for information, with reference to his circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1873.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in Sarun District for the fortnight ending 18th June 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Abundance or Scarcity of supply in the Bazar.

PRIVATE trade has been less active this fortnight. At Revelgunge the importations, which last fortnight amounted to 59,800 maunds, had decreased by 21,000 maunds. In the Sewan Sub-division, too, importations had somewhat fallen off. The bazars in the interior generally have, however, continued to be sufficiently supplied. While importations have diminished, prices have in many places somewhat fallen. This fall in prices is due partly to the favorable prospects held out by the early setting in of the rains, but in some measure also, no doubt, to the effect of the large grain advances to the cultivators now being made.

t. In the Sudder sub-division during the fortnight the imports were, at Revelgunge, 38,700 maunds; at Dooreegunge, 3,580 maunds; at Maharajgunge, 1,301 maunds; from Chumparun, 835 maunds; and from Patna 941 maunds. The exports to Tirhoot, Chumparun,

and Patna, amounted to 11,175, 1,606, and 145 maunds respectively.

3. Major Jackson, in charge of the relief sub-division of Chupra, consisting of the

Chupra thana, reports as follows:-

- "Having been principally engaged in ascertaining the general wants of the inhabitants in Chupra thana, caused by the failure of the past year's crops, I have had little opportunity of personally examining into the state of the bazars, but have, wherever the occasion offered, inquired into the subject. From Semaria to Cheerand, and on to Singhai Ghât, there is no want of grain, large stores existing in several places. In the interior the tehsildar informs me the small bazars are tolerably well supplied, petty bunias bringing their small stocks on the days fixed for the fairs to different points in the district, whence the villagors can supply themselves."
- 4. Mr. Tonnerre, in charge of the Manjhee sub-division, comprising the Manjhee thana, makes the following report :-

"I believe that all over the sub-division there is food to be had, but the prices have well

nigh put it out of the reach of most of the people.

"There are no considerable marts in the sub-division. The major part of its supplies is drawn from Revelgunge and Maharajgunge. The people at Manjhee trust mostly to Revelgunge bazar for their food.

"During my frequent rides through the country, I have not seen more than twenty

pack-bullocks carrying grain.

5. Mr. Barry's narrative for the Pursa sub-division has not yet been received. of his diaries he notes the fact of grain being reported scarce in the Jelalpore and Tehtee circles. Large advances of Government grain are, however, being made there.

The following is Mr. Wright's report of the Sewan sub-division.

"The bazars in this sub-division continue to be fully-supplied. According to the returns received, private importations have not been so large during the past fortnight as during the previous one. I am inclined to think that this is owing more to the imperfect means we have at our disposal for collecting information regarding importations than to an actual falling off in the amount of grain imported. Some of the persons employed in collecting the information have other duties to perform (two of them being Abkari darogas), and may, therefore, fail to obtain full information regarding the importations. From the returns received during the fortnight, the imports at Siswan, Darowlee, Sewan, and Guthni, amounted to 60,682 maunds of food-grains. No reports have been received regarding exportation."

As a similar cause must have operated during previous periods of report, the falling off

in importations can hardly be due to the reason assigned.

7. Regarding the Hutwah sub-division Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus:-

"Imports from Goruckpore on the north and Guthni on the south still continue on a small scale.

"Prices have fallen in the bazars, partly owing to the improvement in prospects from the recent rain, but mainly to the increase of supply in the hands of the people, due to the large advances in grain which have been given out."

Prices-current List.

BARR DES BRESS

Decort	TION OF GE	1 A TW		RATE PER RUPES.					
Degosti	TION OF GE	-ALM o		Hutwah	bazar,	Meergunge	bazar.		
		•		` ' 8.	C.	8.	C.		
Rice	•••	•••	•••	11	4 .	11	4		
Dal	•••	•••	•••	14	4	14	4,		
Gram	•••	•••	•••	16	0	16	0		
Barley	•••	•••	•••	17	2	16	12		
Wheat	•••	• • •	•••	13	8	18	0		
Peas	•••	•••	•••	15	6	15	6		
Makai	•••	• •••	•••		•••	••••	••		

- 8. Kind and price of grain selling at the different marts.—The kind and price of grain selling at the principal marts, and at the thanas and outposts, are given in the annexed statement.
- 9. Stock of food in the hands of the people.—On this head Major Jackson reports as follows, and judging by the number of applicants for advances of Government grain, his conclusion has general application:-

"It is extremely difficult to get any information on this point. I can only gauge it by the appearance of the applicants for relief, and the numbers of these which pour in daily. The ryots are not very clamorous, but still evidence exists that such stores must be dwindling down and must be supplemented by aid from Government.

10. Mr. Tonnerre, the sub-divisional officer of Manjhee, writes thus :-

"In every village through which I have been, the ryots complained of great scarcity of food. The better classes, those who will not go on to the relief works, are now suffering much, and are unanimous in saying that they could not have lived but for the timely advances of grain which they receive from Government. This they tell me wherever I go."

Rainfall.

11. There has been general rain throughout the district, and agricultural operations are in most places in progress. Here at Chupra there has been a fall of about 3 inches.

12. Mr. Tonnerre writes:—

"It rained on the 21st May, the 2nd, 5th, 8th, 9th, and 10th June. The rain was general over the sub-division on the 8th, 9th, and 10th, and was heavy enough to do much good."

13. Regarding the Musrukh sub-division Mr. Hudson reports:

"The first indication in this sub-division of the approaching rains was given by a very violent storm of wind and a fall of 2 inches of rain at Rajaputty on 1st instant. On the 2nd also the relief superintendent reported rain from Maharajgunge. After this slight partial showers fell in many places during the ensuing week; but the commencement of the rainy season may be fairly dated from the 10th instant, when a steady downpour, unpreceded by thunder, continued for several hours during the day."

14. The following is the Sewan sub-divisional officer's report:—

"During the first week of the fortnight slight rain fell on three occasions, but during the second week we have had heavy falls of rain frequently. The total fall during the fortnight, as measured by the gauge at Sewan, was 5.61 inches. The rains may now be said to have regularly set in."

Mr. Rattray says that "rain has been heavy and pretty general throughout the sub-

division during the past fortnight, and labor in the fields is coming into demand."

15. And Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus under this head—

"The rainfall has varied greatly in different parts of the sub-division, being greatest at Hutwa and in the extreme north-western Zillah Marur, and Very heavy rain in these zillahs on least in Bhorey* and Dhobowl zillahs, where, until yesterday, none had fallen sufncient to do any good; yesterday's rain was, I believe, pretty general. At Hutwa the rainfall was-

Jun	e 7th	•••		•••	•••	•••	1.34
,,	8th	• • •	د	•••	•••		3.04
))	9th		•	•••	• • •	•••	•10
33	10th	•••			•••		1.23
"	12th	•••		•••	•••	• • •	•80
							6.81
,,	13th	•		•••	•••	• ,	.98
	•				m . 1		~ ~ ~ ~
					Total	•••	7.79

State of the Crops.

16. The cheena has, after all, turned out in most places a fair crop, and, where standing, has been greatly benefited by the timely rain. Indigo prospects have also improved, the rain admitting of fresh sowings.

17. Of Chuprah sub-division, Major Jackson writes thus-

"The only crops on the ground at present are cheena, confined to the environs of villages where irrigation from wells can be had. These are very flourishing. Ploughing is now going on largely in consequence of the recent rainfall."

18. Mr. Tonnerre reports of the Manjhee sub-division,—

"Ploughing has begun everywhere, the rain has softened the ground very considerably, and sowing will soon begin. There is a considerable quantity of millets as far as I could see, and I have frequently seen patches of dhan ready to be transplanted: kodo and sathee have been sown in several parts of the thana. I think that seed is procurable by those who have the money. I am pushing on the advances as rapidly as possible. There is a scarcity of plough-cattle, and I have seen whole fields untouched because the ryots had no cattle.

"Many have been obliged to sell theirs to supply themselves with food; mahajuns have

seized others for debts due, and many have died."

- 19. Seed-grain is, I believe, everywhere procurable by those who have the means, and advances for the purchase both of seed and of plough-cattle are being made wherever needed.
 - 20. Concerning the Musrakh sub-division, Mr. Hudson writes-
- "Besides the early sowings of bhadoi and aghance crops on particularly favoured spots which have retained their moisture, there is no crop calling for attention now except the cheena. It is the first time that I have ever seen this crop in any great abundance, and it would be impossible to fail of remarking its luxuriance and rapid growth, the facility with which it is raised, and the extraordinary aptitude with which it fills up the driest and most hopeless interval in the agricultural year. On my way to Rajaputty on the 12th, I could not but notice how this crop was flourishing in the neighbourhood of Doomarsun, where otherwise the country is all waste and barren."

21. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan submits the following report:-

"The young crops on the ground have been greatly benefited by the rain which we have had during the past fortnight, and the ryots are now busy ploughing their lands and sowing the remainder of their bhadoi and early and late rice crops. Murwa is being transplanted."

The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkeshore Narain, reports as follows of the crops in

thana Sewan:—

"Since my last report on the subject, there has been rain several times in different parts of towards agriculture. Every standing crop looks this ilaka, which has done considerable good towards agriculture. Every standing crop looks green and in full thriving state. The sugarcane that was subjected to the severity of excessive heat and west winds, has now begun to resuscitate; marwa, tenguni, &c., are already sown, and janera also is being sown in that part of the ilaka where it had rained sufficiently. Paddy seeds are also being sown in suitable fields. In short, works in agriculture at present are busily going on."

Of thana Darowlee he writes-

"The state of the crops is much the same as in Sewan thana. The ilakas of Mairwah and Siswan outposts have got good showers of rain on different dates, but those of Darowlee khas and Roghoonathpore have not been so fortunate in this respect. The rain of the 2nd fell everywhere, but not everywhere in the same quantity. The standing crops, viz. millet and sugarcane, &c., are well thriving. Indigo seeds, sown long ago, are now germinating; marwa, kodo, tenguni, &c., are mostly sown by this time, but sowing janera has not commenced as yet.

"Since the Sub-Deputy Collector visited the Darowlee than there has been a copious fall

of rain both in Darowlee khas and Raghoonathpore outpost.

"Of the Barowlee than athe Sub-Deputy Collector says: It is the most fortunate of the than of this sub-division in respect to rain. The standing crops look deep green and thriving, and give full hope for the future. Indian-corn has commenced to be sown in the north-western part of the thana, and in some other places, too, where the soil had sufficient moisture. Kodo, murwa, sawan, tenguni, and other bhadoi crops, are being busily sown, and in many fields previously sown the seeds have germinated. Paddy in chowrs has grown up to 6 to 9 inches. In short, every crop at present gives a fair prospect."

22. Regarding the Hutwa sub-division Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus-

"The cheena is a very fair crop indeed, and what remains in the fields will all be gathered in within the next week.

"Murwa is being planted out where rain has fallen in sufficient quantities. The early dhan in the northern zillahs looks well. Makai is now being sown largely. There is at present every prospect of a bhadoi harvest about 10 or 12 days earlier than usual, and if this prospect continues, the period for which actual famine was apprehended, will be greatly lessened."

23. The prospect here held out is a general one, and this merciful interposition of Provi-

dence is a subject for much thankfulness, and has greatly alloviated the anxiety hitherto felt

as to the future.

Condition of the people.

- 24. Though the favorable expectations of the next harvest have removed a cause of dread as regards the more distant future, the condition of the people cannot but continue to be a source of constant anxiety during this month and the following months of July and August. Throughout these hard times there has been but little diminution in the pressure put upon the ryots by their zemindars and mahajuns, and with the exhaustion of the local stocks, a very large proportion of the entire population will remain dependent on Government . support throughout these months.
 - Regarding the Chuprah sub-division, Major Jackson reports as follows:-
- "No actual cases of starvation have come to my notice. Mr. Becher reports the people about Gurkha to be apparently somewhat hard-pushed. This shall meet with my personal attention in a few days, and immediate steps will be taken to relieve them should there appear occasion for it. Few applications from that district have, however, come in, and it may appear that they are no worse off than their neighbours. A report will be made at once, should it appear necessary to act at once."
 - 26. Of the Manjhee sub-division, Mr. Tonnerre reports thus-
- "Amongst those who come for advances, I have seen several people in such a weakly condition that I have had to give them there and then charitable relief, to last them a few days till the lists, &c., were ready.

- "It is needless to say that there are numbers of emaciated people amongst those who seek charitable relief. They are all being provided for."
 - 27. Concerning the Musrukh sub-division, Mr. Hudson makes the following report:-
- "No alteration in the condition of the people has come under my observation during the past fortnight, unless, indeed, it be one for the better, cheerfulness and activity being evoked everywhere by the assured prospect of the rains. These have now fairly set in, and agricultural operations are everywhere in progress. The labor imposed by the Government order for distribution of the stores of grain among the ryots, before the rains impede transport, has kept me a close prisoner at Musrukh during the greater part of the last 14 days, but I have spent a day at Ramcollah, and have twice been enabled to visit Rajaputty and Gopalpore. I have thus seen some 15 miles of country in the least fortunate portion of the thana, which is not, therefore, likely to mislead into over-estimation of the welfare of the whole. I have nowhere seen lands lying idle, but, as above mentioned, have observed that preparations for sowing are being actively carried on. The early rain has saved the indigo crops of Rajaputty factory to a considerable extent, and the "Mahai" will consequently provide unexpected employment for a large proportion of the laborers now on the relief works there. Indeed, Mr. Llewhellin went so far as to say that he was unwilling that any of the coolies in his neighbourhood should leave for the Soane Canal works, as there would not be more than he could find employment for during the rains.

"Baboo Taraprasad, the relief superintendent, has been on tour in the Bussuntpore thana during the whole of the past fortnight. He has been chiefly in the neighbourhood of Bagowra and Maharajgunge, but has also visited Seesay and Bussuntpore. Of the former neighbourhood he writes that the "cheena" crop about Bagowra looked better than he had seen it elsewhere, and the general condition of the people did not appear bad. He learnt that the zemindar of Indowlie, and another large landholder, Mahant Raghunandangir, had considerable stocks of grain, but that none of the ryots had any at all. Baboos Sadhu Saran Sahi

and Ram Coomar Sahi are also reported to have stocks of grain.

"Of the bazars, the relief superintendent writes that there is a good supply of food at Maharajgunge and a bad one at Bagowra; and prices are higher at the latter place * * * *.

In his letter * * * * * * dated 2nd June, the Baboo tells me that the general state of the country looks hopeful, and the cultivators are everywhere busy about their fields. On the 5th, however, being in the neighbourhood of Chainpore, and having visited Madhopore and several other villages, he says that the cultivation seemed to be at a standstill in all of them.

"The relief superintendent gives high praise to the Chainpore maliks, and also to Baboos Sadho Saran Sahi and Ram Coomar Sahi of Bagowra. The last-named native gentleman has expended Rs. 1,500 of his own money on the excavation of a tank as a relief-work; and Baboo Sadho Soran superintends a Government tank, the work on which has been performed at a very small proportionate expenditure. Baboo Gajadher Persad of Chainpore also has been supporting nearly 1,000 labourers daily in various kinds of work."

28. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan reports as follows:-

"There is no very material change to report in the condition of the people. Our relief works have not as yet been closed by the rains setting in, and the poorer classes are still able to find work on them to support themselves. Agricultural operations, which are now coming into full swing, are also giving employment to numbers, and will furnish employment for thousands more as the season advances. Arrangements are being made to enable ryots to employ people. of the labouring class who may have no lands of their own to cultivate throughout the rainy season, or till the bhadoi and aghani crops are reaped. As soon as these arrangements are completed, there can be no cause for further anxiety about the people, if the bhadoi crops turn out well. For beggars and people unable to work, arrangements for the distribution of gratuitous relief have been made.

"The Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Rajkeshore Narain, reports of the people in thana Sewan that they are now in far better condition. Of the people in Darowlee he says much the same; and of Barowlee, he reports that the people in this ilaka are in pretty good condition. Distress is evidently relieved, and none is now seen in extraordinary distress, and even ordinary distress is removed by means of famine relief in various shapes."

- 29. Concerning the Hutwa sub-division, Mr. Hodgkinson writes:-
- "I have nothing to add to my former reports on this head."
- Known Cases of Misery and Starvation.—There have been no such cases reported.
- 31. Grain-thefts or Robberies.—There have been three cases of grain-thefts during the fortnight.

The accompanying comparative statement shows the number of offences against property, involving an element of theft, committed during the month of May in the years 1872, 1873, and 1874, respectively, as required by the Government circular No. 4081 of the 20th December last.

B.—Relief Works.

The annexed statements show the relicf works in progress and the number employed thereon. The mean daily number employed during the fortnight was 229,885, and the number on the last day was 208,892. While the numbers have fallen off very largely in the Hutwa sub-division, they have increased elsewhere. The fact that in other parts of the district there has been no falling off, but on the contrary an increase, is due partly to the fact that the rates at first (under a misapprehension since corrected) fixed for the sales of grain on the relief works proved unduly attractive, and partly to the circumstance that it was only towards the close of the fortnight in many parts of the district that rain fell in sufficient quantities to admit of agricultural operations being generally commenced. Still, allowing for

As beyond the ploughing and sowing which are done by the ryots and their families themselves in a year like the present, there can be no general demand for field labor until the transplanting of the dhan and weeding operations are taken in hand.

agricultural operations, owing to rain at an earlier period, being undertaken sooner in the Hutwa sub-division and adjoining tracts,* it is difficult to account for the very large falling off in the numbers on the Hutwa works, except on the supposition that many of the works must have been closed; and I incline the more to this hypothesis, as I find

that in the adjoining sub-divisional circle, in Barowlee thana, which has been particularly fortunate as regards rainfall, the mean daily number employed on the relief works had increased during the fortnight. Mr. Hodgkinson furnishes no explanation on this point. There is some immigration to the works from Goruckpore, showing that all are not able to obtain work there. It is proposed to close all the relief works from the 1st July; and meanwhile, in order to lessen the grain expenditure, it is in contemplation, now that the season for general agricultural operations is approaching, to reduce the daily wages to the barest subsistence rates of 1 anna 9 pies, 6 pies, and 4 pies for men, women, and children of different ages, or their equivalent in grain of 12, 9, 6, and 4 chittacks.

Sale of Grain to Labourers on the Works.

33. During the fortnight about 24,000 maunds of grain only have been sold on the works. This is due to grain sales being suspended in Chupra and Manjhee sub-divisions owing to apprehended exhaustion of stocks.

Collection and Despatch of Labourers to Soane Canal Works.

34. None have yet been sent, but the first batch, though of a very limited number, is under despatch, and it is hoped that the example having been once set, many will now again agree to go.

State Emigration to British Burmah.

35. Orders have lately been received to resume operations, and head-money of one rupee for each emigrant is offered to recruiters. During next month, when the relief works are closed, it is hoped that more emigrants may be got.

C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

36. Mr. Hodgkinson reports thus under this head:—

"The transport of the grain which lay at Revelgunge is just finished. The last carts are expected to arrive to-day. Some 10,000 maunds remain to be supplied by Messrs. Schoene, Kilburn and Co.; it will, on arrival at Patna, be transported in boa's, some up the Daha river to Umbicapore, and the rest up the Khunwali river to Chamookha and Kuttaya."

D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

Distribution and expenditure of Government grain.

37. The usual statement accompanies.

Gradual expenditure from Government grain stores, and possibility of more grain being actually required.

38. The allotment of 5,56,000 has been reduced by 60,000 ordered to be sent immediately to Tirhoot; and it will be seen that 80,000 maunds have been expended up to the close of the fortnight, leaving an unexpended balance of 4,16,400 maunds. According to the data available hitherto, the advances to cultivators, if they should prove to be needed in all villages on the present scale of allotment, would, it is now found, require six lakhs of maunds alone. To this must be added for relief-works now being carried on, say, for a month and a half's expenditure in Sewan, Musrukh, and Pursah sub-divisions, and for one month's expenditure in Chuprah and Manjhee, a further quantity of grain equivalent to 1,00,000 maunds. The result would appear to be that a further allotment of about three lakhs of maunds may need to be provided, and this without allowing for wastage, or any reserve to command the market, Vide statement enclosed.

E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES AND THEIR RESULTS.

- 39. The statement accompanying shows the advances of grain made up to date, except for Bussuntpore, the figures for which have not been yet received; and money advances are shown under head "Financial results."
 - 40. Mr. Hudson writes as follows under this head:-

"In the matter of advances, the Government work progresses very slowly; for the quarrels and jealousy of ryots, maliks, and thikadars seem to place a continuity of obstacles in the way of their being made. In my opinion, if the advances are to be really made in time for them to help the ryots over the crisis of their distress, the agency of the maliks must be dispensed with altogether. When, agreeably to Government instructions now in force, the

maliks are applied to either to take the advances themselves on behalf of the ryots, or to guarantee their repayment of the loan, a tangle of difficulties at once crops up; and whereas in cases where the maliks do not appear at all, and the putwari's attendance is dispensed with, the cases are soon ripe for action to be taken. In those where where they do intervene, the

longer the cases are labored on, the further off do they appear from consummation.

"On the one hand, the maliks will only support and be responsible for the ryots in their own 'khas' pattees; and on the other hand, the same ryots are found both in a 'khas' pattee and in an 'ijmalee' one; in one that is held by a thikadar, and in one that remains in the exclusive possession of the malik: added to these causes of delay, are the attempts of persons to divert to their own ends the endeavours of Government to fulfil its obligations. For instance, the relief superintendent ascertained at a village named Madhuapore, near Bugowrah, that certain parties to a case before the High Court had applied for an advance in order to construct evidence to support their claim. Again, there are maliks who reply to the Government invitation to assist their ryots by professing to have made every arrangement, and whose sole object is to avoid doing anything, and to stave off all Government intervention between them and their tenants. Such was the case at Harnatar, where the relief superintendent found that absolutely nothing had been done, although the zemindar had replied to my notice warning him of an application from his ryots, by making the above declaration. It is certainly clear that if anything is to be done in time, we must act without the maliks, and a discretion to do this was given to all officers."

- .41. In Major Jackson's sub-division, which at present only consists of three circles, 13 group superintendents have been appointed, and the work of preparing the village lists is in progress.
 - 42. Mr. Tonnerre, concerning the Manjhee sub-division, reports as follows:-

"The grain is being weighed out all day to those who take away the village advances.

"Nearly every morning I have ridden out into the interior, gone into villages, questioned

ryots as to whether the lists were being drawn up fairly or not, &c.

"I have ascertained that maliks are quite averse to their ryots receiving Government advances; they employ every means in their power to thwart its agents; when putwarees can be got away in time it is always done, the maliks imagining thereby that they have washed their hands of the whole thing.

"When the putwaree has been set to work before the malik could interfere, the latter's

only aim is to diminish the sums total of maunds and rupees as much as he can.

"A man with a large family requires 10 maunds, and the putwaree puts down four,

without informing the applicant.

"Even among themselves the ryots have but. one object, i.e., to be helped as soon as possible, and 'the devil take the hindmost.' If any ryot is absent from his village at the time of drawing up the list, he is omitted; no enquiries are made about him. There are many chances that in every list many are omitted who should have been included, and who apply for help after the bond has been signed and the first instalment of grain issued.

"This has happened to me three times. I shall in future delay every issue of advances for

two days after the preparation of the list to allow representations to be made intime.

"Petitions are also presented by mooktars to prevent the issue of advances to such and such a one, on the ground that his land is mortgaged over and over again.

"It would take a revenue court with a large staff to dispose of such matters.

"Ryots do not hesitate sometimes to threaten the group superintendent that he may pass excessive lists for advances.

"It will be seen how many difficulties beset the drawing up of such lists with due care

and yet with rapidity.

"I hold office daily, and my residence is crowded with putwarees, ryots, and beggars. I am getting everything decentralised, and all applicants will, as soon as possible, be referred to their respectives circles.

"I have divided the sub-division into five circles, viz: Pursah, Ramgurh, Bunwer, Taintpore, and Chainpore. The latter I have to manage myself, as there is no person eligible for the post

of circle officer in that part of the sub-division.

"I have appointed 16 group superintendents, 15 on Rs. 10, and one on Rs. 15 per month.

The latter is in Chainpore, and in charge of the largest group.

"There being no one on the spot to control him, I gave him Rs. 15 to make it worth his while to retain his post."

43. I quote the following from Mr Barry's narrative (subsequently received) :--

- "For the purpose of making advances and for charitable relief, this sub-division has been divided into 9 circles. Of these 7 are in Pursa thana, and 2 in Dighwarrah, the latter having as yet remained in abeyance, there being no urgent distress among the people. Of the 7 circles of Pursa, the boundary and villages of the following have been carefully defined, viz.:—
 - 1. Tehtee, Mr. Macgregor, = 52 villages.
 - 2. Telelpore ditto = 36 ditto. .
 - 3. Arna, Mr. W. L. Llewhellin = 38 ditto.
 - Nowada, Mr. Tullock = 34 ditto.
 Cheytun Pursa, Moonsiff = 49 ditto.
 - 6. Seetolpore, Sheik Abdool Ali = 75 ditto.

"Advances to a large extent have already been made in the first four of these circles, and the remaining two circles are in a forward state. A great number of lists have been given in to me, which belong to these circles; these lists will be sent to the circle officers for disposal. Group superintendents for every 10 or 15 villages have been appointed in all these circles at salaries from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 per mensem, and care has been taken to select men of influence and of great local knowledge. These have been readily found. So I am confident the advance will be made in a business-like manner, and that no one will get grain who is not really in need of it. The amount of grain to be given to each ryot is distinctly specified in the lists sanctioned.

"With regard to the remaining circle, viz., Merondhi, in charge of Mr. T. Wilson, nothing has been done, as Mr. Wilson has been absent during the fortnight at Durbhunga. assistant, Mr. Simpson, at present in charge of the factory in Mr. Wilson's place, has only been a few months in the country, and is of course useless for this kind of work. If Mr. Wilson does not return soon, other arrangements will have to be made. It is said that Mr. Llewhellin of Ramcolla is looking after this circle, but I have received no replies to my letters addressed to the circle officer. The villages that do not fall into any circle, about 200 in number, will be taken up and disposed of by myself. The work is progressing, and several group superintendents have been appointed, and the villages in their groups determined. Of course great care is required to see that no one village is included in two circles or groups. But this is very difficult, as so many villages bear the same name, that mistakes will occur, and a few miles from their factories, it is astonishing how ignorant Indigo planters are.

"I have found that in some villages two circle officers have made advances; but this has

arisen from the fact that both factories had leases, or thikas, of portions of the village from different proprietors, and each circle officer gave advances to his own ryots. There is no objection to this, but at my interview with circle officers (and I have seen them all), I have warned them how careful they must be in cases of this kind, to see that ryots do not take advances from both circle officers. The English circle officers are very chary in making advances, as they are directly interested in keeping their ryots solvent; for if they advance too much, the ryots will become hopelessly involved, and will be unable to pay their rents to the factories. If anything, there will be a tendency to give too little rather then too much. They report that each applicant generally gets only about three maunds for three months, which is very little, considering that, as a rule, there are six to ten persons depending on each householder. Nothing is being done in haste, and no advances are being made without careful local I have found no difficulty in dealing with the putwarees."

The Sewan sub-divisional report is to the following effect: inquiry.
44.

"Mr. Rattray reports as follows under this head:-

"The preparation of village lists is progressing fairly in most of the relief circles. Lists of 282 villages have been prepared up to date, showing an application for 43,991 maunds and 35 seers, and the grain is now in course of distribution amongst the applicants. I have great difficulties to contend against in the preparation of the lists. Zemindars, with very few exceptions, have refused to stand security for the grain now being advanced, and by their influence over their putwarees and tenants, are throwing every obstacle in my way towards the completion of the lists. Since the promulgation of the Government order putting a stop to all grain advances, except cleaned rice at 12 seers for the rupee, applications by maliks and zemindars have ceased.'*

"Instructions have been issued to Mr. Rattray in accordance with the Magistrate-Collector's order, to explain to all maliks, that as they are certain to be held responsible in the end for the recovery of the advances to their ryots, it is more to their interest to allow the lists to be checked by the putwarees than by preventing the attendance of the putwarees to risk persons being given advances without reasonable security."

45. And Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus under this head:

"Advances to ryots have been made on a large scale during the past fortnight, 24,411 maunds 32 seers 6 chittacks have, according to the last reports received from the different store-houses, been actually distributed."

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

46. The number receiving this description of relief is shown in the annexed statement. The large falling off is due to non-receipt of most of the returns, owing to change of system under which returns are now sent to the sub-divisional officers.

47. The Chuprah sub-divisional officer, Major Jackson, reports thus:-

- "For this purpose, 6 circles exist respectively at Arwa, Gurkha, two in Chuprah, one at Revelgunge, and one at Goldengunge. The relief centre at Goldengunge has only just been opened. It has been entrusted to a respectable resident of the locality, named Sew Govind Sah, with a mohurrir and two peons to assist him. No actual disbursements have as yet been made, but a list of about 80, purdah women worthy of relief has been received, and their wants will be immediately attended to. Some distrust and fear exists in this new circle as to the meaning of the measures being taken, but this, as in other instances, will no doubt disappear as the scheme becomes better known."
- 48. The following may be quoted under this head from Mr. Hudson's narrative of the Musrukh sub-division:

"The relief superintendent reports to me that he has introduced the system of giving thread to poor weavers in Baboo Sadho Saran's circle. Mr. Llewhellin of Rajaputty, also,

has a very large quantity of ready spun thread, and has instituted a search for weavers in his neighbourhood to convert it into cloth. Here at Gopalpore, as well as in my own special circle at Musrukh, the distributions on account of cotton spinning, and also of alms to the helpless, are very considerable; but I must not fail to notice a most characteristic feature of the results of Government action in the matter of charitable relief. A number of Domes, strong, able-bodied men and women, came to this relief centre yesterday to receive charity. When asked why they did not seek employment on the tanks and roads, they boldly expressed their disinclination to labor, and stoutly refused to do so. Such are some of the piratical attempts upon the Government benevolence, which throw such obstacles in the way of its being put in practice. The very thieves by profession come forward to share, as of right, in that which ail parties are pronecto regard as a universal dole."

49. The sub-divisional officer of Sewan has now opened a poor-house at his station where

cooked food is given.

50. The following is Mr. Hodgkinson's report of the Hutwa sub-division :-

"A large increase is observable under this head.

Hutwah Sreepore Bhorey, Dhobowl and Chu		61 186	939	315		1,315
Chukkia Gopalgunge Sonowhula Bunjaria Kuttayah Kuhala	uniookha	180 14 63 , 42 14 44 	484 470 22 192 116 22 10	60 204 30 	80	730 854 116 93 42 14 286 116 22 10

"Group superintendents have been appointed in Marur, Dhobowl, and Bhoney Zillahs, the circles under Mr. Browne; and also in the Maniarah circle under Mr. Reid. In the Sreepore circle, the putwarees, who have on an average five or six villages under them, will report directly to Mr. Buskin, who is in charge of it. Arrangements for the rest of the estate will be completed very shortly. In the meantime, direct enquiries regarding persons requiring relief are being made from the putwarees who came in with the ryots for grain advances; and this plan has hitherto worked well, but of course some superintendence will be necessary in the future."

G.—THE FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTSTORM

G.—THE PINANCIAL	L'ESUL'	rs c)F T	HE FORTNI	OHT.				
51. The financial results of relief op	erations	are	giv	ren below :-	_				•
•			0	Rs.		P	Rs.	A.	P
Total expenditure as previou	sly show	vn		200.		• •	19,41,668		
1. Expenditure incurred by the Execu							10,41,000	•)	0.3
of Sarun, for district relief works, v									
				1 00 000					
of labor, from 31st May to 13th Ju			• • •	1,89,079	4	U			
2. Expenditure incurred by the Execu-									
of Sarun, for protective works in	the to	wn	ot						
Chupra, from ditto to ditto	•••		• • •	1,577	13	9			
3. Expenditure incurred by the Execut							•		
Lower Gunduk division, for relief	vorks ir	CO	n-						
nection with the Sarun embankm	ient, fo	r t	be						
fortnight ending 11th June, 1874.				1,480	8	0			
4. Amount advanced for relief works in	the to	wn	oŧ	•	_				
Chupra under the immediate super-									
Magistrate viz.—									
For levelling the Serai compound	700	0	0						
For digging tanks	1,000					,			
		0							
For repairing roads	400	U	U	0.100	_	^			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	41 - 6 11	•		2,100	U	0			
5. Amount of tuccavee advances made to									
persons for purchase of seed-grain	and p	lou	gh	•					
cattle, viz.—				•					
To Bhagwan Sahay of Peterce, per-									
gunnah Barae	19	0	0						
To Raghoonundun Ravat of Sawaree,									
pergunnah Bal	45	0	0						
To Sheo Nundun Singh, of Toleh									
. Baharepore, pergunnah Toleh	200	0	0						
To Ram Anoogreh Singh, of Toleh									
Baharepore, pergunnah Toleh	120	0	0						
			_	384	0	0			
				003	•	~			

	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
6. Amount advanced under Land In	nprovement Act	
for digging tanks and wells, as follo		
For Wells.	•	
To Hanmeat Sahay of Gopalpore Chukdeh, pergunnah Bal	225 0 0	•
To Nursingh Sahay of Shah Nawaz-	940 0 0	
pore, pergunnah Goah To Beejadhur Mohish of Ktaya, per-	249 0 0 99 0 0	
gunnah Bal To Raghoober Dyal of Mohamed-		
pore, pergunnah Goah For Tanks.	100 0 0	
To Ram Nihora Pandey, of Choorma,	. 9 400 0 0	
pergunnah Baral 7. Amount advanced to Collectorate Nazir for conveyance of Govern-	3,600 0 0	
ment grain into different places		
of storage in the interior of the district	6,000 0 0	
		6,000 0 0
8. Amount advanced for con- structing golahs and sheds for		
storage of Government grain,		
To District Superintendent of Police,	167 11 11.	
To Narain Dutt, head constable of	107 11 11.	
Sewan	50 0 0	217 11 11
9. Amount paid to Choonee Lall, Marwaree, being balance of the		
price of grain purchased from		•
him at Revelgunge	21,250 0 0	21,250 0 0
* Establishment.		21,500 0 0
10. Pay of the famine establishment attached to the district	•	
grain office at Chuprah for		
May, 1874 11. Ditto late (Salt Department	458 13 10	
Sudder sub-division) for May		
1874 12. Pay of Major W. Jackson on	348 0 0	
special duty at Chupra, for May		
1874 13. Pay of the medical establish-	892 12 0	
ment attached to the poor-house		
at Serai for May 1874 14. Pay of Mr. C. F. Tonnerre, As-	26 12 4	
sistant Superintendent, on special	900 0 0	•
duty at Ekma, for May 1874 15. Pay of Baboo Debee Pershad,	300 0 0	
district grain officer for April	500 0 0	
and May 1874 16. Pay of Mr. W. H. Hudson on	300 0 0	
special duty at Musrukh for May 1874	1,036 10 10	
17. Pay of the medical establish-	1,000 10 10	
ment attached to the Revel- gunge municipality for May	•	
1874 •	31 2 0	•
18. Pay of Mr. W. Barry on special duty at Pursa for May 1874	1,311 0 5	
19. Pay of Mr. Curton, late	-,	
Deputy Inspector of Salt at Sewan, for May 1874	100 0 0	
20. 'Pay of Moulvee Mohumed		
Seedeeq, tehsildar, on special duty, including establishment		
for May 1874	260 0 0	

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SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1874.

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WORKING OF THE SYSTEM OF SUMMARY TRIALS FOR THE HALF-YEAR ENDING 30th JUNE 1873.

RESOLUTION.

JUDICIAL.

Calcutta, the 6th January, 1874.

In May last the Lieutenant-Governor called for a report on the working of the system of summary trial, under Sections 222 and 225 of the Criminal Procedure Code, by individual Magistrates as well as by benches, during the half-year ending with the 30th June last. The reports submitted by the several Commissioners show the following results in their respective divisions.

2. Burdson Division.—In this division the summary procedure was used very cautiously. The record has been found on inspection generally clear and sufficiently full, and, except in a few cases of bad livelihood tried at Midnapore under Section 505 of the Criminal Procedure Code, the cases selected for disposal in this way were legally and judiciously selected. The Commissioner says that as far as the experiment had gone up to the end of June, the results were satisfactory. A full statement of the number of acquittals and convictions is not given in all districts, but where it is given, convictions considerably preponderate, apparently because in selecting cases for summary disposal officers were guided by the simple and straightforward nature of the cases as they came into court. It is satisfactory to see it stated that cases were very commonly disposed of at a single sitting in some districts

8. Presidency Division.—The 24-Pergunnahs did not begin summary trials till the end of April. In other districts the system was introduced at once. The working is well reported of, and the absence of complaint or censure from the Judge in appealable cases (with one exception) is noted. Both the Commissioner and the Magistrates have examined the records of the Subordinate Magistrates and are satisfied. It is, however, remarked that when cases have to be postponed, notes of the evidence are useful as a guide to the Magistrate, and of course this is so. The Magistrate can take brief notes for his own guidance in such cases, and often should do so. Several officers remark that in trying a case out, the absence of the necessity of writing under the summary procedure makes close examination rapid and really searching, and leads to the truth. There is not a word of disapproval of the system in the reports from the Presidency Division: a very gratifying result.

4. Cooch Behar Division.—Here but few cases were summarily tried, but

these seem to have been properly dealt with.

5. Chittagong Division.—Cases had been summarily tried in each district of this division, and are said to have been properly dealt with. In Chittagong itself the procedure was found useful in shipping cases, breach of port rules; &c., brought in as "summary cases" under Section 148 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

6. Rajshahye Division.—In this division a fair beginning was made in each district. One bench made a slip in trying summarily one or two cases that did not fall under the sections, but the general result was satisfactory everywhere. Convictions predominated largely over acquittals, but complaints of miscarriage of justice were entirely absent.

7. Dacca Division.—In the Dacca district the Deputy Magistrate at Manickgunge tried 323 cases summarily—more than any one else apparently. The Magistrate has looked into the files of several of those cases and found them good, but he should examine them more extensively. In the other districts all officers worked the system much more cautiously. There is no

complaint any where.

8. Patna Division.—The report on the system in the Patna district is interesting and encouraging. The Gya and Shahabad reports are meagre. In Tirhoot all the subordinate officers used the summary power extensively, but the registers are said to have been in some instances badly kept. The Commissioner has insisted on more care.

9. Bhaugu pore Division.—Cases summarily tried by individual officers in the districts of this Division have been scrutinized with satisfactory results. There is a general absence of postponements, and it is said that the rapid

pressing of questions elicits truth from the witnesses.

10. Orissa Pivision.—The Commissioner reports favorably, and wishes the system to be further tried. One Native Deputy Magistrate at Kendraparah was severely censured by the Commissioner for his procedure. He has since left the service. In Pooree and Balasore few cases were tried, and Mr. Beames thinks the procedure threw petty cases on the Magistrate of the district too much. The remedy for this is the formation of benches of Honorary Magistrates.

11. Chota Nagpore Division.—The reports are here entirely favorable.

12. The above remarks apply chiefly to summary trials by individual officers. In most places the bench system had worked but for a short while when the period under report expired. In both the Burdwan and the Presidency Divisions the bench arrangements were late of completion. In the Chittagong Division the benches had not been regularly started in June. In the Rajshahye Division the benches had only here and there commenced working, and with one exception, noticed above, they seem to have shown excessive care in trying their cases. In the Dacca district the Municipal bench worked admirably, but the Magistrate says the ordinary bench did not work so well, and he thought it a waste of power, as he or the Joint-Magistrate would have done the work in half the time alone. But the Lieutenant-Governor notes that the bench had only ten cases to try, and if Mr. Lyall only arranged to

let a 2nd-class salaried Magistrate sit with them, as a rule, he would save power. In Furreedpore the bench seem to have acted with independence and

discretion in trying cases with the Deputy Magistrate.

Bayley's care and the Magistrate's supervision, thriven admirably. It is interesting to find the Honorary Magistrates here asking to be allowed to sit without a stipendiary Magistrate. As soon as a Commissioner reports any bench fit to act independently, the Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to let it do so by way of experiment. The Magistrate of Shahabad points to a difficulty in the way of rural benches, viz. that institution stamps cannot be got at the places where they sit. The Clerk of the Court may, as suggested, take out a small quantity to sell. Orders will be issued from the Revenue Department of this Government with a view to arrange this in every place where a rural bench may be established.

14. In the Bhaugulpore Division no benches had begun to work. The Commissioner of the Orissa Division thinks them unsuited to his division, owing to its backward state; and in Cooch Behar and Chota Nagpore the same

objections are raised.

15. The press of work and necessity for speedy procedure which may result from the impending scarcity make it desirable to extend as much as possible the power of summary and prompt trial. The Lieutenant-Governor will therefore be glad to receive and consider applications from Commissioners to confer summary powers on those Magistrates who are deemed thoroughly competent to exercise them.

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In the interior price of common rice ranges from 13 to 18 seers per rupes.

In the interior price of best rice ranges from 18-5 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 16-8 to 22-13 seers per rupes.

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R. New rice.
F. Exclusive of dicting expenses.
G. Price of common rice at outlaying marts is from 18 to 25 seers per rupes.
F. Bundles.
F. Return for week ending 27th December last received after publication of the last Gazette.

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These labourers are paid in food-grains, the price of which in an ordinary season has been taken in calculating their pay. In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9 to 21 seers, and of common rice from 10-4 to 23 seers per rupes. 'Average price in the interior.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 15 to 21 seers, and of common rice from 16 to 23 seers per rupes.

OALOUTTA, bth January 1874.

of Bengal on the 3rd January 1874.—(Continued.)

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Published for general information.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Orops.

Statement showing Rainfall. Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 3rd January 1874.

N	lo.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BE1	NGA			
		Western Districts.		
	1	Burdwan, 6th® Jan. 1874	· Nil	Weather cold and clear. The late rice crop reaped and nearly gathered. Recent enquiries in the interior show that the outturn would be between six and a half and seven annas for the whole district. There is great improvement in the loof of the cold weather crops. Owing to increased exportation the price of rice is daily rising. Fever same as before.
-	2	Bancoorah, 3rd ,, ,,	Nil	Weather clear and cold. Nothing new to note about the crops since last report.
	8	Beerbhoom, 3rd " ",	Nil	Dry and clear weather. Rice harvest home; average total yield of the enti- district about eight annas. 10,1254 maunds exported by rail to Patna and Bhau gulpore Divisions during the week ending 27th December last. Prices show slightly rising tendency.
DURDWAN DIVISION.	4	Midnapore, 3rd ", ",	Nil	Weather fair; wind constantly changing. No change of importance; the outtur of the late rice is on the whole closely corresponding with the amount estimated though in some places rather better, in others rather worse. The large quantity of paddy forced into the market to pay rent has induced a decided fall of prices, and at all the large marts the price is now Rs. 2 per maund of cleaner rice. Cold weather crops certainly not worse than expected.
	5	Hooghly, 3rd " "	Nil	Clear throughout; wind from north and north-east. Reaping of rice is nearly over Potato and other cold weather crops promising.
l	•	Howrah, 3rd ", ",	Nil .	Weather continues fair and colder than before. The late rice crop has been nearl all reaped. The results may be taken to be as follows: In thannahs Oolooberia and Shampore twelve annas, in Bagnan ten annas, in Ampta and Doomjoor eight annas, and in Jugutbullubpore and Khanacool four annas. Boro rice has been sow over a much larger area than usual, and is doing well so far as it has gone Exportation of rice from the district going on as before, i.e., the rice is exporte almost as soon as it is cut.
		Central Districts.		
10%.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 6th† Jan. 1874.	Nil	Clear and cold. There has been no change since last report. The harvest of the late rice crop has not been completed. Cold weather crops sown in patches doin fairly well, but they require rain. Fever of the ordinary kind prevails in Barrack pore and still continues in Basechat. It has been abating in Barreepore an Baraset. One death from cholera reported at Dum-dum.
FRISIDENCY DIVISIO	7	Nudden, 3rd " "	Nil	The weather was cloudy on the 28th and 29th December last. Rain fell at Kooshte on the former day and a few drops elsewhere; the rest of the week was fine Except as regards the sudder sub-division, prospects have not altered. In the sudder sub-division it appears that the outturn of the late rice crop is consider ably less than four annas as previously estimated, and that excepting arhar (pulse and teel (oil-seed), the cold weather crops will not yield an outturn of more than two annas.
7	. 8	Jessore, 3rd " "	•66	Clear and cold for the most part, with heavy fogs night and morning. A showe fell on the night of the 28th December last in all the sub-divisions. The padd crop is nearly all harvested and the outturn is, as previously reported, at leas an eight-anna one on the average. The prospects of the winter crops are no worse than before. The rain of the 28th December last has done them som slight good. There is a good deal of exportation going on from the variou marts. There is no rise in the price of rice worth mentioning.
KAJSHAHTE DIVISION,	9	Moorshedabad, 3rd " "	Nil	Weather bright and cool. There was a drizzle at Rampore Haut, Jungipore Burwa, and Gowas on the 27th and 28th December last. The late rice harves has been completed. The average outturn for the whole district is six annas the yield for the northern thannals having to some extent compensated for the great failure in the west. Cold weather crops are much in want of rain; the drizzle of the 27th and 28th December having been scarcely sufficient to lay the dust. Prices show a decided rise during the week. Small-pox prevalent in parts.
Казвиль	10	Dinagepore, 3rd ,, ,,	•32	Clouds and showers for a couple of days; the weather has since cleared up; rain heavier in other parts of the district than at head-quarters. Paddy nearly all cut; the rain has done good to the cold weather crops, which have germinated The sowing of boro paddy begun. Prices are rising. Some cases of choler reported before the rain fell.

Tolegram of the 6th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

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⁺ Report of the 6th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

, ~	io.	District and date of return.	at Sudder Station in inches.	in the same of the same of the same bearings as and or obe! Whe
BE	RĜAI	((Contd.) Oentral Districts (Contd.)		,
ĺ	in.	Maldab, 3rd Jan. 1874	0.24	Threatening, with rain on the 28th December last. Fine and very cold during the rest of the week. The rain which fell on the night of the 27th and morning of the 28th December, seems to have been general, though slighter to the south and west than to the north and east. It has done much good. Had the fall been heavier the prospect of a good crop of wheat, barley, peas, &c., would have been safe; as it is, these crops are still looking very well in many places and promise an average yield. The kalat (pulse) and mystard have been better than was expected and promise a fair yield. Boro addy is being transplanted; the area under cultivation this year is considerably lirger than usual. Prices stationary.
RAFEARYS DIVE.—(Cond.)	13	Rajshahye, Srd " "	-01	There was again slight rain in parts of the district on the 28th December last, not sufficient to be of any good. The weather has been cold and the dew heavy. There is no change in the prospects of the cold weather crops. Kalai and moong (pulses), sugarcane and teel (oil seed) (early crops) are being reaped, and have given a very fair outturn. Boro paddy cultivation continues to be carried on, and the prospects are good at present. Prices of rice have not varied much generally. In Godagaree and Pooteah a rise is reported to the extent of 2 seers and in Manda of 1 seer per rupee. Cholera is abating, except in Boraigeng quarter where there are still many cases.
RAPSHANY	18	Rungpore, 8rd ,, ,,	· 38	Rain on the 28th December last at Gychanda; the fall was '71; elsewhere to the west, north, and north-east the fall was heavier, and in some places there was hail. The rain has done good to wheat, tobacco, and other crops. There is a large crop of mustard and potatoes. Rice is dearer—from Rs. 3-6 to Rs. 5 per maund. In the north of the district, where there has been the best crop, the price is rising owing to exportation to Dinagepore and Purneah.
	14	Bogra, Srd ""	-38	Rain fell on the night of the 27th December last, and on the morning of the 28th safterwards fine and no signs of rain. The recent fall of rain, though too late to do good to the rice, was decidedly beneficial for the cold weather crops, and has encouraged the people with respect to them. Cutting of the paddy nearly finished. Expected average yield of sugarcane fourteen annas.
	_ 15	Pubna, Srd , ,	.08	Very cold; sky was cloudy and it rained slightly on the 27th December last. Harvesting of the (Boron amun) late puddy has nearly been finished. The people are now collecting mashkalai (pulse). Teel (oil-seed) crop has been cut. The prospect of other cold weather crops, such as wheat, barley, linseed, gram, and mooshuree (pulse) is unfavorable, owing to the long and continued drought. The slight shower of rain which fell during the week has done no good to them. The ryots have finished sowing cheena (millet) and are sowing boro paddy in the low chur lands. The cheena plants still present a tolerably healthy appearance, but if it does not rain soon this crop will not do well.
	16	Darjeeling, 3rd 2 ,,	Nii	A sprinkling of hail, rain, and snow; alternate fog and sunshine with strong wind, occasionally in the sudder station. In the Terai there has been slight rain, which will do no good to the very young crops. The rice crops have been gathered in to the extent of about three-fourths. Prices of most of the grains have fallen during the week. The young crops promise well if no more rain falls at this season.
COOCE BREAK DIVE	17	Julpigoree, 3rd " "	-15	Slight showers in the early part of the week. Hail fell at Doobjhora in the Dooars; the weather has been colder since the rain, but on the 2nd January clouds came up and it is warmer and looks like more rain. Rain fell at Bodda on the 28th and 29th December 56, attended with hail in places, which is said to have somewhat damaged standing paddy, tobacco, and mustard. Rain will have had beneficial effect in the south of the district. The hail is said to have done some damage to the paddy in the Dooars. Generally there is little change. Prices are in most places beginning to rise owing to exports. The general feeling in the district now is that the extent to which exportation has gone on, and is going on, may lead to distress, but this feeling in no way checks export.
(-	Cooch Behar		Return not received.
<u>[</u>	18	Eastern Districts. Dacca, 6th Jan. 1874	Nil	Weather cold and cloudy, slight rain fell in places. Prospect of crops as before. Health improving.
DAGGA DIVISIOSE.	19	Furreedpore, 3rd ,, ,,	Nil	No rain since last report, excepting what the instrument itself could not gauge. Nothing to add to the last report, which was a very full one. The weather was cloudy and a few drops fell on the morning of the 3rd instant, but it has again cleared up. Winter crops are of course worse from the continued drought, and the late rice harvest is gathered in. Rice is very plentiful at Goalundo.
DACEA	20	Backergunge, 3rd " "	Nil	Weather cold. The harvest is nearly over. The rice traders at Backergunge say that the crop is four annas short and the exportation is as yet not greater than in ordinary years. The cold weather crops look pretty well.
{	. 21	Mymensing, 3rd ,, ,,	·61	Rain on 29th December last was general throughout the district, but more plentiful in the east than in the west; the 30th was cloudy; the sky since then has been clear till the 3rd January, when the clouds are again beginning to gather and there seems a chance of more rain. The rain has had a good effect both on the crops now on the ground and in facilitating the preparation of land for the bore paddy. The reports from the interior of the district are generally favorable the price of food has fallen during the week. Cholera has nearly disappeared from Kishengunge. There is still fever in Attea, but it is not so provalent as before.

Telegram of the 6th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.		District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	state of health at date.
ENG	AT.	- (Conld.)		· ·
٠	.	Easters Districts.— (Contd.)		
2	2	sylhet, 27th Dec. 1873	Nil	Little colder than last week. Subsequent tolegram reports about 60 inches of rain fall on the 28th December last. Wenther stormy. Cold weather crops with benefit. About three to four annas of the laterice crops remain to be cut. 3,00 manuals of rice and 5,000 manuals of paddy exported last week. Rice falling price. The outturn of zillah Hingajea is reported to be a fair average crop. little cholera and small-pox in Laskarpore, Sankerpasha, Chattack, and Nabogung
1 2	3 ('achar, 27th ., ,,	Nil	Fair weather. Occasional dark clouds gather, but quickly disperse; no fogs in around the sudder station in the mornings. More than half the paddy has been cut, and that which is still standing promises well. The price of common right in the sudder station has been raised by four annas a maund over that of laweek.
(2	4 (Chittagong, 27th ., "	Nil	Fine and seasonable weather. Prospects of crops generally favorable.
2	- 1	Nookhally, 27th ""	Nil	Fair weather. In the southern and eastern parts of the district the reaping the late rice is far advanced. In the northern side the harvest is more backwar The cold weather crops are stated to be doing well. Prices at and near t sudder station are much the same as in previous week; at the outlying market they have slightly fallen.
1 3	:6	l'ipperah, 27th ""	Nil	Weather very cool and fair. Common rice has fallen to Rs. 2 per maund. Brahmunbariah, about which the greatest anxiety was felt, it has fallen Rs. 1-14 a maund in spite of exportations being still made on a large scale. T correctness of the later reports seems to have been verified.
2	7	Chittagong Hill Tracts 27th Dec. 1873.	Nil	Cold throughout the week and foggy in the morning. The gathering of the cott crop has nearly finished; the prospects of the mustard and other cold weath crops are good.
ί.	1	Hill Tipperah, 27th Dec 1873.	Nil	Bright and cold, with chilly winds from the north-west. No change to report reaping of the paddy crop on low lands continues. Prices stationary.
AHE		Danie vité to son	.00	Weather very cold; a slight rain fell in the Sudder, Barh, and Behar divisions, b
1	5a.	Patna, 5th* Jan. 187	02	not enough to do much good to the crops. The state of the crops satisfactor General health good.
:	29	(dyn, 3rd ,, ,,	-06	Weather cool. A slight rain is reported to have fallen during the week over to whole of the district, but it was too slight to do much good. Towards the norther and the eastern parts of the Aurungabad sub-division it appears to have been little heavier than in other parts. The prospects of the cold weather crocontinue good, but rain is much wanted. Health of the district good.
1	80	≒hahabad, 3rd " "	Nil	Rain threatened on two or three days of past week, but nothing that could be called shower reported. No change for the worse in the cold weather crops reported except that to the south of Khudea they are said to be drying up. The his west wind prevailing is likely to injure the peas and moosoor (pulse) now in flow Cheena (millet) being sown in irrigated lands in Sassceram.
	81	Tirhoot, 3rd ,, ,,	-03	Very cloudy in the early part of the week, and on the 2nd and 3rd instant lig clouds and high west winds. In the Sectamarhee sub-division there was inches of rain on the 27th December, which is reported to have somewhat be fitted the spring crops. A sixteen-anna crop of rahur and koorti (pulses) is expected Sugarcane being cut, is very fair Poppy is backward. The cold weather creal round will not exceed six annas. In parts of the Jalch thannah the ry have commenced sowing cheena (millet) and moong (pulse). In the Durbhang sub-division, the rainfall on the 27th December was 48 inches at head-quarte but not more than 05 in the centre tracts. It has caused no material char for the better in the state of the crops, which are much as they were last we The surface of the soil only is said to have been moistened. In the Madhoobs sub-divisien the prospects of the crops continue to be very had. The fall of rate 04, has been too little to do any good at all. The Deputy Collector fears toold weather crops will utterly fail, and that only a little rahur (pulse) may survit in the Hajcapore sub-division there was '08 fall of rain on the 28th Decemblast, which has done good to the cold weather crops, a six-anna crop of which expected. The small rainfall in the sudder sub-division has been of no use the crops. The cold weather crops are much stunted: with rain there may a four-anna outturn, otherwise only two annas.
	32	Saran, 8rd ,, ,	-03	Cold and seafonable, and at times cloudy but no rain; west wind prevailing. Cold weather crops in the irrigated lands still continue good, but on the unit gated lands the yield can be but little without adequate rain on an early de liahur (pulse) excellent; poppy doing well. Irrigation steadily going on which practicable. No complaint of actual searcity in the bazars, but the imports decreasing, and prices have in consequence risen; exports also are being largely m to Chumparun and Tirhoot. People are being largely employed on relief works
ί	33	Chumparun, 3rd " ,	. 20	Weather cold, west winds and cloudy. On the 27th December last there was a sho of rain, but unfortunately too slight to be of much good; there has been no raince.

Ŋo.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
	<u></u>	 	
78 W T A TO	(Canta)		
_	(Conld.)	•04	Vorwand Clicht min on Ond instant not annual to law the dust A shares
84	Monghyr, 3rd Jan. 1874	-04	Very cold. Slight rain on 2nd instant, not enough to lay the dust. A sharper shower at Sheikhpoorah. Tree hours rain followed by hail at Bukhtearpore.
			Slight rain, '03, at Beguscrai. The rain, small as it has been, has done good. The heavy dews keep the cold weather crops still green and healthy. Rice crop in Jamui cut and yield estimated at two annas.
35	Bhaugulpore, 6th [®] ,, ,,	Nil	Strong and very cold, north-westerly wind, and very cloudy. On the 2nd January a few drops only of rain fell. Prospects of the cold, eather crops so far are generally very good. General health unusually good.
36	Purneah		Return not received.
. 87	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 3rd Jan. 1874.	·01	Clouds about, weather warmer, wind from the west. Nothing to add with regard to crops since last report.
RISSA			·
↑ 88 	Cuttack		Return not received.
39	Pooree, 27th Dec. 1873	Nil	Fair and cool. The harvest of the late rice is in progress, and the outturn is a fair average. The Daluo rice crop is being sown. The cold weather crops are growing well. Sugarcane is being cut and gathered with good outturn. Purchases of rice for export continue, but the market has been stationary and the supply is equal to the demand. Prices are yet moderate in the mofussil. The new Loghu (or second rice crop) rice is now being bought up for export, and has not yet come into the market for home consumption.
40	Balasore, 3rd Jan .1874	Nil	Scasonable weather; the paddy crop has almost entirely been cut. In Chackla Kamarda, the rice crop is reported to have been injured to the extent of four annas. Rice selling at Jellasore at 28 seers, at Bhudruck 26 seers, and Balasore 25 seers. The cold weather crops, except about Jellasore, are reported to be fair. Public health good.
HOTA	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
41	Hazareebaugh, 3rd Jan. 1874.	Nil	Cloudy and unsettled; there was a little rain generally throughout the district on the 27th and 28th December last. The little rain that has fallen has proved beneficial, but more is required to be of much use. No material difference in the price of grams.
42	Lohardugga, 3rd Jan. 1874.	Nil	Mild, with rain threatening; slight rain reported from parts of the district, but not enough to do much good to the cold weather crops. From Palamow nearly an inch of rain is reported, and there were signs of a further fall. The cold weather crops are reported as being still in fair condition; the rain has doubtless done very much good.
43	Singbhoom, 27th Dec. 1873.	Nil	Clear and bright weather; nights celd. The rice has all been harvested. Outturn as already reported. Torof Poribati in Dulbhoom and the Colchan are the only parts of the district in which anything like distress is apprehended. In the rest of the district there has been scalicient for loc. I requirements. The cold weather crops in Dulbhoom and the Colchan have been great failures.
44	Maunbhoom, 3rd Jan. 1874.	Nil	Cold and dry weather. No change in the prospects of the crops since last week; still no rain. Rice sells here at 16 to 18 seers per rupes. Public health good.
.SSAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS		•
45	Goalparah, 27th Dec. 1873.	Nil	Weather clear and sunny; mornings generally foggy. About half of the winter rice crops has been reaped. Nothing new in regard to the outturn is known. The zemindar of pergunnals Chappur, &c., says that the ryots of Reepoo and pergunnals Chappur and Kusbey Geda will be able to support themselves by the early and late rice crops of the year 1873 till the early rice crop of 1874 is gathered. New rice has appeared in the markets, but has not decreased the price. Mustard is looking pretty good. Ploughing for early rice and cheena and kaon (millets) is on the progress.
46	Kamroop, 5th† Jan. 1874	Nil '	The weather was cool and pleasant and cloudy at times. The late rice is being reaped, the outturn expected to 1 below average. Sugarcane all mustard crops also are not promising for want of rain. Public health good.
47	Durrung, 27th Dec. 1873	Nil	Foggy mornings, hazy days, wind of variable duration; on the 20th December thunder to the north. No alteration in the state of the crops since date of last return. Rain still much wanted.
48	Nowgong, 27th ,, ,,	Nil s	Seasonable weather, with dense fogs at nights and in the magnings. Rice crop nearly all cut and stored. Kalai (pulse) doing fairly. Mustar I and sugarcane very good. Pruning of tea bush a being actively carried on. General health good.
			A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O

^{*} Tologram of the 6th January received on the same day. Shows the rainfall duting the even days immediately preceding. † Telegram of the 5th January received on the 6th. Shows rainfall during the seven days, including the 5th idea.

No.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	N Committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the committee of the comm
	AND ADJACENT ILL'S.—(Contd.)		
70	Seebsaugor, 27th Dec. 1873.	Nil	Nights and mornings cold, the latter also foggy. There were a few drops of rain on the evening of the 26th December, and the last day or two has been eloudy. The rice crop is nearly all cut. The outturn, so far as is known, is about what was expected.
50	Luckimpore, 27th Dec. 1873.	Nil	Weather remarkably fine; heavy fogs in the mornings. Rice crop nearly in, and the harvest fair save in one or two exceptional localities, though rain is much wanted. Public health good.
51	Naga Hills, 20th	Nil	Weather cool and dry, but much warmer than on the plains. There has been no rain, nor is there any sign of any. All the crops are cut, and the hill people are cutting new jooms.
53	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 27th Dec. 1873.	. Nil	Weather cool. Prospects of the murwa (millet) crop still continue good.
53	Garo Hills, 27th Dec 1873.	-06	Weather cold. During the early part of the week cloudy; there was a sharp shower of rain on Monday afternoon. Jooming going on. Cotton crop nearly all harvested, and already much of it is in the market.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 6th January 1874.

B. Knight,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Ī					m 14tb 1 Dec.	un 21st lı Dec.	JAR	V PROM 1678	8 T 3. — —	Remarks.
	. DISTRICT.		STATION.		Rain from to 20th	Rain from to 27th	Inches	Up to d	late.	
<u>L</u>	•	1	•		T., also	s. Inche	s. Inches	. 187	3.	
1A6	L. Westere District				Inche	m. Inche		١.		
	WESTERN DISTRICT	1	rdwan ···		Ni Ni			7 ditio.	. 1	
		Cut	twa lna		Ni		1 4.		1	
[]	Burdwan	· Bo	od-Bood		Ni Ni		. 41	5 ditto.	.	
$\ $	_	[] Jel	neeguuge hanabad mcoorah		Ni Ni			ditto		
П	Bancoorah	1	mcooran		N	il N	1 53	45 ditto	.	
	Beerbhoom	- 1	idnapore		N					
	• Afilement	Tu	amlook		N N	ıl N	1 46	86 ditte		•
11	Midnapore	11	ontai Dy. Collr.'s Off Exc. Engr.'s C	ice)ffice		ii N	il 63	10 ditte		
		5 11	looghly		\ \	il Not	10C-)	64 20th 50 ditt		
	Hooghly	ı	erampore	•••	1.		1	57 27th	Dec.	
ij	Howrah	H	fowrah ··· •	••				'		
	CENTRAL DISTRI	T8.						n 73 ditt	to.	
	1		Sarigor Island			Nil 🕨 1	H 4	521 ditt	to.	
		- 114	Alipore . Dispensary		}	Ni!	21 4	191 dit 3 (2 dit	10.	
,	24-Pergunnahs		Busseerhaut Baraset			Nil	\(\frac{4}{5}\)	0'89 dit 1'1≤ dit	to.	
١		- 11	Diamond Harbour Barrip re			Nil	Nil 1	.7 80 dit	to.	
١	l l	- 11	Satkherah Batrackpore			Nil	N.3 4		ito.	
ė			Dum-Dum Kishnaghur			Nil	Nil		tto.	
PRESIDENCE.]	- 11	Bongong			No.	Nil	62 f di	tto.	
PRES	Nuddes	<u>`</u> 1	Croondangah Kooditeah			Nil Nil Nil	Nil	38°66 di	i to. itto.	
_		Ч	Ran ghat			Nil	Nil i		itto.	and New
	11		Jessore Nurrail			Nil Nil	No.	., 16 d	itto itto.	Not rec. 23rd to 29th-Nov.
	Јевнот•	{	Khoolnea	ı		Nil Nil	Nil Sil	. 1	itto.	
		l	Ragobaut Magoorah		.	Nil	2.	1	litto. :''to.	
		ſ	Berhampore							
	Moorshedabad	{	City Moor-hedabad June-pore		:::	N.			1 1.	
		1	Azo sunge			Ni Ni	Nil ;			From 1st Feb
	Dinagepore		75			N·1	ΓR	• '	'itto.	
	11		Ma'dah			Nil	Ziil		ditto.	
	Maldah Rajshahye	9	Benuleah			Nil Nil	N.I	32 1 43 2 ·	ditto. ditto.	
		,	Nattore Runga re			Nil	Nii	4126	ditto.	
٥	Rungpore		Bhow migunge Titaly a			Nil Nil	Nil Nil	8. 2	ditto.	
	Bograh	_	Bograh			Nil	Nil	36.74	ditto	
			C Dulma in			Nil Nil	Nil Nil	43:18 35:	ditto.	Not. rec. 26th Oct. to
	Pubna	•••	Serajgunge			Not rec	Not rec.	03:66	ath 2 ov	Nov.
	Darjeeling		Darjeeling { Telegra	ıl		Nil	Nil	1	27th Dec.	Not rec 9th to 22nd No.
	Julpigoree		Wallagetta.			Nil Nil	Nil Not rec.	83 20 106 39 65 67	ditto. 2014 Dec division	
	Julpigoree	•		 		Nil	Nil	66 67		
•	Cooch Behar State	Cributa	Cooch Behar			Not rec	Nil	115'55	27th Dec.	
	Bhutan Dwar		775			Nil	Nil	175 61	ditto	Not sec. 23rd to 29th No

٠.			em isth	m 21st h Dec.		PROM 187 ARY 1873.	Parking
DIVISION.	District,	STATION.	Rain frem to 20th 1873.	Rain from to 27th 1873.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
ENG	AL-(Continued.)	•	Inches.	Inches.		1873.	. • •
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Decen Telegraph Office		Nil	61.33	27th Dec.	
ĺ	Dacca	Moonsheegunge	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	59·24 63 47 48 86	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Furreedpore	Furreedpore Goalundo	1 2:::	Nil Nil	50°57 42°08	ditto. ditto	Not rec. 7th to 13th Dec.
DACOA.	Backergunge <	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patooakhally Dowlat Khan	Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	61:71 57:18 60:73 91:73 101:08	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Mymensing	Mymensing	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	61:39 48:69 41:11 67:94	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	ν
ı	Sylhet .	Sylhet	Nil	Nil	126.72	ditto.	
\{	Cachar	Cachar Ilylakandy Koyah	4411	Not rec. ditto.	102°97 88'61 86'13	ditto. 13th Dec. 20th Dec	Not rec. 7th to 13th Dec.
	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph Office Cox's Bazar Jail	Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	85:50 86:38 152:99	27th Dec. ditto. 20th Dec.	
GONG	Noakhally	Noakhally	Nil	Nil	118.10	27th Dec.	
CHITTAGONG.	Tipperah	Comillah • Brahmanbariah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	73:00 58:44	ditto. ditto.	
2	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	Nil	Nil	73:35	ditto	Not received 30th Nov. 6th Dec.
) 	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	Nil	Nil	.58 35	ditto.	
EHA	Patna	Patna	Nil Nil Nil	0:05 Nil Nil Nil Nil	30.54 38.14 33.30 34.16 34.75	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Gya	Gya	1	Nil Nil Nil 0:05	35:51 41:03 33:04 38:78	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec, 23rd to 29th Nov.
PATTA.	Shahabad	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah	Nil Nil Nil	0:08 Nil 0:15 Nil	37:80 34:93 22:38 36:71	ditto. ditto. ditto. dit to .	
	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Durbhangah Hajeepore Mudhubani Sestamaree Tajpore	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Notree, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, Nil	20:03 31:46 35:36 27:81 37:10 31:11	20th Dec. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 27th Dec.	
-	Sarun	Chuprah		Nil Nil	33·88 32·29	ditto. ditto.	-
l	Champarun	Motechari Bettiah		0-20 Nil	41:24 32:60	ditto. ditto.	
[Monghyr	Monghyr	Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	38·22 35·05 43·00	ditto. ditto 13th Dec	Not rec. 30th Nov. to 6th I)e Not rec. 23rd to 29th Nov.
BEAUGULFOER.	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopool Mudheypoorah Banka Sanborsa	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Not rec. Nil Nil Nil	29:68 26:73 34:54 36:42 27:45	27th Dec. 20th Dec. 27th Dec. ditto. ditto.	
Вилте	Purneah	Purneah	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	30·86 37·69 35·00	ditto. ditto ditto	Not rec. 23rd to 29th Nov
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Deoghur	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	44:04 84:27 23:00 25:24	ditto. ditto ditto. ditto	Not recorded 1st June to 50 July. From 15th June and not a
		Nya-Doomka	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	53°00 35'81	ditto. ditto.	corded 21st Sept. to 4th Oc

			•	14th t	Dec.	Rain b Janua	ROM 15T RY 1873.	·
Division.	DISTRICT.	STATION.		ain from 14th to 20th Dec 1873.	Kain from to 27th 1873.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks
ORISS	A			Inches.	Inches.		1873.	
	Cuttack	Cuttack Telegraph Office Hospital Jajipore Kendrapara Jugatsingpore False Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil Nil Sot rec. Nil	33 90 38:61 36:58 57:63 41:38 59:90	27th Dec. ditto. ditto. ditto. lst Nov 27th Dec.	Not recorded from 1st Nov.
ORIGGA.	Pooree {	Poorce Khurdah	:	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	57·72 49 92	ditto. ditto >	•
ا°	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		Nil o	Nil Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	48°47 35 75 48 75 37°15 35°25	ditto. 20th Dec. ditto ditto ditto	From 1st April. Ditto. Ditto.
	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore		Not rec.	ditto.	51.25	2?nl No▼	
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							1
	Hazareebaugh {	Hazareebaugh Inil Dispensary	 	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	59:04 53:91 51:80	27th Dec. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	49'95 39'08	ditto. ditto.	•
	Singbhoom	Срусразва	•••	Nil	Nil	38.79	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom	Purulia Gobindpore		Nil Nil	Not rec ditto.	40 96 49·62	20th Dec. ditto.	İ
	ASSAM & ADJACEN'							lar a san a san ar
•	Goalparah	Gonlparah Dhoobree Gowhatty	 	Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto ditto Nil Not rec	91·42 49·11	ditto ditto 27th Dec. 20th Dec.	Not received 9th to 15th Nov Ditto.
	Durrung	Burpettah Tezpore Mungledye .		Nil Not rec.	ditto.	65·89 53·90	ditto.	
	Nowgong	Nowgong		Nil	Nil	70.61	27th Dec.	
	Seebsaugor	Seehsauger Golaghat Jorchaut Nazeerah		Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not red ditto. ditto. ditto.	72·71 66 79 59·52 75·27		
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya		Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	101.22	ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		1			1	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Shillong . Jaowai Cherrapoonjee		. Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	7149	ditto.	
	Garo Hills	Tura		1	Ni	85 22		
		Benares Akyab		1 70.1	. Not re Nil			

CALCUTTA,
The 3rd January 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gort, of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 28th Dec. to 3rd Jan. 1874.

	• •		Barometer	Barometer	THERMO	METER,	Humi-	WIMD				
	Date.	Hour.	reduced to 33°.	reduced to	Dry.	Wet.	dity Sat. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	('louds.	Weather initials.
	Dec. 28th 29th 30th 31st Jan. 1st 2nd 3rd	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	29.964 29.861 30.013 29.909 30.087 29.946 30.095 29.954 30.097 29.956 30.060 29.965	29°983 29°879 30 032 29°928 30°108 29°965 30°114 20°973 30°116 20°075 30°089 29 983	73·4 78·0 67·0 62·9 64·3 70·0 63·5 71·7 68·0 73·5 70·0 76·5 71·0 77·5	66.7 67.0 62.4 61.3 67.3 59.3 59.3 69.7 64.4 68.0 68.0 68.0	76 60 62	SSW SW N by W N by W N N N N N N N N N E E N E S S S W N W N W N W N W N W N W N W N W			K, ČS CS	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
·	Dec. 28th 29th 30th 31st Jan. 1st 2nd 3rd	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	80:003 29:904 30:020 29:925 30:107 29:973 30:115 29:977 30:085 20:972 30:081 29:986	30°000 29 910 30 032 20 931 30°113 29°979 30 121 29 983 30°091 29°978 30 070 29 968 30°064 20 064	75 77 69 74 68 71 68 74 71 74 73 77 77	70 70 64 65 59 60 63 61 62 67 71 73	76 68 79 69 65 44 60 51 63 47 71 73 81	SSW SSW N NNE N N N N SSW SSE SW SSW	11.5 10.9 13.6 1.6 5.3 12.4 5.2 5.1 3.3 9.2 2.6 4.7 7.0 12.6		S K K K K	b, • b, • b, • b, • b, • b, • b, • b, •
	Dec. 28th 29th 30th 31st Jan. 1st 2nd 3rd	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29'907 29'970 29'970 29'977 29'966 29'966 29'96 10'958 29'96 29'96 29'96 29'90 29'883	30 003 20 064 30 0 0 20 043 30 073 30 045 20 965 30 045 20 956 30 076 20 941 30 086 30 977	66 76 65 75 64 67 69 71 60 72 67 72 67 76	62 67 60 65 63 63 69 68 61 62 65 62	78 60 73 55 94 79 100 57 88 53 74 66 74 52	NNE 85W NNE NNE NNE NNE W NNE W NNE W NNE NNE	49 60 60 44 16 60 42 41 80 67 62 48 48		CK, K K, KS K, SK K, SK	b, w b, w b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m
·	Dec. 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st Jan. 1st 2nd	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	30 028 29 912 30 000 29 890 30 010 20 910 30 525 29 918 30 019 20 98 30 023 29 927 30 047 20 951	30'058 *0'942 30'039 39'920 30'040 30'045 29'978 30'079 20'968 30'063 2'957 30'077	77 79 77 80 77 80 78 80 80 80 81 75 77	69 69 68 71 68 67 70 70 70 70 70	61 68 60 62 60 47 65 58 60 68 55 68	N by W N by E N W by N N by W N N E N N E N N E E N E N by W N E by N N E by R N E by N	9 12 7 6 3 10 8 6 6 10 7 7			b b b b b c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
·	Dec. 25th 29th 30th 31st Jan. 1st 2nd 3rd	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	29 902 29 7 9 29 93 9 29 83 9 20 20 20 20 869 30 025 20 7 1 29 % 10 9 6 3 20 7 7 20 7 7 20 7 7	20186 20882 30039 19 919 30104 20 952 20 107 30 181 20 947 30 181 20 947 30 63 19 158	74 12 73 80 71 77 69 80 71 82 74 84 75	65 67 61 62 63 63 66 64 68 69 68	50 42 58 30 44 38 70 31 63 54 72 40 72 40	SSW NW NE WNW NE ENE NNE WNNE ESE WNW SSW W	0.4 4.2 0.6 2.4 1.1 3.0 0.1 2.2 0.2 2.6 0.7 3.2 1.4 2.3		s	5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
,	Dec. 28tt. 29th 30th 31st Jan. 1st 2nd 3rd	16 10 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	29 6 29 6 29 6 20 7 20 7 3 6 7 29 9 8 29 9 6 29 6 29 6 29 6 29 6 29 6 29 6 29	1 11 008 1 19 024 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 0 2 0 0 0 2 0 0 0	72 76 75 75 76 76 76 77 71 71 74 9	65 65 65 65 63 65 60 64 63 64 68 64	66 52 66 65 70 76 52 65 61 66 60	NEWSWENWSWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNW	2.7 4.3 2.1 4.8 2.1 6.0 3.1 9.1 3.1 2.2 5.3 1.6			8 6 6 6 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

CALCUTTA,

The 3rd January 1874.

H. F. Blankord, *
Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, · Calcutta, from 22nd to 31st December 1873.

	,	-								1					
		eter.	THE	RMOM	ETER.	•		des.	daty.	WIN	D		l		
Mouth.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar sadi-	Mean dry bulb	Mean wett:	Computed mean	Me to degree of humidity.	Prevalue dince	May I resoure.	Puly relacity.	Ran.	Moun's pluses.	· Generat Bewank*
		Juches	0	-		^	٠,	, ,			Lb.	Miler	Ln		
'er'	22nd	30.075	76 ⁵ 5	59.0	1270	6715	90.5	51.1	0.69	NEAN N	1	127	••		Clear
	23rd	.051	77.5	60:9	, 1280	680	·13	10 9	67	NANE		1999			Chiefly clear.
1	2Hh	29 996	780	69.0	131;7	67 S	61/2	55.9	.67	' N I		1494			Clear
	25th	10006	77'8	. 5 7 5	1 3950	da 9	ao 2	51%	-67	NEAE		815.	••	٠	Clear. Slightly toggy at 7 & 8 A. W.
	26th	-009	78:3	- 24.0 -		1, 6	61-1	56.1	69	i .		ا . ورزادر ا		'n	Clear. Slightly foggy from 6 to 8 A.M., an 1 7 to 11 P.M.
į	27th	29 966	79%	อัก'อ <u>์</u>	12 ro	v≻ 1 •	62.9	53.7	4.3	E & > W		17'1			Clear. Shightly foggy from 5 to 7 A.M.
	28th	911	800	61.2	1360	60.8	61.1	611	73	→ W& > 8 W		.1**5			Clear and cumuli.
	29th	:951	7to	61.2	125.5	67.3	62.5	55.7	.73	88 W & N		1357			Clear and enrostrati.
	30th	. 30 001	71/3	5718	1280	6350	752	581.	70	N N E & N /		1137			Clear. Sightly toggy from 9 to 11 P.M.
	31st	5,75	7.3* 1	55°5	170		58.2	35 j	.72	N by W & W N W		89.3	•		Clear, Slightly foggy at undnight and 1, from 6 to 10 A.M., and 8 to 11 P.M.

•The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means me derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in common 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 mehes above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past ten days		2 1.5
The maximum temperature during the past ten days		80.0
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	••	78.6
The mean humidity during the past ten days		0.70
The mean humiday during the corresponding period of the past year	••	0.73
		Inches.
The total fall of ram from 22nd to 31st by lower rain gauge		Nil
		Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of nineteen previous years		0.01
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 31st December		46.37
Ditto ditto anto, average of nineteen previous years		69.30

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 2nd January 1874.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

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EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

'Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th December 1873, on 1,280 miles open.

	(COACHING T	KAŁ	Pic.		MERCHAND	IBE AND I	11:	(1:R '	AL TRAFFIC.	m. 14. m
	Number of passengers	Concl	mg	recepts.		Weight carried		}	lecc	ipts,	Total traffi receipts.
Transferritor W. T.A.: Sold local control control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control o		Rs. A	P.	Ł s	.,	Mds. 8rs	Rs.	Δ	P. 1	£ s. d.	£ s,
Total traffic for the week	97.622	1,78,653 3 185 (0		15,9 8 - 1 12 - 8			* 5,59 19 v 191		3 0		65,344 14 51 1
year	2,549,659	85.78.188-12	0	327,569 - 6	11	1.71,65 816 0	76,68,763	6	:	702,969 19 16	1,030,530 6
Total for 25 weeks COMPARISON.	2,647,281	37,47,186 15	1	543,487-11	- 1	1,88,05 338 20	82,07,961	×	6	752,896 9 6	1,095,881 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	99,441	1 61.07 £ 11	6	14.765 3	7	7 15,118 0	1,39,595	2	9	10,323 14 6	55,088 18
week of previous year		125 13	5	11 10	8	·	313	Į0	8	31 10 1	43 0
vious year	2,170,714	84,84,530 6	설	319,415 5	8	1,26,18,883 0	69,94,868	11	7	611,196 5 11	960,611 11

[•] Rs. 48,322-9-3 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th December 1873, on 2231 miles open.

		, , ,					-
		RS. A. P	٠ ٨٠٠٠ ا	Mds Sis	RS. A. P.	£ s, d.	#. <i>d</i>
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 24 weeks of half-year	3,109 96,577	15,847 2 6 70 14 5 3,08 264 14 9	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	58 248 40 11,21,782 0	* 10,134 11 0 72 3 1 8,42,204 0 0	1,179 0 3 6 12 4 31,368 14 0	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Total for 25 weeks	99,686	0,21 112 1 8	9710 5 6	11,7 (,975-10	3,58 % H = 0	32,5 7 11 3	62,557 19
COMPARISON.		ı					
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	4 859	17,011 0 8	1.559 6.44	64 193 39	18.184/14/7	1,676 0 6	3,235 7
week of previous year		76 1 9	6 19 6	•	21 15 11	7 10 0,	11 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	112,357	3, 19 179 8 6	22,008 2 0	9,55084/30	2,99,891 14 7	27,490 7 4	59,498 9 1
		1	l		_		

[•] Rs. 774-10-0 added on account of estimated proportion of free litton book grains due by Government for this week.

NALHATI STATE RAHAWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for weet ended 28th December 1873, on 271 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 24 weeks of half-year		Rs A, P, 821 0 0 50 0 0 24,226 0 0	35 8. d 5 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Mds. Srs 11.142 0 , 409 0 1 03.97F 0	Rs. A. P. 1,136 0 0 1 42 0 0 1 9,257 0 0	£ s. d. 113 12 0 4 4 0 925 14 0	£ s. c 195 14 7 4 3,855, 6
Total for 25 weeks COMPARISON.	32,161	25,117 0 0	2,511 11 0	1,15,119 0	10,593 0 0	1,039 6 0	3,551 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year. Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year. Total to corresponding date of previous year	1,461		120 7 1 × 2 2,11 × 9.	4 059 30 - 148 36 1 98,658 31 1	102 14 6 1 14 12 7 9,114 10 0	40 5 10 1 9 7 911 9 5	160 11 5 17 1 3,860 18

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Praylic for week ended 27th December 1873, on 28 miles open.

	Rs. A. P.	. !	£ 8. d.	Mds, Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ ,a. d.	L s. d
. 8,610	i ,215 0 0	1	121 8 0	14,384 0	490 0 0	49 0 0	170 8
308	43 6 0		4 6 0	. 507 0	17 8 0	1 15 6	b 1
141,370	21,705 0 0	1	2,170 10 0	4,14,031 0	13,744 0 0	1,874 8 0	3,544 18
149,980	22,019 0 0		2,291+18 0	4,28,215 0	14,234 0 0	1,123 8 0	3,715 6
		-		1		. 3	
. 7,358		41	110 7 6	15,370 0	480 9 0	48 1 2	159 kg
263	39 6 ' 9)	3 18 10	549 0		1	5 13
147,265	22,624 6 1	1	2,262 8 11	3,79,038, 1	9 ,11,082 8 9	, 1,198 5 2	3,460 14
	308 141,370 149,880 7,358	8,610 4,211 0 0 308 43 0 0 141,370 21,705 0 0 149,980 22,019 0 0 7,358 1,103 12 0 263 39 6 3	308 43 0 0 141,370 21,705 0 0 149,980 22,019 0 0 7,358 1,103 12 0 263 39 6 9	8,610 1,211 0 0 121 8 0 308 43 0 0 4 6 0 141,370 21,705 0 0 7,2,170 10 0 149,980 22,019 0 0 2,291,18 0 7,358 1,103 12 0 110 7 6 263 39 0 9 3 18 10	8,610 6,211 0 121 8 0 14,181 0 308 43 0 0 4 6 0 507 0 141,370 21,705 0 0 2,170 10 0 4,14,031 0 149,980 22,019 0 0 2,201 15 0 4,28,215 0 7,358 1,103 12 0 110 7 6 15,370 0 263 39 0 0 3 18 10 549 0	8,610 1,211 0 121 8 0 14,184 0 490 0 0 308 43 0 0 4 6 0 507 0 17 8 0 141,370 21,705 0 0 2,217 19 0 4,14,031 0 13,744 0 0 149,980 22,019 0 0 2,291 18 0 4,28,215 0 14,234 0 0 7,358 1,103 12 0 110 7 6 15,370 0 480 9 0 263 39 0 8 3 18 10 549 0 47 2 7	8,610 0,21,00 121 8 0 14,181 0 490 0 0 49 0 0 308 43 0 0 4 6 0 507 0 17 8 0 1 15 0 141,370 21,705 0 0 2,170 10 0 4,14,031 0 13,744 0 0 1,374 8 0 149,980 22,019 0 0 2,291 18 0 4,28,215 0 14,234 0 0 1,423 8 0 7,358 1,103 12 0 110 7 6 15,370 0 480 9 0 48 1 2 263 39 6 9 3 18 10 549 0 47 2 7 1 14 4

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 20th December 1873, on 1581 miles open.

anni chianda (Manada)	(COACHING TRAFF	PIC.	MERCHANDI	Total traffic receipts.		
	Number of passengers.						receipts.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 24 weeks of half-year	34,425½ 218 697,507	Rs. A. P. 24,988 12 0 157 14 6 4,47,575 4 3	£ s. d. 2,290 12 8 14 9 6 41,028 2 1	Mds. Srs. 1,25,467-16 703-0 27,42,239-14	43,901 13 1 4 277 7 0	£ s. d. 1,021 12 2 25 8 8 1,429 4 9	6,315 4 10
Total for 25 weeks COMPARISON.	731,992	4,72,564 0 3	48,318 11 9	29,07,701 30	10,08,586 8 4 9:	2,453 16 11	135,772 11 8
Total for corresponding week of pre- vious year Per mile of railway, correspond-	27,566 }	20,341 9 4	1,861 12 11	58,701-16		2,159 17 4 13 15 3	
ing week of previous year	176 1,201,316	129 15 8 1,12,419 2 8	40,555 1 7	1	!	2,394 6 8	

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 27th December 1873, on 223\frac{1}{2} miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 25 weeks of half-year	3,109 99,656		1	£ s, d, 2.091 6 5 9 7 5 29,710 5 6	Mds. Srs. 60,534-10	i	£ s. d. 1,510 12 9 6 17 10 32,817 14 3	£ s, d. 3,634 19 2 16 5 3 62,557 19 9
Total for 26 weeks Comparison.	102,795	3,46,959 3	9	31,804 1 11	12,85,509 20	3,75,145 10 0	31,385 7 0	66,192 18 11
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,569	20,085 14		1,811 9 7	63,465 0 	22,502 13 10 101 1 5	2,671 0 ' 9 5	9 10
Total to corresponding date of pre-	117,926	3,69,268 6	. 1.	low water	on Rivers Canc	48 over mean sees, Bhazirutty at of December 187	a level and	age.
* Rs. 850 added on	account of c	Na na	portio •••	" Statement s the Midns the month Statement s	showing the an ipore Section of of November howing the am	iount of Traffic a of the High Leve 1873 Bunt of Traffic a	nd Tolls on el Canal for nd Tolls on	41
Approximate 1	Return of		28 33	ber 1873 Statement sl	Hee Tidal Cana · iowing the amo	I for the month unt of Traffic an for the month of	of Novem-	42
Total traffic for the week	1,3000.4	eteorolo- e month	36	1873 Statement sl the Brah:	 nowing the ang	ount of Traffic at High Level Can	d Tolls on	43
Or per mile of railway For previous 25 weeks of half-year	32 Anei	receding nometric taken ap	38	Statement si the Taldu 1873	nowing the amendali Canal fo	ount of Traffic a r the month of	November	45
Total for 26 weeks Comparison.	utta, fro	om 1st to	39	Weekly Rel	turn of Traffic	Receipts on In	dian Rail-	46

Total for corresponding week

RESOLUTION.

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT.

SCARCITY AND RELIEF.

Calcutta, the 12th January 1874.

Total traffic following reports and letters with reference to the Resolution in the Statistical Or per mile. Department, dated 25th November last, and connected papers, in which the Lieutenant-Governor had proposed that planters and other employers of labour in Assam and Cachar should take labourers from the distressed districts of Bengal on a twelvemonths' engagement, Government paying a share of the expense of conveying such labourers to the place of their employment:-

From the Commissioner of Assam, No. 249, dated 17th December.
From the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, No. 1301, dated 18th December.

of Durrung, No. 1501, dated 26th December.
of Sibsaugor, No. 232C, dated 16th December, and
No. 2285, dated 31st December.

of Nowgong, No. 111, dated 20th December. From the Commissioner of Dacca, No. 810, dated 27th December.

From Mr. C. A. B. Anderson, dated 28th November.

From Messrs. Steel, McIntosh and Co., dated 26th December.

From Messrs. Macneill and Co., dated 4th December. From Messrs. Grindlay and Co., dated 10th December. From Mr. R. Hart, Sylhet, dated 8th December.

Approximate Return of Praffic for week ended 27th December 1873, on 28 miles open.

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Manufacture Annual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manual Manu	•	Rs. A. P.	£ 8. d	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. £ s.
Total traffic for the week	8,610	a ,213 0 0	121 S 0	14,181 0	490 0 0	49 0 0 170 8
Or per mile of railway	368	43 6 0	4 6 0	507 0	17 8 0	1 15 0 6.1
For previous 25 weeks of half-year	·141,370	21,705 0 0	2,170 10 0	4,14,031 0	13,714 0 0	1,874 8 0 3,544 18
Total for 26 weeka	149,980	22,019 0 0	2,291+18 0	4,28,215 0	14,234 0 0	1,123 8 0 3,715 6
COMPARISON.				' /		
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,305	1,103 12 0	110 7 6	15,370 0	480 9 ,0	48 1 1/2 158 h
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	1 200	39 0 10	3 18 10	549 0	a7 2' \$	1 14 4 5 13
Total to corresponding date of pre-	147,265	22,624 6 1	2,262 8 11	3,70,988. 1	1, 11,082 R 9	1,198 5 2 3,460 14
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SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY, 14, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Sydecribers to the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Sis Rupeas per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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EMIGRATION FROM DISTRESSED DISTRICTS.

RESOLUTION.

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT...

SCARCITY AND RELIEF.

Calcutta, the 12th January 1874.

READ-

"

The following reports and letters with reference to the Resolution in the Statistical Department, dated 25th November last, and connected papers, in which the Licutenant-Governor had proposed that planters and other employers of labour in Assam and Cachar should take labourers from the distressed districts of Bengal on a twelvemonths' engagement, Government paying a share of the expense of conveying such labourers to the place of their employment :-

From the Commissioner of Assam, No. 249, dated 17th December.

From the Deputy Commissioner of Luckimpore, No. 1301, dated 18th December.

of Durrung, No. 1501, dated 26th December.

of Sibsaugor, No. 232C, dated 16th December, and No. 2285, dated 31st December.

of Nowgong, No. 111, dated 20th December.

From the Commissioner of Dacca, No. 840, dated 27th December.

From Mr. C. A. B. Anderson, dated 28th November. From Messrs. Steel, McIntosh and Co., dated 26th December.

From Messrs. Macneill and Co., dated 4th December.

From Messrs. Grindlay and Co., dated 10th December.

From Mr. R. Hart, Sylhet, dated 8th December.

It was proposed that labourers from the distressed districts of Behar and the west should be aided by Government in finding their way to the tea districts of Assam and Cachar, provided the planters were content to take from them engagements for one year only, and to employ them on open and healthy gardens where men of their class would be least likely to suffer. It appeared to His Honor that, looking to all the circumstances of the case, a contract for one year would be a fair engagement to make, and that the scheme would benefit employers by bringing into the tea districts a large supply of imported labour on which, at the close of the year of contract, they would be able in all probability to draw freely.

2. The replies however which have now been received, make it clear that planters are not desirous to avail themselves of the Government offer. The objections made to it are that Behar coolies ordinarily suffer much from sickness during their first year of contract, and give but little value in return for the money spent on their wages, food, and house accommodation. Further, it is urged that to import a class who would become free labourers a year after their arrival in the province, would excite discontent among those under a three years' engagement. It appears moreover that the range of prices for food-grains in Assam during the present year is likely to be so high as to necessitate importation by the planters on account of garden labourers, and employers are under these circumstances unwilling to burden themselves with more hands than they actually require.

3. In the few cases in which offers have been made to engage labourers if imported, they are generally hampered with conditions which make it impossible for Government to entertain them. One gentleman has indeed proposed to take a large number of labourers, but the Lieutenant-Governor has grave doubts whether his gardens would prove healthy for newly imported Behar labourers. A request has also been made that Government would assist the grantees of some unhealthy Sunderbun lots to procure labourers, but the

Lieutenant-Governor can take no steps in this direction.

4. The district officers generally to some extent endorse the views put forward by the planters whom they have consulted, and deprecate also any promiscuous emigration to the tea districts of labourers in search of employment at the present time, on the ground that food would also eventually have to be brought up to feed such labourers.

5. At the same time it seems to be agreed that any measures taken with deliberation and care to open up Assam and Cachar to free immigrants, would have the most beneficial effect upon the prospects of those tracts hereafter.

Since then neither planters nor officers are at the present moment in favour of such a scheme as was proposed, and it would involve considerable risk to push such a measure in any hurried manner. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks it best to abandon for the present the proposal. As a relief to famine-stricken districts, it would be clearly of infinitesimal value. We can take food to the people more easily than we could bring the people into the way of earning their living; and if we had to import grain to feed them in Assam, this would cost more than feeding them in Behar. The Government was only desirous of seizing what seemed to be an opportunity of colonising districts where the population is If the planters do not require Government aid at present, there is no need to press the matter. They will get, and are getting, great abundance of labour this year in the ordinary way. The direct land routes to Assam, which are now being opened up, and the plan of free emigration, will have a much better chance when the roads are laid out and when food is cheap, and emigration takes naturally to the channels prepared for it.

LIBERALITY OF BABOO GIRDHAREE SINHA, A TIRHOOT ZEMINDAR.

THE subjoined letter is published for general information:—

No. 61F, dated Bankipore, the 6th January 1874.

From—S. C. BAYLEY, Esq., Commissioner of Patna,

To—the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to report that Baboo Girdharee Sinha, a zemindar in the district of Tirhoot, has offered to make over Rs. 2,000 to the Sub-Divisional Officer of Modhubanee for the purchase of grain for distribution to the needy. I have directed the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the received the Collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to the collector to

PRICES-CURRENT OF	O SALT IN THE UN THE 10th JANUAR	DER-MENTIONED DIS Y 1874.	TRICTS

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Sal-

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TRICTS	3.		resent return.	None to see the second see to see	wert preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.		vert preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		l'resent return.		sext preceding return.	Corresponding return	or that year.	Present return.	Next preceding retun.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding 1cturn.	orresponding return	Present return.	
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In the interior price of best vice ranges from 11°3 to 18 seers per rupee, and of common rice from 16 to 22°13 seers per rupee. In the interior.

Price of common rice at outlying marts of the district is from 18 to 25 seers per rupee.

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Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 10.8 to 15 and of common rice from 13.8 to 18 seer per rupee.

Price of agricultural lubor, with 2 needs a day, Rs. 1 to 1.4.

"" " 1.8 to 2.0.

Without food " " " 1 " " 1.8 to 2.0.

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Price of best rice in the interior ranges for 9 to 15.4 seers, and of common rice from .0.8 to 16.12 seers per rupee.

Average price in the interior.

CALCUTTA, 14th January 1874.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUITA GAZETTE, JANUARY 14, 1874.

AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.

f Bengal on the 10th January 1874.—(Continued.)

80 TOLAHS.

80 TOLA	.HS.			AVERA	GE WAGES PER M	ONTH.	
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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

showing Rainfall. Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 10th January 1874.

District and date of	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
		(
Western Districts.		
urdwan, 13th* Jan. 1874	N3	Weather bright. No change in the prospects of cold weather crops. Price of common new rice little cheaper. Exportation continues. Fever declining.
ancoorau, 10th ", ",	Nil	Very raw and chilly, with north wind. The mustard and pea crops are in pods, the prospects of the cold weather crops seem better in the north than elsewhere Sugarcane will be poor owing to want of water.
Scerbhoom, 10th " ",	Nil	Cold and clear weather. No alteration in the state and prospects of the crope Exportation by rail to Patna and Bhaugulpore divisions increasing; Bhulpore and Mullarpore stations alone showing an export of 12,300 maunds for the week ending 3rd instant; the returns from other two stations have not yet been received. Prices showing a rising tendency.
Midnupore, 10th " "		Fine and cold weather. State and prospects of crops unchanged. The decline in prices induces a general feeling of confidence that no serious crisis will occur. As this decline is due to special and temporary causes, too much reliance should not be placed on it.
Hooghly, 10th " "	Nil	Clear throughout the week. Wind from north-east and westerly one day; dews very heavy. Rice crop reaped; the average outturn will be not more than six annas. Potatoes and cold weather crops are better than was expected, though much below the average yield.
Iowrah, 10th ,, ,,	Nil	Fair and cold weather There is nothing to add on the late rice crop. The boro rice promises well. The cold weather crops of the district are always insignficant in amount, and it is probable that they will be short even of the usual amount this year.
Central Districts.		
Pergunniahs, 13th† Jan. 1874.	Nil	Bright days and cold nights with heavy dews, with the exception of Monday, when the weather became warmer. The harvest of late rice on the high lands is about to be completed. The beel paddy will be now cut. No change in the general prospects. Ordinary fever still prevails at Dum-Dum. It is abating at Barriepore. One case of death from cholera has been reported from Dum-Dum and two from Bhangor.
udden, 10th , ,,	Nil	Fine weather throughout the week. Nights very cold. Very little doing at present. Arhur (pulse) is being cut and is yielding a fair crop everywhere. No material change in prices or prospects of crops since last report.
saure, •10th ", "	Nil	Clear and cold weather. Paddy nearly all resped. Nothing new to report of the outturn or of the prospects of the winter crops. No important rise in prices.
oorshedabad,10th ",,	Nil	Weather cold. There has been no change since last report, except that where there was no rainfall at the end of last month, the cold weather crops are somewhat worse. The harvest operations being nearly complete, there has been greater demand for labour and more hands have been employed on the relief works. Cases of individual distress have been reported in some, parts of the district. At head-quarters the prices of rice are—best rice, 9-4, and common rice, 12 seers per rupce. Small-pox prevails in parts.
iungepore, 10th " "	Nil	Very cold; no rain. The cold weather crops, such as mustard, sugarcane, are fairly good, especially the latter; wheat is poor. Potatoes good. Prices in statu quo.
ulduh, 10th ,, ,.	Nil	Weather clear; nights very cold; there is no sign of a further rainfall at present. The rain of the 27th and 28th December last, however unequal to the requirements, being rather general throughout the district, did much good to the surviving winter crops. Kalai (pulse) is being reaped in certain places; wheat, barley, peas, &c., still look well. Transplanting of the bogo paddy continues. Whatever the outturn be of the winter crops, much depends on the boro rice. Prices remain unchanged to any perceptible degree, but slightly have a tendency to rise, especially as regards rice. Supplies plentiful for local requirements.

,	Pistrict and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
	3	\ 	
3 A1	[—(Contd.)		
	Central Districts.— (Contd.)		_
12	Rajshahye, 10th Jan. 1874	Nil •	The days have been cloudless and nights unusually cold during the week, with only
			moderate dews. The ploughing of lands for boro paddy cultivation is now com- pleted. The transplanting of the young plants into moist places, such as partially
	` .		dried up tanks and beds of water-courses, is going on by degrees. The plants which were transplanted some little time since are in some parts withering, and in other parts are not yet affected much by the prevailing drought. The later cold weather crops, such as wheat, barley, cheena (millet), some of the pulses and linseed, are not flourishing, being stunted in growth to some extent. The mashkalai (pulse) crop, which is nearly all carried, has been very successful. Of the standing crops, mustard growing on high spots gives the best promise. The ganja crop in the north of the district is reported first-rate. In no places have prices fallen. Rice is dearer than it was last week—in Mandah by three seers, in Tanore by one seer, and in Nattore by 1½ seers. In Nuggur, north of the district near Namgam, a great mart, it sells at 19 seers, and at Durgapore, about the
			centre of the district, at from 9 to 10 seers. Cholcra is subsiding in the parts where most cases have occurred lately. An outbreak is however reported in a fresh place of the Mandah police station.
13	Rungpore, 10th """	Nil	Morning foggy, days clear and cold. The mustard crop is being gathered and the people are subsisting on its proceeds. Generally cold weather crops are good, but more rain is wanted. Rice is rather scarce owing to purchases for private consumption, but as a rule the price is the same, Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 5 per maund.
14	Bogra, 10th ,, ,,	Nil	Dry and fine weather, no more rain. The cutting of the paddy has been nearly finished. Mulberry in Bôgrah thannah is looking good. Sugarcane in Bograh and some other thannahs has been nearly reaped, and a thirteen or fourteen-anna yield is expected.
15	Pubna, 10th ,, ,,	Nil	Very cold. Sky clear; a chilly wind blow from north-west. The reaping of the Boron late paddy has not as yet been finished. The ryots are now collecting and cutting the mashkalai (pulse) and winnowing the teel (oil-seed) crop. The prospects of other cold weather crops, viz., wheat, linseed, burley, gram, mustard, and moosory (pulse), are not as favorable as in ordinary years owing to want of rain. Peas and khesarce (pulse) look well. Cheena (millet) sown and boro paddy is being transplanted in shallow beels, and sowing jully paddy on low chur lands. Rain is much wanted for most of the cold weather crops, and it would lead to much improvement. Fever somewhat less.
16	Darjeeling		Return not received.
17	Julpigoree, 10th " "	Nil	Fine weather, but less cold than it should be at this time of year. Cold weather crops promise well, but in some places in the Dooars tobacco is said to be attacked by grubs. More rain is now needed. Price of rice is rising all over the district owing to the active export being carried on.
	Cooch Behar 3rd " " Eastern Districts.	Nil	Very cold. No improvement in the prospects of the cold weather crops since last report.
	Ducca, 13th ,, ,,	·19	Weather cold till Monday; heavy fog Monday morning and 19 rain during the night. Prospects of crops fair. This rain will do much good. Very cloudy at the time of the report.
19	Furreedpore, 10th " "	Nil	Bright, clear sunshine throughout the week; weather very cold, with strong northerly wind. The prospects of winter crops, of pulses, continue very bad; from the continuous drought they are fast maturing, and the outturn, as before estimated, will not exceed quarter of an averago year. The cereals, wheat, and barley, being harder are not parched up as yet, but require rain very much; even a slight shower would prove beneficial to these, though it would do scarcely any good to the pulses Prices of rice rising in some markets with upward tendency everywhere, imports, except at Goalundo, having ceased. Agriculturists in this part of the district are disheartened on account of the low prices obtained for concrete molasses from date and sugarcane, which is now selling at Rs. 1-10 to 1-12 per maund, whereas last year at this season it realized from Rs. 2-8 to 3 per maund.
20	Backergunge		Return not received.
	Mymensing, 10th " "	Nil	Clear and cold but with foggy mornings. The outturn of mustard and pulses is reported fair from every quarter.
22	Sylhet, 3rd Jan. 1874	·07	Very cool during nearly the whole of the week. There was rain in the northern part of the district, which appears to have freshened up the cold weather crops. About two annas of the late rice crops remain to be cut. The transplantation of the bore crop commenced. About 4,000 maunds of rice and 6,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. Cholera still prevailing at Chattuck, and there are new cases at Hingajea. A few cases of small-pox at certain villages close to Nabigunge. Cholera reported from Sunkerpasa—of 15 cases, 7 deaths.
23	Cachar, 3rd ,, ,,	-39	Very cool since the rain of the 28th and 29th December last, and foggy in the mornings. Three-fourths of the paddy has been cut; so far the actual outturn has exceeded the estimate. The Deputy Commissioner thinks that there will be a twelve-anna crop. Price of rice remains the same as last week, viz. Rs. 2-8 per maund.

. 1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	state of health at date.
BE	NGAI	L.— (Conld.)		
		Eastern Districts.— · (Contd.)		
Í	24	Chittagong, 3rd Jan. 1874	A few drops.	A few drops of rain on Monday night. Remainder of the week fine and cool. Little paddy is now standing. Cold weather crops are reported to be doing well. Cholera still prevalent in many places.
VISION.	25	Noakhally, 3rd ""	• 3	Woather cold and fine. The harvest is rapidly progressing, and nothing affecting the outturn is reported. The slight rain has benefited the winter crops. Common rice has fallen in the sudder station. In other parts of the district prices are stationary.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.	26	Tipperah, 3rd ""	·12	Weather cloudy and very cold, with slight rain. The results of the harvest on the whole show that the prospects of the rice crop were under-estimated. The price of rice continues to fall in the north of the district, though this was the place where privation was most apprehended.
Сви	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 3rd Jan. 1874.	•18	Very cold throughout the whole week; a slight fall of rain on the 30th December 1873. The cotton has been gathered. The crop is said to have been about an eight-anna one owing to the early cessation of rain. The prospects of the mustard crop are good. The slight fall of rain has done it ample good.
pr.	L HAR.	Hill Tipperah, 3rd Jan 1874.	•11	Cold and seasonable weather, occasionally cloudy during the latter part of the week; a slight shower on 29th December 1873. Paddy crop harvested, estimated at one-half of the average. Chillies, mustard, &c., fair.
	_	Patna, 12th Jan. 1874	-39	A good fall of rain on the night of the 11th instant; if it was general the cold
	20	Tatua, 12th Jan. 1971	39	weather crop ought to be quite safe throughout the district. The reports regarding the crop were quite satisfactory even before the rain. Health of the district good.
	29	Gya, 10th ,, ,,	Nii	Very cold. The paddy is being harvested. The prospects of the cold weather crops are good. Artificial irrigation is being carried on wherever it is practicable. The lands along the banks of the Soan canal promise a good crop. The total area irrigated by canal water is reported to be 24,586 beegahs.
	3 0	Shahabad, 10th ,, ,,	Nil	No rain; weather bright, west wind, and unusually cold. The frost and west wind have slightly damaged the pea and mossoor (pulse) in Bhubbooa and Buxar. In Sasseeram the cold weather crops will be a very full crop on irrigated lands, but will fail on sandy soil. Fodder becoming scarce in Dunwar Pergunnah.
PATMA DIVISION.		Tirhoot, 10th ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable cold. Westerly wind prevailing. In Sectamurhi the weather has been cold and the prevailing wind westerly. The sub-divisional officer states that frost has fallen for two nights, which will somewhat harm the rahur. After the rain that fell last week, ryots in some villages began preparing the grounds to sow cheena (millet) and moong (pulse), and in other places commenced sowing cheena, moong, and keyni (millet). In low lands "dhale" in Shewhur jurisdiction, ryots are able to sow a little cheena, but not in other parts of the division. In neighbourhood of Madhuapore koorthi (pulse) has been reaped eight annas crops. But there is distress in some villages, and sixty persons are reported to have emigrated with their families from a Soorsund Raj village to a village further south in the division, and seven persons of Mouza Purra belonging to Barahi Mahanth on the frontier and other village, and eight Assamees of Ootura, Pergunnah Loutun, fled to Nanpore. In Madhubani the dhan crop has been reaped. Rubbee badly off for want of rain; four annas pethaps have been sown. Rahur promises comparatively well. Mozufferpore sub-division.—Weather very cold. The state of the cold weather crops continues unaltered. The little rain of last week has not revived agricultural work in this sub-division. Paddy reaping is over. No work for labourers in fields. The cold weather crop of low lands is getting on pretty well, that of high lands is withering for want of rain. In the Tajpore sub-division things look more gloomy than ever, except in the Pergunnah Balagutch, where the crops still promise well. The wheat and barley in Surressa seem to make no progress except in the south-west corner of the pergunnah. They cannot last much longer without rain, but rain now would not be an unmixed good, as it would damage the rabur. No change in tobacco.
	32	Saruu, 10th ., "	Nil	Until the 9th January, weather very cold, with frosts at night. Warmer on the 9th and 10th; west wind prevailing. The cold weather crops in the irrigated lands still promise well, but on unirrigated lands the crop is stunted and thin, and under any circumstances can yield but little. Mustard, pens, and rahur have been injured by the frost, and high west winds have somewhat damaged others crops also in parts of the district. Poppy doing well except in Hutwah Raj, where it is reported to be dying off. Irrigation steadily going on where practicable, but many wells and tanks have dried up, and irrigation can no longer be maintained to the same extent. No complaint of actual scarcity in the bazars. Prices of best rice, jowar, and gram, have slightly risen. Exports to Tirhoot and Chumparun continuing. Numbers on relief works increasing.
	33	Chumparun, 10th " "	Nil	West winds and cloudy. The prospects of the cold weather crops have not improved; some portion reported to be drying up in the Bettish sub-division. Government grain arriving. People are being largely employed on relief works.

N	ib.	District and date of return.	Rainfull at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEI	HAR.	—(Contd.)		•
		Monghyr, 10th Jan. 1874	Nil	Set fair with westerly winds. No change since last week. It has been since telegraphed that rain fell six hundredth of an inch on the morning of the 12th instant. The rice has all been cut. The Jenera crop lately gathered has been a good one; the cold weather crop on low lands and dearshs looks well, and an average crop is expected. The wheat on high lands has come into car and is stunted. The other grain crops on high lands are also generally stunted. Rahur, tobacco, mustard, and castor plants are looking well.
	35	Bhaugulpore, 13th , ,,	·07	Clouded on the 12th instant, with slight showers; beavier rain may have fallen in the district. Cold weather crops still promise well; but require rain. General health very good. No distress.
Вначителя Вили	36	Furneah, 5th	.37	Very cold and cloudy on the 28th December last when rain fell; cloudy again and very cold on the 2nd instant, afterwards cold and clear. In the south the mustard has turned out very well; in the centre and north of the district it is not quite so good, but an unusually large area has been sown with it. In Kudbah and Kusbah Amour, where there has been the greatest failure in the rice as before reported: it is estimated that double the quantity sown with cold weather crops in ordinary years has this year been sown. Thinteen annas of the crops now on the land in these two thannahs is mustard. The remaining three annas is wheat, oats, linseed, gram, and moosoor and kurthi pulses; the latter is poor, the grain wants body. On the whole not more than an eight-anna crop has been gathered. The gram, linseed, and moosoor pulse having been sown late, have not germinated well. Not more than half the wheat and oats which were sown early (that is about the quantity ordinarily sown) have germinated well, that sown later has in many places failed; the plants have either not come up at all, or have turned yellow, are very small, and look very sickly. With rain before February a ten-anna crop is anticipated on the whole. In the neighbourhood of Kudbah, potatoes and other vegetables have been sown and are doing well. The rain of the 28th was not so abundant in Kusbah Amour as further south; in some villages the Collector has seek to have had scarcely any. In Kudbah it did good to the late wheat and the vegetables. In Arrareeal all agree that the rain has been very beneficial. The wheat here is said by the sub-divisional officer to be looking remarkably well, and 95 per cent. of that sown, which is two-thirds as much again as is ordinarily sown, is said to have germinated. The Collector says that this is too sanguine an estimate; it is probably the case on the Koosi, from whence the Deputy Magistrate wrote. Taking the whole sub-division, the Collector thinks a fourteen-ann erop may be expected. The rain was heavy on the Koosi, but
ORI	. 87 .SSA.	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 10th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Cold, but of unsteady temperature. The Deoghur sugarcane has given a bad yield. Complaints of want of water frequent. It is likely to be the first difficulty.
(38	Cuttack 13th* Jan. 1874	Nil	Weather cool; prospects of crops good; public health good.
DIVISION.		Pooree, 3rd ,, ,,	Nil	Fine and cool, with occasional south winds. The harvest of the late rice crop is fast approaching completion, and the outturn is a fair average. The dalua crop has been half sown. The cold weather crops are coming on well. Purchases of rice for export are going on. The market is easy and the supply equal to the deman! as yet.
ORIGSA		Balasore, 10th Jan. 1871	Nil	Seasonable weather. The rice harvest is over; the yield, though not first-rate, has not disappointed expectations, and, taking the district as a whole, has not fallen far short of the average. If the crop has been a failure in the high lands close to the hills, the low lands on the sea shore have produced excellent crops, having escaped the floods which frequently destroy them. Fever prevails to some extent.
		South West Frontier Agency.		
	41	Hazarecbaugh, 10th Jan 1874.	Nil	Very cold, with strong westerly wind during the early part of the week; clear and bright in the latter portion. The prospect of the cold weather crops is being reported as tolerably fair. Wheat is being irrigated where practicable, but water is scarce, Price of grain remains unchanged. Small-pox is prevalent in the eastern Pergunnahs of Juggessur, Chungurrah, and Rampore.
	42	Lohardugga, 10th Jan. 1874.	Truces of rain on one occasion	Bright and very cold weather. Still no rain in the Sudder Division, and consequently the prospects of the cold weather crops have not improved. There have been one or two slight showers of rain at Palamow, but frost latterly, which has injured the ruhur pulse; the wheat crop has been attacked with some kind of smut in a few places.
	43	Singbhoom, 3rd ,, ,,	Nil	No rain, clear and bright. Nothing to add to report of last week.
		Maunbhoom, 10th Jan 1874.	Nil	Bright, cold, dry, cloudless sky. No sign of rain. The outturn of rice for the whole district may be estimated at a nine-anna crop. Exportation is coing on to a great extent from those parts where the crop has been most plentiful to Rance-gunge and Raghunathpore, and prices are rising in consequence. The cutturn of sugarcane has been about ten annas, kurthe pulse six annas, biri pulse four annas, sirgoojah oil-seed four annas, and teel oil-seed six annas; wheat and barley, of which a larger area than usual is under cultivation this year, are looking very, well. Public health good.

[•] Telegram of the 13th January received on the same day. Shows the rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

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No.	District and date of return,	Rainfall at Sudder Stationin inches,	
SSAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS.		•
45	Goalparah, 3rd Jan. 1874	·12	Some slight showers of rain fell on the 28th December last. It was heavier at Dhoobree and in the interior. The weather was cloudy till the 3rd January. Mornings sometimes foggy. The late rain has been beneficial to cheena and kaon (millets) which are being sown; it has, however, partially injured pulses and mustard, but the former are cultivated to a small extent. Nothing new is known as to the outturn of winter rice besides an eight-anna crop on the whole. No injury was done to cotton which yielded a good crop.
46	Kamroop		Return not received.
47	Durrung, 3rd ,. ,,	Nil	Frequent fogs and heavy dews; wind very variable; thunder to the north. No alteration in the state of the crops since last report. The mustard crop is an inferior one; the kalai (pulse) and sugarcane fair. Considerable disease among cattle in the most custom parts of the district has lately been reported.
48	Nowgong, 3rd ,, ,,	Nil	Weather seasonable; heavy fogs at nights and in the mornings. Rice crop almost all cut and gathered in. Mustard and sugarcane crops fine and promising. General health of the district good. A few cases of small-pox in a very mild form reported.
49	Scebsaugor, 3rd " "	·25	Weather for the most part cloudy; rain on the 28th and 29th December and 8rd January. Since last report there have been a few showers of rain, which will do good to the mustard crop. Rice crop nearly all gathered.
5 0	Luckimpore, 3rd Jan. 1874.	•23	The week was gloomy and cold, with one or two bright days; weather changed again on the 3rd instant and looks like much rain; very cold. Crops nearly in. Public health good.
51	Naga Hills		Return not received.
52	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 3rd Jan. 1874.	6	Since the 29th December rain has fallen at intervals, and once at night heavily, and the aspect of the weather is still threatening rain. Millet is the only crop still standing, and most of it has been cut, and will soon be housed, and the outturn of the cereal is, if anything, larger this season than it was last year; and with regard to food-grains there is no scarcity; the markets are well supplied and prices falling.
53	Garo Hills, 8rd Jan. 1874.	•39	It has been cloudy during the early part of the week; a few drops of rain fell on Monday and Tuesday during the afternoon. As far as it is known, the cotton crop is wholly collected. Jouning still continues.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL PEPT., The 13th January 1874. R. Knight,
Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

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			ıı Ni	il 115	255 ditto	Serree. 14th to 20th Dec.
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٠.	!		n 21st	n 28th t Dec.		FROM 18T UARY 1873.	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
DIVISION	District,	STATION.	Hain from to 27th 1873.	Rain from to 31st 1873.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
BEN	GAL-(Continued.)	•		1			
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	(m) 10n	Inches	l	21.00	1873.	
	Dacca	Dacca Telegraph Offic Hoonsheegunge Manickgunge	• Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	61:33 59:24 63:47 48:86	31st Dec. dirto. dirto. dirto.	•
	Furreedpore	Furreedpore Goalundo	Nil	Nil 0°15	50°57 42°2 3	ditto	Not rec. 7th to 13th Dec.
DACCA.	Backergungs	Burriscul Perozepore Madaripore Pato akhally Dowlat Khan	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec. Nil Nil Nil Nil	61:71 57:18 60:73 91:73 101:08	27th Dec. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Mymensing	Mymensing Jamalpere Attenh Kishoregunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°61 1°05 0°20 3°15	62:00 49:71 44:30 71:09	31st Dec. ditto. ditto.	
1	Sylhet	Sylhet	Nil	0.04	120 79	ditto.	
Į.	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	Nil Not rec. Nil	Not rec. ditto.	103°36 88°61 86°13	ditto. 20th Dec. 27th Dec	Not rec. 7th to 13th Dec.
أنم	Chittagong {	Chittagong Telegraph Office Jail	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil _t Not rec.	85:50 86:38 152:99	31st Dec. ditto. 27to Dec.	
9 0 0	Noakhally	Noakhally	Nil	0.30	118:40	31st Dec.	
Ситтавове.	Tipperah {	Comillah Brahmanbariah	Vil Nil	0.13 0.33	73·12 58 77	ditto. ditto.	
Ĭ	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	··· Nil	0.18	73.53	ditto	Not received 30th Nov. to
BEHA	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	··· Nil	0.11	58 46	ditto.	6th Dec.
	Patna	Patna Bebur Buth Dinapore {Jail (Cantonment	0.05 Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:03 0:11 Nil Nil Nil Nil	30°62 38°28 33°30 34°16 34°75	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Gya {	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	Nil Nil Nil Ovo5	0:06 0:15 0:11 0:07	35/57 41/18 33/15 38/85	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec, 23rd to 29th Nov. and 14th to 20th Dec.
PATEA.	Shahabad	Arrah Susseram Buxar Bhubooah	0.08 Nil 0.15 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	37.80 34.93 22.33 36.71	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Durbhangah Hajeopore Mudhubani Sectamaree Tajpore	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.03 0.42 0.08 0.04 0.50 Nil	2 °06 31'88 35'54 27'75 37'60 31'11	ditto, ditto, ditto ditto, ditto,	
	Sarun {	Chuprah Sewan	Nil	Nil •0:01	33:88 32:30	d ⁱ tto. ditto.	
l	Champarun	Motechari Bettiah	0.20 Nil	Nil Nil	41·24 32·09	ditto. ditto.	
1	Monghyr	Monghyr	Nil Not rec.	0°04 0°03 0°11	38 26 35 93 40 20	ditto. ditto ditto	Not rec. 30th Nov. to 6th Dec.
Вилгестровв.	Bhaugulpore	Bhanculpore Soor ool Mu "reypoorah Banka Sanborsa	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0 32 (-21 0·10 0·17 0·04	29:00 26:94 34:64 36:59 27:49	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	14th to 27th Dec.
Внаго	Purneah {	Arrareah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:37 0:69 0:02	40°23 38°38 35°02	ditto. ditto ditto	Not rec, 23rd to 29th Nov. Dutto ditto.
	Southal Pergunnahs	Rajmehal	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:04 Not i.e. 0:20 Not rec.	23 20 25 21	314t Pec.	Not recorded 1st June to 5th July. From 15th June, and not re- corded 21st Sept. to 4th Oct.
		37.74-1500tu Ka	Nil	0.01	53'01	31st Dec.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

· 					n 21st Dec.	28th to	c 1873.	RAIN	FROM 1 RY 187	8T 3.		Remarks
	DISTRICT.		STATION.		Rain from to 27th	1573. ain from 28th to	31st De	Inches.	Up to	to date.		
 					Inch	es. Inc	hes.		1873.			••
(sa)	Cuttack	Ja Ko Ju	ttack Telegraph Office Hospital		N N N Not	il lil lil lil lil lil lil lil lil lil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	33:90 38:61 36:58 57:63 41:38 59:90	31st Dec. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto		Not to	recorded from 1st Nov. 27th Dec.
	Pooree	S Pe	lse Point orce hurdah				Nil Nil	57·72 49 92	ditto ditto	.		
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	Cuttack Tributary!	dehal-	ambalpore	•••	Not	rec. No	t rec.	51.25	2 300	M3V.		
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	Loharduggah		Ranchee Palamow		\ •	Nil Nil	Nil 0 96	40.01 38.20	dit	to.		
	Singbhoom		Chychassa			Nil Nil	Nil Nil	40.90	3 di	to.		
	Maunbhoom	. :	Purulia Gobindpore			Nil	Nil	49.69	2 di	tto.		
	ASSAM & ADJ	ACENT	_					00.0		tto		Not received 9th to 16th N
	Goalparah	{	Goalparab Dhoobree			Nil Nil Nil	0·12 C·65 Nil	92°0 49°1	07 di	itto itto.		Ditto.
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	Luckimpore		Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya			Nil Nil Nil	ditte ditte ditte	o. 101 88	·55 ·19	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Naga Hills		Samoogoodting			Nil Nil	ditt	-	3.71	ditto.		
	Khasi and Hills	Jynteah	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapooujee		 	Nil Nil	ditt 7.	to. 7 63 29	1 19 1:47	ditto. ditto.	ne	
	Garo Hills	•••	Tura			Nil Not rec Nil	. Not	rec. 3	5.83	31st De 14th De 31st De	ec.	

CALCUTTA,
The 10th January 1874.

H. F. Blanford,
Meteorological Reporter to the Gort. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 4th to 10th January 1874.

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• Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA.
The 10th January 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD,

**Weten rological Reporter to the Government of Lengui.

Abstract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Reporter's Office, Calcutta, during the month of October 1873.

N. B.—The barnmetric data are reduced for temperatures and not for height above sea level.

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	level as	POAG R	a thgisH			5 62	- • •	-			និខ				347	179	16.4	6,913 5,55	98.71	1.6.	
		 Di		:	:	··· : :	:	pu	: :	:	; ;	:	:		:				•		

CALCUTTA-OCTOBER 1573.

... 81.4 Mean humidity of 16 years ... 82.3 Letto ditto of 1873 ... 0.9 Defect in 1873 ...

: : <u>:</u>

... 29:834 Mean temperature of 16 years ... 29:635 Dutto dutto of 1973

Mean barometric presentes of 16 years Juito ditto of 1873

Excess in 1873 ...

78 | Mean mintall of 16 years a 73 | Actual fall of 1873 ...

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Hongal.

18th January 1874 CALCUITA,

Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric results and Observations of Sky Serenity.

		pres-	. ie		•					W	IND.					ĺ
STATIONS.		Mean barometric sure reduced to level.	Mean temperature duced to sea-level.	North	North-East.	East.	South-East.	South.	South-West.	West.	North-West,	Variable.	Calm.	Percontage and Resultant,	Mean velocity daily.	Mean serenity.
Port Blair		20.840	80-1		1	15	11	5	28	l	2			49 S, 4°E	187.9	6.37
Madras		29 838	79.4	9	6	14	4	2	9	10	19	:::		39 N, 53 W	181.9	"
Vizagapatam ~ ,		29.841	81.1	4.	20	48	ni	2	8	12	19	l :::	:::	34 N. 67 E	72.3	8.71
Akyab	. [.	29.856	-808	12	19	23	19	14	Ð	20	8			15 S, 81 E	66.0	4.49
False Point		29.861	£0.7	27	60	12	4			3	9	2	8	71 N, 31 E		
Cuttack		29.857	8 03	20	32	13	3	3	1	7	10		36	40 N, 26 E	46.4	6.53
Saugor Island		29.848	80.1	31	4.3	20	80	9	4	1	9			54 N, 42 E	120.7	5.18
Chittagong]	29 883	79.4	22	7	10	6	3	9	26	27		14	37 N, 45 W	81.2	5.83
Calcutta		29.831	82.3	11	23	59	11	11	1	2	6			62 N, 81 E	102.1	
Burdwan		29.863	81.4	23	13	10	3	5		2	8			63 N. 22 E	38.2	7:00
6850re		29.833	78'1	17	10	15	7	4		2	7			46 N, 45 E	58.6	7.81
Dacca		29.852	80.7	19	1+	9	7	8	2	7	21		32	25 N, 1 E	49'1	6.67
Bilchar		59.959	79·U	10	15	14	15	12	9	15	4		30	10 S, 63 E	43.7	4.65
Hazareebaugh	[29.893	77 7	5	5	8	2		3	8	31			63 N, 35 W	101'0	7:47
Berhampore		29.855	813	29	10	5	4	7	6	3	15		45	26 N, 5 W	43.6	6.71
aya.		29.859	79.1	10	в	2	10	9	3	6	9		7	4 N, 26 W	31.9	8.69
Patna		29.876	750	1	3	14	2	6	6	21	6		3	20 S, 70 W	63.8	8.69
donghyr		29.856	79.9	8	8	7	1	1	33	22	13		29	34 S, 87 W	35.2	8:37
Darjeeling			•••	5	5	19	14	10	15	27	23		6	18 S, 75 W		7:37
iowalparah		29.817	78.2	7	11	23	4	6	3.	4	4			41 N, 75 E	81.6	7.81
Benares			•••	3	1	7	1	3	17	78	9		4	72 8, 86 W	29.2	•••
Roorkee		29.879	75'5		1	3	18	7 1		4	7		69	15 S, 28 E	33.4	9.24

NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippe's tables as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preced-

ing page by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being

indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,
The 13th January 1874.

H. F. Blanford, Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

asults of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office; Calcutta, from 1st to 7th January 1874.

7		eter.	Tu	RMOM	ETER.			dew-	idity.	Win	D.				•
th.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	His lest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solat radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direc-	Mar. pressure.	Duly velocity.	Rum.	Moon's phases.	Gespeal Remarca
		Inches.	0	0	0	0	0	C			1b	Miles	In.		1
•••	1st	30.012	75.4	56.2	130.0	64.9	59·2	,54.6	0.41	WNW&N		70.3			Clear. Foggy from mid- night to 7 A.M., and 7 t/11 P.M.
	2nd	29-993	77:8	57·3	135·5	67·1	62.6	59·O	.77	SE&S by W		8.03		•••	Clear, and cirrostrati. Slightly foggy from 2 to 8 A.M.
	3rd	30.003	79.2	63 6	131-2	69.9	65 .4	61.8	.77	S by W & N by E	•••	106.7		0	Clear, cirrostrati and cumuli.
	4th	•093	76.8	62-2	127.8	68.5	61-1	55.4	·65	ENE&NN E		1461		•••	Cirrostrati and clear. Slightly foggy at 11 P.M.
	Бth	'121	73 ·6	56 0	127.0	64.5	57 ·0	6 1·0	.64	NNE&N by W		143.4			Clear. Slightly foggy at 6 A.M., and from 8 to 10 P.M.
	6th	.093	71.8	53·6	130.6	61.8	54.3	47:3	-61	N by E&N N W		140.1			Clear and cirro-cumuli.
	7th	·100	72.0	62 5	127.6	61.0	53 7	47.1	.63	N by E & N		145.7			Chiefly clear.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the zer rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the zero. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		2 7·0
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	79.5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	84.0
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.68
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	0.71
•		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th {by lower rain gauge by anemometer gauge	•••	Nil
ine total fall of raid from 180 to 7th by anemometer gauge	•••	Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		Nil
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 7th January		Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	_ Nil

GOPERNAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 12th January 1874

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, -BENGAL.

GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT. -No. 9. -The 12th January 1874.

POOTEA.	atty.			Height over mean sea level.	157 83 157 83 157 93 157 96 157 98 157 98 157 93 157 93 157 93 157 93 157 93 157 94 157 94 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 157 96 15
BRAHMAPOOTEA.	Gowhatly.			Height over low water.	
-	ghar.	5.	porc.	Height over mean sea levei.	24-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
Buaginutry.	Kishnaghur.		-madrod mora	Height over low water.	
RIVER BI	Berhampore.			Height over mean sea level.	######################################
	Berha			Height over .ow water.	
	Goalundo.	12).	Prom Rampore beauleah.	Height over mean sea level.	
	Goalt	591.	Ктош Вепатсь.	Heizht over low water.	ૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૹૼૢૺૼૺ૽ૼૢૺઌ૽ૡ૽ૺઌ૿ઌ૿ઌઌઌઌઌઌઌૡૡ૽ૡૻ૽ૡ૽૽ૡ૽ૺ ૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૹૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺૺઌૺઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌઌૡૡૡૡૡૡૡૡ
RIVER GANGES.	Rampore Beauleafi.	6	From Sahib- gunge.	H-1.tht	
	Lamp re	471.	From Benares.	Height over low water.	
	gance.	91.	Prom Monghyr.	Ho.zht over mean sea level.	68666666666666666666666666666666666666
	Sahik	. 331.	From Benares.	Haight over low water.	[28727777777777777777777777777777777777
	Monghyr.	57. 110.	ovequuid morf	Heirht over meun sea level.	6146 6146 6146 6146 6146 6146 6146 6146
	No.	257.	Ргот Вепатея	Height over how water.	**************************************
	tapore.	87.	Угот Вихаг.	Height over mean sea level	111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 111.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 110.00 11
	Dinapore.	Ë	From Benares.	Height over low water.	
	Buxar.	93.	Prom Bonares.	Height wover menn sua level.	**************************************
			•	ffeigh over Ly water	
	Benares.	; ;		Heirht over me in sea level.	——————————————————————————————————————
				Height over 10w water.	
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			DAITS.		888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 888 88

J. E. T. NICOLIS, Colenel, R.E., Secretary to the Goot. of Bengal, P. W. Department.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the High Level Canal for the month of November 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-49 MILES.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.
Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgellee Tidal Canal for the month of November 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-29 MILES.

		I.OCAL	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	<u>r</u> c.			SI	STORES AND		IALS F(MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	GATION	WORK	ø,				ABSTRACT.	 		
No radimuk.	Approxi- mate weight of cargo.	Approxi- mate value of cargo.	TOTAL, RECIUSING OR, TONNAGE OF EMPTY BOATS. Maunds, Tons.	VE OF. HE OF. SOATS. Tong.	Ton mileage.	Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se Se S	ediny to sinod	Nature of cargo.	Approxi- Approxi- inate mate weight of value of cargo.		TOTAL, BECLUSIES OF TOWNESS OF EMPTE BOATS. Maunds. Tons.		Ton Toileage.	Tollage.	lo redunk. shoots.	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	(alue of traffic.	clusive of tonnage of empty boats.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.
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Firewood	1,760 941	1,675	1,770	::	: :	<u>†</u> 6	· :	: :	: :	: :	: •	: :		: :	:	;	:	:	:	:	: :
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1 Ghooting lin	lime 125	37	90.00	:	:	168 109		:	:	:		:	 ;	:	:	:	- :	:	·	: :	; ;
4 Mustard seeds		635	390	: :	-	•		: ;	: :	: :	:	: :	 : ·	; :	: :	: :	: :	:	:	:	;
7 Jaggery	367	1,186	24.5	:	:	5 10 3 3 10 3		:	:		:	:	:	:		:	:	- ,	 : :	: :	: :
1 Basket	59	16	8	: :	: :	20		: :	 : :	:		•	: :	: :	 · ;	: :	:	:	- :	:	:
2 Mate		136	110	:	:	æ ;	•	:	:	-	:	:	:	:	-	:	: :	·	 : :	: :	: :
IShell lime		0.090	0300	:	:	2 G 2 G	:	:	:	:	:	:		:		:	:		:	:	:
2 Bricks		:	8	: :	- ! !	12		: :		· ·	- , - : :	·	: :	: :		: :	:	:	 :	:	:
1 Vegetable	10		22	:	;		-	:	:		:	 :	:	: :	-	: :	: :	 : : :	: :	:	:
4 GRD for DORTH		5 %	282	:	;		· 	:		:	:	:	:	 :	 :	:	:	:	:	:	:
<u> </u>				İ			<u> </u>				Ì	_ 	_	j	-i						
1,443	61,868	980'88	1,32,546	4,733	137,278	2,012 1 0	m		- <u> </u>	0	476	17	493	0 0 8	1,446		61,868	99,095	4,750	187,-713	2,020 10 9
609 Total for corres-	se- 26,025	58,646	62,206	1,864	48,476	466 12 3	01		\$	0	160		129 3	• •	611		26,066	68,646	1,869	48,615	. 9
of Drawions ven							_		-		_						_				

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendrapurah Cunal for the month of November 1×73.

	Tollage.	Ra. A. P. 114 7 6 1,301 8 4	28 0 4 279 9 0 11 0	: 1 1 : 1	::::::	749 15 0
	Ton mileage.	10,632	2,068	:::::	1:::::::::	2,276 81,886 749
CT.	Total, exclusive of tonnage of empty boates.	3,3591	7.3 4.85	:::::	::::::	2,276
ABSTRACT.	Value of traffic.	B4. 52,717 8,49,637	6,218	::::	::::::::	12,01,261
	Nature of traffic.	104 Local traffic 465 Through ditto IRRGH.WORKS.	6 Local traffic 25 Through ditto	:::::	:::::::	
	Number of boats.		සා ක සා ර් 	<u> </u>	::::::	0 278
OR	Tollage	Rs. A. P.	123 86 123 8	279 2	: : : : : :	307 2
ALS F	Ton mileage.	2,068		20,370 279	::::::	438 12,508 104 438 12,508
STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	TOTAL, BEXCLUSIVE OF SECTORAGE OF SECTORAGE BOATS. Mds.	TRAFFIC. 2,0371 73 HTRAFFIC.		1 485		
N I M			8 496 840 840 840 840	1 - 1		6,218 15,628 12,608 12,266
RES A IKRIC	Approximate value	Ka. Local 1 THROUGH	198	820 5,218	::: : ::	6,218 12,608
STO	Nature of cargo.	6 Empty	1 Planks 1 Irou stores 12 Pussengers	timbers (205)		
	Number of boats.	- *000			3050 0	8 8
EA BOARD.	Tollage.					5 1,301 8
00	Ton mileage.	::::	::::	:::::		13 0
4XD	Tone.	: : : :	::::	:::::	: : : : :	41,181 1,471
FFACE	TOTAL, BEACLUSIVE OF TONNAOB OF BUPTT BOALS. Floring.	27,289 20,209 11,213		2,114 101 280 857	187 1,243 1,057 18,468	41,18
TRAPFIC BETWEEN CUTTACK AND	Approximate value to cargo.	Rs. 27,299 40,401 2,24,260	85.72 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05 C. 0.05	20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1 20 1	: :6 :	3,49,837
BETW		. <u>.</u>	::: :: :	at a seas	1) ers (26)	
RAFFIC	Nature of eargo.	127 Paddy 36 Rice 24 Spices		Black peas Coroanut Bags Firewood	1 Figures 11) 14 Passengers (2) 2 Timbers (13) 14 Empty (13)	
	Number of boats.	A. 0000	- 	ေစာဝဝင်	Rate Par	0 186
	Tollage.	E 113		4806	0 00 1 1 1	114 7
	Con mileage.		59512	, i		7,696
, IC.	MCLUSIVE OF TONESTY OF TONESTY MAN TY MONTH TY MIN.	L		19 c a 4	111:1	: 025 58 8
RAFF	TOTAL, BECUGSIVE OF TOWNAGE OF EMPTY BOATS.		-ii	2, 20 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28 28	1::::	14,549
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	oriave value of cargo.	1,714 20,946 6,600	6.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00			1,06,107
LO	Nature of	10 Paddy	SCution 7 Jute 1 Tobacco	6 Pasengers 1 Timber 1 Bamboos	2 Samboos (525) 2 Timbers (14)	04 62.717 14,648 ponding month of previous year
	'sampes of bosts.	234		~~~~ <u>~</u>	ਜ਼੍ਰੂ ਜ਼੍ਰੂ ਜ਼੍ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼ਰੂ ਜ਼	104

ORISSA CIRCLE.
Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolts on the Brahminse Division, High Level Canal, for the month of November 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-37 MILES.

•		Tollage.	Re. A. P. 17 6 1 221 18 0	141 14 10
**		Ton mileage.	15,2174	10,753
	Ĕ	Total, exclusive of tonnage of empty boats.	663.8 65.55.3 	803
	ABSTRACT.	Value of Traffic.	Rs. 1,188 0 0 5,166 0 0 	4,677 0 0
to.		Weight of cargo.	Mds. 631 8366	4,695
		Nature of traffic.	Local Irrigation works	
		Number of	8	3
	RKS.	Tollage.	8. A. P. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B. B.	0 \$1 801.
	TION WC	Ton Ton mileage.	8,674 2774 6074 4776 6074 20874 884 881 881 881 881 881 881	9806
;	RRIGA	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF EMPTY BOATE, Mannis. Tons	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	
	FOR 1	TONN TONN EMPT	7,144 4,356 618 608 890 409 409 221 1,502 	12,480
	STORES AND MATERIALS FOR	Approxi- Approxi- EXCLUSIVE OF Insterminate TOYNAGE OF Weight value of EMPTY BOATE, feargo, cargo, Mannis, Tons	Ra. 1,643 224 504 600 1,095 230 600 600 600 600 600 600 600 60	1,46)
	Δ	Approxi- mate weight of cargo.		3,750
	STORES AND	Nature of cargo.	Timber, 821 in No. No. Firewood Charcoal Engine 4 in No. No. Anchorplate,&c. Unserviceable Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocunuts Vocu	
		Number of	3 - 61 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	61
		Tollage.		33 0 10 •
		Ton mileage.	i i	1,718
		VE OF GE OF BOATS. Tons	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	6
	RAFFIC	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TOWAGE OF EMPTY BOATS. Maunds. Tons	863 468 455 450 1,687	0890
	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Approxi- Approximate mate weight value of cargo.	86. 27. 28. 27. 28. 30. 1.16. 1.168	7110
	ī	Approxi- mate weight of cargo.	Mds. 176 273 80 153 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 163 16	}
		Nature of cargo.	8 Rice 2 Firewood 1 Provision 3 Empty 8 Bamboos, 1,300 in No. 4 Passenger 1 Total of corres.	ponding month of previous year
		Mamber of boats.	80 MHHS 80 4 ::::: 23	

H. W. GULLIVER, Lieut.-Col., R.E., Offy. Joint-Secretary to the Givernment of Benyal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls in the Taldundah Canal for the month of November 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-274 MILES.

	1	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	RAFFIC.					STORES AND M	MATE	ATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	OR IRRIC	SATION	; WORK	တ်			ABSTRACT.	RACT.	•		
	APPRO	APPROXIMATE	TOTAL, EXCIU-	SXCLU-	·•-		роптя		APPRO	APPROXIMATE	TOTAL, EXCLU-	RECEU-			estro.	.ogit		lo evisi Viquio			Renabre.
Nature of cargo.	Weizht		- '	EMPIY S.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	10 T	Nature of cargo.	Weight	Value of	MAGROFEMPIY BOAIS.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Nature of traffic.	o lo te	of of traffic.	nge of	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	
	of Cargo.	value of	Maunds. Tons.	Tons.					of carg∩.		Maunds. Tons.	Tons.			ղաո <u>ւ</u>	lgio'//		Total, tonn boat			
		B3. A. P.	-			Rs. A. P.	!			Rs. A. P.	 -		: '_	Rs. A. P.			Rs. A. P.			Rs. As. P.	•
1 Paddy	:	100 0 0	0, 240	2	170	1 3 4	2	": elde	:	752 8	0 37,323	37,323 1,333 19,995		93 4 8	9 Local	: :	240 0 0	32.5	351	1 1	
1 Tundy Grass	:	10 0	0; 337\$	13	144	0 13 6	: -•	Bricks	:	0 98	0 4,038	146}	4,170	10 3 11 121	21 Irrigation works		851 8 C	3062	11 97: 1416.63	46 11 5,	44
64 Timbers	:	130 0	: - _o -	: :	:	0 8	:	1,000 Bamboos	:	0 01	: -o'	:	:	0 13 4	- - :	_	•			:	
1 Pacsenger for 20 miles	:	:	:	:	:	0	: a	12 Timbers	:	0	: ₅	:	 :	180	: :		:	:	:	:	•
7 Empty	:	:	342	12}	37	0 1	6 75	75 Empty	:	:	16,335	583	8,752	40 13 6	: - :		;	:	:	:	
	<u> </u>	910 0	0 919	3.5	351	11 1	121	, <u>-</u> i	<u>:</u>	851 8	67,736	2,002}	29,9174,146 11	46 11 6 130	&	:	1,00, 8 0	2,1954	30,268	157 13 2	
ponding month of previous year	:	:	48	, ,	ន	8	: a			;	:	:	:	:		:	:	6	S	ີ່ຜີ້ ຄາ ຍາ	

The 9th January 1:74.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 4 days of December 1873, on 1,280 miles open.

	, (COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDI	SB AND MINRRAL TRAFFIC.	Total traffic
! !	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipts.
to the state of the same of		Rs. A. P.,	s. ct.	Mds. Srs	Rs. A. P. & s.	d. & s. d.
Total traffic for the period Or per nule of railway	48,925	• 94,896 14 2 8,698	17 8 15 11	1	+ 3,44,315 14 8 81,562 5 268 15 11 24 13	
For previous 25‡ weeks of half-	2,744,903	39,30,790 2 8 360,322	8 7	19,435,314 30	86,90,217 0 6 707,155 19	7 1,157,478 8 3
Total fo.~207 weeks	2,793,828	40,25,687 0 10 369,021	6 3	20,228,078 30	90,40,562 14 9 829,718 5	4 1,197,789 11 7
Total for corresponding 3 days of previous year	41,743	70,124 4 4 6,428	1 2	303,184 10	1,58,985 14 5 14,573 14	2 21,001 15 4
Per mile of railway, corresponding 3 days f previous year		51 19 7 5	0 5		124 3 4 11 7	9 16 8 2
T in to corresponding date of pre-	2,609,956	87,18,277 15 2 310,912	2 11	13,624,497 20	75,21,821 11 2 689,775 6	5 10,30,617 9 4

 Rs. 2.557-3-6 added on account Viceroy's special fram.
 Rs. 41,038-1 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.
 Rs. 41,233 added on account of difference between approximate and anothed amounts of previous weeks on account of proportion of freight ood-grains due by Government. † Rs. 8,232 deducted, being difference between approximate and audited returns of previous weeks on account of general merchandise traffic.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 4 days of December 1873, on 2231 miles open.

Total traffic for the period Or per mile of railway For previous 25# weeks of half-year	6,633 102,428	Rs. A. P. 7,893 7 1 35 5 1 3,46 959 3 9	£ s, d. 723 11 4 5 4 9 31,804 11 11	Mds. Srs. 55,171 30 1,235,509 20	Rs. A. P. * 13,403 13 0 59 15 7 8,75,145 10 0	£ s. p. 1,223 13 8 5 9 11 31,388 7 0	£ s. d. 1,952 5 0 8 14 8 66.192 18 11
Total for 267 weeks	109,428	8.51,852 10 10	32,528 3 3	1,290,681 10	3,89,549 7 0	35,617, 0 · 8	68,145 3 11
COMPABISON.							
Total for corresponding 3 days of previous year	2,397	8,609 8 4	789 4 1	27,199 0	9,682 10 6	887 11 7	1,676 15 8
Per mile of railway, corresponding 3 days of previous year Total to corresponding date of		38 8 4	3 10 8		43 5 2	3 19 5	7 10 1
Total to corresponding date of previous year	120,513	3,77,477 14 10	31,638 16 2	1,045,748 30	3,32,170 6 11	30,448 19 2	65,087 15 4

Rs. 1,723-1 ad ted on account of difference between approximate and an uted returns of previous weeks.

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 4 days ended 31st December 1873, on 271 miles open.

		-				_								
		Rs.	А. Р.		s .	a	Mds. Srs.	Rs.	А. Р	. £ s.	d.	e.	١	d.
Total traffic for the 4 days Or per mile of ranway For previous 26 weeks of half-year	726 27 33,464	569 20 26,319	0 0		3 4 2 0 1 16	οj	6.692 0 246 0 120,961 0	21	0 0 0 0 0 0	2 2	0	113 4 3.726	2	ò
Total for 26 weeks and 4 days .	34,190	26,880	0 0	2,65	3 0	0	127,653 0	11,518	0 0	1,151 16	0	3,939	16	•
COMPARISON.						Į	ļ			1				
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	559	585	13 10	58	3 11	១	9,500 30	945	8 0	9-1 11	0	153	2	•
week of previous year	22	21	8 0		2 3	0	818 20	81	11 2	3 9	5		12	b
fotal to corresponding date of previous year	84,351}	26,514	7 2	2,65	1 8 1	1	115,353 11	10,959	10 3	1,095 19	9	8,750	8	8
	l	 		 		.	l	1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		l <u></u> .		

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for last 4 dags ended 31st December 1873, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ 4. d.	Mds. Srs	Rs. A. P	£ s. d.	£ s d.
Total traific for the week	4,939	607 0 0	66 14 0	9,629 o	319 0 0	81 4 0	97 18 0
Or per mile of railway	176	24 0 0	2 8 0	344 0	11 0 0	120	3 10 0
For previous 26 weeks of half-year	149,980	22,019 0.	2,291 18 0	428, '15 0	14,274 0 0	1,423 8 0	8,715 6 •
Total for 26 weeks and 4 days	154,919	23,5*6 0 0	2,354 12 0	437,844 0	11,546 0 0	1,454 12 0	3,813 4 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	2,879	417 15 0	41 15 11	9,607 0	827 15 0	82 15 11	74 11 10
week of previous year	103	14 15 0	1 9 10	343 0	11 11 0	185	2 13 8
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	150,144	20,042 5 1	2,301 4 10	388,645 1	12,310 7 9	1,231 1 1	8,635 5 11

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 3 days of January 1874, on 27, miles open.

	Co	DACHING	TRAI	FIC.			Merchandise	AND M	IN	ERAL T	'KAPYI	c.		Total fraffi	fic
•	Number of passengers.	Con	ching	receipts.			Weight carried.	Receipts.				i	receipts.		
•	· · · ·	Rs.	A. P	. E	8.	d.	Mds. Srs.	Ra.	A.	P.	£.		d.	£ s. c	d
traffic for the 3 days rmile of railway revious weeks of half-year.	538 20		0 0 0 0	87 1	-			169 6 	0		16 0 		0	54 12 2 0	
Total for 1 week	538	377	0 0	37	14	0	2,529 0	169	0	0	115	14	0	54 12	-
COMPARISON.			-											**	
for corresponding week of vious year lile of railway, corresponding	818	655	12 6	65	11	7	4,501 10	319	2	6	84	18	3	100 9 1	10
k of previous year to corresponding date of pre-	80	24	1 1	2	8	2	165 7	12	13	0,	ı	5	7	3 13	,
is year	818	655	12 6	65	11	7	4,501 10	349	2	6 ;	3,6	18	3	190 9 1	10

CALCUTTA SOUTH EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for first 3 days ended 3rd January 1874, on 28 miles open.

1	i	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
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No. 3 of 1874.

REGISTERED No. 29.



The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazketk may receive the Supplement separately on vayment of Six Rupess per annum of delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupess if sent by Post.

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PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in

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ned Districts of Bengal on the 17th January 1874.

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In the interior price of best rice ranges from 12 to 18 seers per rupee and of common rice from 16 to 22-13 sec.s per rupee. In the interior best rice from 7 to 19 and common rice 11 to 16 seers per rupee.

In the interior best rice at 13 and common rice at 16 to 18 seers per rupee.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 15 to 19-8 and common rice 18-8 to 26 seers per rupee. Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 17 to 19 and of common rice 18 to 22 teers per rupee.

The price of common rice at outlying marts ranges from 18 to 26 seers per rupee.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JANUARY 21, 1874.

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the under mentioned

				· ,,		QUANTITIE	S PER RUPEE BY
	WHEAT.	BARLEY.	RICE, BEST SORT	Rice. common.	ULRUSH MILIET— CUMBOO, BAJRA.	GREAT MILLET- CHOLUM, JOWAR.	RAGI OR MURWA,
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of common rice in the interior ranges from 10 to 12.8 seers her rupes, interior the price of common rice ranges from 12 to 14 seers, and of best rice 8 to 14 seers per rupes. If best rice in the interior ranges from 9 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 10.4 to 15 seers per rupes, interior of the district the lowest price of rice ranges from 36 to 42 seers per rupes. Interior the price of common rice ranges from 15 to 23 seers and of best rice 14 to 21 seers per rupes.

CUTTA,

January 1874.

Bengal on the 17th January 1874.—(Continued.)

	_	AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.																	118.	UĽ
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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Grops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 17th January 1874.

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N	o.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BER	NGAI	4.		
		Western Districts.		·
	1	Burdwan, 20th® Jan. 1874	Nil .	Weather cold and bright. Cold weather crops in the east of the district are looking better. Price of rice stationary. Exportation continues. Total export of grain by rail in December last was 30,293 maunds, and total import 12,546 maunds. Fever same as before.
HOW.	2	Hancoorah, 17th,	Nil	Heavy clouds on Monday, the 12th instant; otherwise clear and very cold. About five annas of the cold weather crops may be expected. Boro paddy is said to be being sown in the Gungajulghatty thannah. Some eighty applications for tuccavee advances have been made, chiefly for works for irrigation. Small-pox has breken out at Bishenpore and Bancoorah.
AN DIVISION.	8	Beerbhoom, 17th,	Nil	Cold and bright. Nothing to note, there being no cold weather crops to speak of, and the rice harvest being over. Export up-country by rail for week ending 10th instant over 12,000 maunds. Prices stationary.
BURDWAN	4	Midnspore, 17th . "	Nil	Changeable wind and with it the temperature. Cold weather crops somewhat better than was expected. Prices, which have declined markedly during the last fortnight, beginning to rise again, but market very fluctuating. No indications of immediate distress.
	Б	Hooghly, 17th	Nil	Clear throughout; north-east wind; heavy dews. Potato and cold weather crops are better than was expected; the probable yield will be much below the average yield.
ļ		Howrah, 17th ,,	Nil	Fair and cold weather. State and prospects of the crops entirely unchanged since last week
		Central Districts.		
IDENCY DIVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 20th† Jan. 1874.	Nil	Wenther fine and cold. The harvest of the late rice has been completed in Diamond Harbour, Barrackpore, and Dum-Dum. It will shortly be finished in the other sub-divisions. In Baraset the pulses are not looking well, and tobacco is stunted, but peas are good wherever irrigated. In Satkhirah cold weather crops have been doing better than was expected. In other sub-divisions they are, where sown, doing fairly well. General prospects continue unchanged. Fever still continues in Baserhat, and small-pox has appeared in parts of thannah Baduria in that sub-division. Fever is abating in Alipore, Bariepore, and Baraset. An outbreak of cholera reported from Nyhatty. No further cases reported from either Bhangors of Dum-Dum.
PRESTO	7	Nuddea, 17th . ,,	Nil	The 11th and 12th January were hot and cloudy, and the rest of the week has been fine and very cold. There was a shower of rain at Kooshtea on the 12th, and a few drops fell in other parts of the district. No change in the prospects of the crops. The want of water is beginning to be felt.
į	8	Jessore, 17th	. Kil	Clear and cold. Rain at Magura and Jenidah on the 12th instant. No change to report. Prices remain much the same, with the exception of a slight rise in Khoolnah sub-division, whence a good deal of exportation is going on.
Passuante Division.	9	Moorshedabad, 17th ",	Nil	Heavy thunder clouds passed over the station on the 12th instant, but no rain fell. There was a slight sprinkling in the Burwa thannah, and a larger fall in the Bhugwangola and Manullabazar themashs. The late rice harvest is now quite completed. The rain of the 12th has enabled the cultivators to begin ploughing for the aus or early rice sowings. Cold weather crops have not improved; they are doing well only in the Jungypore sub-division. The principal crops now on the ground are lineed and teel (oil-seed). Gram is stunged in growth, but is thowering. There is very little wheat and barley, and what exists is carefully irrigated. Boro paddy will be sown in every available spot; the seedlings are ready. Where transplantation has been effected, they are reported to be looking well. Prices are almost stationary.
RAJSH	10	Dinagepore, 17th " "	-03	Rain has fallen in many places; from Doorgapore heavy showers on the 12th January are reported. Weather very cold. The rain has done good to the mustard, of which there will be a good crop, nearly a full one. The rain has also softened the ground for the sowing of the early rice.
į	[11	Maldab, 17th , ,,	-09	Slight rain fell on the 12th instant, followed by a strong westerly wind on the 13th, and fine weather since. The cold weather crops, such as wheat, barley, peas, cheens, millet, continue to look very well. The kalni (pulse) crop has been an average crop in many places, and oil-seeds are expected to give a fair yield. Boro paddy is being transplanted. Health of the district generally good. No distress reported. Supplies generally plentiful, but prices show a tendency to rise this week.

Telegram of the 20th January received on the same day. Shows rainfail during the seven days immediately preceding.

A Report of the 20th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

ia.	District and date of return.	Rainfall nt Sudder Station in inches.	
NGAI	—(Contd.)		• ••
•	*Central Districts : (Contd.)		
12	Rajahahyo, 17th Jan 1874	, ·15	slight rain fell in most parts of the district on the night of the 11th and on 12th January, but was insufficient to have effect on the winter crops. The weather is extremely cold, the thermometer in the open air at night (15th—16th instant having fallen to one degree above freezing point. The state of the crops has undergone little or no change since last report. They are still capable of giving a fair outturn with moderate rain any time during the next three weeks. Price of rice have been stationally except in the south-western quarter of the district where there has been a rise to the extent of four seers, caused probably by large exportations to other parts of the district and to decreased importations. Cholers has considerably abated.
13	Rungpore, 17th ",	Nil	Mornings forgy and cold, days bright, and temperature moderate: bright, cold. The price of rice varies from Rs. 3 to 4-8 per maund. Slight distress is reported from thannahs Gobindgunge and Borobari. From most of the thannahs the wheat and tobacco crops are reported as being good. The late fall of rain has done a great deal of good.
14	Bogra, 17th , ,.	ew drop- not ap- preciable by the gauge.	Fine and cold weather. Rice is nearly reaped. Sugarcane in Bogra and three other thannah is expected to yield thirteen or fourteen annas. Mulberry in Bogra thannah is looking good. Mustard in Panchhelie and Dhunhat has been reaped; eight or nine annas yield reported.
15	Pubna, 17th " "	Nil	Excessive cold; on the night of the 12th instant the sky was cloudy and only a few drops of rain fell from it; a chilly wind blew from the north-west direction. Harvesting of the boron late paddy has been finished. Mashkalai (pulse) and magishorisa (early mustard) are being cut and collected. The produce of the former may be estimated at half of an average year. The winnowing of the teel (oil seed) crop has not yet been finished. Sugarcane, which is well grown this year in the Pulma sub-division, is being respect. The turneric and arbur (pulse) will also give a fair produce of an average year. The prospects of the other cold weather crops, viz. wheat, barley, gram, linseed, mustard, peas, are not favorable. The prospect of the khesaree (pulse) is fair. The sowing of cheena (millet) has been completed. Boro (pulse) is being transplanted to shallow bheels and sowing jully paddy is going on in chur lands. Rain is urgently required for the improvement of the cold weather crops that are still in the fields, and specially for cheena and jully paddy. Fever on the decline. Cholera reported in few places.
16	Darjeeling, 17th Jan. 187	חא	A sprinkling of snow and hall and a few drops of rain. Bleak cold weather. The hymanti or late rice is still being reaped. The new rice is being brought into the market. The prices of principal articles of food are much the same as last week.
17	fulpigoree, 17th	Nil	Fine, cold and seasonable weather. No change, Rain would be of advantage to the cold weather crops, such as tobacco, mustard, &c., which are however promising fairly. Export continues briskly and prices rise.
	shoch Behar, 17th 🤞 "	Nil	Rather cold. Reaping paddy is nearly over. The outturn will probably come up to the previous estimate of a ten anna crop all round. Tobacco and mustard seed, the chief cold weather crops, promise well.
	Bastern Dustricts.		
18	Pacca, 20th Jan. 1874	·19	Weather cold; rain of Monday week general; slight good done by rain, but meet wanted. Prospects fair.
19	Furreedpore, 17th ""	•35	All last Sinday southerly wind prevailed which brought up clouds on Monday, ending in a smart but brief shower of rain at half past ten o'clock the same night, when a little more than one-third of an inch fell. The rest of the week was very cold with bright sunny weather. The rain referred to above appears to have been local, none having fathen at Madarcepore or at any distance from Furrerdpore, in the neighbourhood of which wheat and barley only will be benefited, it being too late to do any good to the pulses already attaining maturity; the prospects of these winter crops remain unchanged. The prices of coarse rice at Goalando and Madarcepore are the same as they were at the e d of last week. At Gopalgungs they have fallen from 184 to 17 seers per rupe, and at Bhangah fiel Furredpore they have risen from 184 to 16 seers at the former, and from 15 to 12 seers at the latter place. No ascertainable cause can be assigned for the rise at Bhangah but at Furredpore it is owing to the fair held there throughout the current, week, when from 4 to 5,000 men from different parts of the country visited is daily and had to buy their rice from the petty deders of the place, the stoppage of imports and absence of outside competition enabling to change their own prices for the article.
20	Backergunge, 10th ., ,,	1	Very cold. Crops good.
_ 21 ;	Mymensing, 17th "	Nil	Clear and cold. The recent rain has generally enabled ploughing of ground for rice sowing, &c., to be commenced.

^{*} Toberson of the 20th January received on the same day. Shows causall during the seven days samediately preceding.

	Ne.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BE	NGA	I (Conld.) Eastern Districts		
ontd.)	22	(Contd.) Sylhet, 10th Jan. 1874	Nil	Weather very cool. Nearly the whole of the late rice crops have been reaped. The transplantation of the boro rice crop is progressing protty fairly. The price of rice is the same, except in some places where there is a rise. About 4.500 maunds
DACCA DIVR - (Contd.)	<u> </u>			of rice and 7,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. Fresh cases of cholers at Tajpore. It is yet prevailing at Chattuck, Hingajea, and Sunkerpassa. A few cases of small-pox still at Nabigungo.
DACCA	23	Cachar, 10th ,. ,,	Nil	Unusually cold, with foggy mornings. About one ama of the paddy crop remains to be cut. Price of rice has fallen from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 2-6 per maund.
	24	Chittagong, 10th , ,	Nil	Cold and sensonable weather. Paddy nearly all cut. Cold weather crops promise well. Cholera reported from town, Poten, and Rangonia.
NITIBION.	25	Noakhally, 10th ,,	Nil	Very cold. Favorable reports received of the harvest and cold weather crops. The price of common rice has fallen gradually throughout the district. This is partly due to Chittagong prices having fallen and importation having slackened.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.	26	Tipperah, 10th	Nil	Weather fine and cold. No rain. The late rice harvest is nearly completed. Prospects same as last week, the crop generally being an eleven-anna one. The price of rice remains same in the north of the district and in Comillah. Prospects of the winter crop are good. One case of cholera in the Sudder. Cholera also prevails still in Brahmanbariah sub-division.
ວ	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 10th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Very cold throughout the whole week, with exceptionally foggy mornings. The prospects of the mustard crops are good. There are no signs of scarcity.
į		Hill Tipperah, 10th Jan 1874.	Nil	Bright and cold; no important change to report. Mustard being gathered in; chillies doing well.
BE	HR 28	Patns, 20th Jan. 1874	Nil	Weather seasonable, but exceedingly cold. The crops were greatly benefited by the fall of rain reported in the last report and now no more is wanted, as it would do harm. There is quite an average crop on the ground and doing wonderfully well. Health of the district good.
	29	Gya, 17th	Nil	Very cold. The prespects of the cold weather crops continue good; peas and wheat are doing very well. Health of the district good.
j.	80	Shahabad, 17th ., ,,	Slight rainfall.	Slight rain, and in most parts of the district weather clear, bright, and extremely cold; heavy dows at night. The frost has caused some, but not extensive, damage to the pea and rahar and masoor (pulses) crops; the exact amount of this is being ascertained; otherwise the cold weather crops are promising, and in the Dearah and irrigated lands will yield a large outturn. Canal irrigation still being carried on.
PATEA DIVISION.	81	Tirhoot, 17th " "	•09	Intensely cold during the latter part of the week, cloudy on 11th and 12th January, with slight full of rain over the greater part of the district. In the Sudder, Durbhangha, and Tajpore sub-divisions the rahar pulse and tobacco crop have been seriously injured by hoar-frosts. The cold weather crops are deteriorating in the Tajpore and Mudhoobani sub-divisions, are slightly improved in Durbhangha and Hajeepore sub-divisions, and elsewhere the prospects are unaltered. In isolated localities cheena (millet) and moong (pulse) are being sown.
	39	≺arun, 17ţh ,, "	-19	Very cold, west wind prevailing. Rain on the 12th instant; though very slight in parts, has been general throughout the district. It has partially benefited the crops, but west wind and frost have since done harm. The injury by frost to the rahur rulse and peas has been considerable. The kutcha wells which kept the crops alive so long, have now generally dried up, and adequate means of irrigation no longer exist. No complaint of actual scarcity in the bazars, except in thannabs Basuntpere and l'ursa, but prices generally rising. Experts to Tirhoot and Chumparun, principally of maize, continuing. Numbers on relief works increasing.
	83	Chumparun, 17th , ,	Nil	West winds. The prospects of the cold weather crops have not changed for the better; the cold nights are acting injuriously on the crop, especially the rahur (pulse), in the north portion of the district.
BEAUGULFORS DITH.	34	Monghyr, 17th Jan. 1874	-12	Weather apparently set fair. The cold weather crops have been benefited by the rain. The high west winds however injured them to some extent. Slight frests occurred during the week, but have not done any harm apparently.
BEATGOL	35	Bhaugulpere, 20th 👡 🍌 , ,	Nil	Very cold, with frost north of the Ganges. Cold weather crops still promising. No distress. General health unusually good-
- '	.		İ	•

¹ Telegram of the 20th December received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

•	District and date of . return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
AR.	-(Contd.)		
	Purneah, 17th Jan. 1874	·07	No change in the weather. Prospects of cold weather crops good in Bahadoor-gunge and north of Kishengunge, where wheat is not sown ordinarily, but they get worse and worse to the further south. The crops in Dhurmpore are better than was previously reported, and 100,000 bigghas of land are sown with wheat sud other edible crops in this tract. Crops also generally good on the south, but in the central part of the district, especially in the country between the Punar and the Mohanuddee, very bad. In Bahadoorgunge and north of Kishengunge the December rainfall was more abu dant and the ground is prepared for the next sowings. The cold weather crops however in Kudhah and Kushbah Amoun neighbourhoods are, except mustard, failures.
87	Sonthal Pergunnals, 17th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Very cold; no sign of rain. Nothing to report since last week. The corn is all cut, and there is no reason to suppose previous estimates wrong.
SA.	I		·
38	Cuttack 20th Jan. 1874	Nil	No rain, weather warmer. Late rice almost all reaped. Prospects of other crops good. Public health good.
39	Pooree, 10th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather fine and cool. Three-fourths of the late rice crop have been harvested Outturn very fair. Arhur and black moong pulses have been all reaped, the former with a fair and the latter a poor outturn. Berhi and kolthi pulses are coming on well. White moong pulse plants are well advanced. The result and prospects of the cold weather crops are on the whole fair. More than half of the dul a rice crop has been sown and the seed is germinating. About three-fourths of the sugarcane crop have been gathered with a good outturn. The manzo crop is in blossom. Purchase of rice for exportation continues as before. Prices are almost stationary and the market easy.
4 0	Balasore, 17th Jan. 1874	Nil	Seasonable weather. Nothing of importance about the crops.
A?	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
4]	Hazarcebaugh, 17th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Strong westerly winds have prevailed during the greater part of the week, making the weather very cold. If these high winds continue to blow, it will, it is feared prematurely ripen the wheat and barley crops which are now in blossom. Price continue unaltered. Small-pox rather on the increase than otherwise, but in other respects general health is good.
42	Lohardugga, 17th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Warm for the first two or three days, but latterly very cold and frosty. Rain was threatening at Palamow, but none has fallen. A good shower is much needed. Nothing to add to last week's remarks.
4 3	Singbhoom, 10th ., .,	Nil	Bright and clear. Nights cold. No change since last report. The Colehan and Tarafs Paribati and Bangbagra in Dhulbhoom are the only parts where grave apprehensions of scarcity are entertained.
44	Maunbhoom, 17th Jan. 1874.		Cold and dry, with little dew. A slight shower of rain fell, but too small to do much good. Little or no alteration in the prospects of the crops since last week Prices are rising and exportation is going on to a great extent from places or and near the lines of direct road communications. Some cases of small-pox in the Gobindpore sub-division.
M	AND ADJACENT HILLS		•
4 5	Goalparah, 10th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Weather seasonable and cold. Heavy fogs generally in the mornings. The cold weather rice crop is now almost all harvested; an eight-anna crop on the whole is expected. Mustard is being gathered. General health improving.
4 6	Kamroop,† 19th Jan. 1874.	Nil	No rain, weather very cold and threatening rain, wind easterly, mornings generally foggy. Late rice still being reaped; about five-eighths of the usual outturn expected. Mustard crops do not look favorable for want of rain. Sugarcane is being cut. Public health good.
47	Durrung, 10th ,,	Nil	Foggy mornings, hazy days, little breeze of variable direction. There is now but little rice left out of doors. The sugarcane is being cut, but it appears stunted for want of rain.
48	Nowgong, 10th ,, ,	Nil	Weather seasonable. Late rice crop all cut and gathered in. Cold weather crops the same as last week. General health good.
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Telegram of the 20th January received on the same day. Shows the rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

[†] Telegra of the 19th January received on the 20th. Shows rainfall during the seven days, including the 19th.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	**************************************
	AND ADJACENT ILLS.—(Contd.)		•
49	Seebsaugor, 10th Jan. 1874.	-11	Heavy fogs every morning; mornings and evenings cold; a shower of rain on the 3rd and 4th instant. Mustard and other cold weather crops suffering from want of rain. The rice crop is almost all gathered.
5 0	Imckimpore, 10th Jan. 1874.	Nil	No rain during the week. The late rice crop is in, and is a good two-thirds crop, Cold weather crops doing well. Pulses have been gathered. Health good,
\$1	Naga Hills, 3rd Jan. 1.74.	.33	Cold, with slight rain early in the week; weather not clear, and looks as if more rain would fall shortly. Crops are all gathered in.
52 •	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 10th Jan. 1874.	Nil	The weather has been clear and frosty. The crops are all housed and the people are preparing their lands for next season's cultivation. The price of common rice in the Shillong weekly market has been 10\frac{1}{2} seers per rupee, and there was plenty to be had at this price.
5 3	Garo Hills, 10th Jan- 1874.	Nil	Weather has been very hazy. Joonning going on.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 20th January 1874. R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bongal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

war actife			On the second	-	n lst to January	Ram from 4th to 10th January 1874.	RAIN	PROM 18T	Bana de
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	•	STATION.		Rain from 1st to 3rd January 1874.	Ram fro 10th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	RHASAD.
BENG	AL.		••		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	WESTERS DISTRICT	1	Cutwa 🚚		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	10th Jan. ditro. ditto.	
	Burdwan	 	Bood-Bood Rancegunge		Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
j	Bancoorah	- 1	Bancoorah		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
*	Beerbhoom			"	Nil	Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	
BURDWAS.	Midnapore	{ :	Tumlook		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Not rec. ditto.	Nil Nil Sil Nil	ditto. ditto ditto. 3rd Jan. ditto.	
į	Hooghly				Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	10th Jan.	
{	Howrah	- 1			Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
	CHRIBAI, DISTRICT	8.		.				,	
, i		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Calcutts Alipore { Dispensary } Joil Baraset Diamond Harbour Barripore Barrackpore		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PRESIDENCE.	Nudden	.	Bengong Meherpore Croondangah Kocshteah	 	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nd Nd Nd Nd Nd Nd Nil	ditto, ditto, di to, ditto, ditto,	
	Jessore	Ш	Nurrail Khoolnea Jenndah		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.	
	Moorshedabad .		Borhampore Ramporchaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azimgunge Lalgolla		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Ni	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. 3rd Jan. 10th Jan. ditto. ditto.	-
	Dinagepore		Dinngepore		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
HY1.	Maldah		Maldah	•••	Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	ditto.	
Rajerany.	Rajshahye	. {	Renulcah Nattore	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
R 4	Rungpore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya	•••	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograh		Bograh	•••	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunge	 	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	Darjeeling		Darjeeling { Telegraph Office		Not rec. Nil	Not rec. Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	
F BREAK.	Julpigoree	{	Julpigoree Fal'acotta Boduh		Nil Not rec. Nil	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Jan.
CoocH	Cooch Behar Tribu	ar y	Cooch Behar		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	•
	Bhutan Dwars	•••	Buza	•••	Nil	Not rec.	Nil	3rd Jan.	

			_		d Jan.	om 4th	Rain Janu	PROM 18T ABY 1874.	Remarks
Division.	District.		STATION.		Rain from to 3rd 1674	Rain from to 10th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	41# #ABŞB
	AL-(Continued.)	<u></u>	. •					1074	
	EASTERN DISTRI	CTS.	£ m_1, 1	1	Inches.	Inches. Not rec.	Nil	1874 3rd Jan.	
{	Dacca	{	Dacca { Telegraph Hospital Moonsheegunge Manickgunge	Uince	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	10th Jan. ditto. ditto.	
	 Furresdpore	- {	Furreedpo re Goalundo		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	•
Dacca.	Backergunge	. {	Perozeporo Vadariporo Patuakhally Dowlatkhan	 	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. 3rd Jan. 10th Jan. ditto.	
å	Mymensing	{	Mymensing Jamalpore Attenh Kishoregunge	•••	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylbet	•	Sylhet		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
Į	Cachar	{	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah		Nil Nil Nil	Nil Not rec. ditto	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. 3rd Jan. ditto.	
ſ	Chittagong	{	Chittagong { Telegraph Jail Cox's Bazar	o Office	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil	10th Jan. ditto. 3rd Jan.	
ė	Noakhay		Noakhally		Nil	Nil	Nil	10th Jan.	
CRITTAGONG.	Tipperah	{	Comillah Brahman bariah		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	
Ē	Chittagong Hill	Fracts	Rungamatee Hill		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	•
- (Hill Tipperah	•••	Hill Tippersh		· Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
en.	Patna		Patna Rehar Barh Dinapore { Jail Cantonm	 ent	0 [.] 02 Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil Not rec	0:02 Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto, ditto. 3rd Jan. 10th Jan. 3rd Jau.	
	Gya	{	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	 	Nil Nil 0·10 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 0·10 Nil	10th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PATHA.	Shahabad	{	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah	 	0:03 0:06 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.03 0.06 Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PA	Tirhoot		Mozufferpore Durbhangah Hajeepore Mudhubani Seetamaree Tajpore	••• ••• •••	Nil Nil 0:02 Nil Nil Nil	Not rec ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	Nil Nil 0 02 Nil Nil Nil	3rd Jan. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, litto,	
	Sarun	9	Chuprah Sewan	•••	0.03 Nil	Nil Nil	0.03 Nil	ditto.	
	Champarun		Motechari	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	N ₁ l Nil	ditto.	
	Monghyr		Monghyr Begosserai Jamosie	•••	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
POR R.	Bhaugulpore	••	Bhaugulpore Soopool	•••	Nil Nil Nil • Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
BRAUGULPORE.	Purneah		Purnesh Kishengunge Arrareah	• •••	Nil Nil Nil	Ni Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	dit to. ditto. ditto.	
	Sonthal Perguni	ารโส	Deoghur Jamtara Rajmehal Moheshpore Nya-Poomka Godda	 	Not rec	Nil	Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	9

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JANUARY 21, 1874.

District.	STATION		m 1st to January	rom 4th to		PROM 18T	Remari
·	5777100		Rain from 1st to 3rd Januar 1874.	"sin from 10th Jan	Inches.	Up to date.	
			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
attack	Cuttack (Telegrap Jajipore Kendrapara Jugatsingpore False Point	h Office	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	10th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
oorce {	Poorce Khardah	 	Nil Nil	Nıl Nıl	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
alasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ttack Tributary Mehal-	Sambalporo		Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	ditto.	
HOTA NAGPORE.							
South-Western Pronlier Agency.							
azarechangh {	$\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{Hazareebaugh} & \dots \left\{ \begin{smallmatrix} \mathbf{J} \\ \mathbf{I} \end{smallmatrix} \right. \\ \mathbf{Pachumba} \end{array}$	nil vispensary	Nil Nil 0:03	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 603	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
harduggah {	Ranchee Palamow .		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	
ngbhoom	Chyebassa		Nil	Ril	Nil	ditto.	
unbhoom . ;	Purulla Gobindpore		1 4	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
SAM & ADJACENT HILLS.						1	
oalparalı {	Goalparah	· •	Nil	Not rec.	Nil	3rd Jan.	
amroop {	Chepbree Gowhatty Burpettah		1 67.1	ditto Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. 10th Jan. 3rd Jan.	
· urrung {	Tezpore Mungledye		Not rec. Nil	ditto ditto	Nil Nil	ditto.	
owgong	Nowgong		. Nil	Nil	Nil	10th Jan	
eebsangor {	Seebsauger Golaghat Jorehnut Nazeerah .		O'11 Nil Not rec. ditto	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	0 11 Nil Nil	3rd Jan. dicto.	
ockimporo {	Debreeghur North Luckimpore Suddy a	. •	002 006 3d	ditto ditto ditto	002 006 Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
laga Hills .	Samoogoodting		i	1	Nit		
hasi and Jynteah { Hills .	Shillong Jaowai Cherrepo njee		or60 Not Nil	ditto ditto ditto	0.80 Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
iaro Hills	Tura .			Nil	Nil	10th Jan.	
	i Benares Akyab		Nil	Not rec Nil	Nil Nil	"rd Jan. 10th Jan.	

CAL WITA.

The 17th January 1874.

H. F. Blanford,
Meleorological Reporter to the Gort, of Bengu.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 11th to 17th January 1874.

			Barometer	Barometer	Тявамо	MRTER.	Humi-	Wind	.			,
STATION	Date.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	reduced to sea level.	Dry.	We:	dity Sat. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
CALCUTTA.	Jan. 11th 12th 13th 14th 16th 16th 17th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30°110 29°947 30°036 29°908 29°999 29°898 30°087 29°975 30°138 30°004 30°121 30°018 30°167 30°053	30°129 20°965 30°056 20°926 30°018 29°917 30°106 29°994 30°167 30°023 30°110 30°037 30°186 30°071	71.5 80.0 • 71.0 83.0 68.5 74.0 63.0 68.5 64.2 70.5 65.8 73.0 69.2 75.5	64-0 66-7 68-5 69-0 61-5 60-8 52-6 55-0 51-0 66-7 67-5 61-6 61-5	76	SE NW SSW NNW WNW NW WNW ESE NW NNW WSW E	3·4 6·6 3·9 7·0 5·5 9·3 5·2 7·3 2·5 3·9 2·7 3·9 2·7		CS	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
SAUGOR ISLAND	11th 12tb 13th 14th 15th 16th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	30122 29983 30 052 29939 30 023 29912 80 088 20780 30135 30014 30133 30 165 30 066	80128 29089 30058 29915 30029 29918 30104 29946 30111 30020 30110 30039 30171 30072	74 77 77 78 70 74 61 71 67 73 76 78	70 71 74 72 61 62 57 55 60 62 67 69	81 73 86 73 70 55 38 30 41 42 53 60 71 68	SSW SSW SSW NNW NNW NE N SSW SSE SSE	4.0 8.1 6.0 9.3 10.3 12.8 8.5 11.2 6.9 6.3 3.7 7.2 10.1		C	8, e 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
CHITAGONG.	11th 12th 13th 14th 15th 16th	16 10 16 10 18 10 16 10 16 10	30°070 29°890 29°944 29°848 29°909 29°788 20°907 20°864 20°935 29°811 30°072 29°978 30°110 30°08	30166 20184 301030 20 012 20104 20 852 101001 20 950 30103 20 103 30 073 30 206 30 162	67 75 68 77 70 77 65 71 68 65 72 63 74	63 64 61 65 65 71 65 69 64 68 67	74 51 64 49 75 73 48 47 51 58 41 58	N W S W N W N N W N W N W N W N W N N W N N E W N W	4·2 6·7 3·6 6·4 3·4 8·8 4·2 6·1 1·3 6·0 5·7 6·2 5·5		K, KS KS	δ, m δ, m δ, m δ, m δ, m δ, w δ, v δ, v δ, v δ, v δ, m δ, v δ, π
MAPRAS.	11th 12th 13th 14th 15th 16th	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 18	30 090 29 185 30 093 29 195 30 075 29 195 30 056 29 193 30 071 20 114 20 104 29 195 30 104 29 195 30 104	30120 3 r015 30 123 19:997 30 105 29:980 30:980 30:101 29:979 30:115 29:987 30:131 30:015	80 79 80 79 76 80 89 89 79 77 80 78 80	70 67 68 68 68 68 69 67 68 71 70	69 60 61 61 61 61 61 61 60 61 60 62 65	NNE NNE NE by N N by E N by E N by E N by N N E E by N E E E B E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E	15 11 13 11 10 6 7 3 5 2 6 2 6			b, c c b, c c b b b b b
Cuteacs.	11th 12th 13th 14th 15th 16th 17th	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	50-032 29-858 20-979 29-853 20-804 30-020 29-884 30-040 29-904 30-050 30-077 20-994	30°116 20°970 30°062 20°935 30°47 20°882 30°105 20°967 50°124 20°987 80°134 30°010 30°161	74 80 76 87 76 89 78 70 80 71 80	62 67 68 64 68 53 60 60 60 63 64 65	47 39 56 33 49 31 29 52 24 61 39 75	W N W W S W S S W N E N N E N W W S W N W E N W W M W M N W N M M M	0.6 2.9 0.8 3.5 0.1 1.9 2.7 2.7 0.2 2.2 0.2 0.4		C C C C C C K K	7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7. 7
AKTAB.	11d 12d 13d 14d 15d 16d 17d	16 10 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	50°034 20°237 50 014 29 897 30°016 20°957 30°073 29°882 30°162 30°010	29 919 30:069 29 979 30:005 29:904 30:124 30 032 30:164	72 78 72 80 71 78 77 74 70 68 79	66 67 65 69 65 70 60 69 63 70 68 65 70	71 63 66 64 70 65 79 64 79 61 86 46	ENE W NE NW NE W NE W NE W N N N N N N N	2:1 2:3 5:8 2:6 2:6 2:6 1:7 4:5 7:3 3:0 8:0 8:0			8 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

[.] Velocity of wind in miles per hour,

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 8th to 14th January 1874.

		===		=		- 1 .41.41 1	1		 -	<u> </u>			1	1	·
		eter.	THE	BMOMI	TER.			den.	idity.	Win	D.				
Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direc-	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Hemarks.
		Inches.	0	0	U	0	0	0			1b	Miles	In.		
Jan	8th	30.110	74.0	51 ·8	128-8	61.7	54·5	48.0	0.63	NW& NE		138-1			Clear and cirri. Slightly foggy from 7 to 11 P.M.
	9th	.080	74.8	51.4	129.0	62.3	55·7	49.8	·66	ΝE		99.7			Clear. Slightly foggy from 5 to 7 A.M., and 9 to 11 PM.
	10th	-060	78'5	64 ·0	129.0	65.3	58· 4	52.9	-66	NE		63.8			t lear. Foggy from midnight to 8 A.M., and at 7 and 8 P.M.
	11th	.019	81.0	59·5	132.0	69.0	63.2	28.6	.71	S&NW	,	99.9	<i>.</i>	0	Clear and cirri. Slightly foggy from 6 to 8 A.M.
	12th	29.957	84:5	62.7	135.0	71.9	66-1	61.2	·71	s s. w		86.2			Clear, and cirrostrati. Foggy from 2 to 8 A.M.
	13th	.033	75.0	62 5	124.0	68-2	60.8	55.1	. 62	SSW&NW	1.0	171.7			Clear.
	14th	39.013	70.0	53·6	126.0	61.1	52.4	41.3	-56	N N E & N W	0.4	170-9	•••		Clear. Slightly foggy from 7 to 11 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dev-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	•••	33·1
The maximum temperature during the past seven days		84.5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		81.0
The mean humidity during the past seven days		0.65
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year		0.67
		Inches.
(by lower rain gauge		Nil
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th \{ by lower rain gauge \\ by anemometer gauge		Nil
Duto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.09
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 14th January		Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	0.09

GOPEENAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Observatory.

The 16th January 1874.

Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 27th December 1873, on 1584 miles open.

<u></u>		OACHING TRAF	FIC.	MERCHAND	18E AND MINEBAL TRAFFIC.	
ř	Number of passengers.	Coaching	receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	Total traffic receipts.
	·	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P., & s. a.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of radway Por previous 25 weeks of half-year	38,520 213 731,992}	21,809 13 0 134 10 6 472,564 0 3	1,953 8 0 12 6 10 43,318 11 9	95,216 37	41,096 0 8 7 3,767 2 0 259 11 1 23 16 1 10,08,586 8 4 92,453 16 11	5,720 10 9 36 3 11 135,772 11 8
Total for 26 weeks COMPARISON.	770,5124	493,873 13 3	45,272 2 9	30,02,921 27	10,49,682 9 0 96,220 19 8	141,498 2 5
Total for corresponding week of pre- vious year	31,179	21,780 3 9	1,996 10 5	85,009 6	26,158 2 1 2,397 16 17	4,394 7 0
ing week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	1,238,495	139 2 9 464,1 9 9 6 5	12 15 2 42,551 12 0	543 0 36,58,697 28	167 2 4 15 6 5 10,34,096 5 9 94,792 3 3	1

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the last 4 days of December 1873, on 1584 miles open.

				 -			-		
	i	Rs.	A. P.	£	8. d	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	B s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 26 weeks of half-year	15,700 199 7,70,5121	12.167 78 4 93,873	12 6	1,142 7 45,272	17 9 4 5 2 9	80,875 7 511 0 80,02,921 27	22,633 14 10 143 0 6 10,49,682 9 0	2,074 15 6 13 2 3 96,220 19 8	3,217 13 3 20 6 8 1,41,493 2 5
Total for half-year	7.86.2121	5,06,341	11 0	16,415	0 6	30,83,796-31	10,72,816 7 10	98,295 15 2	1,14,710 15 8
COMPARISON.		Ì		1			- (
Total for corresponding week of previous year	20,354	11,112	0 8	1,203	12 1	82,176 9	19,095 0 11	1,832 17 7	3,128 9 8
week of previous year	130	90	2 9	4	5 4	327 0	127 12 3	11 14 2	19 19 6
Total to corresponding date of previous year	12,59,879}	1,78,311	7 1	43,815	4 1	87,11,170 86	10.51,091 6 8	96,625 0 10	1,40,470 4 11
	·	i							l

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY—JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 3 days of January 1874, on $223\frac{1}{9}$ miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Sts.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d
Total traffic for the period	2,175	10,785 7 3	988 13 4	29,918 0	*7,313 3 6	670 7 7	1,659 0 11
Or per mile of railway	<i></i>	81 4 1	4 8 6		32 11 7	3 0 0	7 8 6
Total for the period .	2,175	10,7-5 7 8	989 13 1	29,914 0 -	78,13 3 6	670 7 7	1,659 0 11
Comparison.							
Total for corresponding 4 days of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	2,802	7.100 8 7	650 17 8	85 918 20	10,577 12 2	997 2 7	1,643 0 3
4 days of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre-		31 12 4	2 18 3	·····	43 10 8	4 9 3	7 7 (
Vious year	2,862	7,100 8 7	650 17 8	35,911 20	10,877 12 2	197 2 -	1,648 0 3

^{*} Rs. 737 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this period.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

A1 proximate Return of Traffic for the first 3 days of January 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

Total traffic for the period Or per mile of railway	42,035	Rs. A. P. 73.547 9 7 67 7 4	£ s. d. 6,751 17 3 5 5 4		Rs. A P. 2,52,961 6 6 197 10 0	£ s. d 23,198 2 7 18 2.4	29,929 19 10
Total for the period COMPARTHON.	42,935	75,517 9 7	6,741 17 3	5,89,029 30	2,52,961 6 6	23,188 2 7	29,929 19 10
lotal for corresponding 4 days of previous year	58,928	87,298 12 8 69 3 1 87,288 12 8	8,001 9 5 6 5 0 8,001 9 5		2,23,309 13 1 174 7 5 2,23,309 13 1	20,470 1 4 15 19 10 20,470 1 4	28,471 10 9 22 4 10 28,471 10 9

^{*} Rs. 42,071-6-9 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this period.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

. Approximate Return of Traffic for the first 3 days of January 1874, on 158; miles open.

	C	OACHING TRAF	PIC.	MERCHANDI	Total traffic			
• •	Number of passengers.	Coaching	roccipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts	 i.	receipts.	
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d	
raffic for the week	11,577	8,744 10 6	801 11 11	26,095 23	18,118 6 9	1,660 17 1	2,462 9 (
mile of railway	73	56 4 1	5 2 5	165 0	114 11 10	10 12 3	15 14 8	
Total for first 3 days Comparison.	11,577	8,711 10 0	801 11 11	20,095 23	15,118 6 9	1,660 17 1	2,462 9	
for corresponding week of ious year	16,2882	13,524 12 4	1,239 15 - 5	53 ,130 3	11,839 1 8	1,085 3 2	2,324 18	
to corresponding date of	104	86 6 9	7 18 5	345 0	75 10 3	G 18 8	14 17	
ious year								

NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 10th January 1874, on 274 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. £ s. d.
traffic for the 3 days	1,381	1,026 0 0	102 12 0		492 0 0	
mile of railway revious 1 week of half-year	50 538	38 0 0 377 0 0	3 16 0 37 11 0		18 0 0 169 0 0	1 16 0 5 12 0 16 18 0 : 51 12 0
Cridad I week II of Man year in					1	
Total for 2 weeks	1,919	1,403 0 0	140 6 0	10,681 0	661 0 0	66 2 0 206 8 0
COMPARISON.		i				
for corresponding week of						
nous year	1,610	1,194 8 11	119 9 1	6,287 0	467 6 6	46 14 9 166 8 10
ile of radway, corresponding k of previous year to corresponding date of pre-	60	43 13 4	478	230 29	17 2 5	1 14 3 6 1 11
in year	2,158	1,850 5 5	185 0 8	10,789 10	816 9 0	19 13 0 266 13 8

CALCUTTA SOUTH EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ered 10th January 1874, on 28 miles open.

Andreas Anna Anna Anna	-							
		Į.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
traffic for the week er mile of railway previous I week of half-year	· :::	8,650 1 (9 8,461	1,201 0 0 13 0 0 481 0 0		12,026 0 129 0 5,918 0	398 0 0 14 0 0 205 0 0		160 4 0 5 14 0 68 12 0
Total for 2 weels		12,111	1,685 0 0	168 10 0	17.914 0	603 0 0	60 6 0	229 16 0
COMPARISON.			•					
l for corresponding week		8,222	1,243 2 0	124 6 3	88,260 0	. 1,326 14 0	132 13 9	257 0 0
nile of railway, correspond		. 201	41 6 0	489	1,366 0	41 6 0	4 8 9	9 3 6
l to corresponding date		12,227	1,808 12 0	180 17 6	56,008 0	1,917 3 0	191 14 5	372 11 11
		Į.	1	t .	1	']	

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffle for week ended 13th January 1874, on 1280 miles open.

			~					
1	1	Rs. A	1. P.	Ľ ∴ d.	Mds. Srs	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
I traffic for the week or unle of railway provious 3 days of half-/ear	92,169 42,655		9 8 8 4 9 7	14,815 5 9 11 12 0 6,741 17 3	1,371,138 0 589,028 30	* 5,71,087 3 9 448 8 1 2,52,061 6 6	52,624 13 3 11 2 3 23,158 2 7	67,469 19 0 52 14 3 20,929 19 10
Total for 10 days	135, 104	285, 196	3 3	21,587 3 0	1,960,126 20	8,27,018 10 3	75,812 15 10	97,399 18 10
COMPARISON.								
of for corresponding week of evious year	103,123	152,755	6 2	14,002 11 7	728,335 O	3,69,792 3 0	65,822 12 4	49,825 8 11
sek of previous yea:		119	5 5	10 18 9		205 1 11	27 19 9	89 18 6
al to corresponding date of pre-	1 (2,051	210 014	2 10	21,001 1 0	1,733,669 20	6,1-,102 0 1	56,292 13 8	78,296 14 8

[•] Rs. 107,202 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 10th January 1874, on 2233 miles open.

· ·	0	DACUING TRAFF	ic.	Merchandi	Total traffic			
	Number of passengers.	Coaching r	eceipts.	Weight carried.	Receipt	receipts.		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	& s. d.	£ s. d.	
iotal traffic for the week	6,233	9,235 2 0	846 11 1	77,849 30	• 20,193 10 6	1,850 19 10	2,697 10 11	
Or per mile of railway		41 5 1	3 15 9		90 5' 7	8 5 8	12 1 5	
For previous 3 days of half-year	2,175	10,785 7 3	988 13 4	29,918 0	7,313 8 6	670 7°7	1,659 0 11	
Total for 10 days COMPARISON.	8,408	20,020 9 3	1,835 4 5	107,767 30	27,505 14 0	2,521 7 3	4,856 11 10	
Total for corresponding week of previous year	4,903	12,425 15 0	1,139 0 10	62,857 0	19,036 1 4	1,744 19 6	2.884 0 4	
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre-	j	55 9 7	5 1 11		85 2 9	7 16 2	12 18 1	
vious year	9 77AK	19,526 7 7	1,789 18 6	98,775 20	29,913 13 6	2,742 2 1	4,582 0 7	

[•] Rs. 1,642 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

No. 4 of 1874.

GISTERED No. 29.]



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 28, 1874.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

m. Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Iwelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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Processiturent of Food-grains and Salt in the Dis-	and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	
Statement showing Rannail, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different districts of neural, as reported to Government during the week ending the 24th January 1874	ERSULTS of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st January 1874	86 87~ 88

ADMISSION OF WATER FROM THE DAMOODAH INTO THE KANA NUDDEE.

No. 292S.R., dated Calcutta, the 27th January 1874.

From—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengul in the Statistical Dept. To—The Commissioner of Burdwan.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 177, ated 23rd January 1874, reporting on the completion of the work for letting the Damoodah water into the Kana Nuddee.

2. The Lieutenant-Governor has been much interested in reading your ecount of the benefit done to the country by this work, which has been accessfully carried through at a comparatively small cost. The early steps aken by yourself and Mr. Pellew to have the work done in time to benefit the puntry in the present dry season have conferred a great obligation on hat part of the Hooghly district. The Lieutenant-Governor can quite believe hat immense good has been done by a work which caused a river 60 feet wide and 4 feet deep to flow for fifty miles down a dry channel through a thirsty and thickly-peopled tract. An expression of Sir George Campbell's satisfaction with the energy and skill shown by Mr. Whitfield, the Engineer, will be communicated to that officer in the Public Works Department. The question of taking the work permanent by putting a masonry sluice into the embankment being considered in the Irrigation Department.

3. With reference to paragraph 3, I am to observe that there does not seem to be at present sufficient evidence to warrant a conclusion that the drying up of the Kana Nuddee was due to the construction of the East Indian Railway bank across the district.

4. Copy of your letter will be published in the Gazette for general

information.

No. 177, dated Burdwan, the 23rd January 1874.

From—C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, To—The Offg. Seey. to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit, for the information of the Lieutenant-Governor, a brief report on the opening of the Kana Nuddee in the district of Hooghly, which work was adopted by Government as a measure calculated to afford relief to the interior of the district of Hooghly as soon as the earliest signs of the impending scarcity began to shew themselves.

Hooghly as soon as the earliest signs of the impending scarcity began to shew themselves.

2. The correspondence regarding this work has been carried on chiefly in the Public Works Department, Irrigation Department, and I shall not attempt to enter into an account of the engineering arrangements beyond saying that by throwing a temporary dam across the river Damoodah, it was proposed to pen up the water to a sufficient height, so as to lead it into the Kana Nuddee through a cut made in the public embankment on the east or left bank of the Damoodah. It was also necessary to deepen the old channel of the Kana Nuddee for about four miles from the point of its junction with the Damoodah, so as to obtain a sufficient

slope for the flow of the water.

3. The Kana Nuddee, which means the blind river, is one of the old channels by which the floods of the Damoodah used to pour themselves over the district of Hooghly in ancient times. It had silted up and become kana, or blind, at its point of departure from the Damoodah many years ago, i.e. before the present century. But still from time to time a high flood in the Damoodah would find its way into the old bed of the Kana Nuddee, and it was always a soft place in the Damoodah public embankment, which was almost certain to be breached at or about this point. It was only after the embankment on the right or west bank of the Damoodah was abandoned, and the pressure on the left or east embankment thus relieved, that the floods ceased to make a breach from the Damoodah into the Kana Nuddee, and it is from this period (which is since the construction of the East Indian Railway) that the people of Hooghly have been deprived of the visitation of the Damoodah floods, which, though very alarming whilst the fury of the flood lasted, left many valuable blessings behind them, and cleaned and purified and refreshed the land.

4. It has long been the earnest desire of some of the most intelligent land-owners in the Hooghly district to have the water of the Damoodah let into the Kana Nuddee by a regulating sluice, and a very able project had been devised by Colonel Haig for introducing the water by a channel cut from Palla, a convenient point on the Damoodah, about 14 miles above the head of the Kana Nuddee, and this project had been viewed favorably by the highest authorities, although the first estimates of its cost amounted to six lakhs of rupees.

5. But the emergencies of the present season rendered it necessary and advisable to have recourse to a more speedy and cheap project for filling the Kana Nuddee, and now, by the mere use of the spade and shovel, and at a cost I believe not exceeding Rs. 12,000, the much desired work has been carried out, at least for the present season, in a manner which has already elicited the admiration and gratitude of the people who dwell on the banks of the

Kana Nuddee and within reach of the use of the water.

6. The Kana Nuddee is about 57 miles in length. It first runs towards the south for about 20 miles and then turns round to the north and falls into the Hooghly at Nyaseri, nearly opposite to and due east of the point at which it debouches from the Damoodah. It is easy to imagine the joy and satisfaction of the people in one of the most densely populated parts of Hooghly at seeing a river five or six feet in depth and from 40 to 80 feet in width suddenly flowing through their villages, especially in such a season as this, when their watersupply was in the greatest jeopardy, and they were watching anxiously the few dwindling pools of water that used to lie in the old bed of the river. I venture to say that no such great and appreciable benefit has been so suddenly and so cheaply conferred on such a large number of anxious people during the present century, and this work alone will suffice to make the Lieutenant-Governor's administration memorable in the district of Hooghly.

7. The works were ready on 27th December, and the Collector and some other district officials were present, when the waters of the Damoodah were admitted into the bed of the Kana Naddee amidst the acclamations of the people who had flocked to the spot. I am hoping for a further and fuller detailed report from the Collector of the benefits which have been conferred on the villages through which the course of the river flows, but in the meantime I have received from Mr. Whitfield, the Executive Engineer, a report which shows the progress made by the water as it found its way gradually down the old channel, and I beg to submit

it as shewing how satisfactory the result of the work has been.

"The Demoodah was bunded across on the morning of the 27th, the surface level of the water being then 58.00. The level of the bed of the channel down the Kana Nuddee commences at 64.00, and has an inclination of 1 foot 6 inches per mile for 4½ miles, the length of the excavated channel. Below this the inclination of the old bed of the Kana Nuddee is about 1 foot 3 inches per mile. The length of the Kana Nuddee from the Damoodah to the Hooghly is 57 miles, and the tide from the Hooghly flows up 17 miles. The water from the Damoodah commenced flowing down the Kana on the 19th of December. For the first six to eight miles very little interest is taken in the water, and, except for drinking, bathing, &c., no use is made of it; but beyond that great excitement prevailed, the villagers taking the greatest interest in its arrival; they turned to watch its progress, and, to facilitate its advance, cut the bunds that held it back. On the evening of the 3rd and, to facilitate its advance, cut the ounds that here it back. On the order instant the water arrived at Kamulpore, Pollassee, Decolparah, and the adjoining groups of villages, distance 12 miles. The water is used for drinking purposes, and the injection of notate, sugarcane, and a few other vegetable crops. The water is lifted irrigation of potato, sugarcane, and a few other vegetable crops. seven to eight feet.

"At Jadubbatty and Kooloot, group of villages, distance 15 miles, the water arrived during the night of the 4th instant. Potato and sugarcane crops are being irrigated. Other crops are growing, but are not being irrigated. This applies to all the villages along the river banks, shewing that the ven where there is abundance of water only the more valuable crops are

considered worth the labour of lifting the water to irrigate them.

"At Radhanagore, Moheshpore, &c., 16 miles down, the water arrived at 6 A.M. on the 4th, and is used for domestic purposes and irrigation of potato crops. The greater portion of these and adjoining villages are uncultivated for want of water, and now that it has arrived they intend, or say they intend, to commence further cultivation. At Nundanbatty, 17 miles down, the water arrived on the 5th at 6 A.M. Potato, surgarcane, and the more valuable of other vegetable crops are being actually irrigated. In the villages of Nundanbatty, Hurrispore, and those adjoining, there are no tanks, and the people express great satisfaction at the arrival of the Damoodah water.

"At Sonatikree, 18 miles down, the water arrived on the 5th at 12 o'clock. Irrigation going on as in the other villages. The land here is very little cultivated, and the villages over-Irrigation Within the last three years the population has been greatly reduced. It is run with jungle.

asserted that a half has been carried off by fever.

"At Baloodbund, 21 miles, the water arrived on the 5th at 6 r.m. Irrigation of potato

crops going on.
"At Bamoonparah and Jonybaree, 23 miles down, the water arrived on the 6th at

"At Bundipore, 24 miles down, the water arrived on the 6th at 10 A.M. Irrigation of otato, pea, and vegetable crops, is actively carried on. The water here is to lift about 5 feet. Near this and adjoining villages are large areas untilled, which have usually been used for growing cold weather crops, but this year it is asserted they have not been brought into cultivation for want of water, and now it is stated to be too late.

"At Dukhinkool and Hussimpore, 26 miles down, the water arrived on the 6th at 5 p.m. Here the people are enthusiastic about it, and say that their tanks were nearly exhausted and would have been quite dry in a month. The few tanks they have are extremely foul, and the clean water now brought to them must be of immense benefit. Potatoes, sugarcane, and peas, are being irrigated.

"At Kinkurbatty, 27 miles down, the water arrived on the 7th, at 5 A.M. Irrigation is

actively carried on for potato crops.

"At Bhola, 28 miles down, the water arrived at 1 r.m. on the 8th. The people here are The potate and loud in their expression of gratitude, and say it has saved their lives. sugarcane, which had suffered from want of water, are being eagerly irrigated; and although late in the season, on the arrival of the water commenced preparing the land for planting onions and sugarcane, it being too late for other crops. The water is to lift eight feet to flow over the land.

"At Gopalnagore, 30 miles down, the water arrived on the 7th at 7 r.m., and irrigation

of potato and sugarcane crops immediately commenced.

"At Anundopore, 34 miles down, the water has just arrived, when inspecting on the 8th at 9 A.M. At this place was a pool of water, the largest near the place, and had been It was in a filthy condition, but the people were using it for drinking used for steeping jute. and all other purposes.

"Botween Gopalnagore and Anundopore the banks are high, and are occupied as village sites, diversified with bamboo clumps, fruit trees, and jungle; the latter predominating. In some places mulberry trees are grown. The water having only just arrived, there has not been time for them to use it for irrigating their crops, which are growing at some distance

from the river and are much in need of water.

"Lower down the river, at Boncheepota, near the mouth of the Ghea, there are large pools; but no irrigation was observed in operation from them. This is about the limit of the tidal range during the dry weather, and below this point will not be much affected by the water from the Damoodah unless a dam were constructed across the river to head it up.

"The quantity of water flowing down as far as Gopalnagore, 30 miles, is about 150 cubic feet per second, being equal to about 13 millions of cubic feet a day. It is greatly appreciated and used for irrigating the more valuable descriptions of crops, but not the poorer sorts, nor is it anywhere used for replenishing the empty tanks, nor likely to be so, unless measures closely bordering on compulsion be adopted. Mr. Monies, Assistant Engineer, and Baboo Gopal Chunder Daw, Supervisor, personally inspected the river on the 8th and 9th—the former from Gopalnagore downwards, and the latter from that place upwards—and have supplied this information from their notes made on the spot."

8. In confirmation of the Executive Engineer's report, I also append copy of an extract from the daily report of the Police, dated 9th January 1874, which has been forwarded to

me by the Collector:—

"A report received from the head-constable of Singoor to-day, dated 8th, to the effect that on the 7th the Kana Nuddec, at village Gopalnagore, which was dry, was suddenly flooded with water in some places. The water was three, and in other parts four and four and a half feet, and there was strong current running north. He states that this water came from Selimabad, where the new khal has been cut lately. He states that the inhabitants residing in the vicinity of this river are overjoyed at this, and are praising and thanking the English Government for being the means of bringing water into this river, which was perfectly dry. They also say that it is a gift from God; the inhabitants on both sides of this river were badly off for water, but now they have full and plenty, and they can irrigate their sugarcane and potatoes and other crops under cultivation at present. The head-constable has ordered the gomastah of the zemindar to have some boats at the Gopalnagore forry to cross people, and there is one boat at present for the purpose. The report of the head-constable above mentioned has been sent to the Joint-Magistrate for information, and a copy of it will be forwarded to the District Superintendent with this daily report."

9. The efficient execution of this important work is due to the exertions of Mr.

9. The efficient execution of this important work is due to the exertions of Mr. Whitfield, the Executive Engineer in charge of it, and I trust that the acknowledgments of Government may be conveyed to him in his own Department; but as the work is a relief work of the highest use and value in the present season, and with reference to the great scarcity of water, I think that a record of it should be kept in the Department of Scarcity and Relief

Works in the Bengal Office.

PRICES-CURRENT OF	FOOD-GRAINS AN OF BENGAL ON	D SALT IN THE U	INDER-MENTIONE ARY 1874.	D DISTRICTS

PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in

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turn for week ending 17th January 1874 received after publication of the last Gazette.

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he price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 13 seers and of common rice fro. il to 17 seers per rupee, see of best rice in the interior ranges from 17 to 18 seers, and of common rice 18 to 22 seers per rupee. he price of common rice at the outlying grain marts is from 18 to 25 seers per rupee.

SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, JANUARY 28, 1874.

AVERAGE WAGES PER MONTH.

ntioned Districts of Bengal on the 24th January 1874.

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In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 10-8 seers and of common rice from 11 to 14 seers per rupee.

Price of common rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 12-12 to 17 seers, and of coarsest sort of rice in the Sudder at 16-3 seers per rupes.

In the illterior the price of best rice ranges from 12 to 18 seers and of common ruce from 14-14 to 22-13 seers per rupee.

Old rice.

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K.—In the interior of the sudder sub-division rice is selling at 11 to 13, maize 16 to 17, and barley 17 to 18 seers per rupes.

L.—In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9 to 10-13, and of common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers per rupes.

H.—Ditto Ditto from 8 to 11-4, and of common rice from 11-8 to 13 seers per rupes.

CALCUTTA, 27th January 1874.

's of Bengal' on the 24th January 1874.—(Continued.)

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<sup>N.—In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9 to 13-12, and of common rice from 10 to 16 seers and of lesser millets from 14-8 to rupee; the last mentioned grain is not sold in the sudder station.
O.—In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 10, and of common rice from 9 to 11-12 seers per rupee.
P.—In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 15, and of common rice 8 to 16 seers per rupee.</sup>

Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

rment showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 24th January 1874.

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»· ;	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
GAI	r.		
JA	_	}	
1	Western Districts. Burdwan, 27th* Jan. 1874	1·16	Weather foggy. Rain on the 25th instant. Prospects of the cold weather crops fair. The rain will do good to the standing crops. Price of rice stationary. Export of grain by rail during the week ending 10th instant, 29,139 maunds, import 1,977 maunds. No apprehension of scarcity yet. Fever decreasing.
2	Bancoorab, 24th ", ",	Nil	Cold and dry weather. No change in the state and prospects of the crops since last week. In some parts the cold weather crops are doing well. Prices rising, but no distress visible yet. Small-pox still prevalent.
3	Beerbhoom, 24th ",,	Nil	Weather becoming warm; mornings foggy. No change in the state of the crops to note. Export to Behar continues; prices slightly rising. A fall of '47 of rain on the 25th instant since reported, which will benefit the standing crops and will enable the ploughing of land for the early rice and other crops.
4	Midnapore, 24th ",	Nil	Early part of the week cold and clear, since warm with clouds and heavy mist in the morning. No change in the state of the crops since last week. A decided rise in the price of rice. No indications of immediate distress. A fall of '44 of rain since reported.
Б	Hooghly, 24th ", ",	Nil	Wind from north, cast and south; two mornings very foggy, otherwise clear throughout; slightly warmer. State and prospects of the crops entirely unchanged since last week. Heavy rain and thunder-storm on the 25th instant since telegraphed.
	Howrah, 24th ,, ,, Central Districts.	Nil	The weather continues cold; mornings foggy. The late rice crop has all been reaped, and the average outturn of the district may be assumed a little above eight annas. Boro rice looks promising in the nurseries, and in some places it is being already transplanted. In Juggutbullubpore, however, the seedlings are reported to be suffering from want of rain. 60 of rain on 25th since reported.
6	24-Pergunnahs, 27th† Jan. 1874.	0.58	Weather seasonable in the beginning of the week; on Thursday there was a sudden change and it became warmer with foggy mornings; on Sunday there was a steady downpour for about six hours. The harvest of the late rice is nearly completed throughout the district. The rain on Sunday was too late to do any appreciable good to the cold weather crops on the ground, but would render more easy the ploughing of fields for the next early rice crop. General prospects continue unchanged. Choicea has appeared in portions of thannah Barripore; four cases reported from Nychatty during the week. Five cases of small-pox reported from Baseerhat and two from Diamond Harbour. Fever continues in the former sub-division.
7	Nuddea, 24th ", ",	Nil	Fine and cold during early part of the week; 23rd and 24th instant, hot and cloudy with southerly wind. No material change in the prospects of crops. Prices generally show a tendency to rise. At Kallygunge, north of the Sudder Sub-Division, the coarsest rice is selling at Rs. 3-3-6 per maund, and at the neighbouring thannah of Nakasiparah it is reported that the laboring classes are near the end of their resources. The failure of the crops has been more complete in these two thannahs than elsewhere in the district. 1-16 of rain on 25th instant at Sudder, and about 1-1 of rain in the extreme north of the district since reported.
8	Jessore, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	Clear and cold during the day, generally foggy in the morning and evening. There is no change in the state of crops. The outturn is as estimated in previous reports. No material rise in prices.
9	Moorshedabad, 25th ., ,,	1.0	Heavy rain for the time of the year, which appears to have been general in the district, and the appearance of the sky betokens more. Rain has also fallen in Ramporehat (35). The wet will do some damage to the mustard, and perhaps to the linsced crops, but will be of great benefit to wheat, gram, indigo, mulberry and other crops, and will enable the cultivators to prepare the lands for spring crops. The rain will also be of great benefit in giving employment to many labourers in carrying out agricultural operations and in replenishing to a limited extent the water-supply.
10	Dinagepore, 24th " "	Nil	No rain. Cold not so severe as last week. The reaping of the rice is nearly finished. Cold weather crops generally good. Boro rice being freely sown wherever possible.
11	Maldah, 24th " "	Nil	The weather has been clear and fine all the week. The latter part of 24th very cloudy. The cold weather crops continue to look well in most places. Moar frost on the night of the 15th instant seems to have done a good deal of damage to the mulberry crop. A good many cases of small-pox reported from thannah Khurbah; health of the district otherwise good. Rain on 24th and 25th instant 0.25 since reported.
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[•] Tele ram of the 27th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding,

[†] Report of the 27th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

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•	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and
RR	NGA	I—(Contd.)		
	. •	Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
(Contd.)	 	Rajshahye, 24th Jan. 1874	Nil	The weather has been getting steadily warmer day by day. There has been no rain. Generally the cold weather crops are doing well. In the north-east of Singrah, and the south of the Rakteshur beel, they are as fine as could be wished. In the higher lands they have somewhat suffered. Boro paddy is being transplanted. A good deal of the late rice is still uncut in the low lands. Ploughing for next year's rice crop is going on in all the beel lands, where the paddy has been cut and the stubble burnt. Prices of rice continue steady, ranging from 13 to 14 seers per rupee.
RAJBHAHIB DIVN(Contd.)	18	Rungpore, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	Cold in the morning and evening, somewhat cold at night and commencing to be rather warm in the day-time. The reports of the sugarcane, pulses, mustard, tobacco and wheat crops are generally favorable. The price of rice varies from Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 4-12 per maund. The people are reported to be suffering from scarcity at Kaligunge outpost, Borobari and Ulipore.
RAJSHA	14	Bograb, 24th " "	Nil	No more rain. The weather is somewhat warmer The late rice has all been reaped. About a five-anna outturn has been yielded. Cutting of sugarcane in Bograh and other thannahs not yet finished. Expected yield about 13 annas. Mustard in Madhupore and other thannahs is looking fair. 248 rain fell on the night of the 24th instant, which will do considerable good.
į	15	Pubna, 24th " "	Nil	No rain. Very cold, a chilly wind blew from the north-west. Mashkalai (pulse) is still being collected, and the teel (oilseed) being winnowed. Maghi (early) mustard and orohur (pulse) are being cut; the former will give one-fourth the produce of an average year, and the latter will yield a very good produce this year. The prospects of the motur, khesari, rai-moosoor (pulses), and wheat, and barley are not favorable for want of rain. The cheena (millet) crop still looks well. The people are now sowing jully paddy, but heavy rain is wanted for their improvement. A full of '55 of rain on 25th instant since reported.
B DIVE.	16	Darjeeling, 24th Jan.1874	Nil .	Rain, cold weather, misty through the greater part of the week. The winter crop has all been gathered in, but all not having been thrashed, the exact outturn cannot be arrived at; ten annas in the rupee is still the estimated probable result. Prices have risen a little during the week, but there are no signs of distress apparent.
COOCH BEHAR DIVE.	17	Julpigoree, 24th ", "	Nil	In the early part of the week, weather has been unusually cold, even frosty in the mornings: the last two days it has been warmer and cloudy. Cold weather crops promise well. Rem would be beneficial for preparation of lands for the early rice crop. Price of rice has fallen owing to a decrease in the demand for exportation.
1		Cooch Behar		Return not received.
		Eustern Districts.		•
	18	Dacca, 27th* Jan. 1874	. 0.67	Rain on Sunday, the 25th instant, general in the district; still cloudy, cold and foggy in morning. Prospects greatly improved by the rain both for present and future.
)W.	19	Furreedpore, 24th " "	Nil	The first few days of the week clear, sunshiny and cold weather; for the last three days, mornings very foggy, up to a late hour; days and nights moderately warm, and the wind variable, instead of blowing steadily from the north. Since Friday evening the sky has been cloudy with a very sensible increase in the temperature of the weather and southerly wind, rain therefore may be hoped for. No change whatever in the state and prospects of the winter crops, which remain as last week. The price of coarse rice at Bhangah, Madareepore and Goalundo remains the same; at Gopalgunge it has risen from 17 to 164 seers on account of exports, and at Furreedpore it has fallen from 14 to 154 seers owing chiefly to the dispersion of the crowd of visitors at the Fair held last week.
Ĕ	20	Backergunge, 17th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather cold. Heavy fogs in the mornings. Crops good.
DACCA DIVISION.	21	Mymensing, 24th " "		Fine and cold weather. The outturn of the cold weather crops has been fully up to expectation.
DA.	22		Not suffi- cient to be mea- sured.	Weather very cool. There were two slight showers during the week at Sylhet. A fair amount of rain tell all about Kurrimgungs on the 13th instant. It rained nearly all the morning, not heavily, and cleared up in the afternoon and heavy rain with thunder and lightning at night. All cold weather crops look well. The whole of the late rice crops have been reaped. The late rice crop in Sonamgunge reported as half only. The transplanting of the boro rice crop has been half completed. About 4,500 maunds of rice and 6,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places, table rice sold at 17 seers and 10 chittacks, and common rice at 21 seers per rupee. Rice cheaper at Kurrimgunge. Cholera still prevailing in the neighbourhood of Sonamgunge and Havigunge. A few new cases of small-pox at Gomanighat.
į	23	Cachar, 17th , ,,	1.04	Innsually cold with fogs in the morning till eleven A. M. Thunder, wind, and rain on Tuesday evening. The reaping of the paddy crop has nearly been finished. The actual outturn exceeds original estimate. Price of rice has fallen from Rs. 2-6 to Rs. 2-1 a maund. A fall of O81 of rain on the 25th instant since telegraphed.

[•] Telegram of the 27th January received on the same day. Shows rainfull during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.		. District and date of	Rainfull	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		return.	at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BENG	ÀL	. – (Contd.)		
		Eastern Districts.— (Contd.)		
	24	Chittagong, 17th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Fine and cold weather. Reaping of paddy is about over; cold weather crops, not an important staple in this district, continue to do well. Cholera is still reported from Puttea, Rangunea, and Raojan. The town has been free from it for the last few days.
DIVN.	25	Noakhally, 17th " "	Nil	Unusually cold on 15th. Thermometer came down to 49° Faht. The harvest of rice is nearly completed. The prospects of the cold weather crops are good. The price of common rice has risen slightly at the sudder markets.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	26	Tipperah, 17th " "	·02	Weather fine and cold. The late rice has been harvested in most parts. Prices of rice are not altered but there is a downward tendency. The mustard crop is being gathered and there will be a very fair outturn. The prospects of the other winter crops continue favorable. A fall of 1 inch of rain on 25th instant. Good for crops in ground.
2	7	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 17th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Very cold throughout the whole week, cloudy on the 14th instant, and threatening rain. The prospects of the mustard crops continue good.
ί		Hill Tipperab, 17th Jan. 1874.	004	Very cold throughout the whole week; slight rain on the 13th instant; boro paddy is being extensively sown in the Oodeypore sub-division. The cotton crop was rather a short one, but the quality is good. Mustard still being gathered.
BEHA	λR.			
2	28	Patna, 26th* Jan. 1874	-01	Weather very threatening up till the 26th January, when it has cleared off. Prospects of the spring crops continue good. Health of the district good.
2	29	Gya, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	Cold and cloudy for the last two days. No rain has fallen in any part of the district. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. Prices have slightly risen at the sudder station and at Wonada. No distress. Health of the district good.
8	80	Shahabad, 24th " "	Nil	The last two days, the wind has changed to cast. It is cloudy and threatens rain. Pea crop in Sasseram being gathered. It is reported to be fair crop. The rest of the cold weather crops much as before, but the east wind is liable to blight one or two of the crops.
PATEM DIVISION.	31	Tirhoot, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather very cold and clear in early part of week; latterly more mild and cloudy. In the Sectamarhee sub-division the rahur pulse crop has been damaged by frost; in the Sheohur and Jaleh thannahs and at Majorgunge the prospects of the cold weather crops are not altered. No rain, In Durbhangah sub-division, the tobacco and rahur pulse crops have been injured by hoar frost, but the injury done to the latter is not so great as was at first supposed. Prospects on the whole are more favorable than they were three weeks ago. The rainfall at Durbhangah was '19 during the week. In Madhoobani sub-division the rahur pulse has been injured by the cold, and the cold weather crops are dying for want of rain. In Hajeepore sub-division, the cold weather crops still hold out well, and there is no apprehension of a failure of these crops. No rain. In Tajpore sub-division the frosts of the previous week and of this are reported to have "affected the rahur pulse and tobacco very capriciously, each crop being in some places much damaged and again close by hardly touched." Opium is said to have profited by the frosts. Wheat and barley have somewhat suffered, and peas in flower have been rather nipped. In Balagach Pergunnah prospects are not so good as they were. In the south-west corner of Serissa Pergonnah, prospects are best. In other parts of this Pergunnah only a four-anna crop is expected. No rain.
	32	Surun, 24th ,, ,.	A few drops of rain on Friday night.	Bright and cold up to the 22nd instant, cloudy on the 23rd and 24th idem. West wind prevailing. No rain. Rahur and moosoor pulses and peas, and cotton have suffered considerable injury from the effects of the frost, especially in thannals Dighwarah and Pursa. The exact amount of damage done in these two thannals is being ascertained. It is reported by the Sub-divisional Officer at Sewan that the rahur pulse in his sub-division will not now exceed an eight-anna crop. In the irrigated lands, wheat, barley and other cold weather crops are still doing well. In the Sewan sub-division 872 bighas of land, in which the poppy did not germinate, have been given back to the cultivators for the purpose of sowing cheena and other crops. Prices of food-grains generally rising. Exports to Tirhoot and Chumparun continuing.
	33	Chumparun, 24th " "	A few drops.	Cold west winds generally prevailing. A slight sprinkling of rain fell on the 23rd instant, but unless it was heavier in other parts of the district, it cannot have been of much benefit. The cold west winds and frost have done harm to rahar and other pulses. Prices of food-grains rising. No material change in the prospects of the cold weather crops.

[•] Telegram of the 27th January received on the same day. Shows the rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

• 1	No.	. District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BE	HAR	(Contd.)		
		Monghyr, 24th Jan. 1874	Nil	Cloudy but no rain; much warmer than last week. State of the crops much the same as last week. The frost is said to have injured the cold weather crops in some places. In all except the lands submerged by the Ganges, the cold weather crops are backward and stunted.
IVA.	35	Bhaugulpore, 27th* Jan. 1874.	Nil	Rain on 25th instant at Banka 30, and slight at Colgong and Soopool. Frost of previous week, north of Ganges, slightly damaged rubar pulse, indigo and cheena, millet. Cold weather crops still promise well. General health unusually good.
BHAUGULPORE DIVE.	36	Purneab, 23rd ", "	Nil	No change in the weather. Towards thannah Ranigunge and thence east to Arareah, and south to Purneah, the wheat crop is on the whole fair. Tori and tobacco about a 12-anna crop. The cold weather crops about Nakali, Ranigunge, and Bulrampore very bad; the mustard is thin and small; in the wheat and gram fields only about half the crop seems to have come up. There was no rain at Bulrampore; further south near Barsai the mustard is first-rate and the other crops look very well; but rice is selling at 8 and 9 seers. Crops towards Knobah again bad, but prices more favorable. Rice at Kudbah 10 and 11 seers. Some small imports of rice are reported as being made into thannahs Ranigunge, Kishengunge, and Kadwah.
ł	. 87	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 21th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Getting warmer; no sign of rain. Rainfall on the 24th instant at Rajmehal 2 inches, which has done some good to the cold weather cross. Nothing to report from Damka. In Deogurh the cold weather crops are doing fairly, but there is very little of it.
ori	SSA.			•
(3 8	Cuttack, 27th* Jan. 1871	1.20	Rain on Sunday the 25th January; prospect of more rain. No alteration in the state of the crops. Public health g od.
Otissa Division.	39.	Pooree, 17th ,, ,,	Nil	Fine and cold with indication of the near approach of spring. A little more than three-tearths of the late rice craps has been reaped, with a very fair outturn. Birthi and Koolthi pulses are coming on well, and are being in part reaped. White moong tuke plants are well advanced. The result and prospects of the cold weather crops are on the whole fair. The sawing of the dalua rice crop is proceeding and the seed is germinating; more than three-fourths of the sugarcane crop has been gathered with a good outturn. The mangoe crop is in the carliest stage of blossom. Purchases of rice for export continue, but the market is still easy and prices are stationary.
Į.	40	Balasore, 24th Jan. 1871	Nil	Weather getting warm. The price of rice throughout the district continues to be about the same. Great w nt of water in the Lasali; wells are to be sunk there. The distressed people of that perguenah are now working on the canal. A good deal of rice is being experted to Beagal along the Jugunnath road. Some deaths from small-pox in Kopari, Bhuddruck and Baliapal. Public health otherwise good.
CHC	ATC	NAGPORE.		•
		South-West Frontier Agency.		
	41	Huzarcebaugh, 24th Jan 1871.	Nii	Mild during the whole week, with fleecy clouds hanging about, indicating wind or rain. Prospects of the winter crops have not changed for better. Prices continue steady. Small-pox still prevalent here and there.
	42	Leburdugga, 24th Jan. 1874.		Unseasonably warm; cloudy with rain threatening; things remain much as before. Prices in the sudder division are rising slightly principally owing to exportation. What copy there are on the ground look fairly well. The gram crops at Palamow are looking well, but the wheat and rahar pulse have suffered from the frost which has been severe during the early part of the week.
	43	Singbhoom, 17th	Nil	Chear and bright; nights cold. Nothing to report regarding crops. Cattle disease reported from parts of the district. Public health good.
	44	Maunbhoom, 21th Jan. 1874.	Nil	6. no dew Weather is cloudy; it seems probable that there will be a full of rain within a few days. Not much alteration in prices, though exportation is still going on. Investigation in the eastern portion of the district shows that the stock of rice will not last more than two months. A fall of 177 of rain on 24th and 25th instant since reported.
ASS	MAS	AND ADJACENT HILLS	,	
	45	Gonlparah, 17th Jan. 1874.	-03	Cloudy and fixey throughout the week; drizzling rain on the 13th instant. Strong wind during the last five days; heavy fogs generally in the mornings. The late rain has been slightly beneficial to cheena and kown (millets), and to the cultivation of the austor early rice crop. Late rice is almost harvested. Public health good.

^{*} Telegram of the 27th January received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
	AND ADJACENT ILLS.—(Contd.)		•
4 6	Kamroop, 26th* Jan. 1874.	0.26	Mornings more or less misty, days cool, wind chiefly north-east; late rice crop has been gathered in; sugarcane is still being cut, but a fair outturn is not expected. Mustard crops being reaped. Public health good.
47	Durrung, 17th ,, ,,	Nil	Foggy mornings, cloudy days. Little breeze of variable direction. Land is being prepared for spring crops. Mustard seed is being housed. The crop is below the average. A few cases of cholera reported from the eastern part of the district.
48	Nowgong, 17th ,, ,,	·13	Weather cold and seasonable. A little rain fell one evening at the beginning of the week. Prospects of the crops unchanged. General health good.
49	Seebsaugor, 17th Jan. 1874.	0.82	Weather cold and cloudy, dense fog every morning. A good shower of rain on the night of the 15th January. Rice harvest over. The rain has done some good to the mustard and sugarcane crops.
5 0	Luckimpore, 17th Jan. 1874.	0.84	Several showers of rain during the week; on Sunday and Monday the rain was rather heavy in the mornings. The late rice crop is in, and is a good two-thirds crop. Celd weather crops doing well Pulses have been gathered. Health good.
61	Naga Hills		Return not received.
52	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 17th Jan. 1874.	07	Rain and wind in the first part of the week. Bright and cold afterwards; severe frosts at nights. All the food-crops are off the ground. People are now busy in many parts of the hills preparing their rice lands.
53	Garo Hills, 17th Jan- 1874.	•07	The weather was very foggy on Sunday and Monday, and very cold since the rain on Tuesday. Jooming continues.

Telegram of the 26th January received on the 27th. Shows rainfall during the seven days including the 26th idem.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 27th January 1874.

R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

	DISTRIC		STATION,		Rain from 4th to 20th January	Rain from 11th to 17th January 1874.	RAII JAN	v prom 1st UABY 1874.	REMARKS.
DIVISION.					Ra'n fro	Rain f.o. to 17th 1874.	Inches	Up to date	1
BEN	GAL. Westers Dis	fricts.			Inches	Inches.		1874.	
			Burdwan		Nil	Nil	Nil Nil	17th Jan.	
	Burdwan		Cutwa Culna Bood-Bood Rancegunge Jehanabad	*** *** ***	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bancoorah	•••	Dancoorah	•••	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
٠	Beerbhoom	•••	Soorce	•••	Nil	Nil	Na	ditto.	
BURDWAR.	Midnapore	{	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai (Dv. Collr.'s	 Office .'s Office	Nil Nil Nil Not rec ditto,	Nil Nol Nol Nol Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto ditto. ditto 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 4th to 1)th Jan.
	Hooghly	{	Hooghly		Nil	Nil	Nil	17th Jan.	
		(Serampore	•	Nil	Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	
!	Howrah	•••	Howrah	•••	Nil	• Nil	Nil	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DIST	RICTS.							
, i	24-Pergunnahs	{	Saugor Island Calcutta Alipore { Dispensary } Jarl Busseerhaut Baraset Diamond Harbour Barrip re Satkherah Barrackpore Dunn-Dum		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	•
PRESIDENCY.	Nuddea]	Kishnaghur Bongong Meherpore Coosdangah Kooshtedh Ranaghat		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Not rec, Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. 20th Jan. 17th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ł	Јевзоге	{	Jessore Nurrail Khooluea Jenadah Baguthaut Magoorah	 	X4 Nd Nd Nd Nd Nd Nd	Nil Nil Nil (%0) Nil 0 02	Nil Nil 0 50 Nil 0 62	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	•
	Moorshedabad		Berhampore Ramporehaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azmguege Lalgolla	 	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 0:03 Nil 0:05	Nil Nil Nil 0: 3 Nil 0:05	ditto, ditto, ditto ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
	Dinagepore		Dinagepore		Nil	0.63	0.03	ditto.	
	Maldah		Maldah	 .	Not rec.	Not rec.]	ditto.	
RAJSHAHYE.	Rajshahye	₩ {	Resuleah Nattore		Nil Nil	0·15 C·11	0.12	ditto. di tto.	
æ	Rungpore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya	 	Nil Nil Nil	N:I N:I N:I	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograh		Bograh		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
l	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunge		Nil Nil	Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil	ditto. 10th Jan,	
4	Darjeeling		Darjeeling { Telegraph iIospital	- 1	Not rec Nil	ditto. Nil	1	17th Jan.	
BER	Julpigoree	}	Julpigoreo Falincotta		Nil Nil	Nil 0:0	Nil 0.50	ditto.	Not you let to bed for
COOCH BERAR.	Cooch Behar Trib State	ulary	Bodah		Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	Not rec. 1st to Srd Jan.
Į	Bhutan Dwars		Buxa			Not rec.	- 1	10th Jan.	
-			117				*****	AVII URII.	angeria-serbangan andara dinakanan dap danas ad ab- 1 d

`•	-		on 4th h Jan.	n 11th th Jan.	JANU	FROM 1st	D
DIVISION	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from to 10:h 1874.	Rain from to 17th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks.
BENG	Al—(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Telegraph Office	Nil	0.11	0:11	17th Jan.	
	Dacca {	Moonsheegunge Manickgunge	Nil Nil Nil	0:19 0:11 0:13	0·19 0·11 0·13	ditto. ditto.	
	Furredpore {	Furreedpore Goalundo	Nil Nil	0:35 0:35	0·35 0 35	ditto. ditto.	·
Dacca.	Backergunge	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patuakh illy Dowlatkhan	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil Nıl	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto, ditto.	Not ree 4th to 10th January.
	Mymensing {	Mymensing Jamalpore Attenh Kishoregunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 0·12 0·23	Nil Nil 0:12 0:23	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
İ	Sylhet .	Sylhet	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
Į	Cuchar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	Nil Not rec. ditto	1:04 Not rec. ditto	1:04 Nil Nil	ditto. 3rd Jan. ditto.	,
	Chittagong {	Chittageng { Telegraph Office Jail	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil	17th Jan. duto. 10th Jan.	
OMG.	Noakhally	Noakhally	Nil	Nil	Nil	17th Jan.	
CHITTAGONG.	Tipperah {	Comillah Brahmanbariah	Nil Nil	0:03 0:10	0·02 0·10	ditto. ditto.	
ا``	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatce Hill	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
,,,,,,,,	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	Nil	0.04	0.01	ditto.	
вена	Patna	Patna Pehar Barh Dinapore { Jail Cantonment	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	· 0:39 Nil Nil 0:30 0:20	0'41 Nil Nil 0'30 0'20	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	·
	Gya {	Gya	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil 0'02	Nil Nil 0 10 0 02	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Parsa.	Shahabad	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°10 Nil Not rec. Nil	0 13 0:06 Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. 10th Jan. 17th Jan	
	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Durbhancah Hajcepore Muchubani Seetamarce Tajpore	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil 0:60	3rd Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 17th Jan.	
	Sarun	Chuprah Sewan	Nil Nil	0°19 0'03	0·22 0·03	ditto. ditto.	
l	Champarun {	Motechari Bettiah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
[Monghyr {	Monghyr	Nil Nil Nil	C 12 C 03 O'15	0.12 0.03 0.15	ditto. ditto. ditto.	,
CLFORS	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopeel Mudheyj oorah Banka Sanborsa	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°08 0°03 0°10 ₽ 0°07 0°24	0 03 0 03 0 10 0 07 0 24	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Вилеченова	Purneah {	Purneah Kishengure Arrareah	Nii Nil Nil	0·07 Not rec. ditto	• 0.07 Nil Nil	ditto, 10th Jan. ditto.	
	Southal Pergunnahs	Decelur	Nil Not rec. Nil Not rec. Nil Nil	Nil Not rec. Nil Not rec. Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. 17th Jan. 17th Jan. 10th Jan.	

		, Gr		4th t	m 11th January	Rain Janu	FROM 187 ABY 1874.	D
Divisiós.	District.	STATION.	•	Rain from 4th to 10th Jan. 1873.	Rain from 11th to 17th January 1874.	Inches.	Up to date,	Remarks.
ORIS	BA. • •			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	•
	Outtack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajipore Kendrapara Jugatsingpore False Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	17th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORIGA.	Pooree {	Pooree Khurdah	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally	•••	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
į	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore	•••	Not rec.	Not rec.			
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazarcebaugh {	Hazareebaugh { Jail bispensary Pachumba	•••	Nil Nil Nil	0·01 Nil Nil	0.01 Nil 0.03	17th Jan. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nıl	Nil Nil	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chyebassa	•••	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom {	Purulia Gobindpore	•••	Nil Nil	0.03 Nil	0:03 Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.			:				
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree	•••	Nil Nil	Not rec. ditto	Nil Nil	10th Jan. ditto.	
	Kamroop {	Gowhatty Burpettah		Nil Nil	ditto ditto	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledyo		Nil Nil	ditto ditto	Nil Nil	ditto	Not rec. 1st to 3rd January
	Nowgong	Nowgong		Nil	0.01	0.04	17th Jan.	
	Seebsaugor {	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah	•••	0:06 Nil Nil 0:09	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	0·17 Nil Nil 0·18	10th Jan. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd January
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur • North Luckimpore Suddya	 	Nil 0:05 0:05	ditto ditto ditto	0.02 0.11 0.02	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		Not rec.	ditto	Nil	3rd Jan.	
	Khasi and Jynteah	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee		Nil Nil Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto.	0.60 Nil Nil	10th Jan. ditto. 3rd Jan.	
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	Nil	0.07	0.07	17th Jan.	
		Benares	•••	Not rec. Nil	Not rec. Nil	Nil Nil	3rd Jan. 17th Jan.	

CALCUTTA,
The 24th January 1874.

H. F. Blanford, Meteorological Reporter to the Goot. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 18th to 24th January 1874.

٠			Barometer	Barometer	Тиввы	METER.	Humi-	Wini).			,
STATION.	Date.	Hour.		request to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
CALCUTA.	Jan. 18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	30·229 30·089 30·089 30·055 30·095 30·178 30·047 30·181 30·034 30·129 20·967 30·077 20·946 30·055 20·918	30°248 30°108 30°269 30°114 30°197 30°066 30°052 30°118 29°985 30°096 29°984 30°074 29°936	67-0 74-6 61-5 73-5 67-0 71-3 68-0 77-3 71-2 79-5 - 73-0 80-7 73-2 80-5	59.6 61.8 57.0 59.4 61.0 64.0 65.8 68.6 71.0 71.7 70.0 71.5	61 43 27 38 61 42 79 54 72 51 90 62 85 62	ENESSW NNW WNNW WSW NWSW S	4.0 7.3 4.0 5.6 2.8 6.7 1.7 5.3 1.4 5.3 4.0 7.3 4.9 8.0	 p.4	CS	b b b b b b b
SAUGOR INLAND.	18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th	10 16 10 16 10 18 10 16 10 16 10 16	30 214 30 107 30 247 30 120 30 200 3 - 072 30 188 30 052 30 124 29 991 30 092 29 976 30 086 29 982	30°220 30°113 30°253 30°126 30°26 30°26 30°16 30°15 30°15 30°130 20°997 30°098 20°982 30°072 29°968	73 75 70 74 69 74 75 78 75 78 76 79 76	66 68 59 64 63 66 68 71 71 73 73 74 • 73	67 68 48 55 70 63 68 69 81 77 86 77	E SE E SW N SSE SSE SSE WSW SSW SSW SSW	7·6 7·1 6·1 5·8 5·0 6·6 3·1 8·2 2·6 9·7 6·6 9·6 9·6 9·1 12·7		CK KS CS C CS N KS N KS K KS K K KS K K K K K K K K	\$\delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$, \$\mu_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_{\chi}\$ \\ \delta_
CHILLAGORG.	18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30142 30131 30135 30139 301091 201998 30105 291998 30 062 291978 30 040 201926 30104 201928	30·238 30·125 30·231 30·189 30·093 30·201 30·092 30·158 30·072 30·158 30·072 30·136 30·020 30·099 20·992	67 73 64 75 69 75 65 73 66 71 69 76	56 59 57 60 59 59 59 63 60 64 61 63 70	45 39 62 36 51 37 68 47 73 59 73 63 70 72	ENE NW ENE W NE WNW NE WNW ENE SW N WNW N WNW	5·6 7·9 6·3 5·4 4·6 6·5 4·5 5·6 4·4 6·6 4·0 7·3 4·5 8·1			8, 794 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798 8, 798
	17th 18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30·131 30·015 30·160 30·054 30·163 30·050 30·149 30·032 30·139 30·09 30·108 29·977 30·083 29·945	30°161 30°155 30°190 30°190 30°193 30°183 30°179 30°169 30°188 30°188 30°07 30°113° 29°975	80 81 80 81 80 79 78 81 80 81 82 81	69 67 71 70 69 69 70 70 70 71 73 75	54 44 62 55 51 58 61 55 58 55 66 70	N E by E E by N N N E N E by N N E N E by N N by E N E by N N by E N E by N N by W N E by E E E E	4 4 11 13 14 13 6 12 5 13 6 12 7			6, c 6, e 6, c 6, c 6, c 6, c 6, c 6, c 6, c 6, c
	18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	30·110 29·991 30·139 30·099 30·099 29·958 30·089 29·928 30·059 29·881 30·014 29·863	29·203 29·074 29·223 29·092 29·183 29·041 30·172 30·010 30·143 20·963 30·097 29·945	74 81 73 80 75 82 76 83 75 85 77 86	68 66 63 65 67 67 70 70 69 68 70	72 41 51 40 63 42 72 40 72 37 68 38	NENNW NESW NNESW NESW NESW NESW NESW NES	0·7 4·2 2·7 3·7 0·6 3·4 1·2 4·7 1·3 2·7 2·0 4·3		K, CK, C C, CK C, CK CK CK CK CK CK CK CK CK	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	18th 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	30°188 30°065 30°194 30°078 30°168 30°069 30°168 30°012 30°036 29°082 30°099 29°092 30°054 30°032	30·210 30·087 30·160 30·180 30·180 30·084 30·084 30·084 30·082 30·02 30·121 30·076 30·076 30·054	70 77 68 75 69 77 70 76 68 77 70	56 60 63 62 63 63 64 63 64 63 64	35 80 47 65 41 70 44 61 49 71 45 65 45	NENEWNEWNEWNEW	3.2 6.0 8.5 5.0 2.3 4.8 1.9 6.0 2.2 7.1 2.6 7.0 3.0 5.8			bbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbbb

[·] Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA.

The 24th January 1874.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st January 1874.

		eter.	TER	RMOMI	ITER.			dew.	idity.	Win	D,				
Month.	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	Lowestreading.	Mar. solar radi- ation.	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Provailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily relocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	Gunural Rumanna.
]		Inches.	0	0	0	0	0	0			胁	Miles.	In.		
Jan	15th	30.050	72.5	51·5	130.0	61.0	53 ·8	46.9	0.63	wswan w		88.7	•••		Clear. Slightly foggy from 8 to 11 P.M.
	16th	.056	75.0	53.4	129.8	63.3	57·1	₽1.2	·67	W by S & W by N		80.7	•••		Clear. Slightly foggy at 6 and 7 A.M.
	17th	100	76.6	57.0	135.0	65.9	60.2	55 ·6	·71	ssw&w		89.9			Clear and cumuli.
	18th	156	76·0	54.2	133.0	65.2	57.4	51.2	.63	NNW,N& ENE		1188		0	Clear and cirrocumuli.
	19th	·161	75.0	65·0	1 26 ·0	63.6	56.2	49.5	·62	ENE&W		92·3			Chiefly clear. Slightly foggy at 11 P.M.
	20th	·114	75·7	56·O	121.0	64.6	68.3	53·3	.09	WNW& WbyS	•••	114.8	•••	•••	Clear and cirri. Slightly foggy at midnight and 1 A.M. and 11 P.M.
	21st	·101	78:5	57.7	131.0	67.4	62*5	58·6	•75	W by S, N & N W	•••	74.7			Clear and cumuli, Foggy at midnight and 1, from 6 to 8 A.M. and 7 to 11 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	 2 7 ∙0
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	 7 8·5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	 80.3
The mean humidity during the past seven days	 0.67
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	 0.74
	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st {by lower rain gauge by anemometer gauge	 Nil
by anemometer gauge	 Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	 0.07
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st January	 Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	 0.16

GOPEENAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Observatory.

The 26th January 1874.

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of December 1873.

LATITUDE 22° 33' 1" North. Longitude 88° 20' 34" East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18:11 feet.

MON	THLY RESU	ULTS.			Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the mo Max. height of the barometer occurred at Min. height of the barometer occurred a	t 9 A.M. on th t 3 & 4 P.M. o	 e 17th on the 28th		, ann	30·027 30·197 29·862
Extreme range of the barometer during the Mean of the daily max. pressures Ditto ditto min. ditto	he month	•••	•••	•••	0·335 30·102
Mean daily range of the barometer during	g the month	•••	•••	•••	29·969 0·133
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the mont		•••	•••	•••	6 9∙9 ⊖
Max. temperature occurred at 2 P.M. on the Min. temperature occurred at 6 & 7 A.M. Extreme range of the temperature during	on the 31st	•••	•••	•••	82·7 55·5 27·2
Mean of the daily max. temperature Ditto ditto min. ditto	• •••	•••	•••	•••	78·5 62·8
Mean daily range of the temperature duri	ng the month	•••	•••	•••	15.7
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the mont	wet bulb ther	 mometer		•••	63·6 6·3
Computed mean dew-point for the month Mean dry bulb thermometer above compu		v-point	•••	•••	58.6 11.3 Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the mont	h	•••	•••	···	0.499
Mean weight of vapour for the month Additional weight of vapour required for			•••		oy grain. 5·50 2·48
Mean degree of humidity for the month, of Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for	•	ration being	unity 	•••	0·69
Rained 2 days,-max. fall of rain during	24 hours	•••	•••	·	Inches.
Total amount of rain during the month Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge	•••	o the anemo	 meter di	ring }	0·82 0·73
the month Prevailing direction of the wind	•••	•••	E.	n. e. & 1	

[•] Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEL,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 27th January 1874.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—IRRIGATION BRANCH.
RUBBEE SEASON 1873, COMMENCING ON THE 1ST DECEMBER 1873.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the month of December 1873.

		SUPPLY IN THE	SUPPLY OF WAIER IN THE CANALS.		DALWA RICE IREGATION.		TOBACCO, COTTOR, HUL. DEB, GINGEB, WHEA1, AND GARDEN PRODUCE,	COTTO		OIL-SEED	08 A ¥D	PULSES	SUGARCA	OLL-SEEDS AND PULSES SUGARCANE AND OTHER CROPS.	OTHER	o irioi) u	nibaoqesi	ŀ	RAINFALL.		
District.	Canal.	Estimated full dis- charge in cubic feet per second.	Average discharge in cubic feet per second through- out the month.	Area leased up to the the tat of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased Total area leased of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of the condition of t	Area leased up to the let of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the the the the the the the the the the	Area leased up to the lat of the month.	Area leased during the month.	Total area leased up to the end of the contract.	Area leaned up to the lat of the month.	Area lessed during	Total area leased up to the end of the the the the the the the the the the	Grand total of are to end of moutl columns 8, 11, 14	Orand total of contract	Inches during month.	Inches during rubbes season.	Average of ten pre- vious, years for the same period.	REMARKA
1	60	4	29	9	4	80	o •	ខ្ព	n	12	13	14	16	16	17	18	19	50	เร	83	
	Kendraparah	1,269	212.40	:	:		341	808	1,150	10	æ	3	:	:	:	1,193	167				(a) The details of column 18 a.e.
~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	High Level,	676	88	:	:		16	œ	<del>1</del>	•	-	۵		:		83	r r		0.18	0.61	
Cuttack	Taldandah	1,300	80.76	:	:		81	<del>6</del> 7	58		4	<b>-</b> 7	:	<b>–</b>	-	83	<b>H</b>				Wheat 1,284
	Machgong	920	23.58	:	:	:	80	25	31	:	:	:	:	:	:	33	:				(b) The details are-
	Total	:		:			365	203	1,231	7	200	50	:	-	-	487.1(n)	159			:	e rate of Rs. 4
Midnapore	Midnapore	875	201.61	:	:	:	:	83	88	:	11	, <b>†</b>	:	<b>-</b>	<b>—</b>	<b>3</b>	:	0.09	0.0	9 years	
Ножтав	Panchkoorah	240	38.13	:	178	178		:	:	:	<b>:</b>	:		:	:	178	:	0.10	0.10	3 years Nal.	otal Rs.
	Total .			:	178	17.	:	88	83	:	=	#	:	-	-	(b) 221	:		;		•
	Grand Total			:	178	173	365	788 8	1,259	77	73	96		31	61	1,505	159	:	:		

The 24th January 1874.

## Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

# CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th January 1874, on 28 miles open.

	Co	DACHING TRAPPIC.		Merchandi	BE AND MINERAL!	rappic.	Total traffic
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receip	pts.	Weight carried.	Receipts		receipts.
•		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s, d,	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	12,715 454 12,111	56 O O	156 16 0 5 12 0	499 0	490 0 0 1 17 8 0	49 0 0 1 15 0	205 16 0 7 7 0
To previous a weeks of nam-year	13,111	1,685 0 0	168 10 0	17,944 0	603 0 0	60 6 0	228 16 0
Total for 3 weeks COMPARISON	21,826	3,253 0 0	325 6 0	31,917 0	1,093 0 0	109 6 0	434 12 0
		•					
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	13,780	1,795 6 0	179 10 9	13,862 0	418 12 0	41 17 6	221 8 8
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of	492	61 2 0	6 8 3	495 0	1 1 15 0	1 9 11	7 18 2
previous year	26,007	3,604 2 0	360 8 3	69,870 0	2,335 15 0	233 11 11	594 0 2

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 10th January 1874, on 1280 miles open.

		<del> ·</del> ·					
T stal traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 1 week of half-year	102,736 135,404	Rs. A. P. 1,76,769 2 6 133 1 7 2,35,496 3 3	£ s, d. 16,203 16 10 12 13 2 7 21,587 3 0	Mds. Srs. 12,68,796 0 19,60,196 30	Rs. A. P. * 5,47,866 10 9 427 10 1 8,27,048 10 8	£ s. d. 50,175 5 7 39 4 0 75,812 15 10	£ s. d. 66,379 2 5 51 17 2 97,399 18 10
Total for 2 weeks	239,140	4,12,265 5 9	37,790 19 10	32,28,992 30	13,74,415 5 0	125,988 1 5	163,779 1 3
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	101,620	1,51,600 5 4 118 7 0	13,896 13 11 10 17 2	6,53,896 30	3,59,031 11 2 279 11 5	32,819 17 0 25 12 9	46,716 10 11 36 9 11
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	263,671	3,91,611 8 2	85,900 14 11	17,90,566 10	9,72,136 11 3	89,112 10 8	125,013 5 7

[•] Rs.1,02,631-5-0 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Keturn of Traffic for week ended 17th January 1874, on 2233 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	6, 180	15,591 3 6	1.429 3 11	73,788 10	* 20,131 13 0	1,845 8 4	3,274 12 3
Or per mile of railway		69 12 2	6 7 11		90 1 2	8 5 1	14 13 0
For previous 1 week of half-year	8,1/18	20,020 9 3	1,835 4 5	1.07,767 30	27,505 14 0	2,521 7 5	4,336 11 10
Total for 2 weeks COMPARISON.	11,858	35,611 12 9	3,234 8 4	1,81,656 0	47,6;7 11 0	4,360 15 9	7,631 4 1
Total for corresponding week of previous year	4,771	1k286 8 1	1,309 11 11	G5,770 0	21,249 10 2	1,947 1 2	3,256 13 1
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre-		6:14 9	5 17 2	······· •	95 0 7	8 14 3	14 11 6
vious year	12,479	33,812 15 11	3,099 10 5	1,64,5458 20	51,154 7 8	4,689 3 3	7,788 13 8
A 11 11 1				-			

^{*} Rs. 934 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.



# SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1874.

#### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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#### ELECTION OF MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE TOWN OF SERAMPORE, UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF SECTION I OF BENGAL ACT II OF 1873.

No. 118T, dated Burdwan, the 17th January 1874.

From—C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

With reference to Rule 11 of the Rules for the election of Municipal Commissioners in Serampore, I have the honor to submit in original a letter No. 3, dated 9th instant, from the Magistrate of Hooghly, with its enclosure, from the Joint-Magistrate of Serampore, reporting on the results of the election held on 27th December 1873.

I believe that the following is the correct list of the elected candidates, with the number of votes obtained by each of them:—

#### For Serampore with Chattra and Bullubpore.

_						Votes.
1.	Romanath Gossine	•••	***	•••	•••	220
	Dr. J. A. Greene	•••	•••	•••	•••	162
'З.	Berreshur Mookerjee	•••	·	•••	•••	97
4.	Gopal Chundra Lahuri	••	•••	•••	• • •	81
5.	Kadur Nath Chatterjee	•••	•••	•••	•••	65
6.	Mr. N. J. Gantzer	•••	•••	•••	•••	54
7.	Nundo Lall Banerjee	•••	•••	•••	•••	57
8.	Mothora Mohun Sandis	al	•••	•••	•••	42
9.	Thakoor Dass Gossine		• •		•••	42

#### For Risherah and Mohesh.

1. 2. 3.	Behari Lall Mookerjee Ram Chundra Ganguly Gopal Chunder Daw	·	•••	•••	223 211 34
	For .	Konagur.			
1.	Judo Gopal Chatterjee	•••	•••	•••	201
2.	Shib Chundra Deb		•••	•••	99
3.	Shumbhoo Chundra Chatterje	e	••	•••	56
*	* * *	*	*	<b>.</b> *.	*

No. 3, dated Hooghly, the 9th January 1874.

From-F. H. Pellew, Esq., Officiating Magistrate of Hooghly, To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I HAVE the honor to send a copy of the report of the Joint-Magistrate of Serampore the election of Commissioners for the Municipality of that place.

2. The election appears to have been on the whole a success, and I think the arrang

ments are very creditable to the Joint-Magistrate.

3. The Commissioners who took so much trouble and rendered so much assistance the Joint-Magistrate, especially Baboo Shib Chundra Deb, deserve the thanks of Governmen

No. 142, dated the 30th December 1573.

From-J. E. B. JEFFERY, Esq., cs., Joint-Magistrate and Vice-Chairman of tl Serampore Municipality,

To-The Magistrate and Chairman of the Serampore Municipality.

I have the honor to submit the following report on the Municipal election for Serampore:-

- At a meeting of the Municipal Commissioners on the 13th 1873, on tl proposition of Baboo Shib Chundra Deb, it was resolved to apply to Gentlement for the introduction of the elective system at Serampore.
- 2. After some demi-official correspondence the Rules for the election of Municip Commissioners were published in the Calcutta Gazette of October 1st. They were laid befo the Commissioners at their meeting on the 18th October, and an election sub-committee consisting of Dr. Greene, Baboo Shib Chundra Deb, and Baboo Roma Nath Gossine, w appointed under Rule 6 to assist the sub-divisional officer in carrying out the rules.
- Orders were then given for the preparation of lists of all persons who had pa their rates for 1872-73. Copies of the whole of these lists were hung up for inspection the sub-divisional office and the office of the Municipal Commissioners; and copies of th part of the list relating to Ward No. 2 (Risherah and Mohesh) were hung up at the Mohes Municipal outpost, and of that part of the list relating to Ward No. 3 (Konagur and Mohesh) Allinagur) were hung up at the Konagur Municipal outpost.
- 4. On the 3rd November a proclamation in Benguli was issued, embodying tl substance of the rules. The Bengali translation was made by Baboo Shib Chundra De At first 50 copies were issued. It was posted at all the public offices, police stations, the public library, railway stations, post offices, and in all the principal streets and the corners of the lanes. Subsequently 50 copies more were ordered and distributed in his manner. Copies were sent by post to some of the more influential natives, and a copy with the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the con given to each of the collecting sarkars, who were directed to explain it when on their round and to specially direct the attention of the more educated natives to it. Twenty-five copi were printed in English and sent to the European and East Indian residents. Finally on the 29th and 30th November a proclamation was made by beat of drum that all nominatio must be given in by December 1st (November 30th being Sunday).
  - 5. The result of this was the following nomination (they are arranged for conv nience sake in the order of the subsequent poll):—

#### Ward No. 1,—Serampore, Chattra, and Bullubpore.

- Roma Nath Gossine, a Zemindar, and present Commissioner. Dr. J. A Greene, Civil Medical Officer.
- Birressar Mookerjee, Medical practitioner, a very young man of whom very little known.

4. Gopal Chundra Lahuri, Sub-Assistant Surgeon in private practice, and present' Commissioner.

5. Kadur Nath Chatterjee, Sub-Assistant Surgeon in private practice.

- 6. Mr. N. J. Gantzer, formerly in the Public Works Department, now a Government pensioner. Has very large property in houses in Scrampore.
- 7. Nundo Lall Banerjee, Head Clerk to the Commissioner of Assam.

8. Mothora Mohun Sandial, dealer in imported wines and stores.

9. Thakur Doss Gossine, Zemindar, and present Commissioner.

10. Dr. George Smith, Editor of the Friend of India, present Commissioner.

11. Radha Kasore Gossine, Zemindar.

12. Thakurdoss Chatterjee, a Clerk in the Delhi Bank, formerly Head Clerk in this Municipality, dismissed for dishonesty, prosecuted for embezzlement, but not convicted.

13. Joygopal Dutto, dealer in gold and silver.

14. Rajkrissan Moitra, Clerk in the Hooghly Judge's Court.

- 15. Kally Doss Bancrice, formerly Overseer in Public Works Department, now of no profession. Dr Greene has doubts of his sanity.
- 16. Modun Gopal Dey, Zemindar; he would not accept his nomination.

17. Rajkrissan Lahury, money-lender; did not accept his nomination.

18. Narain Chundra Bhattacharjee, a Professor in the Serampore College, disqualified, as his father is alive and is the actual rate-payer.

#### Ward No. 2,-Risherah and Mohesh.

1. Behary Lall Mookerjee, Clerk in the General Post Office.

2. Ram Chandra Ganguly, Contractor.

3. Gopal Chandra Daw, Supervisor, Public Works Department.

4. Haran Chundra Doss, Scripture-reader.

5. Chundra Mohen Dey, Scripture-reader.

(These are the only two candidates throughout the Municipality who do not know English).

6. Khetter Mohen Mookerjee, Pleader of the High Court, disqualified, as his father is the actual rate-payer.

#### Ward No. 3,-Konagur and Allinagur.

1. Judu Gopal Chatterjee, Editor of the Saptahik Samachar.

2. Shib Chundra Deb, Retired Deputy Magistrate. and present Commissioner.

3. Shumbhu Chundra Chatterjee, Talukdar, and present Commissioner.

4. Beni Madhub Daw Sarcar, School-master.

- 5. Chundra Shekhur Mookerjee, partner in the firm of Lepage and Co., Contractors, Calcutta.
- 6. Shama Churan Mookerjee, formerly a partner in the City Press; declined his nomination.
- 7. Trylokho Nath Mittra, Pleader and Professor of law in the Hooghly College, disqualified, his father being the actual rate-payer.

The total number of nominations for 15 vacancies was therefore 31, but by refusals and disqualifications it was reduced to 25.

- 6. A list of the candidates was then stuck up at the sub-divisional and Municipal offices, and at the railway stations and the various police outposts, and a proclamation was made by beat of drum that any person having any objection to prefer to any candidate must lodge it on or before the 6th December. No formal objection was made; I got a few letters, some signed, but most of them anonymous, alleging various objections, but none of them of a nature which entitled me to take any notice of them.
- 7. On the 11th December a notification was issued giving the names of all the candidates whose names had been approved, and the pelling places selected. They were: a tent at the Tantipara police outpost, a tent pitched on the river bank, and Bishop Wilson's Mission School at Chattra for the first ward; Mohesh School and subsequently, at the request of the inhabitants, Risherah School for the second ward; and the school at Konagur for the third. 100 copies of this notification were issued in Bengali, and 50 in English, and they were posted as before at all public places and in almost every street.
- 8. This notification gave the date of the election as the 21st December, Suuday, which had been unanimously fixed upon by the Sub-Committee as being the only day before the 25th on which the educated population of Scrampore were likely to be at home. In consequence, however, of a protest from Dr. Smith, the Lieutenant-Governor was communicated

with, and I at first received orders that the election should be held on two days, viz., Saturday the 20th for the convenience of Native Christians, and Sunday the 21st for other people, the election rules being altered accordingly. I however got a second order to hold the elections on the 27th, and an alteration in the rules to that effect was published in the Calcutta Gazette of the 17th December. I very much regret this change in the day, because I had to have three different days notified by beat of drum, and such changes are not favourable to the success of a novel undertaking.

9. From the 11th to the 27th the election was proclaimed by beat of drum almost every day, and when the last change of day took place another printed notification was issued.

10. I had registers made allowing a space of four pages and three columns each to

each candidate, making about 250 votes for each.

Thakurdass Gossine was suffering from diabetes, Father Cavalieri begged to be excused on account of his priestly duties, and Dr. Smith had an engagement in Calcutta, there was no one to take charge of the Mohesh School, but Baboo Shib Chundra Deb very kindly made his grandson, Baboo Aubinash Ghose, take charge of it. For the rest, Baboo Shumboo Chundra Chatterjee took charge at Chattra, Dr. Greene at Nishan Ghât, Baboo Shib Chundra Deb at Tantiparra, Baboo Romanath Gossine at Risherah, and Baboo Gopal Chundra Lahuri at Konagur. To these gentlemen thanks for the trouble they took are due, especially to Baboo Shib Chundra Deb, who assisted me in translating and in getting the notifications printed, and Baboo Shumboo Chundra Chatterjee, who took charge of the Chattra polling-place though he was at the time in ill-health.

12. The total number of rate-payers in each ward, divided according to religion, is as

follows :--

Ward.	Europeans and East Indians.	Native Christians.	Hindoos.	Mahomedans.	Total.
Serampore, Chattra, and Bullubpore	22	5	2,721	360	3,108
Risherah, Mohesh and Jaunagur	2	35	1,128	24	1,189
Konagur and Allinagur	•••••	<b></b>	. 1,209	63	1,272
Total	24	40	5,058	447	5,569

The total number of votes recorded was 1,808, reduced on a scrutiny made to-day (December 30th) to 1,793, so that almost one-third of the electors voted. Amongst the Europeans and East Indians there were only four or five votes, amongst the Native Christians only 12, so it was hardly worth while postponing the election on their account. The Mahomedans within the Municipality are all of them very poor men, and inhabit only one of the outlying quarters of Scrampore; it was not to be expected that they should have a candidate of their own or that they should come in any force to the poll.

13. The following is the result of the poll in the various wards:—

Ward No. 1,-Serampore, Chattra, and Bullubpore.

	* Clara Millada		Polling Place.		T-4-1	***
Order.	Candidate.	Tantiparra.	Nishan Ghat.	Chattra.	Total.	REMARKS.
1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Roma Nath Gossine Dr. J. A. Greene Birressar Mokerjee Gopal C. Lahuri Kadar Nath Chatterjee Mr. N. J. Gantzer Nundo Lall Banerjee Mothora Mohen Sandial Thakoor Doss Gossine Dr. G. Smith Radha Kissore Gossine Thakurdoss Chatterjee Rajkrissan Moitra Kally Doss Banerjee	 83 16  19 18 4 57  18 1 16 • 14	36 144 	101 2 97 20  1  2	220 162 97 81 65 57 57 42 42 33 26 14 2	Elected.
	Total	 426	249	223	898	

Ward	No	9	Richard		Mohesh
W IITIL	/¥ ().	2	- naxaetaa	i ana	:vinnøgn

	···		- 1	Pollina	PLACES.		
rder.	Candidates.		-	Mohesh,	Risherah.	Total.	REMARES
1	Behari Lall Mookerjee			1	222	223	)
2	Ram Chundra Ganguly			211		211	Elected.
3	Gopal Chundra Daw			•••	34	34	)
4	Haran Chundra Doss		•••	12		12	7
5	Chundra Mohen Dey			••	•••••	•••••	Rejected.
		Total		224	256	480	-

Ward No. 3, Konagur and Allinagur.

Order.	. Candidates.			Polling Place.	Remarks.
1	Judo Gopal Chatterjeo			201	1
2	Shib Chundra Deb			99	Elected
3	Shumboo Chundra Chatterjee	•	·	56	)
4	Beni Madhub Dew Sarcar	•••		36*	Painted
5	Chundra Sekur Mookerjee	•••		15	Rejected.
		Tota	1	407	

14. I think on the whole this result is decidedly satisfactory. All the old Commissioners have been re-elected with two exceptions.—Dr. Smith, who appeared 10th in the list for its ward, and Father Cavalieri, who did not offer himself for election, and who had sent in its resignation some months ago. * * * *

On the other hand, some of the new Commissioners, such as Kadar Nath Chatterjee, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Mr. Gantzer, Baboo Ram Chundra Ganguly, and Baboo Gopal Chundra

Daw, are decided acquisitions.

15. I think it a pity that the Lieutenant-Governor decided to adhere strictly to the rule that the candidates must be actual rate-payers. I think it would have been sufficient of they had been shown to contribute to the rates in any way, even though their names were not in the register. Under the Hindoo joint-family system, the actual rate-payers sometimes dead, sometimes an old man, sometimes an elder brother who has none of the education or the business qualities of his younger brother, and sometimes a woman. Under this ruling, two, if not more, of the best candidates were excluded,—Baboo Khettra Mohun Mookerjee of Risherah, a pleader of the High Court, and Baboo Troylekho Nath Mittra of Konagur, also a pleader and professor of law in the Hooghly College. The father of the latter died on the 20th December; but as his name had not up to that time been notified in the list of candidates I thought it too late to insert it. I hope he may some in pext year.

16. As a means of identifying the votes, I had all the collecting sarkars present at the following places to which their division appertained. They were very well able to dentify everybody, and there was no confusion, except at one time during a great crush at

Nishan Ghat.

17. The system prescribed in the rules of making every voter inscribe the name of the candidate for whom he voted against his name in the list of electors, was tried at all the polling places; but in most of them, when votes began to come in large numbers, it had to be given up as impracticable; it sometimes took as much as five minutes to find out the name of a single voter. However, the residence of each voter was entered in the register which I had drawn out, and the collecting sarkar certified to the voters being actual rate-payers.

had drawn out, and the collecting sarkar certified to the voters being actual rate-payers.

18. I spent the day myself in going round to the different polling places, besides visiting each place in the morning to see that all was ready. During the time that the voting was going on I visited Chattra twice, Nishan Ghat, Santiparra, Mohesh, and Risherah three times, and Konagur twice. I satisfied myself that everything was being done rightly and

fairly, and I had no complaints made to me

19. Since the election is over. I have had two or three anonymous petitions concerning the way in which it was conducted, especially at Konagur; but as I was present to hear any complaint I see no reason to pay attention to them now when nothing was said

to me at the time. Of course it is very likely that a great many people went to the poll without any very clear idea of what they were about, and also that many of them were subjected to wrong influences. I have heard that one of the candidates. (unsuccessful however) promised those who voted for him to get their house tax remitted, and that another practised treating on a small scale. What I have heard is doubtless exaggetated, but it is inseparable from electioneering in all countries, and I am inclined to think that here, where the novelty is so great, it is rather a healthy sign, as showing that the election is not, as was to be feared, regarded with universal apathy.

20. I had written a letter to the candidates requesting them to whip up their voters and not to allow the election to be a sham. This letter I understand has been the subject of unfavourable comments in a native newspaper, the Suptahik Sumachar. But whatever the editor of that paper may have thought, he appears to have acted upon may letter to the full, and in consequence to have placed himself at the head of the poll in his own ward (Konagur),

the one in which party-feeling ran highest.

- When the election rules were first sent to me for my opinion, I said that I did not think that women should be allowed to vote, and the recent election has confirmed my opinion. In the present state of society in this country a woman can but be the tool of others; no educated or respectable woman could possibly come and vote, and the only ones who can do so are poor starving widows and prostitutes. As a matter of fact 112 women recorded their votes;—I cannot suppose that they had any idea what they were doing. They had heard the polling proclaimed by beat of drum, and some of them thought it their duty to attend, whilst others were dragged to the poll by over-zealous canvassers. The votes of half the male rate-payers are a mockery, but it is necessary to take them in order to educate them into appreciating representative Government; but the general standard of education amongst women must be very much raised before they will be able to understand anything of the kind.
- I think that it would have been better if Scrampore had been divided into three wards with three vacancies in each. Nine is a very large number for one ward, and as it is, one important quarter, Chattra, is complaining that it is only represented by a boy of whom nothing is known. It is true that for this the Chattra people have themselves to blame, for, besides my various proclamations and drum-beatings, I made the elections a constant subject of conversation with natives both in cutcherry and out of it. But such a thing would not have occurred if Chattra had been a ward by itself.

23. Baboo Shib Chundra Deb proposes that next year we should have a limited instead of universal suffrage amongst rate-payers, that is, that voters should be only those who pay over a certain fixed sum. I think that we might have begun in this way, but it is too late to go back to it; and though it may be disheartening to find a good man turned out by an active canvasser bringing up a lot of ignorant coolies, yet if the poorer classes have any opinion of their own, it is of the utmost importance that they should be

represented, for it is upon them that the municipal taxes fall heaviest.

24. It may be a question whether those gentlemen who are to retire next year should be selected by lot or whether those lowest on this year's poll should go out. I

think, however, that the rule had better stand as it is.

- 25. Though the election has been a success this year, I am convinced that it will be much more of a success next year, when there will only be one-third the number of vacancies, and the common people, who this year were somewhat puzzled, will understand the meaning better.
- I may add that, though most of the voters were of the poorer classes, yet there were a large number of votes from clerks or people of that status. The very rich natives did not vote at all. Indeed, three of the wealthiest zemindars have refused to be put in nomination, one of them alleging that the poor people who blessed him now for his charity would curse him every day as the author of their taxes.

No. 243, dated Calcutta, the 31st January 1874. From-RIVERS THOMPSON, Esq., Sccretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Commissioner of Burdwan.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 118T, dated 17th instaht, giving cover to a report on the municipal election for Serampore, held on the 27th December 1873, and in reply to express the Lieutenant-Governor's gratification at the successful result of this first introduction of the elective system for Municipal Commissioners.

2. I am also to convey the Lieutenant-Governor's thanks to Mr. Jeffrey for the judgment and energy with which he carried out all the arrangements for the election; also to Dr. Greene, Baboo Shib Chundra Deb, Baboo Shumboo Chundra Chatterjee, Baboo Romanath Gossine, Baboo Gopal Chundra Lahuri, and Baboo Aubinash Ghose, for the assistance they gave to the Joint-Magistrate on the occasion.

3. His Honor approves of the nomination of Mr. Jeffrey, Dr. George Smith, and

Mr. E. B. Godfrey, as the Municipal Commissioners to be appointed by Government.

The names of all the gentlemen elected and appointed will be published in the next issue of the Gazette.

# SOAROITY AND RELIEF.—LIBERALITY OF KHAJEH ASHUNOOLLAH OF DACCA.

Dated Ahsum Munzil, the 24th January 1874.

From—Khajeh Ashunoollah,
To—F. R. Cockerell, Esq., Commissioner of Dacca.

Being given to understand that on account of the rivers drying up, great uniculty is found in conveying rice from Kooshtea to Rungpore and other places for the use of the unfortunate sufferers, I therefore beg to inform you that if it be acceptable to His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, I shall be very happy to place my Steam Yacht, the "Star of Dacca," at the disposal of the Government for as long as her services may be required.

I think she may be usefully employed in towing up country boats laden with rice from Kooshtea to the famine-stricken towns and villages.

No. 4078.R, dated Calcutta, the 3rd February 1874.

From—A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Commissioner of Dacca.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 804, dated the 24th January 1874, reporting for orders Khajeh Ashunoollah's offer of the gratuitous use of his Steam Yacht, the "Star of Dacca," in subserving operations for the relief of famine.

In reply I am to request that, in intimating to Khajeh Ashunoollah the Lieutenant-Governor's acceptance of his liberal offer, you will convey to that gentleman His Honor's warm acknowledgments for the assistance thus rendered to Government in the present crisis.

The Steamer will be employed at Kooshtea under the orders of the Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division.

#### SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, FEBRUARI 4, 1874.

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in

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hese figures are for the last week of December last, and have been already shown in the previous statements. teturn for week ending 24th January 1874 received after publication of the last Gazette. eturn not received.

he price of best rice in the several sub-divisions ranges from 12 to 14 seers and of common rice from 12-12 to 15 seers per rupee. loanse rice is sold at 14-12 seers per rupee.

the price of best rice in the interior ranges from 9 to 12-8 seers and of common rice from 11 to 14 seers per rupee. rice of common rice in the sub-division ranges from 12-8 to 16 seers per rupee.

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F. Coarse kind at 15 seers consumed by the poorest class but not generally sold at bazars.

G. The price of best rice ranges in the interior from 10-12 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 22 seers per rapec.

H. The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 10 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 11-4 seers per rapec.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9-8 to 19 seers per rupec, and common rice at 21 seers per rupec.

J. In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 10 to 20, and of common rice from 17 to 22 seer per rupec.

K. The price of common rice at outlying grain marts is from 16 to 26 seers per rupec.

(a.) Agricultural labor is not generally paid in cash. Labor is exchanged for labor. Blacksmiths generally do work in jobs.

(b) Exclusive of dicting allowance.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermen

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L. In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9 to 10-13, and of common rice 10 to 11-8 seers per rupee.

M. Ditto Ditto from 8 to 11, and of common rice from 10 to 12-12 seers per rupee.

N. Ditto Ditto from 8-8 to 14, and of common rice from 10 to 15 seers, and of lesser millets from 13- to 18 seers per ru

O. Ditto Ditto from 8 to 10, and of common rice from 9 to 13 seers per rupee.

P. Ditto Ditto from 10 to 14, and of common rice from 11 to 16 seers per rupee.

Q. Ditto Ditto from 13 to 18, and of common rice from 14 to 21-8 per rupee.

CALCUTTA,

## SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, FEBRUARY 4, 1874.

cts of B	engal on the E	31st January	1874.—(Conti	nued.)			
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⁻These labourers are paid in grains, the price of which in ordinary seasons has been taken in calculating their pay.

-Price of agricultural labour with 2 meals Rs. 1 to 1-4.

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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

# Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement snowing Rainfall. Weather. State and Prosnects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 31st January 1874.

	-	r i liturio. I		
2	Vo.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
13 P.	NGA	   Western Districts.		·
	1	Burdwan, 2nd* Feb. 1874	1.90	Rain fell at Rancegunge on Saturday, and the we ther has been damp all over the district. The rainfall on the two last Sundays has enabled the cultivators to plough a large area of land and has improved the prospects of the cold weather crops. Fever decreasing except about Panaghur.
ISION.	2	Bancoorah, 31st Jan. ",	1:45	Rain general on the 25th January. Heavy fogs on mornings of the 27th and 31st idem, the rest of the week fine; but there was a shower with thunder and lightning on the 31st. The rainfull was beneficial in every way, both to the growing crops and for general ploughing. About 4,000 becgahs of indigo have been sown. Prices much the same. Small-pox still very bad. On the 2nd February the Collector reports a considerable fall of rain on the night of the 31st January with heavy hailstones, and on the 1st instant a steady downpour continuing throughout the day and averaging 1.74 inches at 6 P.M. The hail prevented its producing so much advantage as would otherwise have been the case. Still the benefit will be great.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 31st ., .,	•51	Showery, damp, and cloudy; thick fogs in the mornings. Ploughing for early rice crops and teel (oil-seed) commenced; winter crops much benefited by the rain which has been general throughout the district and the accompanying change of atmosphere. Exportation by rail to the Patna and Bhaugulpore Divisions continues unabated. General prospects of the district more hopeful. Prices show a rising tendency.
	4	Midnapore, 31st " "	·58	Of the 58 of rain, 44 fell on the 25th instant, which has been already reported; 14 in a north-wester, on the evening of the 30th, with thunder and lightning. On the 31st thundering, exceedingly hot and cloudy, and looking like heavy rain. Standing crops improved by rain. Ploughing going on and partial indigo sowings. 1.05 on the 30th January with thunder-storm since reported.
	5	Hooghly, 31st " "	-81	Clear and stormy on the night of the 21th and a part of the 25th January; wind north-east and south-east. The rain of the 25th has done some good to the cold weather crops.
	_	Howrah, 31st ,, ,,	·64	General rain over the district on the 25th instant (already reported), showers on the 30th, and signs of rain on the 31st idem. Cold weather crops have greatly benefited by the rain. The boro rice looking very well.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 3rd† Feb. 1874.	2.06	Cool and clear at the beginning of the week; warmer since Thursday; since when it has been cloudy, with showers on Sunday and Monday mornings—95 and 16 respectively. The harvest of the laterice is over. Rain has fallen throughout the district. It will do harm to the pulses and tobacco, but will benefit the sugarcane and vegetable crops. Ploughing for the spring sowings has already commenced in some places. Fever decreasing in Basecrhat, Barrackpore, and Dum-Dum. There are no new cases in Barripore. Four deaths from cholera reported at Baraset, and two at each of the sub-divisions of Basecrhat and Barrackpore. A few cases have also occurred in the north suburban town.  A fall of about three-fourths of an inch at Baraset on the 25th January.
PRESIDENC	7	Nuddea, 31st Jan. "	1.27	Hot and cloudy notwithstanding rain on 25th, there was another fall on the 30th instant. The rain has been beneficial to the crops, and has enabled the cultivators to begin ploughing. It has however caused serious injury to the tobacco grown about Ranaghat by soaking the leaves which were in process of drying. I 58 rainfall on the night of the 31st January and on the 1st and 2nd February since reported; and in the north it rained 15 hours on the 31st January and 1st February.
	<b>\</b> 8	Jessore, 31st " "	30	Cold; in the mornings and evenings fogs. Rain over the whole district on the 25th January; the weather at the sudder has been cloudy and rather warm for the last day or two. The rain was good for the growing crops as far as it went, but there was not much of it. It also softened the ground a little for the spring sowings. There is no change in prices. A fall of 2:11 of rain at Nurrail on the 31st January and 1st and 2nd February since reported,
RAJSHAHYE DIVISION.	9	Moorshedabad, 31st ., ,	1.40	The rain which fell on the night of the 24th January has been general throughout the district. There was a heavy thunder-storm in the station of the evening of the 30th idem, and an inch of rain fell between 5-50 and 6-20 P.M. The storm travelled from west to east. The mornings have been very foggy. The rain has been of great benefit to the crops now on the ground; gram, wheat, barley, mulberry and indigo have especially benefited. The boro dhan seedlings recently transplanted show great improvement. Mustard is being cut in some places and other crops are flowering. The ryots are ploughing up their lands everywhere for the early rice sowings. This affords some employment to the labouring classes. The rain has induced some mahajums to make advances of seed to the ryots. Prices show no material change. 26 of rain in Jungypore on the 24th and 25th January since reported, which must have done much good to winter crops and for ploughing lands for any or early rice sowings.
•	( 10	Dinagepore, 31st " "		Showers at Peergunge. At head-quarters a smart shower last Sunday night (25th January). The larger part of the rice crop is cut. In some places the land ic being prepared for next sowings. Mustard being cut and sugarcane. General cold

<u>,</u>	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BF	NGA	1(Contd.)		•
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		• •
•	11	Maldah, 31st Jan. 1874	1.32	Weather foggy and cloudy; rain on three days, and again cloudy. The cold weather crops continue to look well; the rain of the 25th January has been most beneficial to them. The outturn of kalai, pulse and muttard has been a very average one. Cases of distress owing to scarcity reported from thannah Khurbah. Smallpox reported from Khurbah and Gazole.
RAJSHAHTE DIVK.—(Contd.)	12	Rajshahye,31st " "	-30	The rain of the 25th January was general and in some places very heavy. There have been several foggy mornings, cloudy on the 30th and 31st idem. On the night of the 24th rain fell in thannahs Charghat, Manda, and Pooteah, and in outpost Waliah in station Belmariah; rain commenced on the night of the 24th and continued till 12 o'clock the following day. It is calculated to have done much good to the cold weather crops, and a good deal facilitated the preparation of paddy lands for next year's sowings. Crops of all kinds have greatly benefited by the rain; a further fall would ensure at least a good average return. Hail fell in twenty-five or thirty villages north of Nattore, and did a good deal of injury to the cold weather crops. Boro paddy is looking well generally, but in Tannore the frost has done this crop some herm. Mangoe trees are beginning to blossom; the foggy mornings are injurious to the blossom, and if they continue will, it is feared, seriously affect the crop. This will be an evil of no small measure, as from experience the Collector says that, in the year of distress in 1866, a flour made from the kernels of the mangoe stone was largel; consumed by the poorer classes. This crop was a very heavy one in that year. Public health good; isolated cases of cholera and two or three cases of small-pox.
#	13	Rungpore, 31st " "	3.80	Mornings forgy and cold, weather rather warm in the day time. A good fall of rain on the night of the 25th January. Sowings of aus or early rice are going on. The prospects of other crops, are generally favorable. The price of common rice is Rs. 4-8 per maund.
	14	Bograh, 31st " "	2.49	Weather cloudy and cold. Sugarcane and mustard are being cut; the yield may be thirteen annas. Motor, mussoor and khessari pulses are looking fair; they are much benefited by the recent rains. Checua and kaon-millets and khirachi are also doing well.
	15	Pubna, 31st " "	0.65	Very cold, though not throughout the week; on the night of the 24th January the sky was cloudy. There was a high wind with little showers of rain which extended up to 10 a.m. the following day. The people are now winnowing maskalai and arahur pulses, and magi sharisa (mustard). The prospects of motor, knessari and mussoori pulses, and wheat, barley, gram and cheena millet, have been improved by the rain. On the 25th January the rain, though not heavy, has still done great good to the jully and boro paddy which the ryots have commenced to sow and transplant. It will moreover assist the cultivators a great deal in preparing their lands for paddy.
	16	Darjeeling, 31st " ,,	Nil	A smart shower of rain fell throughout the district on the 25th January. Weather at sudder station misty and threatening rain or snow. The same as last week. Rice crop gathered in but not yet thrashed, so the exact outturn cannot now be given. Prices the same. No signs of distress apparent.
Сооси Венля DITE.	17	Julpigoree, 31st " "	1.08	On the 26th and 27th January rain was general throughout the district; since then the weather has been cloudy and apparently more rain expected; the last 2 or 3 days have been warmer. The rain has done much good in everyway; the cold weather crops have benefited by it and it has softened the land, and ploughing for the early rice is now busily going on. From lat st information the prospects at Boda are on the whole better than was at first anticipated. In many parts the deep lands have yielded a better crop than usual, while in some a fine crop has been got off lands which are usually too marshy to yield much. This has helped in a degree to counterbalance the failure on higher lands. It does not, however, alter the necessity for the steps suggested to give relief in these parts where the failure of crop has been most severely felt. The rain has been most beneficial in enabling lands baked hard by long drought to be ploughed. Price of rice has fallen generally throughout the district.
į	•	Cooch Behar 24th ,, ,,	Nil (	Cold as usual. Reaping of paddy is nearly over; the cutturn will probably come up to the previous estimate of a ten-anna crop all round. Tobacco and mustard seed, the chief cold weather crops, promise well. A rainfall of 1 10 inches on the 25th and 26th January, and of pearly half an inch on the 1st and 2nd instant, since reported, which will be beneficial.
		Eastern Districts.		
	18	Dacca, 2nd Feb. 1874	NI I	Regular weather and crop report not received. Special telegrams of the 1st and 2nd February report steady rainfull of 65 and 9 respectively.
DACCA DIVISION.	19	Furreedpore, 31st Jan. 1874.	0.81	Early on Sunday, the 25th January, a very slight north-wester broke over this place attended with a slight drizzle, which increased as the day advanced, into rain, and continued till nearly sunset; the four following mornings were very foggy, the mist not clearing up till a late hour every day; the days and nights were however beight and clear. On Thursday moderate southerly winds prevailing brought up word and clouds covering the entire sky and ending in rain. On Friday atternoon and night the weather continuing cloudy till the afternoon of Saturday. On the first occasion 0.70 inches of rain fell, and on the second only 0.11. The above rain was not heavy, but as it was steady, unaccompanied by strong wind, the whole of it has soaked into the soil to a depth of 7 to 9 inches, and following

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
DV	N)1 A T	I. – (Contd.)		·
1713		Eastern Districts.— (Contd.)		•
netd.)		•		as it has done so closely on the 0.35 inches which fell on the night of the 12th January, will do much good to the spring crops, wheat, barley, and all the pulses remaining on the ground, the pumpkin, melon, and cucumber tribes, as well as the vegetables and all oil-seeds, and even the plantain will derive great benefit. The soil moreover being now fairly softened will enable agriculturists to plough and prepare the ground for the future rice crops. The price of coarse rice at Bhanga has fallen from 16 to 17 seers; at Furrecdpore, Gopalgunge, and Madareepore it has risen from 15.8, 16.8, and 18 to 15, 16, and 17 seers respectively, owing to the fluctuations of trade, and at Goalundo it continues the same as last week. 2-69 rainfall at Goalundo since reported.
5	20	Backergunge, 24th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Fair and sunny. Paddy hervest still going on; harvest very fair. Winter crops promise well. Some rain would do good.
DACCA DIVISION.—(Could.)	21	Mymensing, 31st "	. 0.81	Rain on 25th January general throughout the district. A slight shower also fell on the morning of the 31st idem, and there seemed likely to be more rain. The accounts are favorable from all parts of the district; the rain has benefited the spring rice crops, and has enabled the people to plough for aus or early rice sowings. Prices generally have fallen.
Δ	22	Sylhet, 24th ,,	Nil	Less cool than last week. About two annes of the boro rice crop remain yet to be transplanted. Nearly 4,000 maunds of rice and 5,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. Table rice sold at 17-8 and common rice at 21 seers per rupee. Fresh cases of cholera have been reported from Rajnagore, from which 10 deaths have been reported amongst about 30 cases. No fresh cases of small-pox reported. 1:45 of rainfall on the 30th January since reported.
l	23	Cacbar, 21th ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable weather. The reaping of the paddy crop has been finished. Price of rice same as last week (Rs. 2-4 n maund). Winter crops are doing well. 1·12 of rain on 30th January since reported.
(	24	Chittagong, 24th ", ",	Nil	Weather clear and fine; slightly warmer. Prospects remain much the same as last week.
DIVN.	25	Noakhally, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	Heavy fogs in mornings The harvest is over. The khesary, kalai, and moong pulses and chillies and linseed are doing well.
000	{	Tipperab, 24th ", "	Nil	The weather in the latter half of the week has been any thing but cold. There is a slight rise in prices of all kinds of rice. Beyond this there is nothing to remark since the last report. A fall of 1.54 of rain has since been reported.
Сигтив	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 24th Jan. 1874.	Nil	Cold throughout the whole week; slightly cloudy on the 24th instant The mustard crop is being gathered in small quantities here and there; the prospects are good.
(		Hill Tipperah, 24th Jan 1874.	Nil	Cold and seasonable. No change in the state of the crops. The quantity of rice in some markets is small and inconvenience is felt consequently.
BE	HAK.			•
	28	Patna, 2nd Feb. 1871	·51	Strong easterly wind attended with occasional showers of rain from the night of the 31st January till evening of the 1st instant. Sky still not very clear. The rain is said to have done some injury to pulses and oil-seeds. Health of the district good.
	. 29	(iya, 31st Jun. ,,	0.16	Cold and cloudy. There was a very slight rain on the night of the 24th January, which has done some good to the crops. Rain threatening on the 31st idem.  The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. Health of the district good.
10g.	30	Shahabad, 31st ,. ,,	Nil	Slight fall of rain in the south of the district amounting at Sasseeram 24. Cloudy and threatening rain. There has been a slight hall at Sasseeram, but it has not done material damage. The cloudy weather is unfavorable to the crops. Those on the Dearth still look well with the exception of the peas, which have been bitten by the frost. Cattle disease reported in the Rohlas Pergunnah.
PATNA DIVISIOR.	31	Tirhoot, 31st ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable, cold, and cloudy. In Durbhangah sub division the late frost has done but little injury to the rabur pulse in the south and south-western parts of the sub-division; in the eastern portion the injury has been more marked: on the whole the crop does not now promise to be less than ton sanas. The mustard, which is now in places ripening, will be a good crop; the remainder of the cold weather crop does not seem less healthy than last week; but as the wheat, &c., is now coming to ear, its stunted condition can't be improved. Eastwards of Beherah and Singhia the cold weather crop is least promising. Half an inch of rainfall at Durbhangah on the 1st imatant, with prospects of more, since telegraphed.  In the sub-division of Mudhoobani the cold weather crop is perishing for want of moisture; rahur pulse is the best off, but the late cold has injured even it. In the Tajpore sub-division the weather was warmer, no frost; there was a very heavy fog one morning. No change to record as regards Surressah Pergunnah. The ryots are anxiously expecting rain for cheena (millet) and moong (pulse) sowings. The crops in Balugutch Pergunnah are suffering from want of rain, and without it more than a twelve-anna crop is not expected, if as much. The late frosts killed off the cheena (millet) which was sown in this pergunnah on the soothni and alwa lands where cleared, not however a large area.

Telegram of the 2nd February received on the 3rd. Shows rainfall during the seven days including the 2nd idem.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station is inches.	
_ E	HAR	(Contd.)		
٠ •		•		In the sub-division of Hajeepore there is no immediate fear for the cold-weather crous; they will under any circumstance-have a ten-anna crop, and perhaps a better one; it is to be noted that this sub-division depends very much on this crop.  In the Sectamurhi sub-division the state of crops continues the same as reported last week. Bain is very much needed to save the cold weather crop which still
ION (Contd	32	-arun, 31st Jan. 1874.		promises well; clouds have been gathering several mornings, but no rain fell. In the sudder sub division the state of the crop remains unchanged.  Cloudy, but no rain; west wind prevailing until the 31st January, when the wind shifted to the cast. The prospects of the cold weather crops have greatly altered for the cold weather crops have greatly altered.
PATER DIVISION(Contd.)		•		for the worse owing to frost, which has seriously injured the rahur pulse, peas, massor pulse, punnins, and melons, besides ca-tor and cotton. The damage has been greatest in the Dighwarah, Fursa, and Bussuntpore thannahe, and throughout the Sewan sub-division. It is also feared that the cloudy weather may bring blight and affect the wheat and barley. On the whole, it may now be doubted whether the outturn of the cold weather crops will exceed a four-anna crop. 1,057 beegahs of poppy land in Sewan and 295 beegahs in the sudder sub-division more have seen given up to the ryots for the purpose of sowing food-grains after the poppy had failed thereon. Prices have slightly failen.
(	_ 33	Chumparun, 31st " "	Nil	Cold east winds. The state of the cold weather crops is, if anything, worse instead of better. The cultivators have commenced sowing cheena (m. (t) in the hope of getting rain in February. There are clouds all about. The price of all grain, especially food-grains, is daily rising.
	34	Monghyr, 31st ,, ,,	Nil	Clear up to evening of the 29th January; since then cloudy with an easterly wind, but no rain. In the sudder Sub-division and January everything some as last wick. In Balusara slight damage by frost. To be of and mustard being gathered. Wheat, batley? &c., in ear, but not expected to yield much. Rain at Januarpete since reported.
BHAUGULPORE DIVN.	35	Bhaugulpore, 3rd Feb.  1874.	1.23	Reinfall 1-23. On the 31st January and 1st February rain fell over south of the district; one inch reported from Pource and C Igong and 1 48 from Banka. No report yet received of this fall from Soop de and Mudhupoorah. Durand reports from twelve miles north of Ganges very heavy storm on Saturday night. This rain must immensely benefit the cold weather crop. Colah some damage may have been caused here and there. Distress in parts of Soopole and Mudhupoorah sub-divisions. Sub-divisional officers gone to those places.
Вило	36	Purneah, 31st Jan. 1874.	-4	Rain at Purneah on the 25th January, at Ararcah 36, at Kishengunge 64. Cold and more rain threatening. The rainfall at the beginning of the week was very fair in the north, where it has done much good to the late wheat and pulses, and where now a full crop may be expected. A good shower also fell at Kushbah Amour, where it enabled people to plough their fields for the spring sowings. The torri crop is being cut and has yielded quite as much as was anticipated. No rain at Kudbah and but a little in the sudder thannah. A full of 136 of rain since telegraphed.
(	37	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 31st Jan. 1874.	-11	loudy and threatening rain on the 31st January. About '5 of rain fell at head-quarters and was running till the time of report; it appears to be general. A light rain, which fell at Rajmehal on the 25th January, is said to have improved the prospects of the cold weather crops. A similar rain also fell at Deoghur, but there is not much there to improve.
ORI	SSA.			
		Cuttack		Return not received.
ORINSA DIVISION.	39	Pooree, 24th Jan. 1874		Fine and cool. Nearly 4th portion of the late rice crop has been reaped with a very fair outturn. Birhi and knotthi pulses are being gathered with a fair outturn. White moving pulse plants are very well advanced. The result and prospects of the cold weather crops are on the whole fair; the sowing of the dalooa tice crop is fast approaching to completion, and the seed sown is germinating well. Nearly the whole of the sugarcane crop has been gathered with a good outturn. Cotton has been sown and is germinating. Mangoe trees are blossoming very slowly and partially, and the crop is expected to be poor owing to the rainy and chilly weather at the end of November and beginning of December, and the absence of frosts subsequently. In the Khoordah sub-division slight rain is wanted for the (Chaitaii) crops, i. c., moong, koo'thi, and arahar pulses, which are gathered in Chait of March, and which wou'd be much benefit of by one or two showers of r. in. Generally speaking, however, rain at the present time will seriously injure the prospects of the many e crop. Purchases of rice for exportation nearly on the same scale as before, but rice has been somewhat cheaper in the interior owing to the abundant supply of new rice. It has been since reported that nearly half an inch of rain teil on the night of the 30th January; if it has been general it has done considerable damage to mangoe er p.
, 	40	Balasore, 31st ,, ,,	•33	Cloudy and rainy. The cold weather crop is being reaped. In Bhudruck it is reported to be satisfactory. From the northern parts of the district accounts are not so favorable. The recent rain will do good to what has not yet been reaped. It will also be beneficial in other respects. Except some small-pox cases, public health otherwise good.

[•] Telegram of the 3rd February received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
CHOTA	NAGPORE.		
•	. South West Frontier Ayency.		
41	Hazarcebaugh, 31st Jan. 1874.	0.81	Mild during the whole week with fleecy clouds indicating rain. Itsun in various parts of the district sufficient to start the ploughing for the Bysack (April) sowings. The cold weather crop is progressing fairly, but has been affected to a certain extent by the frost. No fear of great distress anywhere except in those pergunnahs which abut on Palamow and Gya. Even then, unless the mohuwa crop is a bad crop, there will be no greater pressure than emigration, and the works to be undertaken will relieve. Clouds are threatening at the time of the report.
<b>4</b> 2	Lohardugga, 31st ,, ,,	1•36	The rainfall does not appear to have been general over the district, but more rain threatening. The cold weather crops of the sub-division have much benefited by it with the exception of moosoor pulse, and it has enabled the ryots to commence the ploughing and preparing of lands for the next crop. The reports from Palamow show that the rain has done much good to the cold weather crops, and that ploughing is going on there. A few cases of small-pox in different parts of the district.
43	Singbhoom, 24th " "	Nil	Weather settled, clear, and bright. Days getting warm, but nights still cold. District Superintendent in Dhulbhoom. No reports lately received from him, but works in progress. The Deputy Commissioner in the Colchan. Nothing particular to report. The people at work on most of the reservoirs proposed to be constructed as relief works.
44	Maunbhoom, 31st ,, ,,	2·03	Unseasonably warm; heavy rain fell on Sunday, the 25th January, and slight shower in the afternoon of the 30th idem; clouds are hanging over head as if more were coming. The rain has done a great deal of good to the barley, wheat, and gram, which are in the ground. The price of rice is about stationary since last week. Exportation still going on. Ploughing of land for the next crop has commenced everywhere since the rain of the 25th.
<b>A</b> SSAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS.		
45	Goalparah, 24th ,, "	Nil	Unusually high winds during the first part of the week. Mornings as a rule foggy. Cloudy on the 24th instant, when a few drops of rain fell; looks as if rain would fall soon. No change in the prospects of the crops. The sowing of early rice has commenced; ploughing for aus or early rice steadily progressing. General health of the district is good. A double shock of earth-quake on the morning of the 23rd instant, at 7-25 A.M. 50 rainfall since telegraphed.
46	Kamroop, 2nd Feb. 1874	0 57	Weather perceptibly warmer and hazy; wind north-cast. Mustard seed still being gathered and sugarcane being cut; ground is being ploughed for aus crops. Public health good.
47	Durrung, 24th Jan. "	Nil	'old mornings, little or no fog, north-east wind prevailing. No improvement since last week in the state of the weather. The sugarcane crop is being cut.
48	Nowgong, 24th " "	Nil	Veather cold and seasonable. Prospects of the crops unchanged. General health good.
49	Seebsaugor, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather cold and occasionally cloudy. Heavy fog every morning. No rain. Cold weather crops are much in want of rain.
<b>5</b> 0	Luckimpore, 24th ,, ,,	Nil	No rain during the week. Heavy fogs every morning. Weather very pleasant. The only crop on the ground is mustard, which is doing well. There is a prospect of rain-
<b>5</b> 1	Naga Hills		Return not received.
52 •	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 24th Jan. 1874.	Nil	The weather has been cold and frosty, and since 23rd instant there is an appearance of threatening rain. There are crops standing just now, and the cultivators are hoeing their lands for early spring sowing. With regard to food-grain the weekly markets continue to be well supplied. At Shillong common rice sold last market day at 10 seers per rupee and at Cherra 14 seers.
<b>5</b> 3	Garo Hills, 24th Jan. 1874	Nil	The weather has been hazy and mild during the week. Jooming still continues. A sharp thunder-storm on the 25th January at 5 A.M.; heavy rain afterwards, which seemed to be general; 1 inch of rain fell from 25th to 4 A.M. of the 26th idem, and the weather cleared up.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,

The 3rd February 1874.

R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rain-fall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Division.	l)istrict.		Statio	ĸ.		Rain from 11th to 17th January 1874.	Rain from 18th to 24th January 1874.	RAIN PROM 18T JANUARY 1874. Inches. Up to date.		REMARKS.	
Ā				- <u> </u>		E 3.4	Real				
BENGAL.			•			Inches.	Inches.		1871.	!	
	WESTERN DISTE	RTOTE.								1	
	Burdwan	{	Burdwan Cutwa Culna Bood-Bood Raneegunge Jehanabad			Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	24th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	 	
i	Bancoorah		Bancoorah	•••		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	' •	
	Beerbhoom	•••	Sooree	•••		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	•	
BURDWAS.	Midnapore		Tumlook			Nil Nil Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil Nil Not ree.	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto, ditto ditto, ditto Sid Jan.	Not rec. 1th to 10th Jan.	
i	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore			Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	21th Jan. ditto	; 1	
l	Howrah	•••	Howrah			Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	: i	
	CENTRAL DISTI	RICTS.								;	
	24-Pergunnans		Saugor Island Calcutta Alipore { Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dispendent Dis	 Sary   		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto ditto ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,		
PRESIDENCE.	Nuddea		Kishnaghur Bongong Meherpore Chooadangah Kooshteah Banaghat			Nil Not rec, Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. de to ditto. ditto. ditto. d tto	Not rec. 11 th to 17th Ja	
	Jessore	{	Jessore Nurrail Khoolnea Jenadah Bagirhaut Magoorah			Nil Nil Nil 0'80 Nil 0'02	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil 0 80 . Nil 0 02	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,		
	<b>Mo</b> orshedabad	{	Berhampore Ramporehaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azingunge Lalgolla			Nil Nil 0:03 Nil 0:05	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 0:03 Nil 0:05	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan. Received up to 23r i Jan.	
	Dinagepore		Dinagepore			0.03	Nıl	0.03	ditto.	1	
Ė	Muldah	•••	Maldah	•••		0.09	Nil	0.08	ditto.	1	
KAJSHAHTE.	Rajshuhye	{	Beauleah Nattore			0°15 0°11	Nil Nil	015	ditto. ditto.	i	
RA	Runguore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya			Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	:	
	Bograh	•••	Bograh			Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.		
	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunge			Nd 040	Nd 0°25	Nil 0 35	  - ditto   ditto.	•	
ŗ	Darjeeling		1	graph Offic		Not ree. Nil	١ .	]	ditto.		
COOCH SERAR.	Julpigoree	{	Julpigorea Fullacotta Bodah			Nil 0°20 Nil	Nil Nil Nil	Nil 0:20 Nil	ditto. ditto ditto.	Xot ree, 1st to 3rd Jan.	
Cooch	Cooch Behar Tri State	butary 	Cooch Behar	***		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.		
l	Bhutan Dwars		Виха •		•••	Nil	Not yec.	Nil	17th Jan.	1	

:		3-1		January	Rain from 18th to 24:h January 1874.		n yrom let UARY 1874.	, Davis
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 11th to 17th January 1874.	Bain fro to 24:h 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Ramares.	
BEN	GAU -(Continued.)		•	Inches	Inches.		1874.	
	EASTERN DISTRICTS	( llaces   Telegraph (	Office	1	Nil	0.11	24th Jan.	
	, Daccи	Moonsheegunge Manickgunge		0.11	Nil Nil Nil	0·19 0·11 0·13	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Furreedpore	Furreedpore Goalundo	•	0.35 0.85	Nil Nil	0·35 0·35	ditto.	
DACCA.	Backergunge	Burrisanl Perozepore Madaripore Patuakhally Dowlatkhan	  	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto, ditto, ditto ditto, ditto,	Not rec 4th to 10th January.
	Mymensing	Mymensing Jamalpore Atteah Kishoregunge	••• ••• •••	Nil Nil 0:12 0:23	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 0·12 0·23	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet .	Sylhet		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
į	Cachar	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	•••	1:04 0:94 Not rec.	Nil Not rec. ditto	1:01 0:91 Nil	ditto. 17th Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
.	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph C Jail	Office	Nil Nil 0:05	Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil 0:05	24th Jan. ditto. 17th Jan.	
ONG.	Noakhally .	Noakhally		Nil	Nil	Nil	24th Jan.	
HITTAGONG.	Tipperalı	Comillah Brahmanbariah	 	0.10 0.03	Nil Nil	0·02 0·10	ditto. ditto.	
۱,	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
)	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah		0.04	Nil	0.04	ditto.	
EH.	Patna	Patna Behar Barh Dinapore { Jail Cantonment	  	0·39 Nil Nil 0·30 0·20	0:01 Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°42 Nil Nil 0°30 0°20	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Gya {	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	 	Nil Nil Nil 0 ⁰ 2	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil		ditto. ditto. 17th Jan. 24th Jan.	
PATNA.	Shahabad	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhuboosh		0·10 Nil Not rec. Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0 13 0:06 Nil Nil	ditto.	Not rec. 11th to 17th Jan.
	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Du bhangah Няјеероге Mudhubani Seetamaree Тајроге		Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto 0.60	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	3rd Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 24th Jan.	
	~arun {	Chuprah Sewan		0.03	Nil Nil	0·23 0·03	ditto.	
l	Champarun {	Moteehari Bettiah		Nil Nil	Nil 0.10	Nil 010	ditto,	
ſ	Мфдһуг {	Monghyr Begooserai Jamooie		0·12 0·03 0·15	Nil Nil Nil	0·12 0·03 0·15	ditto. ditto.	2
TIPORE.	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopool Mudheypoorah Banka Sanborsa	: : :	0.08 0.03 0.10 0.07 0.24	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0 08 0 03 0 10 0 07 0 24	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
BHAUGUIPORE.	Purneah {	Purneah Kishengunge Arrareah		0.07 Nil Nil	Nii Nil Nil	0.07 Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
		Deoghur Jamtara		Nil Not rec.	Nil Not rec.	Nil	ditto.	
L'	Sonthal Pergumahs	Rajmehal Maheshpore Nya-Doomka	:::	Nil Not rec. Nil	Nil Not rec. Nil	Nil Nil	ditto.	t
	(	Godda	**-	Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	

<u></u>		_		m .11th January	ain from 18th to 24th January 1874.		PROM 18T ARY 1874.	, P
Divisiog.	District.	STATION.		Rain from allth to 17th January 1874.	Esin fron 24th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks.
RIS	SA			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
•	Cuttack {	Cuttack { Tolegraph Office   Hospital   Jajipore   Kendrapara   Jugatsingpore   Fulse Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	24th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORIGGA.	Pooree {	Pooree Khurdah		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
ō	Вајаноге {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally .		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
l	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore		Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	10th Jan.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.  South-Western FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazarocbaugh {	Hazareebaugh { Jail   Dispensary   Pachumba   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary   Dispensary	 	0·01 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	0.01 Nil 0.03	24th Jan. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chyebassa		Nil	Nil	Nil	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom {	Purulia Gobindpore		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	0.03 Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree		0:03 Nil	Nil Nil	0:03 Nil	ditto. ditto	
	Катгоор {	Gowhatty Burpettah		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	ditto. ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye		Nil Nil	Not rec. ditto	Nil Nil	17th Jan ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd January.
	Nowgong	Nowgong	•••	0.04	ditto	0.04	ditto.	
	Seebsaugor {	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah	•••	0:82 0:16 Not rec. 0:31	ditto ditto ditto ditto	0°16 0°16 Nil 0°49	ditto. ditto. 10th Jan. 17th Jan.	
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	•••	0.84 0.62 0.11	ditto ditto ditto	0.86 0.73 1.16	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		Not rec.	ditto	Nil	lotu Jan.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee	 	0.07 0.34 Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto.	0 67 0°34 Nil	17th Jan. ditto. 3rd Jan.	•
	Garo Hills	Tura •	•••	0.02	Nil	0.07	21th Jan.	
		Benares	•••	Not rec. Nil	Not rec. Nil	Nil Nil	3 rd Jan. 4th Jan.	
	*			1	1	!	;	

CALCUTTA.

The 31st January 1874.

H. F. Blanford,
Meteorologicae Reporter to the Gort. of Bengal.

# Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 25th to 31st January 1874.

	1		Barom <b>e</b> ter	Barometer	Тпввмо	METER.	Humi-	Wind		_		Weather
	Date.	Hour.	reduced to	reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	initials
	Jan. 25th 26th 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 18 10 18 10 18	30°079 29°9°3 30°115 30°40 30°169 30°140 29°974 30°061 29°934 29°931 29°931 29°931 29°932 29°932 29°932	30°098 30°002 30°134 30°059 30°157 30°068 30°159 29°952 3°010 29°952 3°010 29°852 3°010 29°852 3°010 29°852	65:0 61:0 65:2 72:5 67:7 72:8 68:5 75:0 72:0 78:0 78:0 78:6 76:6 80:0	61'8 59'9 62'2 64'0 61'9 64'0 65'0 65'0 67'3 68'0 71'0 77'0 77'4 5	77 57 87 89 88	NNW SE SW NW E NE E WSW SW WSW SSE SW S	6.9 9.5 3.0 4.3 3.7 4.2 2.6 4.2 2.5 6.8 4.5 9.8 9.6 7	0.49      	CCS CC K	o,-d o, d scuds.
·	251h 26th 27th 28th 29th 30th 31st	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30 075 30 025 30 127 30 032 30 169 3 '0' 1 20 133 30 066 30 077 29 949 30 0 0 29 8-9 30 013 29 917	30°081 30°031 30°038 30°175 30°069 30°012 30°083 29°955 30°007 29°895 30°49 29°923	69 62 70 75 74 76 77 78 77	61 50 61 65 66 67 70 71 71 71	79 82 70 59 66 55 60 85 77 81 90 90	NNE NW NW ENE NNE ENE SSW SSE SSE SSE	17.7 20.7 3.7 6.8 5.9 6.1 5.1 7.5 2.1 7.0 7.7 9.2	     0·10	N N K K CS CS N CS N N N N	scuds. m d, 0, u b, v b, v b, c b b, m b c h, d c, m
CHITTAGONG.	25th 26th 27th 28th 29th 30th	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	20'966 20'888 30'047 20'963 30'092 20'968 30'070 20'969 20'909 20'969 20'978 30'061 20'915	30'060 29'993 30 143 30 057 30 053 50'168 30 017 29'994 30 064 29'5 32 30 159 30'08	75 71 67 71 64 72 75 70 75 77 77 81	67 64 62 65 61 60 62 63 64 64 66 68	63 63 74 59 83 45 64 44 65 51 66 53 67 48	W N W N W N N E W N N E W S W N N E W S W N N E W S N S	3°2 7°0 6°3 6°6 5°3 7°1 5°1 8°1 4°6 7°4 3°7 6°8 2°9 6°8		C CK, KS	b, m h,
Madras.	24·1 25tl 26tl 27tl 28tl 29tl 29tl 30tl	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16	30°107 29 967 30 065 20°950 30°021	30 051	81	78 72 71 71 74 73 75 75 71 73 73 73 73 72	70 66 65 62 70 70 67 63 63 63 63 63	E E by N S E by E E S E by E E S E E by N N E by E E by N N E by N E by S E S E	28 55 11 8 11 7 12 7 7 9 5 8			c e a c c b c c c b c c c b c c
CUTTAOK.	24t 25t 26t 27t 29t 29t	h 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 166 100 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# Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22nd to 31st January 1874.

	<del></del>	1	1			1	Ī	1 2	1	1			Ī	1	
		eter.	THE	BMOMI	TER.		1	dew-	idity	Win	D.				
Month	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mar. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean Point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily relocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	GRREEAL REMARKS.
			O	0	.,	0	0	$\circ$			16	Miles	In.		
Jan	22nd	30.042	80.0	61.0	133.0	69.9	64.6•	<b>6</b> 0· <b>4</b>	0.43	SW& WNW		76.4			Clear. Cirrostrati and cumuli. Foggy at mid- night and from 5 to 10
	23rd	.002	82.2	65·5	135·6	72·5	68.7	65.7	.80	s w		109-1			A M. Clear, cumuli and cirri, Foggy from 2 to 9 A.M.
	24th	29.977	82.1	6 <b>6</b> ·0	131.2	72.3	°68·7	65.8	-81	swass w		149:3			Clear and cumuli. Slightly foggy from 5 to 8 A.M.
	25th	30.001	68.0	60.2		63.6	61.7	60.0	-89	SSW & E by N	10	189 0	0.49	D	Overcast and corrocumuli. Slight rain from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.
•	26th	.062	74.0	583	135.0	64.8	61.4	587	·82	E by N & Variable	•••	96·3		•••	Clear and cumuli.
	27th	101	71.2	505	129.0	65.4	61.1	57.7	•77	ENE& NE		84.2			Clear and cirri. Foggy at 6 and 7 A. W., and from 7 to 10 P.M.
	28th	'062	76'3	68.0	125.2	66.9	61.8	57.7	.71	NE, ENE, &WNW		92.6			Chiefly clear. Foggy at 8 and 9 P.M.
	29ւհ	29:994	78.2	61.0	131.8	69.7	65.0	61.2	·76	S W & Vari-	•	6 <b>4</b> •9			Clear, cumuli and cirri. Slightly foggy from 6 to 8 A.M.
	30th	·928	80.6	65.8	132-0	718	69.0	66.8		ssw&s w			! 1 :		Overcast and cumuli. Lightning or south at 10 PM, Thunder and tain at 5 P.M.
	318*	·959	81.0	66.6	125.0	73-1	70.7	68·S	87	SW & W SW		115%	0.23		Overeast and cumulond Thunder, lightning, an slight rain from 5½ to 10½ P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dex-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humility of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

		<del>0</del>
The extreme variation of temperature during the past ten days	•••	.⊖ 26·0
The n aximum temperature during the past ten days	•••	82.5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	82.0
The mean humidity during the past ten days	•••	0.80
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	0.67
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 31st \{ by lower rain gauge by anemometer gauge	•••	0 94
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 31st by anemometer gauge	•••	0.82
Duto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	0.25
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 31st January	•••	0.94
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	0.40

GOPEENAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Observatory.

The 2nd February 1874.

### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 10th January 1874, on 1581 miles open.

	c	COACHING TRAFF	ric.	Merchandie	RAPPIC.	l'otal traffic	
	Number of passengers.	Coaching	receip <b>ts.</b>	Weight carried.	Receipts		receipts.
Make the pro-resident desired and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. #. P. 14	£ s. d.	·£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 1 week of half-year	27,994 177 11,577	24,635 1 3 155 10 9 8,744 10 6	2,259 4 3 14 5 5 801 11 11	108,983 23 689 0 26,095 23	268 0 10	3,889 0 1 24 11 5 1,060 17 1	6,146 13 4 38 16 10 2,462 9 0
Total for 2 weeks COMPARISON.	39,571	33,379 11 9	3,059 16 2	185,081 6	60,537 14 8	5,549 6 2	8,000 2 4
Total for corresponding week of pre-	27,8584	23,578 14 3	2,161 8 0	108,386 3	20,859 13 10	1,912 3 1	4,073 11 1
Per nine of railway, correspond- ing week of previous year	178	150 10 7	13 16 3	605 0	133 4 8	12 4 4	26 0 7
Total to corresponding date of pre-	44,142	37,103 10 7	3,401 3 5	162,316 6	32,697 15 6	2,997 6 3	6,398 9 8

### NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th January 1874, on 271 miles open.

					··································		-
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	3.ds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. £ s.	d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 2 weeks of half-year	1,429 52 1,919	1,060 0 0 39 0 0 1,403 0 0	106 0 0 3 18 0 140 6 0	6,250 0 229 0 10,684 0	511 0 0 20 0 0 601 0 0	5	Ō
Total for 3 weeks COMPARISON.	3,347	2,463 0 0	246 6 0	16,931 0	1.202 0 0	120 4 0 366 10	0
Total for corresponding week of previous year Por utile of railway, corresponding	1,635	1,529 10 5	132 19 4	6,122 30	535 12 3	53 11 6 186 10 1	10
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	60 4,093	3,179 15 10	4 17 7 318 0 0	16,911 0	19 10 7 1,352 5 3	1 19 4 6 18 1 135 4 6 483 4	

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 17th January 1874, on 1584 miles open.

		Es. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of ranway For previous 2 weeks of half-year	32,57 <b>4</b> 206 39,571	20.737 12 0 131 0 8 33,379 11 9	1,900 18 2 12 0 3 3,059 16 2	1,14,980 20 758 0 1,35,084 6	41,417 6 10 261 11 7 60,537 14 8	3,806 11 11 24 1 1 5,549 6 2	5,707 10 1 36 1 4 8,609 2 4
Total for 3 weeks	72,115	54,117 7 9	4,960 14 4	2,50,061 26	1,01,955 5 6	9,355 18 1	14,316 12 5
Total for corresponding week of previous year	32,076	23,429 4 7	2,147 13 9	1,26,185 29	24,639 1 9	2,258 11 8	4,406 5 5
week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of	205	149 11 4	13 14 5	806 u	157 7 0	14 8 8	28 3 1
previous year	76,218	60,532 15 2	5,518 17 2	2,89,501 35	57,337 1 3	5,255 17 11	10,804 15 1

### NULHATEE STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21th January 1874, on 27; miles open.

	1	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d
Total traffic for the week	1,208	1,173 0 0	1:7 6 0	<b>3,398</b> 0	293 0 0	29 6 0	146 12
Or per mile of railway	44	43 0 0	460	125 0	11 0 0	1 2 0	5 8 0
For previous 3 weeks of half-year	3,317	2,463 0 0	216 6 0	16,934 0	1,202 0 0	120 4 0	366 10 0
Total for 4 weeks	4,555	3,636 0 0	363 12 0	20,332 6	1,495 0 0	149 10 0	513 2 0
COMPARISON.  Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,559	1,070 14 7	107 1 10	4,668-20	401 12 3	40 3 6	147 8
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of pre-	57	39 4 9	3 18 7	171 13	14 11 11	196	5 8
vious year	5,652	4,250 14 5	425 1 10	21,579 20	1,754 1 6	175 8 0	600 9 10

### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th January 1874, on 28 miles open.

	C	DACHING TRAPPIC.		MERCHANDIS	T fal traffic	
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipt	•	Weight carried.	Receipts.	Tecepts.
		Rs. A. P.	€ #, d	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. £ s.	d. £ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 3 weeks of half years	9,636 313 21,826	47 0 0	1 8 0 4 14 0 5 6 0	642 0		0   159 14 6 0   6 16 0 0 434 12 0
Total for 4 weeks COMPARISON.	81,462	4,567 0 0 15	6 14 0	49,589 0	1,676 0 0 167 12	624 6 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding	8,213	1,228 13 0 12	2 17 9	18,324 0	626 3 0 52 1	175 10 1
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of previous year	294 34,250		479 360	1	15 12 0 1 17 2,862 2 0 286 4	
previous year	34,250	4,832 15 0 49	3 5 0	8*,198 0	2,862 2 0 286 4	3 769 10

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th January 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

	- 1	Rs. A. P.	£ 8, d,	Mds. Srs. Rs. A. I	. L s. d	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Os per mile of railway For previous 2 weeks of half-year	1	,69,158 8 6 132 2 6 k1: 265 5 9	15,193 4 0 ; 12 2 4 37,790 19 10 ;	13,44,900 20 * 5,51 691 7 6 431 9 : 32,28,002 30 13,74,415 5 6	39 10 2	66,077 13 3 51 12 6 163 779 1 3
Total for 3 weeks	3,44,554 5	, 1,423 11 3	53,297 3 10	*45,73,793 10 19,26,198 12 0	170,559 15 8	229.8 6 19 6
COMPARISON.	!				-	
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of ratiway corresponding	1,07,312 1	1,48,207 10 5	13,588 9 1	8,42,225 0 4,23,904 10 ;	38,843 15 2	52,437 4 3
week of previous year		115 12 11	10 12 4	. 331 1	30 7 0	40 19 4
Vious year	3,70,983 5	5,53,882 2 7	10,189 1 0	26,32,791 10   13,95,941   5	5   127,961   5 10	177,450 9 10

[•] Rs. 1,16,331-5 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on foodgrains due by Government for this week.

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULZORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21th January 1874, on 2231 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per nule of radway For previous 2 weeks of half-year	5,687 14,588	12,268 5 3 51 14 3 55,611 12 9	1,124 11 11 5 0 8 3,264 8 4	92,114 0 1,81,556 0	†25,113 4 0 112 5 10 47,637 11 0	2,302 0 11 10 6 0 4,366 15 9	3.426 '2 10 15 6 8 7,631 4 1
Total for 3 weeks COMPARISON.	20,575	47,880 9 0	1,389 0 3	2,73,670 0	72,750 13 0	6,668 16 8	11,057 1: 11
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	4, 197	12,056 1 10	1,104 19 3	79,306 20	25,711 3 7	2,359 12 9	3,464 12 0
week of p avious year  Total to corresponding date of		53 14 11	4 18 10	}	115 2 10	10 11 2	15 19 (
previous year	16,976	45,867 1 9	4,204 9 8	2,13,852 0	76,890 0 3	7.048 16 0	11,25 <b>3 5 t</b>

 $[\]dagger$  Rs. 1,930 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.



No. 6 of 1874.

REGISTERED No. 29.]



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1874.

### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette man receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum of delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

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No		DISTI	CTS.			Present return.	Nort proceding letter	Corresponding return	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return,	ponding prince
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1	Burdwan		•••	•••	•••	12 8	3 13		19 0	1	1	!	1 1	18 0	В	14 0				
2	Bancoorah	•••	•••	•••		12 (		0 12 8	1	16 0	1	C	12 0			1	20 0			
3	Beerbhoom	•••	•••	•••	•••	10 8	- 1	- 1	"		17 0	10 8	11 0	19 0	12 0	12 6	21 0			
4	Midnapore	•••	•••		{	10 8 to	3   10 1 to		j	20 0	20 0	14 8 E 8 8	15 0	- 1		18 0 11 0 )				
5	Hooghly	•••	•••			12 8		0 10 8	22 0	22 0	20 0	and 9 8	and }	}0 £1	and 11 8	and }	16 0			
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Return for week ending 31st January recived after the publication of the last Gazette.

Return for week ending 31st January received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Return not received.

Price of best rice in the several sub-divisions ranges from 11 to 13-10 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 14-2 seers per rupee.

Coarse rice is sold at 14-6 seers per rupee.

The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 10-8 to 12-8 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.

In the interior.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12-8 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.

Price of common rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 12 to 16 seers per rupee.

ABCDEF

### rmentioned Districts of Bengal on the 7th February 1874.

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Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 12 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 13-4 to 20 seers per rupce.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 11-8, and of common rice from 12 to 13-8 seers per rupce.

Price of common rice in the interior ranges from 9-8 to 12-4 seers per rupce.

The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 10 and of common rice 8 to 16 seers per rupce.

The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 18 to 20 and of common rice 21 to 22 seers per rupce.

The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 16-8 to 18 and of common rice 18 to 20-12 seers per rupce.

The price of common rice at outlying marts ranges from 16 to 22 seers per rupce.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

. al			<u> </u>		Tables : Th	<u> </u>		ES PER RUPEE BY
			,	Wheat.	· BARLEY.	RICE, BEST SORT.	Rick, соммов.	CUMBOO, BAJEA.
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41	Hazareebadgh†							
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49	Seebsaugor*		6 0	6 0 12 0	16 0	18 0 8 0 12 0	10 0 10 0 16 0	
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62	Khasi and Jyntesh	LI 1118#	"   "			8 0 8 0 14 0	10 0 10 0 15 0	
58	Garo Hills.†							•
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CALCUTTA, The 10th February 1874.

N In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9 to 9-12, and of common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers per rupes.
 O The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-3 to 10-8, and of common rice 10 8 to 12-3 seers per rupes.
 P The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-8 to 14, and of common rice from 9-4 to 14-12 seers per rupes, and of lesser mills from 11-8 to 17 seers per rupes.

## pistricts of Bengal on the 7th February 1874.—(Continued.)

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BEHAR		Corresi onding return of last year. Present return	Corresponding return of last year.	Next preceding return. Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.  Next preceding return.  Corresponding return of last year.	DISTRICT3.					
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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 10, and of common rice from 10 to 12 seers per supec. In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 10 to 13, and of common rice from 11 to 15 seers per supec. In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 12-8 to 16, and of common rice from 13 to 18-8 seers per supec.

### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 7th February 1874.

N	Vo.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.						
BEI	NGAI	. Western Districts.								
	1	Burdwan, 10th* Feb. 1874	<b>2·</b>	Weather in the district cold, cloudy, and foggy, with occasional showers of rain.  The rain has done good to most of the cold weather crops, besides filling the tanks, softening the ground for ploughing, and causing grass to grow freely. Fever is reported to be prevalent in the Boodbood sub-division and small-pox about Assensole.						
1	2	Bancoorah, 7th ,, ,,	2:71	Cloudy and rainy weather. The heavy rain has benefited the wheat and barley, but damaged the pulses, which are being attacked by worms. Ploughing is going on, Small-pox and cattle disease are abroad.						
DIVISION.	3	Heerbhoom, 7th " "	3.61	Weather wet and changeable. Ploughing for early rice crops general. Winter crops much benefited by the rain. Exportation by rail to Patna and Bhaugulpore divisions continues. Prices rising.						
BURDWAN D	4	Midnapore, 7th " ",	2-23	Heavy showers almost daily up to the 5th February. The weather seems to have cleared afterwards. Ploughing is going on over the whole district, and indigo sowings are being proceeded with as quickly as possible. The late rain removes any possible apprehension of a scarcity of water, and has benefited nearly all the crops on the ground. Unfortunately the area covered by them is comparatively small this year.						
	5	Hooghly, 7th " "	3.59	Cloudy during the week, accompanied by good showers of rain and thunder; wind chiefly from south-east, north, and north-east. By the rain, teel oil-seed, onions, and sugarcane will be planted; the lands are being ploughed for next rice crop. The rain will give drinking water for a time.						
•		Howrah, 7th ,, ,,  Central Districts.	3·18	Cloudy, wet, and cold. The rain has done much good to the cold weather crops on the ground, and notably to the sugarcane. But this district does not grow much of cold weather crops. The boro rice is now hardly affected by the rain, which has come too late to admit of a further extension of the boro area. The crop is doing very well. Several fatal cases of cholera have occurred in the town. It is hoped the rain will drive the disease away.						
DIVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 10th† Feb. 1874.	2-20	Warm at the beginning of the week, cooler since Thursday, when there was a heavy fall of rain on the 5th and 6th February. There was general down pour throughout the district. The rain has rendered possible early sowings of the next ans, or early rice crop, and will do much good to the vegetable crops on the ground. It will cause some injury to tobacco and paddy cut and drying in the fields. Cholera abating in Baraset and Barriepore. Three deaths reported from Diamond Harbour. Fever decreasing in Baserhaut and Barriepore.						
PRESIDENCY DI	7	Nuddea, 7th Feb. 1874.	4·37	Heavy rain throughout the district. Weather fine on the 7th February. The rain has prepared the ground for cultivation and renewed the failing supply of drinking water, and has done good to most of the crops, more especially to indigo; on the other band it has injured the tobacco, linseed, and some other minor crops. On the whole the cultivators regard it as decidedly beneficial. The coarsest kind of rice procurable in most places at Rs. 2-12 per maund, and is nowhere selling at a higher price than Rs. 3.						
į	8	Jessore, 7th ,, ,,	4.47	Cloudy and rainy. The rain has been more than was good for some of the crops still on the ground, but it has been of great benefit in the way of softening the ground for the cultivation of the early rice. It has also benefited the boro rice, a crop grown in the Nurrail, Khoolma, and Bageerhat sub-divisions, in low lands, on the banks of beels and rivers, and which ripens about March and April. It has been favorable also to cheena (millet), and in some places has done good to peas and mustard; on the other hand it has retarded the yield of date-juice for sugar manufacture. Prices continue to rise, and exportation from the southern part of the district is very active.						
DIVISION,	9	· Moorshedabad, 7th " ",	1.88	Rain fell on the 1st, 2nd, 5th, and 6th February in all parts of the district. It has been cloudy and misty all through the week. The cold weather crops continue to improve in consequence of the rain, except in a limited tract where damaged by hail. The water-supply in the tanks has also been benefited; grass is springing up fast and affording more pleutiful grazing to cattle Prices have risen slightly in some places, but the markets are as yet fairly supplied with the exception of Gokura.						
RAJSHAHTE DIVISION,	10	Dinagcpore, 7th ,, ,,	1.6	Cloudy, with rain throughout the district. The rain has done an immense deal of good, enabling the ryots to commence ploughing for their bhadoi, or early rice crop. The standing crops of wheat, &c., have also benefited. The boro paddy has been nearly all planted out. The cold wet weather lately experienced has rather retarded this crop, but no injury has been done to it. This crop has been put in in many places much earlier than usual. Mustard nearly all cut; the outturn has in most places been average.						
	11	Maldah, 7th ,, .,	1·19	Cloudy and rainy on three days of the week, strong westerly winds, and weather very cold. The cold weather crops may now be expected to turn out excellent. The rain has done immense good, and the lands can now be ploughed on all sides, for the early rice. The boro paddy crop may also be now expected to be a good one since rain has fallen. Prices had risen to famine rates in Khurbah before the rain, and distress was reported from there. Since the rain prices have fallen, and						

)	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
		(Contd.)	1	
1316	NGA	* Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
RAJSBAHYE DIVN.—(Condl.)		Rajshanye, 7th Feb. 1874	324.	There was heavy rain throughout the district on the night of the 31st January and 1st February. (It was very heavy about Goolia, in Nattore sub-division.) It has been followed during the week by plentiful showers, in some places on three and in others on two days. Every appearance of further rain. The cold weather crops are considerably improved by the rain of the 31st and 1st, but the reports from the interior were mostly written before the subsequent rain, the general effect of which is not yet known. About Beauleah the khesaree, and moosoor, and urbur pulses and peas and gram have been somewhat beaten down by rain in the last day or two, and unless they get strong sunshine soon the produce may perhaps be deficient. The boro paddy crop is turiving well, and will profit considerably by the recent rain and by any more that may come. The cultivators are taking early advantage of the recent rain, and are ploughing for the next early rice crop, which is generally not done in this district till the middle of March. In some places prices have fallen, and they range from 12 to 14-8 seers per rupee. There are still a few cases of cholera and small-pox reported.
RAJSBAHY	13	ltungpore, 7th " "	1·20	Much rain during the week, and weather cold and stormy. The winter crops are doing well and much ground has been prepared for spring rice; in some parts it has spring up; generally sowing is delayed on account of the rain. Tobacco has been damaged by hall and excess of rain. Rice Rs. 4 a maund, in some places Rs. 4-8.
	14	Bograh, 7th " "	5·40	Rain has fellen in the district. Fair at the time of the report. Cutting of sugar- case and mustard continues. Expected outturn of the former about twelve or thirteen annas, of the latter about twelve annas- good in preparing the ground for the early crop.
•	15	Pubna, 7th ., "	1.62	Weather cold, sky dim and cloudy on the night of the 2nd, and on the 5th and 6th February pretty good showers of rain fell. Wind north-west. The winnowing of mashkalai pulse and mustard has been stopped to some extent on account of the late rain. The prospects of the peas, wheat, barley, gram, moosuri, and khesari pulses have improved by the rain. The cheena millet promises very well. The ryots who commenced sowing jully paddy will finish it within this month. They are also transplanting boro paddy in the shallow beels. Both of these early rice crops have been much improved by the late rain. The ryots have taken advantage of the rain to commence ploughing and preparing the land for the spring crop. More cheena millet has been sown than usual. The general prospects of the district have been much improved by the rain. No more rain required for the next three weeks. Fever is much diminished; one or two cases of cholera are daily reported.
	16	Darjeeling, 7th " ",	0:81	Rainy, cloudy, and very cold. The rain during the week has done good to the cold weather crops, but a little damage to the mustard. There is no change of prices since last week. No signs of distress apparent.
Сооси Венли DIVN.	17	Julpigoree, 7th , , ,	-76	Cloudy and occasional showers, raw, cold, and foggy; most unusual weather for this time of year. The rain, which was much needed, will do good to the spring crops. Tobacco, which was beginning to suffer from the continued dry weather, has greatly benefited by the rains. No change in the prospect of district. Export still goes on briskly, and the last few days the price of rice has risen; the rise is, however, it is believed, mainly owing to the weather, which has been such as to prevent husking of paddy, and hence less grain came into markets. There is no reason to anticipate any distress in the district except in the parts of Boda before noticed, and even there the prospects are less gloomy than they at first appeared, owing to the general outturn of crop in Boda being better than was at first expected.
		Cooch Behar, 7th ., ., .,  Bastern Districts.	0∙63	Cloudy and cold. 0.32 inches of rain fell on the 1st, and some very slight showers on the 2nd and 6th February, in addition to the good fall of rain (1.40) in the previous week. The prospects of tobacco have much improved, and lands are being ploughed for the early rice crop under favorable circumstances. The damage done to tobacco by the hoar frost of the 14th January was very great, but only within a limited area. Relief operations are being extended to the southern part of the state.
	( 18• 	Daccu, 10th* Feb. 1874	~58	Rain general throughout the district. Prospects of crops good. Health generally good. Some cholera in Moonsheegunge.
DACCA DIVISION.	19	Furreedpore, 7th Feb. 1874.	1.92 •	The weather during the week has been most unusual for the time of the year. The total rainfall, though not great, has yet been too much for some of the spring crops; on the other hand, it has enabled the ryots to plough their lands for the next rice crops. Sanshine is much wanted, as the weather has been foggy and cloudy, with continuous drizzle. Unless bright weather comes in immediately, the mossoor and khesari pulses, and peas, &c., are rotting, and must suffer seriously. Wheat, barley, safflower, some oil-seeds, grain, vegetables of all kinds, chillies and melons, are still doing well; date trees and sugarcane however yield very thin and inferior juice in such weather, and as molasses are a considerable source of industry in the district, the loss will be much felt. At ticalando, strong west wint prevailed, and 3:85 inches of rain fell during the week. Some cases of cholera are reported. The price of coarse rice at Furreedpore and Banga remains the same as last week. At Goalundo and Gopalgunge it has risen slightly, as the damp cloudy weather interferes with the preparation of cosna (boiled) rice. At Madaripore-there has been a considerable rise; coarse rice there, at fourteen seers, per rupee, while the price at the end of the preceding week was seventeen seers. No reason is assigned for the increase, and an explanation has been called for. Madaripore is situated at the mouth of the Kumar river and a large trade prevails, so that the rise may depend upon the large purchases which Government and others are making both at Goalundo and Madaripore in this district.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	state of health at date.
BE	NGA	L. — (Contd.)		
		Eastern Districts.— (Contd.)		
	20	Backergunge, 31st Jan 1874.	0.96	Cold weather. Prospect of crops good. Though the showers have not been very heavy yet they have done some good.
(Contd.)	21	Mymensing, 7th Feb. 1874	3.37	Rain on three days of the week; the principal fall was on the 1st February, and this was general throughout the district; the sky was cloudy at the time of this report, with signs of more rain. The weather is very cold for the time of the year. Accounts are favorable from all parts of the district, and preparation of lands for early rice sowings is actively going on. The spring rice crop promises to be a good one. The price of food has not altered during the week in the greater part of the district; in the northern marts it is slightly higher than last week, but not to any important extent. The health of the district is generally good.
DACCA DIVISION.—(Contel.)	22	Sylhet, 31st Jan1874	1.18	Weather cloudy; less cool than last week. There were slight showers during the week. The rain on the 25th January appears to have been general all over the district, but more fell in the north than in the south. In Hingajea and Nabigunge there were in some places hailstones. Whole of the late rice crops have been reaped. The transplantation of the boro rice crop is completed. The prospect of cold weather crops is good. Cultivators are now breaking up their lands for another rice crop. The price of rice is the same as last week. Nearly 4,060 maunds of rice and 5,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. Table rice at 17-8 seers and common rice at 21 seers per rupee. Fresh cases of cholera at Rajnagore and Hingajea. A few cases of small-pox at Gayanghat. Rain has also fallen on the night of the 30th January.
(	23	Cachar, 31st ,, ,,	1.20	Weather bright and cool for the most part, but cloudy, with rain, on 30th January, and thunder-storm in the same night. All the paddy got in. The trifling weather crop doing well. Price of rice has fallen to Rs. 2 per maund.
	24	Chittagong, 31st " ",	Nil	Fine and seasonable weather; a few drops of rain fell on the evening of the 30th January, but not enough to be gauged; and there was also a little rain in the north on the 25th idem. The cold weather crops continue to promise well.
	25	Noakhally, 31st " "	0.22	Cloudy and foggy mornings; slight rainfall during three days of the week; has done good to the cold weather sowings.
ITTAGONG DIVN.	26	Tipperab, 31st ", "	-86	The fall of rain has been general throughout the district; the weather was stormy and threatening to the 31st January. The rain has done good to the crops on the ground, and has moreover softened the ground, so that the first ploughing for early rice sowing has commenced. Boro puddy on the chur land has been transplanted and promises well. Prices of rice stationary in the north, but there is a very trifling rise in the neighbourhood of Comillah.
Cm	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 31st Jan. 1874.	•20	Slight fall of rain on the 25th and 26th January, and cloudy on the 30th idem. About one-fourth of the mustard crop has been gathered. The prospects have been bettered by the rain.
BEI	HAR.	Hill Tipperab, 31st Jan. 1874.	1·40	Generally bright and cold; occasionally cloudy; some rain on the 25th and 30th January. No change in the state of the crops; the rain which fell during the week will probably do some good to early sowings. Prices stationary.
	_	Patna, 9th* Feb. 1874	0·11	Weather seasonable; the rain which has fallen at intervals, and unaccompanied with strong winds, has done much good to the cold weather crops, which may now be considered as secure. if there be no hail or heavy storms. The health of the district continues good.
PATNA DIVISION.	29	Gya, 7th "	1.52	Cold and cloudy; rain fell on the 31st January and 1st and 5th February. The cold weather crops have generally improved by the rain. The peas and moosoor pulse, however, which were in blossom, have suffered slightly. In some places the poppy, which was lanced, has also suffered. The health of the district good.
PATNA	30	Shahabad, 7th " "	1.18	The fall of rain on Saturday and Sunday last, was general over the whole district. Tuesday bright, Wednesday and Thursday cloudy, with a slight shower on Thursday evening. The clouds have since cleared off; bright sky and west winds prevailing. The rain has been of much benefit to the crops in general, more especially to the wheat and barley. Some complaints have been made as to its effects on the gram, khesuri, and mussoor pulses, which were flowering, but as these were also partly in pod, the evil effects on the flower must be to a certain extent counterbalanced by the good done in filling out the grains. Anxiety was cause by the days, Wednesday and Thursday, which were likely to breed blight, but this has been cleared away by sunshine of the 7th instant.
	31	Tirhoot, 7th ,, ,,		Cloudy; more or less rain has fallen all through the district. Weather on the 7th February clearer, with high west wind. In the Sectamarhee sub-division 0.90 of rain has fallen, which has improved the prospects of the cold weather crops, and enabled cultivators to plough their lands for cheena millet, &c.  In Durbhangah sub-division the rainfall has been 0.69 at head-quarters, but heavier in the east and south. The mustard crop will be a good one, and rahar and of cropulses fair. The cold weather crops, though improved by the rain, will afford no material aid to the people.  In Mudhubani sub-division the rainfall has been 0.55; it is feared that it has come too late for any crops but cheena millet and moong pulse, of which a good deal is now being sown; rahar pulse is not so promising as it was.  In Hajepore and Tajpore sub-divisions, the cold weather capps have been greatly benefited by rain, the fall of which has risen from '40 to '80. Cheena millet and moong pulse are being sown largely in the latter sub-division.  In the Sudder sub-division some good has been done by the rain, but more is required to enable the cultivators in many parts to sow cheena millet and moong pulse.  Nearly half the rahur pulse crops has been destrowed has been done.

=	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
	• .	• •		
E (mmn)		.—(Contd.)  Saruu, 7th Feb. 1874.	-87	Cold and cloudy. East and west winds. The late rain, which has been genera throughout the district, has been of immense benefit to the crops on the ground and there is now a possibility of an eight annas outturn all round. Gram, wheat barley, indigo, and poppy (which last is flowering), have especially benefited. 521 more beegahs of poppy lands in Sewan have been given up to the ryots for the purpose of sowing food-grains after the poppy has failed therein. Fields will now be fast ploughed for cheena (millet). Prices, which slightly fell on the 3rd, 4th, and 5th February, have again risen to what they were before the rain.
FATRA MANASION.	33	Chumparun, 7th ,, ,;,	1·20	Weather cold. West winds. Rain fell on the night of the 31st January, and on th 1st, 2nd, and 6th February. It has done much good, having been, as far as is a present known, very general throughout the district. That portion of the cole weather crop that survived the drought has been much benefited. A six-and crop will now, it is hoped, be gathered, where a two-anna would scarcely have been expected. This timely fall of rain has also enabled the ryots to sow "cheena" (millet), early paddy, "moong" (pulse), "samah," and other spring crops
	34	Monghyr, 7th ,, ,,	1.52	Rain on the night of the 1st and on the 5th and morning of the 6th February a plentiful fall, but so recent that no definite news of its effects have come to hand as yet. It will enable an intermediate crop, "bysackhi" janera (millet), to be sown on the high lands.
.	35	Bhaugulpore,10th*,, ,,	-44	Rain throughout the district; most beneficial to all cold weather crops, which are now most promising. General health usually good.
DEAUGUETURE DIVE	36	Purneah, 7th ,, ,,	1.57	Stormy weather. The late rain has brought forward the gram and pulses, and been of benefit to the wheat. In the north the rainfall has been, it is conjectured more abundant than at the Sudder station. The recent sowings of kowni and choose millets will now do well, and the ploughings for spring sowings are everywhere being pushed forward.
	87	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 7th Feb. 1874.	1.85	Rainy four days during the week, and cloudy and cold the rest. Altogether very unusual weather for the time of the year. The rain, which has been general throughout the district, has much improved the prospects in every way. Crop on the ground will be much benefited. Ploughing for the bhadoi or early crops is active everywhere. Sugarcane can also be planted out. From Dooghur sub-division it is reported that the outturn of wheat, barley, and gram will be doubled. Alter of a water famine is over. Grazing for cattle will also be greatly improved Similar good reports came from Godda and Rajmehal. At the latter place it is reported indeed that frost has done some injury to crops, especially indigo, but it is hoped this is only partial. The only serious exception to the generally good accounts is in the south-west of the Sudder sub-division, where a serious fall of hail is reported, which has done a great deal of damage to trees and crops.
R	ISSA.			
(		Cuttack, 10th Feb. 1874.	·86	Rain has fallen; weather growing warm. Mangoes in blossom; spring crops doin well. Public health good.
CEISSE DIVISION:	39	Pooree, 31st Jan. ,,	-66	Cool and cloudy; there was a little rainfall on the 25th January and more expected. The rain which has fallen will injure the mango crop seriously, but is not likel to cause harm to any other crops. Nearly the whole of the late rice crop has been reaped with a very fair outturn. Berhi and koolthi pulses have been gathere to nearly three-fourths extent with a good outturn. Moong-pulse plants at very well advanced. The results and prospects of the cold weather crops on the whole fair. Nearly three-fourths of the dalua crop has been sown and the see germinated well. Nearly the whole of the sugarcane crop has been gathere with a good outturn. Cotton seed already sown is germinating. Mango is it blossom, but is expected to be poor on account of the rain. Purchases of rice are being still made though on a small scale and prices are stationary.
	<b>4</b> 0	Balasore, 7th Feb. "	3-07	Very gainy. Rainfall at Bhadrack 2.97. The rain will be injurious to many blossom, but otherwise will be very beneficial to the district in every respect. The sugarcane crop is likely to turn out very well. Public health good.
H	ATO	NAGPORE.		
	1	South-West Frontier Agency.		
	42	Hazaroebaugh, 31st Jan. 1874. Lohardugga, 7th Feb.1874	•••	Return not received.  Rainy during the greater part of the week; bright weather, with cold wind at the end. There appears to have been more rain in the district than at Ranchee itse. Ploughing is being vigorously carried on in all directions. The fine weath which has set in, and which looks as if it would continue, will do much good. The Palamow reports show that the cereals and the bulk of the gram crops have ben fited largely by the rain, but the mooscor, pulse, and peas, which are in pod, has suffered slightly. If no more rain falls, the outturn of the cold weather crops whose good.
	43	Singbhoom, 31st Jan. "	0.75	Damp and cloudy. Since last report there has been general and abundant rain, an it was raining at the time of submitting this report. The rain will do good to suc crops as are now on the ground in parts of the district—rahur and recari pulse and gram. All quiet in the Colchan and Dhalbhoom. Relief works in tull swing

[•] Telegram of the 10th February received on the same day. Shows the rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

, V.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
ЭНОТА	NAGPORE—(Contd.)		
· •	South-West Frontier Agency.—(Contd.)		
44	Maunbhoom,7th Feb. 1874	1.68	Cooler since the rain. Heavy rain fell on Sunday, and slight showers during the week. Hail fell in pergunnahs Cheleama, Banchas, and Pundra. The rain has further benefited the wheat, barley, and gram, and will be good for the mangoes, though it is feared it will injure the mohwa crop. The hailstones, being unusually large, have injured most of the standing crops of those pergunnahs. Prices still show a tendency to rise.
<b>A</b> SSAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS.		•
<b>4</b> 5	Goalparab, 31st Jan. "	•36	Cloudy and windy throughout the week, with occasional sunshine; a little rain on the 25th and 26th January. Mornings generally foggy. At Dhoobree subdivision 50 inches of rain fell on the 25th idem. The late rain has done much good to the crops now on the ground, and to the land under preparation for the early rice crop. General health of the district good.
46	Kamroop, 9th* Feb. "	0.75	Weather cool, with occasional heavy showers of rain. Barometer at the time of this report very low and falling. The land is being ploughed for the early rice crops. Public health good.
47	Durrung, 31st Jan. "	0.18	Very unsettled weather in the early part of the week. South-west wind prevailing (chiefly so in the upper current, large quantities of clouds going south-west to north-east). Towards the close of the week strong north-east breezes. The sugarcane crop is being cut and is found very inferior.
48	Nowgong, 31st " "	•20	Heavy rain to the south and light rain in the centre of the district on the 25th January; state of the cold weather crops same as last week. General health good.
49	Seebsaugor, 7th Feb. "	1.32	Weather cold and cloudy. A good shower of rain on the 26th January. The rain that has fallen during the last few days, will do much good to the cold weather crops. Sugarcane has been cut.
<b>5</b> 0	Luckimpore, 31st Jan. ,,	-67	The first four days of the week were gloomy and somewhat warmer than usual at this season. Rain fell on three days. 30th January very cold and cloudy. The mustard seed harvest has begun in some places, the crop is generally good. Public health good except in one village in the North Luckimpore sub-division, where a few cases of cholera have occurred.
61	Naga Hills		Return not received.
<b>62</b>	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 31st Jan. 1874.	Nil	The weather has been cold and damp, and slight rain has fallen at intervals. There are no crops standing, and the cultivators are busy in hocing and tilling their lands. Markets continue to be well supplied with food-grains, and rice, common sort, selling from ten to fourteen seers per rupee.
53	Garo Hills, 31st Jan. 1871	2.7	Since Monday's rain the weather was bright and cold. A little rain fell on the night of the 30th January, and the weather has been again cloudy. Jooming still continues.

^{*} Telegram of the 9th February received on the 10th. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,

The 10th February 1874.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rain-fall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

	•	•			0	, _	•	m 18th to January		m 25th January	I	LAIN B JANUA	ROM 18T RY 1874.		Remadus.	
DIVISION.	•	DISTRICT.		STATION.				Rain from 18th to 24th January 1874.		Rain from 25th to 31st January 1874.	Inc	hes.	Up to date.		• • •	
ENG					•			Incl	ies.	Inches			1874.			
•	M	Vestehn Distri	CTS.	Bu	rdwan				rii	1.20		·20 ·83	31st Jan.			
ſ	В	urdwan		Cul Bo Ra	wa	•••		N N	61 61 61 61 61 81	1.83 1·17 1·14 1·32 0·70	1 1	17 11 :32 :70	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.			
	B	ancoorah	•••	Ba	ncoorah	•••	•••	1	Vil	1.45	1	45	ditto.			
	В	eerbhoom	•••	So	oree ···	•••	•••		Vil	0.23	1	)·53	ditto. ditto.			
BURDWAN.	M	Iidnapore	{	Midnapore Tumlook		   Office Engr.'s Offi	   re	1	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.59 0.75 1.50 0.75 0.99		0·75 1·50 0·75 0·99	ditto ditto. ditto ditto.	. No	ot rec. 4th to 10th Jan.	
	E	Hooghly	{		ooghly rampore	•••		1 1	Nil Nil	0.84 0.24		0.2 <b>1</b> 0.8 <b>1</b>	ditto. ditto.			
	П	Iowrah	,		owrah	•••	•••	.  :	Nil	0.2	5	0.22	ditto.			
		CENTRAL DISTI	ric <b>ts</b> .			•										
		24-Pergunnahs	•	C A F I I I S	lipore { Jail busseerhaut baraset biamoud Harbov Barripore batkherah Barrackpore	 ensary   	:		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.20 0.7 0.9 0.9 0.7 0.6 0.4 0.4 0.3	1 5 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 35	1·20 0·71 0·95 0·95 0·70 0·61 0·10 0·41 0·34 0·35 0·63	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.			
Presidency.	,	Nuddea	•••		Oum-Dum  Cishnaghur  Bongong  Meherpore  Choosdangah  Kooshteah  Ranaghat		•		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1	13 53 83 05 85	1.27 0.43 0.53 0.83 1.05 2.85	ditto. ditto ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		Not rec. 11th to 17th .	
		Јевноте	•••	<b>{</b>	Jessore Nurrail Khoolnea Jenadah Bagirhaut Magoorah				Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1 0 1 0	22 17 80 79 20 89	2:22 2:17 1:80 1:59 1:20 0:91	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.			
		Moorshedabad	••		Berhamporo Ramporehaut City Moorsheda Jungipore Azimgungo Lalzolla	bad 			Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil		10 76 88 23 74 40	1·10 0·76 0·89 0·26 0·74 0·45	ditto- ditto- ditto- ditto- ditto		Not rec. Ith to 10th	
		Dinagepore			Dinagepore	•••			Nı	" I	·10 ·46	0·13				
1		Maldah			Maldah	• "		•••	Ni Ni	1 (	)· <b>3</b> 0	. 0.4	ditto.			
	Каленти	Rajshabye	•	. {	Reauleah Nattore	•••			Ni Ni	" I .	3·80 1·80	1·9: 3·80	ditto.			
6	ž	Rungpore	•	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya	•••			N N	ii   :	1·10 1·20	1·1· 1·2·				
		Bograh			Bograh	•••			N		2·49	2.4				
	- (	Pubna		{	Pubna Serajgunge	•••			0.5		0·55 1·15	0.5 1.2				
	(	Darjoeling				Telegraph (	Offic	s	Not N	rec. N	ot rec. Nil	N	il 31st J	n.		
	BEHAR.	Julpigoree		{	Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah				N	iii	1·18 0·71 1·30	1·1 0·9 1·3	1 ditto	••	Not rec. 1st to 3rd	
	COOCH	Cooch Behar	Tribu	tary	Cooch Behar	•••			1	vii	1.40	1.4	10 ditto			
	ی	Bhutan Dwar	8	•••	1.	•••		•••	1	sil N	ot rec	. N	il 21th J	an.		

٠	· Downson	STATION.	om 18t	from Seth 1st January L	RAIN :	FROM 1st ARY 1874.	REWARKS	
Divisios.	District.	STATION,	Rain from 18th to 24th January 1874.	Rain fr to 31st 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.		
ENG	AL-(Continued.)			Inches.	•	1874.		
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Telegraph Office	Inches.	0.71	0.82	81st Jan.		
[	Dacca {	Moonsheegunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.60 0.70 0.76	0.88 0.81 0.88	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Furreedpore {	Furreedpore Goalundo	Nil Nil	0.81 0.83	1·16 0·98	ditto.		
Dacoa.	Backergunge	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patuakhally Dowlatkhan	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.01 0.70 1.14 0.28 0.70	1.01 0.70 1.11 0.28 0.70	ditto ditto ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.	
	Mymensing {	Mymensing Jamalpore Atteah Kishoregunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1·14 1·00 0·31 1·80	1·14 1·00 0 43 2·03	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Sylhet	Sylhet	Nil	1.81	1.81	ditto.		
l	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	Nil Nil Not rec.	1:22 Not rec. ditto	1.04 0.94 Nil	ditto. 24th Jan 31rd Jan.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.	
ſ	Chittagong {	Chittagong Telegraph Office Jail	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil 0:05	31st Jan. ditto. 24th Jan.		
OFG.	Noakhally	Noakhally	Nil	0.24	° 0.24	31st Jan.		
Спітть вояв.	Tipperah	Comillah	Nil Nil	1·08 0·87	1·10 0 97	ditto.		
5	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	Nil	0.50	0 20	ditto.		
Į	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	Nil	1.40	1.44	ditto.		
EH	AR.	Patna	0.01 Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.04 0.45 0.29 Nil 0.25	0.46 0.45 0.29 0.30 0.45	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	'	
	Gya {	Gya Arungabad Jehanabad	Nil Nil Not rec. Nil	1.27 0.60 1.09 0.15	1·27 0·60 1·19 0·17	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan.	
PATEA.	Shahabad	Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°18 0°60 Nil 0°44	0°31 0°66 Nil 0°41	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec, 11th to 17th Jan	
P	Tirhoot<	Moznfferpore Durbhangah Hajeepore Mudhubani Seetamaree Tajpore	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	0.09 0.19 0.34 0.05 Nil 0.60	24th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 31st Jan.		
	Sarun {	Chuprah	1 2.11	Nil Nil	0°22 0°03	ditto.		
į	Champarun	Moteehari Bettiah	1 0.40	Nil Nil	Nil 0:10	ditto. ditto.		
	Monghyr	Monghyr	Nil	0·28 0·28 2·45	0.40 0.31 2.60	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
PORB.	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopool	Nil Nil Nil	0°25 0°14 Nil 0°79 0°09	0:33 0:17 0:10 0:86 0:33	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
BHAUGULPORE.	Purneah	Purncah Kishengunge Arrareah	Nil	0.01 0.81 0.38	0.04 0.84 0.38	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Sonthal Pergunnaha	Deoghur	Not rec. Nil Not rec. Nil	0·20 Not rec. 0·20 Not rec. 0·11 0·50	0.50	ditto. 31st Jan. 31st Jan. ditto.		

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		*		18th to January	m 25th Iauuary	RAIN JANU	FROM 18T ARY 1874.	
Dirthion.	District.	STATION.	_ , ,	ain from 18th to 24th January 1874.	Rain from 25th to 31st January 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS .
ORISS	Α.			Inches.	Inches.		1871.	1
[	Cuttick	Cuttack { Telegraph Office   Hospital   Jajipore   Kendrapara     Jugatsingpeye     False Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:83 1:83 Not rec. ditto ditto 0:76	1.83 1.82 Nil  6.78	31st Jan. ditto. 24th Jan., ditto. ditto. 31st Jan.	
ORI-54.	Pooree {	Pooree Khurdah		Nil Nil	0:66 0:45	0:69 0:15	ditto. ditto.	
	Balasore	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:33 1:77 2:90 0:77 0:45	0:33 1:77 2:90 0:77 0:45	dato. dato. dato. dato. dato.	
ι	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore	•••	Not rec.	Not rec.		10th Jan.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazareebaugh .	Hazareebaugh { Jail Pachumba	y	Nil Nil Nil	0.78 0.84 0.35	079 086 038	31st Jan. ditto. ditto.	
	Leharduggah {	Ranchee • Palamow . •		Nil Nil	1.36 1.65	1:36 1:65	ditto. ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chvebassa		Nil	•0·77	0.22	ditto.	
	Maunbhoon:	Puruli		Nit Nil	2·01 0·58	2.07 0.88	ditto.	·
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							
	Goalparah {	Godparah Dhoebree		Nil Nil	Not rec.	003 Nil	21th Jan. ditto.	
	Каштоор {	Gowbatty Burpettah		Nil Nil	0.26 1.50	0°56 1°20	31st Jan. ditto.	
	Ourrung {	Texpore Munipledye		N.J Nil	Not rec.	Nil 	21th Jan	Not see, 1st to 3rd J. mars
	Nowgong	Nowgong		Nil	0.50	0.51	31st Jan.	
	Seebsauger	Seed sau en Godaghae Joreman Nazeen e		Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec ditto ditto ditto	0:99 0:16 Nil 0:49	21th Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	•••	Nil Nil Nil	ditto ditto ditto.	0°83 0°73 1°16	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		Not rec.	ditto	1.00	17th Jan.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Cherrapoonjee	•••	Nat rec. ditto	ditto ditto ditto	0.67 0.34 Nil	24th Jan. 17th Jan. ditto.	
	Garo Hills	Tura		Nil	2 07	2.14	31st Jan.	
		Benares Akvab		Nil Nil	Not rec.	Nil 	21th Jan. 31st Jan.	

CALOUTTA, .

The 7th February 1874.

H. F. Blanford.

Meteorological Reporter to the Gort, of Bengal.

### Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 1st to 7th February 1874.

1		•	1	liarometer	Barometer	Тивимоз	ERTRR.	lium-	Wind			•	W
•	Dat	te.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	required to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, 8nt. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials
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CALCUTTA.
The 7th February 1874.

H. F. Blankord,
Meteorological Keporter to the Government of Bengal.

### Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 1st to 7th February 1874.

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		eter.	Tur	кмоми	TEE.			dew	idity	Win	D				•
Month .	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	Lawest reading.	Mat. solar radi-	Menn dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direc-	May pressure.	Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's plinees.	Силинде Кимация.
			;	0		0	0	c		!	n	Miles	In. ;		I
?eb	1st	30.040	72.0	64:5	124.0	68-2	65.6	63.5	0.86	ENE& Variable	10	208.9	0.80	0	Overcast and curocumuli. Thunder—and lightning at 6½ a.m.; ram from 6 to 7 a.m.
	2nd	·052	76°5	64.2	132.0	70.0	66.9	64.4	-83	E by N & W by S		1542	σ15 _,		Overcast and cumuli. Slightly foggy from 7 to 9 and at 11 c M. Slight rain from undnight to 5 A.M.
	grd	•037	77:2	67:0	109.8	710	67:3	61.3	-80	W N W & E by N	. <b></b>	93.6			Chrocumuli, cumuli and clear. Forgy from mid-
	4th	.037	78-4	62.2	133.4	70.2	65.1	60.8	.73	E by N & E		1263	• •••	: :	Clear and cirri. Drizzled at 10½ p.m.
	Бth	.000	72.0	63.7		67.4	65.5	64.0	.89	E&E by S	:14 :	102.7	2.01		Chrocumuli and overcast, Thunder and lighting at 5 and 6 A.M., 6 and 7 P.M. Rain nearly the whole day
	Gth	29 945	69.0	61.2	97.0	64.8	63.1	81.7	.90	E & E by N	i]	22018	0.16	; ¦	Overeast and clear, Slight- ly toggy from 9 to 11 P.M. Slight ram at 3, 5½, and 8 A.M.
	7th	-932	72.3	62:8	136.0	66.1	61.9	58.2	.78	E by N &	· · · · · ·	75.2			Cirrocumuli and clear Slightly leggy at mid- night and la.m., and from 7 to 10 P M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

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The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	•••	
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	7×1
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	85.4
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.83
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year		0.64
		Inches.
by lower rain gauge		3.13
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th by lower rain gauge		2.65
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.17
Ditto outto between the 1st January and the 7th February		4.06
Dirio ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.57

GOPEÉNAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Ooservatory.

The 9th February 1874.

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, BENGAL.

Ceneral Establishment.-No. 23.-The 9th February 1874.

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RIVER BHAGIRUTIY.	Kishnaghur.	_	From Berhaui-	Height over low water.	्र १ केर्ड १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १ १
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J. E. T. NICOLIS, Col. nel, R.E., Secretary to the Givi. of Bingal, P. W. Deparlment.

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

Statement showing the amount of Trassic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the High Lerel Canal for the month of December 1873. LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-49 MILES. SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

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		•		f cargo.				•		5	nd horns	and su	meeus	Oil and oil-serds	sta	-	Garden produce		silk and indigo		0	Bab e Kope Ratis of tunber	Rafts of bumboo	Empty beats	Passed Acts	Police leafs	Mise tlanvous reve- nue.		l of corre
				Nature of cargo.				Coal	Cotton	r irewood Graiu	Hides an	Jackery	178 Miscellaneous	39, Oil and oil-serds	Piece-3					. Jute	Tobacco					1. Police			
			-828	od 10 1	əquir	N.		- 6	353	3.4	- i		178	8	3	ह्य	<b>X</b>	<u> </u>	4.5	24	. 91	- 8	i '''	411			ŧ	0.00	1 3,

# A CELLIC WOLLD DEFARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.
Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidacliee Tidal Canal for the month of December 1878.
Lyngth of Canal Open—29 Miles.

	•		TOCAL	LOCAL TRAFFIC.					STORES AN	ND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS,	RIALS F	OR IRB	IGATIC	N WOR	КЗ.			7	ABSTRACT.	cr.		
boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approxi- Approxi- mate weight value of of cargo cargo.		TOTAL, RECIUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF RUPTY BOALS, Mannels, Tons	Tons	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Zumber of boats or ratts.	Nature of cargo.	Approxi- mare weight of catgo.	Approxi- mate   value   f	TOTAL, FXCLUSING OF TONNAGE OF FURIT BOATS. Maunds, Tons.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Yo ned on M boats.	Nature of trailie.	Weight	Value of traffic.	Total, exclusive of tonnage of empty boats.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.
44.00			Rs.				lis. A. P.			Mds.	ß.		' 		Rs. A. P.			Mds.	Rs.			Rs. A. P.
26 Tobacco	:	1,032	5.117	3.020	• :	:	33 5 6	 : :	:	;	:	:		:	;	1.900	Local traffic		1 10 980	1160	1 (0 102	1 000 19 0
o Salt	:	1,135	1.675	(C) (C)	:	:	•	 :	:	:	:	: :	: :	: :	: :	:			000,11,4,1	4,004	Ca1'0#1	1,865 10 8
285 Paddy	: :	98,075	00.11		: :	: :	598 7	: :	: :	:	:	:	 :	:	:	;	:	:	: :	: :	: :	: :
16 Vustan	seeds	658	131.5	1,330	:	::	· =		<b>:</b> :	: :	: :	: :	: :	·,	: :	::	: :	: :	:	:	:	:
Cloth	or niece-	3	ලි.	120	:	:	5 H	: :	: •	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :
8		157	21,000	455	;	:	¢	.: 0	:	:	:	;			;	, .						
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9 Miser	Miscellaneons	, G	2.10	6.66	: :	:	0 G	•	:	•:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: <b>:</b>	: :	: :
1 Sagar	:	G	23	; S	: :	: :	-	: .	: :	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	 : -	:	:	:	:	:	;
1 Net	:	61	ន	9	:	:	10	: :	:	: :	: :	: :	 : :	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	:	:	:
2: Cush	: :	9 6	3 1	6.5	:	:	0 0	; 32. 3	:	:	:	:	:	:	. :	:	:	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :
1 Nats	:	4		- 50	: ;	: :		_	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
5 Cocoanuts		1,330	256	1.7.	: :	: ;	0	: :	: <b>:</b>	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	;	:
o Straw	:	1,150		5.8.0	:	:			:	:	: <b>:</b>		: :	: :	: :	! !	:	:	:	:	:	:
531 Rice	•	150	Ş	1.325	:	:	Ξ,	: : : . : :	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	: :	: :	: :	: :	: <b>:</b>	: :
6 Beams	ec	134	#0#10# #0#10#	0.5	:	:	N C	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	i	•
910 Empty boats	v boats	:		(45,118)		: :	436		: <b>:</b>	: :	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Timber	:. •	F.	335	:	:	:	ŢĮ.		:	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	•
4 Hamn	4 Hamp	705	1.00	(S)		:	G;	: : c. :	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	: 1	: :	: :	: :	: :	: :
2 Mats	: :	6	3	1,550	:	:	* =		:	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:		:	s) (	;	:	:
2 Fruits, &c.	, &c.	8	3	3.		: :	3 =	: :	: :	: :	:	: :	- :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	i	:
I Furniture	ure	:	:	3		:			: :	: :	: :	: :	 : :	: :	: :	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:
1 Charcoal		200	38	25	:	:		: o e	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	: :	: <b>:</b>	: :
			}	}	:	:	•	 :	:	:	:	:	 : <u>."</u>	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:
1,900	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	61,214	1,40,366	1,35,331	1,8341	140,193	1,888 13	] :		:	:	:	<u>                                     </u>	:	:	1,909		61,214	64,214 11,40,366	4,834	140,193	1,888 13 9
													İ	<u> </u>		Ī						T
260 Total	Total of corres-	8,922	18,326	22,700	118	21,078	182 2	·		:	١.	:	:	:	i	900		8,923	18,326	811	21,078	182 2 3
5	r year.										,						-					•
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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendraparah Cunal for the month of December 1873.

					-																		
Ħ	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	<b>TRAFF</b>	ic.			TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTINCK AND SEA-BOARD.	TWEEN	CUTFACK	AND	SEA-B	OARD.		STO	STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	D MAJ	WORI	S FOR			ABSTRACT.	ьi		
Nature of cargo.	Approximate value of cargo.	EXCLUSIVE OF FORMAGE OF FORMAGE OF EMPTY BOATS.	AL, INAGE NPIT IS.	Ton infenze.	Tollage.	Number of loafe.	Aprix simute value	TCIAL, EXCLUSIVE OF IONNAGE OF EMPIY BOAIS.	L, IVE IVE FIY S.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Zurr der of boats.	Nature of cargo.	Approximate value of curgo,	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TOWAGE OF TOWAGE OF TOWAGE AGAIS.	Lons.	.ogsolint noT	Tollogia age .e. Munber of boats.	Nature of traffic.	Value of traffic,	tonnage of empty	.egseslim goT	Tollage.
9 Padoy 2 Jrv3 2 Oottou 1 Hides 2 Gram 1 Spices 17 Jagsery 4 Sair 2 Gingelly 1 Tresure 2 Bamboo 1 Aucting Sire 5 Passengers 45 Empty Safts Timber (i)	18.55. 1.05.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.	1.657 1.83 3.309 1.177 1.00 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.13.5 1.		4. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6. 6.	8 7 1 1 0 2 0 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	166 Paddy E2 Rice 11 Spites 9 Gagelly 11 torn 4 Caper 13 Adm even 15 Spites 16 Adm wood 17 Adm wood 18 Finalis 18 Pargue 19 Banhoos 13 Parsengets 10 Empty 11 Empty 2 Linbers 2 Linbers 2 Linbers 3 Linbers 3 Linbers 4 Linbers 5 Linbers 5 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6 Linbers 6	# 8454864 8499 01 11	8.7 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9 8.9		* 1	Rs. A. 385 0 0 556 10 0 1117 0 0 1117 0 0 117 117 117 117		LOCAL TRAFFIC.  1 Ghooting lime 46 1 Stones 3 Empty 11 5 TREOFGH TRAFFIC. 2 Passengers 1	146 146 146 146 146 146 146 146 146 146	873 874 874 11.046 11.046	23 23 33 36 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Ra 1,554 1 1,554 1 1 1,554 1 1 1,554 1 1 1 1,554 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	R8. 12. 8. 12. 13. 14. P. 15. 6. 0. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12. 12	99 Local traffic 433 Through ditto IREGS.WORES. 5 Local traffic 2 Dirough ditto	88.88.99.95.44.98.99.95.44.98.99.99.99.99.99.99.99.99.99.99.99.99.	100 EE	8 107 183,540 1,7 1,554 1,554 1,554	Bs. A. P. 1,735 14 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15
99 Total of corres-	34,542	11,832	្នី <b>រ</b>	1,107	91 16	ES	5	1,240 122.371	4,370	183,51	1.735 14	:	-,	:	:	:	:	:	539	4,38,805	4,002 196,442 1,869	3,110 1,6	369 17
3 ponding mon: tof last year.	ž.	493	2	136	o (1 a	<del>-</del>	10	510 51	61		0 9	<u>:</u>   •	1	:	:	;	\   :	     :	<u>'</u>	1,496	8	78	8 10 0

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.
Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Brahminee Division, High Level Canal, for the month of December 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-37 MILES.

	Tollage.	Rs. A. P.	7	⊋ <b>2</b> 3	::		: :	÷	: :	፥	ŧ	90 12 8	9 9 99
	Ton mileage.		5 101 53	4,241	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:	7,34627	678
F.	Total, evclusive of tonnage of empty		1,50	( el el el el el el el el el el el el el	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	;	49111	100
ABSTRACT.	Value of traffic.	ßs.	000	0 0 148	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:	5 6 M 0 0	0 0 889
	Weight f cargo.	Mds.		2,316	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:	4,007	1,213
	Nature of traffic.		[400]		: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:		_
	to redmuz		7.	6	: :	:	: :	·	: .	:	:	3	: :
RKS.	Tollage.	Rs. A. P.	100	20 15 0	14 15 3	:	: :	:	: :	::	:	5) 2 3	52 2 6
MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	Ton mileage.		8	1,823,	1,101,1	:	: :	:	: :		:	4.2413	16F
IGAT			-'n	151	2	:	: :	:	:	:	:	372	133
FOR IRE	TOIAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF EMPTY BOATS, Mannels, Tons.		210	4,954	1,230	:	: :	:	::	:	:	7,639	2,061
SHIME	Approxi- mate value of cargo.	Rs.	ដ	076	: :	:	: <b>:</b>	:	: :	:	:	241	380
	Approxi- Approxi- EXCLUSIVE OF unite TONNAGE OF VELSUI VALLE OF EMPTY BOATS.	Mds.	110	905'6	: :	:	: :	:	: :	:	:	2,316	1,150
STORES AND	Nature of		Lime	Firewood	Empty	•	: :	:	<u>;</u> :	:			
ļ 	To and mist				בי		: :		: :	-	:	ន	11
	Tollage.	Rs. A. P.	9 12 0	9-	6 E C	 	9 4	o ;	10 10 7	50	а С •	40 10 6	6 4 0
	Ton Alleage.		1,155	481-	3	116	3.5	36,1	78.51	:	:	3.10123	87
	E or	-	1144	1,71	1 2 1-1 1-1	<u>ښ</u>	1	ei e	465	· :	:	11	10
RAFFIC.	Approxi: TOTALS OF OF MARCE OF Value of EMFIX BOAL CALSO Manuds. Turns.		630	513	3.5	E.g	3	333	1.313	:	:	4.171	134
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Approxi- mate val.coi cargo.	lts.	005	67.2	 	36	333	6	3 	:33	:	8,8,5	308
T	Approxi- mate weight of cargo.	Mds.	410	371	3 3 3 3 3	88	32	9.		:	:	1,691	63
	Nature of cargo.		Salt	Rice	Furniture		Provision	Straw	Emnty	Bamboos, 2,000	Passenger	Total of corres-	of last year.
	Number of hosts.		က	· · · ·		614			ា ខ្លា		₹'	2	15

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldundah Canal for the month of December 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-274 MILES.

		Remarks.		!								
		Tollage.		Rs. A. P.		83 O SO.	7 67 F	:	:	:	77 30	:
		Ten T missge. T		<del>-</del>		1,734 23	10,3581 :	- :	:	:	12,0931	- :
ار : •	Ladur		Total, tonns boats,			1403	.: 773		:	:	913.	
ABSTRAC	JO 51	Value of		Rs. A. P.		0 0 222 723	331 0 0 	:	:	· •	613 0 0.	
	·o2	t of car				:	::	·	:	:	:	 
		Nature of traffic.			"ocal	Irathe	Traffic		•	:		-
	.ejs:		oquinX		I, 71 o	000	: : Ga ⁻	:	:	; ;	15	
တိ		Tollage.		Rs. A. P.	1 21 62	1.0 -41	01 10			:	77 15	:
WORK		Ton 1			6,386, 29 12 Iv 17 Local	3	960	2,7821, 13 11	•	:	10,3,8,1	
KLION	CLU-		ons.		4254	;e	73,	19.	 <b>:</b>	:	77.31 1	 -
IRRIGA	TOTAL, EXCLU- SIVE OF TON-	NAGE OF EMPIT BOAIS.	Maunds. Tons.		11,923	2,100	2,0681	5,567	:	:	21,658	a manana. Je
S FOR		Value of		Rs. A. P.	0		0		- <b>-</b>		- -	 :
ERIAL	APPROXIMATE			Rs.	55	. 57	110			!	301	-
D MAT	APF	Weigh	cargo.		: 	: 	: 	: 		:	:	-
STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.		Nature of cargo.			ավսնայլ՝ 12	2 Bricks	2 Soorkey	25 Empty	:	:		
S	alsod	lo 19 Rafi	dmuX 10	-	. 12	61	61	123	:		(FC	-
	-	Tollage.		Rs. A. P.	0 7 6	1 9 2	6 7 0	4110	8 5 4	9 8 6	23 U R	:
		Ton mileage.	•		936	270	63.	:	:	471	1.7312	 :
	CLT.		ous.		82	22	<b>제</b>	:	:	353	110)	 :
FIC.	TOTAL, EXCLU- SIVE OF TON-	Bage of Empty Boats.	Maunds. Tous.		2,185	630}	118,	:	:	1,0.0	3,9341	;
LOCAL TRAFFIC.		Value of		Rs. A. P.	0 0 89	25 0 n	15 0 0	် 33 O EE	1 0 0 t	:	252 0 (	<b>-</b>
TOC	APPROXIMATE			- 84				-	1111			
•	Aī	Weight	cargo.		:	:	: :	:	:		:	th:
-		Nature of cargo.			6 Tundy grass	2 Bamboos	Charcoal .	39 Timbers	1,000 Bamboos	8 Empty .		Total of corres- ponding month of last year.
	.siso		Numb		9	23	<u>ာ</u>	<u> </u>	gard.	<u>ш</u>	12	:

The 1th February 1871.

H. W. Gulliver, Lieut.-Col., R.R., Offy. Joint-Sceretary to the Government of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 24th January 1874, on 1581 miles open.

	C	OACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDI	SE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.	Total traffic
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipte	•	Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipts.
		Rs. A. P.	e s. a	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. 2 s. a	. e s. d.
Total traine for the week Or per mile of railway to previous 3 weeks of half-year	28,842 182 72,115	156 0 5	3 7 4 1 6 1 0 14 4	732 0	42,042 4.2 4 , 3,853 18 4 265 10 1 24 7 1 1,01,055** 5 0 9,355 18 3	38 13 2
Total for 4 weeks COMPARISON.	1,00,987	78,808 12 3 7.29	4 1 8	3,65,915 7	1,43,998 1 10 13,209 16 (	20,483 18 2
Total for corresponding week of previous year	30,179	182 2 0	3	798 0	23,323 3 9 2,137 19 8 140 0 5 13 13 3 80,660 5 0 7,393 17 5	30 7 2

### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st January 1874, on 28 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	'Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Potal traffic for the week	9,625 344 34,462	1,290 · 0 0 46 0 0 4,507 0 0	129 0 0 4 12 0 456 11 0	17,342 0 619 0 49,889 0	603 0 0 21 8 0 1,676 0 0	60 6 0 2 3 0 167 12 0	189 6 0 6 15 0 624 6 0
Total for 5 week's	41,087	5,837 0 0	585 14 0	67,231 0	2,279 0 0	227 18 0	613 12 0
COMPARISON.						-	
l'otal for corresponding week of						•	
previous year	8,701	1,295 15 0	129 11 10	22,050 0	658 6 0	65 16 9	195 7 7
Per mile of railway corresponding	311	46 4 0	4 12 6	.787 0	23 8 0	•270	6 19 6
form to corresponding date of previous year	42,951	6,128 14 0	612 17 10	1,10,248 0	3,520 8 0	352 1 0	964 18 10
<b>4</b> * · ·							-1

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st January 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

COMPARISON.  Fotal for corresponding week of previous year 1,20,910 1,74,547 7 8 16,000 3 9 8,11,491 30 3,68,643 2 4 38,792 5 9 Per mile of railway corresponding	tal traffic for the week per muc of railway previous 3 wooks of half-year	98,483 3,44,554	its. A. P. 1,49,011 0 6 115 10 1 5,81,423 14 3	£ s, d. 13,567 13 6 10 12 0 53,297 3 10	Mds. Srs. 13,72,771 0 45,73,793 10	* 5,89,518 4 0 460 9 0	£ e. d. 54,039 3 6 42 4 4 176,559 15 8	£ a. d. 67,606 17 0 52 16 4 220,856 19 6
Fotal for corresponding week of previous year 1,20,010 1,74,547 7 8 16,000 3 9 8,11,491 30 3,68,643 2 4 33,792 5 9 Per mile of railway corresponding		4,13,037	7,29,434 14 9	66,864 17 4	59,46,561 10	25,15,625 0 0	230,598 19 2	297.463 16 6
Total to corresponding date of pre-	tal for corresponding week of previous year		136 5 10	12 10 0		288 0 1	20 8 0	49.792 9 6 38 18 0 227.442 19 4

[•] Rs. 1,44,373-4 added on account of estimated proportion of treight on foe 1-grains due by Government for this week.

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st January 1874, on 2231 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 3 weeks of half-year	4,751 20,575	Rs. A. P. 11,599 1 6 51 13 8 47,880 2 0	£ s. d. 1,062 6 8 4 15 1 4-380 0 3	Mds. Srs. 84,616 20 2,73,670 0	Rs. A. P. †28,487 6 0 105 1 5 72,750 15 0	£ s. d. 2,153 0 3 9 12 8 6,668 16 8	£ c. d. 3,215 6 11 14 7 9 11,057 16 11
Total for 4 weeks	25,326	59,469 3 G	5,451 6 11	3,58,286 20	96,288 5 0	8,821 16 11	14,273 3 10
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,306	13,374 1 6	1,226 6 6	71,829 20	23,353 0 6	2,140 13 11	3,867 0 5
week of previous year	•••••	59 13 8	5 9 9		104 7 10	10 11 2	15 1 4
Total to corresponding date of previous year	22,282	59,245 3 3	5,430 16 2	3,15,681 20	1,00,249 0 9	9,189 9 11	14,620 6 1

[†] Rs. 2,278 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

REGISTERED No. 29.]



### SUPPLEMENT TO

# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1874

### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Nubscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post

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### BENEVOLENCE.

No. 647-S.R., dated Calcutta, the 12th February 1874.

From—A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Commissioner of Burdwan.

I AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of your endorsement No. 186, dated the 31st January 1874, submitting copy of papers regarding the measures adopted by Rajah Jotendro Mohun Tagore for assisting his tenantry in Midnapore during the present scarcity.

2. In reply I am to say that the Lieutenant-Governor highly appreciates

the Rajah's conduct.

3. The papers will be published in the Calculta Gazette.

No. 186, dated Burdwan, the 31st January, 1874. Memo. by.—C. T. Buckland, E Q, Commissioner of Burdwan.

Copy forwarded to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department, for information.

No. 455, dated Midnapore, the 17th January 1874.

From-H. L. HARRISON, Esq., Collector of Midnapore, • To-The Commissioner of Revenue, Burdwan Division.

WITH reference to your Circular No. 157 of the 19th ultimo, I have the honor to forward herewith a copy of Rajah Jotendro Mohun Tagore's letter of the 5th instant, and to say that Kootubpore pergunnah, owing to the joint pressure of epidemic fever and drought, is one of the most distressed pergunnahs in the district. Rajah Jotendro Mohun Tagore's consideration for his ryots and assistance to them will therefore be most beneficial.

### Dated Calcutta, the 8th January 1874.

From—RAJAH JOTKNDEO MOHUN TAGORE, ROY BAHADOOR, To—H. L. HARRISON, Esq., Collector of Midnapore.

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 2014, dated the 3rd instant, and in reply to state that some time ago I ordered the officers of my zemindary to inspect the crops of the ryots and to remit their rent in proportion to the loss sustained by them; and from the rough estimate received from the mofussil it appears that the remission of rent will amount to somewhat above Rs. 40,000. The collection of the major portion of the balance, I am afraid, I will have to suspend for a considerable period. I may mention here that I have paid about two-thirds of the present kist of the Government revenue of Pergunnah Kootubpore from my own pocket. In addition to the remission of rent above adverted to, I have issued instructions for making advances, partly in money and partly if grain, to those cultivators who may stand in need of such help, in order to enable them to carry on cultivation in the next season. The above, I trust, will show that I am endeavouring to do what I can for the relief of my tenantry. I do not therefore feel the necessity of availing myself of the kind offer, made in your letter under acknowledgment, for advances on the terms proposed by His Excellency the Viceroy for the purpose of assisting the ryots of my estates.

### MORTALITY IN JAILS DURING 1873.

No. 642, dated Calcutta, the 14th February 1874.

From—RIVERS THOMPSON, Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Inspector-General of Jails.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 884, dated the 5th instant, submitting with your remarks a statement showing the mortality that has occurred in the several jails under your control during the year 1873.

In reply I am to thank you for your early report on the subject, and to say that the Lieutenant-Governor is extremely glad to see the reduced mortality that has taken place during the year in question as compared with the previous year, and trusts by vigilant care that it may be yet further reduced. Unfortunately we are still liable to have the average mortality increased by the outburst of fatal epidemics. That of cholera at Bhaugulpore was most sad and unfortunate, and resulted in a large number of deaths. The mortality in the small jail at Singbhoom seems to have been due to a similar cause. tality at Gya may to some extent be due to a bad jail. A new jail on a new site has already been ordered, as will be seen from paragraphs 13 and 16 of the Resolution recorded by the Lieutenant-Governor on your Jail Administration Report for 1872, and His Honor now awaits the submission of definite proposals for its construction. These should be sent as speedily as possible. The jail at Chumparun is an unfortunate one, though it looks as if it ought to be healthy. The Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to receive any suggestions regarding it. Fortunately the excessive rate of mortality in the Khasi Hills Jail is on an extremely small scale. The necessity for a new jail at this place has been already acknowledged. The attention of the Chief Commissioner of Assam will be drawn to the high rate of mortality in this jail and in the jails at Goalparah and Kamroop.

3. On the other hand the Lieutenant-Governor is very glad to see great improvement in some jails which had much suffered previously. It is a comfort to know that the Midnapore Jail, which so suffered, has been very healthy, and Julpigoree tolerably so. Tirhoot, though still unhealthy, is much less so than before, and Backergunge, Dehri, and Baraset, have much improved. His Honor is also glad to observe that there have been no deaths at all among the European prisoners in the Presidency Jail and in the Hazareebaugh

Penitentiary.

No. 643.

Copy of the correspondence forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Assam for information, with reference to the remarks made regarding the high rate of mortality in the jails at Kamroop and Goalparah and in the Khasi Hills.

### No. 884, dated Alipore, the 5th February 1874.

From—W. L. Helley, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails, Lower Provinces, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE the honor to forward, for the information of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and in anticipation of my annual report for 1873, a

table showing the mortality for 1873 in the jails under my control.

2. The death-rate for 1872 was 5·19, or rather higher than in 1870 and 1871, though not higher than in previous years, and I was at pains to show in my report for that year that the increase could not be ascribed to the reforms in jail manage. ent introduced under the present Government, partly because some of these reforms had not had time to produce an effect, partly because in many jails where the reforms were most unsparingly carried out there was a diminution instead of an increase of mortality, but to the circumstances of an unhealthy season. This is confirmed by the statistics of the present year, which show a reduction in jail mortality of about half per cent., from 5·34 to 4·78, although the evil effects of change of system, if they existed at all, must have been greater in 1873 than in 1872.

3. The death-rate all round was, as I have just said, 4.78. This was

largely exceeded in the following jails:-

Khasi Hills			21.50
Chumparun			$\begin{pmatrix} 21.50 \\ 14.81 \end{pmatrix}$ Always unhealthy.
Bhaugulpore District			14:34
Gya			13.79
Bhaugulpore Central	• •		12.08
Goalparah	• •	٠	11:64
Singbhoom	• •	• •	10 69
	1 ~ 1 1		

The mortality of Bhaugulpore and Singbhoom was largely due to epidemics of cholera, which have already attracted notice; that of Gya was mainly caused by dysentery, and was probably to some extent the result of overcrowding.

4. No European deaths are reported during the year either at the

Presidency or Hazarcebaugh.

5. Compared with 1872, the jails which show a considerable increase of mortality are—

			18/3.	1872.
Khasi Hills		• •	21:50 a	gainst 11:11
Bhaugulpore Central	• •	• •	12.08	,, 1·93
Goalparah	• •	• •	11.64	<b>,,</b> 4·08
Bhaugulpore District		• •	14:34	<b>7</b> ·23
Gya ·	• •	• •	13.79	,, 7.03
Singbhoom		• •	10.69	,, 4.44
Kamroop	• •	• •	6.59	,, 1.32
Rungpore	• •	• •	7.70	,, 3·59

### Those which show a decided decrease are—

Juipigoree	• •		9.71	against	42.02
Tirhoot	• •		8.33	,,	20 89
Baraset			7.04	"	18.06
Presidency, European	•			"	8 99
Backergunge	• •	• •	7.50	"	15.59
Midnapore Central	• •		2.21	"	8.90
Seebsaugor		• •	2.00	"	8.60
Russa	• •	• •	3.05	"	8.33
Pooree	• •		1.48	"	6.52
Dehri		• •	3.06	"	7.75
Moorshedabad	• •	• •	0.68	"	5.10
Hazareebaugh Penitent	iary			**	4.06

## Statement showing the Rutio per cent. of Penths on average number, and number of Leaths from Cholera during the year 1873.

JAILA.		Daily average number of all classes of prisoners confined during the year 1.73.	Total number of deaths.	Percentage of deaths on average number.	Number of deaths from cholors.	Percentage for 1872.
		310.13	28	9.02	4	7·18
	• •	240 71	7	2.90	• • • •	• • • •
	• •	318.66	24	7.53	• • • •	4.43
	٠.	419:35	26	6.20	ا ۱۰۰۰رو	8.53
		766:34	17	2.21	ا برزون کا سمسه	. 8.90
	••	488.27	30	6.14	2	9.03
	••	64.80	• • • •		•••	8.99
	$\cdot \cdot \mid$	942.45	27	2.86	5	4.69
1	••	2,186.93	66	3.01	8	2.78
_	$\cdots  $	262.00	8	3.05	1	8.33
	••	227:30	16	7.04	• • • •	18.06
	• •	358.71	5	1.39	••••	2.04
	$\cdots  $	465.00	11	2:36	••••	5.64
	$\cdots$	291.91	2	0.68	1	5.10
	•• }	499.51	15	3.00	• • • • •	3.62
	••	57·96	3 10	5.17	• • • •	4.88
3 <i>3</i>	••	627:00	18 31	2·87 7·70	• • • •	2·33 3·59
61	••	402.12	· 6	4.82	4	1.85
D1	• •	124·28 152·00	2	1.31	*	3.31
Dominuling	••	· 35·42	ĩ	$\frac{1}{2.82}$	• • • •	3.85
T 1"'	••	*87.50	5	5.71	i	42.62
D	••	631.00	23	3.64	5	1.40
D		412:36	3	0.72	•	0.55
D.,1		519·99	39	7.50	4	15.59
Manus and in all		500.00	29	5.80		3.79
Q.ilb4		341.17	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	4.98		5.61
Cachen		90.93	1 .	1.09		2.63
OIL 144		240.00	5	2.08		2.61
Manlaballa		162:35	$\tilde{2}$	1.23		1.22
//\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{\tag{		282:33	13	4.60		1.29
Meetapore		421.52	23	5.45	8	3·6 <b>7</b>
		653.00	20	3.06	2	7.75
		492.97	68	13.79	1	7.03
Shahabad .	$\cdots  $	416.00	36	8:50	17	3·31
	• •	468 00	39	8.83	3	20.89
	••	329.27	10	3.03	1	5.74
	••	216 00	$\frac{32}{2}$	14.81	8	13.75
	$\cdots$	373.81	10	2.67	•••	3.01
	••	306.75	44	14:34	4	7.23
ו מ	• •	910.10	110	12.08	44	1.93
	• •	346·23 79·19	$\frac{10}{2}$	2·88 2·52	• • • •	6·58
NT 1\	••	$\begin{array}{c} 79.19 \\ 23.25 \end{array}$	İ	!	• • • •	3·68 3·13
/\	••	269•70	4	1.48	i	3·13 4·15
Doomas	$\cdots$	205.70 67:15	1 .	1.48	1	6.52
D.1		175:90	$\frac{1}{2}$	1.13		1.23
HazareebaughEuropeanPent		81·17		1 10	• • • •	4.06
TOPAL NO.		1,106.72	28	2.53		4.41
T 1 1		240 00	5	2.08	i	1.97
Qin ald arm		74.85	8	10.69	6	4.44
Manual Lanama		201.00	7	3.48	š	2.22
Coolmand		94.45	11	11.64	6	4.08
Kamroop		106 19 •	7	6.59	1	1.32
		158:47	6	3.78	1	3.03
		84.63	2	2.36	• • • •	2.08
	••	.100.00	2	2.00		8.60
	• •	69:49	1	1.43		3.08
Khasi Hills	••	37:20	8	21.50	1	11.11
Total		204-11	976	4.78	144	5:34

W. L. HEELEY, Inspector-General of Jails, L. P.

PRICES-CURRENT OF	FOOD-GRAINS AND SALT	IN THE UNDER-MENTION	ED DISTRICTS
		43 T3 43 13 FY A T3 T7 A A A A	
	OF BENGAL ON THE 14	тя FEBRUARY 1874.	
	OF BENGAL ON THE 14	тя FEBRUARY 1874.	
	OF BENGAL ON THE 14	TH FEBRUARY 1874.	
	OF RENGAL ON THE 14	TH FEBRUARY 1874.	
	OF RENGAL ON THE 14	TH FEBRUARY 1874.	

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

																						. ,		RUP	EK BY
	٤.						4	VHRA	T.			Barley	r.	Ric	<b>n</b> , bl	RBT E	ORT.	B	lics,	COM	MON.	į	Bulrt Cum	ияп М 1 1800, В	
¥ o.	DI	str	1CT8.			Piesent return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Probut leturn.	المرام	Next p. geding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	BE	NG A	L.												***************************************							- ,			
,	Weste	rn D	istricts.		1	s (	Th 15	s Ch	.(S.	Ch.i	s. Ch.	is. Ch.	S. Ch.	s. Ch	.(S.	Ch.t	S. Ch	.18. (	Ch.IS.	Ch	.IS. (	Ch.t	S. Ch	is Ch	.( I
1	Burdwan						ı	2 8		0		1		A 11 4	1	8		1	0 13		1	8			]
2	Domesonal.		•••					12 8	1.	1	15 0	16 0.		12 4	1		17 8	B	4 13			0			
3	Daarbhaara	•••						10 8		0			1	10 0			18 0		0 12		21	0			
	Midmanoro	•••				10 (		10 8 to	)	0				14 0	14		21 0	16	0 18	0	24	0			
-		•••	•••					11 0		- 1	D 18 0	20 0	16 0	8 0	İ	81	(	10	- 1	8)					
5	Hooghly	•••				12	0	12 8	10	8{	to	22 0	26 U	and 8 8 F	an 9		12 0 {	an 10	d la	nd }	16	0			
	Howrab					12	0	12 0	12	0,			{	8 0 and 10 0	10	0	17 8	11	4 13	4	22	0			
	Contra	l Dis	tricts.										•												
1	Calcutta .	•••			•••	11 D	- 1-	1 8	"	. [	14 0 D	14 8		9 0	9	8		10	8  11	12		.			
6	24-Pergunnal	16	•••				8 1	0 8 10	13 to		16 0	16 0 to	20 0 }	8 0	8	0	8 0	G	6 11	. 8'	17	4	•••		
7	Muddes	•••			1	(12 12		1 4			(	17 12 22 0	21 8 ) 32 0	11 0	11	0	16 0	11	7 11	. 7	20	0	•••		
8	Jessore .	•••		•••		11	0	9 4	12	0				12 0	12	0	20 0	14	8 13	4	29	0	•••		
9	Moorshedaba	d				12	8	13 0	10	0	D 22 0	20 0	22 0	y 8	10	0	18 0	11	8 11	12	22	0	D 14 8	15 0	30 0
10	Dinagepore	•••				10	0	10 8	11	8	10 8	10 10	22 8	12 8	12	0	21 0	14	0 18	0	28	0			
11	Maldah .					12	0	12 0	13	0	20 0	20 0	35 0	12 0		4	23 0		8 12 2 0 12	0	24	0	11 0	15 0	20 0
12	Rajshahye	•••				12	0	11 4	11	4			}	10 14 to	},	1 4	19 11		to   1	to }	25	5	•••		
18	Rungpore	•••	•••			11	4	9 7	14	o			(	11 4 9 0	)	0	16 5	11	8 13 4 11		30	0			
14	Bograh	•••				12	0	12 0	12	0				7 8	8	4.	20 0	13	8 12	12	37	0			
15	Pubna	•••				14	4	15 0	12	0			,	8 0	8	0	11 0	14	4 14	4	30	0			
16	Darjeeling*		•••	•••		в	o	6 0	6	0	6 0	8 0	10 0	8 0	8	0	12 0	10	0 10	0	14	0			
17	Julpigoree	•••				10	0	10 O	10	n				11 0	11	0	20 0	13	3 12	0	24	0		·	
	Cooch Behar	·†					.												- 1						
	Eastern	Diet	ricts.																						
18	1)acca	•••	•••			13	0	13 0	12	0	25 0	22 0	10 0	14 0	111	0	21 0	16	0 10	3 0	132	0			
19	Furrecdpore			•••	•••	12 12		13 0	26	0				8 0	9	0	<b>10</b> 0	14	0 1	5 0	26	0			
20	Backergunge	•			•••	٠.	.		.					11 8	13	4	18 8	13	8 1	3 <u>9</u> .	29	0			
21	Mymensing					11	U	10 (	1					1	1		22 8	1	1	•	1				
22	Sylhet*																								
23	Cachar*				•••	8	14	8 14	s   0	2				14_8	3 14	8	16 0	20	0 2	0 0	26	10		1	
24	Chittagong*		•••			9	0	9 (	0 10	0				14	١		17 0	1	- 1		1	0			
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- Return for week ending 31st January received after the publication of the last Gazette.

  Return not received.

  Price of best rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 10-8 to 12-4 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 13 seers per rupee.

  Carse rice is sold at 14 seers per rupee.

  Che price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-4 to 12-8 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.

  In the interior only.

- D In the interior only.

  E The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 9 to 13 seers per rupee.

  F Old rice at 8 seers, and new rice at 10 seers per rupee.

## gadermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 14th February 1874.

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Hill Tipperah.	8 0	7 8	7 2				10 6	8 4	0	8				•				

G Price of common rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 12 to 14-8 seers per rupee.

H The price of best rice in the several sub-divisions ranges from 12-4 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 12-7 to 17 seers per rupee.

I The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 6 to 10 seers and of common rice from 10 to 16 seers per rupee. At Kurscong lesser millet and maize at 12 and 4 seers respectively, and at Kalempong maize at 40 seers per rupee.

The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 17 to 20 seers and of common rice from 19 to 22 seers per rupee.

The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 15 to 17-4 seers and of common rice from 16 to 21 seers per rupee.

The price of common rice at the principal grain marts ranges from 16 to 24 seers per rupee.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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CALCUTTA,

The 17th February 1874

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9-4 to 9-12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers per rupee, and of lesser millets from 13 to 17 seers.
 In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8-8 to 10-8 seers, and of common rice from 10-8 to 12 seers per rupee.
 The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 13-8, and common rice from 9 to 14 seers per rupee, and lesser millets from 11 to 17 seers per rupee.

### intricts of Bengal on the 14th February 1874 .- (Continued.)

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P In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 10, and of common rice from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.
Q In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 7 to 11-8, and of common rice from 8 to 13 seers per rupee.
R In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 10 to 13, and of common rice from 11 to 15 seers, and make from 15 to 20 seers per rupee.
8 In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 12-8 to 16, and of common rice from 13 to 18 seers per rupee.

### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 14th February 1874.

1	No.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BE	NGAI			
	1	Western Districts.  Burdwan, 16th* Feb. 1874	-11	Nearly two inches of rain fell at Cutwa over one inch at Boodbood, 15 inches at Culna, but none at Jehanabad or Raucegunge. The cold weather crops are doing well Prices rising. Small-pox still prevalent in the Rancegunge sub-division. Fever as before.
	2	Bancoorah, 14th ., .,	Nil	Mornings forgy; fine in the day. An earthquake passed south-westwards at 7-30 P.M. of the 13th February. The late rain injured the standing sugarcane and the crops lying cut, but has done good in moistening the earth for ploughing, and the burnt-up grass looks green again. A few cases of cholera reported.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 14th ", "	Nil	Fine; mornings frequently foggy; slight shock of earthquake on Friday evening at Soory. Prospects of coming season and of winter crops, wheat, pulses, and vegetables good; grazing lands, sugare me, and mulberry benefited by the recent rains; ploughing, manuring, and top-dressing busily proceeding; indigo sowings advanced. Tanks being dug in many places. No danger of any serious distress in the district if the weather continues favorable. Exportation by rail upcountry 5,776 maunds. Prices show a tendency to fall.
Вовы	4	Midnapore, 14th ,, ,,	0.21	Changeable weather. Partial showers of rain of frequent occurrence. Prospects greatly improved owing to the rain. Standing crops are on the whole somewhat improved, but the prospects of the future crops of mulberry, indigo, and ans or early rice crop are so much improved as greatly to better the general condition of the people and make the landlords and mahajuns much more willing to assist them. Sunshine is now wanted.
	5	Hooghly, 14th ", "	•53	Three days cloudy in the week; nearly half an inch of rain fell. Wind variable, west, north-west, south, and easterly. The occasional rain will give drinking water for some time; lands are being ploughed for next rice crop.
		Howrab, 14th ,, ,,		Weather much warmer. A thunder-storm with rain on the night of the 13th February. All crops in the ground (including boro rice) reported to be doing unusually well, and to have benefited greatly by the rain. Cholera still in the town.
		Central Districts.		•
DIVISION.	6   	24-Pergunnahs, 17th† Feb. 1874.	0.89	Warm at the beginning of the week; sky overcast on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday; on that night some rain fell throughout the district. The sugarcane and vegetable crops have been improved by the rain. Peas and pulses are being gather d. Land is being fast prepared for the next early rice crop. Fever abating in Basirhat, Bariepore, and Barrackpore. A few cases of cholera reported from Thannahs Hasnabad, Bhangor, Areada, Kaligunge, Bankipore, and Muthoorapore. It has disappeared from on abated in Nyhatty, Barrackpore, and Bariepore. Some small-pox reported from Nowabgunge and north suburban town.
PRESIDENCY	7	Nudden, 14th Feb. 1874.	0.23	Warm and damp. Unusually cloudy. Rain has generally fallen. Damage was done by hail in a few places on the 1st February. In other respects the crops, with the exception of those which had ripened or had been cut, but not thrashed when the rain fell, have greatly improved. Clear and dry weather is now required. Price of commonest rice is generally a little less than it was before the rain.
	   8	Jessore, 14th ""	-05	Cloudy and rather warm with a south-westerly wind. The rain has somewhat injured part of the Baron amunulate rice, that is the portion of the late rice crop which grows on the low grounds which is still heaped on the fields unthrashed. The boro rice is doing well; land is being prepared for teel (oil-seed) and for the early rice. The prices of food-grains fluctuate with an upward tendency. The fluctuations are in part due to the difficulty of unbusking and bringing to market in consequence of the unseasonable weather, and partly to the demand for exportation.
DIVISION	9	Moorshedabad, 14th ., "	0.10	A very slight rainfall in the station on the night of the 13th February and was cloudy on the 14th. The weather has been somewhat close. The cold weather crops continue to improve, and ploughing still affords employment to many of the labouring classes. From Nowada it is reported that holders of paddy are opening their stores and lending grain to the people. Prices have accordingly fallen slightly in that place. The district is free from cholera at present, but small-pox is on the increase. The latest reports show that 386 persons are suffering from the disease.
RAISHAHYE DIVISION.	10	Dunage pore, 14th ", ",	-22	There have been some showers of rain throughout the district. Mustard has been nearly all gathered; there has been a fair crop on the whole. Planting out of boro paddy nearly completed; the crop will be earlier than usual. Preparations for bhadoi (early) sowings being pushed on. Cholera, which had appeared in a few places, disappeared since the rain.
		Muldah, 14th ,, ,,	0.03	Cloudy and sumpy alternately; slight rain, with thunder and lightning, on the night of the 13th February, and threatening rain at the close of the week. Cold weather crops and boro paddy flourishing. Mustard reaped and yielded a fair average crop. The numbers seeking employment in relief works in the northwest tract (Khurbah) daily increasing. Prices easier this week.

^{*} Telegram of the 16th February received on the same day, *Shows rainful during the seven days immediately preceding.

⁴ Report of the 17th Eth nary received on the same day. Shows rainful during the seven days immediately preceding.

1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfull at Sudde Station is inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the grops, and
BE:	MGA	Tr(Contd.)		
		* Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
ontd.)	12	Raishahye, 14th Feb 1874.	·30,	There was slight rain all over the district on one day, and at Singra, Pootea an Nattore it rained on two days. On the night of the 13th there was a shar storm at Beauleah—wind and rain accompanied by thunder and lightning. The col weather crops have been generally much improved by the rain, but some littingury has been caused to khesaree and urbar pulses and peas. Boro paddy doing well and is being transplanted; ploughing is going on vigorously. Price of rice are falling in several parts of the district.
MAJSHAHIE DIVN(Confd.)	13	Ruugpore, 14th Feb. 1874	0.35	Weather much warmer, but continues cloudy and storms threatening. Winter crop are generally favorable. Pulses and wheat are getting on, but more ram will probably damage them, and the wheat, it is feared, will be caten by insects. The tobacco has in some places been cut up by hail, but is generally good. A large breadth of ground has been prepared for spring rice, but sowing is delayed on account of the wetness of the soil.
	14	Bograh, 14th ", ",	-26	Rain fell on the night of the 13th February and cloudy afterwards. The rain that has already fallen has done great go d to mulberry. It has also benefited the springerops, but no more rain is wanted for some time. Sugarcune is being cut still Yield may be 13 annas. Motor, khesaree, and moosoor pulses and gram getting on fairly well. Hemp in Satiakandy is being reaped.
ί	15	Pubna, 14th .,		The weather is warm for the time of the year, but is very favorable for the crop and for agriculture. Heavy rain feil at Pubna on the morning of the 14th February. The cold weather crops have been much improved by the previous rain and are doing well. The kaun and cheena (millets) oultivation is also looking well, and has been largely extended to meet the demand for cheap coarse food. The jally paddy is being planted, and will be all in the ground by the and of this month (Falgoon). The boro paddy is still being transplanted, but the transplanting is almost finished. The general prospects of the district are improved.
	16	Dargeeling, Jith ,.	0.16	Rainy during the first part of the week, latterly sunshing and windy. The raine bave done much good to the spring crops; slight damage, however, has been done to the kalai (pulse) and mustard. The prices are nearly the same as last week. No actual distress yet appreent.
	17	Juipigoree, 11th ,, ,,	-02	Early part of the week cold and cloudy; last few days much milder, still cloudy; in fact it has been and still is unusually cloudy for the time of the year. Ploughing for early paddy crop going on; much more land than usual is being prepared. Tobacco promises very well. Potatoes and other vegetables very good. Sugarcane very good. Land being prepared for jute and sugarcane. The late rain has been most beneficial, and everything looks well for the next rice crop. Prices of rice vary, at some places very dearer, at others cheaper, but all round much the same as last week. No distress in the district. General health good.
į		Cooch Behar, 1 tth ,,  Eastern Districts,	Nil (	Youdy up to Wednesday; there was a drizzling on that day. Fair from Thursday. No change since last week; some crops will be injured it more rain falls during this month. Wheat has been already injured a little
ſ	18	Ducca, 17th* Feb. 1871	0.2	Rain on two days, rest fine. Prospects of crops good. The alternate rain and sunshine has been very beneficial.
	19	Furreedpore, 14th Feb. 1874.	0.75	The weather throughout the week was unsettled; there were heavy fegs on Tuesday and Wednesday, which lasted up to a late hour in the forenoon of the latter day, it was very cloudy during both those days, and on Friday forenoon the weather was heavy and threatening, but the clouds dispersed in the afterzoon after a slight drizzle. On Saturday morning a slight thunder storm passed over Furreedpore accompanied by the smart shower of rain which listed for upwards of an hour; three fourths of an inch fell, but the rain do s not seem to have been general. The cloudy weather during the week has seriously damaged the pulses generally. Wheat and barley remain as last week, but the melon tribes have improved, and ploughing is steadily getting on all over the country. Price of coarse rice has risen everywhere in consequence of the large purchases made by private persons, managers of estates and others. There were a few cases of cholera at Goalundo among coolies passing to tea districts.
2	<b>2</b> 0   13	Backergunge, 7th Feb. 1874.	1·19 W	Teather variable, sometimes cold and sometimes damp and depressing. Prospects fair. The rain has done good to the kalai pulse, &c., but has injured the teel (oil-seed) and pepper crops. Except in Dakhin Sh (bazpore, there is not much cold weather crop in this district.
2	1 N	lymensing, 14th Feb. 1874.		he weather generally throughout the week has been stormy and cloudy; heavy fogs in the mornings and an unusually low temperature. On the morning of the 14th there was a storm with high wind and heavy rain. There are signs of more rain in the sky. In the north-west of the district the rain of the 14th February was accompanied by a severe hail storm. The rain of the pist week has done as much harm as good in the district. The hail has injured the tobacco and vegetables, and rain is not now wanted for the born rice crop. In the fields which have been ploughed for the ansi or early rice sowings a crop of weeds is springing up in consequence of the rain. Prices of food-grains are very nearly the same as last week, but show rather a tendency to rise. It more rain should fall, the price of food may be expected to be higher next week. The district is generally healthy.

[•] Te egram of the 17th February received on the same day | Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches	state of health at date.
BENGA	Li. — (Contd.)		
	Eastern Districts — (Contd)	  -	
ž ( 22	Sylhet		  Return not received.
DACCA DITY	Cachar, 7th Feb. 1874	1.35	Very pleasant weather. No change in the prospects of the unimportant cold weather crops. Rice is still at Rs. 2 per maund in the space and less at Hylakandy.
	Chittagong, 7th ",,	-46	Getting warmer. Rain fell in the station on the 6th February, and looks like more rain. The fall was not enough to have much effect. Cold weather crops continue to promise well.
DIT. 25	Nonkhally, 7th ,, ,,	·88	Cloudy and rainy. Frequent showers of rain have facilitated opening up the ground for the spring crops. Reports of the growing crops are favorable. Subsequent report shows a further rainfall of 0.71 inches.
CHITTAGONG DITN.	l'ipperah, 7th " "	·83	It has rained six days out of the seven, the temperature fell considerably in consequence. The rain has dang good to the cold weather crops and to the boro paddy; the cultivation of the latter having much increased in consequence of the stimulus given by high prices. The price of rice has risen since the last report. Further rainfall of 88 inches till the 14th instant since reported.
27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 7th Feb. 1874.	-38	Slight fall of rain on the 6th February, afterwards cloudy. The mustard has been nearly gathered. The yield is about the average. The hillmen have begun to clear lands for their joomscultivation.
BEHAR	Hill Tipperah, 7th Feb 1874.	-48	Slight showers of rain on the 1st, 2nd, and 5th February. Weather cloudy with occasional breaks of sunshine Ploughing in the plains for the early sowings has commenced here and there Prices unchanged.
28	Patna, 16th* Feb. 1874	Nil	Weather seasonable. The rain of last week has done much good to the crops, especially to wheat, barley, and oats; some of the crops, such as mussoor (pulse), peas and gram are being harvested, which affords labor to the poor. Health of the district good.
PATRA DIVISION.	Gya, 14th ,, ,.	Nil	Cool. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. The lete rain had done much good to them. In some parts, the mussoor (pulse) is being gathered. Report from the Jehanabad sub-division shows that from the 31st January till 6th February, about an inch of rain fell at Jehanabad and the same at Arwal, but at Kinjar and some five miles on each side of the Poonpoon the fall was heavy and must have reached some four inches at least. At Wahedad and the neighbourhood (in Arwal) and also in the direction of Barabar Hills rain has also fallen to the extent of some three inches. In these tracts the ryots are actively engaged in breaking up the laud and in sowing cheena (millet).
30	Shahabad, 14th ., ,,	Nil	A slight fall of rain in Sasseram, '34 inches. The weather generally during the week has been clear, and there is now a strong west wind blowing. Further reports show that, as a whole, the cold w ather crops have been much benefited by the rain of the week before last. On the low dearah lands, close to the Ganges, the gram has been injured, having run to leaf and stalk without the grain forming. The boro paddy in some places was flooded. No further cases of cattle diseases reported from the Rhotas and Sasseeram Pergunnahs.
31	Tirhoot, 14th ,, `,,		Clear with westerly wind prevailing. In the Madhubani sub-division, cheena (millet) and moon, (pulse) were reported to have been sown in considerable quantities, but the sub-divisional officer reports that he has just returned from a tour in the north and west, and saw very little cultivation of any kind. The recent rain is reported to have done little good, it came too late and the rahur (pulse) did not profit by it.  In Sectamarhi there was on the 6th instant a rainfall of 1·10 inches which has benefited the spring crops. On the 11th there was a passing shower in some villages to the north of Sectamarhi, and people have been seen emigrating in small numbers from the northern perguanahs, Kunowli, Mohind, and Parcarpur, to places lower down where there was a better crop, and party from Kunowli pergunnah said "we are leaving 'akal-ka mooluck,' the famine tract."  In Hajepore sub-division the late rains, as already reported, have materially benefited the crops. If there be no frost now, the cold weather crops will be safe for at least a ten-anna crop.  In the Durbhungah sub-division the mustard has ripened in some places and is ripening in others. The state of the rahur (pulse) is the same as in last week. People are sowing cheena (millet)  In the Tajpur sub-division everything looks much fresher for the recent rains, especially the late-sown wheat and barley. The early wheat and barley, which having got into ear before the rain, has not been so much benefited, so far as grain is concerned, will, by reason of the rain, yield more fodder for cattle which is an important consideration. First entitings of tobacco commenced. The ryots complain that bayers are not coming in as in ordinary years. Much land has been sown with moong (pulse), cheena, and kowni (millets) and everywhere cultivation has been going on.  The rain has benefited the cold weather crops in the sudder sub-division, but by the frost of the previous week, the rahur (pulse) was unfortunately much daugaged in certain trac's, especially round about Turk

· 1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
T) T/	Y! A T?	.—(Contd.)		
PATEM DIVISION.—(Conid.)		Sarner, 14th Feb. 1874	Nil	Cold and dry weather, east and west winds. The recent rain has been of immens benefit to the crops, which have improved so wonderfully that an outturn a eight annas all round or even more may possibly now be obtained; while sowing of cheena (millet) are also being largely undertaken. On unirrigated land however, without more rain the cheena crop cannot come to anything. The prospects of the crops are best in the Darowlie and Dighwarah thannahs, and worst in the Bassuntpore, Mushruk, Barowlee, and Baragaori thannas. The damage by frost is now believed to have been exaggrerated in many parts of the district. Pens and mustard are being harvested in places. Popoly in flower Wheat, barley, and gram doing well. Rabur (pulse) in some places has reached maturity, and in some is in full blossom or giving out pods. Indigo seed in som of the factories is being put in the ground. Prices of barley, Indian-corn, an gram have slightly risen.
į	33	Chumparun, 14th " "	Nil	West winds. No material change to report; the late rain has, as was anticipated been of much benefit to the cold weather crops. The average outturn will, it anticipated be about a six-anna crop. The ryots are busy for the spring crop. The rabur (pulse) has suffered considerably from the frost.
) ا نو	31	Monghyr, 14th ,, .,	Nil	Slight showers on Friday night. Generally strong westerly winds by day, an weather sensibly warmer. The rain noticed in list return has done a great det of good. The prospects of the cold weather crops are now very favorable.
ORE DIV	35	Bhaugulpore,17th*,, ,,	Nil	Weather unusually warm. Prospects of the cold weather crops very favorable Price of rice in Mudhupurah rising. A few cases of small-pox reported from Fanka; health otherwise good.
BHATGULFORE DIVE.	36	Purneah, 14th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather fair. The prospects of the cold weather crops are excellent everywhere the gram is looking particularly well. The late rain has enabled people to ploug and sow cheena and kowni (millets) and early rice (jamira). In the south new Munihari prices have kept much the same, but everywhere else they have rise fast.
į	37	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 14th Feb. 1874.	Nil	Cloudy and threatening rain during part of the week, latter part clear and col again. No change in the state and prospects of the crops since last week.
OR	ISSA.			
!	38	Cuttack, 17th* Feb. 1871.	•40	Weather cool. Spring crops promising well. Public health good.
ORISSA DIVISION.	<b>3</b> ษ์	Pooree, 7th Feb. 1874	1.	Cool and cloudy, with occasional showers of rain and strong wind. The harve of the late rice crop has been nearly completed. The outturn is very fair. Birl and koolthi (pulses) have been gathered to an extent of nearly seven-eighthe the whole with a good outturn. White moong (pulse) plants are growing very well. The result and prespect of the cold weather crops are on the whole fair. The sowings of the dalux rice crop are well advanced and growing up well. Nearly fifteen-sixteenth of the sugarcane crop has been gathered with a good outturn. Cotton plants are growing up well. Mango is in blossom, but indifferent owing to the rain. Jack fruits are promising. The rain which hat fallen has not injured any grain crops, and has accelerated the tilling of the lands preparatory to cultivation of the ensuing puddy crops, besides being beneficial to the cold weather and dalux crops. Purchases of grain for export continue on a moderate scale and prices are stationary. Public health on the whol good, except that fever has prevailed to some degree.
	40	Balasore, 11th ", "	·40	Weather warmer; rain with thunder on the night of the 13th February. The pulse have yielded well; castor-oil and other oil-seed crops are excellent. The amoun however of spring crops in this district is quite insignificant. The prospects i pergunnah Soso are improved. Except two cases of cholera and some small-pocases, public health otherwise good.
AS	SAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS,		
		South-West Frontier Agency.		
	41	Hazareebaugh, 7th Feb. 1874.	3.14	Heavy rain during the first half of the week. The cold weather crops have bee undoubtedly benefited by the rain. The wheat, barley, and gram on the west of the district have been saved from destruction. The rain however came so lat that the crops lost much of the beneficial effect that would have been expecte if it had fallen a fortnight earlier. The rain has however been general, and ha enabled the cultivators to plough the whole of their lands. The prices ar however very high, higher even than last week, being under 13 seers for the commonest rice. In some parts of the district however rice was before the rain selling at 11 seers, and it fell, immediately the rain burst, to 13 seers. The sam rain however, which has benefited the wheat and gram, has undoubtedly increase jungle produces and food for the cattle. Tanks too are filled, and the country canow last, until the ordinary lesser rains, as regards water. Hail has done som damage to the poppy crop, but nothing has been reported as affecting the mown and unango prospects for harm. Altogether, though prices are very high, the prospects of the district have improved since last report.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and
СНОТА	NAGPORE—(Contd.)	İ	
•	South-West Frontier Ayency.—(Contd.)		•
42	Lohardugga, 14th Feb. 1874.	Nil	Weather bright with high winds. What crops there are in the sudder sub-division have been much benefited by the rain of last week; the lands are everywhere being prepared for the next crop. There was heavy rain at Palemow on the 4th and 5th February, since which the weather has been fine; a small portion of the more advanced crops have suffered to some extent, but the less advanced, which form the greater area, will benefit largely, provided there is no more rain. A few cases of small-pox have been reported, principally from the Palamow sub-division.
43	Singbhoom, 7th Feb. 1874	3.66	Up to the 6th February the weather was heavy, damp, and cloudy; bright and clear on the 7th. There has been abundant rain all over the district. This rain will do a world of good to such crops as rahur and moosoori (pulses and gram) which are now on the ground. It will also prove of the utmost benefit in enabling the people to plough and prepare their lands.
44	Maunbhoom, 14th " "	Nil.	Warm during the week, with fogs in the mornings, but cooler on the 14th February after the slight shower of rain which fell on the night of the 13th with high wind. Good fall of rain reported from Gobindpore sub-division. No change in the prospects since last week; bright and sunny weather is wanted for the mohwa crop, which much more rain would seriously injure. Some cases of small-pox reported from Gobindpore sub-division.
SSAM a	ND ADJACENT HILLS.		
45	Goalparah, 7th Feb. 1871	1.06	Cloudy throughout the week with occasional sunshine; heavy rain on the 1st and 6th February. In Dhoobree 63 inches of rain during the week. The rain will do much good to the cold weather crops and to the land under preparation for the aus or early rice crops. Public health good.
46	Kamroop		Return not received.
47	Durrung, 7th ,, ,,	0.55	Very unsettled, chilly days, direction of wind constantly changing. Prospects of the spring crops good.
48	Nowgong, 7th ,, ,,	0.49	Weather cloudy and damp during the past week. Rain fell last Sunday all day and again last night; it has been general all over the district, and has done immense good and prepared the hard ground for the plough.
<b>4</b> 9	Seebsaugor, 7th " "	1.66	Weather cold and cloudy. There was rain almost every day in the week. The crops now on the ground have benefited much by the late rain, which has also enabled preparations to be made for the forthcoming aus or early rice crop. The weather has also been favorable for tea.
<b>5</b> 0	Luckimpore, 7th ,, ,,	0.74	The whole week was gloomy and cold. Several showers. The mustard zeed crop is a good one on the churs and middling on the main land. Preparation of the land for the aus or early rice crop commenced. No further report of cholera received. Public health good,
51	Naga Hills		Return not received.
52	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 7th Feb 1874.	1.81	The weather has been rainy throughout the week, and rain has fallen every day more or less. The cultivators are busy preparing their lands for spring sowings. There are no crops standing. The food-grains at the markets continue to be plentiful. Rice, common sort, selling from 11 to 15 seers per rupes.
53	Garo Hills, 7th Feb. 1874	3.47	Cloudy and cold with frequent showers of rain throughout the week. Hailstones fell on the 3rd instant. The rain is unseasonable and interferes with jooming operations.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 17th February 1874. R. Knight,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rain-fall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

2005					1 9 6	. 0 -			1
Ħ.	District		STAT	on,	Rain from 25tlr to 31st January 1874.	Rain from 1st to 7th February 1874.	RATI	FROM 18T	Remarks.
DIVISIOR.					Rain fi to 314	Rain 1874 1874 Rain f 7th		Up to date.	· ,
DEN	GAL.				1				
Dur	WESTERN DIST				Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	'	٠,	Burdwan		1.20	3.94	5.11	7th Feb.	
		Ĵ	Culua		1 1.17	4·10 3·98	5'93 5'15	ditto.	
	Burdwan	}	Bood-Bood Rancegunge	•••	1.14	3.18	4.33	ditto.	
		l	Jehanabad	***	0.70	5.21	<b>5</b> .91	ditto.	
	Bancoorah	•••	Bancoorah	•••	1.45	2.71	4.16	ditto.	
ei.	Beerbhoom		Scoree		0.53	3.28	4.12	ditto.	
BURDWAR.		ſ	Midnapore		1:59	2.53	3 82	ditto.	
<b>E</b>	Midnapore	}	Tumlook Gurbetta	•••	1.20	5°42 4°00	6·17 6·50	ditto	
. 🛱		ļ	Contai { Dy. Co	مااس <i>ا</i> در ∩دد مه	1 0.73	5 48 5 19	6°23 6°18	ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
	Hooghly	ç	Hooghly		0.04	3.28	4.43	ditto.	
	Hoognly.	Į	Serampore		1 0.54	3 83	4.39	ditto.	
	Howrah	•••	Howrah		0.22	3.26	3.81	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTE	RICTS.							
		٢	Saugor Island	•••	1.20	2.50	3.70	ditto.	
		- 1	Calcutta		0.71	3·35 3·31	4·06 4·26	ditto.	
		- 1	Ampore { Jail		0.95	3.27	4.22	ditto.	
	24-Pergunnahs	₹	Busseerhaut Buraset		0.61	1·2·4 3·46	1:96 4:07	ditto.	
1			Diamond Harbour Barripore		0:40	2·72 1·70	3·12 2·11	ditto	
		- 1	Satkherah	••• •••	0.34	2.17	2.21	ditto. ditto.	
	1	l	Barrackpore Dum-Dum		0.83	4·32 2·27	4·67 2·90	ditto.	
Presidency.		ſ	Kishnaghur		1.27	1.37	561	ditto.	
			Bongong Mcherpore	••• •••	0.43	1°88 3°27	2°31 3°80	ditto	Not rec. 11th to 17th Jan:
Pan	Nuddea	í	Choondangah		0.83	3 98	4.81	ditto.	
		l	Kooshteah Ranaghat		1.05 2.85	2.46 2.23	3·51 5·38	ditto. ditto.	
		(	Јевноге		2.23	2.25	4:47	ditto.	
	Jessore		Nurrail Khoolnea		2·17 1·80	2·06 2·82	4 23 4 62	ditto. ditto.	
	0 000010	···}	Jenadah Bagirhaut	•••	0.40 1.50	3·09 1·87	4·63 3·07	ditto.	
		į	Magoorah		0.89	2.82	3.73	ditto. ditto.	
			Berhampore Ramporchaut		1·10 0·76	1.88 2.37	2·98 3·13	ditto,	
ſ	Moorshedabad		City Moorshedabad	***	0.88	1.94	2.82	ditto. ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
- 1		- 11	Jungipore Azimgunge	•••	0.23	1.47 1.90	1 73 2 64	ditto. ditto.	
1		9	Lalgolla		0.40	1.64	2.09	ditto	Received up to 6th . Feb.
	Dinagepore	•••	Dinagrpore		0.10	1.80	1.73	ditto.	
	Maldah	•		•	0.48	1.19	1.74	ditto.	
RAJSHAHYE.	Rajshahye	{	Reauleah Nattore	•••	0:30 1 80	2·24 1·80	2.69 3.41	ditto.	
7		(	Rungpore	,	3.80	1.20	5.00	ditto.	
	Rungpore	{	Bhowanigunge Titalya	•••	1·10 1·20	0.82	2.08 2.02	ditto.	
	Bograh		Bograh		2.49	5.40	7.89	ditto.	
Į	Pubna	{	Pubna		0.55	1.42	2.17	ditto.	
			Serajgunge		1.12	0.' ,	2.02	ditto.	
ا .	Darjeeling	••	Darjeeling { Teleg	raph Office	Not rec. Nil	Not rec. 084	081	ditto.	
Break.	Julpigoree	S	Julpigoree Fallacotta		1.18	0.76	1.94	ditto.	
#\ 		·{	Bodah		0.71 1.30	1·19 082	2·10 2·12	ditto	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Jan.
C000H	Cooch Behar Tribe	utary	Cooch Behar		1:40	0.00			
-	Bhutan Dooars		D	•	1.40	0.63	2.03	ditto.	
	Andre Andre	***	Duxa,	***	0.48	Not rec.	0.46	31st Jan.	
								<del></del>	

	, Deserve-	S-1-1		ain from 25th to 31st January 1874.	om 1st		PROM 18T	Remarks.	
Division.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	·	Rain fro to 31st 1874.	Rein from 1st to 7th February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	NEBABAN	
BENG	AL—(Continued.)			Inches.	Inches.		1874.		
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Daces & Telegraph Office		0.71	1:38	3.30	7th Feb.	, '	
(	Dacca }	Dacca Hospital Moonsheegunge Manickgunge		0°69 0 70 0 76	1·33 0·94 1·83	2 21 1·75 2·72	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Furreedpore {	Furreedpore Goalundo		0°81 0°63	1 93 3 70	3:08 4:68	ditta,		
Dacca.	Backergunge	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patuakhally Dowlatkhan		1°01 0°70 1°14 0°28 0°70	1·14 0·61 1·16 0·29 1·15	2 15 1:31 2:30 0:57 1:85	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.	
	Mymensing {	Mymensing Janualpore Attenh Kishoregunge	::- ::-	1·14 1·00 0·31 1·80	3°03 2 52 2°05 2°45	4·17 3·52 2·18 4·48	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	·	
Ī	Sylhet	Sylhet		1.81	1.34	3.12	ditto.		
l	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah		1·22 ·175 Not rec.	1°35 Not rec. ditto	2:39 2:69 Nil	ditto. 31st Jan ditto.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan	
ſ	Chittagoug {	Chittagong { Telegraph Office } Jail	в	Nil ditto ditto	0:10 0:46 Not r _{ic} e.	0 40 0 46 0 05	7th Feb. ditto. 31st Jan.	-	
ONG.	Noakhally	Noakhally,		0.21	0.86	1 10	7th Feb.		
Ситтавомо.	Tipperah {	Comillah Brahmanbariah		1.08 0.87	0:66 0:67	1.78 1.61	ditto.		
٦	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatce Hill		0.50	0.33	0.28	ditto.		
J	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah		1.10	0.18	1.92	ditto.		
BEH	Patna	Patna Behur Bath Dinapore { Jail Cantonment		0·04 0·45 0·29 Nil 0·25	0.58 1.82 · 1.05 0.50 0.32	1:04 2:27 1:34 0:80 0:77	ditto. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.		
	' <b>Gya</b> {	Gva Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad		1:27 0:60 1:09 0:15	1·25 1·86 0·17 0·89	2:52 2:16 1:36 1:06	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan	
PATMA.	Shahabad	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah		0:18 0:60 Nil 0:14	1:00 1:04 1:00 0:57	1:31 1:70 1:00 1:01	ditto, ditto, ditto ditto.	Not rec, 11th to 17th Ja	
P	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Du bhangah Hajeepore Mudhubani Seetamaree Tajpore		Nil ditto 0 01 0 03 Nil ditto	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto 0°10	0°19 0°19 0°38 0°03 Nil 1°00	31st Jan. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto 7th Feb.		
	Sarun {	Chuprah Sewan		Nil ditto	0 87 0 77	0.80 1.00	ditto.		
-	Champarun . {	Motechari       Bettiah	:::	Nil Nil	1·10 1·06	1·10 1·10	ditto. ditto.		
1	Monghyr {	Monghyr Begooserai Jamooie	:::	0°28 0°28 2°45	1.24 0.96 1.02	1.64 1.27 3.62	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
I.PORE.	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopool Mudheypoorah Banka Sanborsa		0 25 0 14 Nil 0 79 0 09	1:39 0:83 0:94 1:10 1:09	1.72 1.00 1.04 2.26 1.42	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
Вилиецгови.	Purneah	Purneah Kishengunge Arrareah		0°04 0°64 0°36	1:57 1:20 1:95	1:61 1:81 2:31	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
Вн	Sonthal Pergunnahs<	Deoghur Juntara Rajmehal Maheshpore Nya-Doomka Godda		0·20 Not rec, 0·20 Not rec, 0·11 0·50	2:11 *Not rec. ditto ditto 1:85 2:10	2 31 0 20 1 96 2 60	ditto. 31st Jan. 7th Febralitto.		

				m Z5th Jaunar	Pebruar		FROM 18T RY 1874.	Remarks.
DIVISION.	District.	STATION.		Rain from 25th to 31st Jauflary 1874.	7th February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	11222
riss	SA.			1	nches.		1874.	•
TOTA-		Cuttack { Telegraph Office		1.83	1.10	3.23	7th Feb.	
_		Jajipore Hospital	:::	0.80	1.83	3.69 5.80	ditto.	
ſ	Cuttack	Kendrapara		1.30	Nil 0:60	1:30	ditto.	
-		Jugatungpore False Point	:::	0.20	0.00	1.68	ditto.	
٠,١	١.	7		0.66	1.00	1 66	ditto.	
ORIMBA.	Pooree	Poorce		0.45	1.54	1.99	ditto.	
9				0:33	3.07	3.40	ditto.	
		Balasore     Bhuddruck		1.77	3 68	5.45	ditto.	
ĺ	Balasore	Jellasoro		2·90 0 77	2·71 0·83	5·61 1·59	ditto.	
		Sorah Chandbally		0.45	1.19	1 64	ditto.	
	Cuttack Tributary Meh	7		Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	10th Jan.	
,	Courack Interest Among	Sambarpoze						
	CHOTA NAGPORE		1					
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY							
	F BON 1122 CLULA	( Jail		0.78	2.01	3.70	7th Feb.	
	Hazareebaugh	Hazareebaugh   Dispensar	ry	0.86	3 09	3.92	ditto.	
	12.000.000.00	Pachumba		0.32	2 95	3.33	ditto.	
	Loharduggah	Ranchee		1:36	3·1 i 1·75	4·50 3·40	ditto.	
	Loharduggah	Palamow	•••	1.62	•	4.41		,
	Singbhoom		•••	0.77	3 64 2·67	4.71	ditto.	
	Mauubhoom	Purulia Gobindpore	•••	2.01 0.88	4.10	4.98	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACE HILLS	T						
	Goalparah	Goalparah		0.36	Not rec		31st Jan.	
	Goalparau	Dhoobree	•••	Nil	ditto	Nil	ditto.	
	Kamroop .	Gowhatty	•••	0.56	ditto 1.27	0.38	ditto. 7th Feb.	
		·   •	•••		Not rec	1	1	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Janua
	Durrung .	. { Tezpore Mungledye	•••	0.18	ditto	0.18	ditto.	
		Nowgong		0.50	ditto	0.24	ditto.	
		( Seebsaugor		1.32	ditto	2.32	ditto.	
	Seebsauger .	Golaghat		1 63	ditto	1 79	ditto.	
	29epsaugor .	Jorchaut Nazeorah	•••	1.31	ditto	1.17	ditto.	
				0.67	ditto	1.53	di'to.	
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur North Luckimpore	•••	0.00	ditto	1.35	ditto.	
	Ducampore	C Suddya	•••	1 1.44	ditto	2.90	ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		Not rec	ditto	1.00	21th Jan.	
	193	Shillong	•••	Nil	ditto	0.67	31st Jan.	
	Khasi and Jyntes Hills	n   Jaowai		0.31	ditto	0.63 Nil	ditto 21th Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan
		Cherrapoonjee	•••	1	ł	1		
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	i	3.47	5.61	7 h Feb.	
		Benares	•••	NT:1	Not rec	Nil Nil	24th Jan. 7th Feb.	
		Akyab	***	I MII	""	1 411	1111 2101	

CALCUTTA,

The 14th February 1874.

H. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

					Тинвы	METER.		Wini	·		1	, <i>y</i> = <del>-7.</del>
STATION.	Date.	Hour.	Burometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	Humi- dity, Sat. ==100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	('louds.	West init
-	Feb. 8th	16	30:055 29 936	30 074 29:955	69:0 75:0	61·8 61 4	61 41	N W W	2·8 4·6			<b>b b</b>
	9th	10	29.953 29.789	20°982 29°807	70°3	62 0 66 5	60 52	88 W 8 W	7.8	•••		8
į	10th	10 16	29 833 29 703	29·853 29 721	72·0 82·5	69·5 76·1	87 73	$\frac{s}{s}$	4.6 6.8	٠,,,	k	0
CALCUTTA.	11th	10	29 837 29:742	29.855 29.760	77.5 80.9	71·0 76·2	81 79	s w s s w	7·0 14·8	*	к .	scuds.
3	12th	10	59.810	20:024 20:527	7 - 3	710	80	w	6·5 5·1	•••	K K	, souds.
i	13th	10	29:809 29:993	30 015	· 710	75·5 62·2	68 57	W N E	4.9	•••		
l	14th	16 10 16	29 875 29 982 29 907	29 894 30° 01 29°925	71·1 72·0 77·7	65°2 69°5 68 0	59 87 59	ENE N	11'3 6'2 9'1	0·63	CS, C	0
ſ	8th	10 16	30 044 29 953	30·050 20·059	79	69	80 65	s	5·8 6·1	•••	N KS	b. m b, v
اہ	9th	14	29 972	29.978	70 73	63 67	71	W N W	2.7	•••		b, m
SAUGOR ISLAND.	10th	16	20:823 29:853	29:8:9	78 78	71 75	69 86	s s w	9.1	•••	Ks N	b, v
3	11th	10	29:744 29:879	29:750 29:885	81 79	71 76	59 86	* S	10 [.] 3		N N	b, scur
8)	12th	16 10	29 781 29 934	29 787 20:040	80	71	62 86	8	17 9	•••	N	b, m
SAU	13th	10	29.827	29 8 13	79 82	76 77	78	WSW SW	123		CS N	b, v
. !		16	29:986 21:895	29:992 29:901	78 79	64 73	48 73	ESE	3.5 9.0	0 <b>5</b> 0	N	b, • b, •
l	14th	16	29:993 <b>29</b> :919	29·999 29·925	71 78	70	81 61	N N W	13.0	0.60	N	m, o,
1	8th	10 1 <b>6</b>	29 992 29 876	30:087 20:970	69	60	56 81	NNE	3 8 8·1	•••		b, e
- 1	9th	10	29 20.4	29.999	75 69	71 62	65	WSW	39	•••	******	b, m
CHITTAGONG.	10th	10	29 774 2 18 16	29:868 29:930	75 73	62 64	44 59	WSW	7·5 4·9	•••	K, KS	b, w
١	11th	16 10	29 744 29 870	29:838 29:963	76 80	70 72	72 66	ESE	13·3 5·5	•••	K, ES K, KS	u, v
	12th	16 10	29.766 29.900	19 859 29 193	78 79	73 73	77 73	S W S W	19·7 8·0	•••	к, ск, кз	b, v, v
١٥	13th	16	20:815 29:918	29-903 30-011	79	73	73 78	s s w	13.5	 0:40	K, KS K, KS	b, v
i	14th	16	59.820	29.911	80 76	75 70	73	S S W	112		CK CK, K	b, m
į		18	29.855 29.855	30 021	72 70	68 67	80 84	ENE	4·8 7·1	0°90 1°00	N N	b, w, g
ſ	7th	10	29:974	30.004	84	74	60	S	5	•••	<b></b>	b, c
- 1	8th	16	29 876 30:002	29 906 30:032	82 81	71 71	66 60	ESE · E	7 3	•••	•••••	b b
ł	9th	16	29:901 30:01 <b>6</b>	29 931 30 046	63 83	71 73	63 60	SE by E	9 4		•••••	b, a
4	10th	16	20:815 2 ::044	29.875 29.974	83	72 72	56 62	SE by E S by W	9	•••	*****	b . b
MADRAS.	11th	16	29.781	29:814	81 83	71	63	SE	10		•••••	b, c
×	1	16	29°832	29°965 39°842	83 84	<b>73</b> <b>7</b> 0	60 43	, S SEby E	9	•••	•••••	b
i	12th	16	29992 29838	30 023 29 863	82 83	73 71	63	S by W	11   12	•••	•••••	b
l	13th	10 16	29.977 29.846	30°007 29°876	81 83	75 75	61 67	S by W S E	10	•••		b, c b
ſ	8th	10	29.974	30:058	74	<b>7</b> 0	81	NE	0.4		CK	8
İ	9th	16	29.777 29.894	29:859 29:978	83 75	64 69	30 72	WSW SW.	30	•••	••••••	<i>b</i>
1	10th	16	29.704 29.760	29 786 29 8 43	86 79	70 73	41 73	WNW SW	4·1 0·4	•••		8
CUTTACK.	11th	16 10	29 619 29 783	29:700 29:865	91 81	74 75	70 61	S W S W	87 5.7	•••	к	6
旨	12th	16 10	20.646	29.768	85	78	64	ss w	1.2	•••	C, N, K	8.
١	1	16	29·851 29·716	29:934 29:797	82 91	75 73	70 39	WSW	41	•••	K, N	6
j	13th	10	29:868 29:765	29:951 29:847	80 84	73 73	70 56	NNE ENE	2.0	••	CK, C N, C	
l	14th	10	29·936 29·830	30·019 29·915	77 65	72 60	77 73	w N w	3·1 5·1	 0.30	K, N, C	8 15
1	8th	10 16	30:020 29:901	30°042 29°926	77 78	66 68	• 53 57	N N W	2·5 9·1	•••	•••••	6
1	9th	10 16	29:961 29:832	29·983 29 85 4	74 75	65 65	59 55	W N W	4.4 8.6	•••	******	b
اي	10th	10	29·921 29·850	29 9 13 29 872	72 78	65	66 65'	NNESW	4·0 5·3	•••		8
AKYAB.	11th	10	29.980	30.003	77	70 70	68	ENE	1.6	•••	••••••	8
A	12th	16 10	20:872 30:003	29:894 30:030	81 76	73 71	68 77	S W E	1.7	•••	•••••	b
!	13th	16 10	29:886 30:010	29:908 30:032	82 80	72 73	59 70	S W E	5.0 2.2		******	8
ļ	14th	16 10	29 912 30:005	29 934 30:027	79 78	73 70	73 65	W E	8.0	•••	••••	b
1		16	29:899	29 921	82	70	59	w	6.0	•••		6

[·] Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

## Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 8th to 14th February 1874.

====		j.	Ter	BMONI	ITEL.			dew-	lity.	Wiw	D.	<del>-</del>		<del></del>	
Month	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	west reading.	Mar. solur radi.	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direc-	Mar. pressure.	Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	<b>СИМИНУ</b> С НЯМАНИЯ.
•			()	0		0	0	0			Tb.	Miles.	In.		
?eb	8th	29.973	75'5	58 ⁻ 5	130.7	66.4	60.7	56·1	0.21	W & W by N		86.3			Clear. Slightly foggy at 7 A.M. and from 9 to 11 P.M.
	¥th	.880	78.2	58.3	136-2	68.2	62.8	58.2	.72	WNW&		55.8		Œ	Cléar.
	10th	.765	83 [.] 7	654	138 8	73.4	70 [.] 5	68-2	·85	ss w		99-1	'		Clear and cumuli. Slight- ly log.y at 6 and 7 A.M.
	11th	·785	82.0	73.0	132.8	76.5	73.7	71.7	-86	SS W & S W	3 5	199·8	!		Overcast and cumuli. Brisk wind from 12 A.M. to 7 P.M.
	12th	-841	83.2	73.2	131.0	773	73.1	70 2	.80	SW&N by	}   ••	195.5			Overcast, comuliand clear.
	18th	.912	75· <b>4</b>	67:5	123.4	71.1	65.2	60.2	*71	NE&E by	·	128-1		•	Clear cirrocumuli and overcast. Ligatining at 114 P.M. Drizzled at 114 P.M.
	14th	921	77:7	67.0	129'5	71.2	66-6	62.9	·78	SE&•NW	3.0	158 4	0.03		Overcast, commuli and clear. Thunder and bail stones at 1 A M., lightning from undright to 5 A.M. Rain from midnight to 1 A.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower ram gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

an and the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the secon		25·4
The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	•••	_
The maximum temperature during the past seven days		83.7
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		86.5
The mean humidity during the past seven days		0.77
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year		0.60
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th {by lower rain gauge by anemometer gauge		0.63
by anemometer gauge		0.25
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.43
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 14th February		4.69
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty   revious years	•••	1.00

GOPERNAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Conservatory.

The 17th February 1574.

## Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

## NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st January 1874, on 271 miles open.

			1			
<b>\</b>	C	OACHING TRAFFIC.	MERCHAND	Total traffic		
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipts.	
		Rs. A. P. & s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Res A. P. & s. d.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	1,327	993 0 0 99 6 0	4,706 0	350 0° 0 85 -0 0	186 6 0	
Or per mile of railway	49	36 0 0 3 12 0	173 0	18 0 0 1 6 0	4 18 0	
*For previous 4 weeks of half-year .	4,553	3.636 0 0 363 12 0	20,332 0	1,495 0 0 149 10 0	513 2 0	
Total for 5 works COMPARISON.	5,852	4,629 0 0 462 18 0	25,038 0	1,845 0 0 184 10 0	647 8 0	
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	1,697	1,260 1 5 126 0 2	6,940 30	601 1 9 60 2 3	186 2 5	
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre-	62	46 8 10 4 12 6	251 28	22 0 11 2 4 1	6 16 7	
vious year	7,319	5,510 15 10 551 2 0	28,520 10	2,355 3 3 285 10 8	786 19 3	

## EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 31st January 1874, on 1584 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 3 weeks of half-year	40,617 260 100,9 <b>&gt;</b> 7	Rd. A. P.  27,228 0 0 172 0 11 78,508 12 3	2 s. d. 2,495 18 0 15 15 4 7,224 1 8	Mds. Srs. 120,500 0 752 0 365,915 7	Rs. A. P. 45,360 1 11 286 10 2 1,13,998 1 10	<b>&amp;</b> 8. d. 4,158 0 3 26 5 6 13,209 16 6	2 s. d. 6,653 18 3 42 0 10 20,433 18 2
Total for 5 weeks COMPARISON.	141,604	1,06,036 12 3	9,719 19 8	486, 115 7	1,89,358 3 9	17,367 16 9	27,087 16 5
Total for corresponding week of previous year	40,552 259	31,731 2 5 202 12 1	2,908 13 9 18 11 9	185,662 12 1,186 0	24,076 8 10 153 13 6	2,207 0 4 1 14 2 1	5,115 14 1 32 13 10
Total to corresponding date of previous year	146,949	1,20,771 4 8	11,070 11 1	598,984 0	1,04,736 13 10	9,600 17 6	20,671 11 7

## CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th February 1874, on 28 miles open.

				. <u>.</u>			
		Rs. A, P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ e. d.	£ s. d,
Total traffic for the week Or por mile of railway For previous 5 weeks of half-year	9,622 311 44,087	1,276 0 0 45 8 0 5,857 0 0	127 12 d 4 11 0 585 14 0	21,205 0 757 0 67,231 0	705 0 0 25 0 0 2,279 0 0	70 10 0 2 10 0 227 18 0	198 2 0 7 1 0 813 12 0
Total for 6 weeks	53,709	7,158 0 0	713 6 0	88,436 0	2,981 0 0	298 8 0	1,011 14 0
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	8,706	1,292 10 0	129 5 3	19,652 0	619 12 0	61 19 6	191 4 9
week of previous year	• 311	46 3 0	4 12 4	. 702 0	22 2 0	2 4 3	6 16 7
Total to corresponding date of previous year	51,657	7,421 8 0	742 3 1	129,900 0	4,140 4 0	411 0 6	1,156 3 7
			i	1		1	

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th Fudruary 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

Or nor mule of railway	7,218   1,67,336 4   150 11   7,29,434 14	3 15,339 3 2 8 11 19 8	Mds. Srs. 1,416,270 30 5,946,564 10	1	£ s. d. 55,975 17 6 43 14 8 230,598 19 2	2 s. d. 71,315 0 8 55 14 4 297,463 16 6
1000 1010 1010	0,255 8,96,771 8	0 82,201 0 6	7,362,835 0	31,26,270 14 9	286,574 16 8	368,778 17 \$
COMPARISON.	1	i .		1 1		
Total for corresponding week of previous year 11 Per mile of railway corresponding	0,370 1,58.788 4		772,977 20	3,85,204 € 9	35,310 7 5	49,865 19 3
	. 124 0 1	10 11 7 5		800 15 1	27 11 9	38 19 2
Tutal to corresponding date of pre-	2 263   8,73,217 14 1	80,014 19 7	4,217,260 20	21,49,788 8 6	197,063 19 0	277,106 18 7

[•] Its. 1,45,341-8 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by dovernment for this week.

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE

Approximate Return of Traffic for ucck ended 7th February 1874, on 2234 miles open

	Co	OCCUING TRAPPIC	VI (HANDISH AND I	Total traffic	
•	Number f	Coaching accepts	Weight carried.	Receipts	receipts.
6		ks A P & s d	Uds Srs Rs	AP E a d	2 s. d.
otal traffic for the week r per mic of r ulway or previous 4 weeks of half year	4 7°1 25 326	*1371, 8 0 1 00 " 9 (1 5 2 ;		11 6 2 303 0 6 6 7 10 6 1 5 0 8 821 16 11	3,563 4 8 15 18 10 14,273 8 10
Total for 5 w cks COMIARISON	30 077	73 16 11 6 (711 10 8	455 660 0 1 21,362	3 6 11,124 17 8	17,836 8 1
otal for corresponding vick of previous year or mile of railway are genuing week of praying view and additional management.	5 015	1° 3 2 9 7 14(3 4 9 °C 5 11 ) 6 6 0	70,412 0 21,797 97	15 \$ 1,998 2 11 8 6 8 18 10	3 406 7 <b>8</b> 15 4 10
previous year	27 _ 7	71 (-)7 12 10 (-83) 0 11	50 434 20 1 22 047	0 1 11 147 12 10	18,026 15 9

^{*} Rs 2.92 ildelen acc ut i sim itel promit nich fie aht on food grains due by Government for this week

## NALHATI SAATE RAILWAY

Approximate R to n of traffic for ne ' ended 7th Tebruary 1874, on 274 miles open

					-
	1	1 4 1 P	L s d Mils bra	Rs. A P	Csd Ls.d.
ctal traff for the week tyetheld tracks of or previous for weeks of his year	1 13 1	1 + 0 0	0° 12 0 0 0° 13 0 3 5 0 3.3 0 4:2 14 0 25 035 0	25 0 0	70 19 0 '63 10 0 2 13 0 6 0 0 84 10 0 647 8 0
Total for 6 weel a	7 150 1	5 ,, 0 0	55 10 0 34,431 0	2,554 0 0 2	810 18
COMINTION		1	1		
	1				
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# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 25, 1874.

## OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZRITE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of Siz Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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## RELIEF WORKS IN PART OF THE SHAHABAD DISTRICT.

THE Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to direct the publication of the correspondence noted below for the information of local officers, and their attention is invited thereto.

No. 1035, dated Fort William, the 19th February 1874.

Memo. from—Colonel J. E. T. Nicolls, R.E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

THE undersigned has the honor to forward for information the annexed extract (paragraphs 7, 8, 13 to 17, and 22) from a report of an inspection made by the Superintending Engineer of the Northern Circle, between the 7th and 13th instant, on relief works in part of the Shahabad District.

Extract from an Inspection Report No. 801, dated 14th February 1874, from the Superintending Engineer, Northern Circle, on Relief Works in part of the Shahabad District, between the 7th and 18th of February 1874.

PARA. 7. I remarked in driving along the line the good effects of the measures taken by Baboo Teeluck Sing, a Rajpoot of Barji, in October last; the rubbee crops, as far as the eye

'could reach on each side of the road, seemed, in splendid condition; water was still flowing into the excavations all along the road-side, and is being utilized in irrigation channels.

Mr. McNamara, the Executive Engineer, informs me that the zemindar, at a cos of about Rs. 400, had banked up the Durgowty River, and, with the aid of Rajputahs succeeded in irrigating a tract of land which Mr. McNamara estimates at 30,000 becgahs extending over twenty-six villages. I do not enter into details of the great benefit conferred on the people by Baboo Tceluck Sing, as I conclude the matter has been brought to the notice of Government by the civil authorities; but I am surprised that similar steps were not taken in other parts of the district to utilize running streams of a similar nature to the The benefit to the country would have been enormous. Durgowty.

13. This very useful village road has been repaired by Mr. Newland, of Mussahy: Factory, from district funds, at a cost of Rs. 10 a mile It requires raising here and there; and if it is considered necessary hereafter that it should form a relief work, i From Bhabooa to Bhugwanpore, five should be continued from Bhugwanpore through Rajghat to open out the traffic from the plateau on the hills where a tract already exists.

This is a country road eight miles in length, skirting the foot of the hills and run almost parallel to the line of the Main Western Canal abou From Bhugwanpore to Chynepore. to be carried out; it has been repaired by Mr. Newland, o

Mussahya, and culverts have been constructed.

15. The road is in very good order, and appears to be a useful line of communication from the hills to Durgowty on the Grand Trunk Road; much traffic in lime, stone, hides spices rice, &c., passes along the line.

16. The above line ceases near Chynepore, through which runs the road from Bhabooa I would recommend that the Bhugwanpore road should be From Chynepore to Hatta and on to Durgowty on the Grand Trunk Road, fourteen miles raised and re-aligned so as to meet the Bhabooa road which runs on to Hatta; this might be a relief work if required but I imagine the canal works will absorb all the labor in the neighbourhood when it is once started.

- 17. I found about 450 men, women, and children, at work on the road between Hatta Durgowty. This appeared to be the only spot where want had induced the people to comand Durgowty. and work, and the look of the country round showed how the rice crops had failed. I however remarked, with regard to the returns sent in of the different classes of people employed on these relief works, that it does not follow that because the returns show that artizans and handi craftsmen seek work on the roads, that these are men who have actually left their several trade for road-making; but that though they are weavers, &c., by caste or families, many of then have never even learnt their trade, but have been from their infancy employed in agricultura labor, and are used to carthwork.
- Near Matiance, in the 375th mile, I observed that the water from the Durgowt was still flowing into the ditches and tanks along the road-side, and was carried away over the country by artificial irrigation channels. The embankment across the river, noticed in my 7th paragraph, is near Matiance; the crops for miles on each side of the road were magnificent

## LIBERALITY OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN

No. 896-S R., dated Calcutta, the 21st February 1874.

From-A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To-The Commissioner of Burdwan.

- I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 185T dated 15th February, reporting that the Maharajah of Burdwan has at his own cost organised a charitable relief department for his estates, with centres a Burdwan, Culna, and Chinsurah.
- In reply, I am to request you to convey to His Highness an expression of the Lieutenant-Governor's acknowledgment of this fresh instance of the Maharajah's liberality to the poor and suffering. The Lieutenant-Governor felt sure that he was warranted in informing the Government of India, as he did a few weeks back, that in Burdwan our having the Maharajah to rely upon was a great consolation under the present circumstances of that district. facts reported by you have quite justified His Honor's expectations.

No. 185T., dated Burdwan, the 15th February 1874.

From—C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I have the honor to submit, for the information of the Lieutenant-Governor, copy of the memorandum dated 11th instant, from His Highness the Maharajah of Burdwan regarding the formation of a relief department at His Highness' own cost in the district of, Burdwan. The relief centres will be at Burdwan and at Culna, with a branch at Chinsurah in Hooghly. The Maharajah has made this arrangement in compliance with my suggestion that he should undertake the care of the poor of the district as he did in 1×66; and in addition to this, he has written to me to say that he is prepared to do anything else that is necessary for charitable purposes. His Highness' present action is only a continuation of numerous deeds of charity and liberality for which he has always been distinguished, and I have no doubt that it will meet with the suitable acknowledgment of Government.

## MEMORANDUM.

I have formed a relief department for the purpose of more efficiently alleviating the distress which is likely to ensue to the poor of the Burdwan Raj during the time of scarcity This department will be known as the Maharajah's relief department. I have placed it under the direct control and superintendence of my nephew, Lala Bena Beharce Burmah, and my Sccretary, Mr. Miller, at Burdwan, until my arrival at that place. The relief will be under the charge of my debutter member, Baboo Bungsee Gopal, and at Culna after my departure the relief works will be supervised by Lala Mancek Chand Kapoor and Dr. Baboo Mohendro Lall Goopto, medical officer in charge of my dispensary. At Chinsurah the relief work will be under the darogah of the rajbarce. All reports; however, will be made to Lala Bena Behary Burmah and Mr. Miller, who will submit weekly general statements through me to the Commissioner.

Rice is now being purchased at places where cheaper rates prevail, and orders for further importation have been given. The department will be guided by circumstances as to the manner in which the relief may be most effectively administered. At the present time it is intended to make two depôts for the relief of the very poor, one at Culna and one at Burdwan, as was done in 1866. The gift of food will be limited to the old and infirm men and the women and children. All persons fit for labor will be provided with work on the relief works, and the overscer of the latter will receive orders to admit all able-bodied people and give them work. It is also intended to keep as many skilled workmen as possible off the relief works, by providing them with work in their own trade. By these means I hope that if the department works energetically and heartily much suffering may be alleviated.

MAHTAB CHUNDER,
Burdwan Maharaj Udheeraj.

RAJBAREE, CULNA, the 11th February 1874.

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

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Return for week ending 31st January received after the publication of the last Gasette.

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Price of best rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 11 to 12-4 seers, and of common rice from 12-10 to 13-8 seets per rupes.

Coarse rice sold at 14-6 seers per rupes.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupes.

In the interior only.

Coarse rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 12 seers per rupes. † ABODE

## dermentioned Districts of Bengul on the 21st February 1874.

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Price of common rice at the sub-divisions range, from 11-8 to 16 seers per rupee.

Coarse rice at 15-4 seers per rupee

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 11-4 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 13 4 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 11-4 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 13 4 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 15 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 17 8 to 21 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 15 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 17 8 to 21 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 16 to 22 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 18 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 18 seers per rupee.

Price of common vice in the interior ranges from 13 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 18 seers per rupee. J K N N N N N

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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Return for week ending 31st January received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Return not received.

In the interior only.

P The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 9 to 10 seers, common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers, losser millets 13 to 17, and maize 12 to 15 common received.

Refers per rupee.

Q Price of best rice in the interior is 9-8 seers, and of common rice ranges from 10 to 12-8 seers per rupee; peas 17, mussoor, pulse, jown milet, 18-8 seers.

R The price of best rice 8-5 to 12-8 seers and of common rice from 8-12 to 13 seers per rupee.

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icts	of. Bengal	on	the 21st	February	1874.—	(Continued.	)

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S The price of best rice 8 to 10 seers and of common rice from 10 to 12 seers per rupee.

T Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 12-8 seers and of common rice 8 to 13 seers per rupee.

U Ditto ditto from 9 to 14 seers and common rice 10 to 15 seers; manze from 13-8 to 20 seers per rupee.

## Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall. Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 21st February 1874.

	-			_ <del>_</del>
1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BE	NGAI			•
		Western Districts.		·
	1	Burdwan, 21th# Feb. 1874	Nil	There have been slight showers at Cutwa and Boodbood: the weather has been warmer all over the district. The cold weather crops, especially potatoes, are doing extremely well. Fever as before,
).W.C	2	Bancoorab, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Dry and rapidly becoming hot; several mornings foggy. Sugarcane being cut, as also some other of the cold weather crops; boro paddy being sown in a few places. Small-pox showing a tendency to decrease.
N DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 21st ", "	Nil	Clear and hot; mornings occasionally foggy. No change in the state of the crops since last report. Export by rail, chiefly to Bhaugulpore and Patna Divisions, 6,319 maunds. Price of rice slightly fallen.
BUBDWAN	4	Midnapore, Elst """		Cold in the early part of the week, but the hot weather seems now to have set in.  State of crops unchanged since last report. Sporadic cholera in almost every police station.
	5	Hooghly, 21st ", "	Nil	Clear; wind chiefly from north and south. Potato crop is almost gathered, sugarcane nearly half cut, it was a fair outturn. Lands are being ploughed for next year's crops. Sporadic cholera about.
		Howrah, 21st ", ",	•23	Warm and fair. The boro paddy has now been almost all planted out from the nurseries and continues to do very well. The late rain has benefited all crops, and has allowed of the fields being prepared for the next large rice crop.
		Central Districts.		•
VISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 21th† Feb. 1874.	Nil	Warmer. The sky has been clear, with the exception of Monday when it was overeast. Few crops on the ground. Tobacco injured by the late rains. Burley looks flourishing. Ploughing going on for the next early rice crop, which will this year be sown on a larger scale than usual. Fever abating at Basirhat and Barrackpore. Cholera appears to have disappeared from Nyhatty and Kaligunge; a few cases reported from Hasnabad, Badmia, and Digunga.
E RESIDENCY DIVISION.	7	Nuddes, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable, but perhaps a little warmer than usual. Date-sugar, linseed and tobacco (and in some parts pulses) are said to have been injured by the rain. Upon the whole, however, great good was done by it. In most parts of the district coarse rice can be had for less than Rs. 3 per manual. There have been outbreaks of cholera in a few villages. Medicines have been sent, and an extra native doctor applied for.
	8	Jessore, 21st """	•05	Clear, but occasionally misty in the mornings. Wind westerly; a little rain in the beginning of the week. Indigo spring sowings have commenced. The newlysown teel (oil-seed) and boro rice getting on well. The baran amun (late rice) has been gathered, and has given in the south of the district a 12-anna crop, and in some places more. Prices continue much the same.
ŝ	9	Moorshedabad, 21st " "	Nil	No rain fell during the week; occasionally misty; getting much warmer. There is no change as regards the crops; they are progressing favorably. The outtorn of mulberry is expected to be very good. Cultivators of the plant will derive much assistance from the sales for the next fill hand. Prices have fallen slightly in some places and risen in others. There is a slight diminution in small-pox cases.
-V-0404 V.474	10	Dinagepore, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	A little rain in one or two places the early part of the week; otherwise bright sunshining weather; wind generally from west. Planting out of the boro rice is being carried on in places; some of the earlier planted rice has suffered from the cold, but should recover now that the weather is warmer. Preparations for the bhadoi (early rice) sowings being pushed on everywhere.
東京 はまだりなったり	11	Maldah, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Pair weather, favorable to the growing of the cold weather crops and to the transplanting of the boro paddy, all of which promise a favorable yield, if nothing unforescen occurs to injure them. Prices stationary. Relief works affording occupation in distressed tracts.
	<u> </u>	Rajshahye, 21st Feb. 187	Nil	Mornings generally forgy; slight rain reported from all thannals; a little hail fell in Buraigon, Nattore, and Pootea, most at the latter place, where it did some damage. The cold weather crops, wheat, burley, millet, &c., have improved; uthur and khe caree (pulses) and grata and peas have suffered from the rain, but the extent of the injury is not great. Transplanting of boro rice continues favorably. Ploughing for the next early and late rice sowings are going on. Prices of rice continue stationary. In Singra and in some parts of Tannore rice has been sold at 15 seers per rupee. Nine deaths out of 12 cases of cholera reported from Manda.

^{*} Telegram of the 24th February, received on the same day, shows rainful during the seven days immediately preceding.

[†] Report of the 24th February, received on the same day, shows minfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
ź	NGA	I—(Contd.)		•
		Central Districts.∸ (Contd.)		•
	( 13   	1	Nil .	Rather warm for the time of the year. Slight showers at Bhowanigunge. All the winter crops are doing well; wheat in the south of the district is particularly flourishing. No more rain is needed at present. Aus or early rice is being sown much more extensively than usual. The price of rice varies from Rs. 3-12 to Rs. 5 per maund in different parts of the district.
	14	Bograh, 21st ", ",	Nil	Fine and favorable weather. Sugarcane and mustard are being cut; a good yield of both is expected. Favorable reports of other cold weather crops.
ţ,	15	Pubna, 21st ,, ,,	0.27	Weather warm. Heavy fogs in the morning, favorable for crops and for agriculture. Sugarcane still being cut and manufactured. It is considered to be a 16-anna yield. The report as to the cold weather crops and the jully and boro paddy is the same as last week. Ploughing is going on vigorously to get the land in order for the principal sowings of the early and late rice. Prices are inclined to fall. General health better.
	( 16	Darjeeling, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Bright and clear days. There are no crops of any importance on the ground; the fields are now cleared. Prices are about the same as last week.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	17	Julpigorce, 21st ", "	Nil	Fine weather. The last few days have been much warmer, and promise early hot weather. There is no change in the prospect of crops: great activity has been and is being shown in the preparation of land for the coming early rice crop, and larger quantities of land than usual are being brought under cultivation for this purpose. There is a slight rise in price of rice, but it varies daily, and on the whole prices may be said to be tolerably steady. Less grain is now brought into the market. This is, it is believed, in part due to the fact that the people begin to feel they have parted with all the grain they can afford. Exportation less brisk, but in parts still going on. Average price of common rice 13-8 seers per rupce. Apprehension is expressed by some of the inhabitants, that the stock of grain in the district will not supply the wants of the people. If so, it will be the result of improvidence on part of the people themselves.
į		CoachBehar, 21st ., .,	Nil	Fine. Wheat and pulses very promising, and millets coming up well. Aus or early rice is being sown extensively under favorable circumstances. Fobacco promises well in most parts. In the extreme south the poor are pinched by the high price of rice, and there are more than a thousand labourers on the relief works.
		Eastern Districts.		
(	18	Dacca, 21th* Feb. 1874	Nil	Cloudy and foggy three days; remaining days of the week fair; weather hot. Prospects of crops same as before.
	19	Furreedpore, 21st Feb. 1874.	Nil	Excepting on Thursday, bright and clear throughout the week. At Goalundo on that day there was a drizzle, and 01 inches of rain fell. Wind variable. Little change since last week in the prospects of the winter crops; the bright sunny and dry weather has proved beneficial. Coarse rice has risen in price slightly at Furreedpore and Goalundo, it remains the same, but it has fallen at Madareepore on account of the dealers and purchasers having left the place in consequence of the prices of last week not tempting them to purchase for exportation.
NOXBLA	<b>2</b> 0	Backergunge, 14th Feb. 1874.	.83	Weather close and oppressive. Prospects of crops not good; the rain has done harm to the cold weather crops.
DACCA DIVISION.	21	Mymensing, 21st Feb. 1874.	0.19	Heavy rain on the 14th February; the weather since then has been variable, generally fine, but on some days cloudy, with a few drops of rain. Temperature low for the time of the year. The spring rice crop promises to be a good one, and an unusually large area is being prepared for aus or early sowings. The price of food has risen during the week, owing to unfavorable reports of the amount of stocks in hand.
	22	Sylhet, 14th ,, ,,	2:56	Cloudy nearly the whole of the week. There have been rains since Tuesday last. The rain has done some good to the cultivation of the amount or laterice crop. The cultivation of the aus or early vice crop is stepped for the rain. The price of rice is rising. In the sudder station table rice sold at 16-10 seers and common rice at 19-4 seers per rupee. Nearly 4,000 maunds of rice and 2,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No further information about cholera, but small-pox has appeared in the station.
(	23	Cachar,		Return not received.
) ا بح	24	Chittagong, 14th ", ",	1.32	Heavy rain on the 11th February. The weather remaining threatening. The mustard, as a whole, will be a 12-anna crop. The heavy rain will do more harm than good to tobacco and chillies, though it will soften the ground for ploughing.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	25	Noakhally, 14th " s,	0.78	The weather during the week has been cloudy and rainy. High winds from south and south-east prevailed. It is reported that the cold weather c.ops are suffering from want of sun and too much rain. The price of both kinds of rice has risen again.
CHU	<b>2</b> 6	Tipperab, 14th " "	•41	tenerally cloudy; it has rained four days out of seven. The rain has done no harm to any crops. It has done good to the cold weather crops and to the boro rice, cheena and kawni (millets). The price of rice is increasing daily. A few cases of cholera and small-pox reported from the sub-division.

^{*} Telegram of the 21th February, received on the same day, shows ramfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BE	 NGAI	L. — (Contd _i )		•
		Eastern Districts.— (Contd.)		
o Divy.	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 14th Feb. 1874.	1.53	Fall of rain on the 13th and 14th February; cloudy throughout the week. The mustard has nearly been gathered. The outturn is said to be a 12-anna one. The hill men are engaged in joom cutting.
CHITTAGONG		Hill Tipperah, 14th Feb 1874.	2.03	Pretty heavy rain on the 11th and 12th February; strong gusts of wind from the south-west. No change in the state of the crops. Coarse rice selling at Rs. 2-3 per maund.
BE	нді;			
	28	Patna, 23rd* """	not per- ceptible in the	On the 23rd February a very slight shower of rain; weather cloudy, with occasional breaks of sunshine. Prospects of the cold weather crops continue to be good. A few cases of small-pox in the sudder sub-division.
	29	(lya, 21st " "	gauge. Nil	Weather cool. A very slight fall of rain on the 21st February at the sudder station. The prospects of the cold weather crops are good. The mussoor (pulse) and peasure being harvested. Prices show a tendency to fall. Health of the district good.
	<b>3</b> 0	Shahabad, 21st ,, ,,	Nil]	No rain; weather clear and bright; prevailing wind west; cloudy on the 21st February. Prospects good. Wheat, peas and khesaree pulse are being gathered. The peas, rahur and mussoor (pulses) have suffered both from the frest and rain; and will not give such a full outturn as was expected. Cheena (millet) is being sown
PATNA DITIBION,	31	Tirhoot, 21st ,, ,,		in different directions. General health good.  Cloudy, westerly wind prevailing. In the Hajipore sub-division there is no change since last report. The rahur pulse and other crops in the Mohowah Elaka which the sub-divisional officer has just seen are remarkably fine. That officer reports that he sees no reason to alter the opinion which he wrote last week.  In the Tajpore sub-division, the late rains are said to have done more good than it was expected they would to the crops on the ground. Mustard is being cut, as also tobacco. It is impossible yet to estimate the extent of the recent sowings of mung and knwni, and cheena (millet), some of which have germinated. Prices have fallen slightly.  In the Madhubuni sub-division, some mung (pulse) and cheena (millet) have been sown, the police even report in large quantities, but the Collector does not think such is the case. Rahur (pulse) and other crops do not promise any better. In the Durbhangah sub-division the mustard is being gathered in places and is a good crop, being nowhere less than ten annas and in some localities fully twelve annas. The rahur (pulse) continues to give every promise of being a 10-anna crop. Pens and wheat, except in isolated localities, are very poor, and oats still worse. There has been a good deal of cheena (millet) sown during the week: on the whole it is evident that, with the exception of rahur (pulse), no great aid will be derived from the year's cold weather crop. Tobacco looks fair, but it will be under an average crop.  In the Sectamarhee sub-division, the reports received from all sides show that the barley and wheat, rahur (pulse) and gram are coming on well after the rain that fell in the previous week. The timely fall of rain on the 6th February has enabled the ryots to sow cheena (millet), moong (pulse), sama and kawni (millet). Rahur (pulse) crop will be cut within a fortnight. The public health is good. The cattle are in good condition.*
	32	Sarun, 21st ", ",	Nil	Weather fair and seasonable till the 20th; cloudy on the 21st; west wind prevailing. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. Peas, mustard, and mussoon pulse are being harvested. Wheat and barley ripening; rahur pulse doing well. Poppy in flower and giving out pods. Ryots are actively engaged in sowing cheena (millet) and planting sugarcane. Indigo seed in some of the factories is being put in the ground. Mangoris in blossom, New peas and mussoon pulse are coming into the market. Prices have fallen.
ł	33	Chumparun, 21st "	Nil	East and west winds. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue for the most part good, but blight is reported from some parts of the district and hail from the neighbourhe od of Bagaian, but no great damage is stated to have taken place. Prices of food much the same as last week.
í	- 31	Monghyr, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Set fair. Cold weather crops generally looking very well. The wheat is an average crop; if no unforescen calamity occurs a 12-anna crop will be cut.
DIVX.	35	Blaugulpore,24th " "	·1	No report yet received from the interior. Prospect of crops in all sub-divisions favorable. Health good.
BRATGTIPORE	36	Purneah, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Getting very hot. The toori (mustard) crop is nearly all cut and in the south being exchanged for rice. Wheat is in car. Kawni (millet) and early rice (jamira and julli) are being sown.
BEAL	37	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 21st Feb. 1871.	Nil	Getting warm, the end of the week saw a great increase in temperature. No change in the state and prospects of the crops since last week in Rajmehal. Cheena (mill.*) seems to be getting on well. Ploughing still active.

<b>9.</b> •	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
SSA.			
· 38	Cuttack, 24th* Feb. 1874	Nil	Weather cloudy and warm. Dalua paddy thriving well. Cold weather crops in very good condition. Public health good.
39-	Pooree, 14th p n	Nil •	Warm and occasionally cloudy, with strong winds. The harvest of the late rice crop has been completed and the outturn is very fair. Berhi and koolthi pulses have been very nearly completely gathered with a good outturn. White moong is flowering. The result and prospects of the cold weather crops are on the whole fair. The sowings of the dalua rice crop are approaching completion and are doing well. The sugarcane crop has been fully gathered in with a good outturn. Cotton is thriving well. The mango trees are beginning to bear fuit, but it is indifferent owing to the late rain. The tillage of the soil for the cultivation of the ensuing paddy crop is going on busily owing to the moisture left on the ground by the late rains. Purchases of grain for export continue on a moderate scale, and prices are generally almost stationary. Public health on the whole good.
40	Balasore, 21st ", "	Nil	Getting warmer. Ploughing going on actively; general prospects improved in Bhadruck, especially in pergunnah Sosoh. Price of rice unaltered in the district. Two outbreaks of small-pox and a few deaths from cholera reported. Some cattle disease in the Bhadruck and Jellasore portions of the district.
IOTA	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		•
41	Hazarcebaugh, 14th Feb. 1874.		The weather had been fine till the 13th February, when it became overcast and a little rain fell; it has again cleared off. Strong westerly wind. The rain of the last week has in every way improved the prospects. The crops in the ground have benefited, and cultivators are actively engaged in tilling lands. Prices stationary. Public health good.
42	Lohnrdugga,• 21st Feb. 1874.	Nil	Bright and warm, with high wind. The reports of the crops, especially from Palamow, are more cheering. The sub-divisional officer reports that the prospects are doubled owing to the late rain, and that a 10 to 12-anna outturn may be expected, but unfortunately the area under cultivation is very small. Ploughing and cultivation are still going on.
43	Singbhoom, 14th Feb.	Nil	Fine weather during the week, but since the last two days there have been indications of more rain. Nething on the ground save a little rahur and mussoorie (pulses) and gram; these looking well. Cattle disease reported from several parts of the district. Public health good.
44	Maunbhoom, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Clouds gathering again. Weather growing steadily warmer day by day. Crops still on the ground (wheat, barley and gram) are doing well. Of mohwa, most important crop, a good yield is expected.
SSAM A	AND ADJACENT HILLS.		•
45	Goalparah		Return not received.
46	Kamroop		Return not received.
47	Durrung, 14th ", ",	0.73	Unsettled temperature and direction of wind very changeable; large amount of clouds going south-west to north-ast. Spring crops are being sown in many parts of the district and preparations for sowing are going on in the other parts. The mustard crop were out well. Much sickness among the cattle reported from extreme cast of the district.
<b>4</b> 8	Nowgong		Return not received.
49	Scebsaugor, 14th " ",	0:47	Weather cloudy for the most part of the week. The last two evenings were tolerably warm. There was a little rain on the 8th February. No change since last report.
<b>5</b> 0	Luckimpore, 14th ,, ,,	0.83	The weather is getting perceptibly hotter; days generally cloudy; rain on two days, and on the night of the 12th February a heavy squall of wind. The mustard crop is a good one on the churs, and middling on the main land. Preparation of land for the aus or early rice crop has been commenced. Public health good.
51	Naga Hills		Return not received.
52	Khasi & Jynteah Hills	<b>.</b>	Return not received.

[•] Telegram of the 24th February, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,

The 24th February 1874.

R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

***	District		Stati	A#	om 1st to February	Rain from 5th to 14th February 1874.		V FROM 1ST UARY 1874.	Remarks.	
DIVISION.	VISIRICE *	•	SIAN		Rain from 1st t 7th February	Rain from 14th F 1874.	Inches	Up to date.	}	
BEN	(*1L.				T,	Inches.		1071		
	WESTERN DIST	TRICTS.			Inches	Thenes.		1871.		
	Burdwan	}	Burdwan Cutwa Culua Bood-Bood Rancegunge Jehanabad		3 98 3 19 3 12 5 21	0°08 6 60 0°32 0°43 0°03 0°47	5·22 6 53 5·17 1·76 4·17 6·38	1 fth Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
ĺ	Bancoorah	•••	Bancoorah		2.71	Nil	4.16	ditto.	•	
į.	Beerbhoom	•••	Sooree		. 3.59	Nil	4.13	ditto.		
BUBDWAN.	Midnapore		Widnapore Tumbook Gurbetta Contai { Dv. Co	llr.'s Office logr,'s Office	1:00	0 24 0 22 Nil 0 78 0 80	4:06 6:39 5:50 7:01 6:98	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.	
j	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore		1 385	0.17	4.90 4.51	ditto.		
l	Howrah		Howrsh		3.96	0.53	4.01	ditto.		
	CENTRAL DIST	RICTS.		•						
Ĭ.	21-Pergunnahs		Saugor Island Calcutta Alipore Supermat Busseerhaut Barriset Diamond Harbour Barrinore Satkherah Barrackpore Dum-Dum		3°35 3°31 3°27 1°23 3°46 2°72 1°70 2°17 4°°2	1°10 063 0 89 0'80 0 23 0 23 0 63 0°22 0'61 0 10	4:80 4:69 5 15 5 02 2:19 4:29 3:74 2:13 3:15 4 77 3:00	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	•	
PRESTDENCY.	Nuddea	{	Kishnaghur Bongong Mehernore Choondangah Kooshteah Ranaghat		1 1 5 5	0.28 Nil 055 0.36 0.26 0.75	5 90 1 52 4 35 5 17 3 77 6 13	ditto, ditto ditto, ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 11th to 17th Jan.	
l	Jessore		Jessore Nurrail Khoolnea Jenadah Bagirhaut Magoorah		2:25 2:06 2:59 3:09 1:87 2:82	0·10 0·20 1·30 0·95 1·37 0·70	4.17 4.43 5.92 5.63 4.14 4.43	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,		
	<b>Mo</b> orshedabad		Berhampore Ramporehant City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azimgunge Lalgolla		1 80 2:37 1:94 1:17 1:90 1:64	0:13 Nil 0:12 0:30 Nil Nil	3·03 3·13 2·94 2·03 2·64 2·09	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.	
	Dinageporo		Dinagepore		1 60	0.22	1.95	dilto.		
RAJSHAHTE.	Maklah Rajshahye	{	Maldah Beauleah	··· ··· ···	1.19	0.30	1·77 2·99 4·27	ditto.		
RAJE		(	Nattore Rungpore		1.50	0.22 0.32	5:35 2:08	ditto.		
	Rungpore	{	Bhowanigunge Titalya		0.82	Nil 0·10	2.12	ditto. ditto.		
	Bograh	•••	Bograh		g. 1U	0.38	8.12	ditto.		
l	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunge		1·62 0·52	0:27 0:25	2·44 2·27	ditto. ditto.		
. [	Darjeeling		Darjeeling { Teleg	raph Office	Not rec 081	Not rec. 0°16	Nil 1()	15th Jan. 14th Feb.		
COOCH BEHAR.	Julpigoree	{	Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah		0.76 1.19 0.82	0:02 0:19 0:16	1·9 ; 2·29 2·28	ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Jan.	
Cooca	Cooch Behar Tril State	utary 	Cooch Behar		0.63	Nil	2 03	ditto.		
l	Bhútan Dooars		Buxa		0.82	Not rec.	1.31	7th Feb.		

## SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, FEBRUARI 20, 10/2.

.:	District.	STATION.	om 1st	n 8th to ebruary	RAIN	FROM 18T	RRMARKS
DIVISIOS.	DIBERIOT.	oration.	Rain from 1st to 7th February 1874.	Rain from 8th to 14th February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	INMARES.
BENC	AL—(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
۱ .	CASTREN DISTRICTS. Dacca	Dacca { Telegraph Office	1.38 1.33 0.94 1.83	0·20 0·20 0·62 0·23	2·40 2·41 2·37 2·95	14th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto.	•
	Furreedpor	Furreedpore	1 92 3 70	0.75 0.34	3·83 4 98	ditto.	1
DACCA.	Backerguuge	Burrisaul Perozepore Madatiporo Patuakhally Dowlatkhan	1·14 0·61 1·16 0·29 1·15	2:53 1:01 0:42 1:70 2:10	4.64 2.32 2.72 2.27 3.95	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 4th to 10th .
A	Mymensing {	Mymensing Jamalpore Attent Kishoregunge	3.03 2.52 2.05 2.45	0.81 1 26 0.50 1.09	4·98 4·75 2·98 5·57	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet	1.34	2.91	6.06	ditto.	
Į	Cachar {	Cachar	1°35 1°34 Not rec.	Not rec. ditto ditto	2:39 4 : 3 Nil	7th Feb. ditto 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 4th to 10th
	Chittagong {	Chittagong { Telegraph Office   Jail	0°40 0°43 Nal	2:30 2:31 Net rec.	2·70 2·77 0·05	11th Feb. ditto. 7th Feb.	
3036	Noakhally	Noakhally	0.86	1.78	2.88	14th Feb.	
Сигтть волв.	Tipperah {	Comillah Brahmanbariah	0 66 0 67	0.94 3.70	2·70 5·34	ditto. ditto.	
5	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	0.38	1.23	2·11	ditto.	
Į	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperala	0.48	2.02	3.97	ditto.	
BRHA	Patna {	Patna Behar	0.58 1.82 1.05 0.60 0.32	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1·04 2·27 1·34 0·80 0·77	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Gya {	Gya	1·25 1·86 0·17 0·89	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2·52 2·46 1·36 1·06	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PATHA.	Shahabad {	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah	1:00 1:04 1:00 0:57	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:31 1:70 1:00 1:01	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec, 11th to 1;
P	Tirhoot{	Mozufferpore Du bhangah Hajeepore Mudhubani Seetamaree Tajporo	0:80 0:89 0:63 6:76 0:70 0:40	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	0.89 1.08 1.01 0.84 0.70 1.00	7th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. litto	
	Sarun {	Chuprah Sowan	0 87 0 77	Not rec.	1.09	7th Feb. ditto.	•
l	Chumparun . {	Motechari Bettiah •	1·10 1·00	Nil Nil	1·10 1·10	13th Feb. duto.	
	Moughyr {	Monghyr Beroosersi Jamooie	1·24 0·96 1·02	Nil Nil 0.10	1:34 1:27 4:02	ditto. ditto. ditto,	
LPOBE.	Bhaugulpore {	Bhaugulpore	1:39 0:83 0:91 1:10 1:09	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.72 1.00 1.04 2.26 1.42	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Вилсецтови.	Purneah {	Purneah Kishengungo Arrareah	1:57 1:20 1:95	Nil 0:21 Nil	1°64 2°05 2°31	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	-ontbal Pergunnahs	Deoghur                                         Maheshpore	2:11 Not rec. 0:2:) Not rec. 0:11 0:50	Nil Not rec. Nil Not rec Nil 0°15	2 31 0 80 1 96 2 75	ditto.  14th Feb.  14th Feb.  auto.	•

	DISTRICT.	STATION.		n 1st to February	m Sth to	RAIN	FROM 18T	Participa
		5121108.		Rain from 1st 7th Februar 1874.	Rain from 6th to 14th February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks.
ISS	5 <b>A.</b>			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	١ . ر	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital		1.10	0.30	3.22	14th Feb.	,
٢	Cuttack	Jajipore	•••	1.83	0.40 Nil	4·05 2·80	ditto.	
1	Cutonek	Kendrapara	••	Nil	0.30	1.00	ditto.	1
İ		Jugatsingpore False Point	•••	0.00	Nil Nil	075·	ditto.	•
	Pooree {	Poorce		1.00	Nil	1 66	ditto.	•
		Khurdah	•••	1.54	0.04	2.03	ditto.	•
1		Balasore Bhuddruck		3.07 3.68	Not rec.	8·40 5·45	7th Feb.	
ĺ	Balasore	Jellasoro	•••	2.71	ditto	5 61	ditto.	
ı		Sorah Chandbally	•••	0.82	ditto ditto	1 59 1 64	ditto. ditto.	
l	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalaan	•••	Not rec.	ditto		l	
•			•••	Not rec.	aitto	Nil	10th Jan.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.							
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	(	Jail		2.01	0.01	8.71	14th Feb.	
	Hazareebaugh }	Dispensary	•••	3.09	Nil	3.95	ditto.	
		Pachumba	•••	2.95	Nil	3.33	ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow	•••	3·14 1·75	Nil Nil	4·50 3·40	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chyebassa		3 64	Nil	4.41	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom {	Purulia Gobindpore		2.67	0.50	4.94	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT	-	•••	4·10	Nil	4 98	ditto.	
	HILLS.							,
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree	•••	1.08 0.63	Not rec. ditto	1·45 0·63	7th Feb. ditto.	
	Kamroop {	Gowhatty		1.36	0.48	2.40	14th Feb.	
		Burpettah	•••	1.27	1.63	4.09	ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledya		0.01 1.84	Not rec.	1·09 2·00	7th Feb ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Januar
	Nowgong	Nowgong		0.78	ditto	1.03	ditto.	
	(	Scebsaugor		1.76	ditto	4.08	ditto.	
į	Seebsauger }	Golaghat	•••	2.47	ditto	4.58	ditto.	
	(	Jorehaut Nazeerah	 	1·81 2·55	ditto di <b>tto</b>	3 31 4:38	ditto. ditto.	
	, , ,	Debrooghur	•••	0.74	ditto	2.27	ditto.	
.	Luckimpore {	North Luckimpore Suddya	•••	1·09 1·25	disto ditto	2·14 4·15	ditto. ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		Not rec.	ditto	1.20	31st Jan.	
	Khasi and Jynteah	Shillong		1.81	ditto	2.48	7th Feb.	
	Hills	Jaowai	•••	Not rec.	ditto	0.68	31st Jan	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan.
	Goro Will-	9	•••	ditto	ditto	Nil	3rd Jan.	,
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	3.47	0.33	5.04	14th Feb.	
		Benares Akyab	•••	Not rec.	Not rec	Nil	21th Jan.	
		Akyao	•••	Nil	Nil	Nil	14th Feb.	

CALCUTTA,

The 21st February 1874.

H. F. Blankord,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gort. of Bengal.

## Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 15th to 21st February 1874.

72-		•			Тивимо	MRTER.		Wiri	o.			
STATION.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32°.	Barometer reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	Humidity, Sat.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials
Сысотта.	Feb. 16th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30·146 30·035 30·183 30·060 - 20·175 30·043 30·675 20·919 30·052 29·919 30·052 29·925 29·977 29·851	30·165 30·054 30·054 30·078 30·081 30·081 20·928 30·085 20·937 30·070 20·943 20·986	68 4 74 6 61 5 76 7 70 3 79 5 72 5 83 2 76 0 81 1 75 4 81 7 81 7	56-0 59-6 59-5 60-7 60-3 64-7 73-0 71-5 72-2 71-3 71-3 74-5 76-6	36 35 47 34 52 40 66 60 79 53 81 48 76 60	N W N W W N W W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W	 2.6 6.1 2.5 4.3 2.6 9.8 6.1 6.0 3.5 4.1 5.0 8.0			b   b   b   b   b   b   b   b   b   b
SAUGOR IGLAND.	15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30 152 30 041 30 206 30 081 30 196 30 058 30 058 29 966 30 058 29 940 30 063 20 916 20 990 20 876	30-158 30-047 30-047 30-087 30-084 30-084 30-064 20-948 30-069 20-952 20-990 20-982	70 71 79 76 73 77 77 78 80 79 80 80	58 62 60 64 65 71 72 74 75 76 75	44 32 53 34 58 49 73 73 81 78 86 74 82 82	NNW NNW NNE NNW WSW SSW S SW S SW S SW S	13°3 13°0 6°8 5°9 4°6 8°7 8°0 12°6 8°3 10°3 3°3 7°4 9°5			b, m b, m b, m b, v b b b, v b b, v b c, f h, v b, weuds. b, b, cuds.
CHITTAGONG,	15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	30·059 29·940 30·084 30·000 80·104 420·970 30·029 29·928 30·019 29·915 29·919 29·915 29·959 29·968 29·968	30·155 30·034 30·179 30·091 30·199 30·104 30·124 30·022 30·114 30·009 30·014 29·985 30·061 29·984	67 77 69 76 69 77 72 77 80 79 79 82	67 67 61 63 60 65 64 65 61 67 72 63	100 56 60 44 56 49 62 49 47 75 60 64 52	NEWNWNENWNWNEWNWNEWNWNEWNEWNEWNEWNEWNEWN	4·4 4·4 7·1 11·9 5·9 6·9 6·9 6·9 4·4 6·6 4·3 4·9	0°20	K	b, f b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m
MADRAS.	14th 15th 16th 17th 18th 19th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	20:909 29:896 3:r064 29:953 30:119 29:986 30:112 30:003 30:009 20:953 30:070 29:929 30:044 22:925	80·029 29 926 30·094 29 983 30·149 30·033 30·033 30·033 30·160 29·983 30 160 29·955 30 074	85422558221344334 858822534354	75 74 73 72 74 73 72 75 76 76 76	60 63 56 57 60 50 50 70 67 67 67 67	S by W E by S S by W E by N N E by E N E N N E N by E N E by E N E by E E N E E By S	5 10 5 15 13 15 16 17 11 12 12 12 12 13 3 8			b, c b c b, c cloudy. cloudy. cloudy. c, c b, c cloudy.
CUTTACK.	15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	30-060 29-921 30-117 29-976 30-119 20-9-3 29-983 29-983 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925 29-925	30°153 30°004 30°201 : 0°50 30°203 30°035 30°052 29°919 30°052 30°054 29°886 29°987 29°860	72 81 74 82 74 85 78 89 78 92 76 92 83	60 62 61 65 64 69 73 71 69 71 72 72 68	45 28 55 35 35 61 36 69 26 77 34 56 25	WNWNWENEENEENEENEENEENEENEENEENEENEENEEN	03 25 08 10 07 25 09 33 19 30 09 26 19		C	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
AKYAB.	15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	30.060 29.946 30.103 30.007 30.134 30.004 30.076 29.941 30.050 20.922 30.050 20.929 30.013 29.876	30·082 29·967 30·125 30·129 30·158 30·026 30·08 20·966 30·072 30·072 20·944 30·072 20·951 30·035 20·898	79 84 75 79 75 79 74 80 75 81 78 82 77	72 62 66 67 66 65 67 72 68 66 67	69 22 59 33 63 47 63 40 63 63 57 38 56 68	N W N W N W N W E S W N E E N N E W W W W W	2:1 11:1 3:7 6:1 3:8 7:1 3:5 5:0 3:5 6:6 3:8 7:3 2:8 8:3			8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

[·] Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA,
The 21st February 1874.

A'stract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Reporter's Office, Calcutta, during the month of November 1873.

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RIIN			ashoni nl		4.48	1:30	0.3	1.69	5 5 5 5	5	6 6 6 6	0.87	18 18 18	Ž	= 50 40	Ž:	<b>7</b>	90	
			8 mon 22		:	:56	120	7 22	90 C	: :	: 6	ç	92	:	20	8	â	8	
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AIR.	Hranesc Max.		\$ rq		20th	19:00 19:10 19:00	: 8	<b>10</b>	gr. Grly	5.h-6th	3rd	က က (		eth e	5tl.	4:1.	#10-F1	4:p	1
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	U.	 	Mean	-	1,19.9	1111		13: 5:		1.44.	135.2	9 :0 2 :0 2 :0	131 2	117.1	138 2 5	110.7	137.2	131.6	-
	<u>-</u> !		.azaall		61.5 61.5	125	£3.		5 T.	9:	16.	313	23	E :	1 5	8	190	701	
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m	1	-	Sinon F		:	110.65			5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	:	. 0.6.63	163-67	. <b>∂16 6</b> 5	:	20.8.9	23-196	:	38.086	-
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Ĭ		SNC		١.	24	tam	in t	sland	<u>:</u>				angn ore			ba.	=		

: : : ... 74.7 | Mean bunnidity of 16 years ... 76.0 | Litto ditto of 1873 ... 1.3 | Defect in 1873 ... : : : 29 966 | Mean temperature of 16 years ... 30.009 | Ditto ditto of 1873 ... .043 | Excess in 1873 ... Mean barometric pressures of 16 years Ditto ditto of 1573 Excess in 1873 ... ... Meteorological Reporter to the Gont. of Bengal.

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

... 1:09 ... 0 14 ... 0 95

73 | Mean rainfall of 16 years 68 | Actual fall of 1873 ... 6 | Defect in 1873 ...

: : :

he 23rd February 1874. CALCUTIA,

1,

ican Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric results and observations of Sky Serenity.

		pres-	a, 40 							W	IND.			•	:
Stations.		Mean barometric sure reduced to level.			North-East.	East.	South-East.	South.	South-West.	West.	North-West.	r'alm,	Percentage and Resultant,	Mean velocity daily.	Mean secenty.
Port Blair Madras		20·923 29 987	81°2 77 8	18	39 9	3	3 9	9	6 4	2	17	.	52°N, 67°E 40 N, 4 E	215'8 216'2	7:33
Vizagapatam Akyab		30°015 29°999	77·6 77·2	22	17 33	13	5 2	1 7	3	13     19	12 15		47 N, 67 E 34 N, 3 E	73°3 61°6	6:36 6:77
False Point	}	30044	74.3	33	26	14	6			l ï I	26	9	6) N, 14 E		
Cuttack		30.034	74.8	20	17	6	3	3	3	17	12	39	28  13 W	29.4	7.47
Saugor Island	[	30.032	74.8	52	22	6	1	4	14	4	17	:	54 N. 4 W	1303	6.30
Chittagong	}	<b>3</b> 6:036	75.1	51		]	1	1	3	20	39	5	74 N, 34 W	104.6	7°85
Calcutta		30.058	76.0	30	40	27	1	7	6	2	7		57 N, 42 E	9972	
Bardwau		30.049	72.7	37	8 ;	2		!	- 1	7	6		78 N, 5 W	319	7·27
Jeasore		30 020	73°5	6	11	4	5	3 ;	2	4'	11		30 N, 9 E	451	8 00
Dacca		30.017	75.0	29	12	3	1	1 .	8	7	17	34	37 N, 19 W	37.8	7:4:2
Bilchar		30 101	72.7	9	41	25	10	5.	7	5	3	15	45 N, 65 E	67.5	7:14
Hazareebaugh		30:059	728	8	11	3	2			7	29		63 N, 24 W	853	7.33
Berhampore		30 027	71.1	40	20	3	ţ	1	1	5	22	28 ,	67 N, 4 W	431	7.81
Gya		30.013	72.8	20	8 :	4		1 ;		13	7	7	51 N, 16 W	3 1	8:33
Patna		30.067	70.4	2	1 !	7	3	5	11	16	4	11	32 S, 61 W	53'8	8.18
Monghyr		30.033	72.8	9	9	5	1	1 '	30	23	17	19	39 N, 85 W	33.0	7 85
Darjeeling	.			3	5	16	19	8	14	26	16	9	20 5, 47 W	'	6.28
Gowaiparah		30 015	71'4	2	10,	36	3	4	1	2	!	2	71 N, 87 E	1226	7 97
Benares			69 3	5	1,	2.3	5	5	18	42	10	7 1	31 S, 77 W	201	
Rootkee		30 057	67.0	٠.		2	13		2 :	1:	10	92	3 S, 26 E	29.1	9.42

#### NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippe's tables as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being

indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows or varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,
The 23rd February 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD.

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt, of Bengal.

## Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office Calcutta, from 15th to 21st February 1874.

		eter.	Тяв	irmom i	ITEE.			dew.	dıty.	WIN	D.				
Month	Pate.	Mean reduced baron eter.	Highest rending.	L. west reading.	Max. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of humdity	Prevailing direc-	Max. pressure.	Daily relocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL ICEMAREA
			С	0	O.	0	0	0			īь	Miles	In.		
Feb	15th	30 058	74.6	58.6	130∙0	66.3	57:3	50.1	0.28	N&NE	0.2	198.9			Clear.
	16th	103	77.0	5 <b>7</b> ·0	131-2	66 7	58.9	52 7	•63	NE&NW		86.2			Clear.
	17th	.092	79.7	58.5	128 5	68.8	61.0	54.8	.63	NW,NNW &W	•••	81.0		•	Clear, Slightly foggy from 8 to 10 P.M.
	18th	29.088	83.2	61.3	135 6	71·1	65:4	60·8	·71	W S W, S W & S S W	•••	81.1			Clear.
	19th	•961	81.1	67:3	138.0	74.6	69.9	66.6	•77	SSW&W byS		153*8			Clear.
	20th	.962	81.7	69.2	135 [.] 5	75.5	70.7	67·3	.77	ssw&sw		73·1			Clear and overcast. Fog2y from 1 to 5 A.M.
	21st	·907	86.3	71.8	138.0	78.0	73·3	70.0	.77	s w	30	130 3		•••	Overcast and clear, Slightly foggy at mid- night.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days	•••	292
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	86.3
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		89.0
The mean humidity during the past seven days		0.68
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	0.62
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st \{ by lower rain gauge \} by anemometer gauge		Nil
the total fail of rain from 15th to 21st ] by anemometer gauge		Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	0.17
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st February	•••	4.69
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	1.17

GOPERNAUTH SKN.
In charge of the Observatory.

The 23rd February 1874.

# Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of January 1874.

LATITUDE 22° 33′ 1" North, Longitude 88° 20′ 34" East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18·11 feet.

MON'I	HLY RESU	JLTS.			Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the mor	nth		•••	•••	30 047
Max. height of the barometer occurred at		he 19th	•••	•••	30.249
Min. height of the barometer occurred at			•••	•••	29.836
Extreme range of the barometer during th	e month	•••	•••		0.413
Mean of the daily max. pressures	•••	•••	•••		30.124
Ditto ditto min. ditto	•••	•••		•••	29.983
Mean daily range of the barometer during	the month	•••			0.141
				•	
					9
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	n	•••		•••	66.4
Max. temperature occurred at 3 P.M. on th		•••		•••	84.5
Min. temperature occurred at 7 A.M. on the		•••	•••	•••	51.4
Extreme range of the temperature during	the month	•••	•••	•••	$33 \cdot 1$
Mean of the daily max. temperature	•••	•••	•••	•••	76.5
Ditto ditto min. ditto	•••	•••	•••	•••	58.1
Mean daily range of the temperature during	ng the month	1	•••	•••	18.4
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the mont	h .				60.7
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean	-	rmometer			5.7
Computed mean dew-point for the month		•••	•••	100	56·1
Mean dry bulb thermometer above compu		w-point	•••	•••	10.3
•		•			Inches.
Man alastic force of vanour for the mont	t.				0·459
Mean elastic force of vapour for the mont	11	•••	•••	•••	
				T	oy grain.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	•••	•••	•••	•••	5.10
Additional weight of vapour required for			•••		2.07
Mean degree of humidity for the month,	complete sat	uration being	unity	•••	0.71
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for	r the month				130.1
Mean max, some radiation thermometer to	i the month	•••	•••	•••	
•	-				Inches.
Rained 3 days,—max. fall of rain during	24 hours		•••	•••	0.49
Total amount of rain during the month		•••			094
Total amount of rain indicated by the gau	ge* attached	to the anemo	meter du	ring }	0.82
the month	•••	•••		)	
Prevailing direction of the wind	•••	•••	P	N. E. & S	o. W.

[•] Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 20th February 1874.

GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.
PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT,—IRRIGATION BRANCH.

RUBBEE SEASON 1873, COMMENCING ON THE 1ST DECEMBER 1873.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the month of January 1874.

qu besnd to latot) (71.38	for the send of the month.  Grand total of area to end of month columns 8, 11, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14, 14	17   18   19   20   21 . 22	1 1,915 654 1 at a trans thewn in last estatement were wrong, and have been rec-	66 1	12 94 1 Sugarcane Hulder Oll-seeds	6 65	18 2,1394 856 In addition to the above,	1 43 0.58 0.61 9 years full defails are—Acres. 0.54 11. defails are—Acres.	163 162 1.66 1.95 3.	1 226 162 Ditto	19 2,345 1,018 Toral Re
SUGARCANE AND OTHER CROPS.	Area leased up to the the tast of the mouth.  Area leased during the month.  The month.	15   16   1			1 11	10	1 17		:		2 17
OIL-SEEDS AND PULSES	Area leased up to the lat of the month. Area leased during the month. Total area leased up to the end of the ond of	12 13 14	43 34 77	:	4 11 15	<b>1</b>	52 44 98	14 14		14 14	68 46 112
TOBACCO, COTTON, HUL. DEE, GINGER, WHENT, AND GAEDEN PRODUCE,	Area leased up to the lat of the the the month.  Area leased during the month.  Total area leased to the cud of the cud the cud of the cud of the cud of the cud of the cud of the cud of the month.	6 11 01 6	1,145a 625 1,770	27 32	246 43 67	25e 34 69	1,218 734 1,952		:	58	1,246 734 1,950
DALWA RICE IBRIGATION.	or que based for the of the last of the last of them.  A rea leaved during the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co	8 7 8	67		: :	• :			178 5 184	178 6 183	178 .6 254
SUPPLY OF WATER IN THE CANALS.	Petimated full dis- churge in euhic feet per second.  Average discharge in cubic feet per the court through.  Out the mouth. Out the meant.	5	1,269 240	675 . 69	1,300 89 22			876 178	240 31	:	 - - -
·	Caual		Kendraparah	High Level, Section I.	Taldandah	Machgeng	Total	Midnapore	Panchkoorah	Total	Grand Total
- NA J 11 What	Circle. District.		-		Ones Cuttack			South .	Howrah		

The 23.d February 1874.

J. F. STODDARD, Colonel, M.S.C., Offg. Asst. Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the P. W. Dept., Irrigation Branch.

## Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

## EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th February 1874, on 1584 miles open.

	r	CACHING TRAFFIC.	Мексилуы	MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAPPIC.				
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	Total traffic receipts.			
		Rs. A. P. £	s. d Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. & s. d.	£ s. d.			
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 5 weeks of haif-year	177	26,599 3 9 2,438 168 1 4 15 1,06,036 12 3 9,719 1	8 2 776 0	42 873 7 6 3.930 1 5 270 14 9 24 16 8 1,89,558 3 9 17,307 16 9	6,368 6 8 40 4 10 27,657 16 5			
Total for 6 weeks COMPARISON.	169,565	132,636 0 0 12,158	609, 245-27	2,32,231 11 3 21,297 18 2	89,456 8 1			
Total for corresponding week of previous year.  Per mile of railway, corresponding	32,180	\$3,583 <b>9</b> 9 3,078 1	10 11 1 169 281 32	29,179 5 11 2,702 5 6	5.750 15 6			
week of previous verr Total to corresponding date of	206	211 9 6 19 1	13 5 1,082 0	188 5 10 17 5 4	36 15 9			
previous year	179,129	1,54,354.14 5 14,119	4 1 768,265-32	1,34,216 3 9 12 503 3 0	26,452 7 1			

## NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th February 1874, on 274 miles oven.

•· •· •	-						
		Rs V P	i s d	Mds, Srs	RS. A. P.	L 8, 1	ísd.
Total traffic for the work	1 669	1,125 0 0	112 10 0	9 003 - 0	755 0 0	75 19 0	188 0 6
Or per mile of railway	61	11 0 0	1 2 0	27.1 0	28 0 0	2 13 0	6 15 0
For previous 6 weeks of half year	7 150 [	5 555 0 0	555 10 0	#1831 0	2.554 0 0	255 8 0	510 19 O
Total for 7 weeks	8,510	6,68) 0 0	668 0 0 -	15.854 0	a,30,0 0 0	1N 0	998-18-0
Total (* corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	1,346	1,081 3 5	108 4 6	6 242 10	499 8 0	49 19 0	158 3 6
week of previous very	49	89 11 - 5	3 19 5	229 3	15 5 3	1 16 8	5 16 1
Total to corresponding data of pre- vious year	10,058	7,612 11 4	761 5 6	40,160-30	8,292 - 3 - 0	329 4 3	1,093 9 9
	-			- '		1	

## CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for neck ended 11th February 1874, on 28 miles open

i		Rs. A, P.	£ s. d	Mds, Srs.	Rs. A. P.	$\mathcal{L}$ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per muc of railway For previous 6 weeks of half-year	8,774 513 53,709	1,285 0 0 16 0 0 7,113 0 0	128 10 0 4 12 0 ° 713 6 0	24,257 0 867 0 88,456 0	\$82 0 0 29 8 0 2984 0 0	83 4 0 2 19 0 208 8 0	211 14 0 7 11 0 1.011 11 0
Total for 7 weeks COMPARISON.	62,183	8,418 0 0	841 16 0	112,718 0	3,816 0 0	881 12 0	1,223 8 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year. Per mile of railway corresponding	8,591	1,327 6 0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	102 14 9	19,854 0 709 0	COG 10 0 .	60 13 3	193 8 0
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of previous year	60,251	8,748 14 0	874 17 10	119,751 0	4.746 14 0	2 3 4	6 19 1

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th February 1871, on 1,280 miles open

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of ranway For previous 5 weeks of half-year	108,545 540,255	Rs. A. P. 1,56,777 12 0 122 7 9 8,96,771 3 0	£ s, d 14,371 5 10 11 4 7 82,204 0 6		Rs A, P,  * 6,14,547 9 0   503 8 10   51,76,270 14 9	£ s. d. 59,083 10 7 16 3 2 280,574 16 8	73,454 16 5 57 7 9
Total for 6 weeks	618,799	10,53,548-15 0	96,575 6 4	8,826,824-30	37,70,818 7 9	345,658 7 3	
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of ranway corresponding week of previous year	115,385	1,74,305 7 9 136 2 10	15,978 0 1 12 9 8	860,526 0	4,24,915 8 0 831 4 2	08,868 1 9 30 7 4	51,546 1 10 42 17 0
Total to corresponding date of pre-	717,648	10,47,523 6 8	96,022 19 8	5,077,786 20	25,78,804 0 6	235,932 0 9	331,959 0 5

^{*} Rs. 1,52,525-9 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th February 1874, on 2231 miles open.

6	COACHING TRAFFIC.		MERCHANDI	Total traffe	
	Number of passengers.	Conching receipts.	Weight carried.	Recepts.	recespts.
	:	Rs. A. P. & s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	B s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 5 weeks of half-year	1 1	14,200 2 0 1,301 13 7 63 8 7 5 16 6 73,216 11 6 6,711 10 8		* 28,069 4 6 2,573 0 4 125 9 5 11 10 8 1,21,362 3 6 11,124 17 5	3,874 13 11 17 6 9 17,836 8 1
Total for 6 weeks Couparison.	31,857	87,416 13 6 8,013 4 8	657,698-30	1,49,431 8 0 13,697 17 9	21,711 2 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year	4,661	18,909 10 4 1,733 7 9	75,044 20	22,845 3 0 2,094 2 10	3,827 10 7
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of previous year	21.054	84     9     9     7     15     1       93,517     7     2     8,572     8     8	1	102 3 5 9 7 5 9 1,41,892 3 1 13,281 15 8	

^{*} Rs. 4,461 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 4, 1874.

## OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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## REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE THIRD QUARTER OF 1873-74.

No. 89B, dated Fort William, the 17th February 1874.

From-T. B. LANE, Esq., Sceretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces. To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Revenue Department.

I AM directed by the Member in charge to submit the following report on the state of the salt market for the third quarter of 1873-74, comprising the months of October, November and December last.

2. The quantity of salt consumed (i.e., the quantity of total clearances of salt of all descriptions) in the quarter under report amounted to 19,72,051 maunds, against 25,79,340 maunds in the previous quarter, and 18,49,846 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the total amount of duty levied was Rs. 64,09,166 against Rs. 83,82,855, and Rs. 60,12,000 in the previous and corresponding quarters, respectively.

october
November
December

Total

The quantity of Government salt sold at the Presidency and Hidgellee under wholesale rowannahs amounted to 3,145½

maunds, as shewn in the margin, giving a monthly average of 1,047½ maunds, against 1,333½ maunds in the previous quarter. There were no sales in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

4. The quantity of excise salt sold in Cuttack, Balasore, Pooree and the 24-Pergunnahs during the present quarter, from

the stock of the different seasons, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shewn in the following table I:—

I.

		CUTTACI	τ.		Ralasore.				Poorer.			24-PERGUN- NAIIS.		
	M	lanufactui	es of		Manufactures of					Manufactures of			Manufactures of	
	1869-70.	1970-71.	1871-72.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1571-72.	1872-73.	1873-74.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1872-73.	1871-72.	1872-78	
	Mds. S.  S. C.	Mds. S. C.	Mds. S.	nas. s	Mds. S.	Mdr	Mds. S.	Mds.	Mds.					
Balance at the close of the quarter. Manufac- tured or add-	2,315 20	28,676 14	13,841 10	9,060 21	4,937 6 13	18,558 23 13	78,885 0		697 0	3,009	+ 1,6 <b>6,671</b> 20	438	14,124	
ed during the quarter								309 10		•42	******	<b>.</b>		
Total	2,315 20	28,676 14	13,811 10	9,060 21	4,937 6 13	18,553 20 13	78,885 0	309 10	697 0	3,050	1,66,671 20	438	14,120	
Deduct-														
Sales during the quarter Wastage		7,791 0 	3,041 0	1,353 O 2,128 20	1,128 0 0 1,70126 7	4,247 0 0 980 29 11	22,651 0 		697 O	1,151	46,223 0	438	5,00( 	
Total		7,791 0	3,041 0	3,481 20	2,832 26 7	5,227 29 11	22,651 0		697 0	1,151	46,223 0	438	5,000	
Balance at close of the quarter	2,315 20	20,885 11	10,800 10	5,579 1	2,104 20 6	13,330 34 2	56,231 0	309 10		1,899	1,20,448 20		9,124	

It will be seen from the above that the total clearances, or sales, of excise salt during the quarter under review, amounted to 93,282 maunds, against 99,946 maunds in the previous quarter, and 1,00,692 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

5. The subjoined Table II shews, comparatively, the total importations into the port of Calcutta, and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under notice, and the corresponding quarters of the previous two

years:-

II.

The second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the second section of the section of the second section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of the section of		SED QUARTI B	ов 1871-72.	3rd quartem	ов 1872-73.	3RD QUARTER OF 1873-74.		
		Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	
	-	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	
Liverpool Pungah		17,04,298	15,21,189	14,02,485	12,67,658	17,28,175	13,61,782	
Foreign Kurkutch		3,09,569	2,42,671	4,68,102	2,71,123	2,64,006	2,61,810	
Indian ditto		2,708	1,02,057	1,81,128	1,54,571	95,160	1,99,039	
Ceylon ditto			4,116				•••	
Total		20,16,635	18,70,033	20,51,715	16,93,651	20,87,311	18,22,631	

6. The following are the details of the Indian Kurkutch salt shewr above:—

III.

	- <del></del> -	 ;	Brd Quartri	. ор 1871-72.	3rd Quarter	: от 1872-73.	3RD QUARTE	B OF 1873-74.
			Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported	Cleared.
			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Kurrachee Bombay Madras Eunore	•••		2,768	4 650 35,453 61,954	92.728 40.000	1,02,891 61,680	67,080 	1,49,197 46.442 3,400
Covelong	 Total		2,768	1,02,057	1,51,128	1,54,671	28,080 95,160	1,99,039

^{*} This represents the excess found on weighment.

† The difference of 6,709 mained is caused in consequence of revised figures having been submitted by the Collector. It represent the difference between the quantity estimated as manufactured and the quantity actually weighed into the Golahs.

7. Table IV shews the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the parehouses at the close of the quarter, as compared with the results of the vivious four quarters:—

IV.

WHERE STORED.	3rd quarter of 1872-73.	4th quarter of 1872-73.	1st quarter of 1873-74.	2nd quarter of 1873-74.	3rd quarter of 1873-74.
	Mds.	Mds,	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
ilkea Government Golahs	16,70,117	17,63,249	19,64,858	11,76,745	16,08,350
hoosery Golaha	5,603				
sittagong Government Golalis	1,51,295	1,28,573	79,381	59,413	1,16,674
Total	18,27,015	18,91,822	20,44,239	12,06,158	17,25,224

8. Table V exhibits the despatches of salt from Calcutta by water nd the three Railways, passing the several salt pass stations into the interior of he country, both east and west of the river Hooghly, during the quarter nder review, and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years:—

V.

	= ,		-					
Parior.	<i>Vi4</i> Ballikhal.	<i>Vid</i> Sankrail.	Vid Gewa- khalce.	Viđ Kidder- pore.	Viá Bullia- ghatta.	By the East Indian Railway.	By the East- ern Bengal Railway.	By the Calcutta and S. E. Railway.
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
d quarter of 1871-72	5,82,327	1,34,109	1,03,055	1,05,580	6,79,318	3,12.219	2,283	10
Ditto 1872-73	4,80,760	1,18,159	88,287	77,763	6,87.592	3,63.556	1,648	2,200
Ditto 1873-71	<b>4,</b> 03,816	1,01,740	81,203	1,03,014	7.97,490	3,11,326	709	******

Total

Total

Of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar, in the quarter under review, amounted to 16,854 maunds, as noted in the margin, against maunds in the previous quarter, and 12,367 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

9. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta, according to ublished market reports, were as follow:—

			Total		29,005
December	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,426
November	•••	•••	•••	•••	8,083
October	•••	•••	•••		15,496
					Tons.

The shipments made during the quarter under report for the port of Chittagong amounted to 938 tons.

10. The market prices per 100 maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt at the close of each fortnight during the quarter, as compared with hose obtaining during the same period last year, are shewn in the following lable VI:—

VI.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.		Prices on 15th October,		Prices on 31st October.				rices on 30th Prices on 15 November. D cember.			h Prices on 31st December.	
	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1879.	1873.	1372	1873.	1872.	1873.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	li 4
iverpool Pungah rench Kurkutch eddah ditto sonbay ditto dadras ditto	62 . 67 . 46	78 60 67 37 58	63 58 69 11 54	68 49 57 37 56	70 61 71 51 54	71 53 57 41 53	69 57 74 54 55	71 53 59 41 55	63 60 3 38 60	90 60 61 41 58	64 60 76 59 60	9 6.1 76 41 60

11. In Table VII are exhibited the total quantities of salt that were available for the private export trade at the several depôts in the Madras Presidency on the first day of each of the three months constituting the quarter under report, and the corresponding quarters of 1871-72 and 1872-73.

VII.

			•			·	
		Months.			1871-72.	1872-73.	1873- <b>74.</b>
					Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
October	•••	•••	•••		7,45,508	6,16,340	. 1,00,000
November	•••				6,88,088	5,66,340	Not recd.
December	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,36,188	5,66,340	3,09,178
				1	1	_ {	

12. The following table shews the quantities of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard at Chittagong during the quarter under review, and the corresponding quarter of 1872-73, respectively:—

VIII.

		<u> </u>	Арміттво	ило Волр.	CLRA	RED.
DESCRIPTIO	N OF SALT-		3rd quarter of 1872-73.	3rd quarter of 1873-74.	3rd quarter of 1872-73.	3rd quarter of 1873-74.
			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah	***		95,015	1,00,598	55,503	52,069
Madras Kurkutch	•••		•••••	••••		926
	Total		95,015	1,00,598	55,503	52,995
		!			ا	

No transactions in sca-imported salt have been reported for the quarter-from any of the Orissa ports.

### LIBERALITY OF THE ZEMINDARS OF DINAGEPORE.

Extract from a letter from the Officialing Magistrate of Dinagepore, No. 156 S.R., dated 23rd February 1874

The relief operations have generally been carried on over old tracks where new land has

pharanee Syam Mohinee, Baboo Radha Gobind Roy, Moonshee Mozhur Ho-sein Chowdry, Balbo Narayan Chunder Chowdry, Moonshee Vahomed Alee Khan, Mr. T. W. Tweedie on the part of Baboo Budhi Nath Chowdry, minor zemindar, Ameer Chand Chowdry, and Kheira Mohan Singh, and Baboo Krisna Gobind Chowdry. been taken up; efforts have been made to induce the zemindars to give the land free of cost; the principal landholders have been appealed to by letter and urged, as a contribution towards the relief of their tenantry, to grant such lands free of cost. The zemindars noted in the margin

have promptly responded to the call, and signified their intention of demanding no price for land required for relief purposes. I beg to bring the liberality of these gentlemen to the favorable notice of Government, and I trust that the example set by them will be followed by others.

Extract from the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor's Resolution No. 1133S.R., dated 28th February 1874.

His Honor also recognizes with pleasure the liberal conduct of those zemindars who have given up the land free of charge for relief roads, &c. The acknowledgments of Government may be conveyed to them.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

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Return not received.

† Return not received.

† Return nor week ending 21st Pebruary received after the publication of the last consecute.

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Coalse rice at 11-3 see is per upoc.

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Price of the interior ranges from 8 to 11-3 see is, and common need from 11 to 13-3 sours per rupos.

Old rice.

Old rice.

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New rice.

### undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 28th February 1874.

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¹ Price of common vice at the abstract ranges from 11 k to 13 seers, and of common rice from '3 k to 17 seers per rupee.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 k to 13 seers, and of common rice from '3 k to 17 seers per rupee.

Ken the interior the price of best rice ranges from 10 to 11-3 sears, and of common rice from Price to 12-8 sears per rupee.

Common rice in the interior ranges from 15 seers not 1 mee.

Medical between the interior ranges from 14 to 15 sears, and of common rice from Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 14 to 16 sears, and of common rice from 16-12 to 19 sears per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 15 sears, and of common rice from 16 to 21 sears per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 15 sears, and of common rice from 13 to 17 sears per rupee.

Rice of common rice in the interior ranges from 12 to 19 sears per rupes.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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Return for week ending 21st February received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Return not received.

Return not received.

The price of 's strice in the interior ranges from 0 to 0-9 seers, of common rice for 10 to 13-8 seers, lesser millets 14 to 17 seers, and maize 12-8 to 15 sec.s per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-8 to 0-12 seers, and of common rice from 11-4 to 12-8 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 9 to 12-8 seers per rupee.

# Districts of Bengal on the 28th February 1874.—(Continued.)

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U Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 9 8 seers and of common rice from 9 to 11-8 see, s per rupee.

V Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 12-8 seers and of common rice from 8 to 13 seers per rupee.

V Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 13 seers, of common rice 10 to 14 seers, bullatch mulet 13 to 20 seers, and maize 13-8 to 20 seers per rupee.

V Price of rice in the interior ranges from nearly 40 to 26 seers per rupee in different places.

### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall. Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 28th February 1874.

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1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall it Sudder Station in inches.	
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BE	NGA	L.		•
		Western Districts.		
	1	Burdwan, 3rd* Mar. 1871	·6 .	The weather has been warmer all over the district. Rainfall at Raneegungo '03. The prospects of the cold weather crops are good; sugarcane is being reaped Price of rice a little cheaper. Fever as before.
<b>.</b>	2	Baucoorah, 28th Feb. "	0.13	Warm. Evenings cloudy and threatening. Some boro rice has been sown in the north. The cold weather crops coming to maturity—average from four to eight annas of a fair crop. Some small-pox still prevails. No distress reported yet.
BURDWAY DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 28th " "	•21	Seasonable, clear, and growing hot. No change to notice. The cutting and pressing of the sugarcane has commenced. Exportation by rail for the week ending 21st February, 8,850 maunds against 6,319 of the preceding week, chiefly to the Patna and Bhaugulpore Divisions. Prices show a downward tendency.
BURDW	4	Midnapore, 28th ", "	0 03	Close and hot in the first part of the week; a thunderstorm on Thursday evening, since cool and dry. There has been no change, since last week. The thunderstorm was slight and did no injury to the mange blossoms.
	5	Hooghly, f8th ,, ,,	Nil	Clear; wind from north-east and south; no indication of rain; getting warm. Potato crop is gathered. Sugarcane almost cut, a fair outturn. Lands are being prepared for next year's crop.
- (		Howrah, 28th ""	Nil	Settled fair. No alteration since last report. All crops doing very well indeed.
		Central Districts.		•
rision.	r G	?4-Pergunnahs, 2nd† Mar. 1874.	0∙06	Weather getting hotter; cloudy on the 26th and 27th February, with slight rain in parts of the district. A few vegetable crops only on the ground- Ploughing for early rice sowings going on extensively. Fever has disappeared from Barriepore and abated in Barra-kpore and Dum-Dum. A few cases of cholera reported from thannas Bankipore, Baduria, and Protaphagore. Two cases of small-pox from Nowabgunge, and one from Satkhica.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.	7	Nudden, 28th Feb. 1874	0 03	Fine. Cool at night, but hot in the day; a slight shower of rain in Krishnaghur on Friday evening. The cold weather crops now in the ground promise well, and on the area on which they exist are not much if at all below average. Prices have a tendency to rise. In the north-west of the district between 3,000 and 4,000 labourers are employed on road and other works, but as yet it appears to be unnecessary to administer gratuitous relief. Excepting cholera in a few places, the general health of the district is good.
l	. 8	lessore, 28th """	Nil	Clear, but occasionally cloudy with south wind. Boro rice, teel (oil-seed), indigo, mil'et, oats, and peas doing well. Cultivation for the early rice in a forward state. Prices are much the same as last week. Date-juice is still being gathered. The supply of goor (date sugar) at Kotechandpore appears to have been abandant, but the price paid has been low.
SION,	9	Moorshedabad, 28th ""	Nil	There was a drizzle at Rampore Håt and Jungipore on the 22nd February. The heat increases daily; nights pretty cool recently. There is nothing new this week respecting the state of the crops; they are approaching maturity, and some, as peas, lentils, and khesaree (pulse) are being gathered. Boro paddy looks well. Prices have not varied much except at Lallbaugh where they have fallen. Smallpox is decreasing.
RAJSHAHTE DIVISION,	10	Dinagcpore, 28th " ",	Nil	West wind, rather warm, commenced blowing at beginning of week, but has stopped since the 27th February. No rain. Boro rice is getting on well. Preparations for sowing the bhadoi or early rice are actively going on, and in a few places it has been actually sown.
RAJSH	11	Maldah, 28th , ,,	0.03	The first two days of the week cloudy, the rest feir with strong westerly winds. Weather threatening on the 23rd February with slight rain. The state of the cold weather crops' continues favorable. Prices are generally stationary, but in some places in the interior have fallen.
Į.	12	Rajshahye, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Clear and hot. No rain excepting a few drops in stations Singra, Bagmara, and Nattore. The cold weather crops continue to improve. Paddy is being sown in Pootea. Prices are stationary except in Singra, where the prices of paddy and rice have fallen slightly.

Telegram of the 3rd March, received on the same day, shows minfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

[†] Report of the 2nd March received on the 3rd, shows rainfull during the seven days including the 2nd.

۵.	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BE	NGAI	—(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
-(Cd.)	. 13	Rungpore, 28th Feb. 1874.	Nil	Weather fair and on the whole cool. The winter crops are doing well. Except at Kalleegunji, rice is selling at from Rs. 2-8 to Rs. 3-8 per maund. At Kalleegunja rice is reported to be selling at Rs. 4-8 per maund.
DIVE	14	Bograh, 28th Feb. 1874.	Nil	Getting hot gradually. Cold weather crops are getting on well; mustard has been reaped in some places and the yield good. Mulberry is doing very well indeed.
RAJSHAHYR DIVY(Cd.)	15	l'ubna, 28th """	Nil	The weather has not been so warm as during the previous week. It has been cloudy. The report on the state and prospects of the crops is the same as that of last week. Cholera has again appeared in the station and in Chatmohur.
_ (	16	Darjeeling, 28th ", ",	Nil	Bright and clear days. There are no crops of any importance in the ground. The price of common rice has risen a little during the week throughout the Terai.
COOCE BEHAR DIVE.	17	Julpigoree, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Fine but warm for the time of the year. No change in the prospect of crops; all doing well. Rice is becoming so scarce in Boda that the Deputy Commissioner has applied for a portion of the south of the district to be classed as "distressed," and proposed at once taking in hand the work previously proposed as relief work. The want felt in this part is not actually of food—regetables being abundant and cheap—but of rice, which the procest classes find great difficulty in procuring owing to high prices consequent on security. Rice imported by the Cooch Behar State for these parts will shortly arrive, and with the road and bund work will do all that is at present needed. Rise in price of rice is general all over the district.
į		Cooch Behar, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Fine weather, prospects of crops same as in the last week, c.g., wheat and pulses very promising and millets coming up well, early rice being sown excensively under favorable circumstances. Tobacco promises well in most parts.
		Eastern Districts.		
{	18	Daccu, 3rd* Mar. 1874	•35	Weather warm and sunny. Boro paddy will be a very full crop, also cheens (millet) of which there is a large extent. Early rice being sown. Ploughing nearly finished.
ر	19	Farreedpore, 28th Feb. 1874.	1.40	Weather for the most part clear and bright during the week. On Thursday night a sudden thanderstorm passed over Furreedpore when nearly one and a half inches of rain fell in less than an hour. This thunderstorm was not felt either at Goalundo, tweaty miles to the north, or at Me 'aipore, about thirty: less to the south of Furre dpore. Wheat, barley, and grain, as well as the inclons and encumbers an doing well, also all the vegetables of the sease. Price of common rice at Fur edpore, Bhanga, and Madaripize remains the same; it has fallen at Goalundo owing to importations, but risen one-fourth of a scer per rupee at Gopalgunge.
Ortigio	20	Backergunge, 21st Feb. 1874.	1.7	Rain has fallen. Cool and pleasant in the early part of the week. The last two days have been hot. Prospects of the crops fair.
DACCA DIVISION.	21	Mymensing, 28th Feb. 1874.	Nil	Weather generally clear, and mornings and evenings cool. The boro-rice has been improved by the rain and promises to be a good crop; the prospects of the cheena (millet) are good. The time weather of the last week has had a good effect on the vegetables. Prospects a together are encouraging.
	22	Sylhet 21st Feb. 1874	0.63	Maggy in day-time, but cool at night. The cultivation of the early crop has re-commerced. The price of rice is gradually rising. In the Sudder station table rice is sold at 15 seers 12 chittacks, and the common rice at 18 seers 6 chittacks per rupee. Nearly 3,000 mands of rice and 2,500 mands of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No fresh information of cholera. Small-pox still prevailing in the station.
- (	23	Cachar		Return not received.
	24	Chittugong, 21st Feb. 1874.	-99	Rain fell on Saturday afternoon (14th) in town, and appears to have been general over the district excepting Tekmaaf; south of the Sungoo the fell was sighter than to the north. Weather otherwise seasonable. The laterain will, it is thought, have done much good to the cold weather crops, which continue to promise well.
CHITTAGONG DIVE.	25	Noakhally, 21st Feb. 1874	1.	Fair; rain on the night of the 13th February, none since. It is reported that in the castern thumpules the khesary and kalai pulses and chillies have suffered from too much rain. Rice is still leaving the district and prices tend to a rise.
BITTAGO	26	l'ipperab, 21st ., .,	·51	Rainy and cloudy: rather worm for the season. Prospects of bore rice crop excellent. Cold weather crops are in good condition. Outturn of mustard crop good. Cholera and small-pox still lingering in the sub-division of Brahmanicacia.
١	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 21st Feb. 1874.	·16	Cool throughout the whole week. The mustard crop has nearly been gathered. The hill-m n are busily engaged in cutting their jooms. There is no fear of searcity at present.
(		Hill Tipperab, 21st Fcb 1874.	Nil	Cold and foggy in the mornings, warm and bright during the day. Compared with the last report the price of rice shows a tendency to rise.

^{*} Telegram of the 3rd March, received on the same day, shows rainfull during the seven days immediately preceding.

•	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEI	IAR.			
{	28	Patns, 2nd March 1874.	Nil	No rain, weather clear and bright. Prospects of the cold weather crops continue to be favorable. Bahur, kerai, and masoor (pulses), and rai (oil-seed) are being harvested. Health of the district good except a few cases of small-pox in the Sudder sub-division.
	29	Gya, 28th Feb. "	0.01	Seasonable. A very slight rain on the 23rd February at the Sudder station. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. The poppy is excellent. The masoer (pulse), mustard, and peas are being harvested. The prices have fallen slightly. Health of the district good.
	<b>3</b> 0	hahabad, 28th ", ",	Nil	Clear with moderate west wind, days hot, mornings and evenings cool. The weather has been very favorable for bringing the remaining cold weather crops to maturity. The greater part of the peas and sugarcune has now been gathered, while isolated patches of the other crops are also being harvested.
PATNA DIVISION.	31	Tirhoot, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather getting warmer. In the Durbhangah sub-division there is no change since last report. The prospect of the cold weather crop cannot now be improved, with the exception of rubur (pulse) and mustard; no reliance ought to be placed on it. In the Tajpore sub-division there is no great alteration in the crops on the ground except that perhaps the rain of the 23rd February will swell the groun. Everything promises well on the Dearahs. The rain has been beneficial to moong (pulse) and kowni (millet); freshening what has sprouted and making what had been sown on the chance of rain, without sufficient moisture, germinate. Tobacco is being cut. In the Madho-bani sub-division some "būt," very little cheena (millet), and moong (pulse) has been sown. The mustard crop is ripe and the rubur (pulse) as well on; the other crops are mostly very poor, and even if they are all respect, will not give more than one-anna return. In the Haje-pore sub-division continue much the same as last week. In the Sectamarhee sub-division a shower of rain fell on the 21st February. Cheena (millet), moong and rubur (pulses) and mustard reported to be doing well.
	32	Surun, 28th ., .,	Nil	Weather fair and seasonable, west wind prevailing. The weather during the past fortnight has been all that could be desired for the crops. The fine weather following the rain has done the crops an immense amount of good. The crops are now risening fast, and if the weather continues favorable, the outturn of the crops will on the whole be very fair, averaging probable eight annas all round. Peas, mustard, gram, and mussoor (pulse) are still being harvested; wheat, barley, and ruhur (pulse) doing well, and are fast ripening; poppy heads are being tapped. People are briskly engaged in sowing the spring crops, such as cheena (millet), moong (pulse), kakree and melons. Sugarcane is being planted for the next year's crop. Indigo sowings going on. Mango in blossom and promises a fair harvest if nothing unforescen occurs to injure the blossoms. New ruhur, moosoor, and khes aree (pulses) are coming into the market. Prices on the whole have fallen.
(	33	Chumparun, 28th " "	Nil .	West winds. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. Peas, mussoor and herai (pu'ses) are being harvested; a four-anna crop is expected. The poppy in the southern part of the P. thah sub division and north and north-east of the Sudder division is very promising. Cheena (millet) is very largely sown, and should rain fall again much assistance from this crop may be expected.
1	31	Monghyr, 21st ,, ,,	0.03	Set fair. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue favorable.
DIVS.	35	Chaugulpore, 3rd* March 1574.	Nil	Weather reported favorable from all parties. Slight rain at Banka during the week, which proved beneficial to crops. Cold weather crops generally doing well. Health good.
BRAUGULPORR DIVN.	36	durneah, 21st Feb. 187	0.03	Cold at night and in the mornings; high west wind by day. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good; the rain which threatened to fah in the early part of the week passed off and did no harm. The mustard crop is nearly all cut; ploughing for bhadoi (early) sowing going on.
Вп	37	Southal Pergunnahs, 28th Feb. 1874.	.03	Cloudy the early part of the week, towards the end of the week dry and fair. No change in the state of the crops since last report. In Rajmehal wheat and barley is in ear, and in some places in the Dearahs promises well.
OR	1884	<b></b>		
	( 38	Cuttack, 3rd† Mar. 1874	Nil	Weather warm. Prospects of dalua rice good, cold weather crops yielding a good outturn. Prices stationary. Public health good.
ORISSA DIVISION.	39	l'aorce, 21st Feb. "	Nil	Fair and warm. Birhi and koolthi pulses have been completely gathered with a good outturn. White moong pulse is flowering. The sowings of the dalua rice crop have been very nearly completed and are growing up well. The mange crop is in the earliest stage of growth. The ploughing operations for the ensuing cultivation of crops are in pregress. Purchases of rice for export continue on a slightly increased scale, and prices are generally almost stationary in the mofussil. Public health generally good.
-	40	Balasore, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather changeable. Crops satisfactory. Price of rice unaltered. Small-pox and cholera breaking out in different parts of the d strict.

[•] Telegram of the 2nd March, received on the 3nd, shows rainfall during the seven days including the 2nd.
† Telegram of the 3nd March received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
HOTA	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		•
41	Hazarcebaugh, 21st Feb. 1874.	Nil	Weather fair, but unusually warm towards the latter end of the week; cloudy and threatening on the 21st February. Prospect of the cold weather creps, which had benefited by the late rains, continues favorable, and cultivators are engaged in tilling their lands. If the weather, as at the end of the week, continue longer it will do harm to the mowah and mango blossom. Prices stationary. Public health good.
<b>4</b> 2	Lohardugga, 28th Feb. 1871.	-34	There was a little rain on Sunday. It is getting warm in the day-time now, but the mornings are still cool and pleasant. It is still rather early to express any decided opinion as to the mowah crop in the sudder sub-district, but if there be no more rain it promises so far to be a good one. There had been slight rain at Palamow, but not enough to do any damage, and the reports of the cold weather crops continue to be satisfactory.
43	Singbhoom, 21st Feb. 1874.	Nil	Sky clear, no signs of rain. Days warm. Nothing to add to last weekly report, e.g., nothing on the ground save a little rabur and mussoor (pulses), and gram; these looking well. Cattle disease reported from several parts of the district. Public health good.
44	Maunbhoom, 28th " ",	0.10	Slight fall of rain on the 22nd February. Warm and cloudy with high wind up to 24th, latterly bright and cool. The threatening appearance of the weather during the early part of the week gave rise to great anxiety on account of the budding mowah which at this stage would be altogether destroyed by a heavy fall of rain; should, however, the present bright weather continue, the crop ought to be a full one. Prices are steady over the greater portion of the district, but have risen slightly in Gobindpore, and considerably towards the south. Public health good.

Published for general information.

JALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 3rd March 1874. R. Knight,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

					sth to	115th to ebruary		FROM 18T JARY 1874.	
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.		STATIO		Rain from 8th to 14th February 1874.	Rain from 15th to 21st February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	RRMABES.
BENG	AL.				Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	WESTERN DISTRI	CTS.			1.iones.	Inches		1	1
ĺ	Burdwan		Burdwan Cutwa Culna Bood-Bood Rancegunge Jehanabad		0.08 0.60 0.32 0.43 0.03 0.47	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	5·22 6·53 5·47 4·76 4·47 6·38	21st Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	·
i	Bancoorah		Bancoorah		Nil	Nil	4.16	ditto.	
ان	Beerbhoom		Sooree		Nil	Nil	4.15	ditto.	
ВСВОИАЯ	Midnapore	{	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai { Dv. Col'	  lr.'s Office agr.'s Office	0·24 0·22 Nil 0·78 0·80	Nil Nil Nil Nil Not rec	4:06 6:39 5:50 7:01 6:98	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto 14th Feb.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
ĺ	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore		0·47 0·12	Nil Nil	4·90 4·51	21st Feb. ditto.	
l	Howrah		Howrah		0.53	Nil	4.01	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTRI	ICTS.				.,			
, i	21-Pergunnahs		Saugor Island Calcutta Alipore { Dispens Bussecrhaut Baraset Diamond Harbour Bartipore Satkherah Barrackpore Dum-Dum		1·10 0·63 0·89 0·89 0·23 0·22 0·62 0·22 0·64 0·10	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4·80 4·69 5·15 5·02 2·19 4·29 3·74 2·33 3·15 4·77 3·00	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	•
PRESTORACY.	Nuddea		Kishnaghur Bongong Meherpore Chocadangah Kooshteah Ranaghat		0.26 N.1 0.55 0.36 0.26 0.75	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	5:00 4:05 4:35 5 17 3:77 6:13	ditto, ditto ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 11th to 17th Jan.
ł	Jessore		Jessore Nurrail Khoolnea Jenadah Bagirhaut Magoorah		0·10 0·20 1·30 0·95 1·37 0·70	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4:57 4:43 5:92 5:63 4:44 4:13	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Moorshedabad	{	Berhampore Ramporchaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azingunge Lalgolla		0·13 Nil 0·12 0·30 Nil 0·40	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3·03 3·13 2·94 2·03 2·64 2·49	ditto, ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.  Received up to 20th Jan.
	Dinagepore	•••	Dinagepore		0.55	Nil.	1.95	ditto.	
RAJSHAHYB.	Maldah Rajshahye	 {	Maldah Beculcah Nattore		0.30 0.03	Nil Nil Nil	1·77 2·99 4·47	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
RA	Rungpore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya		0:35 N ₁ l 0 10	Nil Nil Nil	5°35 2°08 2°15	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograh		Bograh		0.26	Nil	8.12	ditto.	
	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunge		0°27 0°25	Nil Nil	2·44 2·27	ditto. ditto.	
انہ	Darjecling	•••	1	raph Office	1	Not rec.	Nil 1.00	15th Jan. 21st Feb.	
Cooch BEBAR	Julpigoree	{	Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah		0.19	Nil Nil Nil	1.96 2.29 2.28	ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Jan.
C00C	Cooch Behar Trib State Bhútan Dooars	utary 	Cooch Behar Buxa		Nil	Nil Not rec.	2 [.] 03	ditto.	
	]				1	1	1	<u> </u>	I

	•	-	n 8th to ebfuary	n 15th to debruary		PROM 1st ABY 1874.	Remarks.
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain from 8th to 11th February 1874.	Rain from 15th to 21st February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	
eng.	AL-(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	•
{	EASTERN DISTRICTS. Dacca	Dacca Telegraph Office Hospital Moonsheegunge Manickgunge	0.50 0.50 0.63 0.63	Nil Nil Nil Not rec.	2·40 2·11 2·37 2·95	21st Feb. ditto. ditto. 14th Feb.	
	Furreedpore	Furrecdpore Goalundo	0.75 0.30	Nil 0 01	3·83 4·98	21st Feb. ditto.	
DACCA.	Backergunge *	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patuakhally Dowlatkhan	2:53 1:01 0:42 1:70 2:10	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4.69 2.32 2.72 2.27 3.95	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto,	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
Ğ.	Mymensing	Mymensing Jamalpore Attenh Kishoregunge	0.81 1.26 0.50 1.09	Nil Nil 0:50 Nil	4:98 4:78 3:48 5:57	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylbet	. Sylhet	2.91	Nil	6.08	ditto.	
l	Cachar	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	NY 4	Nil Not rec. ditto	6:30 4:3 Nil	ditto. 7th Feb. 3rd Jan.	
ſ	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph Office	. 2.31	0.20 Nil Not 100	2 00 2 77 0°26	21st Feb. ditto 14th Feb.	
OXG.	Noakhally .	Noakhally	. 1.78	MI	2.88	21st Feb.	
CHITTAGONG.	Tipperah	{   Comillah   Brahmanbariah	0.00	0.03 Nil	2·73 5 3 <b>t</b>	ditto. ditto.	
CH	Chittagong Hill Trac	Rungamatee Hill	. 1.53	0.18	2.27	ditto.	
	Hill Tipperah •	Hill Tipperah	2.05	Nil	3.97	ditto.	
BEH	AR.	Behar	Nil Nil . Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.01 2:27 1:31 0.80 0.77	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	;   Gya	Nowadah	Nil Nil Nil . Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2:52 2:46 1:36 1:06	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
PAIMA.	Shahabad	Sasseram Buxar	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:31 1 70 1 00 1:01	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	Not rec. 11th to 17th J
PA	Tirhoot	Durbhangah Hajcepore Mudhubani Seetamaree	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	ditto ditto ditto	1.03 1.01 0.84 0.70	ditto	
	Sarun	. \$ 1 (2)	Not r	ec. Not re	c. 1.69 0.80		
		Motechari	Nil				
	Monghyr	. { Monghyr Jamooie	Ni	l Nil	1.27	ditto.	
LPOBE.	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopool Mudheypoorah Banka Sanborsa	Ni Ni Ni Ni Ni	N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1 N 1	1·00 1·04 2·33	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
BEAUGULPORE.	Purneah	Purneah   Kishengunge   Arrareah	Ni 0 Ni Ni	i Ni	1 2 05	ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnaha	Deoghur Jantara Rujmehal Maheshpore Nya-Doomka Godda	Ni Not 1 Not 1 Ni Not 1 Not 1 Ni Ni	rec. Not r l Ni rec. Not 1 l Ni	ec. 1 0.80 ec. 1 1.96	21st Feb. 3 21st Feb.	

ż	District.	STATION.		m 8th to February	Rain from 15th to 21st February 1874.		FROM 18T	Remarks.
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	STATION.		Rain from 8th to 14th February 1874.	Rain from 21st 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	,
lss	3A. '			Inches.	Inches.	•	187· <b>i.</b>	
{	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajipore Kendrapara Jugatsingpore		0:30 0:40 Nil 0:30 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3.53 4.05 2.80 1 60 0 75	21st Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORIGEA.	Pooree	Poorce Khurdah		Nil Nil 001	Nil Nil Nil	1.66 1.68 2.03	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Balasore	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		0·10 Nil 0·07 Nil Not rec	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto	3:80 5:45 5:68 1:59 1:64	14th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
l	Cuttack Tributary Mehal	Sambalpore		ditto	ditto	Nil	ditto.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazarecbaugh	Hazareebaugh { Jail Dispensa	ry 	0:01 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	3·71 3·95 3·33	21st Feb. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah	Ranchee Palamow		Nil Nil	Nil Nil '	4 50 3·10	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chycbassa:		Nil	Nil	4.41	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom	Purulia Gobindpore		0·20 Nil	Nıl Nıl	4·94 4·98	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.	r						
	Goalparah	Goalparah Dhoobree		0·24 Nil	Nil Nil	1·69 0 63	ditto.	
	Kamroop	Gowhatty Burpettah		0.54	Nil Nil	2°16 4°09	ditto.	
	Durrung	Tezpore Mungledya		Not rec.	Not rec.	1.09 2.00	7th Feb	Not rec. 1st to 3rd January
	Nowgong	Nowgong	•••	0.21	ditto	1.26	11th Feb.	
	Seebsaugor	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorchaut Nazeerah	 	0°17 0°58 0°53 0°01	ditto ditto ditto ditto	4·55 4·82 3·84 4·39	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya		Not rec 0.07 Not rec	ditto ditto ditto	2·27 2·51 4·15	7th Feb. 14th Feb. 7th Feb.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting	•••	0 95	ditto	3.79	11th Feb.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	s i Jaowai	•••	ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2:48 0:68 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan.
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	0.33	Nil	5.04	21st Feb.	
		Benares Akyab	•••	1 87.1	Not rec Nil	Nil Nil	31st Jan. 21st Feb.	

CALCUTTA,

The 28th February 1874.

H. F. Blankord,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

### Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 22nd to 28th February 1874.

	  •			13. manusahan	Тиввмо	MRTER.	Humi-	Wind.		··		
STATION.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32'.	Barometer request to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials
CALCUTTA.	Feb. 22nd 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th	10 16 10 18 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	20 959 20 837 20 979 29 917 30 003 29 847 20 989 29 844 30 016 20 981 30 015 29 981 30 075 29 984	29°977 23 856 29 9°7 29 935 30°0 92 29°9 5 30 007 29 863 30 037 29 892 30 033 29 899 30°007 29 967	78:0 60:3 78:7 82:3 78:3 78:3 78:3 78:3 78:3 78:6 77:7 81:7 77:0 85:7	72-5 72-7 71 0 73-6 67-0 70-0 69 0 71-0 71-0 61-3 66 2	49 66 61 71 65 86 69 43 78 68 46	SW SSW WSW N WSW WSW NNE NE WWSW WSW	5-4 6-8 5-7 4-6 3-9 5-3 4-9 3-3 6-5 3-6 5-5 3-3 4-8	0.62	CK, C CK, C CK CK CK	6 6 6
SAUGOR ISLAND.	22ud 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29.990 29.876 30.008 29.918 30.003 29.918 30.001 29.868 30.015 29.96 30.042 29.922 30.096 29.903	29 986 29 882 30 011 29 124 30 108 29 924 30 1007 29 874 30 102 29 912 30 102 29 963	80 81 80 81 78 81 81 82 80 80 80 80 80	765 775 775 775 775 775 775 775 775 775	86 78 78 78 70 77 73 78 78 78 78 78	8 S W 8 S E S W S W N W W S W W S W S S W S S W N W S S W	9°2 11 8 11°2 10°4 7°1 7°6 12 0 8°0 4°2 6°2 5°6 8°3 8°5 7°2		C C K N N N N C K K S N K K S K C C	b, m b, m b, m c, st c, st b, v b, v l, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v
CHITTAGONG.	22nd 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th	10 16 10 16 10 18 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29 956 29 864 29 958 29 860 29 858 29 858 29 916 29 858 29 844 29 99 29 852 30 020 29 904	30°050 29°957 30°051 29°953 30°026 29°951 30°051 29°922 30°081 29°944 20°944 30°113 29°97	7521129924949599 87847879592	670 771 773 774 775 775 775 775 775 775	63 91 55 69 66 73 63 60 81 61 64 69 48	SEWNWEWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWNWN	374 433 774 366 377 225 677 439 300 383 688		CK CK CK CK KS CK KS KS KS KS KS KS KS KS KS KS KS KS KS	b, m b, v b, m  m g b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v
Madras.	21st 22nd 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	30:007 29:885 30:004 29:889 30:027 29:916 30:031 20:901 30:021 20:889 29:90 29:895 30:015 29:911	30-037 29-915 30-034 29-919 30-057 29-916 30-051 29-931 30-051 29-919 30-020 29-925 30-045 29-941	64 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	754 70 71 71 71 71 71 71 72 72 73	64 63 19 52 54 56 59 52 55 56 60 60	E S E E by S E by S E by S S E by E E S E E S E E by S S E by E S E by E S E by E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E S E B E	6 9 7 7 8 5 5 9 8 13 9 11			6, c 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
CUTACK.	22nd 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	20-8-8 20-772 29-928 20-804 20-963 20-806 20-759 29-921 29-779 29-928 29-780 20-988 20-840	29:971 29:853 30:011 29:885 30:046 29:887 29:979 29:810 30:004 29:861 30:001 29:861 30:071 29:861 30:071 29:021	82 93 82 91 78 67 80 92 81 82 92 81	63 65 64 69 69 70 70 73 73 71 90 73	38 16 35 16 61 36 58 29 66 46 45 59 66 33	SW SSW SSW SW SSW SSW NE SSW NE NE	29 17 82 20 52 16 29 28 38 24 33 18		CS CK, KS, C KS, C CK, KS, C CK, C CK, C CK, KS, C CK, KS, C	5 b b b b b
AKTAB.	22nd 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29:995 29:891 30:012 29:871 30:005 29:864 30:005 29:876 30:025 29:910 30:035 29:914 30:057 29:914	30:017 20:013 30:034 20:802 30:027 20:805 30:027 20:808 30:027 20:808 30:057 20:038 30:057 20:035 30:079 20:046	81 85 81 84 79 83 78 83 78 81 78 83	70 72 60 70 75 74 71 72 63 72 73 74	55 50 51 43 61 67 81 55 69 62 57 66 69 69	ENE NW NE WNW ENE WSW E W NE W NE W NE W	4·3 4·0 4·0 9·3 4·6 5·1 1·7 6·5 3·5 7·5 3·7 8·6 3·0 6·3			b   b   b   b   b   b   b   b   b   b

· Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA, The 28th February 1874.

H. F. Blanford, Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

# Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22rd to 28th February 1874.

<del>-</del>								. •							
		eter.	Тие	кмоми	TER.			den.	daty.	Win	D.		İ		
Month	Pate.	Menn reduced barometer.	Mean reduced baro  Highert reading. Lowest reading.		Max. wdar radi-	Mean dry balls.	Mean wet bilb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing directon.	Max. presente.	Daily velecity.	Ratin.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS
		Inches.		0		٠,	0	0			ltb	Miles	In.		
Feb	22nd	29 886	89*3	708	112.0	78:2	72.1	68.3	0.73	ssw		156.5			Clear and cirrocumuli. Foggy at 6 & 7 A.M.
	23rd	.938	83'5	70:5	128 0	70.5	70.7	ឲមថ	· <del>7</del> 3	's, s w & x	0.1	128'5		ď	Cirrocumuli and cirri and overcast.
	24th	-92⊀	82.5	70.3	1362	75 U	63.6	61:1	.70	SSW &		85.0			Overcast and cirrocumuli,
	25th	100.	87 2	705	1850	77:2	69 1	63 9	.02	> W & W by		1160	: : ··· :		Clear.
	26th	·926	86.6	69-3	1340	77 1	ca.a	61.6	.66	Variable	. <b>.</b> .	80.7	0.05		Clear, cumuli and overcast. Light rain at 72 & 81 P.M.
	271 h	-919	81.7	72.5	132.0	77:1	724	68.9	.76	ws <i>m</i> r n	ļ	760			Clear and cumuli.
	28th	·991	85:7	620	1360	75.9	63.9	60 G	'61	wsw.w	ļ	59.8		•••	Clear. Foggy from 5 to 7 A.M.
	ţ								İ	4	į	!	i :		

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

		÷
The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		20∙3
The maximum temperature during the past seven days		89.3
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		93.5
The mean humidity during the past seven days		0.69
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year		0.64
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 28th by lower rain gauge		0.05
ine total fair of rain from 22nd to 20th ) by anemometer gauge		Nil
Ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.13
Ditto catto between the 1st January and the 28th February		4.71
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	1.30

GOPEENAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Observatory.

The 2nd March 1874.

### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

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### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th February 1874, on 1584 miles open.

		-				_	
	C	COACHING TRAFF	ıc.	MERCHANDI	SE AND MINERAL	a Trairie.	Total traffic
•	Number of passencers	Coaching to	e cipts.	Weight carried	Recen	jes 1	receipts.
	1	Rs. A. P.,	£ s, d	Mds Srs	Rs. A. P	£ v d	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of ranway For previous 6 weeks of half-year	29,780 <u>1</u> 158 169,565	26.656 1 0 168 10 1 132 636 0 0	2,116 4 5 15 9 2 72,158 4 11	795 0	46 191 11 7 293 12 8 233 23 11 3	4.26   13   8   26   15   7     21,297   15   2	6.798 1 1 12 7 9 00,456 8 1
Total for 7 weeks COMPARISON.	199,2951	1,59.3 2 1 0	14,604 9 4	735,116 7	2,75 724 6 30	25,770 14 19	40 161 4 2
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per nule of railway, corresponding week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of previous year	219	22,978 0 4 116 13 2 1,77,332 14 9	2,106 6 5 13 9 2 16,255 10 6	1,193 0	96,195 14 19 239 11 4 1,79,922 2 7	8 509 11   3   ±1   3   0   15,612 17   8	5,416 0 8 34 12 2 31,568 7 9
				1	1	}	

### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traphe for week ended 21st February 1874, on 28 miles open.

		1		•			
	į	Rs. A. P.	£ 8, d	Mil-, St.	$\mathbf{Rs} = \mathbf{A}_{\bullet}(\mathbf{P}_{\bullet})_{\bullet}$	£ 8 d.	$\mathcal{L}$ s $d$ .
Total traffic for the week Or per intre of valway For previous 7 weeks of half-year .	9,916 523 62,150	1,288 0 0 46 0 0 8,418 0 0	123 14 0 - 4 12 0 - 811 16 0 -	19 6 (1 - 0 - 7) 2 - 0 - 112,715 - 0	617 0 0 . 23 8 0 3,816 0 0	6, 11 0 2, 7 0 081 12 0	124 to 0 4 19 0 123 8 0
Total for 8 weeks • COMPARISON	71,699	9,706 0 0	97) 12 0	132,362 0	4.473 0 0	117 6 0	1, 117 13 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,518	1,818 0 0	151 16 0	23374 0	728 0 0	72 16 °C	204-12 0
we k of previous year.  Tot to corresponding date of	316	47 1 0	1 14 2	814 0	26 0 0	2 12 0	7 6 2
previous year	69,099	10,056 11 0	1,053 13 10	1, 1,105	5,174-14-0	507 6 9	1,551 3 7

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY- MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week exted 21st February 1874, on 1,280 wiles over.

							_
	i	is. A. P. j.	£ 1, d	Mds. Srs.	" ns 1 1- 1	5 s. a	£ s, d.
Total traffic for the week	198,269	1,71 703 g e j	15,7 () 12 11	1,409,987,39	* 6,58,765 11 8 1		71,2 9 3 8
Or per mue of rangery For previous 6 weeks of half-year	648 799	10,27518 15 0	9:575 6 1	8,826,824-60	07 70 515 7 9 1	11 7 3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Total for 7 weeks	757,068	12 25,275 1 0	1,2,3/5/19/8	10, (26,81 1.1.)	11,08,981 6 0	101 1 1 18 0	516,173 17 3
COMPARISON							-
Total for corresponding week of previous year	121,082	! - 1.81.203 (1.41)	166 0 12 - 6	873,102, 10	1715 9 6 5	08.803   3   11	57,5 /3 16 <b>3</b>
Per infle of 1 taway correspondant week of previous year		101 9 1	12 12 7		:31 7 7	23 7 8	43 7 <b>3</b>
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	838 730	12,25 , 10 2 7	112,0 112 0	5,25,88 (3)	200, 23 6 11	273.825 4 8	387,478-16-8
					1		

^{*} Rs. 1,31,025-3-3 added on account of colar and proportion of the 25c on food-grains due to Congruent for this work.

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULFORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Trapic for week ended Ast Veloutry 1874, on 22% miles open.

	:	R A P	1 2 8 0 4	V. '. S.	$Rs_{\rm e}(A/P)^{\rm o}$	9 & a	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per muc of railway	6,889 +	243,59 5 0	2.10.18.11 10.15.8	108,112,20	* 21,271.13 - 6 1 - 2 11.11	981 17 8 12 13 5	5 776 16 2 25 17 3
For previous 6 weeks of half-year	84,857	87,116 13 6		657 CM 89	1421 8 0	13,007 17 9	ខាត់រំ ខែ បី
Total for 7 weeks	41,246	113 107 3 3	19,173 3 2	667,801.10	1,80,700 5 6	18,531 15 0	2197 15 2
COMPARISON.			1 ,				
Total for corresponding week of previous year	<b>1,</b> 883	20,572 3 4	1,885 15 8	88,773 30	20 701 10 11	1 897 13 1	3.783 8 9
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of		92 0 9	6 8 8		9:40 0	8 9 10	1118 7
provious year	36,814	111,000 10 3	10,428 1 4	१६ होत् । व	1,67,503 14 0	15,170 8 9	-5,637 13 1
	. 1		'	- 1		1	

 $[\]bullet$  Rs. 4.948 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food grains due by Government i.r this week.

### $NALHATI\ STATE\ RAILWAY.$

### Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st February 1874, on 271 miles open.

•	C	DACHING TRAFFIC.	22	MERCHANDI	Total traffic			
or per mile of railway	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipts.		
1 100 1 100 1 100 1 100 100 100 100 100		Rs. A. P. &	s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	£ s. d.		
Total traffic for the week	1,716	1,067 0 0 106	14 0	12,523 Q	976 0 0 97 12 0	204 6 0		
Or per mile of railway	62	39 0 0 3	18 0	460 0	38 0 0 12 0	7 10 0		
For previous 7 weeks of half-year	8,840	6,680 0 0 668	0 0	43,834 0	3,309 0 0 330 18 0	998 18 0		
Total for 8 weeks COMPARISON.	10,556	7,717 0 0 774	14 0	56,357 0	4,245 0 0 428 10 0	1,203 4 0		
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	1,925	•	5 7		561 10 9 56 3 4	197 8 11		
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	11,983		3 8 11 1		20 9 9 2 1 3 3,853 13 9 385 7 7	7 4 11 1,290 18 8		



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY. MARCH 11, 1874.

### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Tweive Rupees if sent by Post.

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### COAL DEPOSITS IN THE GARO HILLS.

No. 53, dated Calcutta, the 24th February 1874.

From—A. Tween, Esq., in charge, Geological Survey Office, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

In accordance with instructions received from Mr. Medlicott, I have the honor to forward herewith copy of a letter to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, reporting the results of Mr. Medlicott's observations in the Garo country.

No. 51, dated Camp, Garo Hills, the 16th February 1874.

From-H. B. Medlicott, Esq., Officiating Superintendent, Geological Survey of India,

To-The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Assam.

As the chief object of my deputation to the Garo Hills to ascertain approximately the extent of the coal deposits in the interior of the area is now accomplished. I have the honor to submit, for the information of the Chief Commissioner, a preliminary statement of the results derivable from my observations. A skeleton map of the ground will be forwarded as soon as possible after my return to Calcutta.

2. Two basins of cretaceous rocks, to which these coal measures belong, have been roughly demarcated. Both arc on the upper Semsang (or Sumesari) River; one about the confluence of the Rungdi, and which may be called the Darangiri field, the other higher up

the valley to the west, about Rongsengiri.

3. Of the Darangiri basin there are about 12 square miles in the Garo Hill District, the castern extension of the field not having been determined. Within that area coal paper have been examined near Garigithe on the north, at Darangiri towards the west, and near Badari and Janhevray on the south; in the last named locality the actual crop was not found exposed, but the debris was very abundant at the surface in the normal position of the coal seam. In each locality the seam was found to be from 6 to 8 feet thick, with very little of shaly partings, and showing steadily for a considerable length of outcrop, the lie of the strata being very flat, except at the south boundary north of Baduri, where the strata are vertical for some distance; out even here the thickness of the seam is unimpaired.

4. These facts warrant the conclusion that over a large portion of the area above indicated the coal exists in an accessible position as to depth, and favourable for extraction;

the total quantity being very great.

5. The Rongsengiri basin covers about 20 square miles. The full thickness of the cretaceous formation is proved to be present in the field by the occurrence in its centre of a remnant of the Nummulitic linestone. Still I was unable to decover a single outcrop of the coal elsewhere, the constant position of which is easily fixed; and in the streams there is very lit be evidence of easly outcreps from débris. I think, however, that it is highly probable that coal exists at lower levels than the present surface. This basin is certainly much depressed and so it is possible that the present outcrops of strata belong to a higher horizon of the formation than that at which the coal was formed.

6. The non-discovery of coal in the Rong engiri basin is, however, of small consequence, because it is from the Darangiri field that the whole demand would be made for a railway, upon the construction of which the prospects of the exploration of these coal fields must depend. The gorge of the Semsang effects in my opinion, the only reasonably practicable route for a line through the main range into Assam, and it opens on the north into the

Darangiri coal feld.

7. Upon the feasibility of a line of railway through these bills I can scarcely offer a trustworthy opinion; the question depends so much upon considerations regarding which I am very imperfectly informed. The difficulties of construction would certainly be very great, and the cost proportionably so. I cannot but think that a well regulated steamer service on the Brahmaputra, with improved local communications to the river, would be the most suitable and a sufficient cutlet for the trade of the province for many years to come.

8. I have made a traverse of the hills to the north of the Semsang Valley to see if there might be a basin of the coal-bearing rocks on the Assam side of the discrict; but the ground in that direction was found to consist entirely of crystalline rocks. I have still to visit some localities in the neighbourhood of Tura, and to fix a site for a boring in the neighbourhood of Harigaon, in case it should at any time be thought desirable to make a

trial for coal there.

9. I have to express my great obligations to Captain Williamson for the assistance he has given to me. We made the tour together; I might otherwise have been unable in the time to make so satisfactory a general examination of the area.

PRICES-CURRENT OF FOOD-GRAINS AND SALT IN THE UNDER-MENTIONED DISTRICTS OF BENGAL ON THE 7TH MARCH 1874.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

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Return not received.

Return not received.

Return for week ending 28th February received after the publication of the last Gazetts.

A. Prices of rice lower all over the district except of best rice at head quarters.

Coarse rice at 11-10 scens per rupes.

C. In the interior only.

E. In the interior only.

E. In the interior only.

E. In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 12 scers, and of common rice from 11 to 14 seers per rupes.

F. Price of common rice at the sub-divisions ranges from 12-8 to 15 scers per rupes.

### dermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 7th March 1874.

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Coarse rice at 11-9 seers per rupee.

H Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 12-12 to 17-12 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 10 to 12-4 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14-4 seers per rupee.

Common rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12 seers and of common rice 11-5 to 14 seers per rupee.

K Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 14-12 seers, and of common rice from 15 to 18-4 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice from 14 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 16 to 19 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice from 12 to 15 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 16 seers per rupee.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Sall in the undermentioned

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CALCUTTA, The 10th March 1874.

Return not received.

† Return for week ending 28th February received after the publication of the last Guzette.

S. Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 8 to 12-8 seers per rupee.

T. Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 14-8 seers; bulrush millet 14 to 28 seers, and maize 13-12 to 20 seers per rupee.

U. Price of rice in the interior ranges from nearly 40 to 28 seers per rupee.

### Districts of Bengal on the 7th March 1874.—(Continued.)

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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

O In the interior the price ranges as follows:—Wheat, from 11-8 to 13 seers, barley from 14-8 to 18 seers, best rice from 9 to 9-12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 13 seers; bester millet from 11 to 17 seers and maze from 13 to 15 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-8 to 9 12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.

In the interior the price ranges as follows:—Wheat, from 8-8 to 14-8 seers, best rice from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 9 to 12-8 seers, and maze from 11 to 16 seers per rupee.

R In the interior price ranges as follows:—Wheat, from 11 to 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, and of common rice from 9 to 11-8 seers, and maze from 13 to 16 seers, and of gram from 12 to 15 seers per rupee.

### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall. Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 7th March 1874.

Ŋ	Io.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEI	NGAI	·.		
		Western Districts.		
	1	Burdwan, 10th March 1871.	•36	Showers of rain have fallen at Bancegunge and Culna, but not in the other sub- divisions. Weather much warmer. Cold weather crops are being cut. The yield of potatoes has been very large. Grain is being imported from the Sunder- buus, Cuttack, Midnapore, and Bancoorah, and exported by rail. Fever as before.
TON.	2	Bancoorah, 7th Mar. 1874	Nil	Bright and sultry. No change since last report; e.g., some boro rice has been sown in the north. The cold weather crops coming to maturity; average from four to eight annas of a fair crop. Small-pox still prevalent.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 7th ", "	Nil	Cloudy and uncertain. No change in the state and prospects of the crops since last report. Exportation by rail during the week ending 28th February, 4,238 maunds, chiefly to the Bhaugulpore Division. Prices falling. About 2,500 persons on relief works. A fall of 87 inches of rain at Soory on the night of the 8th March since reported.
Be	4	Midnapore, 7th ", ",	0 05	Cloudy, with occasional petty showers High wind on Friday. The cloudy weather is somewhat detrimental, especially to the mulberry, which is a splendid crop in the east of the district, but needs either rain or sunshine.
	5	Hooghly, 7th ""	Nil	Cloudy and stormy; wind chiefly from south and south-west. Only boro paddy, jola paddy, and onions and teel (oil-seed) on the ground; all doing fairly. Land is being ploughed for future crops.
(	-	Howrah, 7th ,, ,,  Central Districts.		Cloudy towards the end of the week. No change of any sort. Crops continue to be very favorable.
Division.	6	23-Pergunnabs, 10th Mar. 1874.	1.06	Days hot, nights cool. The sky has been cloudy since Thursday, and heavy but partial showers fell on Saturday night and Sunday morning. A few vegetable crops only on the ground. Preparation of land for the spring sowings is being made on a large scale. A few cases of cholera reported from Thannahs Bankipore and Canning.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION	7	Nuddea, 7th Mar. 1874	0.11	The hot weather appears to be giving signs of its approach; the weather is favorable for all creps now in the ground. Indigo is doing well. The price of coarse rice still ranges from Rs. 2-8 to 3-2 per mand. Excepting a few villages attacked by cholera, the health of the district is good.
ן ה	. 8	Jessore, 7th ", "	·01	Clear and fine, with occasional mist in the morning and a few minutes' drizzlin grain on the 5th March; wind south-westerly. The accounts from all parts of the district are favorable; the teel (oil-seed) crop in Magoorah and Narrail is particularly good, and in Narrail it is said that the area under cultivation appears to be twice or thrice that of previous years. The accounts of the boro rice are everywhere good. Millet in Magoorah is said to be doing particularly well. Date-juice is still being collected, but the weather is getting hot, and the produce is small, and the season is nearly over. Indigo sowing waits rain, but in Jhenidah about half the seed has been put down. Prices continue much the same except in the two southern sub-divisions, where there has been a marked fall, which is said to be due to a temporary lull in the expoltation to Calcutta.
RAJSHABYE DIVISION,	9	Woorshedabad, 7th " ",	Nil	Very warm in the daytime during the week; cloudy on the night of the 6th March.  Rain probably fell in some parts, but no information has yet been received. The state of the crops has undergone no change. The outturn may be expected to be good generally. Prices are lower than last week; wheat has fallen three seers in the tupee, and common tice is half seer and three-fourth seer cheaper at Lallbaugh and Rampore Haut, respectively. Small-pox continues in the district. Some cases of cholera has also occurred.
RAJSHABY	10	Dinagepore, 7th ,, ,,	Nil	No rain, but close cloudy weather; wind shifting from east to west. The mustard and rape crop now all gathered has been quite up to average. Sugarcane also has been good; what there is of gram promises well; barley in many places looks well. The boro rice has improved now that the weather is warmer.
	11	Maldah, 7th ,, ,,	Nil	Fair, occasionally cloudy; weather getting warmer; wind westerly. The weather has been close and cloudy for several days and looks like rain. The cold weather crops continue to do well, and boro paddy is also progressing. Health of the district generally good. Prices stationary. Rainfall of about 1.21 inches on the night of the 7th March at the sudder station since reported.

^{*} Telegram of the 10th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

the past week. The cold weather crops continue to improve, and in some place when tand burley are fast gritting rise. Peas and Miscarce (pulse) are being on also urbur (miles) in some places. The prices are almost stationary, thought the in a general tendency to a full in prices both of puddy and rice. A few cases cholors have been reported from languars and Manda stations. Ten cases some places are considered to the place reported from languars and Manda stations. Ten cases some places are made and manda stations. Ten cases some restauding the place are placed in the place are placed from languars and Manda stations. Ten cases some restauding the place are placed from languars and Manda stations. Ten cases some restauding the place of the material and sugarcane crotimus being the place of the material and sugarcane crotimus being the place of the material and sugarcane crotimus being the place of the winter crops at this time fields everys will give a good yield. Favorabla reports of peas and other cown the crops are received.  15 Pulma, 7th ""  16 Darjeeling, 7th ""  17 Julpigoree, 7th ""  18 Julpigoree, 7th ""  19 Julpigoree, 7th ""  10 Darjeeling, 7th ""  10 Darjeeling, 7th ""  11 Julpigoree, 7th ""  12 Julpigoree, 7th ""  13 Julpigoree, 7th ""  14 Superior some season and some places of common rice and mashbalis (pulse) are fluctuating with downward tendency. No actual distress is as yet apparent.  15 Julpigoree, 7th ""  16 Darjeeling, 7th ""  17 Julpigoree, 7th ""  18 Pirevedpore, 7th ""  19 Furvedpore, 7th ""  10 Superior some season placed the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season place of the season p	<u></u>	· 	•	j.=	
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Weather responses. From the night of the 5th to the 6th March the sky we chooley, and the wind blow strongly on the 6th from the west. No rain 6 the founds, and the wind blow strongly on the 6th from the west. No rain 6 the founds and the simble strongly on the 6th from the west. No rain 6 the founds and the simble strongly on the 6th from the west. No rain 6 the founds and the simble strongly on the 6th from the west. No rain 6 the founds and the found in the founds and the found in the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the founds of the	HYE DIVE	13		Nil	Weather fine; very slight showers in the south of the district. All the crops on the ground look well; wheat is especially good. Aus or early rice has been sown very extensively, and is now spronting and looking well.
cloudy, and the wind blow strongly on the 6th from the week. No rain fe during the week. The prospects of the winter crops still the fields continuous to be tolerably fair. The cheena (nilled) crops look well. Mange trees in bloom to be tolerably fair. The cheena (nilled) crops look well. Mange trees in bloom the field panel by heigh planel of the transplantation of bore pandy finishe Both these rice crops are thriving well. The indige crops are fluctuating this year. The prieces of cannon rice and maskhala (pulse) are fluctuating with downward tendency. No actual distress is as yet apparent.  Bright during the first part of the week, latterly cloudy and rainy. No crops on the ground. Lands are now being cleared and cultivated. Prices are the same a last week. No apparent distress.  Very sousonable; weather gradually getting warner; heavy morning dows. Greativity is displayed in preparing hand for the bloadd dhan (early rice). I Boda twice the usual amount being bought under cultivation. Four is however expressed in Boda that seed padby will be warding to said the bada prepare The Deputy Commissioner man applied to be allowed to said the property once and s and to Boda. Tolerce, wheat, any, and all commerces are such than small; abundant. Rainfall 8 which is had for tolerce and kalar (large) since reported.  Eastern Dutricts.  Basic Dutricts.  Basic Dutricts.  Basic Dutricts.  Basic Dutricts.  Basic Dutricts.  Cooch Behar, 7th , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Калена	14	Bograh, 7th Mar. 1874.	Nil	Fine and becoming hotter. The cutting of the mustard and sugarcane continues both crops will give a good yield. Favorable reports of peas and other cold weather crops are received.
ground. Lands are now being cleared and cultivated. Frices are the same is as week. No apparent distrees.  Very seasonable; weather gradually getting warner; heavy morning dews. Greativity is displayed in preparing land for the bladoi dhan (early rice). I Boda twice the usual amount being brought under cultivation. Fear is however expressed in Boda that seed paddy will be warning to sow all the land prepare The Deputy Commissioner ans applied to be allowed to purchase seed paddy once and s not to Boda. Tobacco, wheat, barby, and all coming crops promi particularly well; and vegetables are more than usually abundant. Kainfall 8 which is bad for tobacco and kalic (pulse) since reported.  Fine weather. Tobacco is a fine crop on the whole; cutting it has commence Wheat is good and nearly rice. Pulses very good, millets promise well. Extension are carly rice sowings are still going on. Two thousand laborers on reji works in the extreme south of the State.  Weather cool, with thunder-storms and sunshine. Prospects of crops good. Choler reported at Manickgunge.  Weather throughout the week clear and sunny excepting on Thursday and Saturda when it was cloudy and rain throutened. Winds variable, but during the his ame as last week. Pulses, with the exception of granual new lands everywhere, and wheat and barley are in some places coming into we Pive of coarse rice has fallen at all marts,—Purrecipore, Blanga, depalging and Malarcepore,—excepting at disaduads, where it stationary. The fall some of coarse rice has fallen at all marts,—Furrecipore, Blanga, depalging and Malarcepore,—excepting at disaduads, where it stationary. The fall some into the atoence of exp rice propers,—excepting at first dealers whose usual supplies have in a temporary suspension in imports by dealers whose usual supplies have in the ansonable of the sunse of early rice crop. In Mendigunj Thannah the rain and balistone has the most provided to the assonable of the case of carry rice is going on. Price of the sust of early rice is going on. Price o		16	Pubna, 7th ", "		Weather rather warm. From the night of the 5th to the 6th March the sky war cloudy, and the wind blew strongly on the 6th from the west. No rain fel during the week. The prospects of the winter crops still in the fields continue to be tolerably fair. The cheena (millet) crops look well. Mango trees in blossom The jally paddy is being planted; the transplantation of boro paddy finished Both these rice crops are thriving well. The indigo crop is very promising this year. The pricessof common rice and mashkalai (pulse) are fluctuating with downward tendency. No actual distress is as yet apparent.
Cooch Behar, 7th ,, ,	ا ا ا ن	16	Darjeeling, 7th ,, ,,	0.21	Bright during the first part of the week, latterly cloudy and rainy No crops on the ground. Lands are now being cleared and cultivated. Prices are the same at last week. No apparent distress.
Wheat is good and nearly ripe. Pulses very good, millets promise well. Exter sive aus or early rice sowings are still going on. Two thousand laborers on relivers in the extreme south of the State.  19 Furreedpore, 7th , , ,   Nil   Weather cool, with thunder-storms and sunshine. Prospects of crops good. Choler reported at Manickgunge.  Weather throughout the week clear and sunny excepting on Thursday and Saturda when it was cloudy and rain threatened. Winds variable, but during the lattwo days blowing from the south-west. The state of the spring crop much the same as last week. Pulses, with the exception of gram, have been respect almost evereywhere, and wheat and harley are in some places coming into an Price of coarse rice has fallen at all marts.—Furrecdpore, labanga, Gopalgung and Madarcepore,—excepting at Goalundo, where it is stationary. The fall is owin to a temporary suspension in imports by dealers whose usual supplies have no yet arrived.  Warm weather. State and prospects of crops fair. Lands are being ploughed for the aus or early rice crop. In Mendigunj Thannah the rain and halistone has done some damage.  The sky has generally been cloudy, and shows indications of coming rain. The mornings are still foggy. The temperature is low for the time of year. The is no change from last week in the prospects of the crops. The pring rice an indice both promise well. The price of food has risen during the week owin to exportations. The district is generally healthy.  Cloudy and hot. The cultivation of the ans or early rice is going on. Price rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers an common rice at 172 seers per rupee. About 7,000 manuels of rice and 10,00 manuels of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No free information about cholera. Small-pox prevails in the interior of the district as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (120) since telegraphed.	COOCH BEHAR DIV	17	Julpigoree, 7th ", "	Nil	Very seasonable; weather gradually getting warmer; heavy morning dews. Great activity is displayed in preparing land for the bhadoi dhan (early rice). It is Boda twice the usual amount being brought under cultivation. Fear is however expressed in Boda that seed paddy will be wanting to sow all the land prepared. The Deputy Commissioner has applied to be allowed to purchase seed paddy a once and sond to Boda. Tobacco, wheat, barley, and all coming crops promis particularly well; and vegetables are more than usually abundant. Rainfall 85 which is bad for tobacco and kalic (pulse) since reported.
Weather cool, with thunder-storms and sunshine. Prospects of crops good. Choler reported at Manickgunge.  Weather throughout the week clear and sunny excepting on Thursday and Saturda when it was cloudy and rain threatened. Winds variable, but during the lat two days blowing from the south-west. The state of the spring crop much the same as last week. Pulses, with the exception of gram, have been reape almost evereywhere, and wheat and barley are in some places coming into ear Price of coarse rice has fallen at all marts,—Furrectoper, Bhanga, topalgung and Madarcepore,—excepting at Goalundo, where it is stationary. The fall is owin to the absence of expirt purchasers. Salt has risen slightly at furrectipore owin to a temporary suspension in imports by dealers whose usual supplies have no yet arrived.  Warm weather. State and prospects of crops fair. Lands are being ploughed for the aus or early rice crop. In Mendigunj Thanuah the rain and hailstone have done some damage.  The sky has generally been cloudy, and shows indications of coming rain. The mornings are still foggy. The temperature is low for the time of year. The is no change from last week in the prospects of the crops. The spring rice an millet both promise well. The price of food has risen during the week owin to exportations. The district is generally healthy.  Cloudy and hot. The cultivation of the aus or early rice is going on. Price or rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers an common rice at 17½ seers per rupee. About 7,000 manuds of rice and 10,00 manuds of paddy have been exported to Calentta and other places. No first information about cholera, Small-pox prevails in the interior of the district as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (1°20) since telegraphed.	l		Cooch Behar, 7th ,, ,,	Nil	Fine weather. Tobacco is a fine crop on the whole; cutting it has commenced Wheat is good and nearly ripe. Pulses very good, millets promise well. Exten sive aus or early rice sowings are still going on. Two thousand laborers on relie works in the extreme south of the State.
Furreedpore, 7th ,,  Nil Weather throughout the week clear and sunny excepting on Thursday and Saturda when it was cloudy and rain threatened. Winds variable, but during the lat two days blowing from the south-west. The state of the spring crop much it same as last week. Pulses, with the exception of gram, have been respending and Madarcepore,—recepting at Goalundo, where it is stationary. The fall is owing to the absence of export purchasers. Salt has risen slightly at Furreedpore owing to a temporary suspension in imports by dealers whose usual supplies have myet arrived.  Warm weather. State and prospects of crops fair. Lands are being ploughed for the aus or early rice crop. In Mendigunj Thannah the rain and hailstone have done some damage.  Nil The sky has generally been cloudy, and shows indications of coming rain. The mornings are still foggy. The temperature is low for the time of year. The is no change from last week in the prospects of the crops. The spring rice an millet both promise well. The price of food has risen during the week owing to exportations. The district is generally healthy.  Cloudy and hot. The cultivation of the aus or early rice is going on. Price or rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers an common rice at 17½ seers per rupee. About 7,000 manneds of rice and 10,000 manneds of paddy have been exported to Calcuta and other places. No fres information about cholera. Small-pox prevails in the interior of the district as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (1·20) sinco telegraphed.			Eastern Dustricts.		•
when it was cloudy and rain threatened. Winds variable, but during the late two days blowing from the south-west. The state of the spring crop much it same as last week. Pulses, with the exception of gram, have been respected almost evereywhere, and wheat and barley are in some places coming into car Price of coarse rice has fallen at all marts,—Furrecdpore, Bhanga, Gopalgung and Madarcepore,—excepting at Goalundo, where it is stationary. The fall is owin to the absence of export purchasers. Salt has risen slightly at Furrecdpore owin to a temporary suspension in imports by dealers whose usual supplies have no yet arrived.  Warm weather. State and prospects of crops fair. Lands are being ploughed to the aus or early rice crop. In Mendigunj Thannah the rain and hailstone have done some damage.  The sky has generally been cloudy, and shows indications of coming rain. The mornings are still foggy. The temperature is low for the time of year. The is no change from last week in the prospects of the crops. The spring rice an millet both promise well. The price of food has risen during the week owin to exportations. The district is generally healthy.  Cloudy and hot. The cultivation of the aus or early rice is going on. Price or rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers an common rice at 17½ seers per rupee. About 7,000 manuds of rice and 10,00 manuds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No first information about cholera. Small-pox prevails in the interior of the district as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (1·20) sinco telegraphed.	(	r 18	Ducca, 10th* Mar. 1874	0.57	Weather cool, with thunder-storms and sunshine. Prospects of crops good. Cholers reported at Manickgunge.
mornings are still loggy. The temperature is low for the time of year. The is no change from last week in the prospects of the crops. The spring rice an millet both promise well. The price of food has risen during the week owin to exportations. The district is generally healthy.  Cloudy and hot. The cultivation of the aus or early rice is going on. Price or rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers an common rice at 17½ seers per rupee. About 7,000 maunds of rice and 10,00 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No fres information about cholera. Small-pox prevails in the interior of the district as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (1.20) since telegraphed.	ο <b>π</b> .	19	Furreedpore, 7th ", ",	Nil	Weather throughout the week clear and sunny excepting on Thursday and Saturday when it was cloudy and rain threatened. Winds variable, but during the last two days blowing from the south-west. The state of the spring crop much the same as last week. Pulses, with the exception of gram, have been respectationed the exception of gram, have been respectationed everywhere, and wheat and barley are in some places coming into ears Price of coarse rice has fallen at all marts,—Furrecdpore, Bhanga, Gopalgunge and Madarcepore,—excepting at Goalundo, where it is stationary. The fall is owing to the absence of export purchasers. Salt has risen slightly at Furrecdpore owing to a temporary suspension in imports by dealers whose usual supplies have not yet arrived.
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rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers an common rice at 17½ seers per rupee. About 7,000 manuals of rice and 10,00 manuals of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No fres information about cholera. Small-pox prevails in the interior of the district as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (120) since telegraphed.	Расс	21		Nil	The sky has generally been cloudy, and shows indications of coming rain. The mornings are still foggy. The temperature is low for the time of year. There is no change from last week in the prospects of the crops. The spring rice am millet both promise well. The price of food has risen during the week owing to exportations. The district is generally healthy.
99 (7.3)		22	Sylhet, 28th_Feb. 1874	0∙35	Cloudy and hot. The cultivation of the aus or early rice is going on. Price o rice is rising every day. In the Sudder Station, table rice is sold at 14 seers and common rice at 17½ seers per rupee. About 7,000 maunds of rice and 10,000 maunds of paddy have been exported to Calcutta and other places. No fres information about cholera. Small-pox prevails in the interior of the distric as well as in the Sudder Station. Heavy rain with storm on the nights of the 7t and 8th March (120) since telegraphed.
	l	23	Cacbar		

^{*} Telegram of the 10th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

1	Šọ.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEI	NGAI	.—(Contd.)		•
	<b>E</b> c	astern Districts.— (Contd.)		
<u>}</u> ا ن	24	Chittagong, 28th Feb. 1874.	Nil	Rain reported from the Sectacoond scaboard, but none fell at head-quarters, though the weather looked threatening on one or two days. At Cox's Bazar the weather reported fine and scasonable. It is getting perceptibly warner. Some damage to pulses from rain reported from Meerkascrai. In other parts of the district the cold weather crops promise well. Cholera prevalent in town, station, and Raojan.
Сигтабоме DIFN.	25	Noakhally, 28th Feb. 1874	0.5	First half of the week cloudy, second half fair. The khesary, moong and kalai (pulses) and chilly and linseed crops are reported to have been somewhat damaged by the recent rains, except Sundeep, where they are said to be doing well. The rains have also made it more difficult for the cultivators to open the ground for the early rice crop.
CHI	26	l'ipperah, 28th " "	•26	Hot and moist. One heavy shower of rain. The weather is more like that usual during the rainy season. The boro rice crop promises a good outturn. Sugarcane and cold weather crops generally promise to be good.
	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts. 28th Feb. 1874.		Cool at night, sometimes foggy in the morning. The mustard crop has been harvested. The hill men are still engaged in joom-cutting.
(	•	Hill Tipperah, 28th Feb. 1874.	0.35	Mornings foggy and cold, fine and warm in the day; some rain on Thursday night, with strong wind from north-west. What crops there are on the ground have been benefited by the rain which fell during the present and past weeks. The lands are everywhere being prepared for the next crop.
BEI	HAR.	1		
	28	Patna, 9th March 1874.	·02	During the early part of the week the weather was all that could be desired, but on Saturday, the 7th March, there was rain mixed with hail, and the weather still looks threatening. The cold weather crops of every description are now being cut, and are yielding much better than was expected. The health of the di-trict is generally good, but a few cases of small-pox are reported from the city.
	29	Gya, 7th ,, ,,	0∙07	Weather unsettled. The harvest of the cold weather crops has commenced; the crops everywhere are reported good. The quality will not however make up for the quantity unsown. Health of the district good.
	<b>3</b> 0	Shahabad, 7th March 1874.	Nil	Weath er unsettled; threatening during the latter part of the week; cloudy on the 7th March. No change for the worse in the prospects of the cold weather crops. Peas, mussoor (pulse), wheat and gram are being harvested.
PATNA DIVISION.	31	Tirhoot, 7th Mar. 1874		Dry, getting warm. In the Hajecpore sub-division there is no alteration in the state of the spring crops. The thunder and slight rain which fell on the 5th March cannot affect any thing except the mauge, and even them not much, as it was too light. In the Mudhubani sub-division crops are much the same as last week; some moong and cheena has been sown, but except in the few places where it is watered, it will not come to any thing.  In the Sectamarhee sub-division there was a slight fall of rain on the morning of the 5th March, which lasted for half an hour, but it was not sufficient to ben fit the cheena. There was a little hail and rain at Bangawn, but not sufficient to do harm or good. There is no material alteration in the prospect of crop. There is a change for the worse perceptible among the pauper class of people, and some cultivators have become "kunks" or famine-stricken.  The sub-divisional officer has himself notized this in Mahind to the north; in Jallah, Charant and Mussa, near Kumtoul to the east. He states that he has heard it stated on good authority, and his own impression is that some of the poor clusses are showing symptoms of sinking. The sub-divisional officer believes there would have been thousand of deaths to report had not Government relief measures been so carly taken, and happily no deaths from actual starvation were reported during the week.  The prospect of crops in the sudder and the rest of the sub-divisions continue to remain unaltered.
	32	Sarun, 7th " "	A few drops on the 5th March.	Weather cloudy and growing hot; west wind prevailing. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. Wheat, barley and rahur (pulse) are fast approaching maturity; peas, mustard, gram and mussoor (pulse) are still being harvested. People are busy in sowing the spring crops. Indigo seed is being put in the ground; the early sowings have germinated. Poppy-heads are being tapped. Mango still doing well. New peas and other pulses are coming into the markets. Prices steady.
į	33	Chumparun, 7th " "	0.5	East and west winds; weather much warmer and hitherto very favorable. A slight sprinkling of rain fell on the night of the 6th March, but unless it was heavier in the rest of the district, could not have been of very much benefit. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue good. There is no material change since last Saturday.

[†] Telegram of the 9th March, received on the 10th, shows rainfull during the seven days including the 9th idem.

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No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the s
BEI	IAR.—(Contd-)		
	Monghyr, 7th Mar. 1874	Nil	Weather fair. The prospects of the crops continue fair ; the heavest is now becoming general.
35	Bhaugulpore, 10th Mar.	0.05	Weather favorable. Cold weather crops very good. Health of the district good.
36	Purneah, 7th ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable; much warmer than last week; the prospects of the cold weather crops throughout the district are good; lands are being prepared for the bhadoi (early) sowings. Jamira (the earliest bhadoi crop) is being sown. Price is a little cheaper.
37	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 7th Mar. 1874.	A few drops.	Early part of the week dry; on Friday it commenced to threaten rain, and '71 fell after the close of the period embraced by this report. No change in the prospects of crops; wheat, barley and cheena (millet) are ripening in Rajmehal. In Dearah sugarcane-planting and ploughing going on everywhere. A further fall of '93 rain since reported.
RISSA.	•		
( 38 	Cuttack, 10th Mar. 1874*		Light showers on Saturday midnight (7th March). Weather warm. Prospects of crops good. Public health good.
39	Pooree, 28th Feb. "	Nil	Fine and warm, and beginning to be hot. Moong (pulse) is coming on well. The sowings of the dalua rice crop have been completed, and are growing up well. The mange crop is still in the earliest stage of growth, and is not abundant, although it is said that in Khoordah there will be a good crop. Ploughing operations for the ensuing cultivation, of crops are going on. Purchases of rice for export continue, and prices are generally almost stationary in the mofussil-Public health is on the whole fair. Small-pox is reported to be prevalent in the Khoordah sub-district. Pilgrims for the Dolejatra are coming on, but not in very large numbers.
40	Balasore, 7th ,, ,,	·1	Weather dark and threatening. Frequent storms pass without much rain. Ploughing for the early rice crop is in progress; numerous sporadic cases of cholera have occurred.
нота	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier • Agency.		
41	liszsreebaugh, 28th Feb 1874.	0.22	The weather has been stormy at the beginning of the week; there was much and general rain. Strong west wind has set in, but it is still cool. The cold weather crop is fair on the limited area cultivated. Lands are nearly all ploughed for the next sowings. The mohowa and mango crops have been very slightly affected disadvantageously by the rain, but no damage has occurred that will not be righted by fine weather. Prices, if anything a trifle, more easy at head-quarters, but higher in the direction of Gya.
42	Lohardugga, 7th March 1874.	0.8	Fine in the early part of the week, but a heavy storm—broke on Thursday night, the 5th March, which continued all day of the 6th, and fine again on the morning of the 7th idem; the storm will, it is feared, have ruined the mohowa crop. The mango crop has also suffered. The reports from Palamow are still good, both as regards the cold weather and mohowa crops; but if the late storm extended to Palamow, the damage done will be great.
<b>4</b> 3	Singbhoom, 28th Feb. 1874.	0 04	Slight rain at head-quarters on the 26th February. Days cooler in consequence. Rahur (pulse) has mostly been cut. The khesary and masoori (pulses) and gram doing well. A few cases of chicken-pox reported in the civil station and of measles in Dhalbhoom. No deaths from them,
4.4	Maunbhoom, 7th Murch 1874.	-11	Fair during the early part of the week; very high wind, with 'a little rain during the last three days. Reports have not yet been received as to the extent of the dunage done to the moliowa and barley crops by this late unseasonable weather. Prices are risine, but very slowly; this is owing to local rates being too high to admit of further profitable exportation. Reports of actual distress received from different parts of the district, chiefly Govindpore sub-division. The sufferers have been provided for on the relief works. A few cases of cholera and small-pox reported.

[•] Telegram of the 10th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,

The 10th March 1874.

R. Knight,

Assl. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

. سا تیم	: <del>-</del> -		menun 1997	•	loth to ora cry	from 22nd tog th February		FROM 1sT JARY 1874.	
Division.	Distric.		Station	,	Rain from 15th to 21st Februry 1874.	Rain from 28th Fe 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
BENG	AL.			. 4	l	<b>7</b> 1		1874.	
	WESTERN DISTR	1018.			Inches.	Inches.	'	1079.	•
	Burdware	{	Burdwan Cutwa Culna Bood-Bood		Nil Nil	0:05 Nil Nil Nil	5·27 6·53 5·47 4·76	28th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
			Rancegunge Jehanabad		Nil Nil	0°03 Nıl	4:50 6:38	ditto ditto.	
į	Bancoorah		Bancoorah		Nil	0.13	4.59	ditto.	
انو	Beerbhocm		Sooree		Nil	0.51	4.33	ditto.	
Brrbwax.	Midnapore	. {	Midnapore Tuorlook Guibetta Contai (Dv. Col Exe. E	lr.'s Office	Nil Nil Nil	0:05 Nil Nil Nil Not rec.	4:11 6:39 5:50 7:01 6:98	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto 14th Feb.	Not rec. 4th to 10th Jan.
i	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore		Nil Nil	r Nil Nil	4·90 4·51	28th Feb. ditto.	
- (	Howrah		Howrah		No	Nil	4.01	ditto.	
						i			
	CENTRAL DISTR	{	Sanger Island Calcutta Alipore Busseers Diamond Harbour Buripore Satkherah Barackpore Dum-Dum		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil 0 02 0 06 0 60 Nil Nil 0 04 Nil Nil Nil	4·80 4·71 5·21 5·62 2·19 4·29 3·74 2·37 3·15 4·77 3·00	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Presidency.	Nuddea	:	Kishnaghur Rongong Meherpore Choondangah Kooshteah Rannghat		Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.03 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	5 93 4·95 4·35 5·17 3·77 6·13	ditto, ditto ditto. ditto, ditto, ditto,	Not rec. 11th to 17th Jan.
	Jessore		Jessore Nurrail Khoolnea Lenadah . Bagirhaut Magoorah		Nil Nil Nil	Nil   Nil   1'00   Nil   Nil   0'11	4:57 4:43 6:92 5:63 4:14 4:54	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Moorshedabad	{	Berhampore Rumporehaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azungunge Lalgolla		Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3·13 2·03 2·03 2·03 2·03	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	Received up to 27th Feb.
	Dinagepo <b>ro</b>	•••	Dinagepore		. Nil	Not rec.	ł	21st Feb	
RAJSHAHTE	Maldah Rajshahye	 {	Maldah Beauleah Nuttore	•••	. Nil	Nil Nil	1·80 2·99 4·27	28th Feb. ditto. ditto.	
RAJ	Rungpore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya		Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	5:35 2:08 2:15	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograh		Bograh		Nil	Nil	8.12	ditto.	
į	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunge		I No.	Nil Nil	2·14 •2·27	ditto ditto.	
. 1	Darjeeling			graph Office . pital .	·	ļ	Nil 1:00	15th Jan. 28th Feb.	
Сооси Венав.	Julpigoree	{	Julpigoreo Fallacotta Bodah		1 N7-1	Nit Nil Nil	1.98 2.29 2.28	ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Jan.
Cooc	Cooch Behar Tril State Bhútan Dooars	••	Cooch Behar	·	Nil	Nil Not rec.	2 03	ditto.	
	Thirdran Monate		Buxa	***	Nor rec				<u> </u>

			15th to	ebruary		PROM 18T	
Division.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rein from 15th to 21st February 1874.	Rain from 22nd to 28th February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	RSMARKS
BENG	AL—(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
{	EASTERN DISTRICTS. Dacca {	Dacca Telegraph Office  Moonsheegunge  Manickgunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°35 0°35 0°42 Nil	2·75 2·76 2·79 2·95	28th Feb. ditto. ditto.	
l	Furreedpore }	Furreedpone	Nil 0 01	1:40 Nil	5·23 4·98	ditto.	
DACCA.	Backergunge {	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patuakhally Dowlatkhan	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4.68 2.32 2.72 2.27 3.95	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
A	Mymensing {	Mymensing Jamalporo Atteah Kishoregunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	4·98 4·78 3·48 5·57	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet	Nil	0.32	641	ditto.	
l	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	Nil Not rec. dit'o	0°09 Not rec. ditto	6 39 4 3 Nıl	ditto. 7th Feb. 3rd Jan.	
(	Chittagong {	Chittagong { Telegraph Office	0°20 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	2 90 2·77 0·26	28th Feb. ditto. 21st Feb.	
ONG.	Noakhally	Noakhally	Nil	0.20	3.38	28th Feb.	
CRITTAGONG.	Tipperah {	Comillah Brahmanbariah	0:03 Nil	0.32 0.32	5.69 2.99	ditto, ditto,	
. "	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	0.16	Nil	2.27	ditto.	
	Hill Tipperah •	Hill Tipperah	Nil	0.32	4.32	ditto.	
BEH	Patna {	Patna	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil 0:11 Nil Nil Nil	1:04 2:35 1:34 0:80 0:77	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Gya {	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°01 Nil Nil Nil	2:53 2:46 1:36 1:03	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Ратяа.	Shahabad {	Arrah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:31 1 70 1:00 1:01	ditto. ditto. ditto	Not ree. 11th to 17th Jan.
4	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Durbhangah Hajeepore Mudhubani Setamaree Tajpore	Not reed ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto ditto	0:89 1:03 1:01 0:84 0:70 1:16	14th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 28th Feb.	
	Sarun {	Chuprah Sowan	Not rec.	Not rec.	1·69 0 80	7th Feb.	
	Chumparun {	Motechari Bettiah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	1.10	28th Feb.	
	Monghyr {	Monghyr Begooserai Januooie	Nol Nol Nol	0:03 Nil 0:43	1:66 1::7 4:11	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
LPORE.	Bhaugulpore	Bhaugulpore Soopool	Nil Nil Nil 0:07 Nil	0.08 Not rec Nil 0.14 0.07	1°80 1°00 1°04 2°47 1°49	ditto. 21-t Feb. 2-th Feb. ditto. ditto.	
BEAUGULPORE.	Purneah {	Puribah Kishengungo Arrareah	Nil Nil Nil	0:02 Nil Nil	1.63 2.05 2.31	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
-	Southal Pergunnals	Deoghur	Nil	0°06 Nul 0 02 Nul	2 37 0 80 1 98 2 75	ditto. ditto. ditto.	

	***************************************	Commence		February	r 22nd to February		FROM 1st RY 1874.	Rrmabks.
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	STATION.		Jain hors loth to 21-c February 1874.	Rain from 22nd to 2-th February 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	
RISS	Α.				Inches.		1874.	
{	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office   Hospital   Jajipore   Kendrapara   Jugatsingporo   False Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3:53 4:05 2:80 1:60 0:75 1:66	28th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORIESA.	Pooree	Pooree Khuidah		Nil Nil	Nil Not rec.	1:66 2:03	ditto. 21st Feb.	•
	Balasore	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3:80 5:45 5:69 1:59 1:64	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb.
ţ	Cuttack Tributary Mehal	Sambalporo		Not rec.	Not rec.	Nil	10th Jan.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE. SOUTH-WESTIRN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazareebaugh	Hazarcebaugh Jail Pachumba		Nil Nil Nil	0°27 0°22 0°08	3.98 4.17 3.41	28th Feb. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah	Ranchee Palamow		Nil Nil	0.31 0.01	4.81 3.11	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chycbassa		Nil	10.0	4.45	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom	Purulia Gobindpore		Nil Nil	Not rec. ditto	4·94 4·98	21st Feb. ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACEN	1						
	Goalparah	Goalparah Dhoobree		Nil Nil	ditto ditto	0:63 1:69	ditto.	
	Кашгоор	{ Gowhatty Burpettah		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	2·16 4·69	28th Feb. ditto.	
	Durrung	Tezpore Mungledye		Not rec.	Not red ditto	1.09 2.00	7th Feb	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Januar
	Nowgong	Nowgong		0.20	ditto	1.76	21st Feb.	
	Seebsaugor	Seebsauger	 	0°27 Nil 0°12 Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto ditto	4·82 4·82 3 96 4·39	ditto. ditto. ditto. 14th Feb.	
	Luckimpore	Pebrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	•••	ditto 0/10 Not rec	ditto. ditto. ditto	2·27 2·61 4·15	7th Feb. 21st Feb. 7th Feb.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		ditto	ditto	3.79	11th Feb.	
	Khasi and Jynteal Hills	¶ Jaowai		ditto ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2°18 0° 8 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	Nil	Nil	1	28th Feb.	
		Benarcs Akyab	•••	Not rec Nil	Not re		31st Jan. 28th Feb.	

CALCUTTA,
The 7th March 1874.

H. F. Blanford,
Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

# Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 1st to 7th March 1874.

			Barometer	Barometer	Тпвимо	METER.	Humi-	WINI	). . –		Clouda.	Wather
	Date.	Hour.	reduced to	reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	fairous
	Mar. 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	10 16 10 18 10 4 10 16	30°057 29°911 30°024 29°852 29°951 29°777 29°914 29°808	30 075 29:929 30:042 29:870 29:919 29:795 29:932 29:826	77.5 81.5 76.7 80.2 77.3 86.0 78.7 80.0	66:4 65:3 66:7 65:7 67:5 71:3 73:0	56 28 57 33 79 43	W S W W S W W S W W S W S W	2:9 7:8 3:3 8:0 4:5 8:1 3:0 6:0 5:5		C C C	b b b c, d
	5th 6th 7th	10 16 10 16 10 16	30 C04 29:869 2 c961 29:836 29:931 29:778	30 023 29 887 29 979 29 854 29 950 20 796	73·5 85·7 77·6 74·5 71·0 86·7	67.5	41 73 53 63	S W W S W W S > W S W	56 47 115 93 76	0.03	ck ck c, cs	b o b, m
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CALCUTTA. The 7th March 1874. Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

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### Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 1st to 7th March 1874.

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Month	i'nte.	Weam reduced harometer	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radi-	Mean dry louth	Mean Wet hull.	Commuted mean	Mean degree of humdity.	Prveijus direction.	Mix. pressure.	Daily vewcity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remarks.
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	3rd	.839	86.0	69.0	1340	76.7	68.8	63:4	·65	S by W & S		63.8			Cirri and stratoni, Foggy
	4th	.851	89.2	71.0	115.9	78.3	71.4	66.6	.69	s w k s s		35 8			at 3,4 & 6 A.M. Cirri. Foggy from 4 to 8 A.M
	5th	915	85:7	72.0	131.9	767	70.1	65'5	70	S by W & S W		40.1		•••	Cirri, overcast, and clear. Drizzled at 10 A.M.
	6th	·885	83 [.] 5	69 5	132.2	75.3	68.2	63·3	*68	swæws W	8:0	60.4			Clearcumuli and overcast.  Brisk wind from 12 A.M. to 3½ P.M. Drizzled at 3½ & 9 P.M.
	7t h	·813	86.8	70.5	13 <b>r</b> 5	76.7	66·5	£0· <b>1</b>	*57	S by We& Variable	6.2	151.8	0.11		Overcast and cirri. Brisk wind from 61 to 73 AM. & at 11 P.M. Thunder at 11 P.M. Lightning from 8 to 11 P.M. Slight rain at 3, 6, 7 & 73 A.M. & between 10 & 11 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity or wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		25.5
	•••	25.2
The maximum temperature during the past seven days		89· <b>5</b>
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	8×·3
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.64
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	0.67
• •		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th {by lower rain gauge by anemometer gauge		0.41
	•••	0·31
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	0.70
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 7th March	•••	5.13
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	2.00

GOPRENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 9th March 1874.

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.
Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the High Level Canal for the month of January 1.74.
Length of Canal Open-49 Milks.

	Tollage.			Rs. A. P.	3,183 8 1		:	<b>.</b> :	• :	:	;	: :	: :		:	:	:	i	:		: :	: .	. :	:	:	:	:	:		:	3, 07 10 1	1,463 - 3 9
	•	eBve	lim noT		128.811 3,183 4,799 424	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:		:	133,610,3,07	62,903 1,463
	l, evie Lighte	jo eż njowa	Total, cannage of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract of the contract		1,672		:	· :	:	:	:	:		 : :	:	:	:	 :	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	- ·	-:	:	:			8.644	5,568
ABSTRACT.	Дc.	hart l	Value ci	Rs.	6, 9, 486	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	ŧ	:	: :		: :	÷	:	:		:	6,11,39	4,55,394
A BS.	.031s	აკი	Meight	Mds.	96,969	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		: :	:	:	:	:		:	•	:	:	:	: :	: :	: :	•			115.971	54,521
		Nature of traffic.		-	Local Irrication works	::	:	:	:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	:	:	:	:					:	:::	:	-	: :	Total	Total
	.atso	d to :	mdmnX		65. 153.		: -	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:		:	•	ŧ	Ξ	:	:	: :	: :	•	:	:		:	2,2%	1.701
ξS.		Tollage.		Rs. A. P.	2 13 0	9	10	0 7 873	)       	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	Ė	: :	:	: :	:			0 6 161	68 12 6
WOR		ogre	lim noT		- <b>-</b>	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :		:	:	:	:	:	:	:	 <b>:</b>	:	:		: :	:	:		-	4.799	2,517
ATION	I. E OF	OATS.	Tons.		:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	: :	:	: :	:		:	972	115
R IRRIG	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TOWAGE OF	EMPIY BOATS.	Maunds. Tons.		32.5	1,8(5)	(11.10.)	25,41.5	1,275	:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	: :	:		÷	07,93t)	3,225
STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	l i	Value	of cargo.	Rs.	3 3	- G	:	ر ا	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	- :	:	1,903	4,917
	APPROXIMATE	Weight	of cargo.	Mds.	300	1.038	}	16.418	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	19,913	1,393
	Nature of cargo.				Sand	-	Empty boats	Rubble stones	Engines	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	: :	: :		:	Total	Total
S	TO BE	Yo ataod to redun M rafta.				H G1	60	61	C1	:	:	:	:	 : 	:	: :	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	- : :	:	:	3	13
		Tollage.		Rs. A. P.	272 1 0	10 14 6	:=	5		<u> </u>	≘;	33.11	<b>9</b> -	* 5			174 8 0	9	۵۰	-	က	31 I		3-	000	2 :		œ		:	3.483 8 1	50,356'1,401 7 3
		•93860	dina aoT			columns are	exclusive of	empty and	passenger		:	:	:	:	:	: :	:	:	:	:	•	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	1158,511	
	E OF	OATS.	Tons.							boats.	:	•	:	:	:	: <b>:</b> 		:	÷	:	:	፤	፧	: 		:	:	: 	:	:	7,672	, tō l
FFIC.	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE	TONNAGE OF	Maunds.		17,495		12.475	5,5,8	0.5.1	1,725	200.11	0/1/7	6.50	6.6.6	3,175	2,475	17,475	1,550		212	577.	0.0	1.520	201 5807	31.0	0.000	(51 895	10110	:	:	214,550	152,650
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	TAATB	1 2	of cargo.	Rs.	3,340	064,51	13910	24,412	1.154	16.00	1.10.084	10,417	501.76	1,13,35,1	701.0	2 5	736.1	1.00	6,050	- 2.	57,945	65	60	1,940		:	:	:	:	:	6,09,143	53,128 4,50,477
	APPROXIMATE	W. Sinks	of cargo.	Mds.	9.77.9	(4) S	6.183	1 .35	6.1	0:9	1, 1		£5,123	1.5		() ()	6	350	1,526	250	2,5(1)	233	3	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	94,949	'_ }
	•	Nature of cargo.			Coal	Coffen	Grim	at.d horns	Jacory and sugar	Metal,	Mirellin ents	Oil and ourse ds			Little and the control				Jute		•		<i></i> -				10.00	Mise II specula rove.	tutte.	.⊑	T. :al	Cotal of correspon-
	.ejse.	od ło	19dmuN		-83	_	7	; <b>:</b>	-		اة. ا	3	15 G	8 6	_	17	<b>:</b>	Э.		Ċ.	3	C4 ·		Ξ,	700	000	3	: :	:	<u></u>	2,231	1,685

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.
Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgellee Tilal Canal for the month of January 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-29 MILES.

!	EXEKS.		•	
CT.	Tollage,	Rs. A. P. 2,611 10 0 0 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4 3 4	1:1:	2,613 14 3
		1,93,4221 2,611 10 1292 4 4	::::	-ft 00
	Total, ex-			6,6923
ABSTRACT.	Value	1,41,541	!!!!!	1,41,541
	Weight Value of cargo, traffic	Mds	1::::	85,523
	Nature of tratfic.	Local Irrigation	1111	
	To redund			_   "
RKS.	Tollage.	gg 03	1:::::	€ :
ton wo	Ton mileage.		1:::::	13967
RIGAT	IVE OF BOATS. Tons	111111111111111111111111111111111111111		4 :
ND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS,	EXC TON EMP	: <u>2</u>	<b>! ! !</b> : : : :	125
	Approxi- Approxi- mate mate veight of value of cargo.	# ::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		:  :
D MATE	Approxi- mate weight of cargo.		:::::	
SIORES AN	Nature of cargo.			
	To redinity street	17:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		1218
	Tollage.		3 15 2 14 19 15 42 11 561 3	2.611 10 u
	Ton mileage.			
LOCAL TRAFFIC.  APPROXIMATE TOTAL,			:::::	8,687,19,193,9422,305
	EXCLUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF FAPTY BOATS. Maunds.   Tons.	103.13.3 112.33.13.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.33.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3 123.13.3	485 2,580 2,225 (52,620)	187,255 8,560
	Value of cargo.	Rs. 50.8 H 56.3 M 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 3 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2	A	9,933
	Veight Value of of cargo. cargo.	M. 49 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 : 14E :	85,623 4,112
	Nature of	443 Paulty 554 Rice 16 Linte 17 Linte 16 Liste 16 Miscellancous 16 Miscellancous 17 Salt 18 Miscellancous 18 Price goods 19 Pirce goods 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted 19 Linted	Nater Eahun 3 Passengers, No 996 Empty boats	2,170 Total traffic  4. Jotal of corresponding month of last year.
30	Number .etsod	401 401 51-51-61-4000000014411-200010 04 0	31 898	2,170

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, 1RRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

# ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendraparah Canal for the month of January 1274.

•	Tollage.	Ba, A. P. 190 6 7 1,929 2 6 7 14 0 7 14 0	2,061 7 1 871 15 6
A BSTRACT.	Ton mileage.	10,583 186,649 121 788 	 195,270 72,043
	To sail oxelusive of fitty typics of supply bonds.	45.7	1,922
	Value of 'raffic.	32.557 3,91,703 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,003 1,	4.26,502
	Nature of traffic,	9th Local traffic paid. 452 Through ditto. IREGY.WORES. 1 Local traffic 1 Through ditto	:
	Number of boats.		::   580   580   580
OR	Tollage	Rs. A. P. 4 0 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	:   :   :
STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	Ton mileage.	240 XII XII XII XII XII XII XII XII XII XI	:   :   : _
ATERI N WO	TOTAL. EXCITENTE OPTONNAGE OF ENPIY BUAIS.	19 61	- : : - : - : - : - : - : : - : : : : :
ND M.		11C 406	
ES A	Approximate value of cargo.	R3.   R3.   2,030   Nii   2,030   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii   Nii	
STOR	Nature of cargo.	LOCAL TRAFFIG.    Iron pieces, &c   2,030     Nil   THROUGH TRAFFIG.   Placks   210     Nile	:
	Number of boats.	<u> </u>	
SEA.BOARD.	Tollage.	Ra. A. P. 355 4 9 11.033 2 0 0 5 5 4 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15 6 0 15	3 4 0. 1.029 2 6 814 3 0
SEA.	.egaslim uoT	1::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	186,648
AND	INE INE PIX S. S. Tons.		
LACK	TOTAL, EXCUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF EMPTY BOATS.	25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85 25.85	41,435 4,144 41,854 1,602
EEN CUI	эпівт эзвиготот А юдтиз то	Rs. 1,20.594 1,50.594 1,50.594 1,50.389 8.389 1,50.40 1,90.00 8.38 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,90.00 1,00.00 1,00.00 1,00.00 1,00.00 1,0	3,91,705 1
TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTIACK AND	Nature of cargo.	Paddy Rice Gurds Gurzly Gram Gunny bags J. r. zwry S. r. zwry S. r. de Raisns Raisns Raisns Raisns Raisns Raisns Empty	2 Banboos (1,300) - in No.) - in No.)
H	Xumber of boats.	250 2 4 8 6 5 4 4 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6 8 6	# #
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Tollage.	18. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19. 19	120 6 7 57 12 6
	Ton milenge.	8 10 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	10,503
	Tons Tons		1 1
	TOTAL. PACCUSIVE OF TONA OF OF EMPTY BOLTS. Tona	13.   3040   1.451   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251   7251	77 12.582 345 7,105
LOCA	oulay otanixorqAA	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	03.45 13.85 13.85 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 14.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05 16.05
	Namber of boats.	18 Paddy 6 Rice 7 Salt 14 Jaggery 6 Oil-cake 1 Jute 1 vunny bags 1 Straw 2 Gingelly 3 Frasengers 3 Branbos 3 Empty Rattl Benboss (57 nr 7 No. 1	60 Total of corresponding mentily
1	4,	d dd	1 1

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Brahminee Dicision, High Level Canal, for the month of January 1874. ORISSA CIRCLE.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-37 MILES.

	Tollage.	Rs. A. P. 44 10 6 26 10 0	71 4 6
	Ton mileage.	1,5564 2,26314 	4,12023
CF.	Total, ex- the of chaive of traffic. of empty- boats.	1895	27323
ABSTRACT.	Value of traffic.	8,173 0 0 62 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	6,225 0 (
	Weizht f cargo.	Nds. 2,292 1,069	3,351
	Nature of traffic.	Private mer- chandize, Government Stores.	<del></del> -
	To rodmnM	, 00000	
RKS.	Tollage.	Rs. A. P. B. C.	26 10 0
JON WO	Ton mileage.	01.0 01.0 01.0 01.0 01.0 01.0 01.0 01.0	2,24311 
IGAT	E OF OATS.	60 00 1-1-	84.28 1.28
MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	TOIAL, PPIONI- Approxi. EXCLUSIVE OF 11.87c mate TONKAGR OF veight value of EMPIY BOATS, cargo. Mannds,   Tons.	6.447-29 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	2,361
ERIALS	Approxi- mate value of cargo.	g ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ;	:
	Approxi- mere weight of cargo.	Mds. 651	1.059
STORES AND	Double of Tailia. Nature of Cargo.	Stones Lock gates Firewood	
	To Tednin V	01-401	9 :
	Tollage.	Rs. A. P. P. 10 2 4 110 3 4 110 3 4 111 8 8 111 8 11 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	44 10 (
	Ton mileage.	8 12777777777777777777777777777777777777	1,5564
	L, FE OF E OF OATS. Tons.	OLA L.C Q Q Q Q Q Q	159‡
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	Nature of cargo.	Bice Jurgery Forwasions Strumentick Puddy Croun Yums Brankoos Straw Straw Empty Passengers	56 Total of corres- rouding mouth
İ	Yumbor of bonts.	% ≈ ≈ ≃ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈ ≈	92

Canal was closed for repairs.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

# ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls in the Taldundah Canal for the month of January 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-274 MILES.

LOCAL TRAFFIC.	AFFIC.		ł			STORES A	TAN OX	STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	R IRRIG	ATION	VORKS.				ABSTRACT.	CT.		
APPROXIMATE TOTAL, EXCLU-				atnod	bouts		APP	APPROXIMATE	TOTAL, EXCLU-	.KCI.C.			-					
Weight Value of BOATS. mileage. Tollage. 'S Cargo.	BOATS. mileage. Tollage.	Ton Tollage, 5	Tollage, of	10 10 .e.fl.		· ·	;;;	t - Value of	NAGE OF EMPIY BOATS.	SWPIN I	Tene To	Tollage.	Nature of traffic.	tof car	Value of traffic		Ton Ton Tueleage.	Toilage.
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The 5th March 1874.

H. W. Gulliver, Lieut.-Col., r.e., Offy. Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branch

## Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st February 1874, on 1684 miles open.

	c	OACHING	TRA	PP	1C.				MERCHANDI	BK A	ND I	Mı	N R R.	L TRAF	71C.	•	Total t	ra	m
N	Number of passengers.	Cor	achin	gr	eccipts.			W	Veight carried.		_	1	Roce	ipts.	,		receip	ot <b>a</b>	ie.
		Rs.	Λ. 1	P.	£	8.	d	1	Mds. Srs.		Rs	. Δ	. P.	£	s.	d.	£	ı.	d
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 7 weeks of half-year	29,641 187 199,295}	24,755 156 1,59,302	6 11	1	2,269 16 14,606	6	9		130,420 0 824 0 735,116 7	ĺ	335 335 724	7	11 4 10	<b>4,86</b> 0 30 <b>25,</b> 559	15	0		1	1
Total for 8 weeks Comparison.	228,936}	184,077	5 (	0	16,873	13	11		865,536 7	3,3	,810	11	9	30,425	19	8	47,299	13	_
Total for corresponding week of previous year	35,185	36,308	2 :	2	3,328	4	11		148,376 24	2	7,968	11	. 7	2,563	16	0	5,892	•	) 1
week of privious year Total to corresponding date of previous year	225	232 2,13,641			21 19,583				948 0 11,03,349 38	1,9			5	16 18,176		8			

#### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 2:th February 1874, on 28 miles open.

,							
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. 8rs.	Rs, A. P.	£ s. d.	£ . d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 8 weeks of half-year	9,148 327 71,699	1,283 0 0 46 0 0 9,706 0 0	128 6 0 4 12 0 970 12 0	24,940 0 897 0 132,362 0	896 0 0 82 0 0 4,473 0 0	80 12 0 3 4 0 447 6 0	217 18 0 7 16 0 1,417 18 0
Total for 9 weeks	80,847	10,989 0 0	1,098 18 0	157,202 0	5,369 0 0	536 18 0	1,635 16 0
COMPARISON.						-	
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	9,174	1,369 15 9	136 19 11	47.702 0	1,559 15 0	155 19 10	292 19 9
week of previous year	328	48 15 0	4 17 10	1,704 0	55 11 0	5 11 5	10 9 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year	78,273	11,436 13 9	1,143 13 9	220,810 0	7,034 13 0	703 9 8	1,847

## EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th February 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 7 weeks of half-year	102,749 757,068	Rs. 1,65,896 129 12,25,265	A. P. 0 6 9 7 1 0	1	£ 15,206 11 12,315	17	5 7	Mds. Srs. 1,672,132 20 10,526,812 20	* 7,02,306 548	A. P. 12 0 10 10 6 0	£ s. 61,378 2 50 5 1 401,156 18	5	79,584	8 6	0
Total for 8 weeks	859,817	13,91,151	1 6	12	7,522	3	8	11,998,915 0	51,11,291	2 0	468,535 0	5	596,057	4 1	ı
COMPARISON.									,						•
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	128,931	1,91,463	6 8	, ,	17,550	16	3	756,705 20	3,84,049	1 3	   85,204 9 1	ıı	52,755	6 :	2
week of previous verr		149	9 4	-	13	14	3		300	0 7	27 10	1	41	4 4	4
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	967,661	14,20,193	9 3	1	10,184	8	3	6,712,591 10	3,382,142	8 2	310,029 15	7	9:0,214	2 10	0

^{*} Rs. 77,341-15-9 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th February 1874, on 2231 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 7 weeks of half-year  Total for 8 weeks COMPARISON.	6,3×2 41,246 47,628	Rs. A. P. 34,535 12 9 154 8 4 113,707 3 3 148,243 0 0	£ s. d. 3,165 15 8 14 3 3 10,423 3 2 13,588 18 10	Mds. Srs. 110,223 30 665,841 10 776,065 0	† 30,728 13 0 137 7 10	£ s. d.  2,816 16 1 12 12 1 16,564 15 0	£ c. d. 5,982 11 9 26 15 4 26,987 18 3
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of previous year	4,745  41,5%9	21,318 12 6 95 6 2 135,408 6 9	1,951 4 5 8 14 11 12,412 8 9	05,883 30  614,200 20	19,659 12 6 87 15 5 1,85,253 10 6	1,802 2 11 8 1 3 16,981 11 8	3,756 7 4 16 16 2 29,394 0 5

 $[\]dagger$  Rs. 5,455-10 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18, 1874.

# OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupces pannum if delinered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupes of sent by Post

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#### LOSS OF STAMPS

The following correspondence is published for the information of officers who entrusted with the charge of stamps:—

No. 409, dated Fort William, the 18th February 1874.

From—H. L. Dampier Esq., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department.

I AM directed to report, for the information of His Excellency the Governor-General Council, the circumstances attending the loss of two bi-colour non-judicial stamp papers the value of Rs 47-8 each.

2. It appears that, under orders of the Deputy Commissioner the entire stock of treasumd stamps of the sub-divisional treasury was required to be transferred to the treasure A parcel containing stamps was accordingly despatched by the Extra Assistant Commission On its arrival the officer in charge of the treasury reported that on examining the content of the parcel with the invoice, the two stamp papers in question were missing, and that a clerk in charge could not account for it.

3. From inquiries which have been instituted, it appears that the Extra Assista Commissioner instead of counting these stamps of high value into the parcel himself, as should have done, allowed them to be counted by a clerk, with little or no personal supervisi of the operation.

4. In view of the numerous cases of laxity in connection with the custody of stam which come to the notice of Government, the Lieutenant-Governor could not pass over the case without enforcing the officer's personal responsibility; but, taking into consideration to

press of work and demands on Mr. * *'s attention on the occasion of the transfer of his office, the testimony to his earnestness and zeal which is borne by the Commissioner, and the moderate salary which he receives, His Honor has directed that one-third only of the value of the stamps shall be recovered from him, and the remainder be written off the accounts.

No. 1580, dated Fort William, the 7th March 1874.

From—D. BARBOUR, Esq., Under-Secretary to the Govt. of India, Financial Dept., To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated 18th February 1874, No. 409, reporting the loss of two stamped papers of the value of Rs. 47-8 each from the * * sub-divisional treasury, and intimating that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has ordered the recovery of only one-third of the value of the lost stamps from Mr. * *, the treasury officer, through whose carelessness the loss occurred.

2. The Governor-General in Council approves of the proceedings of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, but I am to say that the case must not form a precedent. As a general rule, the whole value of lost stamps should, under the circumstances represented, be made good by the officer at fault, if the amount is at all within his means.

PRICES-CURRENT	OF FOOD-GRAINS DISTRICTS OF BEN	S AND SALT IN IGAL ON THE 141	THE UNDER-MEN H MARCH 1874.	TIONED

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in t

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Return not received.

Return for week ending 7th March received after the publication of the last Gazette.

A Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-8 to 12-11 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 13-9 seers per rupee, except in some par of 1-60-thood, where it is sold at 10 seers.

B Coarse rice at 14-6 seers per rupee.

C Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 12-12 to 14-8 seers per rupee.

In the interior only.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12-2 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14-8 seers per rupee.

The price of common rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 13 to 16 seers per rupee.

Coarse rice at 15-4 seers per rupee.

# undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 14th March 1874.

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- Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-4 to 16 seers, and of common rice 14-4 to 21-5 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 10-8 to 11-8 seers, and of common rice from (2-8 to 13-5 seers per rupee.

  Uniform 10-8 seers, lowest at Adamdishee 15 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 12 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 18 seers per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 18 seers per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 12 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 16 seers per rupee.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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Return not received.

CALCUTTA,

The 17th March 1874.

licturn not received.

† Return defective.

Return for week ending 7th March received after the publication of the last Gazetto.

Return for week ending 7th March received after the publication of the last Gazetto.

P in the interior the prices range as follows:—wheat from 11 to 13 seers, barley from 14-3 to 18 seers, and of best rice from 9 to 9-12 seers at d common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers, lesser millet 14 to 17 seers, and maize from 13 to 15 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-8 to 9-12 seers, and of common rice from 10-4 to 13 seers per rupee.

R In the interior prices range as follows:—Wheat, from 9 to 14 seers, best rice from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 9 to 13 seers, and maize from 10-8 to 17 seers per rupee.

# Districts of Bengal on the 14th March 1874. - (Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

S Price of best rice in the sub-division range from 7 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 8-8 to 12 seers per rupee.

T In the interior the price of best regranges from 8 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 14-8 seers, bulrush millet from 15 to seers, and maize from 14 to 13 seers for rupee.

U Prices in the interior generally lower than at Head-quarters by about one-fifth.

V Price of rice in the interior ranges from 27 seers to nearly a maund per rupee.

## Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Instricts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 14th March 1874.

N	0.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEN	IGAI	<u> </u>		
		Western Districts.		
	1	Burdwan, 16th [®] March 1873.	1.45	Showers have fallen in Bood-bood and Cutwa. At the sudder station '97 of rain registered on the 16th March. Nearly all the cold weather crops are cut, and outturn is reported to be fair. Common rice is selling at all the large marts at about 13 seers per rupee, but in some villages in the interior of Bood-bood sub-division, only 10 seers are obtainable for a rupee. Fever as before.
O.Y.	2	Bancoorab, 14th ,, ,,	0.22	A smart shower of rain on the 9th March. Dry the rest of the week, but cool in the mornings and evenings. The cold weather crops are being reaped. The outturn is fair; in some parts remarkably good. Small-pox still prevalent.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 14th ", "	0 95	Warm during the day; cool in early morning. Strong wind during last few days.  No considerable change in the state and prospects of the crops since last report.  Exportation by rail during week ending 7th March, 3,720 maunds, chiefly to Bhagulpore. Price on the average falling.
Всври	4	Midnapore, 14th ,, ,.	0.12	Somewhat unseasonably cool, with occasional storms. The weather is not quite seasonable and is unhealthy, but for the mulberry and indigo, the most important crops on the ground, it seems to be very favorable. The indigo prospects at present are better than they have been for many years.
	5	Hooghly, 14th ,, ,,	18	Clear throughout; a hailstorm, in the southern portion of the district, was hardly felt at the head-quarters. Wind from south and south-east. Boro paddy and jhalla paddy, onion, and teel (oil-seed) on the ground doing well. A quarter of an inch of rainfall on the 16th since telegraphed.
		Howrah, 14th ,,  Central Districts.	0.03	A severe hailstorm on Sunday evening; weather cloudy during first part of the week and then fine. There is no change to record. Crops in the ground still doing very well. No injuries done by the hail.
TSION.	6	24-Perguumhs, †17th March 1874.	0·55	Weather cooler than last week owing to the fall of occasional showers and hall-storms. Boro sowings progressing in Busseerhat. Mango blossoms have suffered from hailstorms. Preparation of land continues for the next early rice sowings. Prices have fallen. Thirteen cases of, and four deaths from, small-pox reported from thannah Kalaroa. A few cases of cholera in thannahs Bankipore, Diamond Harbour, Busseerhat, and Kaligunge—It has abated in thannah Canning.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.	7	Nuddea, 14th """	0.09	Unsettled and stormy at times in the early part of the week, afterwards clear; nights cold. Everything so far continues to be favorable for the crops which are still on the ground. Tobacco how, ver is not likely to recover the harm done by the rain in February. Prices of food-grains show a decided tendency to fall. In the Bongong sub-division the coarsest rice is said to be procurable at Rs. 2-4 per maund, but the usual price elsewhere is from Rs. 2-5 to Rs. 2-12. Excepting cholera here and there, the public health is good.
l	. 8	Jessore, 14th ", "	-95	Generally clear and fine; wind generally from the south-west. On the evening of the 10th March there was a storm from the north-west, when rain in the preceding column fell. The prospects of the crops are much the same as they were last week. Prices have continued to fall, and the tendency is still downwards; the causes are probably three, Ist, reduced exportation; 2nd, favorable prospects of the cold-weather crops coming harvest; and 3rd, the approach of the 28th March, or last day of payment of Government revenue; the ryot selling his produce to pay his rent to enable the zemindars to meet his obligation.
RAJSHABYE I)IVISION.	9	Moorshedabad, 14th , ,	0.22	It has been cloudy for the greater part of the week. On the 8th and 9th March there were showers of rain, and on the latter date the rain was followed by a heavy hailstorm traversing the district from north-west to the south cast. Some damage, not of a serious nature, was done to the standing crops of gram and wheat and to mange blossoms by the hail. The rain has enabled the cultivators to renew ploughing operations for the early rice sowings. Prices are on the whole slightly better than last week. Rice has risen at Rampore Hat, Harharpara, and Sujagunge, but there has been a fall in other places. Small-pox is still prevalent.
RAJSE	10	Dinagepore, 14th , ,,	-91	Rain throughout the district during the early part of the week; in some places heavier than in the station. The cold weather crops have nearly all been gathered. The boro rice already sown has benefited much by the late rain, which has also enabled the breaking up of land to be pushed on with.
l	_ 11	Waldah, 14th ", ",	1.55	Rain, thunder, lightning, and hailstorm on Saturday and Monday nights. Strong westerly winds throughout—The rain has been most beneficial to the lands under cultivation, and has assisted ploughing to go on on all sides. No injury is reported to the cold weather crops now ripening, and which promise in most places a full average outturn—Wheat and cheena (millet) especially look heavier crops. The boro paddy is also in a promising state. The mange blossom is most abundant, but the late rains are said to have done considerable injury to this crop, Health of the district generally good. Prices stationary.

Telegram of the 16th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall up to the noon of that day.
 Report of the 17th March, received on the same day, shows mainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

=	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	1 The state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the state of the
BE	NGA	I(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
RAJSHAHYE DIVN(Contd.)	<b>12</b>	Rajshahye, 14th March 1874.	-53	There was slight rain in most parts of the district during the week. The state of the cold weather crops is favorable; khesaree and musooree (pulses) however has suffered somewhat from the late rain. Ploughing for rice and ted (oil-seed) sowings is going on, and a good deal of both has been already sown. Boro paddy has been cultivated to an unusual extent, and much of it has been transplanted for the last time. Prices have not varied since last report. A few cases of cholera and small-pox still occur.
AHYE DIV	13	Rungpore, 14th March 1874.	1.40	Slight showers in parts of the district. Weather cool. Wheat and pulses good. Wheat is being harvested to the east. Cheena and kauni (millets) promise well. Aus or early rice is being sown extensively.
RAJEH	14	Bograh, 14th Mar. 1874	.10	Getting hotter in the day, morning and evening fine; a shower of rain on the night of the 7th March. Mulberry, sugarcane and arhur (pulse) are being cut and a fair out(urn is expected. Other pulses, such as motar, khesaree, &c., are getting on fairly well.
į	_ 15	Pubna, 14th ,, .,	1.21	Weather seasonable. On the 9th March there fell throughout the district a heavy shower of rain attended with hail. The prospects of the winter crops still in the fields, viz. whent, barley, and gram, have been greatly improved by the rain of the 9th. The rain has been especially beneficial to the sugarcane. It has also done a great good to the late cheena (millet) crop as well as to the early rice crops, boro and jully paddy. Mango trees and early cheena (millet) crop have suffered a little from the hail. There is no actual distress in any part of the district. One or two cases of small-pox have been reported from Pubna station.
( 	16	Darjecting, 14th ,, ,,	0·18	Very variable, some days clear and bright, others misty and threatening rain; temperature colder than usual for this time of year. In the hills there are no crops of any importance. In the plains there are no crops on the ground; the land is being prepared for sowing. Common rice has risen during the week in price from 10 to 8 seers for the rugee.
COOCH BEHAR DIVE	17	Julpigoree, 14th ", ",	·96	Cool, pleasant, and seasonable. Nothing special to notice as to change in the prospects of crops. The rain which fe'l was bad for mange crop. As however this crop is a valueless one in the district, this is of little consequence. It is said that the rain was bad for tobacco; but the Deputy Commissioner has not heard as yet of any damage really being done. As seed is wanted in parts of Boda for the early or bladoi rice crop it is now being purchased in the district by the manager of the Cooch Behar Choklajat estate, and will be sent to the spots where needed in time, for the early sowing will soon begin.
(	•	Cooch Behar, 14th ., ,.	0.82	Generally fine; had some slight showers on Sunday and Monday. No change since last week. Tobacco is being cut; the outturn will be satisfactory; the other crops in the fields promise well. Relief works are being carried on as before.
		Eastern Districts.		
(	- 18	Dacca, *17th Mar. 1874	0.7	Weather cool, with showers of rain. Prospects of crops good.
	19	Furreedpore, 14th ,, ,,	2.72	It was cloudy on Tuesday, but clear and sunny the rest of the week. A severe hailstorm occurred on the afternoon of Monday. The wind was very powerful, and seemed to travel round the compass, from north-west to north-east and south. Teel (oil-seed), barley, wheat, masoor (pulse), onion, garlie, and melens as well as mango, and all other fault trees in bud have suffered in consequence. The price of coarse rice has risen at Furreedpore, fallen at Gopalgunge, as the stationary at Goalundo, Bhangah, and Madarcepore. The tise is owing to the storm which was more severe at Furreedpore; and the tail, to the decrease of export purchasers at Gopalgunge.
DACCA DIVISION.	20	Backergunge, 7th Mar. 1874.	Nil	Rain on the 7th March. More rainy than is usual in the cold weather, but good on the whole. The 'ate rains, that is the rains of the cold weather, have intertered with the cultivation of the land. On the whole the cold weather crops do not promise so well this year as in former years. Boro paddy is however premising well, which has encouraged the people somewhat to part with the stores hitherto hoarded up.
DΔ	21	Mymensing, 14th March 1874.	1 26	Heavy rain in the station on the night of the 8th and 9th March; weather since then fine and appears settled. Remarkably cool for the time of the year, Violent storm on the 9th in the south-west of the district with hallstone of very large size. Heavy rain from 8th to 10th in the south-east of the district, where the week's rainfall is registered at 3.5 inches, but no hail. The storm of the 9th in the south-west of the district was of the character of a cyclone, the wind blowing with creat violence first from the north-west, and then from the north-east; several houses were blown down. This storm is reported to have seriously injured the crops of millet and boro rice, as well is that part of the kalai (pulse) crop which is still ungathered. Fortunately the storm did not extend over a large area. From other parts of the district the reports of the crops are favorable.

Telegram of the 17th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No	o <b>.</b>		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	state of health at date.
BEN	GAL	—(Coald.)		
		tsteen Districts (Contd.)	:	•
Isted DIVS.	22	Sylhet, 7th Mar. 1871	Nil	Very cloudy and unsettled during the week. A storm may be expected at an moment. The cultivation of both amun and aus (late and early rice) is going of The price of rice rising daily on account of large exportations. In the sudde station table rice is selling at 13 seers 2 chittacks, and common rice at 15 seer 12 chittacks per rupec. About 20,000 maunds of rice and 50,000 maunds of padd have been exported to Calcutta, Nattore, Dacca, Patna, Monghyr, Chupra, Pubmand Shillong. The health of the district has improved. Since telegraphed that has rained from the night of the 9th till the morning of the 10th (1.50).
- (	23	Cachar		Return not received.
	21	Chittagong, 7th Mar. 1874	Nil	Getting warmer. No change since the last report, e.g., some damage to pulses from the late rains reported from Meerkaserai. In other parts of the district the collection weather crops promise well. Cholera still reported from Town, Raojan, Koomeres and Potea.
CHIITACONG DIVN	25	Noakhally, 7th Mar 1874	0 07	Fair. A thunderstorm, with some rain, on Friday evening. In some places the cold weather crops, khesarce, chillies and linseed are said to have been injure by the late rains; and the wet weather has also interfered with the preparation of the ground for the early rice crop.
HITTACON	26	Tupperah, 7th " "	Nil	Warm and sunny. No rain; close and threatening rain on Friday, but none fell Boro rice in flourishing condition. Cold weather crops promise good outture. There is no sickness.
3	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 7th March 1871.		Cool at night and very hot during the day. Tobacco is being plucked here as there in small quantities. The hillmen are still engaged in joom-cutting.
ţ		Hill Tipperah, 7th Mar. 1874.	Nil	Warm during the day. Occasionally cloudy; chilly after sundown; foggy in t mornings. There are hardly any crops on the ground now except chillies at onions. No important change to report.
вен	AR.			•
	28	Patna, 16th* ,, ,,	Nil	Though there was no rain at head-quarters, both rain and hail have fallen different parts of the district varying from 0.025 to 1.07; the hail was ve partial, and has not done any harm to speak of. The harvesting of the co weather crops is going on, and they are yielding well. With the exception a few cases of small-pox in the city, the health of the district is good.
	29	Gya, 14th ., "	Nil	Mornings and evenings cool. Cold weather crops are being harvested; the outtue not yet ascertained, apparently heavy. Health good.
	30	Shahabad, 14th March 1874.	Nil	Cool, with high west wind. Crops reported favorably on. Barley, wheat and gra being harvested. Sugarcane being planted. Weather, all that could be desired f the crops. Small-pox prevalent.
l'ATNA DIVISION.	31	Tirhoot, 14th Mar. 1871		Getting warmer; cold nights. In the Sectamurhee sub-division one-tenth ine rain fell on the 9th March. With a little more rain a full cheena (millet) at moong (pulse) crop may be expected. Peas, mustard, and masoor and ker (pulses) are being reaped. Gram and wheat will be cut after ten days. A fe cases of small-pox at Majongunj, Jalleh, and Sectamurhee; otherwise gener health good.  In the Hajeepore sub-division there is no change in the prospects of the crop The cold weather crops are expected to be reaped in a fortnight, and the outtuis expected to be 10 to 12 annas.  The cold weather crops look very healthy and strong. There is no material change in the prospects of the sudder and the rest of the sub-divisions. In the Madho levi well division the little whim gives a greater promise of the means (pulse)
	32	Sarun, 14th """	Nil	bani sub-division the little rain gives a greater promise of the moong (pulse and cheena (millet).  Weather clear, dry, and getting warm. West wind prevailing. The crops conting good, and now the harvest is commencing: the prospect of two-thirds of an averagor on the area sown may be considered assured. In 11 villages in the Rogho nathpore outpost, within the jurisdiction of the Durowlee thannah, peas, barley, are ruhur (pulse) from 4 to 8 annas have been injured by hailstorms which fell on the night of the 7th March. People are busy in sowing the spring crops. The ear sowings have germinated. New peas and other pulses are coming into the markets. Lands are being ploughed for the next sowings. Prices steady.
ĺ	33	Chumparun		Return not received.
E LITTA.	34	Monghyr, 14th March 1874.	0.14	Set fair. The cold weather crop is being cut and will yield 12 annas all roun Cheena (millet) has been exclusively sown and is coming on well. The mohy and mango crops are promising.
BHAUGULFORE LITIN.	35	Bhaugulpore, 17th† Mar. 1874.	-03	Slight rain at Banka. A severe hailstorm reported over an area of 33 square mil on extreme north of the district, causing some damage. Prospects of the cowather crops excellent. Crops ripening fast: reaping commenced in place General health very good.

[•] Telegram of the 16th March, received on the 17th, shows rainfall during the seven days including the 16th idem.

[†] Report of the 17th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

ℓ ^{No.}		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
вен	IAR.—(Contd.)		
BHAGUIPORE DIVE.	Purneab, 14th Mar. 1874	Nil	West wind beginning. A severe hailstorm in Arrareah caused considerable damage in some villages early this week. The prospects of the cold weather crops continue excellent; the reaping of barley has begun, and peas have been cut in many places. The showers early in the week have done much good to the kauni and cheena (millets). Lands are being everywhere prepared for the early rice. Private trade is very busy everywhere, and prices falling in consequence.
BHA6	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 14th Mar. 1874.	1.01	Cool; in fact, cold the early part of the week. The latter half very hot, with strong west wind. No change in the prospects of the crops since last report.
ORISSA.			
≥ 6 38	Cuttack, 17th* Mar. 1874	•48	Weather cool and pleasant. Dalua rice crop promising well. Public health good.
Okissa Division.	Pooree, 7th "	Nil	Generally fine and warm, and beginning to be hot. Moong (pulse) is growing well and is still green. The datua rice crop is ripening partly and is doing well. The mange crop is doing better than was expected. Ploughing is going on. Purchases of rice for export continue. Prices generally almost stationary. Public health on the whole fair, except that small-pox is prevalent as usual.
ð ( 40 l	Balasore, 11th , ,	-33	Days hot and dry, nights cool. Ploughing for the early rice crop and cultivation of the exceptional dalua crop are in progress. Both cholera and small-pox are on the increase.
снота	NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency,		•
41	Hazarcebaugh, 7th Mar. 1874.	0.28	The weather has been cloudy and stormy and often drizzling, but the sun was shining brightly at the time of the report. The cold weather crop has been improved except the gram, which, it is expected, will not seed so freely, but there is very little gram in this district. The rain, it is thought, must have affected the mohwa crop where the trees have not come into flower. Prices are slightly more favorable than last week, though common rice is stationary.
42	Lohardugga, 14th March 1874.	·56	Unsettled and warm at the beginning of the week, but latterly clear and cold, with strong rorth-west winds. The cold weather crops are ripening fast, and on the whole promise well, though the area under cultivation is very small; none of these have suffered any material damage up to date. The prospects of the mohwa crop are also very fair; a little damage was caused by the late rain, but there is still every hope of getting a very good crop. Ploughing has been going on briskly throughout the district, and all the lands are now nearly ready.
43	Singbhoom, 7th Mar. 1874.	0.31	Cloudy during the week, but it rained only on the 5th and 6th March. On the night of the 6th there was much rain. Nothing particular for report. The rain has been sufficient for ploughing operations. Public health good. Cattle disease still reported from some parts of Dhalbhoom.
44	Maunbhoom, 14th March 1874.	•1	Bright and wonderfully cool. Barley is being reaped, with, on the whole, fair results, but the quantity cultivated was not very considerable. The prospects of this district now hinge very much upon the molwa crop: some damage has been done to the earlier trees by cloudy weather and rain during the last few weeks; but there is still every reason to hope for a full yield. Prices are still firm.

^{*} Telegram of the 17th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 10th March 1874.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Sery, to the Govt. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

<u></u>	·			<del></del>	m 22nd to Febiuary	m let to March		FROM 1st	Remarks.
Division.	DISTRICT.		STATIO		Rain from 22nd t 28th Febiuary 1874.	Rain from let to 7th March	Inches.	Up to date.	NEMARED.
BENG	AI.				Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	WESTERN DISTR	ICTS.							
ſ	Burdwan		Burdwan Cutwa Culna Bood-bood Rancegunge Jehanabad		Nil Nil Nil O'0'3	0:03 Nil 0:13 Nil 0:02 0:06	5:35 6:53 5:6) 4:76 4:52 6:44	7th Mar. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto ditto ditto	
l	Bankoora		Bankoora		0.13	0.01	4:30	ditto.	
اي	Beerbhoom		Sooree		0.50	Nıl	4.33	ditto.	
BURDWAY.	Midnapore	- 11	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai { Dy. Col Exc. E	 lr.'s Office ngr.'s Office	Nil Nil Nil	0:34 0:10 0:13 Nil Not rec	4:45 6 49 5:63 7:01 6:96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 14th Feb.	
i	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore		1 747 1	Nil 0:12	4:90 4:63	7th Mar. ditto.	
- 1	Howrah	1	Howrah			0.03	4 07	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTE	TOTA							
	CENTRAL DISTA	۱۱۲۱۵.	Saugor Island		Nil	Nil	4:80	ditto.	
	24-Pergunnahs		Calcutts Dispens Alipore Jail Busseerhat Baraset Diamond Harbour Bar ripore Satkhirah Barrackpore Dum-Dum		0 02 0 008 0 006 Nil Nil Nil 0 004 Nil	0:02 Nil Nil 0:11 Nil 0:06 0:12 0:10 Nil	4.73 5.21 5.08 2.19 4.40 3.74 2.13 37 4.87 3.00	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PRESIDENCY.	Nuddea	{	Kishnaghur Bongong Mcherpore Chooadangah Kooshtea Ranaghat		Nil   Nil   Nil	0°14 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	6:07 4:95 4:35 5:17 3:77 6:13	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Į	Jessor <b>e</b>	{	Jessora Narail Khodna Jenidah Bagirhat Magoora			0.01 Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4:58 4:13 6:92 5:63 4:14 4:54	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Moorshedabad	{	Berhampore Ramporchaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azmgungo Lalgolla		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3·03 3·13 2·94 2·03 2·64 2·49	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Received up to 6th March.
	Dinagepore	•••	Dinagepore		Nil	Nil	1.95	ditto.	
Ė	Maldah	•••	Maldah		0.03	Nil	1.80	ditto.	
RAJSHAHYE.	Rajshahye	{	Baulcah Nattore		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	2:99 4:27	ditto. ditto.	
RAJ	Rungpore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya	•••	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	5:35 2:03 2:15	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograh	•••	Bograh	•••	Nil	Nil	8.12	ditto.	
	Pubna	{	Pubna Scrajgunge	•••	Nil		2·14 2·27	ditto. ditto.	
	Darjeeling		Darjeeling { Tel	egraph Office	Not re-		0.19	31st Jan. 7th Mar.	
Сооси Венав.	11	{	Julpigoree	•	Nil	Nil Nil	1:96 2:29 2:28	ditto.	
OCH	Cooch Behar Ti	ributary						,	
ဦ	State Bhútan Dooars	•••	Cooch Benar		Not re	-	2:11	ditto. 7th Feb.	

.•	,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	h 22nd ( ebruar)	n 1st to March		PROM 1ST	Remarks.	
Division.	District.	STATION.	Rain from 22nd to 28th February 1874.	Rain from 7th 1	Inches.	Up to date.		
	AL-(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1874.		
ſ	EASTERN DISTRICTS. Dacca	Dacca { Telegraph Office Hospital	0·35 0·35 0·42 Nil	0·10 0·03 Nil Nil	2:85 2:79 2:79 2:05	7th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
ľ	Furreedpore {	Furreedpore Goalundo	1·40 Nil	Nil Nil	5·23 4·98	ditto. ditto.		
DACCA.	Backergunge	Burrisal Perozepore Madaripore Patooakhally Dowlatkhan	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not ree. ditto Nil Not rec. ditto	1.68 2.32 2.72 2.27 3.95	28th Feb. ditto. 7th Mar. 28th Feb. ditto.	•	
	Mymensingh {	Mymensingh Jamalpore Atin Kishoregunge	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.90 Nal 0.10 0.15	5·88 4·78 3·58 5·72	7th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
1	Sylhet	Sylhet	0.32	Nil	6.11	ditto.		
Į	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	0°09 Not rec. 0°11	1:04 Not 1ec. ditto	7·13 4·03 5·91	ditto. 7th Feb. 28th Feb.		
ſ	Chittagong {	Chittagong { Telegraph Office   Cox's Bazar	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	2:90 2:77 0:26	7th Mar. ditto. 28th Feb.		
9	Noakholly	Noakholly	0.20	0.08	3.16	7th Mar.		
CHITTAGONG	Tipperah {	Comillah Biahmanberiah	0.32 0.58	Nil Nil	2·99 5·69	ditto. ditto.		
5	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	Nil	Not rec.	2.27	28th Feb.		
l	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	0.35	Nil	4.32	7th Mar.		
EITA	l'atna	Patna  Behar  Barh  Dinapore { Jail  Cantonment	Nil 0:11 Nil Nil Nil	0 02 0 14 0 86 Nil 0 25	1·06 2·52 2·20 0·80 1·02	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Gya	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	O'01 Nil Nil Nil	0.07 0.07 0.21 0.05	2·60 2·53 1·57 1·11	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
PATSA.	Shahabad	Arrah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:03 Not rec 0:05 0:19	1:34 1:70 1:55 1:20	ditto. 25th Feb. 7th Mar. ditto.		
PA	Tirhoot	Mozufferporo Durbhunga Hajeepore Mudhoobunnee Seetamurhee Tajpore	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil O 16	Not rec- ditto ditto ditto ditto 0'08	0 89 1 08 1 01 0 84 0 70 1 24	28th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto. dftto 7th Mar.		
	Sarun	Chuprah	Nil Nil	Not rec.	1:09	28th Feb	Not rec. 8th to 14th Fe Ditto ditto.	
l	Chumparun		Nil Nil	0°21 Nil	1:31	7th Mar.		
1	Monghyr	Monghyr Begoo Scrai Jamooie	Nil	0:09 0:50 Nil	1.75 1.77 4.44	ditto, ditto, ditto,		
LIORE	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore Soppool Mudchpoorah Sanborsa	Not rec Nil 011	Nil 0 to 0 of Nil Nil	1:80 1:40 1:05 2:17 1:19	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 22nd to 28th 1	
Вичастови	Purneah	Purneah Kissengunge Arrareah	0.02 Nil Nil	Nil 0::6 0:93	1.63 2.11 3.24	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
	Southal Pergunnahs	Deoghur	0.03	0°25 Nil Nil 0°60	2 62 0°80 1 94 3 25	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		

				ebruary	n 1st to March		FROM 1ST ARY 1874.	Remarks.	
DIVISION.	District.	STATION.		Rain from 22nd to 23th February 1574.	Rain from 1st to 7th March 1874.	Inches.	Up to date,		
ORISS	5A.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.		
	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajpore Kendraparah Lugatsingpore False Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not roc. ditto ditto	3°53 4°05 2°80 1°60 0°75 1°66,	7th Mar. ditto. 28th Feb. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
ORISSA.	Pooree	l'ooree Khurdah	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	1·66 2·03	7th Mar. ditto.		
	Balasore	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally	•••	Nil 0.80 Nil Nil Nil	0·10 0·50 Nil 0·55 Nil	8:90 6:75 5:68 2:14 1:64	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th	
- {	Cuttack Tributary Meh	ls Sambalpore	•••	Not rec	Not rec.	1.35	14th Feb.		
	CHOTA NAGPORE South-Western Feontier Agency.								
	Hazareebagh	Hazareebagh Jail Pachumba	•••	0°27 0°22 0°08	0·32 0·28 0·40	4·30 4·45 3·81	7th Mar. ditto. ditto.	•	
	Loharduggah	Ranchee Palamow	•••	0·34 0·04	1·11 0·48	5·95 ·3·92	ditto.		
	Singbhoom	Chybassa,	•••	0.04	1.00	5.45	ditto.		
	Manbhoom	Purulia Govindpore	•••	0.10 0.10	0·11 0·35	5·15 5·43	ditto. ditto.		
	ASSAM & ADJACED HILLS.	TT							
	Goalparah	Goalparah Dhoobree		Nil Nil	Not rec.	1·69 0·63	28th Feb. ditto.	'	
	Kamroop	Gowhatty Burpettah		Nil Nil	ditto ditto	2·46 4·09	ditto. ditto.		
	Durrung	Tczpore Mungledye		Not rec. ditto	ditto ditto	1.09 2.00	7th Feb ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 3rd Ja	
	Nowgong	Nowgong	•••	0.80	ditto	2.26	28th Feb.		
	Seebsaugor	Scebsaugor Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah		0.75 Not rec. 0.22 Not rec.	ditto	5·57 4·82 4·18 4·39	ditto. 21st Feb. 28th Feb. 14th Feb.		
	Luckimpore	North Luckimpore Suddya	•••	0.18	ditto ditto ditto	2·27 2·79 4·15	7th Feb. 28th Feb. 7th Feb.		
	Naga Hills			3:44-	ditto	3.79	21st Feb.		
	Khasi and Jyntea Hille	1 J 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	•••	ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2:48 0:68 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th	
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	307:1	ditto	5.94	28th Feb.		
		Benares Akyab	•••	1. 187:1	ditto Nil	0.27 Nil	15th Feb. 7th Mar.		

CALCUTTA,

The 14th March 1874.

H. F. Blanford,

Meteorulogical Reporter to the Govt. of Ben,

# Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 8th to 14th March 1874.

			Barometer	Barometer	Тивви	OMBTER,	Humi.	WIND					
STATIOR.	Date.	Hour.		reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat. ==100,	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.	
CALCUTIA.	Mar. 8th 9th 10th 11th 12th 13th 14th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	29°901 29°782 29 871 29°734 29°913 29 801 30°049 29 950 30°072 20°884 28°097 29°841 29°910 29°709	29'919 20'809 29'809 29'752 29 931 29'819 30'067 29'968 30'091 29'902 30'015 29 869 29'928 29'928	79·6 86·6 80·5 85·8 81·7 80·4 76·0 83·5 74·9 86·4 76·8 85·7 70·5	70·7 75·5 75·5 76·0 76·5 78·0 61·2 63·4 69·0 61·7 61·0 65·0 68·0 60·5	61 57 78 61 78 63 37 27 33 17 34 28 52	S S E S S W S W S W S W E S E E N N N W W N W W N W S W S W S W N W	5.8 3.5 6.8   3.5 12.5 4.9 8.5 4.2 7.0 4.1 7.1	0·39 0·78   0·09 	K K	b couds. b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	
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CHITAGONG.	8th 9th 10th 11th 12th 13th 14th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29:890 29:787 29:868 29:764 29:951 29:965 29:859 20:990 29:864 29:97 29:860 29:745	29'983 29'879 29'861 29'866 30'044 29'941 30'058 29'951 30'083 29'957 30'066 29'900 29'953 29'837	81 84 82 83 79 81 80 84 78 82 81 80 81	71 72 75 75 74 75 76 62 63 63 79 70	59 53 70 67 69 70 78 64 16 20 31 38 59	NNE WSW E WSW NE SSE NE WSW N WSW N SW N	3·4 7·4 3·8 9·1 6·3 9·9 4·1 8·2 4·9 9·8 6·0 10·4 4·1 8·3		C K	b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, v b, n b, v b, m b, v b, m b, m b, v b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m	
MADRAS.	7th 8th 9th 10th 11th 12th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29:835 29:809 29:809 29:820 29:831 29:829 20:950 29:950 29:907 20:906 30:007 29:908 30:005 29:872	29.965 29.839 29.960 29.850 29.961 20.859 29.986 29.980 30.027 20.936 30.017 29.938 30.017 29.938 30.035	84 85 85 85 84 85 84 83 84 85 84 85	73 74 74 73 75 76 76 73 77 74 73	56 57 57 54 60 64 64 65 60 54 60 51	S by W S E by E S E S E by S S E S E by S S E S E by N E by N E by N E	10 12 13 13 9 14 10 11 7 10 6 9			8, 0 8, 0 8, 0 8, 0 8, 0 8, 0 8, 0 8, 0	
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AKYAB.	8th 9th 10th 11th 12th 13th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	29:914 29:816 29:917 29:831 29:900 29:863 30:007 29:801 29:846 29:976 29:846 29:986 29:826 29:827 29:761	29 935 29 837 29 839 29 852 30 012 29 88 4 30 028 29 913 29 987 29 967 29 961 29 867 29 97	85 87 81 84 82 86 84 85 86 85 85 85 85	70 71 70 74 72 73 70 71 75 74 65 68 63 67	44 42 55 60 59 51 46 55 67 57 29 44 23 30	ENE WNW NE WNW NE WNW NW NW WNW NW WNW NW WNW	3·5 8·5 4·4 7·3 3·5 8·1 2·7 9·1 6·5 10·3 6·8 17·1 5·5 13·8			6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	

· Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA, The 14th March 1874.

H. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

Abstract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Reporter's Office, Calcutta, during the month of December 1873.

N. B.—The bar metric data are reduced for temperatures and not for height above sea-level.

RAINFALL.		No. of days.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
RAIN		In inches.	3.38 9.67 9.67 9.67 9.68 9.68 9.68 9.73 9.73 9.73 9.73 9.73 9.73 9.73 9.73
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# CALCUTTA-DECEMBER 1573.

... 67-8 Mean humidity of 16 years ... 70-2 | 1-4tc ditto of 1873 ... 224 | Petect in 1873 ... : : :

Meteorological Reporter to the Gont. of Rengal.

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

... 0·10 ... 0·32 ... 0·73

72 | Mean rain-fall of 16 years 68 | Actual fall in 1873 ... 4 | Excess in 1873 ...

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... 30 029 | Mean temperature of 16 years ... 30 029 | Ditto | itto of 1873 ... .000 | Excess in 1873 ...

 Mean barometric pressures of 16 years
 Ditto ditto of 1873
 Equal ... ... ... Equal ...

CALCUITA,

The 16th March 1874.

Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Tuble reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric results and observations of Sky Serenity.

	pres sea.			Wind.											
STATIONS.	Mean barometric		Mean temperature du. ed to sea-level.	North	North-East.	East.	South-East.	South.	South-West.	West.	North-West.	Calm,	Percentage and Resultant.	Mean velocity daily.	Mean serenity.
Port Blair Nancowry Madios Vizagapatain Akyab False Point Cuttack Saugor Island Chittagong Calcutta Burdwan Jessore Dacca Silchar Hazareebagh Berhampore Gya Patna Monghyr		29-944 29-895 30-908 30-908 30-924 30-916 30-947 30-942 30-948 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-949 30-948	80'4 76'8 77'1 75'2 72'2 70'3 71'3 70'0 69'2 70'0 66'9 66'9 66'2 66'2 66'2 66'2 66'2 66'2	8 2 31 3 24 34 20 51 53 19 26 21 8 7 31 16 1 1 2	33 3 14 18 29 42 26 30 7 56 7 2 14 13 4 10 6 1 3	4 32 8 62 8 16 3 11 1 32 1 1 4 22 2 2 6 5 1	9 15 2 7  7 2 4 1 1 1 2 1 2 3 3 6 2 	2 7 3 3 2 4 8 4 1 6 4 2 10 7 14	44 3 3 8 13 6 3 6 4 2 5 5 3 1 4 13 37		2 4 13 28 12 3 10 31 5 8 19 19 27 31 7 8 6	39 54  339 54  39	59 N, 54 E 73 S, 70 E 69 N, 20 E 45 N, 20 W 67 N, 30 E 28 N, 10 E 54 N, 17 E 72 N, 27 W 67 N, 50 E 64 N, 17 W 63 N, 25 W 36 N, 24 W 26 S, 89 E 66 N, 62 W 46 N, 14 W 14 N, 18 E 61 S, 71 W 62 S, 66 W	114°3 198°9 215°2 67°1 70°3  37°7 159°1 104°8 40°4 52°8 46°6 38°3 89°2 12°5 30°4 63°1 38°7	8·38 5·92 7·76  8·01 6·81 7·77 8·34 8·53 8·19 7·76 8·69 7·32 9·09 8·81
Darjeehng Gowalparah Benares Roorkee		30·057 30·06 <b>7</b>	68·8 61·2 60·1		12 5 	17 21 2 	23 6 5 10	16 4 9 	21 3 15 4	20 4 36 1	8 2 6 19	10 2 7 90	32 S, 9 W 48 N, 81 E 51 S, 71 W 9 N, 71 W	85·5 61·1 21·5	6:43 8:68  8:06

#### NOTE.

Barometric Pressure.—The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippe's tables as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,
The 16th March 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD,

Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal.

# Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 8th to 14th March 1874.

	REMARKS
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11th '968 83.5 71.0 1310 76.3 66.1 59.0 .57 285.1 ) Clear. Fogs	gy from 3 to
12th 970 864 637 1342 740 609 517 48 N, 1686 Clear. Sligh	itly foggy from
13th   '908   86 0   63.4   110 0   741   62 6   545   '52   W N W,     124.2       Clear.	
14th 835 20.2 65.5 142.0 768 66.1 58.6 .55 WSW&SW 82.8 Clear.	

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		26.8
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	90.2
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		90.7
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.64
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year		0.67
		Inches.
by lower rain gange		0.87
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th by lower rain gauge		0.74
Duto duto duto, average of twenty previous years		0.19
Ditto duto between the 1st January and the 14th March		5.99
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	2.19

GOPPENAUTH SEN.
In charge of the Overratory.

The 16th March 1874.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, -BENGAL.

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General Establishment. -No. 73. -The 16th March 1874.

Statement shawing heights over mean sea level and low water on Rivers Gauges, Bhagiruthee, and Brahmapader duving the mouth of February 1874.

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-	Sahibgunge.	46	krom Monghyr	Heizht over mean sea livel.	######################################
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RIVER GANGES.	Manchyr.	701.[	Prom Dinapore	Height Height below over norm by water, so a level.	\$14545454545455555555555555555555555555
RIV	 r	782		Height below low water	
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J. E. T. Nicotus, Col nel, R.E., Secretary to the G vi. of Bougal, P. W. Department,

# Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

## EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th February 1874, on 1581 miles open.

	Number of	COACHING TRAFFIC.  Coaching receipts.	-	MERCHANDI Weight carried.	BE AND MINERAL TEAFFIC. Receipts.	Total traffic receipts.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 8 weeks of half-year Total for 9 weeks	249	Rs. A. P. £ s.  24,020 13 6 2,201 18 151 12 8 13 18 184,077 5 0 10,873 13  2,08,098 2 6 19,075 12	2 3 11	121,893 31 770 0 865,536 7	Rs. A. P. £ s. d. 60,707 8 0 5,564 17 1 383 9 10 35 3 4 3,31,810 11 9 30,425 19 8 3,92,518 3 9 35,990 16 9	£ s. d. 7,766 15 3 49 1 7 47,299 13 7 55,066 8 10
Total for corresponding week of previous year previous year previous year and the corresponding week of previous year and the corresponding date of previous year and the corresponding date of previous year and the corresponding date of previous year and the corresponding date of previous year and the corresponding date of previous year and the corresponding date of previous year and the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date of the corresponding date	263	24,456 15 10 2,241 17 154 8 9 14 3 2,38,008 0 9 21,825 13	4	1,270 0	30,331 2 3 3,330 7 1 229 9 3 21 0 9 2,34,622 0 5 21,507 0 4	5,592 4 11 35 12 1 43,332 13 7

### NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th February 1874, on 271 miles open.

		Ri. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d
Total traffic for the week	1,496	1,072 0 0	107 4 0	8,746 0	732 0 0	73 4 0	180 8
Or per mile of railway	85	39 0 0	3 18 0	320 0	27 0 0	2 14 0	6 12
For previous 8 weeks of half-year	10,556	7,747 0 0	774 14 0	56,357 0	4,285 0 0	428 10 0	1,203 4
Total for 9 weeks COMPARISON.	12,052	8,819 0 0	881 18 0	65,103 0	5,017 0 0	501 11 0	1,383 12
Total for corresponding week of previous year.  Per mile of railway corresponding	2,398	1,812 0 10	181 4 1	5,658 10	585 15 6	58 12 0	239 16
week of previous year	88	66 8 U	6 13 0	207 26	21 8 U	2 3 0	8 16
Total to corresponding date of pre-	1 4,381	10,867 9 0	1,086 15 2	52,910 0	4,439 13 3	413 19 7	1,530 14

#### NALIIATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th March 1874, on 274 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per nule of railway	1,259 46 12,052	Rs. A. P.  922 0 0  34 0 0  8,819 0 0	92 4 0	Mds. Srs. 11,122 0 408 0 65,103 0	Rs. A. P.  785 0 0 29 0 0 5,017 0 0	£ s. d.  78 10 0 2 18 0 501 14 0	£ s. d.  170 14 6 6 6 0 1,383 12 0
For previous 9 weeks of half-year  Total for 10 weeks  COMPARISON.	13,310	9.711 0 0	974 2 0	76,225 0	5,802 0 0	580 4 0	1,551 6 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,953	1,421 0 2	142 2 0	8,271 10	64z 6 9	64 4 10	206 6 10
Per rathe of railway, corresponding week of previous year Total to corresponding date of previous year	72 16,334	52 2 4 12,288 9 2		303 21 61,181 10	23 9 2 5,082 4 0	2 7 2 508 4 5	7 11 6

# CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th March 1874, on 28 miles open.

			7				
		Rs. A. P.	£ *. d.	Mds. 5rs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 9 weeks of half-year	9,389 335 80,847	1,325 0 0 47 8 0 10,989 0 0	4 15 0	19,595 0 700 0 157,202 0	633 0 0 22 8 0 5,369 0 0	63 6 0 2 5 0 536 18 0	195 16 0 7 0 0 1,635 16 0
Total for 10 weeks	90,236	12,314 0 0	1,231 8 0	176,797 0	6,002 0 0	600 4 0	1,831 12 0
COMPARISON.			1				
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	8,011	1,277 3 3	127 14 5	14,161 0	441 2 0	44 2 3	171 16 8
week of previous year	286	45 9 U	4 11 3	506 0	15 12 0	1 11 6	6 2 9
Total to corresponding date of previous year	86,284	12,714 1 0	1,271 8 2	234,971 0	7,475 15 0	747 11 11	2,019 0 1
			<u> </u>		]		

# EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th March 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

The same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the s		COACHING TRAF	=: -=			TATE: T	
			ric.	BERCHAND	SE AND MINERA	L TRAFFIC.	Total traffic
	Number of pessengers,	Conching	receipts.	Weight carried.	Rece	ipts.	receipts.
		Rs. A. J	£ s, d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway		172,016 12 6 131 6 3	15,768 4 1 12 6 5	1	*6,51,047 *9 6	59,954 6 2 16 9	75,722 10 3 59 3 2
For previous 8 weeks of half-year	859,817	13,91,151 1 6	127,522 3 8	11,004,015 0	51,11,291 2 0	465,535 0 5	596,057 1 1
Total for 9 weeks	963,181	15,63,167 14 0	143,290 7 9	13, 191,109-30	57,65,339 2 0	525 189 6 7	671,779 15 4
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	124,212	1,98,394 12 7	19,186 3 9	753,567-20	3 83,167 12 10	35,123 11 4	53,308 18 1
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of pre-		154 15 11	11 4 2		299 5 7	27 8 10	41 13 0
vious year	' I not core	16,18,588 5 10	148,370 12 0	7,166,161 30	87,65,310 5 0	345,153 8 11	493,526 0 11

^{*} Rs. 86,228-3-6 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th March 1874, on 2231 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ R. d.	M 15. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ 8. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway	4,755	16,313 7 0 72 15 10		99, 131 30	† 29,737 14 0 133 0 11	2,725 19 5 12 3 11	4.221 7 5 18 17 9
For previous 8 weeks of half-year	47,628	118,213 0 0		776,065 0	2,11,135 2 6	19,381 11 1	
Total for 9 weeks	52,413	161,556 7 0	15,084 6 10	875, 196-30	2,11,173 0 6	22,107 10 6	37,191 17 4
COMPARISON.				···············			<del></del>
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,474	22,039 S 7	2,020 5 10	71,956 29	21,999 1 6	2,013 11 8	4,036 17 6
week of previous year		98 9 9	9 0 9		98 6 11	9 0 6	18 1 3
Total to corresponding date of previous year	47,167	157,417 15 4	11,432 14 7	656,157 0	2,07,252 12 0	19,999 3 4	33,430 17 11
	1	1					1

[†] Rs. 6,979-2 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

REGISTERED No. 29.]



# SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 25, 1874.

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# OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt is

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2	Bancoorah	•••	•••	•••	•••	ł		İ	- 1	14 (	1	- 1		15 (	1	C	1	- 1		13		1	- 1	24 (	-		
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7	Nuddea	•••	•••			13 15		11 15			8 22	8	22 8	32		0	11	0	17 19	11	7	11	7	20	0		
8	Јенвоге	•••	•••	•••	•••	10	8	10	12	16				l ï	13		13	0	18 (			16	0	24	8	;;;	
9	Moorehedab	nd	•••		•••	15	0	15	0	13	0 25 T		2 <b>2</b> 0		$\left\{ \left  \right _{i=1}^{16} \right\}$	to	1	o s¦	14 0	}   t₁		ıı	12	22	0	14 0	14
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3	Rungpore					i <b>1</b>	4	u	4	16	1	.			8	Ú	1	1	16	L	11	11	2	1	8		
4	Bograh				•••	12	0	13	0	18	ο	.			7	8	3	4	20 (	11	4	12	0	31	0		
5	Pubna	•••			•••	15	U	13	8	17	8				1	3 0	8	0	12	)  14	0	11	4	30	0		
6	Darjeeling	•••				6	O	6	0	6	0 8	0	ß 0	10	0 0	3,0	в	O	13 (	o   e	0	9	O	14	o		
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9	Furrecdpore	•••	***		•••	10	0	13	0	20	o	.		,	- 1	) () K	ł			- {		1		21	- 1	•••	
0	Backergunge	†	•••	•••	•••	"	••		••		.				- 1	3 8	ł			- {		1		30	- 1		
1	Mymensing	•••	•••		•••	11	0	11	0	10	o				- 1	L	1			- 1		1		31		•••	
22	Sylbet†	***	•••	•••	•••	8	0	8	0	11	0 7	0	7 0	11	8 1	3 4	13	2	25	0 14	. 0	15	12	35	O	•••	
23	Cachar.															M											
24	Chittagong	·	•••	•••	•••	10	0	8	0	8	o   .	••			1	N	1			- !		1		23	- 1	•••	
86	Noakhally†	•••		•••	•••		••	.	••		.				- 1	2 0	į		18	- (		1		27	0		
6	Tipperali†					10	0	10	0	10	o	.		\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	₹	to	to	, }	20 0	3	to		0	32	2 8		1
37	Chittagong	Hill T	racts+		•••										· 1		13		14			15 10		<b>2</b> 0	0		
_ •	Hill Tippers			•		١.,		١.,		10	- 1	.			1	L 4	10	3	24	6 11	3 0	16	0	40	0		

Return not received.

Return for week ending 14th March received after the publication of the last Gazetts.

A. In the sub-divisions the price of best nice ranges from 11-8 to 13-4 and of common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers per rupes.

B. New wheat at 13-12 seers, and of coarse rice at 11-6 seers per rupes.

C. The price of b strice in the interior ranges from 11 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 15 seers per rupes.

D. In the interior on y.

E. The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12-8 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14-8 seers per rupes.

E. This price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 16 seers per rupes.

C. Coarse rice at 15-4 seers per rupes.

### undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 21st March 1874.

E SEER OF 80 TOLAIIS.

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																			Western Districts
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1						"		"		8 0	8 0	11 6				7 2	7 2	8 0	Hill Fi

- II Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-8 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 11-8 to 21-5 seers per rupes.

  I Price of best rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 10 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 13 seers per rupes.

  I The price of best rice in the interior ranges from 7 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 11 seers per rupes.

  R Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 18 seers per rupes.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-8 to 12-12 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 15-8 seers per rupes.

  The rise of best rice in the interior ranges from 14 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 16 to 18 seers per rupes.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 13 seers per rupes.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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CALCUTTA,

The 24th March 1874.

Return for week ending 14th March received after the publication of the last Gazette.
 In the interior the prices range as follows: —Wheat from 11-8 to 15 seers, barley from 15 to 20 seers, and of best rice from 8 to 9-12 seers, and common rice from 10 to 13 8 seers, lesser millet 14 to 17 seers, naize from 13 to 15 seers, and gram 15 to 17 seers per rupee. The fall in the price of wheat, barley and gram is owing to the new crops.
 Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8-8 to 9-12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 13 seers per rupee.
 In the interior prices range as follows: —Wheat from 9 to 14 seers, best rice from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 8-12 to 12-8 seers, and maize from 10-8 to 15-4 seers per rupee.

# strict, of Bengal on the 21st Murch 1874.—(Continued.)

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In the interior prices range as follows:—wheat from 11 to 12 seers, and of best rice from 8 to 11 sears, and of common rice from 10 to 11-8 seers, and maize from 12 to 16-4 seers, gram from 10 to 15 seers per rupee.
 Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 10-8 and of common rice from 8-8 to 12-8 seers per rupee.
 Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 13-5 seers and of common rice from 10 to 15 seers, wheat from 12 to 14 seers, and bulrush milled from 16 to 29-8 seers, and maize from 14 to 21 seers per rupee.
 In the interior the price of rice ranges from 25 seers to one usual per rupes in different places.

Published for general information.

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R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengel.

8 0 Maubhoom.

# Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

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Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 21st March 1874.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudde Station is inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and
В	ENG	AJ.,		
		Western Districts.		
	[ ]	Burdwan, 24th* March 1874.	1.14	Showers of rain have fallen at Boodbood, Culna, and Rancegunge, but not in Jehana- bad or Cutwa. Weather getting warm. Condition of crops fair. Distress increasing in Boodbood, in which quarter also fever prevails more than elsewhere.
	2	Bancooruh, 21st Mar. 1874	-51	Rain with thunder and lightning on the 16th March; clouds with a slight drizzle on the 17th and 18th idem, the rest of the week dry. Cold weather crops nearly reaped. Wheat and barley remarkably fine. New wheat in the markets. Indigo prospects very good. Small-pox still prevalent. Some cases of cholera reported.
IVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 21st ", "	-38	Cool for the season and breezy. Sugarcane being cut and pressed; wheat ripening. Export by rail for week ending 14th March 4,608 maunds to Bhagulpore and Patna Divisions. Prices easier.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	4	Midnapore, 21st " "	0.21	Still unusually cool. Some showers of rain. The showers are good for the indigo. Boro rice largely grown in the east of the district, is doing well. Reports from west of the district show importations from Singbhoom into Jungle Mehals. This prosperous state of Singbhoom was not anticipated, and will diminish the danger of scarcity of food in that tract if it continues. Prices still have a tendency to fall.
	Б	Hooghly, 21st ""	<b>·6</b> 0	Cloudy two days, otherwise clear; smart showers of rain on the loth and 17th March, wind variable. Boro and jalla paddy, onion, and teel (oil-seed) on the ground. The rain is said to have injured the flower of the former. Lands have been moistened by the rain and are being prepared for the early rice.
	l	Howrah, 21st ",	0.37	Cool for the time of the year, with cloudy sky. There is no change of any sort to report. The boro rice is still doing very well.
		Central Districts.		
Isioñ.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 24th March 1874.	••••	The weather continued cool with occasional small showers of rain during the week. There are no crops on the ground worth mentioning. Preparation of the land for the next early rice crop continues on an extensive scale. Cholera is reported to have broken out in Thannahs Devipore, Barripore, and Nybatty. It continues in Thannahs Dimmond Harbour and Basscerhat, and is abating in Thannahs Bankipore and Mutlah. Small-pox has appeared in Thannah Assasani.
Parsidency Division.	7	Nuddes, 21st Mar. 1874	0.87	Cooler than usual at this senson and rather unsettled. In the north of the district the gram has been somewhat injured by hail, but generally the cold weather crops promise fairly considering their extent. Rice has fallen in price in most parts of the district, probably some quantity is forced into the market to enable the ryots to pay their rents. In Nakaseparah the price is rising. The reas many be that plenty of work is now going on, and that the people can better afford to pay value on the other hand the stock is low.
ĺ	8	Jessore, 21st ,, ,,	-27	Jenerally clear with occasional thunderstorms and rain. The rain has been generally beneficial, and has been favorable to boro rice, teel (oil-seed), and indige, and also to the cultivation for early rice. The large fall in prices last week has been maintained, and the tendency seems to be still downwards.
10N.	9	Moorshedabad, 21st ,, ,,	0 01	there have been slight showers in different parts of the district in the course of the week. On the 17th March there was a fall of hail, not so severe as that of the 9th idem. The cold weather crops are being reaped. Wheat and gram promise a very fair outtuin. Boro paddy is progressing favorably and has been benefited by the recent showers. Prices have undergone very little change since the last report. Small-pox is still prevalent.
RAJSHABYE DIVISION,	10	Dinagevore, 21st ", ",	Na C	Plear weather, with high west wind, a few clouds seem pathering up again as if more rain threatened. Fore rice is doing well, bhadoi (early rice) sowings still continues; the min reported in the last return seems to have done much good to the Phadoi. Every promise of a good mange crop. Cholera reported at Goraghat; native doctor ordered there.
RAJSI	11	Maldah, 21st ,, ,,	Nii (	Cloudy. Duststorm and occasional drizzling. No rain to speak of during the past week. The renping of the wheet and barley cross has commenced and a fill average outturn is expected. Cheena (millet) also promises a fair yield. Boro paddy con innes in good condition. Prices rising slightly at sudder station, but stationary at several localities in the interior.
l	12	Rajshahye, 21st ,, ,,	0.02	there was very slight rain in parts of the district, chiefly to the westward, on the 17th March. Also hall at Tannor, but not enough to do material da nage. Khesaree and massoor (pulses), and linseed, barley, wheat, and gram are being reaped, and the outturn is a fair average one. Prices have not varied since last report.

Telegram of the 24th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

· ; 	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudde Stationin inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and
В	ENGA	AL.—(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		<i>,</i> •
Contd.)	•	Rungpore, 21st March	Nil	Weather cool. Westerly winds. Wheat and kalai (pulse) being harvested; a full crop; tobacco being cut, partially damaged by hail, but still an average crop. Cheena and kawni (millet.) progressing favorably. Spring rice being sown everywhere, but in sand clay soil sprouting in many places.
RAJSHAHYE DIVK(Contd.)	14	Bograh, 21st Mar. 1874.	Nil	Dry and fine weather. The mustard has been cut, and a good yield has resulted. Sugarcane cutting continues and a good outturn may be antic pated. Fair reports are received of motor (pulse) and other cold weather crops. There has been a severe outbreak of cholera in the village of Jora and Bograh thannahs.
RAJSHAB	15	Pubna, 21st ,, ,,	0.14	Weather seasonable On the 17th March there was a slight shower of rain. Peas, khesarce, and masoor (pulses) and rye crops are being reaped; the yield of these may be roughly estimated to be 8 annas of an average year. Lineed is being cut, the cheena (millet), wheat, and barley crops are almost ripe. Jally and horo rice crops look well. General health of the district good. One case of cholera has only been reported from Pubna station.
	( 16	Darjeeling		Return not received.
COOCH BEHAR DIVY.	17	Julpigorce, 21st Mar. 1874	Nil	Weather fine and very cool for the season. Potato, wheat, barley, khesaree, and mussoor (pulses) and sugareane all very good. Cutting of sugareane almost finished. Kawni (millet) crop, which is larger than usual owing to large quantity of land being cultivated with it this year, promising very well. Tobacco promising very well; indeed it is now being cut. Sowing of bhadoi (early) paddy in low lands commenced. Some 3,000 manuals of rice burnt by a fire which on the 17th instant burnt down ha : of the Julpigoree bazar.
ટ		Cooch Behar, 21st ,, ,,	Nil	Fine weather. Strong west wind for some days. Cutting of tobacco, wheat and pulses is going on. Millet and early rice promise well. Sowing of the latter still going on in some places.
		Eastern Districts.		
	( 18	Daccs, 24th Mar. 1874	2.58	Heavy rains on the 23rd March, fine weather before. Prospects of the crops good, but more rain is likely to do harm. The lowest lands are now too wet to sow.
i	19	Furrcedpore, 21st ,, ,,	1.26	Drizzling rain on the morning of Monday, and storms on Tuesday and Friday nights, but clear and sunny the rest of the week. The rain is too heavy and too much for present agricultural purposes, as the ground is getting almost too saturated for either tillage or sowing. The wind was variable throughout the week. Price of common rice has risen at Goalundo and Madarcep my probably owing to slackness in importations by dealers, but no cause is assigned by local officers. It is stationary at Furreed-one and Gopalgunge, and has fallen at Bhanga, where exportation is on the decrease.
	<b>2</b> 0	Backergunge, 14th Mar. 1874.	Nil	Dry and sunny, but cool and pleasant, as there is always a breeze. Prospects of crops same as at date of last report, e.g., fair; the rain ha done good to kalai (pulse), &c., but has injured the teel (oil-seed) and pepper crops.
DACCA DIVISION.	21	Mymensing, 21st March 1874.	Nil	No rain except in the east of the district, where a 'all of 17 is reported. Weather, very cool for the time of year. Prespects of the crops generally favorable. The boro rice in the east of the district is reported to be looking very well; in the central pergunnals it is backward but not unbealthy. Prespects of millet are good. The people have begun sowing the early rice. The health of the district is good. Price of rood has risen considerably in some place, owing to the demand for exportation.
	22	Sylhet, 14th Mar. 1874	3-61	First half of the week wet. Heavy rain on Monday (9th March), with a slight ful of hild. Weather colder than known for years at this time of the year. Aus (early) and amon (late) rice cultivation progressing very favorably with the timely rains which have failen of late. The price of rice has rich in consequence of the exportations going on § 15,000 manuals of rice and 35,000 manuals of pridy exported last week. Owing to the rise in the price of rice and the difficulty felt in finding means of transport, exportations will probably decline. One large house in Calcutta has stopped its exportations for the present. A few cases of small-pox still reported, but the health of the district is wonderfully good. Nearly one inch of rain on the night of the 17th instant since telegraphed.
	23	Cachar		Return not received.

Telegram of the 24th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.						
BE	NGA	L(Contd.)								
	1	Eastern Districts — (Contd.)								
	21	Chittagong, 14th Mar. 1874.	Few di ps.	Fair and seasonable; getting warmer. On the 9th March a few drops of rain fel at Scetacoond. Land is being prepared for the panya or irrigated aus (carly rice in some parts of the district. Cholera reported from Town, Potea, Satkania Raejan, and the Sectacoond seaboard.						
o DITY.	25	Noakhally, 14th Mar. 1874.	0 32	Mornings still cool; early part of the week rainy, and latter part fair. Reaping o khesaree (pulse) crop has commenced. The other crops, moong and kalai (pulses) linseed, sesamum (oilseed), chillies, are doing well. Cultivation for early rice is going on in the district.						
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	26	l'ipperah, 14th Mar. 1874	2	Thurderstorm and heavy rain during first part of the week; latter part clear a cool. Prospects of the boro rice crop good. Outturn of cold weather crowill also be good. Cholera has also reappeared, but not many cases.						
Ö	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts. 14th March 1874.	••••	The heat of the sun is daily increasing. The tobacco is being gathered here and there. The joom-cutting has nearly been finished.						
	Ĺ	Hill Tipperab, 14th Mar. 1874.	1.25	There has been a little rain in the interior. The nights are quite chilly but days hot, and heavy dews in the mornings. No change since last return, e.g., ploughings for early sowings going on.						
BE	HAR.									
	28	Patna, 23rd* Mar. 1874	0.32	Weather seasonable, but a little cooler than usual at this time of year. The cold weather crops are being generally cut, and the yield is quite as good as was expected. The health of the district with the exception of a few sporadic cases of small-pox in the city continues good.						
	29	Gya, 21st ", "	Nil	Stormy weather. Peas and mussoor (pulse) harvested. Wheat being cut, ears full, and a paying crop anticipated. Health good.						
	<b>3</b> 0	Shahabad, 21st March 1874.	0.22	Cloudy and unsettled at the commencement of the week; on the night of the 16th March there was a thunderstorm accompanied by rain which appears to have fallen generally. Weather clear afterwards with west wind and all that could be desired for the harvest. The cold weather crops are being gathered and promise an average outturn. Rain and wind of the 16th slightly injured the mango crop, but benefited the sugarcane. The rain was not heavy enough to do any material harm to the crops cut and stored in the "khuileans."						
FATNA DIVISION.	31	Tirhoot, 21st Mar. 1874	Nil	Getting warmer; westerly wind prevailing. In the Hajeepore sub-division the harvesting of the cold weather crops has commenced, and as far as Hajeepore and Lalgunge go, a good crop is expected. The sub-divisional officer is going round Mahowah and other parts of the sub-division to inspect the outturn. In the Durbhunga sub-division mustard is being gathered, and also in places rahur (pulse). Other crops are backward save in the south of the sub-division; the remaining crops are insignificant. There was a heavy fall of rain in several parts of the sub-division which must, have benefited the cheena (millet). The rainfall at head-quarters of the sub-division was very slight. In the Seetamarhee sub-division, rahur and kerao (pulses) are being harvested. Public health good; a few cases of small-pox terminating fatally at Majoegunge and Seetamarhee. Nepalese are resorting to the relief works. In the Mudhoobani sub-division some damage has been done to crops by a storm. In the sudder sub-division there is no change in the prospect of the crops. In the Tajpore sub-division the cutting of the cold weather crops is going on. The sub-divisional officer sees no reason to alter his previous estimates of the outturn. The rain h s been very beneficial to moong (pulse) and kowni and cheena (millets) sowings, freshening what had sprouted and causing to germinate what seed was lying dry. Mango blossom has been injured by the storms. Tobacco being prepared.						
	32	nrun, 21st March 1874	•39	slight showers on Monday. Weather cloudy during the first part of the week and then fine; west wind prevailing. A fall of rain on the 16th March accompanied by hail in several villages within the jurisdiction of thannahs Chuprah, Manjhee, and Masbrak, causing considerable damage to wheat, barley, poppy, and mango blossoms. Enquiry is being made as to extent of injury done to crops (the bulk of the crop having been already gathered). Cold weather crops are being harvested, the outturn not yet ascertained. Spring crops and indigo coming on well and have been benefited by the late rain. New pulses and gram are coming into the market. Prices steady.						
ţ	33	'humparun, 21st March 1874-	010	Last and west winds. Hail on the 9th March reported from towards Bagaha and Lowriah, also from towards Gobindgunge. Prospects of crops continue good; the hail of the 9th did little damage to the cold weather crops except in the neighbourhood of Gob.ndgunge. The rain was of much benefit to the cheena (willet) crop, which with a little more rain will yield a good outturn. Harvest of the cold weather crops commenced in some places.						

[•] Telegram of the 23rd March, received on the 24th, shows rainfall during the seven days including the 23rd.

<b>:</b> ∢o.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
ВЕНАВ	L.—(Contd.)		
1 .	Monghyr, 21st Mar. 1874	0.19	Fair weather. The harvest of the cold weather crops is going on, and the crops generally good. Mohwa and mango prospects unusually good.
35	Bhaugulpore, 24th Mar. 1874.	Nil .	No rain. Cold weather crops promise an excellent outturn. General health very good.
35 36 36	Purneah, 21st Mar. 1874	Nil	Fair; west winds. The wheat and gram prospects are excellent; the reaping of peas and linseed going on. Gram has been cut in some parts. Sugarcane is being largely planted in parts of Arrareah sub-division; the land is being ploughed and prepared for rice sowings.
<b>\</b> 37	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 21st March 1874.	·31	Cool for the time of the year; wind variable and clouds constantly gathering. From Rajmehal the cold weather crops on the Dearahs are reported to be good, and reaping has commenced. The mohwa crop, it is feared, will be very bad indeed—the worst known for many years. Kend trees will also produce badly.
RISSA			
38		Nil	Weather warm and windy. Dalua rice is in ear. Public health good.
39	Pooree, 14th Mar. 1874	Nil	Rather cool for the season, and occasionally cloudy, with a little drizzling rain in some few places. Moong (pulse) is ripening; daluarice crop is partly ripening and partly coming into ear; cotton is flowering; castor seed is coming on, linseed being gathered; mango and jack-fruit crop indifferent. Pioughing for ensuing cultivation is going on. Purcheses of rice for export continue on a moderate scale. Prices are almost stationary. Public health is generally good, except that small-pox is prevalent in some parts of the district as usual at this season.
į <b>4</b> 0	Balasore, 21st ,, ,,	·36	Cloudy with occasional storms. Ploughing continues. The process of crushing the sugarcane is going on. Agricultural prospects are generally satisfactory. Cholera and small-pox are unfortunately prevalent. Cattle plague exists to a limited extent.
нота	NAGPORE.	1	
	South-West Frontier Agency,		
41	Hazarcebaugh, 21st Mar. 1874.	0.12	The weather has been very stormy, and there has been much hail. The mohwa and mango have been damaged, some say to the extent of one-half—Prices have not risen—about 12 secrs of rice at Hazarcebaugh, but on the Grand Trunk Road and at Huntergunge they are much high, going up to 10-8 seers per rupee. It is reported that pressure is being felt to the west and north-west in Pergunnahs Datara, Kendi, Chaie, and Koderma and on the Grand Trunk Road, and arrangements have been made whereby work will commence there on Monday, the 23rd March. Rice also is being stored at Burhee and Kodermah under supervision of Government officers. Elsewhere private agency is being employed.
42	Lohardugga, 21st March 1874.	-65	Cloudy and stormy at the beginning of the week, but the weather has been clear again and it is very cool for the time of the year. The cold weather crops are ripening, and there will be a fair outturn, but the area under cultivation this year is very small. In Palamow and Tori Pergunnah the molwa crop has been slightly damaged by the rain, but the prospects are still reported to be very fair. Prices remain pretty stationary. Health of the district good.
43	Singbhoom, 14th Mar. 1874.	1.14	Rain in the beginning of the week; warm and sunny afterwards. Nothing to report about the crops; ploughing going on. A few cases of cholera reported from Chakulia in Dhulbhoom. Cattle disease continues in Dhulbhoom, but is not on the increase.
44	Maunbhoom, 21st March 1874.	·14	Windy and unsettled. Slight rain and storms during early part of the week, chatrary to all former experience. Cloudy weather and rain seem this year to have had little or no injurious effect on the mohwa crop. This crop may now be almost said to be safe and the poorer classes assured of a month's or two months' supply of cheap food. There is nothing on the ground but a little barley yet to be cut. Prices do not rise.

^{*} Telegram of the 21th March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 24th March 1874.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Sery. to the Goot. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

Bows A H	DISTRICT.  WESTERN DISTRICTS  Burdwan  Bankoora  Heerbhoom  Lidnapore  Looghly  Lowrah  Central Districts	Burdwan  Culva Culva Bood-hood Bancegunge Jehanabad Bankoora Sooree  Midnapore Gurbetta Contai Exe. Engr.'s Office Ilooghly Serampore	Nil 0-13 Nil 0-02 0-03 0-01 Nil 0-13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0-12	Boile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile Baile	6:06 6:58 5:60 5:24 4:67 6:60 4:52 5:28 4:57 7:54 6:38 7:01 6:96	Up to date.  1874.  14th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	ILEMARES.
Bushars.  Bushars.  Helical desired and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second and the second	WESTERN DISTRICTS  Burdwan  Bankoora  Beerbhoom  Lidnapore  Looghly	Burdwan  Culva Culva Bood-hood Bancegunge Jehanabad Bankoora Sooree  Midnapore Gurbetta Contai Exe. Engr.'s Office Ilooghly Serampore	0:08 Nil 0:13 Nil 0:02 0:03 0:01 Nil 0:13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0:12	0.71 0.05 Nil 0.48 0.15 0.16 0.22 0.95 0.12 1.05 0.75 Nil Not rec.	6:58 5:60 5:24 4:67 6:60 4:52 5:28 4:57 7:51 6:38 7:01 6:90	lith Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	•
Bows A H	Burdwan Bankoora Beerbhoom Iidnapore Looghly	Burdwan  Culva Culva Bood-hood Bancegunge Jehanabad Bankoora Sooree  Midnapore Gurbetta Contai Exe. Engr.'s Office Ilooghly Serampore	0:08 Nil 0:13 Nil 0:02 0:03 0:01 Nil 0:13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0:12	0.71 0.05 Nil 0.48 0.15 0.16 0.22 0.95 0.12 1.05 0.75 Nil Not rec.	6:58 5:60 5:24 4:67 6:60 4:52 5:28 4:57 7:51 6:38 7:01 6:90	lith Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	·
Be Bar	Sankoora Seerbhoom  Iidnapore  Iooghly	Cultwa Cultua Bood-bood Bancegunge Jehanabad  Bankoora Sooree  Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta  (Dy. Collr.'s Office Contai Exe. Engr.'s Office.	Nil 0·13 Nil 0·02 0·06 0·01 Nil 0·13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0·12	0:05 Nil 0:48 0:15 0:16 0:22 0:95 0:12 1:05 0:75 Nil Not rec.	6:58 5:60 5:24 4:67 6:60 4:52 5:28 4:57 7:51 6:38 7:01 6:90	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	·
Be Bar	Sankoora Seerbhoom  Iidnapore  Iooghly	Rancegunge     Jehanabad	0.02 0.03 0.01 Nil 0.13 0.10 0.13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0.12	0·15 0·16 0·22 0·95 0·12 1·05 0·75 Nil Not rec.	4:67 6:60 4:52 5:28 4:57 7:51 6:38 7:01 6:96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
BGBD#FF.	lidnapore  Looghly  Lowrah	Sooree	Nil 0:34 0:10 0:13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0:12	0:95 0:12 1:05 0:75 Nil Not rec. Nil	5:28 4:57 7:54 6:38 7:01 6:96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
BUBDWALE	lidnapore looghly	Widnapore	0°34 0°10 0°13 N:1 Not rec. Nil 0°12	0·12 1·05 0·75 Nil Not rec. Nil	4:57 7:54 6:38 7:01 6:96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Н	looghly Iowrah	Tumlook Gurbetta (Dv. Collr.'s Office Contau { Exc. Engr.'s Office  Hooghly Scrampore	0·10 0·13 Nil Not rec. Nil 0·12	1°05 0°75 Nil Not rec. Nil	7:54 6:38 7:01 6:96	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Н	Iowrah	Serampore	0.13		1		1
				066	4·90 5 29	14th Mar. ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTRICTS		0.03	0.58	4:33	ditto.	
10	CHAIRAL MIGIRICIS						
	4 Paggunnaha	Sauger Island	Nil Nil Nil	0·20 1·26 1·31 1·25 Nil 0·30	5 00 5 99 6 52 6 33 2 19 4 70	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	-
	4-Pergunnahs	Diamond Harbour	Nil 0.06 0.12 0.10 Nil	0°07 0°03 Nil 0°25 0°31	3:81 2:16 3:27 5:12 3:32	ditto. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.	
Parsidence.	Inddea	Kishnaghur   Bongong   Meherpore   Chooadangah   Kooshtea   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Kooshtea   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Ranaghat   Rana	Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:09 Nii 0:95 0:26 0:18 Nii	6 16 4:95 5:30 5 13 3:95 6:13	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
Jo	C840FC•	Jessore	Nil Nil Nil	0 95 0 01 Nil 0 31 Nil 0 22	5°53 4°14 6°92 5°94 4°14 4°54	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
M	10orshedabad	Rerhampere Rampore Haut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azmgunge Lalgolla	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0.22 0.70 0.08 1.20 0.30 0.37	3:25 3:63 3:02 3:23 2:94 2:86	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto	Received up to 13th March.
D	Dinagepore	. Diungepore	. Nil	0.91	2.80	ditto.	
E M	Maldah ·	Maldah	. Nil	1.22	3.32	ditto.	
RAJBHAHTE.	Rajshahye	Baulcah Nattore	. Nil	0·22 0·50	3°21 4°77	ditto. ditto.	
11.	Rungpore	Rungpore Bhowanigunge Titalya	. Nil	1·40 0 92 0 73	6:75 3:00 2:88	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
В	Rogra .	Bogia	. Nil	0.10	8.25	ditto.	
{  _P	'ubn <b>a</b>	Pubna	1 37:1	1·24 0 31	3·68 2·61	ditto ditto.	
il	Darjeeling .	CTelegraph Office	Not 1cc.	Not rec. 0:18	1:51 1:42	15th Feb. 11th Mar.	
Cooch Brhan.	ulpigoree	Julpigorce Fallacotta Bodah	. Nil	0.98 1:00 1:15	2-99 3-29 3-43	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Cooce	looch Behar Tributar State		0.11	0.83	2.96	ditto.	
∐ Bi	Shútan Dooars	. Bura	Not rec.	Not rec.	1.31	7th Feb.	

# SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, MARCH 25, 1874.

ر ت	1)	2		n 1st tô March	n Sth to Marca	RAIN JANU	PROM 1st ARY 1874.	
DIVISION.	District.	STATION.	Rain from 1st to 7th March 1874.	Rain from 14th 1874.	Inches,	Up to date.	Remarks.	
	AL—(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1874.		
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Telegraph O	fice	0.10	49.0	3.19	14% Mar.	
1	Dacca	Dacca Hospital Moonsheegunge Manickgunge	•••	0°03 Nil Nil	0 57 0 60 1 29	3 36 3 39 4 21	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
١	Furreedpore {	Furreedporo Goalundo	•••	Nil Nil	2·72 1·43	7:95 6:41	ditto. ditto.	
Dacca.	Backergunge	Burrisal Perozepore Madaripore Patooakhally Dowlatkhan		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil 1:57 Nil Nil	1·63 2·32 4·29 2·27 3·95	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto-	
	Mymensingh {	Mymensingh Jamalpore Atia Kishoregunge	•••	0°90 Nil 0°10 0°15	1:26 0:30 0:98 3:35	7:14 5:08 4:56 9:07	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
İ	Sylhet	Sylhet		Nil	3.61	10.02	ditto.	
Į	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	 	1:04 Not 1cc. Nil	2·61 Not rec. 1·38	10:01 4 · 3 7:29	ditto. 7th Feb. 14th Mar.	
ſ	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph O	Mice	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	2·90 2·77 0·26	ditto. ditto. 7th Mar.	
ONG.	Noakholly	Noakholly		0.08	0 32	3.78	lith Mar.	•
(TITTA	Tipperah	Comillah Brahmunberiah	•••	Nil Nil	2 00 1·18	4:99 6:87	ditto. ditto.	
5	Chittagong Hill Tracts	1	•••	Nil	Nil	2 27	ditte.	
1	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah		Nil	1.25	5 57	ditto.	
EHA	AR.	Patna		6:02	0.03	1 09	ditto.	
1	Patna	Patra Behar Barh Dinapore {Jail Cantonment		0:14 0:86 Nil 0:25	Nil 0°21 Nil Nil	2 52 2 41 0 80 1 02	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Gya {	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad		0:07 0:07 0 51 0:05	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2·60 2·53 1·87 1·11	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Ратиа.	Shahabad	Arrah Sasseram Buyar Bhubooah	•	0:03 Not rec 0:05 0:19	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:34 1:70 1:55 1:20	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 7th Ma
P.	Tirhoot <	Ma sufferpore Duckhunga Hajeepore Mudhoobunnee Seetamurhee Tajpore	··· ··· ·	0°20 0°15 0°02 0°10 0°10 0°08	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	1.69 1.23 1.03 0.94 0.80 1.21	7th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. litto.	
1	Sarun	Chuprah	•••	Nil 0.21	Nil Nil	1:09	ditto	Not rec. 8th to 1 tth I Ditto ditto,
Į	Chumparun	Motiharce Bettih	···	0.51 Nil	N ₁ l N ₁ l	1:31 1:10	ditto.	
ſ	Monghyr	Monghyr Begoo Serai Jamooce		0°09 0°50 Nil	0 05 Nil Nil	1:80 1:77 1:11	ditto ditto. ditto.	
PORE.	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore Soopeel Muddehpoora Banka Sauborsa		Nil 0:40 0:01 Nil Nil	0.05 Nil Nil 0.05 Nil	1:85 1:40 1:05 2:52 1:49	ditto, ditto ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 22nd to 28th
BRAGULPORE.	Purneah	Purneah Kissengunge Arrarcah	 	Nil 0.36	Nil 0.20 0.81	1:66 2:91 3:88	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Southal Pergunnahs	Deoghur Rajmehal Nya Doomka Godda		0°25 Nil Nil 0°50	Nil 0:70 1:01 Not rec.	2 62 1 60 2 99 3 25	ditto, ditto, ditto, 7th Mar,	

. '				n 1st to March	n Sth to March	Rain Janu	FROM 18T ARY 1874.	Norman Wa
Division.	District.	STATION.		Rain from 1st to 7th March 1874.	Rain from 14th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks.
RISS	. —			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
[	Cuttack {	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajpace Kendraparah Jugatsingpore False Point		Nd Nd Nd Nd Nd Nd	0:40 0:48 0:30 Nil Nil Nil	3·93 4·53 3·10 1·60 0.75 1·66	14th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORINSA.	Pooree {	Poorce Khurdah		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	1 66 2 03	ditto. ditto.	
	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		0·10 0·50 Nil 0·55 Nil	0°33 0°08 0°37 Nil 0°32	4 23 6 83 6 05 2 14 1 96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb.
Į	Cuttack Tributary Mehals	Sambalpore		0.18	0 08	1.08	ditto.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.							
	SOUTH-WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazareebagh	Hazareebagh { Jail Dispensary Pachumba		0:32 0:28 0:40	Nil Nil 0°20	1·30 4·45 3·81	ditto. ditto, ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Banchee Palamow		1·17 0·48	0°25 Nil	6·20 3·92	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chybassa		1.00	0.12	5.90	ditto.	••
	Manbhoom {	Purulia Govindpore		0·35 0·35	0:10 N:1	5°25 5°43	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							1
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree		Nil Nil	Not rec ditto	1·69 0·63	7th Mar. ditto.	
	Kamroop {	Gowhatty Burpettah		0·31 0·15	1:46 1:80	4°23 6°04	14th Mar. ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye	:::	Not rec.	Not rec ditto	1.09 2.00	7th Feb ditto	Not rec. 1st to 3rd January
	Nowgong	Nowgong		ditto	1.42	3.98	14th Mar	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.
	Seebsaugor {	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah	 	0°11 0°02 0°08 0°63	Not rec ditto ditto ditto	5 68 4:91 4:26 6'00	7th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya		Not rec. 0.99 Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto	2:27 3:78 4:15	7th Feb. 7th Mar. 7th Feb.	
	Nugn Hills	Samoogoodting		ditto	ditto	3.85	28th Feb.	
	Khasi and Jynteah	Shillong	 	ditto ditto duto	ditto ditto ditto	2°48 0°68 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 13th to 24th Jan.
	Garo Ilills	Tura	•••	ditto	ditto	5.01	28th Feb.	
		Benares	•••	ditto Nıl	ditto Nil	0°27 Nıl	15th Feb. 14th Mar.	

CALCUTTA,
The 21st March 1874.

H. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gort. of Bengal.

Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 15th to 21st March 1874.

	ļ	1	Barometer	Barometer	THERMO	M RTRR.	lin	Winn	•	1		
	Date.		reduced to	sea leve .	Dry.	Ne.	dur, dit.	Direction.	Velocity	Ram.	Clouds.	Weather mittes
	Mar. 15th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st	10 16 16 16 10 16 10 15 10 16 10 16 10 16	29 921 29 772 29 958 29 9 92 29 901 29 753 29 817 29 683 29 831 29 707 20 838 29 831 29 911 20 800	251939 20 70 7 29 977 29 921 29 920 20 771 29 837 29 701 29 849 20 725 29 856 29 704 29 929 29 8 8	80 0 90 3 71 5 73 0 72 9 80 7 81 2 86 3 80 0 85 5 81 2 88 0	72.9 73.7 78.5 70.1 68.9 72.0 63.6 68.0 70.0 74.0 72.0	87 76 70 62 48 35 29 51 42 70	S W S × W N N W N S W S W W N N E W E S E S W S E	50 61 59 67 91 115 83 71 45 57 49 75 83 47	 0:25 0:11 0:10  	CS CK K K K K K	b
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CALCUTTA, The 21st March 1874.

H. F. Blanford, Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

# Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st March 1874.

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		eter.	Тик	R M O M K	IKR.			den.	dity.	Win	D.				
Month	Date.	Mean reduce il arometer.	Higher reading.	Lowest resting.	Mar. Solat tade.	Mean dry let b	Mean wet bulb.	Computed menu	Mean degree of humblity.	Presaring diec-	Max. pressure.	Dally velocity.	Bun.	Moun's planes.	Сипкнац Виманки
		Inches.	0	0	,	0	0	С			њ	Wiles	In.		
Mar	15th	29 829	92.0	71.8	110.2	79.8	71.2	65.3	0.63	SW&SSE		111.7			Chiefly clear.
	16th	·883	76.0	70:0	٠	72:8	70.0	67:8	.82	S S E & vari- uble.	<b></b>	129-2	0.40	•••	Chiefly overcast. Thunder between 7 & 8, 10 & 11 Am., and at 10 P.M. Lightning at 7½ A.M., between 10 & 11 P.M. Slight rain after intervals.
	17th	*823	82.8	68-8	135 0	74.6	69:2	€5: <b>1</b>	.71	Variable.	1.0	146.5	<b>0:1</b> 0		Overcast, cirrocumuli and cumuli. Thunder at 3½ P.W. Lightning 7, 8 & 10 P.M. Slight rain 1, 3½ A.M., 3 & 7½ P.M.
	18th	·736	86.0	73·0	139.0	78:7	72·1	67:5	·70	SSW, WSW&S	•••	152*1		•	Cirrostrati, cumuli and clear. Lightning at midnight and from 7 to 9 P.M.
	19th	•761	86.3	71.8	139.0	78·Q	67.6	60.3	•56	s& nw		77:8			Clear and cirrostrati.
	20th	·754	88.3	68.2	140.0	77:2	68-1	61.7	-60	E by N & S W		61.8			Clouds of different kinds. Light piper from 61 29 r.m. Drizzled at 8 r.m.
	21st	•835	88.0	70.0	113.5	78 6	70.9	65.2	.66	E & E N E		112.6			Clear and cumuli.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is  $1\frac{1}{2}$  feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		⊖ 23·5
The maximum temperature during the past seven days		92.0
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		95.0
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.68
The mean huming during the corresponding period of the past year		0.61
•		Inches.
(by lower rain gauge		0.20
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st ) by anemometer gauge		0.32
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.14
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st March		6.49
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	2.33

GOPEENAUTH SEN, In charge of the Overvatory.

The 23rd March 1874.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARIMENT, -IRRIGATION BRANCH. GOVERNMENT OF BENGAL.

RUBBEE SEASON 1873, CONMENCING ON THE 1ST DECEMBER 1873.

Irrigation Operations of Lower Bengal during the Arith of February 1874.

10 Intot) .(71 3)	Area leased during the month.  Area leased during the month, and to the end of the the the last of the month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during to the columns by the last of the month.  Area leased during to the columns by the last of the month.  Area leased during to the month.  Grand total of seased up to the month.  Grand total of correction of the month.  Area leased during the month.  Grand to month is month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during to end of month of cour period of month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased during the month.  Area leased to the month of cour period of the period.  Area leased the month.	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 2	75 36 1,805 77 1 78 1 1,959 2,385 1 (a) The details of column 15 are—	A6 1.0	Paracets Paracets Paracets Carl a produce Dama	59 3 62 1 1 5 8 13 76 1 2.220	In 10s 1v 10s 18 22 40 at 250s 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases 1 cases	28 28 11 1 13 3.63 1.3.1 1.3 Acres.	153 724 0·50 2.15 1·61 1	28 28 14 14 1 1 226 724 1410 1410 1410 1410 4	350 49 2,020 112 10 122 19 22 41 2448 3,120 Total 225	Offy. Joint-Secrebary to the Coverance of B a al,
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Datwa	the 1-st of the month. Area leased during the month.	2 9	: 5	·	:  !	 :	1.	:  :	183	183	173	
P WATEB	Average discharge for part of the color of throught.  out the month.  of qu. benef nark	10	ដូ	140 56	45.5	66	:	10.155	32.03	-		
SUPPLY OF WATER IN THE CANALS.	eib llut botamited aidus ni swanda buossa vog teat	4	1,209	673	1,300	650	- : :	575	010	:	:	
	Caual.	ro .	Kendraparah	High Level, Section I.	Taldandah	Matchgong	Total	Midnapore	Panchkoorah	Total	Crand Total	ch 1874.
	District.	G4			Cuttack			Midnapore	Howrah			The 20th March 1874.
	Circle.				Oriesa			-	Western.			The

The 20th March 1874.

# Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 7th March 1874, on 1581 miles open.

	C	OACHING TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.	Total traffic	
	Number of pat sengers	Coaching receipts,	Weight carried. Receipts.	receipts.	
	1	Rs. A. P. £ s. d	Mds. Srs.   Rs. A. P. & s. d.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week	. 231	25 649 11 9 2,351 4 6 162 1 4 14 7 2 2,08,093 2 6 19,075 12 1	132,514-15 61,585 6 4 7,221-14-4 837-15 389 2 8 15-12-8 987,120-38 3,92,518-3 9 35,990-16 9	9,572 18 10 60 9 10 55,066 8 10	
Total for 10 weeks COMPARISON.	305,660	2,33,747 14 3 21,426 16 7	1,719.044 13 4,54,103 10 1 43,212 11 1	61,629 7 8	
Total for corresponding week of previous year. Per mile of ratiway, corresponding	31.706	23,729 8 3 2,175 4 1 151 10 0 13 18 0		6,091 3 6	
week of previous year Total to corresponding date o previous year		2,61,827 9 0 24,000 17 4	1.315 0 272 15 6 25 0 5 1,514,885 14 2.77.341 11 1 25,422 19 9	38 18 5 49,423 17 1	

### NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March 1874, on 271 miles open.

*****					<del></del>		
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s, d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,436	1,127 0 0	112 11 0	4,277 0	413 0 0	41,60	151 0 0
Or per mile of railway	53	41 0 0	420	157 0	15 0 0	1 10 0	5 12 U
For previous 10 weeks of half-year	13,310	9,741 0 0	971 2 0	76,225 0	5,802 0 0	580 4 0	1,551 6 0
Total for 11 weeks Comparison.	14,746	10,868 0 0	1,086 16 0	80,502 0	6,215 0 0	621 10 0	1,708 e o
Fotal for corresponding week of previous year	1,651 61	1,459 13 6 53 9 2	145 19 8	9,962 20 365 22	759 15 8 27 14 3	75 19 11 2 15 9	221 19 <b>7</b> 8 2 11
Total to corresponding date of pre-	17,985	13,748 6 8	1,371 16 10	71,113 30	5,912 3 3	581 4 1	1,959 1 2

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		·				
1		Rs. A. P	£ 8. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.   £ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	109,333	1,67,871 14 9	15,342 × 6   11 19 9	1,527,975 30	*6,59,070 3 6 514 14 4	60,414 15 5 75,757 3 11 17 3 11 59 3 8
For previous 9 weeks of half-year	963, 181	15,63,167 11 0	145,290 7 9	13,491,109 30	57,65,338 2 0	529,189 6 7 671,779 14 4
lotar for 10 weeks	1,072,511	17,50,530 12 9	155,632 16 3	15,019,085 20	61,21,108 5 6	585,901 2 0 747,536 18 3
COMPARISON.				<del></del>		
Total for corresponding week of	105,694	1,70,014 15 11	15 584 14 2	727,571 10	3,59,141 9 0	32,921 6 2 48,506 0 4
previous year	11.00,10.7	1,10,011 10 11	10,051 14 2	1-0.3011 70	0,00,111 0 0	02,021 0 2 45,000 11 4
Per nale of ranway corresponding week of previous year		133 13 2	12 3 6		280 9 8	25 14 5 87 17 11
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	1,107,587	17,58,603 5 9	163,955 6 2	8,190,033 0	41,24,451 14 40	378,074 15 1 542,030 1 3
<u> </u>					·	<u> </u>

^{*} Rs. 76,044 1-9 added on account of estimated proportion of the cht on food-grains due by Government for this week.

# EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March 1874, on 2232 miles open.

			_ •				
		Рѕ. Δ. Р.	£ 8. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	t s. d.	£ s. d.
Potal traffic for the week Or per inte of tailway For previous 9 weeks of helf-year	5,077 52, (J.3	20,115 7 8   91 5 6   104,556 7 0	1,871 8 4 8 7 5 15,084 6 10	110,412 10 875,496 30	* 36,252 15 0 16' 3 4 2,11,173 0 6	3 323 3 10 14 17 5 22,107 10 6	5,194 12 2 23 4 10 37,191 17 4
Total for 10 weeks	57,490	18/ 971 11 3	16,955 15 2	956,319 0	2,77,126 0 3	25,130 14 4	42,386 9 6
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of nanway corresponding	1,167	18,592 10 10	1,701 6 7	72,411 0	20,638 5 0	1,891 16 11	3,596 3 6
week of previous year Tota, to corresponding date of previous year	51,634	85 3 0 176,010 10 2	7 12 6	758,599 0	92 5 6 2,27,991 1 0	8 9 4 20,890 0 3	16 1 10 37,027 1 5

^{*} Rs. 9,004-15 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

# CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March 1874, on 28 miles epen.

Number of pas en *1   Coaching receipts.   Weight cured.   Receipts		Co	DACHING TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDI-E AND MINERAL TRAFFIC	Total traffic
Total for the week			Coaching receipts.	Weight curach, Receipts	receipts.
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year year week of previous year year week of previous year year week of previous year year week of previous year year week of previous year year week of previous year year week of previous year year year week of previous year year year week of previous year year year year year year year year		T	Rs. A, P. E s. d	Missi, Re V.R. E	s d. E s d
Comparison.  Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  270 44 10 0 4 9 3 2,633 0 88 6 0 8 16 9 13 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	On nor mile of railway	310	15 0 0 ( \$1) 0	. 1000, 580 2:	1 0 7 1 9
Per mile of rankway corresponding week of previous year 270 44 10 0 4 9 3 2,633 0 88 6 0 8 16 9 13 6 Total to corresponding date of 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270 270		95,929	13,573 0 0 1,357 6 0	195,336 0 6,719 0 0 671	0 0 2,15 6 0
Week of previous year 270 41 10 0 1 9 3 2,663 0 23 6 3 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	previous year	7,551	1,249 8 0 124 19 0	73,722 0 2,474 9 3 217	0 2 372 8 3
	week of previous year .	270	41 10 0 4 9 3	2,633 0 88 6 0 81	6 9 13 6 6
, m		(100) (100)	13,963 9 0 1,396 7 2	308,693 0 9,950 8 3 997	1 1 2.091 8 3

REGISTERED No. 29.]



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 1, 1874.

# OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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# Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 28th March 1874.

# Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, Presiding.

The Hon'ble G. C. Paul, Acting Advocate-General,

The Hon'BLE V. H. SCHALCH,

The Hon'BLE H. L. DAMPIER,

The Hon'BLE STUART HOGG,

The Hon'ble C. E. Bernard,

The Hon'ble Moulvie Abdool Luteef, Khan Bahadoor,

and

The Hon'ble Baboo Doorga Churn Law.

# CALCUTTA MARKETS ACT AMENDMENT.

THE HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH moved for leave to introduce a Bill to amend Act VIII of 1871 (for the better regulation of markets in Calcutta, and to empower the Justices to establish Municipal Markets). He said, before proceeding to explain the provisions of this Bill, he would claim the attention of the

Council while he gave a brief sketch of the circumstances which led to t'e introduction of that Act, and the proposed amendment of it now. When the present Municipality was created, more than eleven years ago, the attention of the executive was drawn almost immediately to the state of the markets scattered all over the town. The Health Officer of the town was requested to visit and report upon these, and after a time considerable improvements were made; the owners of the markets, as a general rule, being willing to co-operate with the Municipality. In one bazar, however, the Dhurrumtollah Bazar, which afforded supplies to nearly all the Europeans, and a great portion of the native population inhabiting the portion of the town south of Bow Bazar, the Municipality met with great obstruction. There was no desire shown on the part of the proprietors at all to meet the wishes of the Municipality: only, so far as the law permitted, the most glaring defects of conservancy were removed. But even in carrying out those improvements, from the outset, great reluctance was shown on the part of the proprietors. Nothing would induce them to carry out measures for the comfort and convenience of the public beyond the point up to which they were obliged to do by law. In 1866, the Municipal Act was amended, and advantage was taken of it to introduce a clause by which the Municipality was empowered to widen and clear out the approaches to and roads in the bazars, and under the operation of that Act many improvements were carried out in the Dhurrumtollah Bazar, and it was to some extent rendered less crowded. However, that bazar still remained in a very unsatisfactory state, and it was still very crowded, ill-ventilated, and defective in its arrangements. The condition of the bazar was so considered by many of the rate-payers, and a meeting was at one time held to bring the matter to public notice. However, nothing came of that. But in the beginning of 1866, when Mr. Schalen happened to be Chairman, there being a surplus of a lakh of rupees to the credit of the Municipality, he brought forward a resolution proposing that it should be allotted to the purchase of land for a site for the establishment of a Municipal Market. That proposal was accepted by the Justices, and subsequently the sanction of the Government was obtained for allotting one lakh for that purpose. He might mention, perhaps, that in making that proposition, his idea at the time was to purchase a piece of land that would suffice for the ordinary requirements of a Municipal Market; and if it should prove necessary to establish one, that at first the building should be on a more limited scale, in view that when the proprietors of the Dhurrumtollah Market saw there was a decided wish on the part of the Justices, if necessary, to establish a Municipal Market, they might be induced to make arrangements to ameliorate the condition of their own bazar; so that it was merely a desire on the part of the Justices to work in co-operation with the owners of the Dhurrumtollah Market for the general benefit of the public. However, shortly after that he left the Municipality, and his successor laid the matter before the Finance Committee. The Finance Committee was of opinion that the amount which had been allotted for the purchase of a site for a new market would not, under the circumstances, suffice; and it was proposed to the Justices by their Chairman, in accordance with the Resolution passed by the Finance Committee, that a site should be purchased and estimates should be made of the probable cost of establishing a Municipal Market. That Resolution came before the Justices at a meeting held on the 27th of April 1866; it was opposed by many of the Justices, and a Resolution was passed to the effect that the market project should be abandoned. The matter in question dropped, and nothing was done again until 1870, when the Chairman, in bringing forward matters connected with the Municipal slaughter-house, suggested the expediency and advisability of establishing a Municipal Market. The project was then taken up and the Chairman suggested that, with a view to avoid the expense which would be incurred in purchasing a site, the Wellington Square, which was then covered in as a reservoir for supplying water to the town, should be devoted to that purpose. That Resolution did not meet with acceptante, and a special market committee was then appointed, in view to consider the expediency and practicablity of constructing a Municipal Market, That committee reported in January 1871. The report was in

Gavor of establishing a Municipal Market by purchasing the Dhurrumtollah Market for the sum of six lakhs of rupees under the Land Acquistion Act so as to obtain a good and sufficient title; or in case the proprietor was not willing to part with it upon those terms, then the piece of land situated between a certain part of Jaun Bazar and Lindsay Street should be taken up as a suitable site. The Chairman of that time, he believed, supported the proposition to buy the Dhurrumtollah Market. However, on the matter coming before the Justices, they finally resolved that it was in their opinion advisable to establish a Municipal Market; that the Legislative authority should be moved to pass an Act empowering the Justices to establish one or more Municipal Markets, and to raise the necessary capital by the issue of Municipal debentures or otherwise, on the security of the markets and of the land on which the markets might be constructed, as well as of the rents to be derived from the markets, and on the collateral security of the rates and taxes; and lastly, that in the event of the Government agreeing to authorize the Municipality by a legislative enactment to establish a market, and also to grant a loan to the Municipality for that purpose, the Chairman be authorized to do all acts necessary for acquiring the site, recommended by the special committee, lying between Jaun Bazar and Lindsay Street. On that Resolution being forwarded to Government Act VIII of 1871 was introduced, based very much upon the terms which were suggested by the Municipality. So far this was the history of the introduction of Act VIII of 1871. In accordance with that Act the sum of six lakhs of rupees was borrowed from the Government and appropriated to the purchase of land and the construction of the market. The present Chairman of the Municipality took a great interest in this undertaking, and through his exertions land had been purchased and a portion of the building which the Municipality designed to construct had been constructed, and the market was established and opened by the Chairman at the close of last year. Immediately upon the opening of the market it naturally entered into direct competition with the Dhurrumtollah Market, and there had been serious complications resulting thereupon. Suits had been brought against the Chairman personally by the proprietor of the market for alleged illegal acts and appropriation of the funds of the Municipality to purposes not contemplated by the Act. This led to the subject being again brought before the Justices, and on the 15th of last January the Justices appointed a special committee for the purposes of assisting and advising the Chairman on all matters connected with the Municipal Market. Subsequently, at a meeting held on the 20th January, they resolved that the question of arranging matters with the proprietors of the Dhurrumtollah Market, with a view to prevent future disputes, be referred to the special committee for consideration and report; and that it should be an instruction to the committee that the idea of giving up the new market should not be discussed or in any way entertained. Guided by those instructions, the special committee held several meetings, and submitted their report. They suggested that the Justices should obtain legislative sanction for expending money for all purposes necessary to secure the establishment and maintenance of the Municipal Market in competition with the Dhurrumtollah Market, and they further suggested that, in preference to that, a compromise should be effected by buying up that bazar. The Justices in meeting on the 10th February considered this report. They resolved to purchase, on certain conditions, the Dhurrumtollah Market for a sum of seven lakhs, it being understood that the Lieutenant-Governor would propose to the Legislative Council any legislation necessary to enable the proposal to be carried out. On receipt of these proceedings from the Justices the present Bill was drafted and was now before the Council.

With regard to that Bill Mr. Schalch would make a few observations. The establishment of a market, or rather the construction of it, had entailed considerable expense upon the Municipality; and it was, he thought, for the Justices to consider how that expenditure was to be met. It was not, he thought, for the Council to dictate to them the way they should follow, or that they should follow any particular course, but to place them in a position whereby, by removing any defects of the existing law, the Council

could give them perfect freedom of conduct, so as to enable them to adopt any ecourse they might think advisable. The Municipality was certainly not represented by election, but it certainly was represented by selection, and by the nominations made to the office of Justice of the Peace almost all classes of the community were represented in the Corporation. It was, he thought, for them to determine what course they would follow. By their last Resolution they proposed to purchase the Dhurrumtollah Market on receiving the necessary sanction from Government. But he should mention that since that Resolution was passed there had been a very strong remonstrance submitted by very many of the inhabitants of the town, and the matter was to be re-considered in the coming week.

There now seemed to be three courses open to the Justices. One was to close the market altogether. That seemed to be certaintly not advisable, because a large sum of money had been expended upon the market. The object, if it could be carried out, was undoubtedly a good and a laudable one, and by closing the market, a certain burden would be thrown upon the rate-payers of the town, and as the Act at present stood, it was a question whether, having

once opened a market, they could close it.

Secondly, it was open to the Justices to carry out the scheme—having constructed and established the market, to maintain it. Of course, for establishing and maintaining the market certain funds would be necessary, and hitherto it had been supposed that that expenditure could be met from the Municipal Fund. That question was raised, and an opinion had been given by eminent lawyers, which, of course, he would not attempt to controvert, that under the law the Justices could not expend the municipal funds for that purpose; and that, under Act VIII of 1871, the Justices were authorized to construct markets, but not to expend any money for maintaining them. This certainly seemed to him to be rather a restrictive construction of the law; because if we looked to the debates which ensued when that Act was introduced, it certainly was the general opinion that not only were the funds to be applied towards the construction of a market, but that they would probably be necessary towards the maintenance of it: because it was even feared, not only that the Justices would have to maintain a bazar by means of the ordinary necessary expenses, but that it might be necessary for them to apply for powers to establish farms and incur other expenses altogether outside the usual establishment and expenses of a market; and that was very strongly However that might be, an opinion to that effect having been given, it was thought necessary that it should now be distinctly stated that the Justices would have the power, not only of constructing and building, but of maintaining and establishing a market. We all knew that in this place perhaps more than anywhere else it was not sufficient merely to open a building for the purposes of a market, but you must establish it, and make arrangements for the necessary supplies being forthcoming, and for that purpose a certain amount of expenditure would have to be incurred.

Well then, there was a third course open to the Justices to adopt, which was to do away with all competition by purchasing the Dhurrumtollah Market; but even in that case, if they purchased the rival bazar, they must still have a certain power of expenditure for the purpose of maintaining their own market. He did not propose to ask the Council to decide which of these three courses it would be advisable to adopt. The Justices represented all classes of the community, and it was a matter entirely for them to determine what their course of action would be. All that he thought the Council could do would be to clear the way for them, so that they might not find that they were debarred by the law from following any one particular course.

With this view it was proposed to introduce a Bill to amend the existing Act. It was not the time now to enter into the details of the Bill, but he would state roughly what its chief provisions were. First, he would say, that the existing rights of all present bazar proprietors were to be maintained; that for the future the Justices would retain the right they now possessed of licensing bazars, but would be allowed to exercise their discretion as to whether or not they should grant such licenses. Secondy, the Bill proposed to give the Justices power to take up land for the construction of municipal markets by purchase,

lease, or otherwise; to purchase or take on lease any lands now used as a market, and to appropriate lands now belonging to them, and to set out the whole or any part thereof for the purposes of such markets. The next chief provision in the Bill was that it should be left for the Justices, from the Municipal Fund, out of the money to be borrowed under the Act, and out of the money derived from the rents, to expend such sums as they might think necessary for the construction, maintenance, and keeping of such market in repair. The Bill further gave the Justices power to acquire any land for these purposes.

These were the main features of the Bill. When the Bill went into Committee its details would be carefully considered, and, no doubt, due consideration would be given to any observations that might now be made by any Hon'ble Member. He would ask permission to move that the Bill be

introduced.

Baboo Doorga Churn Law said he objected to the Bill. In the first place the financial aspect of the scheme seemed most unsatisfactory, and he thought it would be a burden to the town to allow the Municipality to enter into this new scheme. He had made calculations as to the prospective results of buying the old rival bazar, and the result seemed to him to show a very heavy loss to be yearly incurred by the Municipality, for how long it was impossible to say; and if the Bill was passed he thought it would be a great injustice to the rate-payers of the town. With these remarks he regretted he could not support the Bill.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said the Council would understand that, as his time was now very fully occupied, it had not been-possible for him to give full attention to the details of the Bill. For the details, therefore, he could not hold himself responsible, but for the general principles of the Bill, he might say that he did hold himself responsible jointly with the Hon'ble Member who introduced it. He was very sorry indeed to learn that a gentleman so well qualified to judge as his hon'ble friend Baboo Doorga Churn Law held a contrary opinion, but he trusted that when the matter was threshed out in Committee, perhaps

these differences might be in some degree reconciled.

He would state briefly the history of the Bill so far as he was concerned in it as the representative of the Government. The Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill had very lucidly explained the whole matter from a period far previous to His Honor's administration. But as regards the immediate position of the matter he would say a few words. Now, the first occasion in respect of which he consented to take part in placing a Bill of this kind before the Bengal Council was in regard simply to the question whether the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta, the Municipal Corporation, had or had not power to expend their own moneys in the establishment and maintenance of a market. The Members of the Council were probably aware that at a meeting of the Justices there was, he might say, sprung upon them as a surprise a legal opinion, or rather a part of a legal opinion, the effect of which was to induce the Justices of the Peace to suppose that the proceedings of their Chairman had been illegal, inasmuch as money had been expended on the establishment of a new market. Now, he must say that that opinion took him entirely by His Honor was a party to the last Market Act which was introduced into this Council, and certainly his impression was that the object and intention of the Act was that the Justices should have the power to build, establish, and maintain a market. It seemed to him to be an absurdity that power should be given to the Justices to build a market, and that no power should be given to them to expend money legitimately necessary for the establishing and maintaining of that market. It seemed to him that the opinion put before the Justices, if it was correct—and in regard to that he did not now say a word—altogether stultified the Act of this Council in passing a Bill for the establishment of municipal markets. Because, if the Justices should build a market, and before any income was received, could not expend any money upon the establishment and maintenance of the market, the whole Act of necessity would fall to the ground. He therefore at once said that, in his opinion, if there was any reasonable doubt as to the construction of the law, it was

right that the doubt should be cleared up, and power given to the Justices at their discretion to expend money for establishing the market in such ways as might seem to them to be right. He was very far from saying that it was desirable that the Justices should establish farms, and incur other expenditure outside the ordinary and simple duty of establishing and maintaining a market in the ordinary way. But so far he thought it was right that so much power should be given to the Justices, and he hoped the Council would consent to that power being given to the Justices. That power was given by Section 8 of the Bill now before the Council; but he thought it necessary to guard himself against the supposition that either he or the Government of Bengal was in any degree responsible for the exact wording of the Bill, because he observed that there were some words in Section 8 to which he was not altogether prepared to subscribe. His view was that it was fair that from borrowed capital the Justices should build the Municipal Market and do all that was necessary for its establishment, in the same manner as out of capital railways and other great works were constructed. But he thought that for its future establishment and maintenance, and for doing all those auxiliary things which were necessary to carry on the market, recourse should not be had to borrowed money, but this should be done from the municipal income. If he were a member of the Select Committee on this Bill he should be very much inclined to call in question the words in Section 8, "out of the moneys borrowed under the provisions of this Act." His view was that from the money borrowed the market should be built and completed, and that money borrowed should not be applicable to the establishment and maintenance of the market after it had once been given over to the Justices in a complete state. His view was that so much should be done from current income, from the rents and collections of the market, and the general revenues of the Municipality. With first proviso he thought it was proper that the Justices should be able to establish and maintain any municipal markets which they had built.

Well, then, we came to another part of the Bill, which was that part which gave the Justices power to borrow another seven lakhs with a view to apply it to the establishment of markets. The Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill had explained that the object of that simply was to enable the Justices to buy up the market known as the Dhurrumtollah Market. His Honor had heard with great regret that his hon'ble friend, Baboo Doorga Churn Law, thought that the proposed speculation would be an unprofitable one. His Honor was himself inclined to suppose that the speculation would be a profitable one to the Justices; he was not inclined to take part in any action of that kind which would result in serious loss, but it seemed to him that it would be profitable to the Justices in two ways first, that a very valuable property would be acquired by them, which property, if it were to be sold by auction, would bring in a large price, or if it were let out, would yield large rents, and a large income would thus be acquired; and secondly, the Justices would thus buy off competition. As a rule, he was prepared to admit that individual competition was a very good thing; but on the other hand, when we had opened out a public market, which would be conducted in the interests of the community, he did not think it was undesirable that competition should be bought off. It seemed to him that it would be very injurious both to the Municipality and the proprietors of the old market if they entered into a protracted and active competition with each other, and he believed that the public would benefit both directly by a good investment and indirectly by the absence of competition and injurious rivalry. Well, then, that being so, he had only to say that the question whether the bargain was a good or a bad one was not for this Council but for the Justices to decide. He trusted that there was that amount of wisdom in the Corporation, comprising as it did many very competent persons, to enable them to decide whether the bargain was a good bargain or a bad one. In respect to that he must confess that he was not in a position to form a competent opinion. All that we proposed to do in respect of this Bill was that power should be given to the Justices to borrow a certain sum of money, and with that sum of money to make what they might consider a good and prudent bargain for the purchase of a large market in the town. If they considered that bargain to be an imprudent one, it would be for them

to reject it, and he had no doubt that even if the Council should be pleased to recept this Bill, in his hon'ble friend Baboa Doorga Churn Law, in his capacity of a member of the Corporation, a safe guardian of the interests of the Justices and the public would be found, and that no bad or imprudent bargain would be completed. If the Council had sufficient confidence in the Justices, and if they believed that the Justices would not be likely to make a foolish or imprudent bargain, why then, His Honor believed this Bill might safely be passed. The Council would have full assurance that the Justices would act according to their best discretion, and if they made a foolish or a bad bargain, the Government would then do its best to control the action of the Justices.

The other part of the Bill was a sort of condonation for past acts. Now, HIS Honor wished to say at once that this Bill would in no degree interfere between the Justices and their Chairman. It was for the Justices to settle what the Chairman did with their authority, what they approved of and what they did not; but as between private individuals on one side and the Justices and their Chairman on the other, he thought that it was right that the Council should legalise the acts which the Government and others had supposed to be legal, namely, that the Justices might expend money for the due establishment and maintenance of the markets which they might build. Beyond that we did not ask the Council to go. But so far he thought they should go. The opportunity was taken to enable the Justices to regulate the municipal markets by bye-laws, and he felt sure that the Council would think that was a reasonable and proper power to give the Justices. That was a power given in other Acts in regard to all such matters to public bodies, and there was nothing unreasonable about it.

Under all the circumstances he trusted that the Council would think that this Bill was not, prima fucie, an unreasonable Bill, and that the objection his hon'ble friend had made in regard to the imprudence of the bargain was not one which would be decided by this Bill, and could be reconsidered by the Justices, and His Honn hoped therefore that the Council would not object to the introduction of the Bill and to its being referred to a Select Committee, as was about to be

proposed.

The motion was then agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schalch applied to the President to suspend the rules for the conduct of business in view to his proceeding with the Bill to its next stage. Publication had been given to the Bill, and the subsequent motions

were merely of a formal nature.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said it was very undesirable that this Bill should be unduly hurried. But since it had been for some days in the hands of the Council, and as they knew what the Bill was, and, as had been suggested, the proposal to forward it one degree was a mere matter of form, he thought he was fully justified in suspending the rules, and he would therefore give permission to the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill to proceed with it.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schalch moved that the Bill be read in Council.

The Hon'ble Moulvie Abdool. Luter said that, if it were considered advisable to continue the new Municipal Market which had already been established, as he believed it was, he thought that the Justices should have the extended powers proposed to be given to them by this Bill. The only point to which he wished to draw the attention of the Council was the provision in Section 8, which would make it lawful for the Justices to expend such sums of money out of the municipal funds as they might think necessary for the purposes of the Municipal Market. He admitted that some such provision was required to strengthen the hands of the Justices whenever such a course seemed reasonable and proper. But at the same time he thought that some reasonable limit should be placed upon the amount to be expended for the purposes of the Municipal Market out of the general municipal funds. The attention of the Select Committee should therefore, in his opinion, be directed to that point.

The motion was then agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schalen moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee. He was in hopes that they should have the assistance of the learned Advocate-General in the Committee, but the Advocate-General had assured

Mr. Schalch that his time was at present fully occupied; and although he was most willing to advise the Committee upon any matters connected with the Bill, he regretted that he could not sit on the Committee. Mr. Schalch would therefore move that the Committee be composed of the following members, namely, Mr. Hogg, Moulvie Abdool Luteef, Baboo Doorga Churn Law, and the Mover, with instructions to report in ten days.

The motion was agreed to.

# ADJOURNMENT OF THE COUNCIL.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he was not aware that there was any other pressing business before the Council, and unless the Council should be specially summoned in the meantime, it would not be necessary that they should meet before the expiration of another fortnight, at the end of which time he hoped that the report of the Select Committee on the Market Bill would be laid before them; and therefore, for the present, the Council would be adjourned for a fortnight. In doing so, he might say that this was perhaps the last occasion on which he should have the honor and the dignity of presiding at the meetings of the Council. And he must take occasion, in taking leave of the Hon'ble Members of the Council, to thank them, which he did most heartily and sincerely, for the assistance which they had rendered him during his presidency. He would also say that he would retain to the last days that might be spared to him a pleasant recollection of what he might call the happy hours he had spent in this Council. He might say that, during the period in which he had the honor to preside, it had fortunately happened that the harmony of this Council had never been disturbed; that understanding and respecting one another, they had exercised their respective functions in a manner which, at all events, he hoped had not done harm, and which he might venture to say had done some good. sure that any good which had been done was due to the Hon'ble Members who now sat, and who had sat, before them in this Council. He could only, therefore, thank them very heartily indeed for their services, and he trusted that under his successors in future days they would continue their labors and follow the course which they had so honorably and so usefully followed for years past.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 11th April.

# LIBERALITY OF THE MAHARAJAH OF DOOMRAON.

No. 1752-S.R., dated Calcutta, the 24th March 1874.

From—A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Commissioner of Patna.

In reply to your letter No. 224F, dated 20th March 1874, I am directed to request that you will be good enough to convey the Lieutenant-Governor's acknowledgments for the liberality and public spirit displayed by the Maharajah of Doomraon and his son Kooer Radha Persad Sing during the present crisis.

2. I am to add that a copy of this correspondence will be published in the Calcutta

Gazette.

No. 224F, dated Bankipore, the 20th March 1874.

From—S. C. BAYLEY, Esq., Commissioner of Patna, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I HAVE the honor to bring to the notice of the Government the liberality and public spirit displayed by the Maharajah of Doomraon and his son Koomar Radha Persad Sing at this critical time. They have contributed Rs. 2,500 and Rs. 1,000 to the District Charitable Fund and the Buxar Sub-Divisional Fund, respectively. They have also made over to the Collector of Shahabad a sum of Rs. 9,000, to be expended as a relief measure in constructing part of the Saraya and Pooranda road, which runs within their estates, and they are making arrangements to lay in a store of grain, at a cost of Rs. 15,000, for the use of their ryots and servants.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in th

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Return not received.

Return for week ending 21st March received after the publication of the last Gazette.

In the sub-divisions the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 13-4 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers per rupes.

New wheat. Coarse rice is sold at 14-6 seers per rupes.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 15 seers per rupes.

In the interior only.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11-8 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupes.

Funca of common rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 13 to 17 seers per rupes.

Guarse rice at 15-4 seers per rupes.

# undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 28th March 1874.

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- H Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-11 to 20 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 26 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 9.8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 ears per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11 seers and of common rice from 7 to 13 seers per rupee.

  K In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 16 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 18 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 14 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 16 to 18 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 14 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 16 to 18 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 20 seers per rupee.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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CALCUTTA, The 31st March 1874.

Return for week ending 21st March received after the publication of the last Gazette.

P In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12-10 to 15 seers, barley from 15 to 24 seers, and of best rice from 9 to 9-12 seers, and common rice from 10 to 13-8 seers; lesser millet 15 to 17 seers, maize from 13 to 16 seers, and gram from 15 10 to 18 seers per rupes.

Q In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13 to 14-8 seers, barley from 18 to 20 seers, best rice from 8-8 to 9 seers, common rice from 10-4 to 13 seers, bullrush millet from 15 to 17 seers, maize from 15 to 18 seers, and gram from 18 to 19 seers per rupes.

B In the interior prices range as follows:—Wheat from 9 to 11 seers, best rice from 8 to 12 seers, common rice from 9 to 13 seers, maize from 10-8 to 15 seers, and gram from 10 to 18 seers per rupes.

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^{0 28 0 75 0 13 0 13 0 22 0 300 0 280 0 280 0} S In the interior prices range as follows:—Wheat from 11 to 12 seers, best rice from 8 to 10 seers, and of common rice from 9.8 to 11-1 seers; maize from 12 to 16-1 seers, and gram from 11 to 15 seers per rupee.
 T Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 9-10 seers, and of common rice from 8-8 to 10 seers per rupee.
 U In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 20 seers, best rice from 11 to 13-5 seers, common rice from 12 to 14-8 seers, bullrush millet from 16 to 22 seers, maize from 14 to 20 seers, and gram from 12 to 16 seers per rupee.
 V Price of common rice in the interior ranges from 28 to nearly 40 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 28th March 1874.

N	o.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEN	VGA:	L.	· ·	
		N'estern Districts.		
ſ	1	Burdwan, 31st* March 1874.	Nil	No rain, weather getting warmer. Distress increasing in Bood-bood. Fever as before. Some cholera in the town of Culna.
	2	Bancoorah, 28th Mar. 1874	NI	Dry and hot in the daytime, with westerly wind, but cool at night. Not much to note. The growing cotton and indigo are doing well. Cases of small-pox and cholera still reported.
VAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 28th " "	Nil	The weather has become suddenly very hot; nights and early mornings still cool.  Cold weather crops approaching maturity. Export by rail to Bhagulpore and Patna Divisions chiefly, 6,047 maunds. About 2,500 persons employed on relief works, and about 1,000 daily, for the most part of the mendicant class, in receipt of charitable relief. Prices easier.
DURDWAN	4	Midnapore, 28th " "		Some rain in the east of the district, but none at head-quarters. Mulberry, indigo, boro rice, and all cold-weather crops doing well. Prospects good, and prices stationary.
	5	Hooghly, 28th ""	Nil	Clear-throughout; wind variable, getting hot. Boro and jalla paddy, onion and teel (oil-seed) on the ground. Grounds are prepared for the cultivation of early rice.
į		Howrah, 28th ", "	•26	Warm towards the end of the week, and weather seems to have settled fair. There is no change of any sort except that the boro rice crop is better by another favorable week.
		Central Districts.		•
DAVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 31st* March 1874.	0.12	Heat increasing; mornings occasionally foggy, strong southerly breeze throughout the week. There are scarcely any crops on the ground. Preparation of ground for the next early rice crop continues on a very large scale. A few cases of cholera reported from Basseerhat, Barripore Diamond Harbour, and Satkhira. Also seven cases of small-pox from the latter sub-division. Cholera has disappeared from Nychatty.
PRESIDENCY DAY	7	Nuddez, 28th Mar. 1874		Becoming hotter. Heavy rain at and near Koosteah on the 23rd March. Wheat, barley, and linseed have been cut, giving generally a tolerably good outturn. Gram and other similar crops have been injured by hail and rain. Indigo is promising. Sowings of early rice have begun in low lands in Meherpore. Prices are beginning to rise again, especially at Kaligunge. Cholera is more than usually prevalent this year in the sudder and Chooadangah Sub-divisions. There are three special doctors employed
ţ	. 8	Jessore, 28th " "	·38	Generally clear. About 4 P.M. on the 24th March there was a short storm from the south-west. Some rain has fallen. The rain has been good for indigo sowings and the cultivation of rice. The former promise well. Teel (oil-seed) is also prospering. The boro rice is ripening in Narad and Bageerhat, is said to be good. In Khoolna, the well-known insect, majrapoka, is said to be doing little injury to it owing to the change. It is not however as yet serious.
RAJSHAHTE DIVISION,	. 9	Moorshedabad, 28th ,, ,,	Nil .	Slight rain in thannahs Bharutpore, Jellungi, and Nowda during the week. Days very hot but nights cool. The harvesting of the cold weather crops continues and affords employment to a great humber of people. Early rice is being sown on alluvial lands in the eastern parts of the district. At Hurrihurparah, Nowda, and Jellungi the prices of wheat, barley, and gram have fallen considerably. Rice is also cheaper at Jungypore and Rampore Haut, but stationary at head-quarters. Small-pox still prevails.
AHYE I	10	Dinagepore, 28th , ,	. Nil	A little rain at Nowabgunge. Dry west winds blowing continually. Good outturn of boro rice expected. Prospects of the next crops very good.
RAJSH	11	Maldah, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Hot and dry with strong westerly winds. The cold-weather crops are being harvested and the outturn is turning out an average one as expected. The bord paddy and mango crop still promise well. New wheat is being sold in the market at 13 to 14 seers per rupee. Imports of rice and paddy at the local markets decreasing and prices rising. Health of the district generally good.
(	12	Rajshahye, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	No rain during the week. There is no change to report in the state of the crops. The reaping of wheat and barley is going on. Other cold-weather crops have been gathered in. Prices have been stationary except in Singrah where rice is dearer and is now selling at 13 seers per rupee. Cholera is prevalent in many villages, particularly in the north-western part of the district. Cases of small-pox also are reported.

^{*} Telegram of the 31st March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

N	o.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEN	GAI.	(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
RAJSHAHTE DITN.—(Confd.)	13	Rungpore, 28th Murcb 1874.	Nil	There has been a considerable increase of heat latterly, which has, however, been tempered by a steady breeze from the west and north-west. The weather has been pleasant for the time of the year. No rain has been reported. Sugarcane and tobacco are good, wheat and barley and pulses are very good; cheena and kown (millets) promise equally well. The early rice has been very extensively sown and the crop is now considered secure; there will be also further sowings of early rice in the south-western parts of the district. In a comparatively small tract in that quarter between Gobindguage and Kamdiyar hât the sowings of early rice have been embarrassed by the bad circumstances of the perty cultivators. General health of the district very good.
KAJSHAE	14	Bograh, 28th Mar 1874	Nil	Dry and warm in the daytime. The cutting of the mustard has been completed a 12 or 13-annas outturn is estimated, and the similar outturn of sugarcane. Cold-weather crops, such as mater (pulse), &c., are being gathered in. A fair average is expected.
l	15	Pubոռ, 28th ., "	0.28	Weather hot. On the 23rd March there was a slight shower of rain. Cheena (millet) peas, khesaree, and mushoor (pulses), linseed, wheat, barley, and gram crops are being reaped. The produce of these creps may be estimated at 12 annas of an average year. Jully and boro paddy crops are doing well. Early and late rice being sown. Teel (oil-seed) has acarly all been sown. Prices rising General health good. Three cases of cholera have been reported from Dolye station during the week. Some reports of general distress in the direction of Chat Mohar in a native newspaper are being specially enquired into.
•	16	Dargeeling, 28th Mar. 1874	0.50	High winds; weather getting a little warmer; rain doing good. The same as las week, i.e., ground being prepared for sowing. Common rice cheaper a little more brought to market during this week as compared with last week.
Corn Behar Divs.	17	Julpigoree, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Cool and seasonable, westerly winds. There is little to notice as regards prospect of crops, there being no change since last week. Seed paddy is being supplie by the Cooch Behar State to the jotedars in Boda and rice for the same pergumah is now en route. Scarcity is reported in parts of Boda, but at present more than the work on roads and railway should meet. Small-pox has broke out in Patgram and south of Loda, and cholera is also reported in Boda. Prio of rice has generally over the district fallen slightly, and with exception of Bot there is plenty of rice in the markets.
Į·	•	Cooch Behar, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	First half of week very high east wind, weather cool and threatening rain. Latte half of week sky unclouded and west wind in the afternoons. Cutting tobace nearly finished. Weeding of kowni (millet) and early rice going on. Sowing early rice still in progress. The dry weather has favored the cutting of tobace and the early rice sowings
		Eastern Districts.	1	•
	18	Dacca, 31st* Mar. 1874	-85	No rain since Wednesday, warm with sunshine; cloudy on the 31st March an like rain. Prospects of crops, a little damaged from hail, but sunshine has do much good.
	19	Furreedpore, 28th ,, ,,	0 26	Cloudy and strong south-westerly wind during the day and rain at night c Monday and a storm in the afternoon of Tuesday, the whole of which day and the next morning were cloudy, but clear and sunny the rest of the week. With son slight variation the wind was generally south-west throughout the week. The price of coarse rice has fallen at Madarcepore, owing probably to increase importations by dealers—It is stationary at Furrecedpore, Goalundo, Bhanga, at Gopalgunge. The Collector notices that the price has fallen generally in caster districts and Backergunge which could also first affect Madarcepore.
5%.	20	Backergunge, 21st Mar 1874.	35	Cool and seasonable. Prespects of crops fair. Kalai (pulse) has been nearly a reaped, and has turned out pretty well. The teel (oil-seed), hemp, and sugarear crops look well
DACCA DIVISION.	21	Mymensing, 28th March 1874.	·61	Rain in the sudder station on two days of the week, weather in other days clear, at temperature much higher than last week, though the mornings are still conflain in the south-east of the district on four days, amounting to two meles. It rain in the south-west. Report from north-west of the district not received Little change in the prospects of the crops from last week. Farly rice is being sown. Condition of boro rice, and cheena (millet) crops good.
	22	Sylhet, 14th Mar. 1874	0-90	Heavy rains on the night of Tucsday the 17th and morning of Wednesday the 18 and very cloudy and unsettled till the 21st March, when the sky became cle and the sun shone brightly. Weather still keeps cool for this time of the years the heavy rains have thrown back the early and late rice sowings. The hallstor of the 9th is reported to have done some damage to crops in Dharampasha. Pri of rice still rising. About 12,000 maunds of rice and 25,000 maunds of pade exported. Heavy rains and high wind on 24th and 25th March with intermitte thunder. Rainfall about 3:39 since telegraphed.
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^{*} Telegram of the 31st March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately oreceding.

N	0.	return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches,	state of health at date.
BEN	GAL	.—(Contd.)		·
		Eastern Districts — (Contd.) Chittagong, 21st Mar. 1874.	1.56	Showers of rain fell during the week, commencing on Monday. The heaviest fall was on Wednesday the 18th March, when there was also some hail. The rain appears to have been general over the Sudder Sub-division, but did not extend to Cox's Bazar, where rain is much wanted. The rain will benefit the spring crops and facilitate preparation of the ground for the early paddy. Cholers still reported from Patna and the Sectacoond scaboard. Some cases also are said to have occurred in Cox's Bazar.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	25	Noakhally, 21st Mar. 1874.	1-11	During the day fair, evening cloudy, and rain at night. Reaping of the khesared (pulse) nearly completed and that of linseed commenced. The other crops moong and kalai (pulses), sesamum (oil-seed), and chillies are doing well. The rains have put a stop to preparations of land for the early rice crops.
CHITTAG	26	Tipperah, 21st Mar. 1874	-81	Bright and rather cool, several short but severe storms having cooled the air nearly an inch of rain fell, principally at night. The cold-weather crops of khesaree, kalai, and musooree (pulses), &c., are being reaped, and will have a good average outturn. The prospects of the boro paddy are excellent.
	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts. 21st March 1874.	1.5	Heavy rain with squalls on the 17th, 18th, 19th, and 21st March. The rain has done much harm to the tobacco plants and has interfered with the joom-cutting.
]     (1)		Hill Tipperah, 21st Mar. 1874.	0.69	Much the same as last week; getting hotter. There was a thunderstorm and rair on Wednesday evening, and rain on Friday night. State and prospects of crop the same as last week. Only chillies, onions, and such like on the ground.
6	HAR, 28	Patus, 30th* Mar. 1871	Nil	Weather seasonable with strong west winds. The cold-weather crops are now fas being cut and will soon be all stored. They have yielded better than was at firs expected. The health of the district, with the exception of a few cases of small pox in the city, continues good.
	29	Gya, 28th "	Nil	Fine. Cool mornings and evenings. The weather for the harvest has been at that could be desired and the gathering of the crops may now be said approaching completion. In the Aurungabad Sub-division the outturn is reported to be still better than was anticipated. Health generally good. Some sporadic cases of small pox reported.
	30	Shahabad, 28th March 1874.	Nil	Variable, with west wind. Cold-weather crops being gathered. Cheena (milled promising. No change since last week. Small-pox somewhat prevalent.
PATNA DIVISION.	31	Tirhoot, 28th Mar. 1874	Nil	Warm, westerly wind prevailing. In the Mudhoobunnec Sub-division, the cold-weather crops are being harvested. In a few places moong (pulse) and cheena (millet have been sown and plants are thriving. Want of rain is much felt. Moon (pulse) will yield a good harvest and in some way mitigate the pressure of famine. The cold-weather crops which have been reaped in the Hajeepore part of the sub-division look well and strong. Towards the north of the sub-division especially about Shahpur and parts of Mowah, the outturn has disappointed everyone. The crop looked much thicker before it was reaped than it has subsequently turned out. In this part the sub-divisional officer has commence relieving isolated cases of distress, chiefly old people and children. There is abundance of work as yet for the agricultural and coolie classes. In Sectamurhee there has been no rain since last report, strong westerly wind injuring the crop now bein reaped. The cold-weather crops are being reaped, but the fields will not, the Collector fears, yield as much as has been anticipated. The crop looked well i parts, but the yield is diappointing. The prospects of the rest of the sub-division remain about the same.
	32	Sarun, 28th March 187-	Nil	Weather dry and fine; west wind prevailing. The bulk of the cold-weather crop has been gathered; the yield is turning out better than was anticipated. Sprin crops are coming on well. Mango crop promising; sugarcane being planted Moong (pulse) and paddy are being sown in the low land; the opium weighmen has commenced; new pulses and grain are coming into the market. Prices steady
	33	Chumparun, 28th March 1874	Nil	East and west winds. Prospects continue good. The cold-weather crops are bein harvested. High west winds have prevailed during the week, causing son damage to the cheena (millet) crop.
DITY.		Monghyr, 28th Mar. 187	Nil Nil	Seasonable weather. The harvest is general and every available person is in the field; the outturn in Dearahs as was expected is quite up to the average, in son favored tructs an unusually good crop has been reaped. Taking high and lo lands together, the outturn of the cold-weather crops may be calculated 12-anna crop and between six and eight millions of maunds of grain will be secured to the district.
BHAGUI FORE DIVN.	35	Bhagulpore, 31st† Mar 1874.	r. Nil	No rain has fallen. Harvesting of the cold-weather crops in full operation; returning good. Mango and mohwa crops very promising. General health unusual good.
BHAG	36	Purneah, 28th Mar. 187	4 Nil	Warm and seasonable. Wheat and gram are being gathered. Sowings for ear and late rice crops are going on. The harvest of the cold-weather crops is good one. The price of rice is stationary.
	37	Southal Pergunnahs, 28th March 1874.	Nil	West winds have commenced to blow and it is consequently hot during the da but the mornings and evenings are still cool. Reports of the cold-weather cro on the Rajmehal Dearahs still very good. No change anywhere except that the appears to be still hope for the mohwa crop.

Telegram of the 30th March, received on the 31st, shows rainfall during the seven days including the 30th.
 clearam of the 31st March, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	i and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second
ORISS	۸.		
( 38 	Cuttack, 31st Mar. 1874	Nil	Weather dry and hot. Dalua paddy growing luxuriantly, but not extensively. Public health good.
Onissa Division.	Poorce, 21st Mar. 1874	Nil	Rainfall at Khoordah 1-73. There was a good rainfall on the night of the 16th March in the Khoordah sub-division generally, and in Kotdeo, Serain, and Kotnahung. The weather is now hot. Moong (pulse) will now be gathered. Dalua rice crop has commenced to be reaped partly, and has been a good one. Cotton is doing well. Castor seed is well nigh harvestug. Linseed has been completely gathered with a good outturn. Mango crop is not abundant, but what there is is doing well. Ploughing for ensuing cultivation is proceeding, and has been helped by the late rain. Purchases of rice continue moderately; prices are almost stationary in the motussil. Public health is generally good, except that small-pox is prevalent in some places, as usual at this season.
40	Balasore, 28th ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable weather. Ploughing continues. Agriculturists are busy with their dalua rice, castor seed, sugarcane and karanja, (wild oil-seed) crops in the tew parts where these are produced. The threshing of the present season's rice crop is nearly over. Cholera and small-pox cases still occur.
снота	A NAGPORE.		
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
4]	Havareebagh, 28th Mar. 1874.	Nil	The weather has been very seasonable during the week. The cold weather crops are being gathered and promise to yield a fair harvest. The mohwa is commencing to fall and likewise promise well. The police report that pressure is being felt in various localities and a few cases of distress have been reported in the town, to these relief has been given.
4.	Lohardugga, 28th March 1874.	Nil -	Fine weather and cool for the time of the year. The cold-weather crops are being reaped, but the outturn will be very small owing to the limited are a under cultivation and the gram in Palamow has been somewhat damaged by insects. If the weather remains clear for the next 10 days the mohwa will be plentiful in the Palamow and Torce Pergunnahs and this will afford much relief to the people. The lands are all ready now for cultivation. Prices steady. General health good.
4.	Singbhoom, 21st Mar. 1874.	0.97	Heavy rain on the night of the 15th March. Days very warm, nights cool.  Nothing to add to last week's report. Cholera still reported from Chakulia, but is confined to this village only. Cactle disease still continues.
4.	Vaunbhoom, 28th March 1874.	Nil	Fair. Warm during day, but mornings still cool. Mohwa cropping very well.  Barley and wheat nearly all reaped. Importation from Singbluom and expectation of the arrival of Government rice at Burnakur have been keeping prices down over a considerably portion of the district. Elsewhere dealers are refusing to sell and distress is being felt in many of the more inaccessible villages.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISFICAL DEPT., The 31st March 1874.

R. Knight, Asst. Secy. to the Gott. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

				1 th	March 1	Marc	RAIN JANUA	FROM 1st ARY 1874.	Remares.
DIVIBIOS.	DISTRICT.		STATION.	Rain fror	14th 1874.	21st March 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	
NGA				In		nches.		1874.	
1	WESTERN DISTR	1	•		0.71	1.86	7:72	21st Mar.	
	Burdwan	- 11	Burdwan Cutwa Culna Bood-bood Rancegunge Jehanabad		0·05 Nil 0·48 0·15 0·16	Nil 0:58 0:40 0:11 0:10	6:58 6 18 5:64 4:78 7:00	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto ditto.	
	Bankoora		Bankoora		0.22	0.21	5.03	ditto.	
il	Beerbhoom	1	Sooree		0.82	0.38	5.66	ditto.	
SURDWAS.	Midnapore	{	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai Exc. Eugr.'s Office	,	0·12 1·05 0·75 Nil ot rec.	0:54 1:16 1:20 0:91 0:83	5·11 8·70 7·58 7·92 7·79	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto. ditto	Not rec. 15th Feb. to 1
	Hooghly	{	Hooghly		Nil 0:66	0.60 0.58	5:50 5 87	ditto. ditto.	
	Howrah		Serampore Howrah		0.56	0.31	4.64	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DIST	RICTS.	•				- 4-		
	24-Pergunnahs	{	Sauger Island Calcutta Alipore { Dispensary } Jail Bussecrhat Diamond Harbour Barripore Satkhirah Barrackpore Dum-Dum		0°20 1°26 1°31 1°25 N ₁ 1 0°30 0°07 0°03 Nil 0°25 0°31	Nil 0 50 0 39 0 15 0 62 0 77 0 35 0 29 0 30 0 11 0 21	5 00 6:19 6:91 ° 6:78 2:81 5:17 4:16 2:75 3:57 5:56 3:52	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PRESIDENCE.	Nuddea		Kishnaghur  Bongong  Meherpore  Choondangah  Kooshtea  Ranaghat		0:00 Nit 0:95 0:26 0:18 Nit	0 87 0 53 0 51 0 59 0 47 0 60	7 03 5:18 5:81 6 02 4:49 6:73	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Jessoro		Jessore		0:05 0:01 Nil 0:31 Nil 0:22	0·35 0·72 0·63 0·77 1·65 0·39	5'63 5'16 7'51 6 71 6 09 4 93	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Moorshedabad	<b>\</b>	Berhampore Rampore Haut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azimguoge Lalgolla		0.22 0.70 0.08 1.20 0.30 0.37	Nil Nil 002 024 010 Nil	3:25 3:83 3:01 3:17 3:64 2:86	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Received up 1212 wh Marc
	Dinagepore	•••	Dinagepore		0.91	Nil.	3.35	ditto.	
Ä	Maldah	••			1·55 0·22	0:02	3.53	ditte.	
RAJSHAHYB.	Raj-hahye	•••	Rungpore	 	0.20 1.40	Nil Fil Nil	4·77 6·75	ditt . ditto	
Œ	Rungpore	•••	Bhowanigunj Titalya	•••	0.92 0.73 0.10	Nil	2°88 8°25	ditte	
	Bogra	•	Bogra		1.94	0.11	3.82		
	Pubna		Pubna Serajgunj	•••	0.34	0.08	c. 1.51		
	Darjeel ng		Darjeeling { Telegraph O	ffice	Notre. 0·1⊱	0.50	1 02	21st Mar.	
BEHAR.	Julpigorec		Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah	 	0.08 1.0.)	Nil 0:20 Nil	3.40	ditto.	
Cooch 1	Cooch Behar	Pril uta	7		0.82	Nil	i		
J	Bhútan Dooar	R	Buxa	•••	Not rec.	Not re	c. 1.31	t   /th Feb.	

į.	District.	STATION.		m 8th to March	n 15th to March	Rain Jan	FROM 1st UARY 1874.	
DIVISION.		SIATION.		Rain from 14th 1874.	Rain from 15th to 21st March 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
BENG	GAL—(Continued.)			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Telegraph Offic	e	0.61	0.85	4.11	21st Mar.	
	Dacca	Dacca Hospital Moonsheegunge Manickgungo		0°57 0°60 1°29	0.09 1.12 0.47	4:05 4:51 4:71	ditto, ditto, ditto,	
l	Furreedpore	Furreedpore Goalundo		2 72 1·13	1·26 0·17	9°21 6°58	ditto. ditto.	
Dacca.	Backergunge	Burrisal Perozepore Madaripore Patoakhally Dowlatkhan	 	Nil Nil 1:57 Nil Nil	0 35 0 76 1 00 0 55 0 95	5'03 3'08 6'29* 2'82 4'90	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh Jamalpore Atia Kishoregungo	   	1:26 0:30 0:98 3:35	Nil Nil Nil 200	7:14 5:08 4:56 11:07	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet		3.61	0.80	10.92	ditto.	
l	Cachar	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah		2 61 Not rec 1:38	1·28 Not rec. 1·29	11:32 4:03 8:58	ditto. 7th Feb. 21st Mar.	
ſ	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph Offic	 	Nil Nil Nil	0°50 1 56 Not 1ec.	3:40 4:33 0*26	ditto, ditto, 14th Mar,	
ONG.	Noakholly	Noakholly		0.33	1.11	4.89	21st Mar.	
CHITTAGONG	Тірретаћ	Brahmunberiah		2·00 1·18	1°2¶ 0°5‡	6 23 7 41	ditto. ditto.	
۱'	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill		Nil	Not rec	2 27	14th Mar.	
•	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah		1 25	0.69	6 26	21st Mar.	
EHA	AR. • Patna *	Patna Behar Bath Dinapore  { Cantonment		0·03 Nil 0·21 Nil Nil	0:32 0:13 0:34 0:40 0:20	1:41 2:65 2:71 1:20 1:22	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Gya	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	:::	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil 0:15 0:02 0:50	2:60 2:93 1:6,	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
PATMA.	Shahabad	Arrah Sasseram Buxar Bhubooah		Nil Nil Nil Nil	0°22 0°03 0°35 0°60	1:56 1:76 1:90 1:80	dirto. ditto ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.
4	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore • Durbhunga Hajeepore Mudhoobunneo Seetamurhee Tajpore		010 Nd Nd Nd 0 06 040 Nd	Nil Gros O'12 Nil Nil Nil	1·19 1·29 1·15 1·00 0·90 1·24	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
i	Sarun	Chuprah Sewan		Nil Nil	0°39 0°21	1·18 1·22	ditto . duto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb. Duto ditto.
l	Chumparun	Motiharee Be tiah		Nil Nil	Nil Not rec.	1 31 1·10	ditte. 14th Mar.	JACO and
1	Monghyr	Monghyr Begoo Serai Jamooco		0°05 Nil Nil	0°19 0°14 Vil	1:90 1:91 4:11	21st Mar. ditto. ditto.	
LPORB.	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore Soopool Muddehpoora Banka Sanborsa		0°05 Nil 2'il 0 C 5 Nil	Nil Nil Nil 0 02 Nil	1:85 1:40 1:05 2:74 1:49	ditto. e tto dutto. dutto. dutto.	Not rec. 22nd to 28th Feb.
Вилетгровя.	Purneah	Purneah Kissengungo Armicah		*il 0:30 0:64	Nil Nil Nil	1.66 2.91 3.88	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Deoghur Rajmehal Nya Doomka Godda		Nil 0:70 1:01 Not rec	Nd Nd 0'31 Nil	2 62 1·50 1 99 3 25	ditto. ditto dit*o. ditto	Not rec 8th to 14th Mar.

				Sth to March	a 15th March	Rain Janu	FROM 18T ABY 1871.	•
Division.	DISTRICT.	STATION.		Rain from 8th to 14th March 1874.	Rain from to 21-t 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remares.
ORIS	5A.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	Cuttack {	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajpere Kendraparah Jugatsingpore False Point		0:40 0:18 0:30 N:l Nil Nil	0°20 0°21 Nil Nil 1°10 0°20	4.13 4.73 3.10 1.60 1.85 1.86	21st Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORIGEA.	Pooree {	Pooree Khuidah	•••	Nil Nil	Nil 1:73	1.66 3.76	ditto. ditto.	
	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck • Jellasore Sorth Chandbally		0:33 0 08 0 37 Nil 0:32	0:36 0:16 0:15 0:80 Nil	4:59 6:99 6:29 2:94 1:96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb.
į	Cuttack Tributary Mehal-	Sambalpore	•••	0.08	Not rec.	1.68	11th Mar.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.  South-Western FROMTIER AGENCY.							
	Hazarcebagh {	Hazareebagh { Jail Dispensary Pachumba	•••	Nil Nil 0 20	0:10 0:12 Nil	4:40 4:57 3:81	21st Mar. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow	•••	0°25 Nil	0.62 0.02	6:85 3:97	ditto. ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chybassa	•••	0.45	0.97	6.87	ditto.	
	Manbhoom {	Purulia Govindpore		0:10 Nil	0·11 0·35	5·39 5·78	ditto. ditto.	, 🗨
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.							
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree		2·10 0·10	Nil Nil	3·79 0·73	ditto.	•
	Кашгоор {	Gowhatty Burpettah		1.46 1.80	0.77 Nil	5°00 6 0 1	ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye		Not rec	Not rec	1:09 2:00	7th Feb	Not rec. 1st to 3rd January.
	Nowgong	Nowgong	•••	1.42	0.27	4.25	21st Mar	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.
	Seebsauger {	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorchaut Nazeerah	 	0:71 1:22 1:19 0:63	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	6.29 6.13 5.45 6.63	11th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	•••	Not rec. 0'90 Not rec	ditto ditto ditto	2·27 4 63 4·15	7th Feb. 15th Mar. 7th Feb.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		0:90	ditto	5:19	14th Mar.	
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee		Not rec ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2:18 0 (3 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan.
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	ditto	ditto	5.91	28th Feb.	
		Reparcs	•••	Nil ditto	ditto	0.27 1.30	lith Mar. 21st Mar.	

CALCUTTA,

The 28th March 1874.

II. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gont. of Bengal.

# Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 22nd to 28th March 1874.

ì			Barometer	Barometer	Тнввмо	ETTE.	Humi-	duiw				W
	Date.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	requeed to	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Bat. ==100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials
1	Mar. 22nd	10	29.939	29.957	81.6	76·0 72·5		8 S W	4·9 7·6		K K	
١	23rd	1 <b>6</b> 10	29·781 29·783	29·799 29·801	88 6 84 0	76 5		SSW	8.0		CS	
1		16	29.614	29 662	87.5	78·0 78·7		8 S W 8 S W	177		CS, K	
	24th	10 16	29·717 29 590	29·735 29·608	85·0 83 2	76.7	73	8 8 W	16.0		K	1.
ĺ	25th	10	29 779	29.797 29.685	83·5 93·5	75·7 70·9		WSW W	11.8			6
1	26th	10	29:667 29:875	29 893	81.0	74.9	71	w	6.5			В
1	27th	16	29.780 29.958	29·798 29·976	91·2 82·6	70 0 71 6		SSW SW	43			b
ij	2/11	16	29.830	29 848	92.6	66:3	19	N W	5.8			b
	28th	10 16	29·930 29·764	29·948 29·782	83·5 92 8	72·2 71·4		s W s s W	9.0	·		6
	22nd	10 16	29·963 29·819	29:969 29:825	81 84	78 78	78 67	SSW SSW	6·7 9·3		N KS	b, m b, m b, scuds.
	23rd	16	29·821 29·699	29·827 29·705	83 83	77	75 75	S W S S W	16·4 21 8		N N	b, scuds.
	24th	10	20.746	29.752	83	79	83 83	SSW	18·9 22·5		N N	b, m, scud
l	25th	10	29.822	29 635 29 828	83 83	79 79	83	SSW	19.6		N	b, m, scud
١		16	29 718	29.724	85 85	81 79	83 75	SSW W	16·1 12·7	:::		b, m
l	26th	16	29 898 20·799	29.805	85	77	68	SSE	9.1		к	b, m b, m, scue
l	27th	10	29·972 29 838	29°978 29°544	84 91	79 72	79 36	W N W S W	5 4 5 4			b, m
ĺ	28th	16	29 958 29 806	29 964 29 812	83 84	77	75 71	WSW SSW.	15 5 12 3		N	b, scuds.
ſ	22nd	10	29 918	30'0'1 29'851	80 82	70 72	58 59	ESE WSW	4·3 8·7			b, v
	23rd	10	29·758 29·795	29.888	80	72	66	S	49		к	b, v b, q
1	24th	16 10	29.708	29:881	81 82	74 75	70	S W S E	189		K, CK	h, v
	1	16	29:665	29.758	82 80	71 75	66 78	ESE	17 6 10 3		KS N	d, v
ł	25th	16	29·812 29·718	29 905	82	77	7⊀	s w	23.1		K	b, v, q $b, v$
	26th	10	29·872 29·742	29.965 29.874	82 84	76	74.	S E S W	8 9 17·3	:	K	b, v
1	27th	10	29 907	29.999	83	77	75	SE	4.9 9.9		К	b, m, t b, v
l	28th	16 10	29·806 29·892	29.898 29.994	85 83	75 76	71	WSW	4.1		K	b, m b, m
į		16	29.836	29 924	87	71	42	S W	7.0	}		8
ſ	21st	10	29.935 29.807	29:965 29:837	90 87	75 77	61	S E	15	;		b
١	22nd	10	29.9.8	29:958 29:307	91	77	50 61	S by E	19			b
1	23rd	10	29.777 29.869	29.899	87	71	51	S	15			b, c b
1	24th	16	29 724 29 842	29 751 29 872	87 88	77	61 58	S E	18			b b
		16	20:720	29 750	85	78	71	SE by S SSW	16			ь
1	25tl	1 10	29 859	20.848	92 86	78 80		S E	16	3		b b, c
į	26tl	1 10 16	29.870 29.752		89 85	80 79		S S E S E by E	14			b, c
١	2711	1 10	29 928	29 959	87	78	65	S by E	1	)		b
	000	10	29.805	1	86	78	ļ.	SEbyE	0.1	į.	$\mathbf{c}$	ь
	29n	16	29.693	29.774	18	70	25	SS W S W	5		10	b   b
1	23rd	1 10	29.718 29.614			78 85		SSW	15	2 :	N, CK, C	<b>.</b>
, ,	24tl		29.676	29.758		78 • 78	62	SW	1 81		K, N	' <i>b</i>
	25tl	10	29 736	29.818	88	77	58	S W S W	6.	ც	к	. <b>Б</b>
	261	h   16	29°618 29°817		10 86	70		s w	4	8 '	CK	ь ь
•	271	16	29.665	29 746		79	28	N E	4 2		К	17R
	1	16	29.723	29 801	03	77	45	E	3	8	к, N	i b b
	28t	h   10				71		WNW	1.			; <b>b</b>
	22n	d 10				75	5 70	ENE	4			h b b
	23r		29.887	29 909	81	78	5 71	ESE SSW		5 5		6
	24t	հ   10	20.879	)   29:900	98 ! (	75	5 67	S	1	8		, <b>b</b>
ABYAD.	25t	h 10				8:		S	2	.3 6		, <u>b</u>
4	1.1	16	3 29.819	9 29.84	1 81	7	78	8		6 3	·· ··	ь
•	261	10	3 29 84	4 -29 -6	5 81	7	7 71	8 W	5	0		b
	270	.h 1 10				7		W N W	.   0	1	··· ···	b   b
	280	h 10	29.89	6 - 29:91	7   87	7	8 65	N N W	4	8		, D
	U	10	5 29.71	9   29.77	) 85	7	6 j 64	14 14	1 10	I	1	

· Velocity of wind in miles per nour.

H. F. BLANFORD,

CALCUTTA. The 28th March 1874.

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

# Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of February 1874.

To to 1 or the Widow Million State of Principle Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State of Principles State o

LATITUDE 22° 33' 1" North, Longitude 88° 20' 34" East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18:11 feet.

MONTHLY RESULTS.	Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month Max. height of the barometer occurred at 10 a.m. on the 16th	29·955 30·182·
Min. height of the barometer occurred at 4 P.M. on the 10th	29· <b>703</b>
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	0.479
Mean of the daily max. pressures	30.035
Ditto ditto min. ditto	29.892
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	0.143
Manus Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and Columna and	Θ
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	72.2
Max. temperature occurred at 4 P.M. on the 22nd	89·3
Min. temperature occurred at 7 A.M. on the 16th	5 <b>7</b> ·0
Extreme range of the temperature during the month	32 <b>·3</b>
Mean of the daily max, temperature	80·1
Ditto ditto min. ditto	65· <b>9</b>
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	14.2
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month	66.9
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb thermometer	5.3
Computed mean dew-point for the month	62.7
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew-point	9:5 ~ Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	0.572
	Troy grain.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	6.26
Additional weight of vapour required for complete saturation	2·29
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete saturation being unity	0.73
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month	130.9
(0.000-0.0000 market)	Inches.
Rained 8 days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	2.01
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Total amount of rain during the month	uring \
the month	3·17
	S.W. & E. by N.

• Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 26th March 1874.

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the total amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the High Level Canal for the month of Pebruary 1874.

Length of Canal Open-49 Milks.

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		Nature of cargo.		Coal	Cotton	Grain	Hides and horns	Jaggery and sugar	Miscellaneous	Oil and oil-secds	Paddy and rice	Thread	Garden produce	l'ottery	Salt Silk and indige	Jute	Straw	Tobacco	Sand	Glooting	Broks	Rat's of timber	Empty boats	Passengers	Disto	Miscellaneous reve-	S Free boats	Total

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgellee Tidal Cunal for the month of February 1874. LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-29 MILES

48 11 6,655 11 Tollage. 13,764 3,99,156 6,987 Weight Value of of ton. Ton of cargo raffic nage of unleage A: STRACT 3,24,623 10,622 3,673 207,656 of cargo Nature of traffic. etnod. luilage. STURES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS. weight value of EMPIT BOATS, unleage Approxi- Approxi. EXCLUSIVE OF ma'e ma'e. Tonnage of Maunds. | Tons Nat .re of CATEO. 19quin N Tollage. 399,156 | 65,55 11 48 11 Ton 6,987 13,764 251 TOIAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF EMPIT BOATS. Manteds. Tores. LOCAL TRAFFIC. 7,055 385,291 Approxi- Approxi-3,24,623 weight value of 10,622 of cargo. 23 161 207,656 mate No. 5,400 Timber, No. 43 Enpty boats Passenger boats Passengers, No. Total of corresponding month of last year. Bambos, No. Nature of cargo. I Sheil lime ... I Plauks, No. 10 Hemp and jute Water Palkee, No. 1. Miscellaneous Mustard-seed 3 Mate 2 Bricks 16 Vegetables Scene lime Berl-nuts Soorkee Orlcake Finead Number, 102, 2,856 33 5823

PUBLIC WGRKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendraparah Canal for the month of Pebruary 1874.

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Samber of boars.	Nature of cargo.	of cargo.	TOTAL.  RXCLUSIVE OF TONNAGE OF EMPIT BOATS.		.ogsolim m. ']	Tollage.	Number of boats.	Nature of cargo.		*02 to	TOTAL, BECCISIANS OF TOWAGE BUATS. High	is and is a second		Tollage.	shod to redun'S	Nature of cargo.	oulavetsmirorqqA organs to	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF EMPTY BOATS.  Local Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Control Contro	T'on mileage.	To'lage	A umber of boats.	Nature of traffic.	soffits to sufaV	Lotal, exclusive of tonnage of empty hoats.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.
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PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldundah Canal for the month of Pebruary 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-274 MILES.

		ב	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	FFIC.					STORES AND		ERIALS ]	MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	IGATIO	N WOR	KS.				ABSTRACT	ICE.			
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# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Brahminee Division, High Level Canal, for the month of February 1874.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-87 MILES.

. [	1	LOCAL TRAFFIC.	RAFFIC.	-				STORES AND M		ATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.  Total.	OR IRRI	IIGATIC	NW WOR	KS.		-		ABSTRACT	Ei s		
	Weight of cargo.	Weight Value of EMPTY BOALS,  f cargo, Cargo, Maunds, Tons	EXCLUSIVE OF TONKAGE OF EMPTY BOATS. Maunds. Tons.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	o vodminM itra vo algod	Nature of cargo.	Approxi-	Approxi- mate value of cargo.	EXCLUSIVE OF TOMEAGE OF EMPTY BOATS. Mannds. Tons.		Ton mileage.	Tollage.	Number o	Nature of traffic.	Weight of cargo.	Value of clusive of tonnage traffic. of empty boats.	Iotal, ex- clusive of tonnage of empty boats.	Ton milæge.	Tollage,
	Mds.	Rs.			•	Rs. A. P.			Mds.	Rs.				Rs. A. P.			Mds.	Rs.	-		Rs. A. P.
::::::	<i>r</i> 0 ⇔ ⊶ <b>4.</b> €	1,930 1,930 14,930 1,43 1,53 1,53 1,53 1,53 1,53 1,53 1,53 1,5	675 675 743 635 635	00 01 01 01 640 00 00 01 01 640 04 00 00 00 640 04 04 04 04 04 04	2081 2366 281 281 280 301	48888899		Loek gate Wagron Firewood Limestone Soorkee Banboos, No	.:. 430 824 824 824		672 7864 788 624 624	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	768 329 133 133 133	22200	2 % ::	Private mer- chandize Government Stores.	1,907	3,269 0 0 612 0 0 	1933 289 5	2,687}} 6,290} 	3 5 6 142 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5
Provisions Yams Railway spikes Empty Passengers, No. 16	:::		<b>–</b> ř	1 1 0 Cl	27.6 4.6 820.5 451	0 00 00 to	27: 1	So,000 Empty Passenger, No.1	:::: :	% : : : :	2,861	Signature Signature	2,861+3	55 50 50 50 50 50 50	1::::	1:11	:::::	::::	:::1	:: <b>!</b> :	1111
		3,269	6,419		2,59711	37 6 6	[S]		1,078	613	1 12	229-3	5,290,14	142 2 6	88	<u> </u>		3,781 0 0		7,88734	17 971
ponding month of last year.	1,328	3,329	2,196	62	1,051	72 13 6	5 20		2,185	2,390	9,936	366	9,148	128 13 10	88	Accessional and the Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographic Photographi	8,513	6,719 0 0	3	10,199	201 11 8

H. W. Gulliver, Lieut.-Col., B.E., Offg. Joint-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the P. W. D., Irrigation Branck.

The 25th March 1874.

# Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 14th March 1874, on 1581 miles open.

	(	COACHING TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.	Total traffic
	Number of passengers.		Weight carried. Receipts.	recripis.
	,	Rs. A. P. & s. d.	Mds. Srs. Rs. A. P. & s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 10 weeks of half-year	33,909 *214 305,000	25,190 6 0 2,309 2 4 150 2 11 14 11 10 2,33,747 14 3 21,426 16 7	121,336 35 67,438 13 10 6,181 17 1 766 0 426 2 5 39 1 3 1,119,044 13 4,54,103 10 1 43,212 11 1	8,491 0 3 53 13 1 64,639 7 8
Total for 11 weeks COMPARISON.	338,809	2,58,938 4 3 23,735 18 11	1,241,281 8 5,21,542 7 11 49,394 9 0	73,130 7 11
Total for corresponding week of previous year	34,198 219	22,978 0 4 2,106 6 5 146 13 2 13 9 2 2,84,805 9 4 26,107 3 9	186,707 22	5,416 0 8 34 12 2 54,839 17 9

### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st March 1874, on 28 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 11 weeks of half-year Total for 12 weeks	7,565 270 98,929 106 94	c Rs. A. P.  1,102 0 0 39 0 0 13,573 0 0	£ s. d.  110 4 0 3 18 0 1,357 6 0  1,467 10 0	Mds. Srs. 25,044 0 894 0 198,336 0	Rs. A. P.  749 0 0 27 0 0 0,710 0 0  7,459 0 0	£ s. d.  74 18 0 2 14 0 671 0 0	2 s. d. 185 2 0 6 12 0 2,025 6 0  2,213 8 0
COMPARISON.  Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of previous year	7.772	1,200 9 0	120 1 1	30,424 0	809 11 0	89 19 5	210 0 6
	278	42 14 0	4 5 9	1,087 0	32 2 2	3 4 3	7 10 0
	101,610	15,164 2 0	1,516 8 3	339,117 0	10,850 4 0	1,085 0 6	2,601 8 9

## NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st March 1874, on 27; miles open.

	,	Rs. A. P.	£ s, d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,607	1,305 0 0	130 10 0	<b>4,</b> 295 0	394 0 0	39 5 0	169 18 <b>0</b>
Or per mile of railway	50	48 0 0	4 16 0	158 0	14 0 0	1 : 0	6 4 0
For previous 11 weeks of half-year	14,716	10,868 0 0	1,086 16 0	80,502 0	6,215 0 0	621 10 v	1,708 6 0
Total for 12 weeks	16,353	12,173 0 0	1,217 6 0	84,797 0	6,609 0 0	660 18_0	1.878 4 0
Comparison.  Total for corresponding week of	1 000	100110	109 8 0	14 7721 000	1 002 0 0	102 - 0	
previous year  Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	1,677 62	1,281 13 8 47 0 8	128 3 9 4 14 1	14,731 20 540 12	1,223 9 3 44 14 5	122 7 2 4 9 10	250 10 11 9 3 11
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	19,662	15,030 4 4	1,503 0 7	85,875 10	7,065 12 6	706 11 6	2,209 12 1

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st March 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	* £ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week	119,053	1,71,8:5 0 11	15,752 9 4 12 6 1	1,629,989 0	* 6,91,884 9 3 540 8 6	63,422 15 0	79,175 4 4
Or per mile of railway  For previous 10 weeks of half-year	1,072,811	17,30,539 12 9	158,65. 3	15,019,085 20	61,24,408 5 6	49 11 0 588,904 2 0	61 17 1 747,536 18 3
POI (MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOLD IN MICHOL							
total for 11 weeks	1,190.867	19,02,381 13 8	174,385 7	16,619,071 20	71,16,292 14 9	652,326 17 0	826,712 2 7
COMPARISON .							
THE RESIDENCE					۱ ۱		
Fotal for corresponding week of	121,448	1.75.093 2 7	16.041 19 1	788.034 20	3,65,672 4 9	90 710 10 0	
Per mile of railway corresponding	121,435	1,78,000 2 7	10,011 10 1	700,004 20	3,03,072 %	83,519 19 3	49,561 18 4
wask of previous year		136 11 6	12 10 8		285 10 11	26 3 9	38 14 5
Total to corresponding date of pre-	1,319,035	19,63,606 8 4	179,997 5 3	8,978,067 20	44,90,124 2 9	411,594 14 4	591,591 19 7
**************************************		<u> </u>			l		

[•] Rs. 77,886-14-0 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

# EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st March 1874, on 223} miles open.

	•	OACHING TRAFF	IC.	Merchandi	BE AND MINERAL	TRAPPIO.	Total traffic
	Number of passenmers.	Coaching r	eccipts.	Weight carried.	Receip	its.	receipts.
	1	Ra. A. P.	£ 8. d.	Mds. Srs.	Ra. A. P.	£ 8. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week		22,257 1 8 99 9 4 1,84,971 14 8	2,040 4 8 9 2 7 16,955 15 2	143,477 0 986,319 0	* 45,251 9 6 202 7 6 2,77,426 0 3	4,148 1 3 18 11 2 25,430 14 4	6,189 5 11 27 13 9 42,386 9 6
Total for 11 weeks COMPARISON.	62,722	2,07,228 15 6	18,995 19 10	1,129,796 0	3,22,677 9 9	29,578 15 7	48,574 15 5
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway corresponding	. 5,638	18,651 5 4	1,709 14 1	1	21,859 3 6	2,003 15 8	3,713 9 4
Total to corresponding date of previous year	K7 979	83 7 8 1,94,691 15 6	7 13 0 17,846 15 3	1	97 12 10 2,49,750 4 6	8 19 4 22,893 15 6	16 12 4 40,740 10 8

[•] Rs. 7.768-4 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

REGISTERED No. 29.]



# The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 8, 1874

## OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupces per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupces if sent by Post.

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## THE FAMIN . . N BENGAL.

FOURTEENTH SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL, FROM THE 20TH MARCH TO THE 2ND APRIL 1874.

THE weather of the fortnight has been singularly favorable. There has

incipul district he Bardwan	·				1.14
Beerbhoom					0.38
Calcutta		•••			00
Nuddea					0.87
Muldah		•••			0.0
Dinagepore	•••			,	0.0
Ducca					3.49
Sylhet				•••	4.51
Tipperah					2 84
Patna	•••		•••		0.33
Tirhoot			• • •		0.0
Chumparun	•••	•••	***		0.10
Bhagulpore	•	•••	•••		0.0
Lohardugga					0.68

been rain* over a great part of Bengal Proper, where it was wanted for the early rice and for other early crops, and where it has enabled the people to occupy themselves in preparing the ground for the later crops. If, as is often the case in seasons like the present, rain continues to fall in Bengal from time to time during the next three months, all these early crops will do very well, and the early rice (September crop) will make a fair start. In Behar, where

heavy rain would have done harm to the spring crops, very little has fallen,

and the hail which fell in certain limited tracts did but little damage. The in ig crops have thus been for the most part successfully harvested, and the little rain that fell did some good to the cheena (early millet) now in the ground. Now that the wheat, barley, and other spring crops have been nearly reaped, much will depend in Behar on whether we get good rain during April. The unfortunate tracts in Tirhoot which most suffered from the failure of the rice crops having little other crops to reap, still suffer from the continued want of rain, and their water-supply is beginning to fail. The people are now anxiously looking out for rain, not only for the petty crops on the ground, but also for a supply of water and grass, and to enable them to plough the land and sow indigo and some other crops. In Tirhoot the land has been so parched by continuous drought, that without copious rain during the next few weeks preparations for the next crop will be difficult and early sowings impossible.

In Western Bengal there has been little change of prices during the fortnight; in Calcutta, and over the greater part of East-Price of grain. ern Bengal, prices are somewhat easier than they were at the time of last narrative; but there has been a general rise of prices over the Rajshahye Division; in North Behar also common rice has become somewhat dearer during the fortnight. In Monghyr an abundant spring crop has brought prices The price of wheat, barley, maize, and other staples has not grown dearer during the fortnight, and the comparative steadiness of the price of these grains is some makeweight against the rise in the price of rice. The returns furnished by the Chamber of Commerce show that, on the 27th March, the price of rice had fallen about 3 per cent. in Calcutta; but for the rest of the fortnight prices were steady though the demand was limited. The price-currents for the two weeks will be found at enclosure No. 2. The present quotations for some of the principal districts compare with the prices of rice shown in preceding narratives as follows:-

Number of seers of common rice sold for a rupee.

		Ón 31st Jan.	On 28th Feb.	On 14th March.	On 28th March.
Burdwan		14	131	13	131
${f Beerbhoom}$		123	121	13 <del>1</del>	$13\frac{1}{4}$
Hooghly		11 to 12 1	1½ to 12½ 1.	1 to 12 i 12	to 13
Calcutta	•••	12 <del>1</del>	12 <del>[</del>	121	13
Dinagepore	•••	$13\frac{7}{4}$	14	123	103
Maldah	•••	11 <del>3</del>	12	12	9 į
Rungpore		111	111	11 <del> </del>	111
Dacca		16	14	12	13
Backergunge		161	15	16	16
Chittagong	• • •	18	161	13	$16\frac{1}{2}$
Noakhally	• • •	17 <del>1</del>	13	13	15
Patna		12	$13\frac{1}{2}$	13	12
Shahabad	• • •	13	$12\frac{1}{2}$	12‡	12 <del>3</del>
Tirhoot	• • •	10	10	9 🖟	8 <u>i</u>
Chumparun	• • •	113	<b>1</b> l	12	10 <u>‡</u>
Bhagulpore		125	113	$13\frac{3}{4}$	111 - ~
Lohardugga		$15\frac{1}{2}$	16	15	14
Maunbhoom		15	147	14	141

Other grains, maize, pulses, commonly used in Behar, were selling by the latest returns at from 13 to 14 seers per rupee in Tirhoot, 13 seers in Chumparun, 16 to 17 seers in Sarun, and 18 to 20 seers in Patna.

3. There is little to add to what was said in last narrative regarding the outturn of the spring crops. The harvest has been very good so far as it goes, and from more than one district it has been reported that the ears of wheat and barley are fuller than was expected. The early spring rice is 'doing well, and so also is the early millet (cheena) up to the present date. The reports of the last fortnight unfortunately give no ground for hoping that the spring crops of North Tirhoot will be fuller than was expected at 'the time of the last narrative. North Tirhoot and a small strip of North Chumparun are the only Behar tracts wherein the spring crops have not contributed largely to help the people through the difficulties of the present season. From two districts of East Bengal report was received that the heavy rain of the 23rd March had, to some extent, retarded

agriculture. But subsequent open weather has remedied any temporary difficulty of this kind, and the early crops all promise well. The April crop of mulberry leaves, and the outturn of silk during that month, promise to be unusually good. In parts of Midnapore, Rajshahye, Moorshedabad, Beerbhoom, and some other districts, the April silk crop is of much importance to the ryots. The crop of mhowa flower, which in the wilder parts of the country to the west forms a large part of the food of the poor during April and May, promises to be good everywhere except in a part of the Sonthal Pergunnals.

The supply of grain in the principal local markets at the prices quoted is sufficient, except in parts of Tirhoot, Chumparun, Purneah, Rungpore, and Palamow; from one Supply of grain. or two places it is reported that people who went to buy their weekly supply of rice at the nearest bazar had to come back without it. But, on the whole, the local supplies of grain are maintained wonderfully well. Even in part of Tirhoot, where there was not more than one-eighth of an average autumn crop, and where there has been hardly any spring harvest at all, the chief entrepôts had plenty of grain, and the local markets are fairly well supplied, an active petty trade having been hitherto maintained, and supplies brought up from the Ganges and the railway. In several places where the Government grain stores were opened to the work-people or to the public, comparatively little of the Government grain was purchased; indeed, it is only in North Chumparun and a part of Purneah and in Tirhoot on the works that any considerable quantities of Government grain are being sold, either to work-people or to the public, through the local dealers. From some of the tracts in Tirhoot through which Government grain is being most largely carried, fears have been expressed lest the private supplies in the bazars should run short, because dealers are unable to replenish their stores from outside owing to want of carriage. divisional Officer of Tajpore, through whose jurisdiction are carried the supplies of grain for North Tirhoot, writes :- "I am anxious about the bazar supplies; the contractors from Chumpta Ghat have lately taken to using pack animals.

* * I do not know how this great importing sub-division has been hitherto supplied, with nearly all its carts drawn off to feed those tracts which usually export to it; but of this I am certain, that, if pack-bullocks are also taken up, the bazar supplies must fail "Results like this cannot, in view of the great operations Government have undertaken, be altogether avoided; but the local officers have been desired to do all they can to mitigate the evil, and they have been especially prohibited from using any sort of compulsion to bring into

Government service the pack animals employed on the private trade.

5. There is still no considerable import of grain on private account from beyond sea. But into some of the distressed districts grain still flows briskly from other parts of India. The Sarun district continues to receive supplies from outside, much of which comes down the Ghogra river from Oudh. Rungpore, Bogra, Rajshairye and Maldah are supplied to a considerable extent from East Bengai, but of the amount of these supplies Government has no precise statistics. The

import of private grain by railway into Behar was-

From the North-Western Provinces and Punjab ... ... 17,928 tons, for the fortnight ending the 21st March;

From Calcutta and places in Bengal ... ... 7,737 ditto ditto.

Total ... 25,665 tons during the fortnight, or a daily importation of 1,833 tons of private grain into Behar. The greater part of this large quantity is consigned to Patna Station, where there was a considerable block of the traffic during the fortnight, the railway stations being insufficiently provided with the necessary facilities for so large a traffic. Active steps have been taken to remedy this difficulty, and it is hoped that it has been met.

The grain thus imported has hitherto found its way by various petty:

channels into many parts of Behar both north and south of the river.

- 6. In last narrative it was stated that there was much grain waiting in the Punjab to come down into the famine districts. During the fortnight under report the railway officer deputed to inquire into the matter by the Government of India has furnished his report. He finds that 23,580 tons of grain are waiting on the station premises of the Punjab Railway for means of transport to Benares and Behar. The chief adviser of the Punjab Government in railway matters believes that four times as much more grain is stored in bazars and serais, waiting for waggons to carry it down to the distressed tracts. The Consulting Engineer to the Government of India reports that, before the end of March, a fixed and uniform despatch of 1,250 tons of grain from the Punjab to the famine districts ought to be considered a certainty. The difference between the prices of grain in the Punjab and Behar is so great that the profits on the traffic are large; and the Railway officer who conducted the enquiry reports that, under present circumstances, "it is absolutely certain that the supply of private grain to the railway will continue fully equal to its carrying power;" while it is clear that no "room can be found for Government grain transport without interfering with private trade."
  - 7. The usual note on the movement of food-grains will be found at Appendix A, in which will be found a statement furnished by the Collector of Customs putting

the total export of food-grain from Bengal by sea for the five months from October to end of February, at 173,161 tons. (and this figure may be finally accepted as correct,)

The authorised figures for the exports of the month of March have not yet been received. But, it is certain that the exports from Calcutta and Chittagong have much diminished. From the Orissa ports the exports continue to be moderate. So far as advices have been received, the exports of food-grains from Bengal for the month of March amount in round numbers to about 16,500 tons; so that the total export of food from Bengal during the six months ending on the 31st March will be about 190,000 tons. The Lieutenant-Governor some time back expressed his belief that the exports up to April would be from 150,000 to 200,000 tons. A recent report states that a fresh demand for the Mauritius is shortly expected in Calcutta, while something more may go from Orissa, so that it is not unlikely that the total will not fall far short of the larger figure named by the Lieutenant-Governor.

8. The district narratives (enclosures Nos. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8) show that, with the one exception of Tirhoot, to be noticed more fully below, the condition of the people is decidedly good and hopeful, indeed, this feature is so prominent in the narratives that it may well be the subject of much thankfulness. The accounts of North Chumparun, where, next after North Tirhoot, the famine is wrong show that by relief works, by selling Government grain, by advancist, grain, and by means of a thorough system of charitable and medical relief, distress is being arrested and relieved; and, for the present at any rate, the Lieutenant-Governor feels confident that the Government agency and means on the spot will suffice to meet the famine. In other districts where distress had threatened actual famine has not yet appeared, and the local officers seem quite confident that their preparations are sufficiently advanced to meet distress when it comes; and it seems also that the people, though they expect scarcity and very high prices, believe that with the help of Government they will get through their difficulties. From Dinagepore the Magistrate writes that "prices are rising," and "the supply of grain is becoming exhausted;" but "there is wonderfully little distress among the people," * * " and it is beyond question that the commencement of relief operations and consequent diffusion of money throughout the country, as soon as there was any apprehension of searcity, has enabled the people to meet it with confidence and vigour." From Maldah and Bogra it is reported

that the condition of the people has not changed for the worse. parts of Sarun it is reported that there is no general distress, as all the poorer classes are on the relief works, while professional beggars and persons unable to work are receiving charitable relief. From Monghyr it is reported "that the condition of the people has improved since the rubbee harvest commenced." No general distress has been reported from North Bhagulpore; and the latest telegraphic report from that tract is, "condition of general population satisfactory." The Purneah Magistrate writes: "I have not seen or heard of any cases of actual starvation, but the number of cases of distress is increasing, and would have been much larger but for the relief afforded by the Government road and by relief committees." In South Behar there is at present no distress. The latest report from the Sonthal Pergunnahs is that "the people look well everywhere," though in parts the supply of grain is expected soon to fall short. days back alarming reports were received about a small tract in Hazareebagh; but subsequent reports written after the District Officer had visited the spot are reassuring, and it is stated that the local distress which had appeared has been met. In West Bengal, regarding which densely-peopled and to some extent poverty-stricken tract the Lieutenant-Governor has all along been anxious, there are no present signs of probable general distress.

9. There is one large exception to the general condition of affairs described in the next foregoing paragraph, and that is the north-eastern portion of the Tirhoot district, where the poorer classes have, in the last month, come upon the relief works in enormous numbers, now, it is believed, approaching to half a million in all,

who are receiving relief in some shape.

At the time when the last narrative was despatched, the Lieutenant-Governor was in Tirhoot personally superintending the organisation of relief measures there. He subsequently visited some more of the distressed circles, and saw the circle officers posted and at work personally instructing them. He then crossed to Patna, where he again consulted with the Commissioner and settled some points with Sir Richard Temple, whom he had asked to meet him there. He saw and instructed some more of the officers sent down from the North-Western Provinces, and completed the arrangements for officering the distressed circles of North Behar, after which he returned to Calcutta.

10. The result of the Lieutenant-Governor's further inquiries in Tirhoot Position of affairs when the Lieutenant-Governor left Tirhoot.

do not materially differ from those stated in the last narrative. As there stated, it is feared that some cases of starvation to a greater or less degree have occurred among a few old people who did not come to relief works or relief centres in time, and perhaps in greater numbers among young children who have suffered from bad and deficient nourishment, while the parents were living on scanty food, though not starving. But all accounts agree that nowhere has distress been so great as in the Bahera thana of Durbhunga, to which allusion has already been made—there only have the symptoms of severe distress been prominent, elsewhere the cases have been very rare and isolated. The Lieutenant-Governor repeats his hope and belief that the progress of distress has now been stayed. Very few deaths have been reported as directly due to starvation, not more than ten or twelve in all. The Government of India having asked the Lieutenant-Governor's

personal opinion on this point, it was given as follows: -

"In times of scarcity and the early stages of famine it is totally impossible to distinguish deaths accelerated by scarcity and bad food from natural deaths. He has not the least doubt that among a very poor and helpless population, such as exists in North Tirhoot, many people die when food is dear, who would not die, or would not die so soon, if it were cheap. He believes that there have not been deaths from direct starvation among healthy adults; but, from what he saw of the people about Bahera and some of those on the works near Durbhunga, he fears that among such a population a good many old, weakly, and sick people must have succumbed to insufficient nourishment. Similarly, as before mentioned, many young children are much emaciated, even when their parents are not so. The Lieutenant Governor does not believe

that the parents starve the children to feed themselves, but only that the children are first affected by stanty and bad fare. This result is much aggravated by the native habit of nursing children for two or three years. A child so nursed suffers much when the mother fares indifferently, and the food for the child fails. The Lieutenant-Governor has already explained the extreme difficulty of saving such children, owing to the unwillingness of the parents to bring them to our hospitals and poor-houses. He himself saw the emaciated children carefully fed with milk at the temporary hospital which he arranged at Bahera, but the mothers strongly resisted staying there in spite of every concession and arrangement that could be made. Under such circumstances the Lieutenant-Governor cannot but fear that many children of a weak and sickly Similarly, he believes that some old and infirm people die on character die. account of scanty food. He is happy, however, to say that so far as he saw and can learn, it is only in the part near Bahera that want has reached the point that many people are emaciated and the weakly-must in some numbers die. Every attention is now being given to improve matters there."

The view expressed in the foregoing extract is much borne out by the narratives received since this expression of Recent reports of deaths. opinion was submitted. In the Tirhoot narrative (enclosure No. 3) will be found mention of reported cases of starvation, into which inquiry was made by European officers, e.g., the body of an old man in the Hatti relief circle of Durbhanga, who was said to have died from starvation, "was in a state of extreme emaciation;" yet "the son of the deceased did not show any signs of suffering from want of food." In a village of Mudhoobunnee three males were reported to have died from starvation, but inquiry on the spot showed that two of the deceased "were children of a widower who was himself in a state of rude and well-nourished health." In the Rungpore narrative (enclosure No. 5) the Magistrate writes: "There was a report received of a death from starvation in one part of this thannah, and I went to the spot two days ago, but the case was that of an old woman of 80 years of age who died from disease." It is, the Lieutenant-Governor fears, a fact that occasionally poor creatures come on to the relief works in Tirhoot in a very reduced state; but on all the works except perhaps in Bahera the great majority of the people are in tolerably good condition; and when deaths occur, it is not possible always to say whether they are due, in whole or in part, to starvation. It may be confidently stated as a fact that up to this time the mortality from any causes among the great number of people collected on the roads, &c., in Tirhoot is singularly small. Indeed, seeing the great numbers and the wretched physical character of many of the old and weakly a population in the best of times there must be deaths of old and reduced The district narratives (enclosures Nos. 3-8) sufficiently show that all Government officers in the distressed districts are very keenly alive to the obligation which lies upon them to save life and to arrest famine however and whenever they can.

While it is hoped that actual starvation has been stayed (unless it be in rare instances which escape all our care), our Measures taken in North Tirhoot. difficulties in regard to the employment of the people have been much increased in Tirhoot since the last narrative, that is to say, there has been a rush of people to the works in the Mudhoobunnee subdivision in enormous numbers, still greater than that which the Lieutenant-Governor found in Durbhunga; so much so, that the total numbers have approached a quarter of a million in the Mudhoobunnee sub-division according to the last statements received. It is feared, however, that there has been a good deal of peculation and misstatement in regard to the numbers, which are certainly so large that, coming so suddenly, it is most difficult to deal with Mr. Metcalfe has energetically undertaken this task, and it is believed successfully. A large addition has been made to the Public Works stuff of the locality,—the very best officers being selected and taken from other duties. While the people who come to the works in Mudhoobunnee are so numerous, hey are not at all so reduced as some of those who come to Durbhunga from he neighbourhood of Bahera, but are generally still strong and healthy, cases of

great want and emaciation being very exceptional indeed. It appears that while the population now in the northern tracts of the sub-division are comparatively well off, the whole of the poorer population of those tracts have left their homes and flocked, together with those of the southern portion, to the network of roads near Mudhoobunnee, so that some 130,000 are collected in a small circumference. Mr. Metcalfe found some of them who were in perfectly good condition, but who had tasted of the lax state of things, inevitable when a few among them were in great want, were somewhat inclined to resist any strict counting and due apportionment of work. But he has brought them to order, and done all that can be done meantime. When the Public Works staff is complete as jt will be immediately, and the able-bodied are put on great works under proper discipline, while the weaker are provided for in their own villages, it is hoped that things will settle down into good shape.

Having made immediate arrangements for Mudhoobunnee, Mr. Metcalfe has returned to the Durbhunga sub-division, where he Latest intelligence from the spot. reports that the southern relief circles are now working well and in good order, while the other circles are also being put in good Mr. Metcalfe telegraphs on the 31st March, thus:—"In a ride from Bahera through the worst parts, and in a circuit of twenty miles, I did not find a person without a ticket for relief or uncared for." In a letter just received, Mr. Metcalfe says: "Lists of all persons on charity have been made out, and as far as I can judge most honestly, by the village Putwarries. Grain has been placed in the hands of the Jeyt ryots, and in the scores of villages where I went, the most wretched are being fed at their homes by their headmen. We have also hit off a solution of the labour difficulty, viz., that the weak and incapable have been formed into small gangs, and each gang is required to do the same amount as one able-bodied man. The villagers have taken to this piece-work arrangement, and it will save Government much loss from cheating. I am working almost entirely through local men, with here and there an exception. The Bahera road is still the difficulty. Many of the villagers have returned to their homes, of the others some are going; others adhere to the earth-work on the The gangs have been organised into numbers of 1,200, and several gangs placed under a Jemadar of one of the Cavalry Regiments, and this arrangement enables us to count the men with little or no difficulty. a great improvement in the appearance of the classes, and I can see nowhere famished persons who are not in some way receiving charitable relief. As regards food the villagers now have no fear, water is their chief anxiety. I see but little water in the wells. The tanks are dry save the very largest, and unless we have rain, there will be a great scarcity of water. Your instructions regarding relief in the town through native residents have been carried out."

The Lieutenant-Governor trusts he may believe that the difficulties in Durbhunga and Mudhoobunnee have been met, and that we are now well ahead of the famine there as elsewhere. Already upwards of 12,000 persons are returned as receiving charitable relief in the Durbhunga sub-division.

Mrs. Metcalfe has taken charge of the poor people and orphans in a large enclosure fitted up for them at Durbhunga, and most of these poor people are said to be getting quite fat.

In Sectamurhee things continue to be more favorably situated, and the

numbers on our hands are not excessive, about 40,000 in all.

In the three northern sub-divisions, Mr. Metcalfe states that the whole number on the works, or otherwise receiving relief, is about 400,000, and he hopes that we have reached nearly the maximum that we may expect on our hands in that part of the country. It seems hardly possible that the number in Mudhoobunnee can be very greatly increased (one-third of the population are already on the roads), but it is impossible to be confident that in other sub-divisions the number may not much increase. In tracts where the spring harvest now occupies the people, we must expect, not improbably, a large addition to the number on the works between the completion of the harvest and the commencement of the rains.

The Tirhoot narrative enclosure No. 3), speaks as if general distress might be imminent in parts of the head-quarter sub-division of Tirhoot. A subsequent

letter, however, from the Magistrate of the district, written after visiting the villages named in the narrative, says that the description there given was "exaggerated, and no extreme distress is apparent or expected."

The Lieutenant-Governor issued various orders in brief form during Orders issued by the Lieutenant-Governor on Tirhoot affairs. his visit to Tirhoot. Since his return to Calcutta he Governor on Tirhoot affairs. has embodied these in a Note, setting forth the order which he gave and the views which he formed during his visit. This Note is attached (Appendix C), and to it the Lieutenant-Governor begs to refer for an explanation of his proceedings and the measures which he has adopted.

At paragraph 17 of the last narrative it was mentioned that Sir Richard Temple had visited the Purneah and Sir Richard Temple's tour. Dinagepore districts, and his report on Purneah was then submitted, as also his estimate of the grain requirements of Dinagepore. His final minute No. 50 regarding Dinagepore was not received till after the despatch of the last narrative. It is now appended (Appendix D). The Lieutenant-Governor is happy to find that Sir Richard Temple's report, after inspecting the local arrangements, is altogether favorable, and justifies the belief that the arrangements, both to transport the grain and to give relief wherever it may appear, are very good and satisfactory. Sir Richard Temple has done all that was necessary to complete and systematise these arrangements, both for the Dinagepore district and for the Rajshahye Division generally. In company with the Relief Commissioner and the local officers, he marched through the districts of Rungpore and Bogra; he again visited Dinagepore; he has been to Maldah; and, before concluding his review of affairs in the Rajshahye Division, he conferred with the Commissioner, Mr. Molony, at Rajmehal. His minutes regarding Rungpore, Bogra, and Maldah, and the Rajshahyo Division generally, Nos. 47, 48, 51, 53, 51, and 52, with his second letter on the subject, and the Government orders issued thereupon, will be found in Appendix E. Sir Richard recommended some additions to the grain allotments of these districts, but it may be said that in regard to the Rajshahye Division as a whole, his reports are very favorable and creditable to the Commissioner and Additional Commissioner, to Mr. Lowis, Magistrate of Dinagepore, and to the local officers generally. It is matter for congratulation that Sir Richard was able to express himself as thoroughly satisfied with the conduct of the Rajshahye officers and with the forwardness of their preparations.

Sir Richard Temple, after meeting the Lieutenant-Governor at Patna and visiting Allahabad to arrange further about reserve carriage, conferred with the Commissioner and the Magistrates of Shahabad and Gya, and settled the allotment of grain for those districts. On his way down he again visited Bhagulpore and settled the grain allotment for the Sonthal Pergunnahs and Monghyr. Sir Richard Temple's Minutes on these subjects, and also those regarding the organization of a reserve transport train, will be found

in Appendices F and G.

will have been seen from previous narratives that the Lieutenant-Governor has warmly acknowledged the good service which Sir R. Temple has done for the Government of Bengal by visiting the distressed districts, by conferring with local officers of all grades, by ascertaining what was required, by informing the local Government, by giving the necessary orders, and by seeing that both his orders and those of Government were obeyed. Sir George Campbell would again repeat his most cordial acknowledgments of Sir Richard Temple's services.

Sir Richard Temple has now submitted minutes clearly summarising the present transport and relief arrangements in the three distressed divisions, Patna, Bhagulpore, and Rajshahye. These will be separately submitted to the Government of India, with a note showing the whole of the allotments of grain, and giving a general review of the Transport arrangements. transport arrangements and their working. Here it will suffice to say that the total allotment of grain to the distressed districts amount up to date to 381,819 tons. It only remains to consider whether any further allotments must be made to the western districts of

the Burdwan and Chota Nagpore Divisions, but it is not expected that the

demands for these districts will be very large. The distressed parts of Chota Nagpore are those which are most accessible, and Burdwan is very accessible. Seeing how favorably the season promises so far, the Lieutenant-Governor has no doubt that with these large allotments, and a certain reserve in case of

surprise in any quarter, a very ample provision has been made.

The carriage arrangements are now, as a whole, working very well indeed, and there is every prospect that the full quantities allotted will be conveyed to, and stored in, the distressed districts in very good time. It was at one time feared that the local carriage would scarcely keep pace with the supply sent up by the railway. Now the difficulty is the other way, i.e., we can hardly send by railway enough to supply the local carriage. It is hoped, however, that arrangements now made will suffice to get up the whole supply in time. The only serious difficulty is in regard to the supply of North-Eastern Tirhoot, to which so much as 32 lakhs of maunds, or 117,000 tons, have been allotted, and where the carriage has, so far, fallen short of our expectations. But the Durbungah Railway is progressing admirably, and most opportunely comes to aid us in carrying grain to Durbungah, to which a temporary line of rail will be open this month. The Government is now sanguine that if the traffic lines are not interrupted before 15th June, the supply for Tirhoot will be completed by that time. If the rains come in prematurely, the distress will, it may be hoped, be so much curtailed, and the water routes will be opened. The latest figures and facts regarding grain transport seem to make it certain that if no very unforeseen mischance occur, the allotments to all the other districts will be stored some time before the dates mentioned for the completion of the Tirhoot allotment, many of them long before. Only a portion of the additional allotment lately made to the Rajshahye Division may be stored in the waterside depôts for distribution when the rains clear the channels.

At Appendix K will be found copies of the Lieutenant-Governor's instructions to Commissioners regarding the distribution of grain during the rains, and his orders, deputing a special officer. Mr. Wickes, C.E., to enquire into the best means of utilising the water-ways of the distressed districts from the 1st July.

The transport arrangements of Purneah and North Bhagulpore have been organised by Mr. Hankey with remarkable ability and success, and are working exceedingly well. In Appendix II will be found two reports showing what

Mr. Hankey has done.

The despatches of Government grain from Calcutta to the famine districts amounted (see Appendix B) during the fortnight under review to 10,50,936 maunds (38,705) The total despatches of Government grain to, and receipts in, the distressed districts up to the 31st March amount to 209,913 tons, out of which 131,765 tons had reached their final destination up to the date of the latest The daily despatches by the East Indian Railway fell, owing to the insufficiency of railway waggons, as low as 1,437 tons and 1,185 tons during the beginning of the fortnight. In consequence of these short despatches, inconvenience was caused at the Purneah and North Bhagulpore riverside depôts, where a powerful stream of carts had been arranged, and where the reserves of grain were very soon exhausted. Since the 26th March, however, the average rate of despatches has been hept as high as 2,479 tons per day, a quantity very little below the maximum which the Government of India desires should be sent daily. The Railway Company have allotted a sufficient number of wagons to work the Government grain traffic only; these wagons, if unloaded promptly at the Behar stations, will come back empty, and thus maintain a constant steady traffic of Government grain. The East Indian Railway have also promised to give the Government grain at Howrah priority of despatch over ordinary goods; the ground for such a concession is that a regular stream of Government grain to Behar is necessary to enable the Government to transport its full allotment into the interior before the rainy season, and to be in a position to save the lives of the people who may be expected to be on its hands. The Lieutenant-Governor only trusts that these arrangements will not interfere with the despatch of private grain, remembering as he does that after all that Government has done for the

worst districts, there still remain many districts where there has been much

failure of crops which must greatly rely on private importation.

The Eastern Bengal Railway has been able to send away daily to Kooshtea and Goalundo all the grain which the Government required to send; the average despatches by that line during the fortnight have been somewhat over 1,000 tons per day.

18. The fortnightly returns of persons employed on relief works under officers of the Public Works Department will be found at enclosure No. 10. But this return does not always show the numbers employed on works under the Court of Wards or on works under local agency of many kinds. As has been already said, the number of people employed, or perhaps, more strictly, relieved, on the works in North Tirhoot has increased enormously. Compared with the figures given in last narrative (paragraph 28) the figures stand thus, and even the figures given had been somewhat exceeded by the last accounts:—

	ď		Last fortnight.	Fortnight under report.
Patna Division			231 219	539,353
Soane Canal works	•••		29,589	31,289
Gunduk embankments		•••	25,615	28,834
Bhagulpore Division (inclus	sive of Kurr	uckpore	•	
works)		•	22,800	51,4:30
Rajshahye Division	•••		54,832	82,586
Burdwan Division, Nudden,	Chota Nagp	ore, and		
Cooch Behar			19,219	22,000
Northern Bengal Railway	•••	•••	7,000	12,000
	Total	•••	393 304	767,492

It will be seen that the numbers employed have increased considerably in other parts of the country besides Tirhoot. In regard to the management of these enormous numbers of work people, the utilization of their labor, and in regard to their punctual payment, the Lieutenant-Governor would invite attention to paragraphs 11-24 of his Note on Tirhoot affairs (Appendix C). Effort has been made, and will still be made, to disperse them to their homes as soon as possible, and to relieve them there. Meanwhile, every nerve is strained to supply professional supervision of all grades, to send up competent clerks of works, to educe local agency for supervision, and to manage the pay-disbursement business to the best interests both of the Government and of the work-people. Since the last narrative was submitted four additional Engineer Officers, and as many as forty additional subordinates, have been ordered to, or have arrived in, the famine districts. Major Trevor, R.E., has been deputed as Additional Chief Engineer to inspect, direct, and advise upon relief works, in concert with local Engineers and civil officers, with instructions, for which see Appendix K.

19. In the Mudhoobunnee division, where nearly a quarter of a million were on the works by last accounts, the present relief works can hardly last more than four weeks, for the people seem to dislike tank work, and to rush upon the road works. In this direction the Railway Engineers were already prospecting for the best alignment for a North Behar Railway, to run from Durbhunga eastwards; and the Government of a dia, in view of the enormous quantity of available labor, has been pleased to anction the Engineers' beginning the railway on the best line which they can, in communication with the local civil officers, finally agree upon. If the survey or reconnoisance is far enough advanced to make such beginning practicable, very excellent and useful work will have been provided for the famine-stricken laberers of Mudhoobunnee. Happily, Mr. Stevens, the Superintending Engineer of the Durbhunga Raj property, knows the country well, and has surveyed most of it for the roads now under construction. The selection of a line for a railway in a hurry will therefore be less hazardous than it might otherwise be in a country where the maps are nearly thirty years old.

20. The average daily number of laborers on the Soane Canal works has

risen during the fortnight to 31,282, as compared with 29,589, as shown in last narrative. The Executive Engineers report that, at the present season, they cannot procure

as many local laborers as they require, inasmuch as people can earn from 3½ to 4 annas a day in harvesting. People on the works consume, for the most, the cheaper grains, which they buy locally. Coarse rice can be had from local dealers on the works at 12 seers per rupee. At one place only was there a demand for Government grain, and there one bag of Burmah rice was issued and was taken readily. The number of work-people on the Gunduk Embankments has risen to 28,834, as against 25,615 shown in the last narrative. Most of the people are doing petty task-work; they draw their supplies of maize mainly from the local markets. The people are strong and able to work; only a few come to the works in a reduced state, and receive gratuitous relief for a time from the Engineers.

21. The numbers of work-people on the Northern Bengal Railway are increasing; about the 15th March there were 9,000 laborers on the railway bank, besides about 3,000 on the feeder roads. The earth-work completed was equal to a bank 24 miles long and 4 feet high. On the southern section, where the bank is heaviest, but few laborers had yet applied for work, but they were beginning to come in larger numbers. The Engineer-in-Chief is very anxious to complete the railway bank from Julpigoree down to the Ganges this season, and he is arranging to import laborers from other distressed districts. The Magistrate of Bogra also has been instructed to send over for work upon the railway any distressed people of his district who may be willing to take work away from their homes.

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Durbhunga is 44 miles; on 28½ miles of this length the rails had been laid, and the principal bridge was expected to be completed at once. The Engineer-in-Chief expected to lay two miles of rails a day, to complete the remaining bridges, and to be able to run an engine into Durbhunga by the middle of April. From the first of the present month the railway was to carry a certain amount of grain daily as far as Nagurbustee, two-thirds of the distance from the Ganges to Durbhunga, and soon after the 15th the railway will, it is expected, carry 800 tons of grain daily into Durbhunga. The Government of India has provided that rolling stock shall be ready on the new line in sufficient quantity to carry 800 tons a day, and arrangements are in train for unloading the wagons at stations and starting it off to the depôts on carts.

It has been explained in previous narratives that, in order to carry out the relief system contemplated by the "instruc-Charitable Relief. tions" issued by the Government of India, the larger sub-divisions have been sub-divided, and each relief sub-division is parcelled out into circles. Over each circle is placed a competent officer who has to direct and—control charitable relief at each village of his circle. The circle Attached to each circle is a officer is aided by one, two, or more assistants. famine hospital and a native doctor; and it is the duty of the circle officer and his assistant to visit every village in the circle at least once a week, to prepare lists of the people who require relief in every village, and to see that relief is given in one form or another to every person who requires it. The worst districts, Tirhoot, Chumparun, Dinagepore, Maldah, and Rungpore, and parts of Bhagulpore, Purneah, and Monghyr, have been thus parcelled out into circles; and every circle in each of these districts is manned, and the relief system has been thoroughly and systematically begun. Below the circle officers are employed the indigenous village agency of village headmen, village accountants, and village police, as explained in the Lieutenant-Governor's note (Appendix C, paragraphs 2-7). As has been stated in a previous paragraph (13) the Additional Commissioner of North Behar, writing from the worst part of Durbhunga, says that in a circuit of twenty miles he did not find a person unrelieved or uncared for. Mr. Howe's account (see the last paper in enclosure No. 3) of the relief arrangements in North Chumparun shows that throughout Ramnuggur the administration of charitable relief in the relief circles is now in good working order, and the people are kept from starving.

24. The numbers of people in receipt of daily charitable relief in one form on another are, according to the latest information—

Name of district.	Name of sub-division.		Numbers receiving relief.		
OI.	Bottiah	• • •	• • •	4,350 1,400	
Chumparun	} Ramnuggur	• • •	• • •	333	
	Head-quarters		• • •		
Tirhoot	Durbhunga	• • •		12,082	
	Seetamurhee	• • •	• • • •	5,221	
	Sectamurhee Mudhoobunnee	•••		570 .	
	\ Head-quarters			265	
Sarun	•••			36	
Gya				192	
Shahabad				13	
Bhagulpore	Soopool		• • •	1,300	
• -	··· { Muddehpoora	• • •		1 000	
Monghyr	•••			1,603	
Purueah	***	• • •		2,554 (besides 1,500 privately relieved).	
Maldah	•••			240	
Bogra				660	
Rungpore				4,000	
Dinagepore	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • •	458	
	Т	otal		35,345	

In North Chumparun, Dinagepore, and parts of Purneah, only has Government grain been sold to the public any Sales of Government grain. considerable extent. To the people on the works the grain has been sold in Tirhoot and also in parts of Bhagulpore. From Ramnuggur, in North Chumparun, only have full accounts of these sales and their results been received. Mr. Howe, the Sub-Divisional Officer, writes thus:-"Since the 12th March sales of Government grain to the public have "rice to the public have commenced, and by the 21st, the date up to which this " reports extends, 365 maunds, 25 seers, 12 chittacks had been disposed of, and "Rs. 1,269-10 realized. The precautions taken to prevent its getting into the "hands of monopolists were these: 1st, the rice was sold in small quantities, the " smallest that could be considered wholesale, generally 3 bags, and to as many " petty traders as possible. A few of the more substantial dealers, four in number, "received 7 bags (about 14 maunds each). A proclamation was issued several "times (especially on market days) informing the public that Government rice "would be retailed by certain dealers at 112 seers per rupee, and every oppor-"tunity of making this widely known was taken. I also took an agreement from each dealer in writing to the effect that he should only sell retail in "the town of, and at the bazars round, Ramnuggur at 111 seers per rupee, and "in not larger quantities than 5 seers to any one person. A few also agreed "to retail on our roads around Ramnuggur to our coolies. Finally, I took the "greatest care, through my establishment and in person, to watch the working "of the measure and prevent abuses. I feel convinced that the grain thus sold "has circulated freely among the people in the manner intended by Government. "Every shop where Government rice is sold is surrounded by eager purchasers, "and no measure we have taken (not even the advances to ryots, which was "very popular) has tended so completely to restore the confidence of the people. Villagers from 8 to 10 miles come in on bazar days, and the "rice is rapidly sold." Sales conducted after this fashion through the local dealers will, it is hoped, not restrain trade, or prevent such private importations as may be coming in. In the Lieutenant-Governor's Note (Appendix C) it is sufficiently explained that private trade was active, and private supplies were tolerably abundant, even in the worst parts of Tirhoot.

26. In the Chumparun and Purneah districts advances of money and grain to substantial ryots have been begun. In Sarun, Tirhoot, Rungpore, Maldah, Bhagulpore, and Monghyr, very considerable sums have been advanced to zemindars in order that they may help their ryots. The advances of grain made direct to ryots,

have been made by the relief circle officers on the security of the ryot's holding or other security. At paragraphs 41-46 of the Lieutenant-Governor's Note on Tirhoot affairs (Appendix C) the subject of advances to ryots is discussed and it is pointed out that there are considerable classes of ryots who will not work on roads, and who yet will require advances of grain to carry them through the coming season. Sir George Campbell has desired all officers to make advances to ryots as far as possible on the security of zemindars, middlemen, or head ryots; and looking to the very great importance of this advance question, he has suggested that villages in the worst tracts be classified according to the manner in which it will be necessary to make advances to ryots. Now that the Relief Circle Agency is getting into full working order, the Lieutenant-Governor has good hope that this business of advancing grain to ryots on the best available security will be properly dealt with during the next two months.

During his recent tour Sir Richard Temple had recommended that application be made to the Madras and Bombay Medical staff for the famine districts. Governments for twenty additional Native Doctors to help in the medical relief required in the famine districts. The orders of the Bengal Government on that Minute show that, up to the present date, 102 Native Doctors have been indented for on behalf of the famine districts; and the Surgeon-General has made available 105 Native Doctors for the duty from the Bengal Presidency. Out of this number from 50 to 70 Native Doctors had reached the famine districts before the end of March, and the rest were on their way. Sufficient stocks of medicines and other necessaries packed in small boxes have been sent to each famine district, so that the Relief Circle hospitals may be found with all fitting drugs and appliances. In case further indents should be made for medical aid, the offer of the Government of India to send for additional native doctors from Madras and Bombay has been accepted. For the supervision of the relief hospitals an additional European medical officer has been sent to each of the sub-divisions in North Tirhoot, and another for North Chumparun. Preparations are thus being made to meet and relieve disease among the famine stricken people. Up to the present date there has most providentially been no epidemic among the people on the relief works or at the chief grain routes, or at the great depôts. There was a little cholera at one time on the grain route to Ghoraghat in Dinagepore through Bogra; but it lasted only for a few days and has disappeared. Diarrhea is said to be prevalent among the people on one length of the Chumparun embankment. If immunity from epidemic continues among the enormous crowds on the relief works till they are dispersed, it will be a very great blessing.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Sccy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, .

The 2nd April 1874.

# NOTE OF THE RESULT OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S VISIT TO TIRHOOT.

Since I have visited the country about Durbhunga where distress has first assumed a severe type, have discussed matters thoroughly with the local officers, and have instructed them both verbally and by rough notes, I think it well to summarise the views which I have formed, and the instructions which I have given on this occasion. In case, unhappily, distress should, at any time, gain on us in other quarters, we must profit by the experience of the places where it has

first appeared.

It is unnecessary to repeat the advantage of being prepared in time, and meeting the influx of distress in such a way as Distress cannot be met without using indigenous and voluntary agency. to avoid confusion and abuse when it comes on us with a rush. I trust that this is everywhere felt, and that whether serious distress already exists or not, no officers of districts where it may be reasonably apprehended are wanting in zealous preparations. But I am farther much impressed, by what I have seen in Durbhunga, with this, that distress on a large scale may, and often or generally does, come at last somewhat suddenly, and that the Government organization which we can supply will not suffice to meet it in this state unless we also avail ourselves to the utmost of all the indigenous and voluntary agency which the country affords. Our executive machinery is still very deficient in these provinces; the beginning of such machinery which has been recently made being quite unequal to bear in its very infancy the strain of a great crisis such as this which has arrived. The assistance which we obtain from other provinces is not in a moment adapted to a country and a system entirely different. Our anxieties have been spread over so wide a surface that it has not been possible to concentrate all our power on the points where the worst distress has actually occurred, till the facts have solved all doubt. Moreover, there is this special difficulty, that we have the smallest machinery in the tracts inhabited by a quiet, poor, long-suffering race, who give little trouble in ordinary times. North Behar is probably the most under-governed country in India; one young man as sub-divisional officer has there ruled and judged a population which would elsewhere have been provided with a full district machinery. (Of the Durbhunga Sub-division, for instance, the population is 867,409.) Yet here is the very population which comes on us in a body in the most helpless state. I am not surprised, then, that in such a sub-division as Durbhunga, notwithstanding the official aid which we have sent, there should have been some failure to freet the rush of the famine when reliance was placed too exclusively on official agency, and there was delay in attempting to work roughly with indigenous agency till the Government agency should be complete. I must strongly impress on all officers, that whenever and however distress may come upon them, and to whatever extent they may and do properly apply for Government aid, they must not omit to do the very utmost that is possible by the means which their districts afford.

3. It has been already arranged to portion each sub-division into relief circles under competent Government officers; what is most wanting is inferior

machinery reaching down to each village.

It is certainly true that indigenous agency of one kind is very much wanting in North Behar. The active and intelligent middle class found in many districts of Bengal is scarce. Many zemindars have been too much in the habit of letting their villages to mere rent-farmers, and there is often difficulty in getting efficient aid from either zemindars or farmers. But on the other hand, when we go lower down, there is more of the old village machinery than in Bengal. Almost every village has its headman or jeyt ryot, and putwari, and there are a good many,—Brahmins, Mahomedans and others,—who have a certain amount of native education. The census of Behar was almost entirely taken, and well taken, by the putwaris and headmen, and it seems to me that the machinery which

could take the general census may well be used to census the poverty-stricken

in each village, make lists of them, keep relief accounts, and work the village system of relief which the Government desires to adopt.

4. The utmost use must be made of the zemindars and their agents and zemindars and their agents, and dependents. Every possible pressure must be put on those who are at all backward to induce and compel them to do their duty. In North Behar we have the very great advantage of the assistance of a very active and energetic body of European indigo planters. The aid which they have most willingly given has been almost everywhere fully used and should be so everywhere.

5. The orders for local committees must be carried out in good faith. It Local committees and individual members of such should undertake specific are sometimes a sham; but either acting in committee or, still more, acting separately as individuals, every good resident should be utilised. The best way of beginning is to bring them together in committees, to portion off duties, and let it be settled in the presence of the body of the committee that each man capable of aiding is to undertake some specific function in a specific place, or in a specific area.

6. A very good plan had been formed of appointing to the charge of groups of villages paid superintendents, selected from the people of the country; the only drawback was the delay in effecting this, pending the completion of a large superior establishment for which European officers were thought to be indispensable. In Mudhubunnee and Hattee about Rs. 15 per mensem or less was allowed to these group Superintendents. The Durbhunga plan which was circulated contemplated a uniform rate of Rs. 30 per mensem. I do not know that paying high and uniformly secures efficiency, and sometimes volunteers will do the work better than paid men. I would allow a discretion in regard to pay according to the circumstances and the class of people obtainable in each locality; but subject to this caution, I entirely approve of carrying out the system of group superintendents. I trust it has now been nearly completed in North Tirhoot.

But beyond this, the point on which I have most dwelt is that we must not stop short with the group superintendents, paid Vallage organisation. or unpaid. We must have a proper organisation in The moment we go beyond the stage of great public works, it is each village. totally impossible to deal with the people in detail unless we have them localised and individualised, village by village and name by name. cannot send them away from the roads till the village machinery is ready to receive them; we cannot distinguish people receiving relief by labor, charitable relief, and relief by advances, or prevent the same persons from receiving relief in different shapes till we have all those receiving relief registered, name by name, according to their villages by some person who knows them, and who can be made responsible for their coming and going. Above all, it will be totally impossible to deal with the people on our hands and wean them eventually from dependence on Government unless we have an individual knowledge of them in their villages. I have occupied myself then in impressing on the local officers the necessity of carrying out a village organisation. This should be done as much as possible through the zemindars. No man in the position of a landholder should be absolved from his duties and responsibilities if it be possible to obtain assistance from him. Finally, the headman and putwari must be utilised in each village. They will keep a nominal roll of all persons in the village receiving relief either on works or gratuitously. Through them the village management may be conducted, and they will be responsible to check abuses. Small rewards according to work done may be promised and given to such headmen and putwaris. I authorise the Commissioner to arrange details of their remuneration.

8. It is generally desirable to allow the laborers to choose their own headmen, through whom they are paid, and through whom they deal with Government officers.

The circle officers may however both make use of and give relief to a certain number of parameters of charitable relief, watchmen over the grain stores, and so on.

Utilisation of local police.

9. All the local police are to be subordinate to the circle officers for relief purposes, and may be utilised freely.

The above arrangements are best carried out before severe distress has actually come on us; but in Durbhunga (partly Famine of money and famine of food. on account of insufficient action in the direction Effect of the former. above indicated) and in Madhubunnee we have experience of another and farther phase of the subject, viz. that in which very large numbers of people come on our hands for relief in great masses congregated together. I myself saw vast assemblages of this kind near Durbhunga, and by the last accounts still greater numbers were on relief works in the Madhubunnee sub-division, though not so much reduced in condition as the Durbhunga people. It may be said that famines are of two kinds, or at least there are two stages of faminefamine of money or labor famine, and famine of food-supply. It may, in rare cases of isolated districts, happen, as it did in Orissa, that the two stages become one, or that the famine is from the beginning an absolute deficiency of food-supply, the case being, as was stated in regard to Orissa, like that of a ship at sea which is suddenly found to be short of provisions. But with rare exceptions a money or labor famine precedes a food-famine, that is, food is to be had for money but it is dear, and the poorer classes, being thrown out of work, have no money to buy it. Very often the famine never goes beyond this stage; it has almost always been so in the North-Western Provinces, where there are abundant means of communication. Some of our stricken districts being very isolated, we have feared and guarded against a food famine. But so far this has not come upon us. I have seen that even in North Tirhoot the bazars are still supplied; an active private import (by driblets in bullockloads) is still going on, and food though dear has not reached what can be called extreme famine prices. Notwithstanding, however, the existence of supplies in the bazars* up to date, there is certainly what we must consider wide-spread famine; in some limited tracts some people have suffered from want of food before coming to our relief works, and in very considerable tracts the people have come to the relief works with a rush in very large numbers. Although these simple people very much follow one another like a flock of sheep, they are at first slow to move; and, even when they have not actually starved, I do think that when they very suddenly come to us in this unusual way in very large numbers, it is a sure indication that what must be called famine is on them, that is, that they have reached the point when they would starve if not relieved.

11. The first mode of relief for the Government to undertake is clearly (and this has always been recognised) giving work to the poorer classes who are without work and without means. The better classes who do not work on the roads generally do not starve till a later stage; they have some credit if not some property. While the producing and wages-earning classes maintain themselves, must of those dependent on them, even the beggars, are for the most part in some sort maintained also. Rich natives do a good deal in this way, and I saw two or three faqueers living on a gang of relief laborers in Tirhoot. At any rate, the beggars and helpless people who come on mere charity, and are not supported by private liberality, may well be provided for in the early stages of scarcity by the relief committees without a very large Government organisation.

In the present stage then the public works have been our most active care. Under previous instructions a good deal had been done in most districts to prepare plans of such works for emergencies, and more has been done since the present famine threatened. In those districts where the numbers seeking relief are not very excessive, I believe that our preparations have been sufficient; but in some districts where no very large special works are available, and enormous numbers have suddenly come on us; it cannot be said

From what I saw of the activity of petty private trade, my impression is that for some time to come the bazars would be supplied in this way if it were not that the pressure on carriage for the transport of Government grain is beginning to interfere very seriously with the means of private traffic. Much complaint is now made that private people cannot obtain carriage, and that the bullocks and donkeys which hitherto supplied the bazars are taken up by the contractors. This is no doubt a great evil, and the local officers should do all that is possible to avoid it.

that either the plans of our works or our establishments are sufficient to enable us to obtain full money's worth from the labor of a needy multitude, among whom little organisation is, in the first instance, possible. In fact, there is no denying that in some of these cases our organisation has not been such as to prevent the occurrence of what must be called great abuses, judged by the

standard of ordinary times.

In Behar, at any rate, women and children come on the works quite as readily as men; and it is because the whole family works, or pretends to work, that somewhat low wages with dear food are not incompatible with an almost liberal measure of relief, measured by the fare to which these poor people are accustomed—a very low one. Wherever some of the people have begun to starve, or nearly to starve, it is impossible to refuse work to all applicants, whether really capable of real work or not. The result of the suddenness of the rush upon us in some places, and the necessity of being on the safe side where famine has threatened, has been that we certainly have, and to some extent must still have, great multitudes on our works doing very little real work and very But I have felt that this is better than letting imperfectly supervised. the people starve, and that it must continue till we can sift them out and Mode of dealing with a sudden rush of population to works.

deal with them in detail: we cannot send them away till this is done. At the away till the send that away till this is done. At the same time, I am clear that this cannot continue, and the first work which I have set Mr. Metcalfe, (the Additional Commissioner) and the local officers to do is to make arrangements for dispersing these multitudes. Fortunately, the climate at this season is favorable; the people seem not to dislike the assemblages in which they are gathered, and I hope no great harm beyond a somewhat prodigal expenditure of money will result for a short time. But beyond this To begin with, although, as I have said, I believe that these it must not go sudden rushes indicate real want and rapidly-approaching famine, still, when under pressure of such necessity a lax system is established, and every one, down to the smallest child, gets paid for the merest pretence of work (with probably a good many abuses besides), the thing becomes too attractive, the whole country tends to come on the works, the numbers threaten to be absolutely overwhelming. The people, too, become demoralised; works where real work is exacted are deserted, and many evils follow. If disease or climate do not disperse such multitudes with possible calamitous results, the case might be still more impossible to deal with when the rains and cultivating season approach. It would be very difficult to get back to their homes and to regular labor people accustomed to such a system, while it would be impossible to continue it in the rainy season.

13. A vast multitude, treated in the gross, through mates and other headmen, cannot be individualised and dealt with according to their position and needs: we cannot deal with them till we know who they are. In all such cases of unmanageable multitudes on the roads, the first thing to do is what I have Arrangements for distributing labor. ordered to be done in Durbhunga and Madhubunnec, viz. to sift them out according to their families, villages, and tracts of country; to separate those who wish to do, and are capable of doing real work on the large works from those who wish to go home or are not fit for work; to put the former on regular works on a regular system, where good wages are paid but a reasonable tale of work is exacted (less than in ordinary times, but still a fair quantity, and to put the latter either on light work or on charitable relief.

Division of works into two classes.

14. The better to carry out this system, I have directed that the works should be divided into two classes; thus—

(1) Works under Public Works or other competent officers, on which real

labor shall be exacted and full wages paid.

(2) Works under circle officers, on which the labor given is less effective, and for which superior professional supervision is not required. The rates of wages on these would be mere subsistence rates, unless easy piece-work is given for liberal terms.

The large roads now going on under public works officers, and other large works, irrigation works, and the like, should be put under the first head.

Even on the regular works it is right that, besides the hard work for the able-bodied men, work of a lighter character, but still real, should be provided, so that the families of the laborers and others who wish for regular work should be provided for. This is generally done, and I rely on the Public Works and other officers to arrange it discreetly.

Proper registry of laborers on large tuation and coming and going, it will be desirable, as much as possible, to note the names and residence of the laborers, and to classify them under fixed and recognised headmen as persons regularly employed and paid Besides making it much more easy to deal with them and prevent abuses in the present, this will greatly facilitate our operations when we come to send home at the proper season, with a sufficient store, those who have well worked on the roads, at the season when there is nothing else to be done.

The mode of payment to be adopted is a matter of extreme difficulty, regarding which much local latitude must be allowed. Various modes have been tried with Mode of payment on large works. varying success. Prima facie, in the case of very poor people, it seems most desirable to pay daily; but when the multitude is very large it is physically impossible to pay, by trustworthy agency, each individual daily-either the laborers are grouped in gangs, and payment made to each gang, or payment is really made to the headmen of large numbers of mates, who distribute to the mates, and the mates to the laborers, in a way which admits of little check. As soon as the people are regularly classified and put into permanent gangs, it will not be so difficult to pay each gang daily; and when they have worked some time and are not living quite from hand-to-mouth, it will much facilitate matters if they are found to be well content with payment every two or three days. One great and increasing difficulty about daily payments to each individual laborer is the enormous number of copper pice required. Where these run short it may be permitted to pay in grain; but from all I have seen, I have no doubt that, as long as money can be had, it is far best for all parties to pay in money and let the laborers buy either from the Government shops or privately as they prefer.

Care should be taken that payment is not made in such a manner as to make it the interest of mates and headmen to tout for and bring together an unnecessary multitude. I fear that when we are oppressed by too great numbers, the tendency of such a system is to increase the numbers and bring the whole population on our hands. When we are not able to reject people or to exact real work, every creature that can be mustered passes for so much profit to the mate and headmen, and if they can pass muster two or three times over so much the better for these men. Effort should be made to pay if not individually at least in small squads, and not to distribute money in a wholesale way.

It is to be thoroughly understood that not only are the officers of the Public Works Department temployed Responsibility of civil officers in connection with large works. connection with large works. in districts where scarcity prevails wholly and absolutely under the Commissioners and superior civil officers of districts on all points in which they may think it desirable to interfere, but that everywhere the local sub-divisional officers and their assistants are directly responsible to see that payments are properly made and work given in the manner most conducive to relief. It is expected that in this respect they and the Public Works officers will work in thorough accord. The Commissioner or Additional Commissioner on the spot will lay down general rules on which the Public Works officers will act subject to the orders of the Magistrate of the district. The Public Works officers will ordinarily arrange for payment of the men employed under them; but the local civil officers will inspect the works, test the payments of the Public Works subordinates, and see that all is right. If not right they will at once communicate with the Public Works officers, and if necessary, with their own official superiors. I have given full authority to the Commissioners to authorize the entertainment of any local establishments for the proper management and payment of the laborers that may be necessary to supplement the Public Works establishments.

- 18. It is most necessary that efficient sanitary arrangements should be made on all large works; and particular attention should be given to this.
- 19. The village works under circle officers must necessarily be conducted, for the most part, by non-professional people; but Village and minor works under I have arranged that in each relief circle an officer should be specially charged to look after the works in the circle. There has been much correspondence regarding these village works. The result is that, by aiding zemindars and otherwise, we must promote the employment of the people to the very utmost, but that in the last resort in very distressed tracts, where the people are likely to starve and no one can be induced to undertake works for his own benefit or from public spirit, the Government must employ the people by undertaking such works (excavating tanks and the like) as are most beneficial to the general community. I rely much on the tact and energy of the local officers to make these arrangements for Even when Government pays for the works they may advantageously be placed under village headmen and others locally interested; we want to give the people work near their homes, and, if the headmen are interested, they will carry the work out all the more readily.

Strangers coming to village works are to be registered in the village

where they labor and live for the time.

- 20. To the distressed poor of both sexes the task-work system cannot be generally applied. As much work must be obtained for them as they can fairly do, and no more. Any stringent enforcement of a labor test may repel these people and cause ultimate danger to life. But it is better to obtain a little, even the smallest amount of work from those who can work, than to give gratuitous relief. The offering of piece-work is very good whenever the people will accept it, the terms offered being, as has been said, liberal.
- 21. Returns of laborers on works in each circle are to be made by the circle officer; the number on each class of work being distinguished. This is to be separate from the Public Works Department returns. The Public Works officers are to return the number of their laborers to sub-divisional officers, who will combine the whole in one return.
- With respect to Public Works establishments, it is evident that, with the enormous number of people now coming on the roads and other works, even after a large proportion of them have been sifted out and put to village works under the civil officers, the labor and responsibilities of the Public Works officers must be very great, and the staff of officers must be increased as much as possible. I have arranged that a separate Executive Engineer is to be provided for each of the sub-divisions in Tirhoot in which distress is very great, especially that Durbhunga and Madhubunnee should each have an officer of the rank and powers of Executive Engineer, the very best available. As many Assistant Engineers as possible have been, and are being, supplied; also a number of subordinate officers; but I agree with an opinion which I have seen expressed that the famine country is hardly the place for a European overseer with a large family and imperfect acquaintance with the language. We are sending all the fit men we can, and they should be sent as unincumbered as possible, but for the rest I continue to repeat what I have all along said, that much inferior agency must be extemporised in the country itself, and made the best of by the utmost tact and discretion in selecting and using it. There is one kind of subordinate agency which is much wanted, clerks of the works, that is, intelligent men acquainted with accounts, who can make up and check the returns. For this purpose Bengallees are very well suited. I have instructed the Chief Engineer to do his utmost to send up good men of this class. I fear that there must be much laxness and peculation in many places, and as we get things into order and establish some system, it is of the first importance that the executive officer should be assisted by competent men capable of keeping their offices and testing statements of numbers, payments, &c.

Superintending Engineers have been appointed to the several districts in which large relief work is going on, but they Deputation of Major Trevor. are comparatively new to the duty, and in order to advise and assist them, to see that the utmost that is possible is done to render the great amount of labor now in our hands as beneficial as possible by selecting the best large works, and to introduce on the works the best system possible under the circumstances, it has been arranged, in communication with the Government of India, that (since the Chief Engineer of this Government, Colonel Nicolls, has his hands more than full) an Engineer Officer of experience and tact, Major W. B. Trevor, should be deputed for the general inspection and regulation of the various relief works. He will proceed to the different distressed divisions with the powers of a Chief Engineer, to be exercised in communication with Colonel Nicolls, will confer with the Commissioners and Superintending Engineers, will give them the best advice and assistance he can, and will direct operations in concurrence with the Commissioners.

The difficulty of finding sufficient work for the enormous number of laborers in Tirhoot and some other districts, is much pressing on us. It turns out that in many places the laborers dislike tank-work and insist on flocking to the roads. We must reduce them to order and discipline, and make them do the work most fitting for them to do; but still it is a great object to maintain large works sufficient for the employment of all the laborers who legitimately seek regular work and submit to regular discipline, while at the same time the opportunity of permanently benefiting the country should not be neglected. A chief duty of Major Trevor will be to inquire whether any additional great works can be undertaken with advantage in the districts where we have

hundreds of thousands of laborers.

24. It has been suggested that as a continuation of the Railway from Champta Ghât to Durbhunga will certainly be much wanted to the north-east through the great rice-countries where famine is now so severe, and to the north-west through north-western Tirhoot into Chumparun, it would be most desirable if these lines could be settled and the earth-work executed now. This is under consideration, and immediate steps are being taken to lay out the line, if it be possible, in time to employ the famine laborers upon it.

The best attention is also given to irrigation works, those connected with the Gunduk embankments and others. One Irrigation works. canal behind the embankment has been begun, and the Government of India has determined to begin the line of the proposed large Gunduk canal through the Chumparun district as far as the Bagmattee river. Further inquiries are being made to ascertain whether some further local irrigation channels can be undertaken in Western Tirhoot,

Sarun, and Chumparun.

While I believe that our employment of the people on works of various kinds, to the extent that they are now Individualisation essential to management of charitable relief and advances coming upon us, will lead to embarassing results in the end unless we individualise them, I am sure that the two other main forms of relief—charitable allowances and advances to enable cultivators to maintain themselves—are impossible to carry out as it is intended without a good system of dealing with individuals through responsible village heads.

The only form of gratuitous relief which can be given somewhat indiscriminately, without leading to great abuse and future difficulty, is cooked-food. It is clear that the people of Behar will not accept this form of relief in any numbers till they are very much straitened. It is not that the lower orders have much caste-many of them will cat almost anything; but they are curiously timid, afraid that we will ship them off beyond seas and what not, and very averse to altering their habits. At any rate, the Government has resolved that the cooked-food test shall not be very largely applied; that assistance shall be given in other shapes, for which a great organization is necessary. Before going further then, I revert to the arrangements made for organizing relief down to the village and the individual.

Sir Richard Temple, when he visited Behar, arranged the circles into which the sub-divisions were to be divided, and the Agency available. Behar officers have been since engaged in manning these circles. But it seems to me that there is among some of the local officers in Behar a somewhat unreasoning prejudice in favor of European, and against native, agency; and that the harm which has resulted from delay in Durbhunga, and perhaps some other places, has been caused by too much keeping everything waiting for European officers, both as regards general relief arrangements and It is really quite impossible that a properly efficient European public works. Superintendent can be supplied for each circle and each work—I mean efficient at all points; combining sufficient experience, knowledge of the country, tact, and judgment. So many of our Bengal districts are more or less pressed or threatened that we cannot supply very large numbers of competent European officers. We sent to the famine districts all we could, and I believe as many as the local officers asked for. We have denuded all our districts not threatened

Covenanted Civil Servants ... 39
Military officers ... 44
Uncovenanted officers ... 59
Officers locally engaged ... 39

Total ... 181

to I may almost say the last man. The note in the margin shows the number of officers of different classes sent to Behar for relief work. The Government of India most readily acceded to all that we asked in the way of assistance. A large number of military officers were placed at our

disposal for both transport and relief work; and, in addition to some competent civil officers previously obtained from the North-Western Provinces, some civil officers were ordered from the Punjab, the Central Provinces, and Bombay. Authority was also given to the local officers to engage all the competent Europeans to be obtained among the resident European community of planters and others, and several gentlemen who offered themselves in Calcutta were engaged and sent up. The total number of superior officers specially employed on relief is as follows:—

 Covenanted Civil Servants
 ...
 ...
 ...
 54

 Military officers
 ...
 ...
 ...
 60

 Uncovenanted officers
 ...
 ...
 ...
 92

 Officers specially engaged
 ...
 ...
 ...
 51

 Total
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 260

Many of the officers assigned had, however, a long way to come; and when they arrived it cannot be said that all the circles were efficiently filled. The fact is that, for such a system as is proposed, we want not only energetic and painstaking officers, but also an intimate knowledge of the Necessity of revenue and other people and of agrarian affairs, land tenures, rent, experience among relief officers.

people and of agrarian affairs, land tenures, rent, and revenue. It is only exceptional military and revenue. It is only exceptional military officers and experienced civil officers who are well fitted to deal with such matters. In Behar the grain transport operations are of enormous magnitude and importance. These operations, including the putting and maintaining in order the roads used for the grain traffic, are in charge of a staff of officers under Colonel Macgregor, a most excellent and energetic officer; and to complete his arrangements about all the most effective military officers who arrived were required and absorbed. Some of these officers are rendering extraordinary service, Major deKantzow for instance Some of the unemployed officers of superior rank proved to be hardly well fitted for duties of a civil character, and have charge of the less important ghats and changing stations. Altogether, it happened that though this Government had, in its distribution list, assigned a good many military officers for relief work, I found not one so employed in Tirhoot, and I believe only one in the whole Patna Division; while only one more seemed to be available. Of the gentlemen casually entertained, some proved well qualified in their degree, others not so well. The civil officers from the Punjab, Central Provinces, and Bombay, proved to be generally very young men, and they had much to learn of a new country and language. In fact, I may almost say that the only officers of sufficient experience and knowledge available in Behar were the civil servants belonging to Bengal and the North-Western Provinces, and a few uncovenanted sub-divisional officers.

placed in charge of circles all civil servants who are of more than a few months' standing; but I very soon felt strongly that a good and efficient native officer would be far more fitted for our purposes than a very inexperienced European, and that both to fill circles not provided for and to assist the European officers, we must get as many good natives as possible. I am sure the Commissioner of Patna does not share the prejudice I have alluded to regarding the exclusive employment of European agency in places of trust; but all the districts of his division having suffered, few of the existing officials could be spared for extra and special work; and the tehsildarce system not being in vogue, it is very difficult to extemporise an efficient native agency. Bengallees are very different in language and habits from the Hindustanees of Behar.

In the dilemma in which I was placed, besides ordering up a few selected Bengallee Deputy Collectors and authoris-Aid given by Sir W. Muir. Aid given by Sir W. Muir. ing the Commissioners of the Presidency and Burdwan divisions to entertain and send up a few temporary men for famine service, I appealed to Sir William Muir for the loan of some native officers fitted for the work. Sir William responded most promptly and handsomely. Sixteen selected men were at once placed at my disposal, more than half of whom arrived and were posted by myself while I was on the spot.

I was thus enabled to complete or nearly to complete the circle officers required for Northern Behar. Under them Assistants to circle officers. assistance was necessary, especially under the less experienced European officers. Some of the native officers from the North-Western Provinces, some temporary Bengallee assistants, and others, were posted for this purpose, and Sir Richard Temple, who was going to Allahabad about the reserve carriage, promised to try to get a few more men from A selection is being made from the ranks of candidates for the Native Civil Service at Hooghly and Calcutta. A number of native officers of the army had been promised by the Commander-in-Chief, and their despatch arranged in communication with Sir Richard Temple. Though not ordinarily fitted for independent civil duties, these officers may be most useful assistants, and they are being distributed accordingly.

Above all, full authority has been given to entertain every man capable of rendering good service whom the country itself affords. Without a good proportion of men possessed of local knowledge, foreigners must be at

a great disadvantage.

By means of these arrangements it is my desire that in each impor-30. tant circle the officer in charge should have (1) a Agency in each circle. capable assistant, generally a good native or occasionally a junior European officer; (2 an officer specially charged with those local works which are not put under the Public Works Department, and whose duty it will be to see that the jeyt ryots and others in charge of these carry them out honestly; that people are paid regularly; that they do not get relief twice over, and generally to see that the system works and (3) an inferior native assistant.

Deputy Collectors and full tehsildars from the North-Western Provinces should generally be put at the head of circles. Where experienced officers become available, they may be placed over junior officers hitherto in charge

without any disparagement to the latter.

31. Under the circle officers come the Superintendents of village groups already alluded to, that is to say, over each group of villages there will be some one in charge to look after the relief operations generally in the group, to manage the operations at the grain stores, and to keep the circle officer informed of what goes on. Where a local man, a zemindar, or planter, or zemindar's tehsildar, will undertake this personally, or through his agents, such may be employed, but it must be clearly understood what each undertakes to do.

32. Finally, each village will have its own organisation. Lists of zemindars, headmen, and patwarees of each village are to be prepared; it is to be ascertained whether each will do something, and each is to be pressed to do so either personally or through agents. I cannot too much impress on all officers, as I have impressed on those at Durbhunga, the necessity of attending to this, of not acting as if they were in a strange or hostile country, but of utilising those whose duty it is to assist the people, and finally through them, or in the last resort without them, to get

at the headmen and representatives of the people themselves.

I am very glad to see that Mr. Howe, a very efficient North-Western Provinces' officer, in charge of the worst part of Chumparun, has already organised this system without waiting for the completion of a large paid estab-He says: "The sub-divisional committee of Ramnuggur, with the two sub-committees at Bulthur under Colonel Boulderson and at Bagaha, are The tuppah (Bulthur) has been divided into halkas now in full working order. (circles), and each member is to take charge of one. Lists of all the poor requiring relief are prepared by the putwarees (village accountants) and tested by the member-in-charge of the halkas, who is also responsible for the distribution of food to those in the lists, whom he, after examining, finds unfit for work. I think it is better at first to do what is absolutely necessary, viz. to support those who otherwise must starve, and gradually to perfect the system in introducing the various rules laid down for committees. An organized villageto-village relief system has been formed, which will effectually relieve those who most require it. I am much assisted in this tuppah by Sheik Salamut Ally, an influential and public-spirited zemindar. In this tuppah the headmen of each village and the putwarees receive a certain amount of food sufficient to last the poor of his village of whom he receives a list (an extract from my register), and whom he is bound to supply twice a week. The greatest safeguard against abuse is the fact that the poor themselves know how much they are entitled to; and secondly, there is constant inspection both by Sheik Salamut Ally, who is a member of the committee, and myself. In this way this important tuppah is provided for, and similar steps for the others are also being taken." Mr. Howe seems really to be meeting the famine under very difficult circumstances. In Seetamurhee also, the sub-divisional officer, Mr. O'Reilly, by availing himself of the help of indigo planters, zemindars, and others, seems to have done very much, and to have kept pace with famine. But in Durbhunga, under a very energetic and meritorious sub-divisional officer—but where committees and committeemen and indigenous agency were practically not used—while European officers were expected in order to start a system admirable in theory, the famine got ahead of us. I am sure that voluntary and indigenous agency may and The efficiency of an officer in a difficult position, should be drawn out. especially under such circumstances as those which now surround us, depends quite as much on tact in drawing out assistance as on individual effort.

33. No one could and would more efficiently superintend the relief operations than Mr. Bayley, the Commissioner of the Patna Division; but his charge is an enormous one. He has upwards of 13 millions of people under him, some suffering from famine and all from scarcity. He is responsible for all the enormous transport and other operations. Clearly he requires assistance. The Tirhoot district, too, is quite unmanageably large, and the mass of office detail thrown on the Magistrate-Collector makes it impossible to look to him for a sufficient active superintendence all over his district in times like these. I have then appointed Mr. C. Metcalfe, an officer in whose

great energy and executive efficiency I have much confidence, to be Additional Commissioner of the Patna Division under Mr. Bayley, who will delegate to him any portion of the Commissioner's duties from time to time. It is arranged that Mr. Metcalfe is for the present to devote all his energies to getting into order the northern sub-divisions of Tirhoot, where wide famine most threatens us and hundreds of thousands of people are already on our hands. Mr. Bayley met me and thoroughly discussed with me the state of affairs. I entirely rely on his judgment and knowledge. Mr. Metcalfe went with me to Durbhunga and through the worst circles. I have explained to him my views and wishes, and left him to carry them out. While the circle establishments are being completed and getting into order, he is dealing with the multitudes collected on the roads. As soon as they are sifted and classed, and the circle establishments are ready to receive them, all, except

the able-bodied fit to earn good wages on the roads, will be drafted to their villages, and there the scheme of relief, prescribed by the Government of India and this Government, will be worked out. For all famine and executive matters the sub-divisional officers of the distressed sub-divisions of North Tirhoot will be directly under Mr. Metcalfe. Their formal reports and returns will be sent to the Magistrate of Tirhoot for embodiment in the district returns (so long as Durbhunga remains a part of Tirhoot,) but the whole active control will rest with Mr. Metcalfe, exercising the full powers of a Commissioner, but subject to the general control of the Commissioner of the division, who will be fully informed of his proceedings. Mr. Metcalfe will ordinarily report to the Commissioner;—to Government direct on emergencies only.

- 34. When the arrangements we are now making in the most distressed distance of the organisation as a whole. It is are complete, I trust that we shall be able to lay our hand on each person requiring relief according to his residence and circumstances. We shall be able to say in each village—here are so many persons found to be fit objects for relief; so many are doing work of some sort; so many are receiving a charitable allowance of food; so many have received or will receive advances to enable them to continue their cultivation; so many residents of this village are absent working on such a public work. On the public works again, I hope we shall be able to say—here is a gang from such a pergunnah and a gang from such another pergunnah; so many mame by name) from such a village, and so many from such another. It is only when things are so arranged that we shall be able to deal with the needs of the people in detail, and to supply their wants without the great abuses which must attend indiscriminate liberality to great multitudes whom we cannot distinguish.
- Supposing then the system to be fully carried out, the various forms of charitable relief are indicated in the relief rules Mode of working charitable relief. ment on works I have already dealt with. Employment in the way of spinning, weaving, &c., is as before arranged to be given as much as possible to those who cannot go on the roads If we have sufficient information and sufficient machinery, charitable relief is only a question of discretion and honesty. Cooked food being reserved for special cases, it remains to give a fair allowance of food gratuitously or at a reduced price, and so much money as may be necessary to supplement it, to those really in need of such assistance. will be done through the local committees as much as possible, possible use being made of individual knowledge and public spirit. As I said to the Durbhunga Committee, "The Lieutenant-Governor wished to urge on them the propriety Uses of committee men. of their taking an active share in the relief measures now in operation. He did not want them to give money merely, but to undertake, each according to his ability, the specific duty of looking after a certain defined portion of the town, and managing the distribution of the Government relief, so that no poor person should perish for want. He wished this not only for the direct good, but as an example to others. Those who could not themselves personally supervise could appoint responsible relatives or subordinates to work for them, and could see that these did the work efficiently. If each member undertook the charge of a muhulla of the town it would be a great relief to the Government officers, and would, he felt sure, secure an efficient and adequate administration of the funds and stores. Those of the committee who had lands in the interior would, he hoped, also heartily assist the circle officers by themselves acting and giving instructions to their gomastahs, patwarees, head ryots, &c., so that they might help by every means in their power. The committee should be made really and practically operative-the town divided among working members, and the distribution of town relief undertaken by them, with any necessary subordinate agency working under their supervision."
- 36. Although the use of cooked food is no longer prescribed as a general test of necessity, it is still an important thing to have food in this shape ready for those who are actually starving, especially on their first arrival at the depôts.

And it is especially necessary to nurse and feed on careful and nutritious diet people who are already reduced by scanty food. Many children have so suffered, and every inducement should be offered to their parents to bring them to be tended in comfortable poor-houses, where every concession is made to them. With respect to the food, I gave the following directions at Durbhunga:

(a) Cooked food is always to be given at once to all starving people who desire to have it, till at least other arrangements can be made for them. This to be done without waiting for inquiries.

(b) Special food is to be given, under superintendence of the native doctor, to starved infants and other persons in a very reduced stage. Milk and other luxuries to be provided for such cases.

(c) In case of people much reduced, it is not enough to keep body and soul together. For the next two months arrangements must be made to issue to the more feeble once a week, or occasionally, a little ghee, or, failing that, oil and such like strengthening luxuries.

(d) One pice per diem for salt, &c., is to be given with the allowance of grain to very poor people who receive uncooked food to take

home.

Proportion of Nitrogenous grain essential.

37. I may add that the cooked food given should not be rice only; a fair proportion of dhal or similar nitrogenous food should be given, and salt of course.

To the very poor, who depend solely on public charity, a proportion of nitrogenous grain, i.e., pulses, &c., should as much as possible be given with three parts of rice. But as regards the population not reduced to the lowest stage of pauperism, I found so comparative an abundance of the nitrogenous grains in the bazars, the famine is so much, as regards food, a rice famine (the little rice produced being probably reserved for seed) that I hope if Government supplies rice the people will find the rest for themselves.

The Surgeon-General very promptly arranged to send Dr. Birch. That officer arrived without delay, took up his duties most zealously, and I believe that much will be effected by his active devotion to the subject. At every circle where the distress is severe, feeding hospitals should be established under a good native doctor, and his proceedings should be well watched. Dr. Birch quite understands my views, and I hope he will make arrangements which will serve as a model. He will also of course much look to sanitary arrangements.

39. The Government of India has suggested that a superior officer should be deputed for sanitary inspection of the various distressed districts. At this moment a change is taking place in the office of Sanitary Commissioner for Bengal but as soon as the new Sanitary Commissioner, Dr. Coates, arrives, he will be deputed on this duty.

40. If our arrangements as above described are effective, we may hope to carry the people over the dry season. But in easo they remain on our hands after the rains commence, it may be much more difficult to deal with them. In a moderate famine when, according to former practice, Government has given moderate relief hedged in by tolerably severe tests, it has usually happened that as soon as the active agricultural season commences, most of the able-bodied laborers disperse of their own accord, and only the helpless paupers are left on our hands. But I believe that on this occasion, in the pure rice countries north of the Ganges, the failure of the crops has been complete to a degree very seldom equalled. We are now undertaking relief on a much more liberal scale, and on much more indulgent principles, less hedged in by strict tests, than ever was attempted before. There seems much reason to expect that, in North Tirhoot at

any rate, a very large proportion of the population will come (I may say have already come) on our hands, and the difficulty of returning them to self-support will no doubt be proportionately greater than on former occasions. It will certainly be quite impossible to continue in the rains large public works capable of employing vast numbers, and it would be most inexpedient if it were possible. Above all things, we must not wean the people from self-supporting agricultural labour. In truth, for the labour we now employ we get a very insufficient money's worth; and from a financial point of view it would be no very overwhelming addition to our burdens if for a portion of the time that we must support the people who come to our works we get no return at all. It is the demoralisation of the people likely to result from supporting them without work that is to be feared. I still hope that very many will go off when the rain falls and they can cultivate, but it is impossible precisely to predict what will happen in a phase of things which is new. It is some consolation for any abuses (receipt of relief twice over and the like) which may occur that it is so much money thrown among the poorer classes and may the better enable them to support themselves when the time for self-support comes.

To establish a system of advances to ryots sufficient to ensure their both supporting themselves and employing Suggestions as to advances of money the labouring population would be a work attended To some extent this must and will very great difficulties. attempted; but we are only at the beginning of our difficulties in that I am inclined to think that a suggestion on this subject of Mr. Lowis of Dinagepore, adopted by Sir Richard Temple, contains the germ of a plan which may be applied not only to some ryots, but to all other labourers. Mr. Lowis says, in effect, "make advances to those ryots who, by labouring on our roads show their necessity. When they have thus worked for us, advance them wages for the time they must be absent carrying on their cultivation." I would not confine this to ryots. If the individualizing system is carried out fully, and if we know who our labourers are, where they reside, and where they work, we may be able to say to a poor man when the rains commence, we now know that you are no impostor, but a person willing to work for your bread; we can't employ you longer, it would ruin the country if we could; here is a couple of months' supply of food; we give you that, take it home, but now you must support yourself; we have done with you. Seeing the amount of grain we are storing, and the scale on which our establishments are now being formed, I think this might be done in some parts of the country. In fact, all our proceedings for the next few months would be not only to give immediate relief, but a sifting and sorting of the people with a view to a final distribution of assistance and concluding with them at the commencement of the rains. In the eastern districts, where cultivation commences early, the system of advancing wages to ryots who have been working for a time, to enable them to go home and start their cultivation, should be tried at once as Sir Richard Temple has authorised. In the case of substantial ryots so receiving advances, it may be stipulated, as Mr. Lowis proposes, that the advances are to be repaid when the recipients get a crop. From the poorer labourers repayment cannot be expected.

Advances to ryots who will not work be carry on efficiently the work of another season without assistance and to employ the laborers who ardinarily work for them and who can only be absorbed by such employment.

The subject of advances to ryots of the higher class who are it is hoped likely to

The subject of advances to ryots of the higher class who are, it is hoped, likely to repay, has been very prominent in all our famine discussions. For these classes of ryots Mr. Lowis' labor-test will not suffice; and something more is required, not only for their own sake, but for that of the poor laboring population dependent on them. I am much inclined to agree with the officers of the Durbhunga Raj, who say that it is better not to call an advance what we are not likely to get back. A laxness in regard to promised repayments would have a most demoralising effect on the country, and would shake the whole credit system on which so much depends. I, therefore, strongly think that where there is not good and reasonable prospect of repayment, it is far better avowedly to

Give something than nominally to advance what will probably not be repaid. Government will be at a great disadvantage in such transactions, it will not have the many means of enforcing repayment that private persons accustomed to such transactions have, and borrowers will much more readily make excuses to a Government whose resources they think unlimited. People who can give really good security may get the advances they require from private sources, and will generally prefer so to get loans in this way, if they really mean to repay. In spite of all that is said of exorbitant interest, &c., I have found that natives generally prefer their own mahajuns to Government. If this be so, Government will have for the most part as applicants for advances only those who offer bad security or no security.

43. With the best and largest Government machinery a great system of advances by Government to the ryots would be difficult in the extreme; with our want of revenue machinery, I fear that on a large scale it would really be impossible to conduct such operations in any way that would not entail very

serious evils.

I have, therefore, strongly urged on all officers that advances should be made by or through Zemindars and Mahajuns to the Mahajuns.

Advances through Zemindars and utmost possible extent, and only by Government direct in the very last resort. As I have said, I believe that, if the money is really to be repaid, the people themselves would rather get it in their own way than come to us, and so long as those who usually lend to them do not themselves run dry, it is better that it should be so. I have directed that every possible pressure should be put on the zemindars to induce them to do their duty. Their estates are good security, and we may well advance to them the money they require to keep their ryots afloat, care being taken, through the large establishments we are forming, that the money is really devoted to the purpose for which it is intended.

44. I am also inclined to think that there is much in a plan which Mr. Metcalfe greatly urges, viz., that Government should make advances to mahajuns whose capital may be unequal to all that falls on them in a year when no one repays and every one is ready to borrow, but who are trustworthy and reliable men and are willing, on receiving Government advances on reasonable terms, to engage to carry their clients, through this bad year. If this is discreetly and well done, I think it may be of very great advantage and involve little or no loss to Government, and I have authorised Mr. Metcalfe to try it. For the ryot it is sometimes better that he should owe money to his banker than be too much in the power of his zemindar. If the zemindar does his duty nothing can be better, but it may not in all cases be desirable that a harsh landlord should have very large famine debts standing on his books when Government really gives the money.

It is when we go into the question of security, on which the Government has so much dwelt, that the real difficulty of dealing otherwise than through those whose business it is to conduct the money dealings of the country becomes apparent. There are few under-tenures in Behar; occupancy rights are ill-defined; the titles to trees and tanks and such like, and to rent-free lands which ryots proffer as security, are very liable to be called in question. On going into the matter narrowly I find it to be the general opinion that the real security most largely available consists chiefly of the silver ornaments, &c., in which natives so much indulge. Would it be possible for Government to open a vast pawn-broker's shop to lend on ornaments? I hardly think so. But if the mahajun's funds are maintained they will very readily do so.

45. The instructions which I issued at Durbhungah were then as follows:—

Classification of villages for purpose advances.

Every starving village or estate should be classed as one in which—

- (1) The zemindar has the means to assist his ryots, and must by every means be induced to do so; or
- (2) In which he has not the means, but has or can be induced to develop the will to do so, and in which he is to have tuccavee advances for the purpose, to the proper use of which our officers must see; or

(3) In which it is found absolutely impossible to work through the zemindars, and to save the people alive Government must undertake the work, trusting to recover the amount by legislation or otherwise.

But I trust that if our officers work with the natives—as I think they may—

the villages of this last class will be comparatively few.

To this should be added, with reference to what has been said above, that when a village must come under class 3. it will be better that the work should be done through a good mahajun, to whom the people of the village have always looked, than directly by Government, and that advances may be made to the mahajun for the purpose.

To arrange all that is required with zemindars and mahajuns, and finally to deal direct with the residue, which may be left directly in our hands, very great skill and knowledge of the people and their affairs will be required. For this work the experienced native officers now lent us from the North-Western Provinces will be of infinite use, and I trust our officers will not be above learning from them. I have throughout had it much in view that as soon as we can disperse to village works the masses of people collected and still collecting on our roads, the knowledge of the native officers, should be specially utilised for the purpose of managing advances to ryots through zemindars or otherwise.

46. As regards security for the advances, I am inclined to think, after much discussion, that in the absence of real material security a good deal may be done in the way of personal security by getting the people who know one another to stand security one for the other. Where the zemindar cannot or will not do his duty, perhaps a substantial jeyt ryot may stand security for those whom he represents, or a body of good ryots may take a loan going security for one another, which would be far better than dealing with each individual. The indigenous patwarees should be used to the utmost in these transactions.

47. A good deal of anxiety has lately been expressed regarding the supply of unhusked rice for seed. I did not press this matter prominently in the first instance, because I think historical experience shows that in no known Indian famine has seed ever run short. It is a fact shown by official records that the year after the great Bengal famine of 1769-70, the revenue rose higher than ever, showing that the fields had not been left uncultivated for want of seed. In Orissa, in the very height of the famine, the fields were fully sown. Cultivators keep their seed-grain with a tenacity which we cannot call superstitious; and for the principal rice-sowings, on account of the practice of planting out by hand from seed-beds, instead of sowing broadcast, I believe comparatively little seed is required. I am in hopes that in our worst districts it will prove that much seed has been retained.

I do not know if the unhusked grains scattered among the Burmah and Saigon rice would germinate when separated, and whether the cultivators would be satisfied to use a seed so different from their own. If they want this in the unhusked state, it will be available. But for Government to undertake to import a supply of seed, would involve a fresh operation in addition to the great burdens which we have undertaken. I am not prepared to recommend this Of course, if seed is to be had for money, the advance of money to ryots includes the purchase of seed as a primary object.

Arrangements on Wards' Estates. to decide the question what is to be done by Government at its own charge, and what charged to the estates, of which the great Durbhungah estate extending over so much of the famine country, is the most conspicuous instance. In the case of a very rich and solvent estate, such as that of Durbhungah, there can be no question that the manager should do all that we can fairly urge the best zemindars to do, and I am happy to say that this has been arranged throughout the Durbhungah Raj. I think it fair, however, that when Govern-

ment does so much elsewhere, we should not throw absolutely the whole burden on the Raj. The following are the arrangements which I made at Durbhungah

regarding the Durbhungah Raj Estate:-

"The Lieutenant-Governor pressed on the manager the importance of taking early steps to give effect to the orders regarding advances to ryots. It was admitted that in villages at present let in farm where the farms are shortly to expire, the question was involved in some difficulty, but the Raj officers were urged not to let minor difficulties stand in the way of making this species of aid really general and effective. Sanction has been given to expending a lakh of rupces in advances, but the Lieutenant-Governor, referring to the Viceroy's reiterated desire to assist good ryots as much as possible, said that Colonel Burn was not to consider himself tied down to that sum. Caution was of course to be exercised in a reasonable way, but a certain margin of ultimate loss must be accepted as probable, and the Raj agency was such as to make it quite feasible to institute inquiry in every village belonging to the estate. The Lieutenant-Governor did not wish advances to be made to ryots who were absolutely insolvent; they must be treated as fit subjects for charitable relief; but it was better to err on the side of doing too much than too little.

"It was arranged that the Government circle officers should be relieved of all responsibility for making advances to ryots in Raj villages. That duty would

be left entirely to the Raj officers.

"Colonel Burn and Mr. Llewhellin undertook to do their very utmost to

give immediate effect to the above."

The relative position of the Raj and the Government agency was also discussed and settled as follows:—

"The Raj pays for and manages all works on the property, also all advances to ryots. The Government agency will relieve the Raj officers of the cost of charitable relief as soon as the agency is in sufficient working order, the Raj officers rendering all the assistance they can. Till the Government officers can take over the charitable relief, the Raj officers will continue it.

"When the charitable relief operations are amalgamated, any Raj grain not needed for Raj works will be made over to the Government, who will supply

grain for the needy from the common stock.

"The Raj officers in their degree will, as much as possible, undertake the duties of group Superintendents in villages belonging to them, and arrange effectively for the village headmen and putwaries to make lists of the needy and carry out the details. Where of sufficient standing, they will be active members of committees and sub-committees.

"If the manager finds that the circle officer's calls leave no time to the Raj establishment for their regular work, they can either be seconded and taken over by Government, or some other arrangements can be made to suit the particular case. Care must be taken that no charitable relief now being given by the Raj is stopped until the circle officer orders it, after making other arrangements as above indicated.

"The large Raj works under the charge of the Executive Engineer will be dealt with in the same way as works under the Department of Public Works,

where real labour is exacted and full wages paid.

"The village Raj works will be managed by the ordinary Raj establishment, as the minor relief works elsewhere are managed by the relief officers."

49. In regard to all other solvent Wards' Estates, similar principles

should be followed as nearly as possible. In one district a question has been raised regarding Wards' Estates which are embarrassed and without ready money. The prind facie view is, that the money necessary to do what is the duty of the estate should be advanced and charged as a debt against it; but one officer has urged that, as practically we cannot do this in all other estates, we should not charge advances against Wards' Estates, but do what is necessary at Government expense, and leave the Wards' Estates in the same position as others who fail to do their duty, subject to the question whether Government will, by legislation, recoup itself for expenditure which ought properly to have been borne by the landholders. I think that, for the present at any rate, necessary advances

must be charged against the estates. The merits of the matter may be re-opened hereafter, if circumstances seem to give equitable grounds for

re-opening the question.

All our arrangements depend on our possessing a sufficient supply of *50.* grain to feed the people where it is necessary to do so, and in case of what I have called a Transport of Government grain. food-famine, as distinguished from a money-famine, we contemplate largely supplementing mere charitable relief by selling grain to those who have money to buy in the places which private trade does not reach. The quantity of grain to be provided for each district has been, for the most part, settled by the. Government of India on the reports of Sir Richard Temple's local inquiries submitted by this Government. The supply thus provided is a very liberal one, and its transport is a great operation. The transport arrangements of the Patna Division were finally arranged by Sir Richard Temple (principally on a large contract system), and those made by the local officers under the instructions of this Government in the Bhagulpore and Rajshahye Divisions have since been seen and approved by him. The Patna carriage contracts having been so completely arranged, I have wished to interfere with them as little as possible, and have avoided all disturbance of existing arrangements. The only orders given as to Eastern Tirhoot pressing difficulty was the failure of the contract for the supply of Eastern Tirhoot from Barh and Chumpta Ghat, where I found that the southern contractors had not carried half what they engaged to carry, while the northern contractors, who were to receive it and carry it on, had carts standing unsupplied. The consequence of this state of things was that almost everything that arrived was sent on to the Madhoobunnee sub-division, and hardly any addition was made to the small supply stored in the very populous and necessitous sub-division of Durbhunga. There is also this difficulty about the contract arrangements, that the carters are not wholly under the control of the contractors; they go very willingly to places where forage abounds, but very unwillingly to places where it is scarce; and while the despatches from the western side of Tirhoot were very large (even more, I believe, than was contracted for) there was a tendency to send too much to Scetamurhee, where it was least wanted, and none to Durbhunga, where it was much wanted. It has been arranged that for the Eastern Tirhoot contracts, two new lines of transport are opened out, where a fresh supply of carts will be available, by Mokameh and by Monghyr, while the changing stations have been shifted so as to give the southern carts a shorter lead and the northern carts a longer lead than before. Major deKantzow has arranged that the promised despatches to Durbhunga from the western ghat are really carried out. I have directed that grain in excess of the proportional requirements of the western portion of the district (according to contract) shall not be despatched; the contractors must be restricted to the fair weekly allotment for that line, and the rest must be sent the

other way in the proportion in which the contracts stipulated.

51. The most important supplement to our carrying powers is the railway from Chumpta to Durbhunga, which is The Durbhunga Railway. fortunately just in the transport line where the failure occurs, and where it is most wanted. It is progressing admirably without interfering in any way with the other traffic. It is carried at present accross the fields as a temporary line, but in this way it gets on very rapidly, and there seems to be no doubt that it will be ready to carry much grain before the rainy season, after which it will be lifted and put on a more permanent line. But this latter, I fear, will hardly be maintained in working order through the rains. Under the circumstances, then, it is clear that all our efforts must be directed to use the rail as much as possible before the rains disturb it. depends on a sufficient supply of rolling stock. I have represented this strongly to the Government of India, who have at once taken means to supply stock to the very utmost. It is expected that some 200 tons of grain may be carried daily half way to Durbhunga in April, and that from the middle or latter part of April, 800 tons a day will be carried into Durbhunga. Instructions have been issued to make the necessary arrangements for the receipt and despatch of this grain.

I believe that this line of railway from opposite Barh to Durbhunga is an admirable one, eminently suited for a permanent line,—that it will not be expensive, and that it should pay well.

It seemed to me that it was not sufficiently understood who was to direct all the various despatches and deliveries Definition of Col. Macgregor's funcof grain, to arrange with the various contractors the questions in which one depends on the other, and I therefore arranged clearly what I understood to be intended from the first, that Colonel Macgregor and his staff should undertake all these func-Mr. Metcalfe should (subject to the Commissioner's general direction) keep Colonel Macgregor informed in what parts of the stricken sub-divisions grain is most wanted, and should be in constant communication and understanding with Colonel Macgregor. Colonel Macgregor, understanding what is wanted, will arrange with the contractors and others accordingly; that will be in his hands, and there will not be risk of contradictory orders by various local officers, each acting for himself. Mr. Metcalfe should see that this is thoroughly understood. He should come to a clear understanding with his sub-divisional officers as to the relative urgency of their requirements. Seeing that the Durbhunga Sub-division is nearer to the base, and that it will be supplied by the railway and by North-West Provinces reserved carriage, it is settled that for the present, only enough to secure us against a sudden surprise is to be kept in Durbhunga, all the rest will be allowed to go into the Madhubani sub-division till that is quite secured. Colonel Macgregor is to arrange a good system, by which full information of the despatches from one end of a line is punctually and promptly conveyed to those who are to take up or receive the grain at the other end.

The reserve carriage as it arrives, will also be put under Colonel Macgre-

gor's directions.

53. It is proposed to prepare a note showing the whole of our transport arrangements as now matured, and I do not here touch on more than those partial re-arrangements made during my visit to Tirnoot.

54. I have remarked that, up to the time of my visit, the bazars seemed to be generally well supplied with grain, principally pulses, &c., rice being comparatively scarce and dear. The time for general sales to the public had evidently not come, though I was satisfied that it would be a great convenience and aid to our labourers to sell rice on the works to those who wanted rice. I directed that this should be generally done; these instructions should be carefully carried out. With respect to price, it had been proposed to sell at 12 seers per rupee, but I found that while the price of rice is not cheaper than 12 seers in the great marts on the line of rail, and in the Tirhoot bazars is from 9 to 10 seers or less, to sell at 12 would have an embarrassing effect. The instructions which I issued on this subject for North Tirhoot were, then, as follows:—

"I am satisfied that good rice cannot at present be sold at 12 seers, as was at one time proposed, without greatly deranging a still active private trade. We must, in the present circumstances, continue to encourage that trade to the utmost, and I trust I shall not hear again of the seizure by the police of the bullocks engaged in it, as I have to-day found to have been done. It is remarkable that, while other grains are still very plentiful in the bazar, selling at 11 to 13 seers of 88 tolahs, say, 12 to 14½ Government seers, rice is extremely scarce and very little to be seen. In ordinary times, rice is the main food of the people in this part of the country, and the coolies now much run upon our rice stocks. I therefore think that rice should be offered for sale on all our works at 10 Government seers per rupee for ordinary cleaned rice, other rice being sold cheaper in proportion. If at any time, in any of the bazars, rice is selling cheaper than the above, the Government rice may also be sold on the works as cheap as private rice in the bazars.

"As regards the price of inferior or uncleaned rice, the qualities vary so much, that it is impossible to lay down a rule, I must leave this to the discretion of the local officers. They are to sell all kinds of rice at the rate which they find in practice makes each kind as popular with the people as cleaned

country rice at 10 seers. I believe there is no objection on the part of the people to clean Burmah rice; if so, it should be sold at the same rate as country rice. If it is found that the people avoid it by comparison, it may be made a little cheaper. I have found here that the people crowded very much to get uncleaned Burmah or Saigon rice (good of its kind) at 13 seers.

"As rice is sold retail by pice per seer, and not by seers per rupee, I authorise officers to adopt for sale on the works, the nearest rate in pice to the seer rates above ordered, although there may be some fractional differences.

"When our rice is stored in large quantities, I shall be glad to sell it on our works at a somewhat cheaper rate, say 12 seers for ordinary rice if this can

be done without inconvenience and disturbance.

"To the general public, rice must only be sold at present where there is really an absence of the article in the bazars. The sales to the people will much depend on the quantity of rice we have in store. While we have little and private trade is active, we must not interfere; when we have abundance, and private trade ceases to operate, we may sell freely, using the bunneahs, and village traders, and giving them a small margin of profit.

"Seeing the abundance of other grains in the bazars and scarcity of rice, I think it better that all the mixed grains, wheat, &c., should be kept till later, so long as they are sound and good to keep. Even Indian-corn, properly kept, shows no tendency to spoil so far. But whenever weevils appear, or other injury

is commencing, the grain should be used.

"Much of the grain has come up unclassed, and spare labour might be used at the granaries to sift it, mark it, and place it where it can be most conveniently got out as it is wanted. This should certainly be done as far as possible. Sufficient doors and other arrangements should be provided in the golahs: great care must be taken to provide against fire; and people who have reasonable objection to hard road-work may be employed to guard and look after the granaries."

When the time comes for selling rice to the public, the price will, as directed in Government orders, be regulated by the price in the nearest large marts where food is abundant; but I hope that we shall be able to sell at not less than 10 seers per rupee. Eventually, if it proves that we have larger stocks than we require for relief purposes and for necessary sales, at a season when private trade is almost stopped, it may be both a great relief to the people and a legitimate mode of disposing of our stocks to sell at a cheaper rate; but this must depend on subsequent orders.

In any case, when we come to sell to the public, I am sure that we shall do so most conveniently and effect the minor distribution throughout the country far better than we could do it ourselves by selling in a small wholesale way, at a somewhat profitable rate, to the petty traders who abound and carry grain about the country in bullock-loads in every direction. Even in the rains, I hope that a good deal may be done by these petty traders in this way, whether they use pack-bullocks, small boats, or head-loads.

55. This question of distribution in the rains is one to which the Government of India have recently drawn our special attention. I had already attended to the matter in Tirhoot, and issued instructions to the Commissioner to do all that is possible towards clearing and opening out the internal water channels and securing both regular boats for the rivers and canoes for the watery tracts where land carriage becomes almost impossible during the rains. I trust that full attention will be paid to these points.

Arrangements have also been made for a comprehensive inquiry into the whole subject of the means of communication during the rains to be made beforehand, so as to secure us against doubt and difficulty when the time comes. I had previously for other purposes obtained full reports of the water communications of the two parts of the country most affected, North Bengal and Tirhoot; these will be collated by a selected officer who has special knowledge of the subject, and any additional information necessary will be locally obtained. Major Trevor may well give attention to this among other subjects.

The following orders on matters of secondary importance were issued during my visit to Tirhoot, and are generally applicable to distressed districts-"All circle officers should have magisterial powers if they are fit for it. will be desirable that all fit for summary powers Miscellaneous subsidiary orders. should have such. It will be understood that relief officers need not devote themselves to investigating difficult cases, but it will be convenient that petty and clear cases, or cases connected with their work, should be disposed of promptly on the spot. A large supply of the forms used

"While bungalows have been built for European officers, nothing has been done for native officers; arrangements should be made to protect them as well The Lieutenant-Governor has promised Sir W. Muir to take care of those sent down from the North-Western Provinces, and wishes to have this If good native buildings can be had on hire or made, they may be hired or put up. If not, proper allowances must be given to enable these officers

for record of summary trial should be sent up at once to all the districts.

to house themselves with the least possible delay."

And the following, which, though specially issued for one line only, is in principle applicable to all cases in which land is taken up for roads or other purposes, as is so often the case in connection with our relief works :-

"The Lieutenant-Governor has observed with regret that where the Durbhunga State Railway runs through standing crops, compensation has not yet been given to the ryots. This must be done at once. The Commissioners of been given to the ryots. Patna and Bhagulpore are desired to issue immediate orders that the subdivisional officers, through whose jurisdiction the line passes, shall at once, without any very formal proceedings, assess on the spot the value of crops destroyed, giving the cultivators the benefit of any doubt. As the lands are at present only temporarily occupied, no question of compensation for the land need be taken up. Only payment for crops to the ryots concerned must be settled, and paid forthwith by a summary and rule-of-thumb enquiry."

Whether the land is occupied permanently or temporarily, compensation for loss of crop should be given summarily and liberally on the spot without any delay, leaving the value of the land permanently taken to be settled But this also should be done as soon as possible, unless, as has separately. happened in many cases, the zemindars give the land for relief purposes free of

cost, an example which it is hoped many others will follow.

58. While things are in so critical a position it seems most necessary that Government should have more speedy information than that which it obtains by the roundabout official channels. Orders have been issued for a brief weekly return ... Government direct from every distressed sub-division, showing numbers of persons on works and otherwise receiving relief, and grain stored, with an explanation of any remarkable changes. And such information is to be telegraphed from the most important sub-divisions both weekly and whenever there is anything specially remarkable to report.

G. CAMPBELL. CALCUTTA,

The 28th March 1874.

### ECONOMIC MUSEUM.

## RESOLUTION. STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 7th April 1874.

#### READ-

Circular No. 37, dated 6th December 1872, concerning the preparation of returns on the food-grains of Bengal.

Memorandum [No. 42, dated 31st January 1873,] on the products of Furreedpore by Dr. B. N. Bose.

Suggestions by Mr. Justice Phear on the formation of an Economic Museum, Calcutta, 1873.

Suggestions by Mr. Heeley, Inspector-General of Hospitals, on the same subject, dated 27th February 1873.

Suggestions by Colonel Hyde, Mint-Master, Calcutta, on the same subject, dated 26th July 1873.

THE Lieutenant-Governor has long felt the want of a practical collection of the products of Bengal, an Economic Museum in fact, in which all the natural and industrial products of the province might be brought together, identified, and compared, for the purpose of ascertaining all that is really known concerning them, and then circulating this information in the most practical and useful shape that can be devised. Local officers must be able to recognise with precision the various grains and other products of their districts, to enable them to deal with agricultural statistics in an intelligent manner. present it is almost ludicrous to observe, in moving from district to district, how often the same things are called by different names, and different things by the same names; and how extremely difficult it is to recognise the identity even of the commonest products. The Lieutenant-Governor is convinced that the very first step towards the attainment of exact and comprehensive knowledge of the agriculture and other industries of the province is to bring together and classify our raw products, and, impressed with this conviction, he has for some time past contemplated the establishment of something in the nature of an economic museum.

To be of practical use, however, the museum must be not merely a collection of the raw and manufactured products, &c., of Bengal, but must also afford all requisite descriptive information with regard to each article. When the museum is complete, an inquirer ought to be able not only to find in its cases a specimen of the particular product, or article which he desires to inspect, but to obtain—if we suppose the object of his visit to be a particular grain—an account of the places in which it grows, and the names by which it goes; if coal, he would find the principal coals produced in these Provinces represented, their several qualities and characteristics, the accessibility of the mines, the means of transport, &c. And similarly with regard to other food-products, seeds, fibres, minerals, and manufactures.

A careful and well classified selection, therefore, of specimens of all the products of the country, with printed papers telling all that is as yet known concerning every article of importance, will be the primary object of the museum, a work which, His Honor believes, will bear fruit out of all proportion to the labour of its preparation. There is a tendency in all such institutions to degenerate into a curiosity shop. His Honor has no fear that a committee judiciously selected would permit anything of the kind; they would keep steadily in view the purpose of the institution which is to trace every commodity in its successive stages of production and manufacture, taking stock of the actual resources of the province, and of its industrial developments.

One of the great wants of trade generally in India is the means of utilising the valuable information that has been collected regarding the productions of the country, and that lies buried in the records of the Government, or, almost equally inaccessible, in the scientific libraries and museums at the Presidency

towns. The results of the past labours and researches of the eminent men who have been the ornaments of the Indian services, and other remarkable men, should, the Lieutenant-Governor feels, if possible, be edited in a popular form. He would like to see the results of these valuable labours gathered by ourselves, adding thereto our own systematic collection of information, and putting the whole in an accessible form in the hands of the public. The Lieutenant-Governor believes that an Economic Museum well-administered would, within a comparatively short period, provide the public with the means of ascertaining, by a simple reference thereto, all that is known or is recorded in the several departments of the Government concerning the products and industries of the country.

Dr. Forbes Watson's plan for an Industrial Survey of India, sent out by the Secretary of State, is the development of a plan which the Lieutenant-Governor is inclined to adopt, and which he has been anxious to begin. He found, however, that while we might rapidly get together from our various provinces many specimens, the first necessity was to prepare a building for them; and after much search he was fortunate enough to find a public building in Dalhousie Square, which, by adaptation, has been made admirably to suit

the purpose.

He had hoped that by this time the Museum would have been well started, but the famine has interfered, and prevented our doing anything which would involve large calls on the district officers. The building being however ready, a few materials available, and many of our districts being now freed from immediate fear of famine, the Lieutenant-Governor is unwilling to leave the

country without making a small commencement of the undertaking.

Mr. Justice Phear has kindly assisted the Lieutenant-Governor with some excellent suggestions, also Colonel Hyde, the Mint Master; and Mr. Heeley, c.s., was good enough some time since to undertake a collection and classification of the food-grains of Bengal. The three gentlemen thus named consented, at the Lieutenant-Governor's request, to form themselves into an informal committee, in order to formulate the plans necessary to make a small commencement of the undertaking; and they have made some suggestions which the Lieutenant-Governor most readily adopts.

In accordance with these suggestions the Lieutenant Governor is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen to form a Central Committee to manage the Museum, with powers to appoint an Honorary Secretary and an establishment at a cost not exceeding Rs. 60 per mensem, with Rs. 20 per mensem for

contingencies.

1. Hon'ble Mr. Justice Phear.

2. Colonel H. Hyde, R.E.

3. W. L. Heeley, Esq., Inspector-General of Jails.

4. Mr. J. R. Bullen Smith.

- H. B. Medlicott, Esq., Geological Survey.
   Dr. G. King, Royal Botanical Garden.
   Dr. W. Schlich, Conservator of Forests.
- 8. J. Geoghegan, Esq., Board of Revenue.
  9. Robert Knight, Esq., Bengal Secretariat.
  10. Dr. C. B. Clarke, Education Department.

11. Dr. Kanye Lall Dé.

The work of the Central Committee appointed by this Resolution will be the nominating, advising and directing of local committees; the selecting and arranging of the samples and models received; and the composing of the descriptive catalogue from the materials sent in by the local committees and from information obtained by the members of the Central Committee itself or found already existing in a written form. This work will probably have to be done by allotment among sub-committees and individual members. It is necessary, therefore, that the committee should comprehend as many gentlemen as possible possessed of the requisite scientific attainments, who would take interest in the objects of the museum, and would consent to serve upon the committee. The Secretary would require to be paid, and it is proposed to make a small commencement with a salary of Rs. 150 per mensem, which sum is accordingly sanctioned.

The appointment of local committees in the districts will be made by the Central Committee in communication with the Government and the Commissioners of Divisions, and that Committee will be good enough to advise the Government as to the constitution they propose to give these bodies; but the Lieutenant-Governor feels keenly that, let their constitution be what it may, their efficiency will depend upon the interest which the district officers of the Government take in the work. He would remind these gentlemen that we must have their active sympathy in this effort to stimulate the industry and promote the well-being of the people committed to their care. The Lieutenant Governor knows how real that sympathy happily is, in the great majority of our officers, and he feels sure that he may count upon it in the present case. What we want from the districts are not things ornamental or curious, still less specimens of fine art, but specimens of the ordinary products of its agriculture, its minerals, its manufactures, and its forests and wastes. Bengal teems with undeveloped wealth, and we must have an effective inventory of our natural advantages and possessions.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

R. KNIGHT,

Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## RAJAH LEELANUND SING'S LIBERALITY.

No. 1959-S.R., dated Calcutta, the 31st March 1874

From—A. MACKENZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Commissioner of the Bhagulpore Division.

I AM directed to forward herewith copy of a letter No. 72, dated the 26th March 1874, from the Secretary, Central Relief Committee, with a statement exhibiting in detail the very munificent contributions made by Rajah Leclanund Sing, his family and dependents, towards the relief of distress caused by the scarcity.

I am to request that you will convey to the Rajah the Lieutenaut-Governor's warm acknowledgment of his liberality and public spirit.

This letter, with the statement, will be published in the Calcutta Gazette.

Statement of the sums paid in cash and by monthly donations, to continue during the prevalence of the famine in the year 1874, by Rajah Leelanund Singh Bahadur, for himself, and, under his instructions, by his dependants and servants, to the Famine Relief Fund Committees at different places.

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## RELIEF OPERATIONS CONDUCTED BY HIS HIGHNESS THE MOHARAJAH OF BURDWAN.

No. 3601T, dated Burdwan, the 28th March 1874.

From—C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

In continuation of my previous report, I have the honor to submit for the information of Government copy of the statement dated 26th instant, which His Highness the Moharajah has sent to me, shewing the particulars of the relief operations conducted under His Highness' management, and at His Highness' expense.

## Burdwan Moharajah's Relief Operations Statement.

#### BURDWAN.

Since the last statement was made there has been very little alteration in the state of affairs. One of the relief works has been finished, but there is plenty of occupation on the other two for all who apply for employment. Of those who might legitimately be called distressed, there are still few among the applicants, although the number of people employed is gradually increasing.

The number employed on the 13th March was 387, and on the 19th March 506, including men. women, and children. Among these are a few up-country people. A system of issuing tickets for admission to employment their pay weekly. The rate of pay still continues to be for men 10 pice, and women and children 6 pice each.

The food distribution-house at Purdwan has been placed under the personal supervision of Mr. Rossi, who has made a great improvement in the system pursued. The number continues about the same, and no permanent increase is perceptible. On the 13th of March the number of recipients was 1,012, and on the 19th March 1,065, but this increase in number is no sign of increase of distress, as the number fluctuates,—thus, on the 16th March the number was 1,154, on the 19th only 1,065.

There has been a marked diminution in the number of applicants for labor on the Somajbarri Dighee at Culna. On the 15th March the number employed was 400, and on the 21st only 273. The work is capable of comploying 600 hands, and unless that number be obtained the work will—not be finished by the beginning of the rains. It has, however, been determined not to force the work, but to keep it as a means of relief for a greater number, should distress hereafter show itself in Culna, which has not yet been the case. The rate of wages is the same as at Burdwan. It may be stated that there are a few agriculturists among the laborers employed on the work at Culna. The number of women employed on other works, where light labor is required, is the same as reported in the last statement, namely, between 50 and 70.

The number of recipients hardly varies at all from the six preceding weeks. On the Culna food distribution house.

15th March 1,010 men, women, and children were fed, and on the 21st March 972. The number never falls below 950 · 1,023 has been the average during the last six weeks.

## BOOD-BOOD.

Upon the representation of the Collector of Burdwan, it has been decided to open a relief-house immediately at Bood-bood, near the thana. Sheds are to be erected, for which pauper labor is to be employed. The Deputy Magistrate anticipates about 400 people daily will require to be fed. This gentleman also proposes that raw rice should be distributed to the better class of agriculturists, who will not eat the cooked food, but this suggestion is under consideration, and has not yet been adopted. The relief-house at Bood-bood will be placed under a darogab, but will be supervised by the district relief committee, the members of which have kindly volunteered their services.

#### HOOGHLY.

The Collector of Hooghly has suggested the opening of three relief-houses near that town, where cooked food should be distributed, viz., one at Dhurumpore, one at Kodalia, and one at Bally. The Collector writes that he has suggested three relief-louses instead of one in order to prevent the assemblage at any one place of large crowds. No action has yet been taken upon the suggestion, but an objection has been raised to the problem, that three houses within a limited distance of each other may give rise to fraud, people going from one house to another, and receiving food at all, unless costly prohibitive measures be taken; and also that people,

finding three relief-houses opened at once, while the distress is still at a minimum, will imagine that they have only to sit still and be fed, and not exert themselves in any way, and that in this manner pauperism may be forced. It is proposed to open at present one central relief-house, and, as the occasion arises, to open branches, but Mr. Pellew has been written to upon the subject, and action will be taken on the receipt of his reply.

## RAIPORE, KUICHET, &c.,

Raipore, Kuchet, and the piece of country between Burdwan and Culna were visited during the past week by the Moharajah, and inquiries as to the state of the people instituted. There were, however, no complaints of actual distress, though the people seemed to have considerable apprehension as to the future.

Rice from Orises.

A large quantity of rice has been purchased in Orissa, the first two or three thousand maunds of which are expected within the next three weeks.

EURDWAN, the 26th March 1874.

M. C., Burdwan.

## LIBERALITY OF BABOO SHETAB LAHOREE, ZEMINDAR OF DINAGEPORE.

No. 2066—SR, dated the 4th April 1874.

From -C. Bernard, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

To-The Relief Commissioner, Rajshahye.

THE Lieutenant-Governor has much pleasure in acknowledging the liberal exertions of Baboo Shetab Lahoree, zemindar in Dinagepore, who, as reported by you, has turnished about 5,000 carts for the transport of Government rice; has excavated seven tanks at his own cost in relief of his tenantry; has suspended the collection of rents from ryots affected by the scarcity; has taken active measures to ensure a supply of seed-grain; and has assigned, free of cost, land whenever required for Government relief works.

2. Sir George Campbell hopes that Baboo Shetab Lahoore's example may be tollowed

by other zemindars of Northern Bengal.

## RETURNS OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES FOR THE YEAR 1873.

No. 649, dated Calcutta, the 4th March 1874.

From—T. F. Bignold, Esq., Officiating Inspector-General of Registration, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

I HAVE So nonor to forward for the information of Government, and for publication in the Gazette, the Soturns (1 to 5) of Joint Stock Companies for the year 1873, submitted by the Registrar, no ceably to Government order No. 352 of 15th January 1866.

2. It will be seen that 28 new companies with a nominal capital of Rs. 95,06,000, were registered during the past year. Of the companies existing at the end of December last, six added to their aggregate capital a sum of Rs. 5,31,000, and four, representing a total nominal capital of Rs. 26,38,000, went into liquidation.

· Comparative Statement, shewing the number and capital of Joint Stock Companies registered and wound up, &c., during the years 1857 to 1873.

Total.	Value.	16,51,42,900	3,46,36,000	19,97,78,900	8,59,600	5,85,1100	14,43,000	19,83,85,800	26,38,000 112 10,47,62,400	47,23,900	38,86,000	11,25,000	11,44,97,300	8,38,38,000
-			·	251	-	:	:	:	122	- 61	21	é-	3	8
1873.	Value.	95,06,000 251	5,31.000	1,00,37,000		:	:	1,00,37,606	26,88,000	:				
	, N	88	:	23			<u> </u>	:	•	:	:			:
1873	Value.	34,10,000 28	2,70.000	36,80.000				36,80,000		· .				
-	. No.	15,33,00° 13	<b>40,00</b> 0.	0.0,	<u>                                     </u>		:     :	:	: 98	:		<u>:</u>	8	
1871.	. Valne.			15.73,040		: 		15,78,000	16,75,000	: 		<u>.</u>	16,75,000	
-	ķ	م خ	:	18	:		:     3	:  	<del>-</del>	: 8	<u> </u>	:	<b>*</b>	
1870.	Value.	4,15,040.	;			25,000	25,(-01)	3,97,000	1, 25,00,060	60,000	i	į	1,25,60,000	
	No.	81	<u>-</u>	64		:	:	_ !					1-1	
1869.	Value.	1,17,00,000	3,00,000	3 1,20,00,000		į	::	1.20,00,00H	24,06,400	;	į		24,06,400	
-	No.	•		1 1		:						-· :	œ	•
1568.	Value.	11,20,000		11,2 ,099	. :	į	:	11,29,000	78,92,500	46,63,900	:	:	1,20,56,400	
	No		:	24	:	:			2	13		:	8	:
1867.	Value.	18,50,0:0	10,60,0:10	29, 14, 040		i	:	29,10,000	3,64,25,000	1	38,86,000	9,25,000	4,12,36,000	
_	No.	<u>=</u>		=				:		:	82	ь	왕	:
1966.	Vaiue.	11,44,000	1,57,46,000	1,99,90,000	1,45,000	i	1,45,000	97,45,00^	2,50,30,000	:	:	2,00,000	2,52.30,000	!
	No.	2	:	2		<u>:</u>	:		20	:	:		2	
1865.	Value.	6.16,98,000 10	14,20,000	24 6,31,18,100	62,000	:	65,000	6,30,53,000	30,96,500				30,96,560	
	No.	 81	:			_:		:	Ħ	:	:	:	٠,	
1864	ralue.	1,15,28,900	64,72,000	1, 31, 74,900.	1,75,000	:	1,75,100	1,78,25,900	33,95,000 11	į	•	!	03,95,000	:
	No.	g		<u>21</u>		:	:	.				:	1	,
1963.	Value.	9 45,05,000 14 75 56,500 12 50,50,500 15 58,45,000 12 53,51,000 55 18,05,20,000 52 1,15,29,900	34.65,500	3,39,85,510	4,73,600		4,73,600	3,75,11,900	70,25,000	:		· ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	70,25,00	
		- 13 13	:	13	:	 :		:	90		_ :	:	œ	
1562	Value. No. Value. No. Value. No.	53,01,000	8.74,5	6,55,59"		:	:	o7.35,540	17,34,000				17,84,000	
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1861	Value	58.45.00	10,62,700	51,45,3441 15 39.67,0011 12		2,00,030	2,00,00	67,07,040	3 4,60,000				4,69,000	
	- % 	1 90	-	13		- : - 8	:  3	: l					8	
	Value	65.93	1,55 6	51,85	:	3,60,000	3,60,000	-3 25,507	2,15,000		į	į	2.15,000	i
_		<u> </u>	:	12	:	:	<u> </u>		9	•	:	:	0	:
1859.	Value.	78 56,50	2,60,7-19	St 10,50m 12		· 		81,16,5%	6,01,000				6,00,000	
_	- No.	71 00		18	<u>                                     </u>	:	<u>:</u> 	,	8			<u>:</u>	18	
1858	No. Value. No.	3.45,05,0	<u>.</u>	9 45,05.000				45,63,00	1,30,000		: 		1-	!
	- <del>%</del> -		<u> </u>	1	<u>'</u>	·: :	<del> </del>	:   §			<del>-</del> :	:	04	<u> </u>
1857.	o. Value.	2 16,60,000		2 18,00,000				13,500.GBC			:	<u>.</u>		•
	No.	no- pital	no.	-	·		<u>  '</u>	2 <u>4</u>	PA		÷ 2 :	<u>:</u>	1:	\$ <b>5.5</b> :

No. II.

Statement of Joint Stock Companies Registered in 1873.

	Names of Companies.		When region	tered		Amount of nominal capital in Rupces.
1.	Assensole East Indian Railway Co-operative	е				
	Society, Limited		13th Feb.	187	3	5,000
2.	Amicable Tea Company, Limited		1st Sept.	•,,		<b>3,0</b> 0, <b>0</b> 00
3.	Agricultural Phosphate Company, Limited .		18th Dec.	"		1,00,000
4.	Budge Budge Jute Mills Company, Limited .		21st April	,,		10,00,000
5.	Buxur Co-operative Society, Limited .	. :	26th May	••		3,000
6. '	Burrisal Loan Office, Limited		17th Nov.			20,000
7.	Cocheela Tea Company, Limited		17th Jan.			2,00,000
8.	Calcutta Laundry Company, Limited .		4th April			75,000
9.	Calcutta Hydraulic Press Company, Limited .	•	10th April			1,40,000
10.	Cossipore Press Company, Limited		3rd Dec.			4,40,000
11.	Dedarkash Tea Company, Limited		19th April			1,00,000
12.	Desang Company, Limited	. :	29th Dec.			70,000
13.	Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Company	٠,				•
•	Limited	•	6th May	,,	٠.	14,00,000
14.	Gowhatty Tea Company, Limited		2nd May	,,		4,00,000
15.	Holta Tea Company, Limited	•	27th Feb.	,,		3,50,000
16.	Kalacherra Tea Company, Limited		23rd June	,,		<b>2,75</b> ,000
17.	Labor Transport Company, Limited		28th Oct.	>9		1,00,000
18.	Mymensingh Loan Office, Limited		29th Sept.	,,		20,000
19.	National Theatre Company, Limited by Guarante	e	18th March	1,,		0.000
20.	North-Western Watson Patent Press Company			••		•
	Limited	•	14th April	,,		4,00,000
21.	New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited .		16th May	"	٠.	0.00.000
22.	7) 44 1 70 41 T: 4 3	•	31st Dec.	"		2,00,000
23.	Raneegunge Coal Association, Limited	•	8th April	,,		0.00.000
24.	Sealdah Jute Company, Limited		14th June			5,00,000
25.	Singhulli and Murmah Tea Company, Limited .		26th Nov.			4,00,000
26.	Seebpore Jute Manufacturing Company, Limite	ed	1st Dec.			15,00,000
27.	my for them of Times I		24th July			3,00,000
28.	United Tea Planters' Tea Company, Limited .		3rd April			6,000
· · · · ·	• • •		•			•
			To	tal	• •	95,06,000

. CALCUTTA, The 15th Junuary 1874. C. M. CHATTERJEE, Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

No. III.

Statement of Joint-Stock Companies existing on the 31st December 1873.

	1	•			
	Names of Companies.				Amount of nomina capital in Rupees.
1.	Arcuttipore Tea Company, Limited				3,00,000
2.	Adulpore Terai Tea Company, Limited	• •			1,10,000
3	Assemol Trading and Building Company,	Limited	• •	• •	50,000
₽.	Vesensole E. I. R. Co-operative Society, Lin				5,000
5.	Amicable Tea Company, Limited				3,00,000
6.	Agricultural Phosphate Company, Limited	• •			1,00,000
7.	Bengal Coal Company, Limited		• •		22,00,000
8.	Burdwan Stone Company, Limited		• •		3,00,000
9.	Bengal Tea Company, Limited				10,00,000
10.	Balasun Tea Company, Limited				2,00,000
11.	Bangalore Bank, Limited		• •		10,00,000
12.	Bengal Uncovenanted Service Medical Hall	Associatio	n, Limited		50,000
13.	Bishnauth Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •		11,00,000
14.	Brunton's Patent Press Company, Limited	• •			6,00,000
15.	Burmah Steam Tug Company, Limited	• •			1,55,000
16.	Bridgman Tea Company, Limited	• •			60,000
17.	Borsilla Tea Company, Limited				1,10,000
18.	Bowreah Cotton Mills Company, Limited	• •	• •		15,00,000
19.	Budge Budge Jute Mills Company, Limited	l	• •		10,00,000
20.	Buxar Co-operative Society, Limited	• •	••		4,000
21.	Burrisal Loan Office, Limited	••	• •		20,000
22.	Calcutta Docking Company, Limited	• •	••	• •	12,18,000
		Carried f	orward		1,13,82,000

	Names of Companies.				Amount of nominal capital in Rupees.
	_	Brought	forward		1,13.82,000
23.	Central Cachar Tea Company, Limited			• •	10,00,000
24.	Calcutta Landing and Shipping Company,	Limited	• •	• •	2,20,000
25.	Cowry Coffee Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	1,05,000
26.	Calcutta Central Press Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	75,000
27. 28.	Chandypore Tea Company, Limited Calcutta Opera House Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	<b>2,</b> 50,000 <b>40,</b> 000
20. 29.	Cutlecherra Company, Limited	• •	• •	••	2,30,000
30.	Central Terai Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	4,00,000
31.	Chitpore Screw Company, Limited	••	••	• •	75,000
32.	Cocheela Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •		2,00,000
33.	Calcutta Laundry Company, Limited	••	• •	• •	. 75,000
34.	Calcutta Hydraulic Press Company, Limite		• •	• •	1,40,000
35. 36.	Cossipore Press Company, Limited Dehra Doon Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	4,40,000 20,00,000
37.	Durrung Tea Company, Limited.	• •	••	• • •	5,00,000
38.	Durrabhar Company, Limited	••	• •		60,000
39.	Darjeeling Terai Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	1,00,000
40.	Dehing Company, Limited		• •	• •	20,00,000
41.	Dessai and Parbuttia Tea Company, Limite	d	• •	• •	1,50,000
42. 43.	Dedarkash Tea Company, Limited Dessang Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	1,00,000 70,000
40. 44.	East India Tea Company, Limited	• •	••.	••	10,00,000
45.	Eastern Cachar Tea Company, Limited	• •		••	5,60,000
46.	Equitable Coal Company, Limited	• •	••	• •	8,00,000
47.	Eastern Bengal Indigo Company, Limited	• •			4.00,000
48.	Eastern Steam Tug Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	3,00,000
<b>49.</b>	Fallodhi Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	2,00,000
50. 51.	Furreedpore Loan Office, Limited Fort Gloster Jute Manufacturing Company	Limitad	• •	• •	15,0/ <del>1</del> 0 14,00,000
51. 52.	Great Eastern Hotel Company, Limited	, miniceu	• •	••	15,00,000
53.	Gouripore Company, Limited	••	• •	• •	8,00,000
51.	Goosery Cotton Mills Company, Limited	••		• •	9,20,000
55.	Gowhatty Tea Company, Limited	• •		• •	4,00,000
56.	Hoolungory Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	4,00,000
57. 58.	Howah Docking Company, Limited Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporat	ion Gua mil	iliona of d	lallara	8,00,000
JO.	equal to Rs	iton, nve mii	intona or u		1,12,50,000
59.	Holta Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	3,50,000
60.	India General Steam Navigation Company,	Limited			<b>29,0</b> 0,000
61.	Indian Terai Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	1,00,000
62.	Jellalpore Cachar Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	• 1,60,000
63. 64.	Jookai (Assam) Tea Company, Limited Kunchanpore Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	2,30,000
65.	Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Company, Lin	mited	• •	• •	5,00,000 8,00,000
66.	Kuttal Tea Company, Limited	•••	••	••	1,00,000
67.	Kurseong and Terai Tea Company, Limited	• • •			1,00,000
68.	Kalacherra Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	2,75,000
69.	Labor Transport Company, Limited	• •	• •	• • •	1,00,000
70. 71.	Muttock Tea Company, Limited Monacherra Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	4,00,000
72.	Mahalderam Tea Company, Limited	• •	•••	• •	<b>8,</b> 00,000 <b>25,</b> 000
73.	Majagram Tea Company, Limited	• •	••	• •	<b>2,</b> 00,000
<b>74</b> .	Moran Tea Company, Limited				6,00,000
75.	Mymensingh Loan Office, Limited				20,000
76.	Nasmyth's Patent Press Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	3,00,00 <b>0</b>
77. 78.	Natwanpore Tea Company, Limited New Mutual Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	.:	4,00,000
79.	National Theatre Company, Limited by Gu	arantee	••		1,20,000 2,000
80.	North-Western Watson Patent Press Comp	any, Limite		••	4,00,000
81.	New Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited .		• •	••	6,00,000
82.	Pankaboree Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	2,50,000
83.	Port Canning Hotel Company, Limited	• •	<i>:</i> ·	• •	1,00,000
84. 85	Putteareah Tea Company, Limited Ramgurh Company, Limited	• •	••	• •	2,00,000
85. 86.	Raneegunge Coal Association, Limited	• •	••	• •	10,00,000 6,00,00 <b>0</b>
87.	Sarawak Jainee Hindoostan Banking and T		oany, Liu	nited	2,50,00,000
88.	Sylhet Tea Company, Limited	••	• •	• •	1,50,000
89.	Soom Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	3,00,000
90.	Scott, Thompson, and Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	5,00,000
			_		

Carried forward

7,79,39,000

	Names of Companies.				I	Amount of nominal capital in Rupees.
	•	Brought	forwa	ard	• •	7,79,39,0u0
91.	Singell Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •			6,25,000
92.	Cooldon Into Commons Limited	••				5,00,000
93.	Singhulli and Murmah Tea Company, Limit	ed				4,00,000
94.	Seebpore Jute Manufacturing Company, Lin	nited		•		15,00,000
95.	Tipperah Loan Office, Limited	• •				1,00,000
96.	Takvar Company, Limited	• •				12,00,000
97.	Tirhoot Indigo Company, Limited				• •	9,00,000
98.	The Planters' Stores Company, Limited	• •				50,000
99.	The Colonial Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •			<b>3,</b> 00,00 <b>0</b>
100.	United Tea Planters' Tea Company, Limited	• •				6,000
101.	Wastara Coffee Company, Limited	• •			• •	48,00 <b>0</b>
102.	Watson's Patent Press Company, Limited	• •	• •		••	2,70,000
				Total	٠.	8,38,38,000

CALCUTTA,

The 15th January 1874.

C. M. CHATTERJEE,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

#### No. IV.

## Statement of Joint Stock Companies wound up in 1873.

	Names of Companies.				nount of nominal capital in Rupecs.
1.	Victoria Tea Company, Limited	• •	•	• •	10,00,000
2.,	Beerbhoom Coal Company, Limited				12,00,000
	Muddenhaut Tea Company, Limited		• •	• •	1,80,000
4.	Dulcherra Tea Company, Limited	• •	• •	• •	2,58,000
				Total	26,38,000

CALCUTTA,
The 15th January 1874.

C. M. CHATTERJEE,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

## No. V.

## Statement of Joint Stock Companies which increased their Capital in 1873.

	Names of Companies.			A	mount of Increase.
					$\mathbf{Rs.}$
1.	Buxar Co-operative Society, Limited	• •		• •	1,000
2.	Eastern Steam Tug Company, Limited				2,00,000
3.	Indian Terai Tea Company, Limited	• •			50,000
4.	Jokai Assam Tea Company, Limited				80,000
5.	Nasmyth'all atent Press Company, Limit	ted—			
	Increase not included in the statement o			th omissior	<b>).</b>
	Present increase	1,00	0,000		
					1,20,000
6.	Tipperah Loan Office, Limited	• •	• •	• •	80,000
			То	tal	5,31,000

CALCUTTA,
The 20th February 1874.

C. M. CHATTERJEE,
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

	1				1		,														QU	AN'	riti	ES	PER	RUPK	EK BY
							V	Vni	BAT.			1	BARLEY	r.	Ric	B, BB	8T 5	ORT.		Rici	e, co	MMC	on.		Вотко: Сомв		
No.	ĐĮ	STR	ICTS.			Present return.		Nort preceding return.	9	Corresponding return	Of 1886 year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Nort preceding return.	Treat pieceaning room	Corresponding return		Present return.	Next preceding return	There becomes termine	Corresponding return	Ulitably call	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
	BE	NG	AL.			<u>'</u>		<u>'</u>					<u> </u>		·····												
	Weste	rn I	Districts.				(1)	,Q	(%)		7h 1	s Ch	ıs Ch	. S. Ch.	is Ch	. 19	Ch.	s 0	h ·S	Ch	įQ.	Ch	ıs (	?h. /	S Chi	s .C.	8 0
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2	Bankoora	•••	•••		•••	15		1			- 1	24 8	18 8	21 0	1	12			8 13	B 8	13	4	20	0			
3	Beerbhoom	•••				12		1		16	0	15 0			10 8	11	0	19	0 18	0	13	8	24	0		•••	35
4	Midnapore.	•••	•••																								
5	Hooghly			•••	•••	12	0	12	0	16 (	) ₹	20 0 to 22 0	to	16 0 to 32 0	and	ane	d }∙	10 0	{   12   12   13	8 and	12 12 an	8 ( d (	18	0		•••	
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6	24-Pergunna	h=	•••		{	13		13		16	0	to 1712	16 0 }	26 10			0	8					20				
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10		•••	•••	•••		11		11		1	0		10 0	1	İ			24	!			12			1	10.0	
11	Maldah	•••	•••	•••	••	10	U	13	U	18	U	21 0	21 0	35 0	10	"	U	3.9	"	ם ט	1	0	25	U	16. 0	16 0	20
12	Rajshahye.					,,	15		0	18	٥				9 (		0	15	<u>,                                    </u>	1 1		٥	07	10	!		
	Rungpore	•••		•••	••			Ī	•	18			•	""	6 (			18 1	-							•••	"
14	Bograh	•••	•••	•••		i		1		22		21 0		"	8 (	!		12	- 1				1				
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17	Cooch Behan		•••	•••	•••	"	*	0	'	"			"		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<b>,</b>	Ū		l l					••		· ***	"
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24	Chittagong 1	·	•••	•••		13	0	12	0	10	0				13 0	- 1		!	- 1		1		1				
26	Noakholly†	•••	•••				•••		•••		••				12	12	0	16	0 1		15	0	26	0			
26	Tipperali†		•…	•••	•••	11	0	10	0	12	0				10	10	0	20	0 1	1° 4 8	14	8	32	8			
27	Chittagong	Hill	Tracts†	•••	•••					.	•				10	8 9	6	16	0 1	2 5	10	0	20	0			
	Hill Tipper	ah‡		•••		8	8			10	6				11	11	4	24	6 1	6 0	10	0	40	0			

Return not received.

Return for week ending 28th March received after the publication of the last Gazetts.

In the sub-divisions the price of best rice ranges from 11-8 to 12-11 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers per rupes. Coarse rice at 14-6 seers per rupes.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 12-9 to 14-8 seers per rupes. In the interior only.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11-8 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupes. Price of common rice in the sub-division ranges from 13 to 16 seers per rupes.

Coarse rice at 14-9 seers per rupes.

## indermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 4th April 1874.

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- Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-7 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 24 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 9-8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 12 seers per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 16 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 12 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 14-1 to 16-5 sers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-11 to 13-4 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 16-5 sers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 14 to 16-8 seers, and of common rice from 17 to 18 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 17 to 18 seers per rupee.

  Price of common rice at outlying marts ranges from 14 to 20 seers per rupee.

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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								Wı	IBA:	T.			•	Ba	RLE	Y.		1	Ric	<b>E</b> , B	est	80 R	T.	1	Ric	B, C	OM	MO M	•			HILLET Bajra
No.	•	DISTI	RICTS	•			Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year,		Fresent return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return
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28	Patna		•••	, 		S. 16		i		1		1		1		8. 31		l		1		ı		1		S. 12				s. Ch	8. 0	Sh. S. (
29	Gya		•••	•••		11	<b>Q</b>	11	8	17	0	17	8	17	4	32	0	8	0	8	0	12	0	10	0	10	0	18	0			
80	Shahabad		•••				R 8	15	0	18	0		0	19	4	32	0	11	4	u	8	14	0	12	0	12	8	18	8	18 8	18	0
31	Tirhoot			•••		10	8	10	0	14	{٥	11			to	17	8 0 0	},	7 8	7	0	20	0	9	8	8	8	21	0			
32	Satun						0	14	0	14	0	18	0	18	0	27	0	8	0	8	O	14	0	12	0	12	0	20	0			
33	Chumparai	1					<b>r</b> 0	11	0	14	0	15	0		···	28	0	8	4	0	0	13	0	0	0	10	4	27	0	··· ,		
84	Moughyr.*																															
85	Bhagulpore			•••		11		15		1		19	0	18		31		l		l		1		1		Ì		16.	-			
86	Purneah	•••	•…		••		O	12	0	12		i	)	j		30		10	0	12	0	25	0	11	0	13	0	27	0			-
37	Southal Pe	rgunua	dis			12	0	12	U	14	o₹.		0	22 30	to	27 50	0	}1	0 (	10	0	18	0	11	0	11	0	23	0	16 U	16	30
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88	Cuttack†					15	12	15	12	18	6					۱.,		19	11	21	0	26	4	28	11	30	3	32	13			j
39	Pooree†	•••				11	13	11	13	17	в			١.	••	١.		18	в	18	6	22	5	27	9	27	9	35	7			
10	Balasore.*				1		}		1												Ì											
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41	Hazareebag	h				11	0	12	0	17	8	14	0	15	0	۱.		8	8	8	12	12	0	12	8	11	12	17	8		ļ	.
42	Lohardugge	n <b>†</b>	•••		•••	10	8	9	0	16	0	15	0	14	0	22	0	12	0	13	0	15	0	14	0	14	0	17	0		 	
48	Singbhoom	ŀ	•••			12	0	12	0	14	0	;	;	. ر		22 24	0	12	0	13	0	24	0	20	0	20	0	30	0	•••		
44	Manbhoom					12	0	12	0	16	0	206	22	1	:0 0 to 33 0	t t	, (	<b>{</b> 1	40	14	0	24	0	14	8	14	8	26	0			

CALCUTTA, The 7th April 1874.

^{*} Return not received.
† Return for week ending 28th March received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Q In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12-10 to 15 seers, barley from 15 to 24 seers, and of best rice from 9 to 9-12 seers, and common rice from 10 to 13 8 seers; lesser malet 15 to 17 seers, maize from 13 to 16 seers, and gram from 15-10 to 18 seers per rupee.

R In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat from 13 to 14-8 seers, barley from 10 to 20 seers, best rice from 8-8 to 9 seers, common rice from 11 to 13 seers, bulleuth millet from 15 to 17 seers, and gram from 18 to 19 seers per rupee.

S In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 9 to 13 seers, best rice from 8 to 12 seers, common rice from 9 to 13 seers, maize from 11-4 to 10-8 seers, and gram from 10 to 18 seers per rupee.

## Districts of Bengal on the 4th April 1874.—(Continued.)

GREA CRO	lt Mii Lum, J	OWAR.	RAG	er Mil i or M d Chri	URWA,	MAI2		Ini Rn.	DIAN•			GR	A W.			Fı	RE-W	001	D.			S	LT.			
Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Correst onding return of last year.	Present return	Vert preseding to	. ear preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.		Fresent return.	Nort messeding return	Next preceding retain.	Corresponding return of last year.		Fresent return.	Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	or last year.	DISTRICTS,
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						28 0	28	0 /	75 O	13	0	13	0	2 (	300	) υ	280	ola	3' 0	0 7	4	7	0	8	4	Manbhoom.

In the interior prices range as follow: —Wheat from 11 to 12-8 seers, barley from 14 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 8 to 9 seers, and of common rice from 8-8 to 11 seers, lesser millet from 12-8 to 15-8 seers, maize from 12 to 15-4 seers, and gram from 11 to 15 seers per rupee.
 In the interior prices range as follow: —Wheat from 11-4 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 9 to 13 seers, common rice from 11-4 to 14-15 seers, bulrush millet from 16 to 19 seers, maize from 13 to 20 seers, and gram from 12 to 20 seers per rupee.
 V Price of common rice in the interior ranges from 28 to 40 seers per rupee.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

## Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 4th April 1874.

No	No. District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Sudder Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.							
BEN(	– 1AE	4.									
		Western Districts.									
	1	Burdwai , 7th* April 1874	Nil	No rain has fallen in the district, except a passing shower at Mancoor on the 3rd April. Teel (oil-seed) suffering from want of rain. Distress increasing in Bood-bood and Cutwa. Fever as before; a few cases of cholera at Culma and Cutwa.							
NOW.	2	Bancoorab, 4th ""	Nil	Dry and hot, with westerly wind. Cotton, teel, (oil-seed), boro paddy, and indigo growing and doing well. Everything c'se harvested. Prices stationary. Small-pox abating, and a few cases of cholera reported.							
DUEDWAN DIVISION:	8	Beerbhoom, 4th ,, ,,	Nil :	Hot with strong winds. No marked change to record. Export to Patna and Bhagulpore Pivisions of week ending 28th March, 5,813 maunds. About 6,000 persons now on district and relief works. Prices rising.							
DORDA	4	Midnupore, 1th " "	0.08	The hot weather has duly set in, with the usual accompaniments of high wind and occasional storms. The reports on the state and prospects of the crops continue favorable, especially as regards mulberry and indigo.							
İ	5	Hooghly, 4th ,, ,,	Nil	Clear throughout and hot; wind variable. Boro and jalla paddy, onion and teel (oil-seed) on the ground. Ground being prepared for the early rice cultivation.							
ţ		Howrah, 4th ,, ,,		The hot weather has set in, for the breezes are very strong, especially after sunset.  All the crops (the boro puddy being the only important food-crops) continue to do very well.							
		Central Districts.									
Mistos.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 7th† April 1874.		Bright and warmer with occasional clouds and fogs in the morning. The next early rice sowings will commence as soon as there is a fall of rain. Sugarcane has yielded a fair crop. Cholera continues in thannahs Baseerhat, Baduria, Bankipore, Mathurapore, and Barripore. It has almost disappeared in thannah Diamond Harbour, but has broken out in thannah Satkhira. Two cases of small-pox reported from Kalaroa.							
rkesidency Division.	7	Nudden, 4th April 1874		The hot weather has now set in. Almost all crops are off the ground. In Koosteah the outturn is estimated at 12 to 14 annas. Indigo is promising, and so is the little boro paddy which exists in the district. Aus or early rice sowings have commenced in low lands. Prices are much the same as last week. Cholera is bad in Chooadanga Sub-division and in the distressed tracts of the Sudder. Three native doctors are employed.							
ĺ	8	Jessore, 4th " "		A little rain in the Narail Sub-division. Elsewhere there has been none, though the sky has been at intervals overcast and threatening with clouds. Cultivation of paddy is getting on well. If the rain which threatens, falls, will do much good. There is no important change in pricts.							
)N,	9	Moorshedabad, 1th ,, ,,	Nil	Cool in the mornings and evenings, hot during the day. On the evening of the 3rd April there were threatening clouds, with strong wind, but a few drops of rain fell at head-quarters. There were heavy showers of rain in the Unrihurparah and Nowada Thannahs. In some places the Choitali crops (crops when are ready by the second half of March and first half of April) are still being harvested, and the fields are being prepared for the next early rice sowings; this affords employment to a considerable number of labourers, principally in the eastern thannahs. Prices of food-grains remain stationary—Small-pox and cholera are still prevalent in the head-quarters sub-district.							
E DIV 131	10	Dinigepore, 4th , ,,	Nil	Dry and hot during the early part of the week, cloudy for the last day or two, and looks like rain. Boro rice promises well; in some places water for this crop is beginning to fail. Rain wanted to complete early rice sowings.							
RAJSHAHYE DIVISION	11	Maldab, 4th ,, .,	0.88	Hot and dry, with occasional clouds; storm, rain, and hail on Friday, the 3rd April, and distant thunders and clouds on Saturday, the 4th. The cold weather crop is almost all safely harvested, and has yielded a full average outturn. The cheena (millet) and gram, which still remain to be harvested, also promise a full yield. The boro rice, which in places was suffering for want of water, has henefited greatly by the rain, and the prospect of this crop still continues good. The mange crop also promises fairly well. The hail has not been so severe us to do material injury to the early—boro rice—crop. Prices have fallen slightly, and the prospect and condition of the district are better than it was last week. Heavy thunder-storm with hail and rain since telegraphed.							
l	12	Rajshahye, 1th ,, ,,	0.75	Heavy rain in the afternoon of 3rd April, accompanied with high wind. The sky was not de r on the 4th. The cold weather crops have been harvested, and land is being prepared for paddy sowings. Prices of food-grains have slightly risen in the thannah jurisdiction of Bagmarah, Godagari, and Singrah, and been stationary elsewhere.							

Telegram of the 7th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

[†] Report of the 7th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

1	No. District and date of return.		Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	and the country of the property of the clops, and
EN	CAI	—(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
	13	Itungpore, 4th April 1874	·12 •	High winds, with cloudy weather, but without rain until the evening of the 3rd April, when there was a short but heavy hall-storm and a fall of rain, and mor rain threatening. Whent and pulses now gathered and a plentiful crop. Kown and cheena (millets) and the sp. outing rice where sown must needs rain. Sowing is extensively going on all over the district.
	14	Bograh, 4th ,, ,,	2:62	Pleasant at the time of report. Rain has fallen in the district during the week Weather and the cold weather crops are favorably reported upon. Jute sowing has commenced in some places. The early rice crop is being sown in the easy part of the district.
! (	. 15	Pubna, 4th ,, ,,	1.47	Weather hot. On the 1st April it rained slightly, and on the 3rd there was a heavy shower of rain attended with hail and a storm from the west. The harvest of the peas, khesarce, and musoor (pulses), linseed, barley, and wheat, has been completed, gram and the late cheena (millet) crops are still being cut. The born and jally rice crops will be greatly benefited by the rain. The ryots have taken advantage of the rain, and are sowing both carly and late rice. General health of the district good. Three cases of cholera reported from Maldah outpost.
1	16	Darjecling, 4th " "	1.56	Occasional showers, with alternate fog and bright sunshine. No crops of any importance on the ground at present.
COUCH DEBAR DITE:	17	Julpigoree, 4th ., ,,	Nil	Mornings and evenings cool. Westerly wind and last few days cloudy. Tobacco is being cut in parts and finished cutting in others; the crop is a very good one Barley and wheat have been reaped and are good crops. Potatoes dug up—a good crop. Sowing of kowni (millet) and moong (pulse) finished. Sowing of jute commenced. Reports of the state of the people all over the district cheering. There has been a general and considerable fall in the price of rice in the district; coarse rice, which was lately selling in the Julpigorce bazar at 11 seers per rupee, is now 17 and 18 seers, and in the Dooars 18 and 19 seers per rupee. In parts of Bodwhere, the district officers have been most anxious, the poorcr classes would suffer from distress, are still pinched from want of full quantity of food. Coarse rice, a seer or two cheaper. The fall in prices in those parts, where the crops have been worst, i. e., parts of Boda, is owing to the cold weather crops being in these part very good and now having come to markets, and partly to the fact of rice being stored on the part of the Cooch Behar. State. Generally all over the district th fall is due to export having stopped, at d. this is said to be consequent on the sal of Government rice in neighbouring districts. No distress at present.
\	•	Cooch Behar, 4th ,, ,,	1.20	Fine, except on the 1st, when there was a heavy gale of wind, accompanied by thunder, buil, and heavy rain. The tebacco was nearly all secured before the bails Prospects of millets and early rice good. The rain has been beneficial.
		Eastern Districts.	· -	
	18	Daces, 7th* April 1874	1.01	Warm and sunny weather with storms. Prospects of crops good. Some choler in the district.
	19	Furreedpore, 4th " "	1:45	Bad weather expected; it has been very hot for the last three days, and a stori threatened on Wednesday afternoon. A north-wester on Friday night, whe nearly 1½ inches of rain fell. No change in the state and condition of the crop Boro paddy excellent all over the district.
Ì	<b>2</b> 0	Backergunge, 28th Mar.	Nil	Hot weather. Crops good.
~	21	Mymensing, 4th April 1874.	2.9	Rain in the Sudder Station on two days of the week. Severe thunder-storm on the 1st and 3rd April. Temperature as high as last week. Mornings cool. No rain in the south-west of the district; little rain on one day in the south-east; at in the north-west a thunder-storm on one day and some rain. The prospects the crops much the same as last week. No report as to the effect of hail on borrice and cheena (millet) yet received. Early rice sowings going on.
	22	Sylhet, 28th Mar. 1874	4.	Heavy showers of rain, off and on, all through the first half of the week, with good deal of thunder and high wind and a little hail. The weather has set fine since 27th March, and the warm weather may now be said to be fairly s in. The ryots are again beginning to sow their early and late rice crops, the dry weather continues, these crops will be unusually good. Much mo heavy rain just now would throw back the crops so much as to render distributed by the control of the year. 10,000 manness of rice and 20,000 manness of paddy exported. The heavy rain has been most beneficial to tea, and will to the rice crops if there is a little dry weather for some time. Health of the district good. The river has risen nearly 13 feet since last Saturday.
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^{*} Telegram of the 7th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

;	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.							
BE		i.—(Contd.) Eostern Districts — (Contd.)		•							
	21	Chittagong, 28th Mar. 1874.	·10	Cloudy and windy, with some rain in early part of the week; more settled since the 26th March. The late rains have done much good. In some places the ground is being prepared for the early paddy crop. Cholera reported from most stations in the sudder sub-division.							
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	25	Noukhally, 28th Mar. 1874.	1 07	Cool, cloudy, and rainy—unusual for the season; a heavy shower of rain, with hail, on the evening of the 26th March, and morning of the 28th foggy. Reaping of khesary (pulse) and linseed crops being completed. Moong (pulse), chilly, and sessamum (oil-seed) crops have been injured by the late rains and hail-stones; cultivation of the early rice crops progressing. In Ameergunge ten annas of the chilly and twelve annas of the moong (pulse) and sessamum (oil-seed) crops have been destroyed by rain and hail.							
Спітта	26	Tipperah, 28th Mar. 187	·55	Stormy and high winds during first half of the week, latter half hot and sunny; weather altogether warmer than last week. Prospects of spring rice crops good; other crops have a good outturn.							
	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts 28th March 1874.	. 71	Occasional falls of rain throughout the week, foggy on the morning of the 28th March. Tobacco being gathered. The hillmen are yet engaged in joom-cutting. Owing to the fall of rain during the last few days the joom-burning will commence little later than usual							
RE	HAR	Hill Tipperab, 28th Mar 1874.	. 0.14	First part of the week cloudy, with some rain on the nights of the 23rd and 25th March. Strong wind during first part of the week. Heavy dows in the mornings; getting very hot. Nothing new to report. Ploughing is going on in most parts of the level country under the hills.							
	28	Patna, 7th* April 187-	Nil	Weather seasonable, though very cool for the time of the year. Strong cast winds in the morning which turn round to the west in the middle of the days. The cold weather crops have now nearly been all harvested and yielded well. Health of the district good, but the number of cases of small-pox in the city is slightly on the increase.							
	29	Gya, 4th ""	Nil	Seasonable weather; the spring harvest is being brought to a close. The produce fully bears out the estimated outturn. Cheena (millet) has been sown in large quantities than was originally reported, and the crop at present is in all stages of maturity. Health remains good.							
ох.	<b>3</b> 0	Shahabad, 4th ,, ,, 1874.	Nil	Sky murky. Strong west wind, attended with dust-storm, prevailing, chiefly in the day; mornings pleasant. The harvesting of the cold weather crops is progressing steadily, from which an average outturn is expected. Mango crop, so far as standing, promises well, and will, if there is no blight, help in the way of giving food to the poor.							
PATNA DIVISION.	31	Firhoot, 4th April 187-	i Nil	Hot and dry in day and cool by night. In the Tajpore Sub-division the cold weather crop harvest is still going on. Tobacco traders are not coming forward to buy as in ordinary years. The moong (pulse), kowni, and cheena (millets), sowings require rain. Indigo prospects bad; germination was not bad; but the plants die away, and in places caterpillars are doing much damage. No change in the prospects of the mango crops. In the Durbungah sub-division the mustard and rahur (pulse) are good; cheena (millet) sown to some extent, but the prospect is not very encouraging. Mango crop still promises well. There is no change in the prospects of the rest of the sub-divisions.							
	32	Sarue, 4th ., ,,	Nil	Weather bright and sunny, and getting warm. West and prevailing. The harvest of the cold weather crops has been almost completed, and the bulk of the crops thrashed and stocked. The yield has been better than was anticipated; the grains are full and of excellent quality. Cheena (millet) is coming on vell. Sugarcane is being planted for the next year's crop. The prospects of indigo is indifferent. The seeds have not germinated well, and where germinated, the plants are sickly and withering away for want of moisture in the fields. New pulses and grains are coming into the market. Prices steady.							
1	33	Chumparun, 4th ""	Nil	East and west winds. The cold weather crops are being rapidly harvested; the produce is good, so far as it goes. The checha (millet) crop continues good, but is in much want of rain, without which a good outturn cannot be expected. Health of district continues good.							
7X.	34	Monghyr, 4th ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable weather. The cold weather crop is nearly all cut; the outturn is as good as was expected. Indigo prospects bad; mohwa and mango prospects good. Health of the district satisfactory.							
RE Dr	35	Bhagulpore, 7th* Apri 1874.	Nil	East and west winds. Cold weather crops almost all reaped; outturn very satisfactory. General health very good.							
ньеггро	36	Purneah, 4th April 187	Nil	Very hot and dry. The cold weather crops are nearly all gathered in. Ploughing and sowing of the early 1000 in progress. Rain is wanted for kowni and cheena (millets) and early rice. Price fluctuating with the state of trade.							
F.	37	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 4th April 1874.	Nil	Very hot. The great heat of the weather is favorable to the outturn of mohwa, which, in spite of previous anticipation, may be a very good crop. The prospects of mohwa in Deoghur are excellent. Nothing else to report.							
BHAGTIPORE DITY.		Purneah, 4th April 187 Sonthal Pergunnahs,		Very hot and dry. The cold weather crops are nearly all gathered in. Plo and sowing of the early need in progress. Rain is wanted for kowni and (millets) and early rice. Proce fluctuating with the state of trade.  Very hot. The great heat of the weather is favorable to the outturn of a which, in spite of previous anticipation, may be a very good crop. The pr							

^{*} Telegram of the 7th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
ORISSA	•		
( 38	Cuttack, 7th* April 1874	Nil	No rain, weather hot. Prospects of crops good. Public health good.
OHISSA DIVISION.	Poorce, 28th Mar. 1874	-05	There was slight rainfall in parts of Khoordah Sub-division. The weather was occasionally cloudy up to 24th March, and afterwards hot. Moong (pulse) is being gathered with a fair outturn; dalua rice crop is being respect, and the produce is good. Cotton is doing well; caster-seed is being gathered with a fair outturn. Mango crop, though not abundant, is doing well. Agricultural operations are proceeding well. Purchases of tice for exportation continue moderately. Prices are stationary. Public health is generally good, except that small-pox prevails in some places as usual at this time.
{ 40	Balasore, 4th April 1874	0.01	Hot, with north-westers and occasional rain. Advantage is being taken of the occasional showers to plough and manure the land for next season's crops. The dalua rice harvest has commenced. The threshing of the present season's rice is nearly completed.
снота	NAGPORE.	1	
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
41	Hazareebugh, 4th April 1874.	. Nil	Cloudless sky and hot west wind. The continued fine weather has greatly improved the mohwa crop. It is now generally considered a twelve-anna crop, if not more. But the high prices that have ranged in this district so long have prevented people coming to this food with the same strength that they have in ordinary years, and it is feared that the fruit diet will prove unwholesome. Pressure is reported from Bengabad, which lies to the north-east of Pachamba, and measures are being taken to open works there. From other parts previously affected, reports are more favorable.
<b>4</b> 2	Lohardugga, 4th April 1874	) Nil	Weather dry and warm during the week, but seasonable. The cold weather crops are being rapidly harvested, and the weather has on the whole been very two the harvest. The mohwa has fallen, and is still falling, freely in the Palamow and Torce Pergunnahs, and this will give immense relief to the people. Price are stationary. General health good. Palamow price-current of the 31st March shows a slight fall in price.
43	Singbhoom, 28th Mar.	Nil	Days very warm, nights still cool. Nothing particular to report about crops. Cholera and cattle disease continue
44	Maunbhoom, 4th April 1871.	Nil	Seasonable weather. The lower classes are in many places living entirely of mohwa flowers, and it is feared to at in consequence of the increased consumption the crop, though a very full one, will not last more than another month at the outside. Isolated cases of distress are cropping up throughout the eastern and north-western pergunnahs, but have hitherto been successfully dealt with by the district officers.

[•] Telegram of the 7th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISFICAL DEPT.,

The 7th April 1874.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

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	D	<u> </u>	5	<u> </u>	a 15th to March	m 22nd March	RAIN	FROM 1st UARY 1874.	
DIVISION.	DISTRICT	•	Stati	on.	Rain from 15th to 21st March	Rain from 22nd to 28th March 1874.	Inches.	Up to date	REMARKS.
BEN	GAL. WESTERN DIST	RICTS.			Inches			1874.	
	Burdwan		Burdwan Cutwa Culna Bood-bood Rancegungo		Nil 0°58 0 10 0°11	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	7·72 6·58 6·18 5·64 4·78	28th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	·
	Bankoora		Jehanabad Bankoora		0.51	Nil Nil	7·00 5·03	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom		Sooree		0:30	Nil	5.66	ditto	
BURDWAN.	Midnapore	{	Midnapore Tumbook Gurbetta Contai { Dy. Co	 Ilr.'s Office lugr,'s Office	1.16	Nil 0·15 Nil Nil Not rec.	5·11 8·85 7·58 7·92 7·79	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 21st Mar	
	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Serampore		0.60 0.58	Nil Nil	5·50 5 87	28th Mar. ditto,	Mar.
	Howrah		Howrah		0.31	0.26	4.00	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTE	1CTS.		•					
	24-Pergunnahs	{	Sangor Island Calcutta Alipore Busseerhat Baraset Diamond Harbour Barripore Sat hi ah Bairac pore Dum-Dum		Nil 0·50 0·39 0·45 0·62 0·77 0·35 0·29 0·30 0·11 0·21	Nil 0:16 0:16 0:16 0:18 Nil 0:23 Nil Nil Nil Nil	5 00 6 65 7 06 6 94 2 81 5 70 4 16 2 7 5 3 5 7 5 5 6 8 5 2	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PRESIDENCY.	Nuddea	}	Kishneghur Borgo g . Meherpore Chocadangah Koosl tea Rana bet		0.87 0.53 0.51 0.59 0.17 0.60	Nil 0:16 1:83 1:25 0:80 Nil	7 03 5:61 7:61 7 27 5:22 6:73	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Jennote	]	Jesere Nara'l Khoe'ua Jhet'dah Bog hat Ma_cora		0:35 0:72 0:62 0:77 1:65 0:39	030 0 19 0 02 0 88 Nil 042	6:18 5:35 7:56 7:59 6:09 5:35	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
!	<b>Moorsheda</b> bad		Berhampore Ram ore Hant City Moorshedabad Jungqore Azimgunge Lalg dla		Nil Nil 0 02 0 24 0 10 Nil	Nil Nil 0'03 Nil Nil Nil	3:25 3:83 3:67 3:47 3:04 2:86	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	_
	Dinagepore		Dinagepore		Nil	Nil	2.86	ditto.	
113.	Maldah		Ma'dah		N:1 0:02	Nil	3·35 3·23	ditto.	
Казяпаную.	Rajshahye	₩ {	Bauleah Nattore		Nıl	Nil	4.77	ditto.	
2	Rungpore		Bhowanigunj		Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	6·75 3·00 2·88	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	ogra -		*		Nil	Nil	8.25	ditto.	
1	Pubna	{!	Pubna Serajgunj		0·14 0·08	0°28 0°03	4·10 2·72	ditto. ditto.	
	Darjeeling	1	Darjeeliug { Telegr		Not rec. 0.20	Not rec. 0.20	1.54	8th Feb. 28th Mar.	
Coocii BEHAR.	Julpigorce	1	Julpigoree Fallacotta	•	Nil 0 20	Nil Nil Nil	2·92 3·43 3·43	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Соося	Cooch Behar Tribu State	itary 	Cooch Behar		Nil Not rec.	Nil Not rec.	2:96	ditto.	
	Bhútan Dooars		Buxa	··· ·· ·				, on red.	

===			15th to March	m 22nd March		FROM 1st ARY 1874.	11
DIVISION.	District.	STATION.	Bain from 15th to 21st March 1874.	Rain from 22nd to 28th March 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks.
	AL—(Continued.)		ľ			1074	
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	6 m 1 1 . 0 m - 2	Inches.	Inches. 2.15	6.26	1874. 28th Mar.	
ſ	Dacca {	Dacca Telegraph Office Hospital Moonsheegunge	0.69 1.12	2:78 1:05 0:42	6.83 5.26 5.13	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Furreedpore {	Furreedpore Goalundo		0:36 0:27	9°57 6°85	ditto. ditto.	
DAGGA.	Backergunge	Burrisal Perozepore	0.48 1.00 0.85	Nil Nil 1·10 Nil Nil	5°03 3°08 6°39 2'82 4°90	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
1	Mymensingh {	Mymensingh Jamalpore Atia Kishoreguuge	Nil Nil 2:00	0·61 Nil Nil 1·97	7.75 5.08 4.58 13.04	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
-	Sylhet	Sylhet	1	4.00	14.92	ditto.	
l	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	Not rec.	4·10 Not rec. Not rec.		ditto. 7th Feb. 21st Mar.	
ſ	Chittagong {	Chittagong Telegraph Office Cox's Bazar	1.56	0·10 0·10	3:50 4:43 1:58	28th Mar. ditto. ditto.	
9,46	Noakholly	Noakholly	. 1.11	1.07	5.96	ditto.	
CHITTAGONG.	Tipperah {	Comillah Brahmunberiah	1 (1) (5.1	0°15 0°72	6 3°	ditto, ditto.	
5	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	Not rec	Not rec.	1	14th Mar.	
ſ	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	0.69	0.14	6.40	28th Mar.	
REHA	R. Patna	Behar In Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana Indiana I	0·32 0·13 0·30 0·40 0·20	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1·41 2·65 2·71 1·20 1·22	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.	
	Gya {	Nowadah Arungabad	N ₁ 1 0'45 0'02 0'50	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2:60 2:98 1:61	ditto, ditto, dutto, dutto,	·
PATHA.	Shahabad	Sasseram Buxar	6.22 0.03 0.35 0.60	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.56 1.76 1.90 1.80	ditto. ditto ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mav.
P.	Tirhoot <	Durbhunga Hajeepore Mudhoobunnee Seetamurbee	Nil 0'06 0'12 Nil Nil Nil	Not rec ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	1°19 1°12 1°15 1°00 0°90 1°24	21st Mar. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, 23th Mar.	
	Sarun	1 _ •	0°39 0°21	Nil Nil	1·19 1·22	ditto . ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb. Ditto ditto.
	Chumparuu	Motiharee Bettiuh	Not re	Nil Nil	1:31	ditto. ditto .	Not ree. 15th to 21st Marc
	Monghyr	Monghyr Begoo Serai Jamoose	0.19 0.14 Nil	Nil Nil Nil	1.99 1.91 4.11	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PORE.	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore Soopool Mt.Jdehpoora Banka Sanborsa	Nil Nil Nil 0'02 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:85 1:40 1:05 2:54 1:49	ditto. ditto ditto. duto. ditto.	Not rec. 22nd to 28th Feb.
BEAGTIPORE.	Purneah	Purneah Kissengunge Arrareah	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	1.66 2.91 3.88	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
H	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Deoghur	Nil Nil 0'31	Nil Nil	1·50 2 99	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Mar.

	DISTRICT.			n 15th March	22nd to March	RAIN JANE	FROM 1st JABY 1874.	
DIVISION.	17161BICI.	STATION.		Rain from 15th to 21st March 1874.	Rain from 22nd to 25th March 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
ORIS	SA.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office	•	0.20 0.20 Nil Nil 1.10 0.20	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil 0:50	4·13 4·73 3·10 1·60 1·85 2·36	28th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
ORTHRA.	Pooree {	Pooree Khurdah	•••	Nil 1.73	0.02 0.5	1·71 4·01	ditto. ditto.	
	Balasore	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally	•••	0.36 0.16 0.15 0.80 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4.59 6.99 6.2) 2.94 1.96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb.
į	Cuttack Tributary Mehale	Sambalpore	•••	0.45	Not rec	2.13	21st Mar.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.							
	South-Western Frontier Agency.		_					
	Hazareebagh {	Hazareebagh { Jail Dispensary	•••	0·10 0·12 Nil	Nil Nil Nil	4:40 4:57 3:81	28th Mar. ditto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow		0.62 0.02	Nil Nil	6·85 3·97	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chybasea		0.97	Nil	6.87	- ditto.	
	Manbhoom {	Purulia Govindpore	•••	0·14 0·35	Nil Nil	5·39 5·78	ditto. ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.	•					4.5,0,	
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree		Nil Nil	0.54 Nil	3·79 0·73	ditto. ditto.	•
	Kamroop {	Gowhatty Burpettah	 	0 [.] 77 Nil	1.61 0.80	6·61 6·84	ditto. ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye	:::	Not rec. ditto	Not rec. ditto	1.09 5.00	7th Feb. ditto	
	Nowgong	Nowgong		0.52	ditto	4.25	21st Mar	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.
	Seebsauger {	Scebsaugor Golaghat Jorchaut Nazeerah		2·13 1·43 1·91 2·63	ditto ditto ditto ditto	8 52 7·56 7·36 9•26	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya		Not rec. 1.17 Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto	2·27 5 85 4·15	7th Feb. 21st Mar. 7th Feb.	·
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		0.97	ditto	5.78	21st Mar.	
	Hills	('herianoonioa		Not rec ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2·48 0 68 Nıl	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan.
	1.	******		ditto	ditto	1	28th Feb.	
		Aktob	::	ditto 1.30	ditto Nil	0·27 1·30	14th Mar. 28th Mar.	•
		-						

CALCUTTA,

The 4th April 1874.

H. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gort. of Beng. l.

## Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 29th March to 4th April 1874.

			Barometer	Barometer	Тиввио	MHTER.	Hami-	WIND.			, m 3 -	Weather	
	Date.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	redu <b>c</b> ed to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat. ==100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	inizonis	
	Mar. 29th 30th 31st April 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	20 897 29 741 29 861 29 743 29 6845 29 693 29 784 29 664 29 681 29 781 29 774 29 774 29 774	29°915 29 759 29 879 29°761 29°863 29°711 29°802 29 632 29 839 29°709 29 899 29 782 29 891 29 745	82·0 94·0 85·7 96·4 86·4 95·3 86·0 94·0 81·5 91·0 81·2 88·0 86·2 92·5	75:0 69:5 73:0 70:3 8:0 76:5 80:0 82:5 78:6 81:5 78:3 79:4 80:6	50 75 65 72	8 S W W S W S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W	6.7 7 0 4 6 9.5 6.1 6 6 9.6 10.8 8.4 5.8 7.3 16.5 12.3 11.0		CK CS K K CK K K CK K	b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	
	Mar. 29th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	20'915 29 777 29'899 20'773 29'866 20'736 29'813 29'713 29 742 29 739 29'920 29'800 20'9 6'6 20'784	20-921 20-783 29-904 20-779 29-872 20-819 20-819 20-818 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20-808 20	84 90 85 85 84 85 85 85 86 83 86 83	78 79 79 80 74 60 81 80 81 77 79	75 69 75 70 60 79 79 83 79 75 83 75	W 4 W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W	10°3 11°0 10°2 12°9 13°6 148 19°2 15°1 16°2 18°3 18°3 18°3 18°3	0·10	N	b, m, scud b, m b, m b, m scud b, m, scud b, m, scud b, m scud b, m scud b, m scud b, m scud m, scuds. m, scuds.	
	Mar. 29th 30th 31st April 1st 2nd 3rd 4th	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	29 850 29 732 29 831 29 747 20 723 29 837 20 723 20 834 29 762 29 924 29 924 29 907 29 792	29'912 20'823 29'839 29'839 29'839 29'815 29'815 29'816 29'854 30'016 29'842 29'884	85 89 87 85 85 83 84 83 84 73 83	72 71 78 78 77 78 77 76 77 76 66 76	50 37 58 71 68 71 71 68 75 67 71	NNW WSW S WSW S S S S S S S S S S S S S	4:7 8:0 4:8 9:4 4:8 13:1 6:1 16:0 9:9 14:5 7:2 12:7 8:1		K, KS K, CK K, KS K, CK K, KS K, KS	8, 0 8, m	
MADKAR	Mar. 28th 29th 30th 31s April 1s 2n: 8r	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 11 10 16 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 11 10 10	29:943 29:800 20:945 20:815 29:944 20:945 20:917 20:790 29:937 20:732 20:732 29:931 29:828	20 851 20 977 20 820 20 923 20 754 20 762 20 762 20 762	89 86 91 88 92	78 77 78 78 77 78 78 78 76 76	65 58 72 50 65 49 64 47 62 48	SE by E SE by E S by E S by E S S W S E S S E S E S E S E By S S E By S S E By S	9 15 16 16 18 13 13 14 14 14	3 3 3 3 4 4		c b, c b, c b, c b, c b, c b b b b b b b	
CULLYCK.	Mar. 29t 30t 31t April 1: 2r 34	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	29·821 20·466 20·666 20·776 20·62 20·776 20·29·62 20·76 20·29·63 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·62 20·63 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 20·64 2	29-906 29-746 29-85 20-746 20-85 20-85 20-70 29-70 29-70 29-81 29-81 29-80 29-90	96 87 100 7 88 96 1 100 7 89 90 7 93	79	51 27 51 25 58 3 42 3 50 30 61 51 51 56 57 56 47	N E S W S W N W W S S W S S S W S S S W S S S W S S W S S W		1 2 3 3 7 6 9	K, NC  K, CK  CK  K, N  CK  N	5 m b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b	
AKTAB.	April 1	th   10   10   10   11   11   11   11   1	20:87: 29:75 29:75 20:90 8 29:82 0 29:9 6 29:79 0 29:91	2 29·89 0 29·77 6 29 92 6 20·82 1 20·81 6 20·81 6 29·81 6 29·81 6 29·81 6 29·81 6 29·81 6 29·81 30·90 38 20·83 38 20·83	1	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3 40 2 50 6 61 5 74	S W E W S W	6 8 8 6 8 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	9 8 6 71 78 71 78 71 78 71 78 71 78 71 78 71 78 71 71 72 73 74 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 75 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76 76		b b b	

CALCUTTA. The 4th April 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

## Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22nd to 31st March 1874.

									1	T	-		7		1
		eter.	Tue	RMOME	TER.			dew	idity.	Win	).	_			
Month	Date.	Mean reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Max. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Menn degree of humidity.	Prevailing direc- tion.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	General Remares
		Inches.		0		0	0	o			no	Miles	In.		
	22nd 23rd	29:850 •711	88.0 88.6	71 4 72·4	145 0 142 2	79·0 79·8	72·2 75·0	67:4 71:8	0.69 .78	SEASW SASSW	ï:7	57·2 186·3			Clear and cumuli. Clear and cirrostrati. Brisk wind nearly the
	24th	*654	01.3	76.5	<b>140</b> ·0	81.5	76.8	73.5	•78	8 by W & S 8 W	7:5	316:4	O·16		whole day. Clear, cirrostrati and cumuli. Strong wind from 9 A.M., to 5½ P.M. Thunder, Lightning and hail-stones between 3 & 4 P.M. Rain at 9¼ A.M. & 3½ P.M.
	25th	.708	93 5	<b>75 2</b>	148 3	82.7	74 9	69.4	•65	SSW&S	0.5	268.3		)	Clear.
	26th	·801	91.2	75.0	140.2	81.8	73.6	67.9	.61	S W & N by		138.7			Clear and stratoni.
	27th	-808	92.6	75.0	145.0	81.8	71.2	63.8	.28	wswan		90.1			Clear and stratoni.
	28th	·847	<b>83.0</b>	68.8	141.6	80.2	70.4	63.3	.57	s w & s s w		113.3			Clear. Slightly foggy at 6 & 7 A.M.
	20th	·811	94.0	74.0	144.0	81.9	72.1	65.3	.28	ssw, sw		152:3			Chiefly clear. Slightly foggy at 4 & 5 A.M.
	30th 31st	·703 ·772	96°4 95°8	73·0 75·0	146.0 145.2	83 6 81 0	71·7 77·7	63·4 73·3	·52 ·71	SW&W SbyW&S	0·3	129·5 141·0			Clear, Clear, Slightly foggy at 5 A.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

		θ
The extreme variation of temperature during the past ten days		2 <b>7</b> ·6
The maximum temperature during the past ten days		96.4
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		<b>99.0</b>
The mean humidity during the past ten days	•••	0.65
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	0.64
		Inches.
(by lower rain gauge		0.16
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 31st {by lower rain gauge by anemometer gauge		0.12
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.40
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 31st March		6.65
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		2.73

GOPEENAUTH SEN,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 2nd April 1874.

## Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

## EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 21st Murch 1874; on 1584 miles open.

•	c	OACUING	TR	AF	FIC.		MERCHANDI	Total traffic	
•	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.					Weight carried.	reccipts.	
		Rs.	Λ.	P.	£ s. a	ī.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of ranway For previous 11 weeks of half-year	30,036 190 339,800	22,500 142 2,58,938	3	Ü	13 0 8	4	174,619 11 1,103 0 1,241,251 8	66,761 3 7 6,119 15 7 421 13 11 39 13 5 5,21,512 7 11 49,394 9 0	
Total for 12 weeks COMPARISON.	368,815	2,81,439	1	9	25,798 10 6	-	1,415,509 19	5,58,303 11 6   55,514 4 7	91,312 15 1
Total for corresponding week of previous year	44,218	. 25,032	4	2	2,294 12   5	,	153,341 36	26,199 8 9 2,429 2 6	4,723 14 11
week of previous year Total to corresponding date of previous year	253	159 3,09,837		6	14 13 3 28,401 16 2	-	979 0 1,851,981 32	169 5 3 15 10 5 3,59,917 2 8 31,161 16 6	30 3 8 59,563 12 8

## CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th March 1874, on 28 miles open.

Total traffic for the week	8.011	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. 93 S 0 210 4 0
Or per ione of tailway For previous 12 weeks of half-year	256 106, 194	1,165 0 0 12 0 0 11,675 0 0	4 1 0 1,030 0	33 0 0 7,159 0 0	3 6 0 7 10 0 715 15 0 2,213 8 0
Total for 13 weeks	114,505	15,913 0 0	1,584 G 0 252,920 0	8,523 0 0	839 6 0 -,123 12 0
Comparison.			1		
Total for corresponding week of previous year	6,479	1,127 6 0	112 11 9 27,661 0	878 12 6	87 7 6 200 2 3
Per mile of railway corresponding week of previous year	231	40 1 3	4 0 6	21 3 3	3 2 5 7 2 11
Total to corresponding date of previous year	108,089	16,291 8 0	1,629 3 0 366,778 0	11,728 0 0	1,172 5 0 2,501 11 0
, and the rate of the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and the same and		<u> </u>			

[REGISTERED No. 29.]



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 15, 1874.

## OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZRTTR may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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	349 356	WEEKLY Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteoro- logical Reporter's Office Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 5th to 1th April 1874

## Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 11th April 1874.

### Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, presiding.

THE HON'BLE G. C. PAUL, Acting Advokate-General,

THE HON'BLE H. L. DAMPIER,

THE HON'BLE A. R. THOMPSON,

THE HON'BLE S. S. HOGG,

ï

THE HON'BLE C. E. BERNARD,

THE HON'BLE MOULVIE ABDOOL LUTEEF, KHAN BAHADOOR,

THE HON'BLE BABOO JUGGADANUND MOOKERJEE,

THE HON'BLE BABOO DOORGA CHURN LAW,

and

THE HON'BLE F. G. ELDRIDGE.

#### NEW MEMBERS.

THE HON'BLE MR. RIVERS THOMPSON, the Hon'BLE BABOO JUGGADANAND MOOKERJEE, and the Hon'BLE MR. ELDRIDGE took their seats in Council.

#### CALCUTTA MUNICIPAL MARKETS BILL.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he wished to explain to the Council that, owing to the unavoidable absence of their hon'ble colleague Mr. Schaleh, it was

necessary that another hon'ble colleague, Mr. Stuart Hogg, should take charge of this Bill, namely, the Bill to amend Act VIII of 1871, the Calcutta Markets Act. He had therefore to ask that Mr. Hogg would be good enough to take charge of the Bill on this occasion, and to proceed with the briness.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend Act VIII of 1871 of the Bengal Council, "The Calcutta Markets Act, 1871," be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg moved that the clauses of the Bill be taken into consideration in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg moved that in Section 1, in the first clause, after the word "mean" the words "the Corporation of" be inserted. He said this was merely a verbal amendment, as he thought it would be wise, in defining the word "Justices," that we should adhere to the definition of the term as given in Act VI of 1863, which was the Act under which the Corporation of the town of Calcutta was constituted.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hogg said he had to propose a slight alteration in the second clause of Section 1. As the Bill now stood, "'Market' means a market carried on under the control of the Justices of the Peace for the Town of Calcutta." In the amendment he had given notice of, he had suggested that the words "carried on under the control" should be altered to "the rent of which is paid by, or which is the property." But he would now ask permission to alter that slightly as follows:—"vested in or the property of the Justices." The clause would then run—"'market' means a market vested in or the property of the Justices, &c." The reason for this slight alteration was that in Sections 5 and 6 it was proposed to give the Justices power to sell the markets within the meaning of the word "market" as defined in this Act. We could hardly give the Justices power to sell a market which was rented by the Justices, and not their property. Therefore we proposed to confine the meaning of the word "market" to markets vested in or the property of the Justices.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg said Section 2 of the Bill before the Council dealt with the proposal to repeal some sections of the previous Act, Act, VIII of 1871. In accordance with the request of the Justices of the Peace, as submitted to the Council in their report, which was lately circulated among the members, he would suggest that the last three clauses of Section 2 be omitted, as the Justices were of opinion that it was not wise to repeal Sections 6, 7, 8, and 9 of Act VIII of 1871. The sections were really obsolete. However, as the Justices wished it, he did not think there could be any harm in conceding the point; he therefore proposed that the last three clauses of Section 2 of the Bill be omitted. He would also propose that after the words "are hereby repealed" be inserted the words "In the preamble the words 'for the sale of meat, fish, fruit and vegetables." The reason for this amendment was that the Select Committee had deemed it advisable not to define the word "market" at all, but merely to say it was a market vested in or the property of the Justices. The Bill was to be read as part of Act VIII of 1871. In the preamble of that Act it was stated that the object was to enable the Justices of the Peace to establish Municipal Markets for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables, thereby assuming that a market was to be restricted to places for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables. It was true that the preamble was no part of an Act. However, if the point should arise, there might possibly be slight complications, owing to the preamble of Act VIII of 1871, being somewhat in opposition to the Bill now before the Council. He would, therefore, suggest that the words-"In the preamble the words 'for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables'" be inserted after the words "are hereby repealed."

THE Hon'ble the Advocate-General asked whether the hon'ble mover intended to give the Justices of the Peace power to erect, construct, and establish markets for the sale of other things besides meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables? The amendment was apparently a departure from the subject-matter of the remarks made on a former occasion. It seemed not only an unnecessary amendment of Act VIII of 1871, but would be giving very extensive powers

without sufficient preliminary consideration.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hogg said the Bill before the Council restricted the word "market" to property vested in, or the property of, the Justices. Act VIII of 1871 enabled the Justices to establish Municipal Markets for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables. That was merely stated in the preamble. In the Act itself the powers of the Justices in regard to the establishment of markets were not restricted, except so far that they were not allowed to expend more than seven lakhs of rupees. The preamble being somewhat opposed to the body of the Act itself, it was proposed that those words be omitted. He need hardly say that, in this country especially, when markets were established for the sale of meat, fish, fruit, and vegetables, it was almost impossible to restrict them to the sale of that class of provisions only, as there would also be sold in them miscellaneous articles of all sorts, such as charcoal, wood, salt, fowls, game, &c., in fact, articles of every description would gradually be exposed for sale. Therefore, although the Justices had no desire to extend their powers, they would not wish their powers so curtailed as to prevent persons from taking leases of shops for the purpose of exposing such other wares as they might deem necessary. Mr. Hogg trusted, therefore, that the learned Advocate-General would not press his objection.

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL observed, that the explanation was

perfectly satisfactory.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hoss moved that in Section 3, at the end, the following words be added:—"Provided that before any application for such license shall be considered by the Justices at a meeting, the Chairman of the Justices shall cause the place, in respect of which application has been made, to be inspected by not less than three Justices, whose report shall be laid before the Justices at a meeting." He said this amendment was based entirely upon the suggestion sent up by the Justices, who appeared to be desirous that the executive authority, the Chairman of the Justices, should not pass orders in matters connected with the granting of licenses without the application for licenses being duly considered by the Justices in meeting. They were also desirous that three Justices, with the Chairman, should inspect the place, and submit a report in writing to the Justices in meeting; he therefore, in accordance with the recommendation of the Justices, proposed the amendment which he had read out in Section 3.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg moved to omit clause (d) of Section 4, and to substitute for it the following:—"For the establishment and publication of a price-current, and for prescribing the mode of sale of articles, whether by measure, weight, tale, or piece." There seemed to be a want of lucidity in the wording of the clause as it now stood.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hold said, at the suggestion of the Justices of the Peace, it was proposed that in Section 9 the words "Special General" be inserted after the words "for the Justices at a." The object of the amendment was that the Justices desired that all matters connected with the establishment of markets should be considered by the Justices at a full meeting. A Special General Meeting implied that not less than twenty-five Justices would be present, whereas, at an ordinary meeting only three Justices might be present. He therefore proposed the amendment.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hood said, Section 11 of the amended Bill se med rather ambiguous, in not defining distinctly the way prosecutions under this



Act should be conducted. He, therefore, suggested in Section 11 to omit from the beginning to the word "thereof" in the fourth line, and to substitute the following words:—"Every prosecution in pursuance of this Act, or of any Act incorporated therewith, shall be instituted before a Justice of the Peace, and every fine or penalty imposed by any bye-laws made in pursuance of this Act, or of any Act incorporated therewith—"

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Hogg said Section 12 of the amended Bill enacted that this Act should be read with, and taken as part of, Bengal Acts VI of 1863 and VIII of 1871, and all the powers, privileges, and rights conferred on the Justices by virtue of, and for the purposes of, such last-mentioned Acts, should be deemed to be conferred on the Justices for the purposes of this Act, in so far as the same were applicable or necessary. In addition to these Acts there were a number of other Acts which dove-tailed one into the other. He, therefore, suggested the following amendment:—In Section 12, in the second line, for "Acts" substitute "Act." In the third line, omit the word and figures "VIII of 1871" and substitute the words "all Bengal Acts incorporated therewith". In the sixth line, omit the words "last mentioned." By this amendment the Bill would be read as part and parcel of all the Municipal Acts that governed the municipality of the town of Calcutta.

The motion was agreed to.

The last amendment, moved by the Hon'ble Mr. Hogg, was to omit the word "municipal" in the second line of Section 13. He thought this was necessary as they had not referred to the market as a municipal market either in this Bill or in the previous Act.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Baboo Doorga Churn Law said he had the honor to move the following amendment: In Section 9, lines 11, 12, 13, and 14, omit the words "and for any other purpose or purposes which the Justices may deem necessary for establishing or carrying on the same or conducive thereto." The reason of his objection to this part of the section was fully explained in his note of dissent annexed to the report of the Select Committee, and all that he had to say was, that if this section were adopted by the Justices, and they shaped their course accordingly, the result would be most mischievous so far as the rate-payers were concerned; and, besides, in this section there was no limit to expenditure, so that if the Justices engaged in active competition, there might be no end of expense incurred. He did not mean to say that the Justices would spend money like water, but there was nothing in the Act to prevent them from doing so. For these reasons he objected to these words.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg said he rose to oppose the proposal to omit the words "and for any other purpose or purposes which the Justices may deem necessary for establishing or carrying on the same or conductive thereto." He need hardly say that the Justices had in contemplation the purchase of the Dhurumtollah Market. If that proposal was carried into effect, there would be no necessity whatsoever for the Justices to enter into active competition or to spend monies in the way indicated by his hon'ble friend. However, the purchase of the market had not yet been completed, and he would submit that it was no part of the business of the Council to dietate to the Justices the way in which they should establish a municipal market, which they had erected with permission and under the authority of a legislative enactment. The Council was informed by the mover of this Bill, the Hon'ele Mr. Schalch, that the idea was that this Bill should enable the Justices either to purchase the Dhurumtollah Market, or to close the Municipal Market, or to carry on the market in any way they should think proper; and it was suggested that power should be given to enable the Justices 'to act as they, in their wisdom, might think best. He was therefore strongly opposed to the powers that were intended to be conferred on the Justices being restricted. At the same time, he would state that there was no intention on the part of the Justices to spend money unnecessarily, or to waste the rate-payers' money in the manner in which his hon'ble friend seemed to fear. If the words were omitted, and if the

Dhurumtollah Market should not be purchased, the Justices would find themselves in a most embarrassing position, as they would be unable to sanction expenditure other than for the mere maintenance and repairs of the market, and keeping up a necessary establishment. He need hardly say that to establish a market upon a firm footing with such a restriction would be absolutely impossible. On these grounds he opposed the amendment.

The motion was negatived.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said—"Although this Bill has not reached its final stage, I yet deem it my duty to take this opportunity of declaring my general concurrence in the main principles of a Bill which appears to have attracted some interest in the city of Calcutta. In order to satisfy myself as to the merits of the case, I have carefully inspected, in company with our hon'ble colleague, Mr. Hogg, and other municipal officers, both the new market and the old. or Dhurumtolla market. I have also read all, or nearly all, the objections which have been urged against the measure, including the papers which have just been printed, and one of which bears so recent a date as the 8th April.

"I will not trouble the Council by attempting to enter into the details of the discussion; but will merely suggest, for the consideration of the Council, the principal questions which present themselves to my mind, as affecting the root

and substance of the measure which you are asked to sanction.

"The first question, then, in my opinion, is-

"Was the new market built by competent authority, and is it a good and suitable structure?

"I understand that it was constructed under the directions of those who, at the time, had competent authority, and I should be prima facie disposed to sustain their action, unless there were strong reasons to the contrary. Then, I am quite sure that the structure is an excellent one, worthy of this great city and its municipality, worthy also of any support or sanction which may be required from this legislature. If it fulfils its present promise, it will prove quite worth the outlay which has been expended upon it.

"The next question, to my mind, is—
Does this market fulfil a real need?

"In reference to this, I have, among the papers relating to the Bill, read much about the usefulness of the private markets, and their sufficiency to meet all the requirements of the public. But, notwithstanding the fullest appreciation of all that private enterprise has accomplished, or may yet accomplish, in the matter, I fear that private enterprise will not do all that is needed. As an instance, take the Dhurumtolla market. That is a market belonging to a public-spirited and wealthy native gentleman. It has long existed. It has lately been improved in a very commendable manner. We may assume that on the whole it is as good a market-place as we are likely to obtain by private enterprise. And yet take it as it stands to-day. Can we examine it and say that it is all that a market-place ought to be at such a place as Calcutta? or that it at all approaches in excellence the market by which it is to be replaced if the Council pass this Bill? Surely it is much too small, too low, too close, too confined, for the large purposes which it has to serve. And yet those purposes will probably become larger and larger as the business of the city grows and expands, and as the facilities of railway communication bring more and more the produce of distant places to our markets of Calcutta. I say, therefore, that a new and a better market-place was, and is, among the urgent needs of this city.

"The third question would be-

"If the new market-place has been well made, and is really wanted, ought

it to be maintained by the municipality?

"In most parts of India, I believe, in nearly all the large cities of India, the maintenance of the central market-places is undertaken by some corporation or institution which represents the whole community. There, the task is found to be beyond the power of any individual or number of individuals. It is at least as difficult in Calcutta as anywhere. The new market concerns an important section of the public. And whether the municipality be

technically a representative institution or not, it certainly does act on behalf of the public interest. Although the municipality may have power in respect to the regulating of private markets, still the administration is one which demands the entire force of the municipality as proprietor, as well as And if the municipality be able to do the work supervisor or inspector. better than it can be done otherwise, then surely this Council may be asked concede such authority by law, as may be required for this arrangement.

"But then, if the new market be thus established by the municipality, there arises this question,—do justice and equity demand that compensation should be given to those pre-existing private rights, which would be injured or destroyed,

by the unavoidable action of the municipality in the general interest?

"Surely to this there can be but one answer, namely, that, in some way or other, such compensation ought to be arranged. And this compensation is virtually afforded by those sections of the Bill which relate to the purchasing by the municipality of the old market-place, for a price within the limit of an amount which constitutes a fair, even a liberal, price, and which, as I under-

stand, the proprietors are willing to accept.
"There still, however, remains the question whether the terms of this arrangement are entirely fair to the rate-payers; and whether it is right to add any amount, however small comparatively, to the municipal debt, on this

account?

"The answer to these questions must mainly depend on the opinion we form as to the nature and value of the property which the municipality would thus acquire. I should think that all who examine the situation of the old market-place, so convenient, so central, so accessible, will be convinced that such a property, by whomsoever held, whether by individuals or by a public body, cannot fail to be valuable, and worth such price as the municipality may settle under the terms of the Bill if passed by this Council. In other words, I think the Council may be sure that the property proposed to be purchased is a good and sound one. I acknowledge that it is most desirable to avoid adding anything more than can possibly be helped to the already large debt of the municipality. But I should hope that this particular property, if well managed (as it doubtless will be by the Justices and their Chairman), will yield income as a set-off against the interest on the purchase-money, and thus prevent any burden for interest being thrown on the general rate-payers. I will not exactly anticipate the uses to which the Justices may see fit to apply the old market-place, if it shall be purchased. One suggestion I will, however, venture to throw out for consideration, namely this, that if the new market-place be used for raw produce, the old market-place may be devoted to products of manufacture; to those varied and beautiful wares which are sent to Calcutta from so many parts of the East, which are so much admired by travellers and visitors from all nations, but which are, as yet, exposed for sale, not in open places of resort, but in narrow streets and inconvenient situations.

"For all these reasons I am prepared to support the Bill, and to recommend it for the approval of the legislature of Bengal. But, as I may be called away by duty to the northern parts of these provinces, I may be unable to be present at the passing of the Bill. If I should not be present, however, our hon'ble colleague, Mr. Schalch, will preside."

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 18th April.

PRICES-CURREI	NT OF FOOD-GRA DISTRICTS OF B	INS AND SALT ENGAL ON THE	IN THE UNDER- 11TH APRIL 1874.	MENTIONED

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

-					-														<del></del> -	- Qu			1		RUPE	
							W	HBA	AT.			I	ARLEY	•	Rio	I, BBÉ	r 80	RT.	Rı	(OB, C	OMI	ion,		Bulru Cumi	se M 13	Llbi- Ajba.
To.	DI	<b>st</b> ri	CTS.			Present return.		Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.		Corresponding return of last year.	Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
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Return not received.

Return for week ending 4th April received after the publication of the last Gazetts.

In the sub-divisions the price of best rice ranges from 11-8 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers per rupes. Coarse rice is sold at 14-6 seers per rupes.

In the interior only.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers per rupes.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupes.

Price of common rice in the interior ranges from 12-4 to 14 seers per rupes.

In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11-7 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 24 seers per rupes.

# undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 11th April 1874.

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8 0 8 0 10 6 H In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9.8 to 11-3 seers, and of common rice from 11-12 to 13-3 seers per rupes.

I The rise is attributed to private trade having been paralysed by the employment of the local carriage for the transport of Govern Highest price 9 seers and lowest 12-12 seers in the interior.

I the interior price of best rice ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 14-8 to 17 seers per rupes.

In the interior price of best rice ranges from 13-8 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 14-to 17 seers per rupes.

In the interior price of best rice ranges from 11-11 to 13-4 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 17 seers per rupes.

N Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-11 to 13-4 seers, and of common rice from 17 to 18 seers per rupes.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 15 to 17 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 21-4 seers per rupes.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 13 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 21-4 seers per rupes.

7 2 7 2 8 0 Hill Tipp

## SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, APRIL 15, 1874.

## PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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							WE	BA'	r.				Bai	rle:	r.		. 1	Rici	ŧ, B	E8T	SOR	T.	1	gi Ci	B, C	OM:	MON	r <b>.</b>		ви Ми воо, В	
	DIST	ucts.				Fresent return.		Next preceding return.	('or esnonding reform	last year.		Piesent return.		Next preceding return.	C. rresponding return	of last year.		Fresent return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	uf last year.		Tiesent termin.		A vat preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	l'resent return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
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CALCUTTA, he 14th April 1874.

Beturn for week ending 4th April received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Price of best rice ranges from 9 to 9-12 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 10-12 seers, maize from 13-12 to 15-8 seers per rupee.

Prices in the interior range as follow:—Wheat from 9 to 15 seers, best rice from 8 to 11 seers, and common rice from 9 to 14 seers; maize from 11-4 to 16-12 seers, and gram from 12 to 16-12 seers per rupee.

In the interior the prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 13 seers, barley from 15 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 7 to 9 seers, common rice from 7-8 to 11 seers, lesser millet from 15 to 16-4 seers, maize from 12 to 15 seers, and gram from 11 to 15 seers per rupee.

## Districts of Bengal on the 11th April 1874.—(Continued.)

REAT MII	LRT— OWAR.	RAGI		LETS— URWA, ENA.	MAIZI	or In			GRAM	•	Fı	RE-WO	op.		Salt,		
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CHOTA NAGPORE.

South-West Frontier Agency.

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Published for general information.

R. Knight, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

T Prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 12-8 seers, best rice from 9 to 11 seers, common rice from 9 to 12 seers per rupee.

U Prices in the interior range as follow:—Wheat from 10 to 17-8 seers, best rice from 10 to 13 seers, common rice from 12 to 14 seers bulrush millet from 15 to 29-8 seers, maize from 14 to 18 seers, and grain from 11 to 18 seers per rupee.

Prices in the interior, one-fifth lower.
 Price of common rice in the interior ranges from 28 to 40 seers per rupes in different places.
 In the interior prices range as follow: — Wheat from 12 to 19 seers, barley from 23 to 32 seers, best rice from 12 to 16 seers, and of sommon rice from 12-8 to 18 seers, and gram from 12 to 16 seers per rupes.

## Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

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Statement showing Rainfall, Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 11th April 1874.

N	о.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEN	GAT	1.		
		Western Districts.		
ſ	1	Burdwan, 14th* April 1874.	Nil	Weather hot. Applications for relief coming in from nearly all parts of the district.
	2	Rancoorah, 11th """	Nil	Very het and dry weather. No change in the state and prospects of the crops since last report.
BUBDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 11th " "	Nil	Hot, with west winds. Wheat being resped; rain wanted for tillage. Silk manufacture commenced. Export by rail for week ending 4th April, 4,546 maunds to Patna and Bhagulpore Divisions. Prices almost stationary, with rising tendency.
PEDWAN	4	Midnapore, 11th ", "		Weather very hot at Tumiook and Sudder, warm at Gurbetta, but cool at Contai- The south wind is very constant in Sudder. Boro paddy crops doing well, and the other crops generally promising well. Prices steady.
# ]	5	Hooghly, 11th ", "	Nil	Clear and getting hot. Wind chiefly from south and south-east. Boro and jella paddy, onion and teel (oil-seed), on the ground. Grounds prepared for the aus or early rice cultivation.
l		Howrab, 11th ,, ,,		Hot by day, but the nights are still cool and breezy. The boro paddy and sugarcane looking very well. The land is being prepared for the aus or early and amun or late rice. A little rain would be very useful.
		Central Districts.		
юх.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 14th† April 1874.	Nil	Clear and very hot. No crops on the ground except a few vegetables. Rain wanted for the early rice sowings, Cholera continues in thannahs Bankipore, Mathoorapore, Satkhira, Kaligunge, Kaharoa, Baduria, and Busseerhat. It has broken out in Barrackpore, Degunga, Joynuggur, Protabnuggur, Hasnabad, and Harowa, and abated in Barripore. Small-pox reported from Satkhira, Kaligunge, and Kalaroa, and from near Baliaghatta.
PRESIDENCY DIVISION.	7	Nudden, 11th April 1871		At the end of last week rain fell partly generally in a third part of the district, viz. the Koosteah sub-division and parts of the Sudder, Meherpore, and Chooadangah sub-divisions. In some places there was a storm. At Sudder Station, hot and dry. So far the weather has been favorable for the preparation for next scason's crops. The rain in the north has enabled the ryots to sow a good deal of early rice. Cholera still continues bad. In the distressed tract labourers are finding plenty of work in the tanks which have been undertaken from Government funds or from tuccavee loans.
į	. 8	Jessore, 11th """	89	Generally clear. In the afternoon of the 6th April there was a storm from the north-west. On other occasions there have been falls of rain visible in the distance. The reaping of the boro rice has begun, and the promise is good. The ground has been mostly cultivated for the early rice, and sowing has begun here and there, but generally it waits for a heavy fall of rain. In Magoorah it is specially said that fallow land is being extensively taken up for the cultivation.
RAJSHAHTE D'VISION,	9	Moorshedabad, 11th ,, ,	Nil	There was a severe storm, accompanied with rain, in thannahs Jellinghee, Goas, and Nowada, and in parts of the Lallbaugh and Jungypore sub-division. The heat is much greater than last week. The harvest of the cold weather crops is concluded. The outturn has been very fair, but in a smaller extent of country than in ordinary years. Indigo and mulberry are in good condition; but the demand for the latter is as not been as active as was anticipated, owing to some disease having attacked the silkworms reared from the March bund. Many villages have recently suffered heavy losses by fire. Confiagrations are getting frequent. Relief has been afforded to many sufferers. Prices are in most markets stationary. Common rice is half a seer cheaper in the sudder bazar, but wheat has risen two seers in Gorabazar and Nowada. Small-pox and cholera are still prevalent; the latter disease is spreading fast.
RAJSHA	10	Dinage pore, 11th ", ",	1.93	Cloudy, with showers throughout the district. The rain has done much good to the bhadoi or early rice already sown, which is now in some places coming up; it has also enabled ploughing operations to be resumed and pushed on. Boro rice is everywhere reported as looking well. The mange crop will not be as large as it at first promised to be.
	11	Maldab, 11th ,, ,,	0 69	Weather hot. Storm, thunder, hails, and rain on night of Tuesday, the 7th April. The rain of Tuesday, which appears to have been general, has done much good to the boro paddy, which is now in a promising condition; the hall did a little damage to the mango crop in places. The sowing of the bhadoi or early rice has commenced in places, and the weather is favorable for it. Prices remain almost stationary.

Telegram of the 14th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

[†] Report of the 14th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
RE	NGA	I—(Contd.)		
2-3-		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		
Contd.)	12     	Rajshahye, 11th April 1874.	0.16	There was rain, accompanied with hail, over the greater portion of the district on the 6th and 7th April. The hail of the 6th and 7th did some injury to the standing crops, such as cheena (millet), wheat, and barley in Pooteah and Nattore. In Mandah the boro paddy has been somewhat injured by the want of sufficient moisture and the excessive heat. Insects also have done some damage to the young plants. Rain is wanted for the teel (oil-seed) and jute crops. Prices have risen in some parts of Bagmaree, Mandah, Godagaree, and Bhundaikhara to the extent of 1½ to 3 seers less for the rupee than last week. Cholera cases are numerous in Mandah and Tanore.
RAJSHARYE DIVN(Contd.)	13	Rungpore, 11th ,, ,,	0.67	Rain has been general throughout the district during the early part of the week. It has since become very hot. The rain has done much good to the cheena (millet). The weather is favorable for the cultivation of early rice, which is going on extensively. The price of rice has suddenly gone up from Rs. 4 to 6-8 a maund of 90 tolahs weight in the bazars in the immediate neighbourhood of Rungpore, and numerous complaints are made that it is owing to private trade having been paralysed by the employment of the local carriage for transport of Government rice.
	11	Bograh, 11th ,, ,,	314	Fine weather. Rain has fallen on the night of the 7th April. Khesaree (pulse) and other cold weather crops are reported as having been reaped in parts of the district with a fair average yield. Aus or early rice is being sown in various parts. The late rain has done much good.
į	15	Pubus, 11th ,, ,,	1.33	Weather hot. On the 6th April there was a slight shower of rain, and on the 7th a heavy gale of wind passed over the sub-district from the north-east. The harvesting of the cold weather crops has been completed. The outture of cheena (millet), wheat, and gram has been satisfactory. Indigo looks promising. Some injury has been done to the mango fruit by the gale. The jally and boro paddy are progressing well. Sowing of the early and late rice crops in low lands is being continued. General health good. Very few cases of cholera reported from Pubna and Mathoora.
	16	Darjeeling, 11th " "	2.84	A good deal of rain for this time of the year and very misty weather. Wheat, buck-wheat, and barley in the hills will shortly be gathered in; the loss in the yield is not serious. In the plains land is still being prepared for sowing. Common rice was a little cheaper during the week in the Darjeeling Terai.
COOCH BEHAR DIVE.	17	Julpigorce, 11th ., .,	·02	Weather has been cloudy during the week. Westerly wind and cool. In north of the district some rain fell, but towards south little more than a shower. Tobacco is almost all cut now and a good crop. Kownee (millet) looking well, but needs rain. The crops now being sown are jute and early rice. In Boda the early rice sowing is delayed for want of rain; the land is so baked and parched with long drought that more rain than usual is needed now for the successful cultivation. Here and there a little paddy seed is sown, and in some low lands has germinated. The state of the people in South Boda is dependant on this crop turning out well, and it is to be hoped rain will soon fall. Bice has fullen in price generally all over the district, and if rain falls will become still cheaper.
l	-	Cooch Behar, 11th ,, ,.  Eastern Districts.	0.40	Cool for this time of the year; one or two slight showers. Prospects of millet and early rice continue good. Cheena (millet) is ripe in some places.
-	18	Daces, 14th* April 1874	0.18	Weather very hot. Prospect of crops good; boro paddy yielding well; still some cholera, chiefly in Moonsheegunge.
DACCA DIVISION.	19	Furreedpore, 11th , '	Nil	Alternately sunny and cloudy during the week and strong winds mostly from the south. At night of Tuesday, the 7th April, a very severe north-wester passed over Furreedpore, lasting about two hours, accompanied by no rain. No spring crops now remain on the ground; the ocreals and pulses having been all reaped. Agriculturists busy everywhere sowing early rice and jute on the high lands, and both early and late rice on low lands, which are at present sufficiently moist, and more rain at present would damage the seed in the ground. Prospects of all kinds of crops in every way favorable. '13 inches of rain fell on the evening of the 4th April. Cholera and small-pox have appeared in some of the villages to the south of the station, and inoculation is being had recourse to by the villages; but in some of the uninfected villages measures are being taken to introduce vaccination, wherever the people are willing to accept it.
DACC	20	Backergunge, 4th " "	Nil	Weather hot. Crop prospects good.
	21	Mymensing, 11th April 1874.	3·36	Rain on two days of the week at the Sudder Station. There was heavy rain on the 8th April throughout the district. The weather since has been cloudy and close with a high temperature, and more rain may be expected. The state and prospects of the crops are very favorable. In the cast of the district the boro rice will be ready for cutting in a few days and will be a good crop; in the central pergunnahs the crop will be later, and will not be cut till May, but it promises well; in the north-west of the district, the cheena (millet) crop is now being cut and the outturn is good; in the south-west and in the western pergunnahs the crop will be somewhat later. Unless the cheena (millet) and boro rice crops are injured by hail before being harvested, the yield of both cannot fail to be good. Aus or early rice sowings are completed on the castern pergunnahs, and in some places the young plants are already above ground; in the west of the district sowings are being proceeded with.

[•] Telegram of the 14th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No	<b>,</b> .	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEN	GAI	—( Conld.)		·
		Evstern Districts.— (Contd.)		•
DACCA DIVN.—(Contd.)	22	Sylhet, 4th April 1874	4.15	Severe storms at night, close in the day and towards evening during the first half of the week. Cloudy and cool during the day since Thursday, the 2nd April. There was a slight full of hail in the station, and severe hallstorm in parts of the district on Tuesday night, the 31st March. Weather still unsettled. Sowing of the (aus) early and (amun) late rice crops progressing more favorably than could have been expected. If the heavy rains of this week continue for another fortnight, the boro rice crop will be almost entirely destroyed, and the early and late rice cultivation thrown back. About 5,500 maunds of rice and 13,000 maunds of paddy exported. Present weather very favorable for tea. The river has fallen three feet. Health of the district good.
ă (	23	Chittagong, 4th April	.57	Fine, with fresh south-west breeze. Some rain has fallen. Ploughing for the aus or early rice is going on. Some more rain would be beneficial.
(	24	   Noakhally, 4th April   1874.  -	Nil	Weather clear, strong south winds blowing every day. The moong (pulse), chilly and sesamum (oil-seed) crops are getting on well. Beginnings have been made for the cultivation of the early rice.
JIVN.	25	Tippersh, 11th April 187	1.08	Rain all over the district on 4th and 5th April. High winds from south. Weather cool. Prospects of boro rice crop still continue excellent. Cold weather crops have yielded a fair outturn. Smull-pox and cholera still slightly prevalent.
CHITTAGONG DIVN.	26	Chittogong Hill Tracts 1th April 1874.	-17	Slight fall of rain on the 2nd April 1874. The weather is seasonable. The tobacco crop is still being gathered; joom-cutting is progressing. In other years the burning of jooms begins about the first week of April, but this year there will be some delay owing to the falls of rain during the last month.
ਤ   	26	Hill Tipperah, 4th Apr 1874.	il 3·99	The first part of the week was hot and dry. There was rain on the night of the 1st and on the evenings of the 2nd and 3rd April. No change since last return. The rain has facilitated the preparation of the land for sowing.
1	27	Patus, 13th April 187	4 Nil	Weather seasonable and very hot for the last two or three days. All the cold weather crops have been now cut, and there is little on the ground except patches of cheens, where water is procurable. The health of the district is generally good, but the number of small-pox cases in the city increasing, and some cases have been reported from Monair to the west of Dinapore.
BE	HAF	t.		
ĺ	28	Gya, 11th April 187	4 Nil	Fine weather. The harvest of the cold weather crops has almost all been gathered in. The outturn is satisfactory. Small-pox has broken out in several villages. The health of the people otherwise good.
	29	Shahabac, 11th ., .,	Nil	Clear and hot east wind prevailing. The cold weather crops have been harvested, and have yielded a fair outturn. Cheena (millet) is being cut. Small-pox still prevalent.
(VISION.	30	Tirhoot, 11th ,, ,,	Nil	Hot, with west wind. In the Mudhoobani sub-division the outturn of rahur (pulse) is reported about two annas. In the Durbhangah sub-division the prospect of the cheena (millet) and moong (pulse) crops are unsatisfactory. Rain is much wanted for both these crops and to pertifit of the ground being prepared for the paddy sowings. In the Sitamarhee sub-division the rahur (pulse) crop has been successful; about $\frac{2}{5}$ has been reaped; want of rain is injuring the cheena (millet), which has been dried in many places. Rain is much needed for paddy cultivation. Mango is hopeful. In the Hajeepore sub-division the crops, especially at Mehnor, have given a good outturn. There is no material change in crops in the Sudder and Tajpore sub-divisions.
PATER PRESION.	31	Sarun, 11th ., ,	Nil	Clear throughout and hot; wind variable both east and west. The cold weather crop is almost all harvested, threshed, and stocked. The produce has been fair so far as it goes. The spring crops, such as cheena (millet), moong (pulse), &c, are still doing well, but are much in want of rain, without which a good outturn cannot be expected. Indigo prospects bad; plants are sickly and withering away for want of moisture. Mango crop so far as remaining promises well. Prices steady.
	32	Chumparun, 11th ,. ,	, Nil	East and west winds. The cold weather crops are still being harvested. The cheena (millet) is being scorched up, and will be a failure without rain. Indigo prospects bad; the mango blossoms are said to be withering. Price of rice rising. Small-pox prevailing in places.
	ا ر 33	Monghyr, 11th "	" Nil	Set fair, west winds. The cold weather crops have nearly all been harvested and the return good. Mohwa crop good; mango crop will probably only be four annual crop.

^{*} Telegram of the 13th April, received on the 14th, shows ramfall during the seven days including the 13th.

N	io.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEI	IAR.	—(Contd.)		
	34	Bhagulpore, 14th April 1874.	Nil	East winds. Rain fell on the 7th April in the east of Coosy and round Nathpore. Rain necessary before end of April. Mango crops reported failing in many places. General health very good.
17.5.	35	Purneab, 11th April 1874	Nil •	The weather has up to the 11th April been dull and close with cast wind; since then hot west wind. Rain has fallen in Arrarcah, Kishengunge, and Bulrampore, but none in the Sudder, where it is much wanted for the rice which has been sown and to enable further sowing to go on. Prices rising.
	86	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 11th April 1874.	Nil.	A slight fall of rain and hail is reported from Juljhari and Rajmehal; nothing of the kind anywhere else. Days and nights both hot. The important crop just now is mohwa; it has everywhere proved much better than was expected, and in place it is an unusually good crop. The east wind chiefly prevail during the night, and west winds in the day are just what is wanted for it. This addition to the food supply of the district is a very sensible one.
į	37	Cuttnek		Roturn not received.
RI	SSA.			
LIVIBION:	38	Pooree, 4th April 1874	Nil	Moderately hot, with southern wind and cool nights. Moong (pulse) is being gathered with a fair outturn. Dalua rice crop is being reaped with a good outturn Cotton is doing well. Castor-seed is being gathered with a fair out turn. Mango crop, though not abundant, is doing well. Agricultural operation for the early and late crops are progressing well, and sugarcane is being planted Purchases of rice for export continue on a moderate scale, and prices are station ary. Public health generally good.
- Cartag	39	Balasore, 11th April 1874	Nil	Dry and hot, with high wind. Ploughing in progress. The dalua rice is being cut. Cholera and small-pox have subsided.
<b>\</b>	40	Hazareebagh, 11th ,, ,,	Nil	Hot wind blowing steadily. The cold weather crops have been harvested, and the dry weather has proved most beneficial to the mohwa. The mohwa crop will be a very fair crop now, and the mango is well reported from most parts, as also the jungle fruit. Pressure is reported from Gawan, but on the whole prospects have improved. Prices remain stationary at head-quarters; but on the Grand Trunk Roa in consequence of the importation of Government rice, though none has bee sold, prices have fallen. There is more confidence among the people. General health is good, but cases of small-pox are reported scattered throughout the district. No cattle disease reported this year as yet.
· 47	ስ <b>ተ</b> ል	NAGPORE.		
,		South-West Frontier Ayency.		·
	41	Loharduggs, 11th April 1874.	Nil	Dry and hot, with warm winds. The cold weather crops are now nearly all cut, an are being thrashed out. Outturn fair as far as is known at present. In Palaufor there is a small area of cheena (millet) on the ground, and sugarcane p'anting i going on. The mohwa crop is a splendid one both in Palamow and Tore pergunnah, where it was most wanted. In the latter place it is now selling a 12 mannds per rupee. Small-pox rather prevalent in parts, otherwise the general health is good. Prices much the same.
	42	singbhoom, 4th April 1874.	Nil	Hot and dry weather. Nothing to add to last week's return. Cholera still reported from Dhalbhoom.
•	43	Maunbhoom, 11th April 1874.	Nil	Hot and seasonable. There are no crops on the ground except sugarcane, which is being planted, but the molws flowers are falling freely and being gathered up. The trees are plentiful in the north and south of the district, but scarce in the centre, especially in the Rughoonathpore Mounsiff's circle, when not much food will be obtained from them. In some places the people are living entirely on molwa, which is causing some sickness. When mixed with rice is does not prove injurious, but eaten alone or in too great quantities or insufficiently cooked, it produces indigestion, bowel diseases, and dysentery. Ploughing has ceased and cannot be resumed unless rain falls. General health good.

[•] Telegram of the 14th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 14th April 1874. R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

i.	District.		Savare		Rain from 22nd to 25th March	om 29th to 4th 1874.	RATE	FROM 18T UARY 1874.	Remarks.
DIVISION.	DISTRICT.		STATIC	)N,	Rain fro	1874. Rain from 29 March to 4 April 1874.	Inches	Up to date.	INEMARES.
BENG	AL.				Inch	1 Inches		1071	
	WESTERN DIST	RICTS.			Inch	Inches		1871.	
[	Burdwan		Burdwan Culua Bood-bood Raneegunge Jehanabad		Ni	7:72 6:65 6:18 5:64 4:78 7:40	4th Apl. ditto. ditto. ditto ditto ditto.		
1	Bankoora		Bankoora	•	. Ni	l N ₁ l	5.03	ditto	
- 1	Beerbhoom		Sooree		. Nı	l Nil	5.68	ditto.	
BURDWAN.	Midnapore	{	Midnapore Tumbook Gurbetta Contai Dy. Co	ollr.'s Office	Ni 0:14 Ni Ni Not re	Nil 0.05 0.10	5·19 8·85 7·63 8·12 7·79	ditto, ditto, ditto ditto. 21st Mar	Not rec, 15th Feb. to 14th
Ì	Hooghly	}	Hooghly		Ni		5·50 5 87	4th Apl.	
ļ	Howrah		Serampore Howrah	•••	0.50		4.90	ditto.	
į			Howran	•	"				
	CENTRAL DISTI		Sangor Island Calcutta Alipore { Dispending the Dispersant Baraset Dispersion of Harbour Barripore Satkhirah Rarrackpore Dum-Dum	*	No 0 10 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	6 10 6 65 7 06 6 94 2 81 5 70 4 16 2 75 3 57 6 56 8 52	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
PREEDENCE.	Nudden	{	Kishnaghur Bongong Meherpore Chooadangah Kooshtea Ranaghat		Ni 0·1· 1·8· 1·2· 0·8· Ni	Nil   Nil     Nil	7 03 5·61 8·76 7 27 6·81 6·73	ditto. ditto. ditto. 28th Mar. 4th Apl. 28th Mar.	
	Jessore	{	Jessore Narail Khoolna Jhenidah Bagirhat Magoora		0.30 0.16 0.05 0.86 Ni 0.43	0 0:45 Nil 3 2:72 Nil	6 18 5:80 7:56 10:31 6:09 6:26	4th Apl. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Moorshedabad	{	Berhampore Rampore Haut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azimgunge Lalgolla		Ni 0:00 Ni Ni Ni Ni	Nil 3 001 1 0:88 1 0.40	3·25 3·83 3·08 4·35 3·44 3·28	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Dinagepore	•••	Dinagepore	••	Ni	}	2.98	ditto.	
Ė	Maldah		Maldah	***	Ni	j .	4:23	ditto.	
RAJSHARYE.	Rajshahye	{	Rauleah Nattore 1		Ni		3.08 5.15	ditto. ditto.	
RAZ	Rungpore	{	Rungpore Bhowanigunj Titalya		Nii	Nil	6·87 3·00 2·88	ditto. ditto. 28th Mar.	
	Bogra	•••	Bogra		Ni	2:63	10.87	4th Apl.	
Į	Pubna	{	Pubna	***	0.28		6.83 5.81	ditto. ditto.	
` ]	Darjeeling		Serajgunj Darjeeling { Tele		Not r	Not rec. 1.56	1.64 8 38	28th Feb. 4th Apl.	
Сооси Ввиля.	Julpigoree	{	Julpigores Fallacotta Bodah		Ni Ni Ni	Nil	2·92 3·40 3·43	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Cooci	Cooch Behar Tri		Cooch Behar Buxa		Not re	1 ·42	4·38	ditto. '	
•	Bhútan Dooars	•••	Buxa	•••	401 16		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

		_	Rain from 22nd to 28th March 1874.	m 29th to 4th 874.		FROM 1st ARY 1874.	Description
Division.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	Rain fronto 2 Sth	Rain from March to April 1874.	Inches,	Up to date.	REMARKS.
ENG	AL—(Continued.)		/ Trabas	Inches.		1874.	
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Tolograph Office	Inches.	0.99	7:25	4th April.	
ſ	Dacca	Dacca Hospital Moonsheegungo Manickgunge	2·78 1·05 0·42	0.97 1.22 0.81	7:80 6:78 5:91	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Furreedpore	Furreedpore	0·36 0·27	1.28 0.38	11·15 7·21	ditto. ditto.	
DACCA.	Backergunge •	Burrisal Perozepore Madaripore Patooakhally Dowlatkhan	Nil Nil 1·10 Nil Nil	Not rec. ditto 0.10 Not rec. ditto	5:03 3:08 6:49 2:83 4:90	28th Mar. ditto. 1th April. 28th Mar. ditto.	
٩	Mymensingh	Mymensingh Jamalpore Atia Kishoregunge	0.61 Nil Nil 1.97	2:63 0:30 1:15 1:35	10:38 5:38 5:71 14:39	4th April. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet	. Sylhet	4.00	6.12	21:37	ditto.	•
Į	Cachar	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	4·10 Not rec. 7·60	1.61 Not ree 4.43	17 03 4·03 297·61	ditto. 7th Feb. 4th April.	
ſ	Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph Office Jail	0·10 0·10 0·11	0.20 0.22 Nal	4°20 5 00 1°58	ditto, ditto, ditto,	
ONG.	Noakholly	. Nonkholly	1 07	Nil	- 5.96	ditto.	
CHITTAGONG.	Tipperah	Comillah Brahmunberiah	0.12 0.23	1.66 2.23	8:04 10:66	ditto.	
్	Chittagong Hill Tract	Rungamatee Hill	Not rec.	Not rec	2 27	11th Mar.	
l	Hill Tipperah	· Hill Tipperah	0.11	3.09	10 39	4th April.	
EHA	AR.	Patna	Nil	Nil	1.11	ditto.	
	Patna	Behar	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2 65 2 71 1·20 1·22	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Gya	Gya Nowadah Arung-bad Jehanabad	Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2.60 2.93 1.61	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	·
PATEA.	Shahabad	Arrah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:56 1:76 1:90 1:80	ditto, ditto ditto, ditto.	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.
r _d	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	1:19 1:29 1:15 1: 0 0:90 1:24	28'h Mar. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, tth April.	
- 1	Sarun	Chuprah		Nil Nil	1·48 1·22	ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb. Ditto ditto.
l	Chumparuu	Mot'h ireo Bettiah	1 3-1	Nil Nil	1:31 1:10	ditto	Not rec. 15th to 21st March.
ſ	Monghyr	Monchyr	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	1:99 1:91 4:11	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PORE.	Bhagulpore	Bharulpore	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.85 1.40 1.05 2.54 1.49	ditto. ditto ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 22nd to 29th Feb.
Вилетгровв.	Purneah	Purneah	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	1.00 2.91 3.88	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Deoghur	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2 62 1:50 2 99 3:25	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not ree. 8th to 11th Mar.

				22nd to March	April		FROM 18T ARY 1871.		
Division.	District.	STATION.		Rain from 22nd to 25th March 1874.	Rain from to 4th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remarks,	
oriss	3A.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.		
	Cuttack	Cuttack Telegraph Office  Jajpore Kendraparah Jugatsingpore False Point		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil 0·50	Nil Nil Nil 0°20 Nil Nil	4·13 4·73 3 10 1·80 1·85 2·36	4th April. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.		
ORESEA.	Pooree {	Poorce Khurdah		0·05 0·25	Nil Not rec.	1·71 4·01	ditto. 28th Mar.	•	
	Balasore {	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0:01 Nil 0:12 Nil Nil	4:60 6:99 6:32 2:94 1:96	4th April ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Fob.	
ł	Cuttack Tributary Mehal-	Sambalpore	•••	Nil	Not rec.	2.13	28th Mar.		
	CHOTA NAGPORE.  Soutg-Westran FRONTIEE AGENCY.								
	Razareebagh {	Hazarechagh Jail Pachumba		Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	4·40 4·57 3·81	4th April. ditto. ditto.		
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	6·85 3·97	ditto.		
	Singbhoom	('hybassa	•••	Nil	Nil	6.87	ditto,		
	Manbhoom {	Purulia Govindpore	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	5·39 5·78	ditto.	'	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.								
	Goalparah {	Goalparah Dhoobree	•••	0.24 Nil	1°15	4·94 3·13	ditto. ditto.		
	Kamroop {	Gowhatty Burpettah	•••	1 61 0·80	1.06 1.51	7·67 8·05	ditto. ditto.		
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye		Not rec. ditto	Not rec.	1.09 2.00	7th Feb. ditto.		
	Nowgong	Nowgong	•••	1.22	2.21	7.68	4th April	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.	
	Seebsaugor	Seebsnuger Golaghat Jorehaut Nazeerah	•••	1·44 2·09 1·48 1·51	Not rec. ditto ditto ditto	9 96 9 65 8 81 10 77	28th Mar. ditto. ditto. ditto.	•	
	Luckimpore	Debrooghur Noith Luckimpore Suddya	•••	Not rec 1.41 Not rec	ditto	2·27 7·26 4·15	7th Feb. 28th Mar. 7th Feb.		
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting	•••	0.65	ditto	6.38	28th Mar.		
	Khasi and Jynteah Hills	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee	•••	Not rec ditto ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2·48 0 68 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan 3rd Jan.	Not rec. 18th to 24th Jan	
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	1	ditto	. 5.94	28th Feb.		
		Benares Akyab	•••	3.7:1	ditto Nil	0·39 1·30	21st Mar. 4th April.		

CALCUTTA,

The 11th March 1874.

II. F. BLANFORD,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gunt. of Bengal.

### Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 5th to 11th April 1874.

	1	÷	1	Ì	1	THERM	METER.			Wind.		1			• Weather
Da	ito.	∐our.	redu		Barometer request to sea level.	Dry.	Wet	Hum dity, 8at. ==100.	D	irection.	• Velocity	Ra	n.	Clouds.	initimis
April	5th 6th 7th 8th 9th 10th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	29 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	0 855 0 717 9 894 9 775 0 938 9 815 9 902 10 820 9 609 20 767 20 767 20 893 20 730	20'873 29 735 29 912 29 793 29 956 20 833 20 920 20 770 20 833 20 717 20 889 20 785 20 711 20 754	85:2 93:5 85:0 90:0 85:5 87:5 87:6 93:6 87:6 93:6	71.7 77.8 78.0 77.6 78.6 77.6 80.7 80.6 80.6 80.6 80.6 80.6 80.6 80.6 80.6	29 69 68 68 69 60 73 60 72 60 72 62 74		W 8 W 8 W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W 8 S W	98867 57711569 10678 1463 78			K	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
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	5th 7th 8th 9th 10	1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	5   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	20 854 20 750 20 8 84 20 834 20 834 20 836 20 816 20 770 20 814 20 753 20 882 20 764 20 784	59 959	1 1 8 4	77 76 78 77 76 77 76 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	71 67 53 70 61 61 62 65 77 66 77 69 69		S S E W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W S W	17	5   9   1 1 3		K K K K K K K K	1, m
Markaso.	7 8	h	6	29 985 29 870 29 916 29 772	20 016 20 946 20 946 29 06 29 06 20 84 20 84 20 87 20 97 20 98 4 29 97 20 87	888888888888888888888888888888888888888	5 0 7 7 7 8 0 7 9 8 0 7 7 8 6 7 7 8 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	5   64   45   77   56   77   66   77   67   77   67   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77   77	O	S E by S S E S E by E S E by E S E by E S E by E S E by S S E by S S E by S S E by S		12 14 13 15 12 15 11 13 8 11 11 11 11 11 11 11			6 b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b
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CALCUTTA, The 11th April 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

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## Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 1st to 7th April 1874.

									,	ī				1	
•		eter.	Тнв	RMOME	TER.			dew-	dıty.	W 12	TD.				
Month	Date.	Menn reduced barometer.	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mar. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Duly relocity.	Rum.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS
	İ	Inches.	0	0	0	0	0	0			n	Mile-	Ln		
April	1st	?9 721	91.2	785	1470	84.2	78.0	74.5	0.43	S W & S	0.8	208.8			Clear. Stratoni and cirrocumuli.
	2nd	·751	94.0	78.2	141.2	81.3	78.7	74.8	.74	ssw&sw	0.3	189-2		0	Chiefly clear.
	31 d	.810	89-1	77.8	136.2	82.6	77 8	71-1	.77	S&SSW	3.0	169 7	•••		Scuds and cumuli. Brisk wind from 10 A.M. to 11 P.M. Thunder at 5 P.M. Lightning on north at 7 P.M. Drizzled at 5½ P.M.
	4th	.801	928	80 0	1440	84.6	78 7	71.6	.73	S&SSW	1.0	259.5			Scuds, cumuli, and clear.
	òth	.782	93.2	75.8	145.0	83.8	71.3	67.6	.60	SSW& SW	.	176-3			Clear.
	€≀ h	-830	90.7	75.6	140.7	82.8	76.7	72.4	.72	S by W & S	0.5	112.3			lear and cirrostrati.
	7th	. 602	91.0	<b>7</b> 6.2	1402	82.2	76 7	72 6	.73	SSEA S by W	0.9	142.3			Clear and cumuli.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		$1\overset{\Theta}{8}$ 6
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	94.2
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	94.7
The mean humidity during the past seven days		0.72
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	300	0.72
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 1st to 7th \{ by lower rain gauge \} by anemometer gauge	٠.	. Nil
the total fall of rath from 1st to 7th \ by anemometer gauge		. Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.45
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 7th April		6.65
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	9.10

GOPEENAUTH SEN, In charge of the Overratory

The 10th April 1874.

#### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

#### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th March 1874, on 1581 miles open.

	C	OACHING	TRAP	FIC.	MERCHANDI	Total traffic	
	Number of passengers.	Con	sching	receipts.	Weight carried.	Weight carried. Receipts.	
	!	Rs.	А. Р.	£ s. d	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P., £ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of ratiway For previous 12 weeks of half-year	41,7971 261 835,509	23,200 1 46 2,81,149		2,126 14 0 13 8 9 25,798 10 6	1,175 0	77,786 5 7 7,130 4 8 191 8 6 45 1 2 5,88,503 11 6 55,511 4 7	9,256 18 8 55 9 11 51,312 15 1
Total for 13 weeks COMPARISON.	380,5861	3,04,639	8 0	27,925 4 6	1,427,216 20	6,60,088 1 1 62,611 9 3	90,569-13 9
Total for corresponding week of previous year.  Per may of railway, corresponding	30,706}	21,117	- 1	1,966 0 5	160,467 23	29,512 7 2 2,705 6 2	4,671 6 7
weak of previous year  Total to corresponding date of previous year	196 430,9081	137 3,31,245	5 11	12 11 3 30,367 16 7	1,025 0 2,015,402 15	159 9 3   17 5 9   3,69,459 9 10   33,867 2 8	29 17 <b>Q</b> 64,234 19 <b>3</b>

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th March 1874, on 2231 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per unle of railway For provious 11 weeks of half-year	4,025 62,722	Rs. A. P.  20,314 0 3  90 14 3  2,07,228 15 6	£ s. d. 1.862 3 4 8 6 8 18,995 19 10	Mds. Srs. Rs. A. P. 164.315 0 * 46.543 11 0 208 4 0 1,129,796 0 3,22,677 9 9	4,266 10 8 6,124 13 7
TotaPfor 12 weeks Comparison.	66,717	2,27,513 8 9	20,858 8 2	1,294,111 0 3,69,221 5 8	33,845 5 70 54,703 9 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year.  Per mile of ratiwas, corresponding week of previous year.  Total to corresponding date of previous year	5,214	17,586 9 11 78 11 0 2,12,278 9 5	1,G12 2 2 7 4 3 19,458 17 5	75,828 0 22,541 10 3 100 13 9 911,676 0 2,72,291 14 9	2,066 6 4 3,478 8 6 9 4 11 18 9 2 24,660 1 10 44,418 10 3
preventagem i ii ii ii					

[•] Rs. 6,361-4-0 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grams due by Government for this week.

#### NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th March 1874, on 271 miles open.

		Rs. A. P.	£ s d.	Mds. Srs	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. £	s. d.
Total traffic for the week	1,406	977 0 0	97 14 0	5,963 0	605 0 0	60 10 0 158	4 0
Or per mile of railway	63	36 0 0	3 12 0	219 0	22 0 0	2 4 0 5	16 0
For previous 12 weeks of half-year	16,753	12,173 8 0	1,217 6 0	84,797 0	6,600 0 0 }	660 18 0 1,879	4 0
Total for 13 weeks	17,759	13,150 0 0	1,315 0 0	90,760 0	7,214 0 0	721 8 0 2,036	8 0
· COMPARISON.					İ	!	
Total for corresponding week of previous year	2,324	1,670 13 6	167 1 9	5,679 80	459 15 3	43 19 11 211	1 5
For mile of railway, corresponding wock of previous year	85	61 5 1	6 2 S	205 17	16 2 4	1 12 3 7	11 11
Total to corresponding date of pre-	21,990	16,701 1 10	1,670 2 4	91,555 0	7,505 11 9	750 11 5 2,420	13 9

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 28th March 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		Rs. A.P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P	€ s. a	. £ s. d.
Total trathe for the week	114,213	1,68,314 9 9		1,621,924 30	*7.19,001 12 3   561 11 7	65,909 9 11 51 9 16	
Or per mile of rankay For previous 11 weeks of half-year	1,190 867	19,02,384 13 8		16,649,674 20	71,16,2 (2.11)	652,326 17 (	
				10.453.000.10	T. 107.304.13		
lotal for 12 weeks	1,507,950	20,70,726 7 5	159,816 11 10	19,270,999 10	74,35,294 11 0	718,235 6 11	908,051 18 9
COMPARISON							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	124 041	1,78,631 8 4	16,371 11 2	632,278 30	4,05,002 0 0	37,133 8 S	53,507 19 16
Per mile of railway corresponding week a previous year		139 8 11	12 15 10		316 7 S	<b>2</b> 9 a 3	41 16 1
T tar to corresponding date of pre-	1,443,076	21,42,235 0 8	196,371 16 5	9,810,346 10	18,95,216 2 9	418,728 8 0	645,099 19 3
		_				-	

[•] Rs. 80,769-1-0 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

#### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th April 1874, on 28 miles open.

•	C	OACHING TRAFF	ic.	Merchandi	Total traffic	
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.		Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipta.
		Rs. A. P.	£ s, d.	Mds. 8rs.	Rs. A. P. & s. d	. e . d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 13 weeks of half-year	000	1,221 0 0 43 8 0 15,843 0 0	122 2 0 4 7 0 1,584 6 0	729 0	648 0 0 0 64 16 0 23 0 0 2 6 0 8,893 0 0 839 6 0	6 18 0
Total for 14 weeks COMPARISON.	122,402	17,064 0 0	1,706 8 0	272,619 0	0,041 0 0 904 2 (	2,610 10 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	5,116 183	966 8 0 34 8 0	96 13 0 3 V 0	1	1,171 1 0 117 2 5 41 13 0 4 8 6	1
Total to corresponding date of previous year	119 008	17,258 0 0	1,725 16 0	410,937 0	12,895 1 0 1,289 10	3,015 6 2

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th April 1874, on 2231 miles open.

		Ra. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 12 weeks of half-year	4,110  66,747	17,041 12 9 76 4 0 2,27,543 8 9	1,562 3 3 6 19 9 20,858 3 2	163,668 30 1,293,111 0	*40,091 9 6 183 6 6 3.69,221 5 6	3,757 11 3 16 16 3 33,845 5 10	5,319 14 6 23 16 0 54.703 9 0
Total for 13 weeks COMPARISON.	70,857	2,11,585 5 6	22,420 6 5	1,457,179 30	4,10,212 15 0	37,602 17 1	00,023 3 6
Pot 1 for corresponding week of previous year. Per make of railway, corresponding wisk of previous year. Tokol be corresponding data of pre-	5,445	18,078 3 3 80 14 2	1,657 3 5 7 8 <b>4</b>	108,434 10 	25,063 3 9 112 2 3	2,297 9 3 10 5 7	3,954 12 8 17 13 11
vious year	67,961	2,30,356 12 8	21,116 0 10	1,020,110 10	2,97,355 2 6	27,257 11 1	48,373 11 11

Rs. 6,083-15 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th April 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 12 weeks of half-year	125,852 1,305,080	1,83,326	3 7	& s. d. 16,804 18 6 13 2 7 189,816 11 10	Mds. 8rs. 1,728,000 10 18,270,999 10	Rs. A. P. 7,05,953 14 3* 551 8 5 78,35,294 11 0	£ s. d. 64,713 8 10 50 11 2 7[9,235 6 11	& s. d. 81,517 7 4 63 13 9 908,051 18 9
Total for 13 weeks	1, 130,932	22,54,052	14 8	206,621 10 4	19,993,000 20	85,41,248 9 3	782,947 15 9	989,500 6 1
COMPARISON.								
Total for corresponding week of pre- vious year	130,176	2,01,671	1 10	18,486 10 5	957,930 30	4,02,151 1 10	36,863 17 0	55,350 7 5
ng week of previous year .		157	8 10	14 8 10		314 2 11	28 16 0	48 4 10
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	1,573,552	23, 43, 909	2 6	214,858 6 10	10,668,277 0	52,97,367 4 7	485,592 0 0	700,450 6 10

^{*} Rs. 71 935-4-0 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week,



# SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1874.

#### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazettk may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees pa annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if vent by Post.

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#### \Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor o Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 18th April 1874.

#### Present:

THE HON'BLE V. H. SCHALCH, presiding,

THE HON'BLE G. C. PAUL, Acting Advocate-General, THE HON'BLE H. L. DAMPIER,
THE HON'BLE A. R. THOMPSON,
THE HON'BLE S. S. HOGG,

THE HON'BLE BABOO JUGGODANUND MOOKERJEE,

THE HON'BLE BABOO DOORGA CHURN LAW,

and

THE HON'BLE F. G. ELDRIDGE.

#### CALCUTTA MARKETS ACT.

THE HON'BLE Mr. Hogg said he rose merely to move a verbal amendment The reason for it was this, that by Section 12 of the Bill as first drafted, the Act was to be called the "Calcutta Municipal Markets Amendment Act." The Council at the last meeting struck out the word "Municipal" in tha section, leaving the designation of the Act the "Calcutta Markets Amend ment Act." He proposed that the preamble should be made to fit in with the wording of what was now Section 13 of the Bill. He therefore took leave to move that the word "Municipal" in the 6th line of the preamble be left out.

The motion was agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. Hogg said, as this Bill had now been before the Council several weeks, and had been fully discussed, he would not detain the Council any remarks on the Bill. He therefore moved that the Bill be passed. The Hon'ble Mr. Eldridge said, before recording his vote in favor of the sing of this Bill, he desired to give some of the reasons which induced him feconcile himself to a measure which had interested the public to an unusual Extent, and called forth from influential quarters considerable opposition. question was simply one of expediency, when viewed from the stage at which it had reached. It would be useless to discuss the question of the advisability of having a Municipal market, or whether the one in possession of the Justices was the best that could have been devised. His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor had at the last meeting of the Council urgued those points fully, and Mr. Eldringe had nothing to add to them. The market existed. Whether it was good, bad, or indifferent as a market or as a building was another question: the fact remained that it was there, and the question was, what should be done with it in the interests of the tax-payers? It had on several occasions "been called a white elephant," but to his mind the simile was an extremely incorrect one. He believed there was a great demand for white elephants; and if the Justices had one they would be able to dispose of it on the most advantageous terms! But to sell the new market would involve a very serious loss. It was either a market, or it was nothing. Was it good policy, then, to allow it to go to decay and ruin; to sink the considerable amount of money already expended, leaving the interest as a perpetual legacy to the tax-payers of Calcutta? Would it not be more expedient to endeavour to make it pay a fair percentage on the investment by the judicious expenditure of more money?

The Act passed by this Council in 1871 gave permission for the construction of a Municipal market, and gave the Justices, as they then believed, power to maintain it after it was built. It appeared now that some doubts existed as to the legal right of the Justices to carry on a market after its construction, and this Council was asked to supply what was apparently inadvertently omitted in the Market Act of 1871. To that, he confessed, he saw no objection. On the contrary, it appeared to him that this was the best, and would prove in the end the least expensive, means of overcoming the difficulties which had threatened the new market ever since it was opened., The Bill before the Council did not state how the money should be expended, or what course the Justices should pursue; and to his mind it would be manifestly improper to attempt to exert any such control. The, Bill simply gave the Justices power to act, and left them to apply those powers as they thought best. As that body was composed of representatives from nearly every section of the community, and amongst its members there were several of the largest property-holders and tax-payers in Calcutta, it seemed to Mr. Eldridge that it was a power that might be safely left in their hands, and he knew not any number of persons on whom such confidence might be more worthily bestowed. Under these circumstances he thought it right to vote in favor of this Bill.

The motion was agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to a day of which notice would be given.

#### FIFTEENTH SPECIAL NARRATIVE OF THE DROUGHT IN BENGAL, FROM THE 3RD APRIL TO THE 16rm APRIL 1874.

On the 8th of April Sir George Campbell was permitted to resign the Lieutenant-Governorship of Bengal, and Sir Richard Temple was appointed to succeed him. The Lieutenant-Governor left the Presidency for the distressed

districts on the night of Tuesday, the 14th April.

The weather.			
Rainfall of the fort	night l distr	in in	ches at itions.
Burdwan			0.0
Beerbhoom			0.0
'Calcutta			0.0
Maldah			1.57
Moorshedabad			0.0
Dinagepore			1.93
Rungpore			079
Dacca			1 19
Mymensing			6.26
Sylhet			8 15
Tipperah			1 55
Patna			0.0
Tirhoot			0.0
Champarun			0.0
Bhagulpore			rain,
but quantity	nat st	own.	
Lohardugga			0.0

F

2. The weather during the fortnight under report has continued favorable on the whole. Rain has fallen in most of the districts of the Rajshahye, Dacca, and Chittagong divisions, and also in parts of North Bhaugulpore and Purneah. This has been very opportune for the early rice sowings, and all the accounts show that a larger area than usual is prepared for this crop. More rain is required, and the weather seems sufficiently unsettled to make it possible to hope for this. In the Patna division the drought still continues, and the millets and pulse now approaching maturity are withering for want of moisture, while it will be impossible to prepare the ground for rice sowing without some heavy showers.

3. In the districts of Hooghly, Howrah, and Bankoora of the Burdwan division, prices have remained stationary, or with a Price of grain. tendency to fall. In Beerbloom they have slightly

risen. In Burdwan, although the price-current shows the price of common rice at over 14 seers per rupee, the Collector reports that in the interior of Bood-bood it is only procurable at 10 seers per rupce, or even less. There is no marked change in the Presidency division. In the Rajshahye division prices have risen slightly in Dinagepore, but were in the district narratives reported easier in Moorshedabad, Rajshahye and Maldah owing to private importations. At Rungpore sudder station they suddenly rose from Rs. 4 to Rs. 6-8 a maund, owing, it is said, to the demand for carriage on account of Government grain having paralyzed private trade. Only about 600 carts in all are here at present taken up for Government; and Mr. Robinson, the Relief Commissioner, reports that he has no doubt Rungpore could easily supply many more were proper rates paid. He is himself looking into this. From the district narrative it does not appear that prices in the interior have been at all affected. They are however, extremely high throughout the south and west of this district. In the more eastern districts of Bengal the rates are either stationary or lower, except in Mymensing, which shows a rise. In Behar, south of the Ganges, the reaping of the rubbee crop has cheapened food-grains somewhat. North of the Ganges the harvest has not had the same effect, and in Soopool an upward tendency is observed notwithstanding the harvesting of a very fair spring crop.

The price-current for the two weeks under report will be found at enclosure No. 2.

The present quotations of rice for some of the principal districts compare as follows:—

		NUMBER OF S	rers of common	RICE SOLD FOR	A RUPER, 1874.	
		On 31st Jan.	28th Feb.	28th March.	11th April.	April 1873.
Burdwan		14	131	131	14 <del>1</del>	24
Beerbhoom		123	$12\frac{1}{2}$	19 <u>‡</u>	12	24
Hooghly		11 to 12	11 to 12 1	12 to 13	12 to 13	18
Calcutta		12 <del>1</del>	l≈ <del>1</del>	13 '	13 <del>1</del>	••••
Linagepore		131	11	10ន្	104	27
Maldah		114	12	9 🛓	10½ to 11	24 <del>1</del>
Rungpore		111	11}	111	71	27 <del>§</del>
Dacca	•••	. 16	14	13	17	32
Backergunge		164	15	16	16	28
Chittagong		18	$16\frac{1}{2}$	16 <del>1</del>	17	24
Noakholly		17 <del>]</del>	13	15	16	26
Patna		12	13 <del>1</del>	12	131	21
Shahabad		13	$12\frac{1}{2}$	$12\S$	12	$18\frac{1}{2}$
Tirhoot		10	10	8 <del>1</del>	81	21
Sarun		121	121	12	12	20
Chumparun		114	11	10‡	9	27
Bhagulpore	•••	128	11 <del></del>	111	11 ខ្ន	161
Lohardugga		15 <del>]</del>	16	14	14	17
Manbhoom		15	$14\frac{1}{2}$	$14\frac{1}{2}$	$14\frac{1}{2}$	24

The in-gathering of the rubbee or spring harvest has, in most of the Behar districts, been now brought to an end. In all those south of the Ganges the outturn has been State of the crops. much better than was originally anticipated; and in the Bhagulpore division, north of the Ganges, the yield has been on the whole very fair. however, the results are less satisfactory. The severe hail-sto The severe hail-storm of last month did much damage to the crop in parts, while the outturn generally appears to have been unequal, and in some tracts considerably below expectation. The firmness maintained by prices in spite of the reaping of this, ordinarily a most important crop in Sarun, is looked upon by the local officers as an unfavorable sign. In Chumparun the cheena, or lesser millet, was in a precarious condition from want of rain, except in tracts where irrigation had kept it alive. The outturn of the spring crop had not been here very satisfactory, and in the worst part of the district—Ramnuggur—there had been none to speak In Tirhoot the cheena (millet), and moong (pulse), are suffering from the continued drought, and it is impossible to prepare the land for rice. those districts where the mohwa tree grows, such as Bhagulpore, Monghyr, the Sonthal Pergunnahs, and the Chota Nagpore division, the crop this year has been singularly full and abundant, forming a most material addition to the food-supply of the poorer classes. In the Rajshahye division the rain which was much wanted to enable the ryots to complete the sowing of the early autumn crop has fallen pretty generally, and though more is still required, the sowings are now on the whole well-advanced. The silk-crop, which is always precarious, has, in the Rajshahye district, unfortunately proved a failure.

Eastern Bengal, where sowings are earlier than in Behar. The Collector of Dinagepore writes:—
"As the bhadoi sowings have not yet been completed, it is not easy to determine with certainty the question of sufficiency of seed-grain, to which the attention of all circle officers has now for some time been directed. The impression, however, is that seed-grain, both for bhadoi and hemantee (autumn and winter rice), will be forthcoming, though at high rates. The inquiries made by the circle officers show that the people are themselves fully alive to the difficulty, and that dealers are purchasing and storing the produce of last harvest. I am more and more convinced that there is a sufficiency of seed-grain in the country, a stock which the sale of Government rice will tend to keep up." The price will however be high. Already in one district the price of seed-grain is higher than that of cleaned rice. In Rungpore it is noted that though

the ryots sometimes complained of want of seed, the lands where ready have all been sown, and a much larger area than usual has been cultivated with early rice. In the other districts of the Rajshahye division there will almost certainly be no lack of seed-grain. The view that seed would probably not be wanting was that taken by the late Lieutenant-Governor at paragraph 27 of his Tirhoot note appended to last narrative. Steps are being taken to assist, through the zemindars, those ryots who may be unable to buy seed at the high prices now ruling. In Tirhoot the subject has not been lost sight of, as the following extract from the district narrative will show:—

"Mr. MacDonnell and the sub-divisional officer of Hattee are now directing their attention to the relief of cultivators and small farmers whom it is difficult to bring to our relief works. To these they are making advances in money for seed-grain and in grain for their own support. The principle they have adopted is that of making advances to the applicants by whole villages, the applicants entering into an association or system of frank pledge for repayment, their estimate being based on returns submitted by putwarees showing the quantity of land cultivated by each applicant, and the quantity of seed-grain required being calculated at the rate of 20 seers per beegha. In some instances they have persuaded zemindars to take the seed advances into their own hands; and one zemindar, Baboo Bunsee Dareer of Ragopore, proprietor of nearly half the Lehra circle, is specially mentioned for the public spirit and humanity which he has displayed in this respect, and in the administration of relief operations on his estates under their directions."

No special reference is made to the subject in the Sarun and Chumparun narratives, but it is incidentally mentioned that in one sub-division of the latter district fully two-thirds of the rice lands had been already prepared for the next sowings. From Purneah it is reported that the trade in seed-grain is brisk.

The supplies of grain in the local markets are, in most districts of Behar, still sufficient to meet the demand, and have been Supply of grain. supplemented to some extent by the new rubbee grain which is already coming into the market. In the interior of Durbhunga, however, supplies are said to be scarce save in one or two large bazars. In Mudhoobunnee, where the same scarcity had shown itself, the sale of Government rice has brought into the market stocks of other grains held by petty traders. At a few places in Seetamurhee, and in one or two bazars in Sarun, and at Bukhtiarpore in Monghyr, there was some failure of supplies. But generally throughout Behar the inferior grains are still procurable, though rice is everywhere very dear, and frequently not to be got. In the Rajshahye districts rice is becoming more and more difficult to buy, though other grains are generally available in sufficient The Dinagepore district officer thinks, however, that everything now points to exhaustion in the stocks of food-grains in that district, and traces a steady falling off in supplies, while the people are said to be anxious for the opening of the Government golahs. In Rungpore also, along the south-west and south of the district, deficiency is apparent until the tract on the east is reached. which is supplied by importation from the Brahmapooter. In all other parts of the district food is procurable at high prices. This is also the case generally in the Chota Nagpore and Burdwan divisions.

7. The railway is still carrying into Behar considerable supplies of grain on account of private traders. The figures for the fortnight ending the 4th April were—

					Tons.
From	the North-West	t and Punjab		•••	 15,974
1)	Calcutta	•••			 5,874
			Total		 21,848

The figures for the preceding fortnight were 17,928 tons from the North-West, and 7,737 tons from Calcutta.

The block at Patna city station reported in last narrative has been removed through the active aid of the Magistrate, and orders have been given for constructing at once a new siding and station yard, and otherwise improving

the traffic arrangements in order to prevent a recurrence of the difficulty (see appendix E.) A fall of prices in the Patna bazar led to a slackening in the rate of private import to Behar from the Punjab. The Government has not yet received a final report on the subject, but it is believed that the falling off was only temporary. The amount of private grain sent up from Calcutta also shows a falling off, possibly in consequence of the orders that Government grain should have priority of despatch. It is to be hoped, however, that carriage will be found for all the private as well as for the Government grain; and the Railway Company have been told that it is not intended to displace private grain despatches, but only that grain should take priority over ordinary traffic.

In the Rajshahye division there is a tolerably brisk private import into Rajshahye and Maldah on the Ganges, and to the parts of Rungpore lying near the Brahmapooter.

- 8. The usual note on the movement of food-grains will be found at appendix A. The Collector of Customs has furnished a consolidated statement showing the export of food-grains from Bengal ports during the month of March. The total export beyond Pengal was 16,933 tons, making a total of 190,094 tops since the 1st October last:
- The condition of the people is very fully explained in the district narratives (enclosures Nos. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, and 9). The Condition of the people. increasing numbers flocking to our relief works indicate increasing severity in the pressure caused by high prices and a deficient market; and this fact is perhaps specially significant from its being very general, and occurring at a time when the cutting of the rubbee harvest afforded in many parts remunerative employment to large numbers of the laboring class. Every week, however, sees the relief organisation more complete and more competent to deal with distress. And on the whole, it may be said that thanks solely to the Government provision of work and food) the condition of the people in the distressed districts is not worse. The famine has been got well in hand, and will, it may be hoped, be effectually met and averted The Commissioner of Patna "Distress in the north of Chumparun and Tirhoot has continued to increase steadily, and the number of people resorting to the relief works is daily becoming larger. The organisation for dealing with these discressed masses. is, however, daily improving; and what were three weeks ago hungry mobs, clamorous for relief, are now by degrees being transformed into organised gangs of work-people, while those unable to work have been weeded out and made recipients of gratuitous relief, light-labor gangs being formed for those who are unable to join the able-bodied working portion. The relief circles have now all been provided with officers, and arrangements are being made for starting village works in each circle, so as to prevent overcrowding on the roads and the larger works; and it is to be hoped that by this means much useful work will be done, while the dangers arising from the massing of large and unmanageable bodies of people on a few great works will be avoided."

At appendix D will be found minutes by Sir Richard Temple summarising the principal statistics of distress, and the measures taken by Government to meet this emergency.

10. A very full account was given in last narrative of the measures adopted in North Tirhoot. The present state of things in those tracts may be gathered from the following extracts:—

"In Sectamurhee sub-division the condition of the people has improved generally, but isolated cases of distressed women and children are still to be found. For all such cases the sub-divisional officer is specially providing."

In Durbhunga the sub-divisional officer has observed a marked improvement among the people, especially in the direction of Bahera. He writes:—

"I had myself grouped round Bahera, where I have no doubt the distress was as pronounced as in any other village in the sub-division. These were the villages in which I, in a former report, declared that famine had commenced. As then, so now, I had all the poor assembled; and were it not that I was assured by the jevt ryot and putwaree, and group-inspector, that no famine deaths had occurred, and that in the people now before me I saw the starving creatures of a month ago. I scarcely could have credited the change. I visited the village when the putwaree was distributing the daily allowance. There were no complaints whatever, and the improved condition of the recipients proved that the village headmen had not deprived them of Government charity. Indeed, this system of village-relief everywhere I went I found working well."

Bahera was, it will be remembered, the tract where actual famine had shown itself, and anxiety regarding which was one of the chief causes of Sir George Campbell's visiting Tirhoot last month.

The Mudhoobunnee sub-divisional officer writes:-

"The time has now come when I must say that distress is general throughout the subdivision. A few favoured tracts, such as the neighbourhood of Ladma and Hurlaki thanas, are still comparatively fairly well off; but the fact that we have little less than half the population on our hands shows that distress is severe in general. But for the Government roads, we could not have hoped to cope with it"

From Mudhoobunnee several deaths are reported, five at least of which were probably due to privation or disease induced thereby. It is impossible to prevent such cases among the old and helpless, or among children, the classes which in fact furnish most of these cases. Every effort is, however, being made to discover and relieve those in want by careful village visitation and inspection, while food and work are everywhere available for all who will come for them. No famine deaths are reported from any other sub-divisions of Tirhoot. The water supply is unfortunately failing from want of rain, and should the needed showers not speedily fall a great aggravation of distress must undoubtedly be looked for.

- 11. In the Sudder, Hajipore, and Tajpore Divisions there is an increasing demand for work, but the condition of the people is, on the whole, not much changed for the worse. The accounts given a few weeks back of the state of some parts of the Sudder Sub-division have been found to be exaggerated. This tract, however, needs careful watching, and a circle organization has been formed to that end. The planters have come forward readily here, as they had already done elsewhere, to aid in looking after the village relief. The tobacco crop in Tajpore is expected to assist the ryots much, but there is some difficulty about getting the produce down to the Ganges as so many carts are taken up for carriage of grain. The Lieutenant-Governor has caused enquiry to be made as to whether return carts and Railway empties could not be made available for this purpose, and has sanctioned advances being given upon the security of the crop in case of need.
- In Sarun the ample provision of work made by Government has prevented any deterioration in the condition of the people. From Chumparun the same fact is reported. The people have been saved by the measures adopted for their relief, which are now described The rest of Behar. as being in good working order. Even in Ramnugger, where the inhabitants depend almost entirely on Government help, direct or indirect, their state is reported to be sufficiently satisfactory. In North Bhagulpore the worst cases on the works are wanderers from Tirhoot. visitation is in progress, and will, it is hoped, bring to light any lurking distress, if such exists. In Monghyr there has been no change for the worse, rather the contrary, as the spring harvest has been good, and about six lakhs of rupees on account of opium payments have been distributed among the cultivators. In Bukhtiarpore only did the Relief Superintendent find very marked distress, where in two villages grain had to be doled out to 350 persons of the lowest classes who were found quite "famine-stricken." In Purneah

no change for the worse is reported, but incendiary fires are said to be becoming frequent. In the Sonthal Pergunnahs the "people look well everywhere," though they are said to be nearly at the end of their stores in parts; but, as the Deputy Commissioner remarks, "Sonthals would be merry and eat full meals up to their last handful of maize." Fortunately the Sonthals take very readily to out-door labor, and of this enough is provided.

13. In Moorshedabad, the old, infirm, and beggars are coming more on charitable relief, and the pressure is tightening in some parts, as indicated by the increasing resort of laborers to the works. The failure of the silk crop in Rajshahye will add to the distress there, but this is not as yet at all severe. Both here and in Moorshedabad arrangements have been made for careful inspection by circle officers (without, however, a full subordinate agency as in Tirhoot) and the doubtful parts will be closely watched. In Dinagepore the sale of Government grain and the ample supply of work has checked any development of distress. From the south of Rungpore the accounts are less favorable. Near Sadullapore and Govindgunge the village inspection has disclosed "greater distress than was anticipated." The district report says:—

"In the tract lying west of the Kurotya, the state of the villages is wretched beyond description; the people have sold overything they possessed, and are now solely dependent on Government. Many have sold their plough-cattle the last thing with which a Bengalee rvot parts. I found one instance where a man had sold the roof over his head. Many rvots have deserted the place altogether and gone to Bogra and elsewhere. The relief officer reports that the people seem to be most grateful for the relief works. The villages in this quarter are now quite deserted in the day-time. Every one is to be found on the road; the women are now coming readily, bringing their children with them. All are most anxious to get Government rice. The want of water is felt nearly as keenly as the want of food. In many villages people have to go two or three miles to bring a gharah of water. I have begun to excavate three old tanks in the worst parts, and am digging wells at every mile along the roads. A few cases of cholera, with one death, have occurred among the coolies. In many tracts on the south and the south-west of the district the poorer classes of ryots have been obliged to sell or pledge the few things they have. Many complain of the difficulty of having only one full meal of rice a day, and of having to eke out the second meal with various coarse substitutes for rice. There is much widely-diffused distress which is being carefully looked after, and relief to meet the circumstances that arise in each locality is promptly organised on the spot."

In Maldah it is feared that relief operations must be extended, and village-to-village inspection made, even in those tracts which have not hitherto been considered distressed. The numbers requiring relief in the north-west of the district are increasing rapidly; but no cases of starvation have yet been reported. The accounts received of late from Pubna, and especially from the Serajgunge division of that district, have been somewhat unfavorable. The parts bordering upon the distressed tracts of Rungpore, Dinagepore, and Rajshahye, may very possibly require more active assistance before the season is over. Meantime the Lieutenant-Governor has directed the opening of relief works, and authorised the Magistrate, in case of emergent need, to indent upon the nearest golahs of the neighbouring districts.

The Burdwan division.

The Burdwan division.

The Burdwan division.

The Burdwan division.

The Collector reports that on personal inspection he finds the condition of the people in many villages wretched in the extreme. The endemic fever has already reduced the standard of health in those parts, and the number of applicants for relief has now become very considerable. The Lieutenant-Governor has himself gone to look into matters, and will give such further orders, supplementary to the measures of relief already taken, as may appear necessary. There is nothing fresh to report regarding any of the other districts of this division. The numbers on works and receiving charitable relief have increased, as was to be expected, with the advance of the season, but ample provision has been made to meet all needs. The Jungle

Mehals of Midnapore, a remote tract, regarding which some anxiety was felt at first, are now believed to be safe from anything like severe distress.

15. A full report by Colonel Dalton upon the condition of the Chota Nagpore Division.

Nagpore division to the end of March will be found at No. 8 of the enclosures. It will be seen that Palamow still continues to be the most distressed tract in this division, and that many people come to the works in an emaciated state. The relief organisation has been considerably strengthened here, and will now be able, it is hoped, to meet all demands on it. To both Manbhoom and Hazareebagh Government grain has been sent. In both districts, however, as well as in Palamow, the mohwa crop has given much relief to the poor. Work is provided for all who require it, and gratuitous relief is being given to those who cannot work. From Singbhoom the Deputy Commissioner reports:—

"The relief works that have been opened out in this district are proving of the utmost benefit, and there can be no doubt that but for them the short crops of the past season would have pressed hardly on the poorest. The assistance rendered was all required, and it is hoped and expected that through it the season will be tided over till the next crops. The mohwa and other wild fruit crops, more especially in the Kolhan, are turning out mereifully abundant, and they will supply food to the poorest for the next two mouths. The mohwa trees in the Kolhan are laden with blossoms in the most extraordinary manner, and blossoms themselves are of huge size and bursting with richness. Every tree is guarded with the most jealous care from the cattle. The Kols also prepare and eat the seed of the sâl tree; and the sâl trees this year are, beyond all experience, in most abundant bloom. It is no exaggeration to say that in the Kolhan forests 99 out of every 100 trees have blossomed, and blossomed in the most amazing way. In most cases literally not a leaf can be seen from the profusion and wealth of blossom. Other jungle fruits, the cha especially, are also in great abundance this year."

- the eastern districts of the Dacca and Chittagong divisions for rice to supply the more distressed tracts to the west should affect unfavorably the position of the exporting tracts themselves. During the last week accounts have been received from Mymensing to the effect that in a small part of the Jamalpore sub-division there is a deficiency in the local food-supply. A proposal to import some Government grain has been submitted by the Commissioner. The Lieutenant-Governor has directed eareful inquiry to be made as to the necessity of this. It seems probable that, surrounded as it is by districts which had surplus crops, this little corner may, by a little arrangement and stimulus given to local trade, be able to get supplies. Of course, if Government grain is really required, it will be given, and fortunately can be easily delivered by the Brahmapooter steamers at a ghât nearly opposite Kaligunge, where the Rungpore supplies are now being landed.
- 16. In the Presidency division the only tracts regarding which any anxiety has been felt, are the north-west corner of Nuddea near Moorshedabad, and a small part of the Satkhira sub-division of the 24-Pergunnahs. In Nuddea the system of advances for works connected with land improvements and water-supply has led to the employment of the distressed poor in considerable numbers by private persons. About 4,000 souls thus find employment, besides 1,150 who are employed on Government roads; while weaving and spinning is provided for those who cannot labor out of doors. These measures have hitherto proved sufficient. In Satkhira, similarly, work is provided by Government for all who need it. The distress here is not severe as yet, though it is feared some suffering is in store for the people. A relief committee has however been formed.
- 17. Among the papers printed as appendix C will be found a note summarising and reviewing the state and prospects of the Government transport arrangements up to the end of March. The general result is extremely satisfactory, showing that

each district will have probably received its entire allotment of grain by the end of May—several districts long before that date—and we may fairly hope that the whole will thus have been stored before the rains set in. The letter to the Government of India, No. 2257—S.R. dated 10th April, with enclosures, in the same appendix, shows that the despatches for the Rajshahye division are now fast approaching completion.

The Lieutenant-Governor is satisfied, as regards the western districts, that the local transport can easily carry away all the grain that the railway can supply. The manner in which the district officers have answered to the calls made upon them by Government for the organisation of a strong transport service has been worthy of all praise. The minutes by Sir Richard Temple, Nos. I and 58, appendix G, to the 14th narrative, show what has been done to secure reserve carriage in case of any possible break-down; and the Government can now, the Lieutenant-Governor believes, rest assured that unless some very unforeseen accidents occur, no serious failure in the scheme of relief can happen owing to any insufficiency in the transport service.

Since the last narrative was written, the Secretary of State has advised the Government that contracts have been made for the construction of the ten small steamers referred to in paragraph 23 of the 11th narrative. They are each to carry 20 tons, and tow a barge carrying 20 tons more. They will be shipped in pieces by canal steamers before the end of April, and may be expected to be ready for work here by the beginning of July. These, with the four similar steamers now making in Calcutta, will be useful for distributing grain from district depôts by the inland rivers, or for carrying up any further allotments should the necessity for this arise.

The Durbhunga Railway has been completed, the engine having entered Durbhunga on the 15th April. This will help very materially in placing the grain allotted to Durbhunga and Mudhoobunnee. This aid was much wanted, for the Alliance Company of contractors have not yet succeeded in bringing up their despatches from Chumpta Ghât to anything like the anticipated figure; and Nilcomul, the North-West contractor, is also very backward in his arrangements. With the help of the railway, however, we can feel certain that all shortcomings will be now made up.

- 18. The despatches of Government grain to the famine districts amounted (see appendix B) during the fortnight under report (ie., up to Tuesday, 11th April) to 14,19,266 maunds (52,565 tons), which is a great improvement upon the despatches of the fortnight before (38,705 tons.) The total despatches of Government grain from Calcutta to the distressed districts amount now to 65,73,569 maunds or 243,480 tons, while 150,925 tons had been finally stored to the date of the latest returns. The papers in appendix C show exactly how the case stands as regards the amount and despatch of the grain yet remaining to be sent to each district.
- The Patna dealers, whose undertaking to deliver 42,000 maunds a week of mixed grain for Tirhoot was noticed in paragraph 18 of the 13th narrative, are working out their contract very satisfactorily. There was a little shortcoming at first, caused partly by the difficulty they had in getting railway wagons, and partly by the want of bags of the size required; but all these difficulties have been overcome, and the grain they give, and the bags in which it is packed, are reported to be exceedingly good.
  - 20. The fortnightly return of persons employed on relief works under officers of the Public Works Department will be found as usual at enclosure No. 10. The following table,

however, shows more completely the number of laborers on Government and Court of Ward relief works by the latest returns:—

			Last Fortnight.	Fortnight under report.
Patna division	•••		539,353	806,878
Soane Canal works	•••		31,289	33,933*
Gunduk embankments	•••		28,834	29,299*
Bhagulpore division	•••		51,430	87,198
Rajshahye ,,			82,586	167.871
	, Chota Nagpore	and		
Cooch Behar	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		22,000	47,794
Northern Bengal Railway	•••	•••	12,000	12,475
	Total		767,492	1,185,448

From the above it would seem that the estimates of distress at the worst season formed some weeks ago by Sir Richard Temple and the local officers will be realised—perhaps more than realised in the Patna division. On the other hand, the distress in the Rajshahye division is as yet somewhat less, and in the Bhagulpore division considerably less than the estimate. Now that the spring harvest is over, the numbers may be expected to increase everywhere. work of breaking up the great gangs upon the north Tirhoot roads and diverting them to village works has been going on. The Additional Commissioner in Tirhoot has been authorised to make saltpetre manufacture a relief work, if he can do so at reasonable rates, taking the necessary precautions for the protection of the salt revenue by buying in the salt or otherwise. Mr. Metcalfe' was sanguine that he could employ great numbers in this way. In Sarun the courie system, under which each laborer is paid a certain number of cowries for each basket-full of earth carried, is reported to have answered well on the Hutwa Raj works, the outturn of work having proved on measurement to be all round not less than half the amount which able-bodied laborers at contract rates would be expected to show in ordinary seasons. At the same time care is taken that the weakest and youngest on the works can earn a livelihood. On the Sarun district works the plan has not been tried generally, from a fear lest the condition of payment-by-results should deter those really in need from seeking employment freely In Chumparun it has been introduced more extensively for able-bodied laborers, separate invalid gangs being arranged for those unfit for task-work. In most districts an attempt is being made to exact a moderate amount of real labor from those who are able to give it. In Bogra, there has been a considerable influx of laborers on the roads, and the system in force seems to have been unduly lax. The Relief Commissioner has had his attention drawn to the matter.

- 21. On the Soane Canal Works the average number of laborers was 33,933 during the fortnight, as against 31,282 in that preceding. But as the returns of three of the Dehree sub-divisions have not been received, the figures are incomplete. Laborers are said to be increasing rapidly in the Arrah division. The Gunduk embankments gave employment to 29,299 persons on the average, but the returns for the Upper Gunduk works were incomplete. The work is mostly task-work, but weakly people presenting themselves are paid by daily wages, or on a liberal cowrie-system.
- 22. The number of laborers on the Northern Bengal Railway has not as yet much increased, but it is said that more are gradually coming in. On the railway, and the feeder roads, there were 12,475 on an average last fortnight. Arrangements are being made for sending large gangs from Bogra. The earth-work done is now equal to a bank 26 miles long, and 4 feet high. 1,80,000 bricks have been burnt; 50,000 are now in kilns; and 17,24,000 have been moulded.

23. The system under which charitable relief is being distributed was fully explained at paragraph 23 of last Narrative. The number of people now in receipt of charitable relief of all kinds according to the latest returns was:—

Gva			•••		430
Shahabad		•••	•••	•••	180
Tirhoot	•••		•••	•••	65,230
Sarun	•••		•••		1,0+6
Chumparun	•••	•••	•••		17,076
Moorshedabad		•••	•••		379
Dinagepore		•••	•••		4,464
Maldah					931
Rajshahye			•••	•••	185
Bogra		•••			583
Rungpore		•••			6,827
Bhagulpore		•••			2,804
Purneah			• • •		2,178
Monghyr		•••	•••		1,367
Burdwan		•••			9.137
Hooghly		• • •			901
Bankoora		•••	• • •		1,200
Beerbhoom		• • •		•••	683
Maunbhoom		•••			600
Palamo <b>w</b>	•••		,		300
	•		Total	•••	116,471

The following extracts from the Tirhoot report will show how matters are now being managed in Durbhunga and Mudhoobunnee:—

The sub-divisional officer of Durbhunga thus reports: "I have already explained the machinery of charitable relief as it existed when first set in action. I have now to refer to an extension of the system, by which, while retaining our former organisation, we are enabled to render the administration of relief more searching and certain. It consists in having prepared through the jeyt ryot and putwaree of each village a list of all those who are in want of relief in the village, and according to this list the group store keeper dispenses weekly to each village in the group the quantity of grain required for the week's consumption. The distribution is made in the village, by the village headmen and the putwarer. Among the other duties of the inspector will be that of seeing that in this respect the village headmen are up to their work. This sub-division has been divided into 12 circles. The Banhar and Warisnugur circles being outside the area where distress was most pressing, were not taken in hand till now. Of the other circles the grouping has been completed in all except Lehera, Gungdak, and Hya ghât, where some villages still remain ungrouped. But before this week ends the work will be completed in these. In all of these villages the officers are at work, having the village list of distressed people made out; and looking to the fact that as our groups are made up, and inspectors appointed, the work can go on simultaneously in every group, it ought to be completed within a fortnight at farthest. My returns of those on charitable relief are incomplete, some circle officers having been unable to send in any returns, and others only returns for some groups. From these fragmentary returns I learn that the daily average on charitable relief is 14,563. I believe this, however, to be much under the real number.'

The Mudhoobunnee officer writes: "Charitable relief is now everywhere at work on the ticket system. The system of giving out cotton, too, is taking root, particularly under Messrs Ozanne, Williams, Nicholay, and Baboo Ishree Pershad. I am establishing through the relief superintendent at most places, quasi hospitals under the native doctors for care of those who are, either by starvation or disease, unfitted to go to their own people, or to work. I would have the distribution of cooked food, where it is given, also under the superintendence of native doctors if a European is not present, as natives are slow to enquire into cases in which care and extra attention is required."

In the other sub-divisions, also, careful arrangements are being elaborated to meet any distress that may exist.

In Sarun, the numbers on charitable relief are very small. In the whole Hutwa Raj, only 60 persons are shown as receiving charity at present, and at most 800 to 1,000 persons are expected to need aid in the Hutwa sub-division. In Chumparun, the organisation has, with the aid of planters, been made

apparently very complete. In the districts south of the Ganges, and in most of Rajshahye division, only beggars and friendless individuals, and in Monghyr some of the very lowest classes, have as yet come in for charitable aid. In Burdwan, upwards of 9,000 persons are shown as attending the food-depôts and relief-houses. The poorer classes in this district have become accustomed to take cooked food readily at the fever food-depôts, and they have no scruples in coming for this form of relief when pinched by high prices as they are at present.

24. But little information is given in the district narratives as yet with regard to the sale of Government grain. In Bukhtiarpore (North Monghyr, 2,000 maunds have been sold to the public.• From Purneah the district officer reports:—

"At Dengra and Kusba Amour there is less private trade than in other parts, but the scarcity is beginning to encourage private enterprise here as elsewhere. A cloth merchant of Kissengunge has opened a large store on the banks of the river, and keeps his supply up by small boats. In this neighbourhood I last fortnight authorised the sale of Government rice. Mr. Gouldsbury sold 10 maunds at Ratahat, and Mr. Wyer 16 maunds at Mathour, and 107 maunds 11½ seers at Ootri at 15 seers per Burmah and 12 seers Bengal. The consequence of this was, that on the next hât day, at Ratahat and Mathour, not a single private trader appeared. I consequently reduced the rates to 12 seers and forbade the sale of Government grain at the public hâts. This has restored confidence, and the beparees are now buying as fast as ever from the Purneah bazar from the merchants who import it from Caragolah I have directed the relief officers at Dengra and Kusba Amour to sell at 12 seers and 10 seers at their relief centres on fixed days; and, after inquiry, to village communities or group of villages; not more than 100 maunds to be sold at each circle until further orders."

In Dinagepore sales to the public have begun in limited tracts, and the Magistrate is ready to sell more generally as soon as the necessity arises. In Rungpore grain damaged by the accidental burning down of a Government golah was eagerly bought up by the people at fair rates.

- 25. The subscriptions to the central relief committee, including those from England, amount to Rs. 13,05,373 up to date, exclusive of the Government subsidy.
- 26. The subject of advances to ryots is one of fast-growing importance.

  The extract given above in paragraph from the Durbhunga sub-divisional report shows how the plan is being worked in Tirhoot.

In Sarun nearly 3½ lakhs of rupees have been advanced to zemindars to be expended in grain or money advances to their ryots. The following extract from Mr. Howe's report on Ramnuggur is interesting, and worthy of special notice in connection with this subject:—

"The questions of the most pressing importance are, first, to provide the 'Assamee' (or cultivating) population with sufficient food-grain; secondly, to provide them with, or to enable them to obtain seed grain. Almost the entire population of the sub-division is agricultural, and the proportion of the cultivating class that comes to our works is small, though the actual numbers are large. The remainder now depend almost entirely on the advances they have received either from their zemindars or from Government, nor have they anything except advances to look forward to until the next rice crop is reaped. The best of except advances to look forward to until the next rice crop is reaped. The best of them are poor and in debt, and it is from this fact that the question of advances becomes so difficult. On the one hand, unless advances are immediately made on a large scale, the 'Assamee' population will be reduced to starvation; while, on the other hand, there is the risk that, unless great care is taken in investigating each case, the security will be insufficient. To make advances too readily (except in the comparatively small class of cases coming under Rule F*) tends to demoralise the people, and renders them reckless in getting still further into debt. The difficulty is to combine sufficient promptness with sufficient caution, and to make a searching investigation without thereby losing the right moment Mr. Howe has submitted a scheme which has been sanctioned, and on which he has been acting. The following is an outline of this:—A register (mouzahwar) is prepared in each tuppah, in which the amount required approximately for each village is entered. register is prepared in the first instance by the inspector of the circle, assisted, where possible, by any influential member of the committee resident in the tuppah. It is then carefully tested by the officer in charge of the circle, who can alter (increase or lessen) the total amount fixed in round numbers. As soon as this has been done, a certain quantity of grain is sent

^{*} i.e., in the case of persons whose caste or family position preclude them from laboring.

to each village, where it is kept in charge of the headmen of the village, from whom due security for its safe custody is taken. The class of cases requiring most immediate relief, i.e., 'Assamees' coming under Rule F (which fortunately are comparatively few), will then be taken up and disposed of summarily. These men can be readily found, as there are but few in each village. The object of sending grain to each village, Mr. Howe explains, is, 'first' to give confidence, for experience shows that the mere presence of grain in a village (if the object of its being brought is known) has this effect; secondly to enable the advances under Rule F to be made at once. The summary inquiry preceding distribution under Rule F will be carried on simultaneously, and, having once decided to whom to give under this rule, there is nothing like immediate action, which of course can only be taken if the grain is ready; thirdly, because now is the best time for carrying grain throughout the interior, and we should therefore avail ourselves of it. Having provided every village with an amount of grain which approximately will suffice for advances, and having relieved the worst cases under Rule F, a formal register will be prepared and carefully tested by circle inspectors and officers in charge of circles:—

- 1. Name of mouzah.
- 2. Amount already distributed either by Rajah of Bettiah, or under Rajah of Ramnuggur's loan.
- 3. Number and names of Assamees requiring advances, with amount required by each.
- 4. Nature of security.
- Remarks.

When this return has been carefully tested, the zemindar will be called upon either to make the advance or to go security. Government making the tuccavee distribution. If he declines, the best security available will be taken, and the procedure laid down in circular No. 1088 of 25th February will be followed, i.e., the zemindar will be warned that Government reserves the right to recover the advance by legislation or otherwise."

In Monghyr application for advances of this kind are numerous. The system pursued in Purneah is described thus:—

"In villages, when the people are badly off, grain is advanced on credit, the village community giving a joint bond for the repayment of the advance. This system works capitally, it keeps the people in food, it allows them to spend their money on seed, which is procurable in nearly every hat and is being imported largely from the north, and it enables us to distribute our grain at no cost at a time when carriage is available. Mr. Where at the Sudder has worked this system, and found that it succeeds better than any other, the people lake it, and it is far better than making them advances in money, except in places (which are, in my opinion, very few) where there is no seed-grain to be had. In most villages the well-to-do ryots have seed-grain which they are ready to advance to their poorer neighbours if they are any prospect of being repaid. An advance of Government grain for food on joint security, or its sale in some cases, prevents the seed-grain from being caten, keeps the poorer people in their homes, and enables them to cultivate their fields. The brisk trade in seed-grain is a good sign."

In Dinagepore such advances will, it is hoped, be given largely through zemindars. In Rungpore also the applications are many, and upwards of Rs. 90,000 have been advanced for this purpose. The Lieutenaut-Governor is again about to call the attention of all officers in distressed districts to the fact that when the rains put a stop to out-door labor, the plan of advancing grain to ryots will be the best means open to us of tiding them over the months that must pass before they reap any crop from their fields. The security of the village headmen, or the collective security of a body of ryots, would generally be sufficient to warrant such advances.

- 27. The Government of India has arranged to provide a reserve of civil officers to take the place of any now employed who may break down during the course of relief operations. When the transport work is over, the Military officers now engaged in superintending that work will also be available for relief.
- 28. Forms of account for cash and stock transactions have been supplied to the districts where Government grain is stored, and on the 15th April stock was to be taken at all golahs and store-houses.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,

The 16th April 1874.

#### RESOLUTION.

#### SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 14th April 1874.

READ-

The District Narratives of the Patna Division for the fortnight ending on the 4th April 1874.

Patna.-Prices have fallen in the Patna district, and the yield of the spring crops has been much larger than was expected. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to know that the suggestions, made by a committee of which Mr Mangles was a member, for relieving the block of traffic at the Patna city station are being carried out. The Lieutenant-Governor is much concerned to hear that the course up-country grains in the Patna store-houses are being injured by weevils; he approves of their being sent across the Ganges for immediate use in North Behar. In other districts where there has been a demand for grain, the coarser grains have, under the orders of Government, been sold; and in the Bhagulpore division the grain which was getting spoilt has been sold at a reduced rate. The Lieutenant-Governor will now cause the issue of separate orders directing that the coarse grains in store in any distressed districts be examined, and sold off at once if they are getting spoiled. It will be necessary for the Tirhoot officers to watch carefully the storage and keeping of the northern grains now being delivered at Futwah Ghât.

2. Gua.—From the Gya district, also, it is reported that the yield of the spring crop is very much better than had been anticipated. The Magistrate-Collector concurs in the view, which he believes the people of the district to hold, that Gya will not be afflicted by "anything like famine" if the autumn crops are good. So long as there is no general distress, and so long as the invalid gauge suffice to provide for the weaker laborers, the Lieutenant-Governor approves of Mr. Palmer's adherence to the payment-by-results system. But the progress of the works must be closely watched, so that no weakly may be turned off, or left with insufficient for their maintenance. As yet it will not be possible to send further grain-supplies to trya, while the needs of North Tirhoot are so very urgent; 196 persons appear to be daily in receipt of charitable relief, and the arrangements for providing this relief appear to be sufficient for present needs. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to learn that the people of Gya

have contributed liberally (subscribing Rs. 18,254) towards the district relief fund.

3. Shahabad.—The account of supplies of crops and of prices is favorable. convenient that the Mugistrate-Collector of Gya and Shahabad should, as do all other Magistrates, note the daily average of work-people for the for night under Section B, instead of referring to a return which is to be sent some days after to another department of Government; the Narratives would then be complete in themselves. The Lieutenant-Governor can hardly think that a rich open district like Shahabad cannot produce enough carts to carry promptly the small quantity of grain allotted to Shahabad, as well as to lift the Sarun supply from the railway station to the river. All other districts have, by offering fairly liberal rates of hire, educed very ample means of transport, and the Lieutenant-Governor anticipates that Mr. Alexander will, if any necessity occurs, be equally successful. Charitable relief is, it seems, being given daily to 239 persons. The applicants are only professional beggars and

persons who suffer from physical infirmities.

4. Tirkcot.—Private supplies of grain are said to be insufficient in parts of the north-western sub-divisious, and prices are very high, notwithstanding that Government stores have been opened largely for sales to the public. In Mudhoobunnee the effect of opening the Government stores appears to have been satisfactory; and the Lieutenant-Governor would wish in future Narratives to have more complete information regarding the conduct and effect of sales to the public. Arrangements will be made to send up to Durbhunga and Mudhoo-bunnee the required quantity of copper coin as soon as possible. The condition of the people in Scetamurhee appears to be tolerably good; and it is very satisfactory to receive such assurances as Mr. Macdonnell gives of the improvement in the condition of the people of Bahera. With regard to Mr. Magrath's remarks (paragraph 12 of the Narrative), the Lieutenant-Governor would observe that a sub-divisional officer, if he find more assistance absolutely necessary, must at once represent such needs, and must not content himself with vague references in his fortnightly Narrative. Mr. Magrath is in frequent personal communication with the Additional Commissioner, and he must report at once if further superintendence is required.

The Lieutenant-Governor sees the difficulty which prevents the Saraisur tobaccogrowers from disposing of their produce, and he will await anxiously any practicable recommendations the commissioner may make upon the subject. He would hope that the transport department might be able to help dealers with backward empty carts or wagons on the Durbhunga railway, if only purchasers will come forward, and efficient arrangements are made to prevent delay in putting the tobacco on vehicles. At present, Sir Richard Temple would not entertain a proposal for Government to buy the tobacco, though he would quite approve of

advances being made through zemindars on its security.

6. It is satisfactory that Mr. Worsley should be able to report that the condition of people in the head-quarter sub-division is as yet good. Of the deaths reported in paragraph 16, as having occurred in the Mudhoobunnee sub-division, it would seem that perhaps five may have been really due to privation. No famine-deaths are reported from other sub-divisions.

- 7. The figures given for relief laborers would seem to be wrongly copied; and they differ, moreover, from the numbers telegraphed from the sub-division on about the same date that the Narrative was written. Mr. Mag:ath telegraphed on the 6th April 250,000 people on the Mudhoobunnee works, whereas the present Narrative gives 192,000. Possibly, the latter figures may be the daily average for the fortnight.
- 8. The amount of grain stored in Durbhunga is still very small, compared to the allotment and the requirements of this great sub-division. Next Narrative will, it is hoped, show that the Durbhunga railway has begun to pour grain into the sub-division.
- 9. The Lieutenant-Governor does not fully understand Mr. Magrath's remarks at paragraph 23, and he begs that the question of the best way of making advances to ryots may be brought up before him when he reaches Durbhuuga this week. He wishes advances to be given to substantial ryots who may be in need, but he desires that such advances may be in grain rather than in money.
- 10. On the whole, the Lieutenant-Governor is satisfied with the progress made in getting the relief organisation thoroughly to work. In regard to the plan, explained at paragraph 30, of paying salaries to the assistants of planters who may efficiently supervise extensive relief operations, separate orders have been issued on a reference made by the Commissioner. Meanwhile, the arrangement described at paragraph 30 may stand until the Commissioner reports it for sanction with his recommendation.
- 11. Sarun.—The bazars seem to be on the whole well supplied, and at only one mart out of thirty is Indian-corn quoted at a dearer rate than 14 seers per rupee. Mr. Drummond is disposed (paragraph 14) to take a less hopeful view of the spring crop yield than he did before, and it is clear that the hail-storm of the middle of March did much destruction over a considerable area. The condition of the people, however, in the parts where failure of crops was greatest has not grown worse during the fortnight, though the numbers coming upon the relief works have risen during, the fortnight from 90,000 to 135,000. The Lieutenant-Governor hopes that misunderstanding such as is alluded to at paragraph 29 of the Narrative will not recur; if the Wards' estate where relief works are required cannot afford the outlay, the works must be continued from Government funds, and people must be on no account turned away. Any question as to the source from which the outlay is to be met can be subsequently discussed and settled.
- 12. The question raised at paragraph 33 of the Narrative, as to Government taking over certain extra grain (28,000 maunds), ordered for miscellaneous Wards' estates in Sarun, can be settled when the Commissioner's recommendation shall be received. Meanwhile, the grain can be received, transported, and stored as a part of the Government allotment for the district, and the Calcutta grain officers will be directed, pending further orders, to reckon this quantity (28,000 maunds) as receipts towards the Sarun allotment.
- 13. The Lieutenant-Governor notices with satisfaction that the Magistrate-Collector of Sarun continues to give large advances to zemindars for the maintenance of their ryots. The Lieutenant-Governor would wish that these advances should for the future be made, as far as possible, in grain, at the rate of Rs. 2-8 a maund for Burmah cargo rice, and Rs. 3-4 a maund for the better kinds of clean rice.
- 14. Seeing that the system of relief works has shielded the district so far from general distress, the Lieutenant-Governor will not press the Magistrate-Collector to make more extended or elaborate arrangements for charitable relief, beyond what is described in his paragraphs 36-38.
- 15. Chumparun.—The Chumparun Narrative is, the Lieutenant-Goverfor is glad to find, very satisfactory. The people, whether on the works or in their villages, are getting into better condition; few cases of emaciation are seen, and no cases of starvation are heard of. Supplies of grain are, with help of the Government stores which have been opened in the worst tracts, sufficient, though clean rice is nowhere selling cheaper than 11 seers the rupee. The Lieutenant-Governor quite approves of the action of Mr. Oldham and some of the other relief officers, in exacting light task-work from the work-people who have not recovered their strength and condition.

The quantity of grain finally stored in the district is now 500,000 maunds, and should suffice for the work-people, and for advances to ryots. The Lieutenant-Governor is very anxious that this business of making advances to ryots should be pressed on systematically and actively; and he has been much interested in reading Mr. Howe's account of the system under which he makes his advances. Seeing how very badly off the ryots in Ramnuggur are said to be, and how very doubtful (the areas given at page 4 as the total spring and cheena breadths in a large tract are almost incredibly small) the prospect of the millet crops is, the grain advances to ryots cannot be begun too early. Those who happily have grain of their own will not take the Government grain when they know they have to repay it. If the difficulty about material security for advances be very great, the relief officer must be content with the security of the village headmen, or the collective security of a body of ryots.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

#### No. 2399-S.R.

Copy, with copy of the District Narratives, forwarded to the Commissioner of Patna, whose attention is invited to paragraphs 1, 5, and 11; to the Relief Commissioner Durbhunga, whose attention is invited to paragraphs 4 and 9; to the Commissioners of Rajshahye, Bhagulpore, and the Relief Commissioner, Rajshahye, whose attention is drawn to the remarks in the Patna Narrative, about injury done to the coarser grains in store, and who are requested to take steps for giving effect to the orders in paragraph 1 for the examination and disposal of these grains; and to the Magistrate-Collectors of Patna, Gya, Shahabad, Tirhoot, Sarun, and Chumparun.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. BERNARD,

Offy. Sery. to the Gort. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th April 1874.

No. B, dated Bankipore, the 5th April 1874.

From—A. C. Mangles, Esq., Collector of Patna, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I have the honor to submit the following narrative for the fortnight ending Saturday, the 4th instant.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. The bazaars at the head-quarters and the interior of the district are still well supplied with grain of all descriptions, and I have not heard of there being any deficiency anywhere.

3. I have during the fortnight been busily engaged in endeavouring to clear the block at the Patna city and ghât stations, and I am glad to say that I have to a certain extent succeeded in doing so, inasmuch as the company have been able to unload all their wagons, and none are now standing under load. To do this, however, I have been obliged, besides visiting the stations myself, to depute Mr. Assistant Magistrate Allen to the Patna city station, and one of my deputy magistrates to the ghât station, to look after the railway clerks, and at the same time to see that the mahajuns come to take delivery of their goods. This can hardly be said to be the legitimate work of district officers; but still as I am satisfied that unless there is proper European supervision a block would again occur, I am still rendering the assistance to the company, in the hope that it will soon take this responsibility upon itself, and appoint officers to settle all disputes arising between the clerks and the mahajuns regarding the charge of demurrage and the giving and taking delivery of goods.

4. The following were the prices of grain obtaining during the fortnight :-

Rice, best	•••				. 11
" common	•				. 13
Wheat					16
Barley mixed wi	th gram		•		. 21
Jowar "	•••				. 21
Marze					19
( <del>l</del> ram			•••		20
	•	Beha	r.		•
Rice, common			•••		121
Maize					15
Wheat	u				13
Barley		•••			17
Grani	•••	•••	• • •	•••	17 !
		Dinap	ore.		
Rice	•••				11½ to 12½
Maize		• • •		• • •	$15\frac{1}{2}$ to $17\frac{1}{2}$
Wheat .	•				13 to 15½
Khesaree					18 to 19
Mussoor			•••		18 to 19

No return has been received from Barrh as yet.

- 5. From the above it will be seen that the prices of all sorts of grain, not excepting rice, have fallen in the principal marts; and in the mofassil also, owing to the harvesting of the rubbee crops, there has been a slight tendency to cheaper rates, and this even in those parts of the district where we expected to have the greatest distress, the rice and bhadoi crops having been almost failures.
- 6. We had no rain during the fortnight, and it was not required, as what we wanted was dry weather to allow of the cold-weather crops being cut and harvested. This has now

'nearly been completed, and the outturn is better than was expected. On this subject the Deputy Collector of Behar writes: "There has been a full 16-anna crop over the land that had been sown with rubbee. Taking the average of the yield of the former years, this year's produce is by no means less than three-fourths." In the Barrh sub-division I should reckon the crop as a 14-anna one, and in the Sudder and Dinapore sub-division at not less than 12 annas. During the fortnight I deputed one of my deputy collectors, Syed Ameer Hossain, to visit the south and south-west portions of the district, they being the parts concerning which I had the greatest anxiety, and I was glad to learn from him that nowhere had there been less than an 8-anna crop, whilst in some parts there had been full 16 annas.

- 7. No case of misery or starvation was brought to light during the fortnight; and though the high prices are to a certain extent felt by the lower classes, they have, during the late harvest, been able to collect a certain amount of grain which will assist in keeping them till the next bhadoi crop comes in. There is an abundance of grain in this district, so that all we want is to provide labor, of which there is plenty on our roads for those seeking it.
- 8. No case of grain-robbery was reported during the fortnight, and the 8 cases of theft were all of a petty nature.
- 9. The statement of crimes, prescribed by the Government circular of 20th December last, not having yet been received from the District Superintendent, cannot be submitted with
- this report, but it will be forwarded as soon as possible.

  10. 124 emigrants for British Burmah were registered during the fortnight. Of these 75 have already been despatched to Calcutta, and the remaining 49 will be sent immediately. Of the 124, 56 were residents of this district, 24 of Gya, 14 of Sarun, 10 of Tirhoot, 1 of Chumparun, and 9 came from the North-Western Provinces.

#### B .- RELIEF WORKS.

11. The daily number of laborers on our relief works and local roads is fast increasing; and now that the harvesting of spring crops has been completed, I expect it will continue to do By the latest returns received from the Executive Engineer, which bring us up to the 28th of March, there were 10,015 laborers employed on the different works throughout the district, or some 1,000 in excess of the number reported in my last fortnightly.

12. In my original scheme for relief works, submitted to Government through the Commissioner in December last, I had, in addition to the works on the roads, estimated for Rs. 32,000 to be expended on the excavation of tanks where found necessary; and in my last fortnightly I informed that I had selected the sites for six such tanks. As the work in the fields is now daily becoming shorter, I have applied to the Commissioner for sanction to commence on some of these tanks, and for this purpose have asked that Rs. 10,000 out of Rs. 32,000 estimated may be placed at my disposal.

13. During the fortnight we received Government sanction to the proposed work of reclaiming a large swamp at the back of the Patna city, which work will be taken in hand at once; and as it is to cost some Rs. 50,000 should afford labor to all those seeking it in the city and its surrounding villages for some months to come, or at any rate till the rains, when they will be able to again find employment in the fields.

#### C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

14. The subjoined figures will show the quantity of grain imported into the district during the fortnight ending the 28th ultimo:—

						(	<b>L</b>
				Rice.	Wheat, oats, and bariey.	Janera.	Other grains.
نعمد ره	By rail By river			Mds. 2,28,172 550	Mds 61,357	Mds. 62,172 3,610	Mds. 1,81,016 1,540
	•	TOTAL	•••	2,29,092	64,457	65,782	1,82,556

Or a grand total of 5,41,817 maunds, exclusive of wheat, was received at the Futwah branch line for Government, but inclusive of the Government grain received at Barrh and Mokameh. The figures showing the actual quantity of such Government grain have not been obtained; but it is roughly estimated to have been about 1,50,000 maunds, leaving the balance of 3,91,817 as private importations.

15. During the week ending the 28th ultimo, the private importations at the Patna ghat station have again fallen below those at the Patna city station, as shown by the following figures :---

				Mds.
Patna ghât	•••	•••	•••	66,990
Patna city			•••	86,252

And I am satisfied that the increase of receipts at the Patna ghat, as shown in my previous narrative, was only owing to the Railway Company having compelled consignees to consign

heir goods to the ghât during the block, and to ease the city station.

16. Cur means of transport continue sufficient to meet all requirements; and now that targe batches of bullocks and carts are continually coming from the North-Western Provinces,

I hope that I shall not again be compelled to have recourse to our local means of transport in the conveyance of treasure to other districts, and shall be able to leave it entirely for the use of private traders.

17. In my last fortnightly narrative I informed that I had made arrangements for the supply of 85,000 maunds of fodder for Tirhoot, and I have now made other arrangements for another 15,000 maunds, thus completing the lakh which I was called upon to supply. Behar has already commenced sending in its share, consisting of 25,000 maunds to Chumpta, and my supplies for Bunker Ghât will begin coming in from to-morrow. I propose starting it for the purpose of weighment, &c., in the old jail buildings at Deegah, which are on the banks of the river, and from whence therefore there will be no difficulty in sending it on to its final destination.

#### D. -STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

18. No further supplies of grain have been received in this district, and no alterations have been made in the distribution of that which had been previously stored. All the golahs in the Sudder sub-division were visited during the fortnight by the Deputy Collector, Syed Ameer Hossain, who has been appointed district grain officer. He reports favorably regarding them; and states that, so far, the grain stored has not been damaged by climate or insects; but I am sorry to say we have not been so fortunate in the Barrh and the Behar sub-divisions, from whence the sub-divisional officers report that all the coarse grains have been attacked by weavils and other insects, and are fast being destroyed. I have obtained the Commissioner's sanction to sending the Barrh stores across the river to Tirhoot for immediate use, and if the same cannot be done with the grain now in Behar, I will direct the Deputy Collector to sell it for what it will fetch. The Dinapore sub-divisional officer also reports that his grain has, to some extent, been damaged; and as it is not likely that we shall ever require any of it, I intend asking the Commissioner's sanction to be allowed to dispose of all the up-country grain assigned to this district.

#### E.—Advances to Private Parties.

19. No advances for purchase of grain were made during the fortnight. I have already expended the sum allotted me for the purpose; and so long as our markets continue as well stocked as they are at present, I do not consider that any further advances are necessary, especially as those who have taken them and have purchased grain find considerable difficulty in disposing of it, as the prices in the local markets are quite as low as they could afford to sell at.

20. The sum of Rs. 9,500 was advanced during the fortnight to different zemindars in the Behar sub-division for agricultural improvements. Some other applications were received, but rejected, as from inquiry it was elicited that the money was not intended to be spent on the works entered in the petitions, but either to cover low expenses or to be used in paying debts, &c.

F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

21. Nothing was done under this head during the fortnight, there having been no necessity for it. Some of the native gentlemen, both in the city and in the interior of the district, have opened alms-houses, which at present meet all requirements.

G.—Financial	RESULT.		As.	P.	Rs.	As.	P.
As per account already rendered .					1,85,421	3	0
Paid to nazir on account of railway freight of	3 boxes				_, ,		
of medicines		3	0	0			•
Paid to nazir on account of halting charges of		237	0	0			
Paid to nazir on account of advances to cart Gya and Mozufferpore		332	0	0			
Paid to nazir on account of conveying building rials to Paberah golah	og mate-		8	6		•	e. _{\$0}
Paid to nazir on account of railway freight manuals of gunny bags	nt on 50 	77	13	0			
Paid to abkarce mohurir on account of cost of to a golah	of repairs	12	0	0			
Office contingencies	•	13	3	6			
					639	9	0
Fodde	r.		•				
Paid to Collector of Patna for conveyance of Paid to the Cantonment Magistrate for the		33	0	0			
of fodder	·	200	0	0			
Paid to the Deputy Collector of Barrh for the of fodder	• ,	10,000	0	0			
Paid to Municipal Overseer, Babu Ban Sirear, for stacking fodder and building ma			11	6	10050		
					10,256	11	6
Gran	ND TOTAL	••••			1,96,167	7	6

No. 507F, dated Gya, the 6th April 1874.

From-A. V. PALMER, Esq., Collector of Gya,

To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Relief and Scarcity Department.

I have the honor to submit my fortnightly report on relief and scarcity in Gya district for the fortnight ending Saturday, 4th April.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

- 2. The bazars continue to be sufficiently supplied with food-grains of all sorts. The annexed table will show the reported price-currents during the past fortnight. It will be observed that food-grains are generally somewhat cheaper than they were a fortnight ago. This is the result of the reaping of the spring harvest, some of which produce has already come into the market.
- 3. The rates as here detailed may be taken as being the highest rates that obtain, and there is no doubt that agriculturists and field laborers obtain their supplies very much below the rates here stated:—

·	Wit		Bar	LEY,	Rice,	BUST ST.	Rice, Common-	Mili	MAIZE, GRAM.
Bizirs	Week ending 4th April.	Work ending 21st March	Week ending 4th	Wesk ending 21st March.	Week encing 4th April,	Week ending 21.t	Week ending 4th April.  Week ending 21st March.	Week ending 4th April,	\$ ₋₁
Gya Nowacia	S. C. 11 S 13 S 13 0 12 10 13 0	8. C 10 4 11 8 13 0 12 6 12 0	8. O. 17 8 18 0 15 0 16 4 17 8	8. C. 17 4 16 0 15 0 15 0 16 0	9 12	8. C. 8 0  9 0 9 12 10 0	S. C.   8. C.   10 0   10 0   11 4   11 12   10 0   10 12   10 12   11 4   10 8	8. C. 15 4 15 0 15 8	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

- 4. There has been no rainfall within the district during the past fortnight. The weather has been everything that could be desired for gathering in the harvest. The sufficient rain in February brought new life to the rubbee crops, which resulted in the ears of corn being well filled and the crops heavy. From every part of my district I am assured that the outturn has realized the most sanguine anticipations. Since the heavy rain in February we have had occasional showers up to within the last fortnight, during which bright weather and a wholesome westerly wind have prevailed.
- 5. I dare say that a more favorable weather for the harvest could not have been. For the past month at least I have neither seen nor heard of caterpillars, blight, or such like crop-destroyers.
- 6. I am happy to be able still to pronounce the condition of the people to be generally good.
- 7. It is extraordinary, with all the preparations around and the unusual action of the Government in importing food, to notice the apathetic character of the people. They at any rate have no gloomy anticipations, nor do the higher classes of natives anticipate anything like a famine. In this view I concur. I think that after the rubbee crops are threshed and stored, we must be prepared to find labor for the laboring and other classes, as distinct from agriculturists.
- 8. That the time has not yet arrived is clear from the indifference with which laborers come to our works, and the terms they wish to enforce before working at them.
- 9. No cases of misery or starvation have happily yet been heard of. Measures are being taken by which the state of each tract is ascertained, and where any real distress is apparent immediate relief has hitherto been afforded.
- 10. Grain thefts and robberies are not materially increasing, but offences against property generally, as previously noticed, have been steadily increasing for several months past.
- 11. The annexed comparative statements will exemplify at a glance what I have just stated.

Comparative Statement of crime in which grain was stolen in the Gya District for the month of March 1874, as compared with those corresponding month of 1873 and 1872.

		T	Theft in which grain was stolen, sections 379 and 389.			Hous	House-breaking in which grain was stolen, section 457.				Total of all crimes.					
•			p to Hs. 10.		Above Rs. 10 and below Rs. 30.	Above Rs. 30.	Up to Rs. 10.			Above Rs. 10 and below Rs 30. Above Rs. 30.		Up to Rs, 10.		Above Rs 10 and below Rs, 30. Above Rs, 50		
	i	1874.	1873	1872.	1874.	1874.	1874	1873.	1872.	1874.	1474.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874.	1874.
Gya Sub-division Nowada Sub-division Aurungabad Sub-division Jebanabad Sub-division		27 16 14 11	10 5 2 4	3 1 1 4	 2 3	 1 10	5 1 2 1	3 1  2	1 	ï	i 	32 17 16 12	13 6 4 6	4 1 1 5	 2 4	 2 10
Total.		68	21	9	- 6	11	9	6	2	1	1	77	29	11	6	12

Comparative Statement showing the number of true cases of ducoity, robbery, theft and housebreaking in the Gya District for the month of March, as compared with the number of such cases in the corresponding month of 1873 and 1872.

		Dac	oity.	F	obbery	7.		Theft.			F	louse-k	reakin	g.		1		
		Heading Nos. 39	Return AI.		Heading Nes 32 and 53 of Crime Return Al.		of Crine Retun Ingratie their.		Heading Nos 35 and 42 of Crime Return Af.					me	Total of all crimes,			
										18	71.	18	73.	18	72.			
		1873.	1872.	1874.	1873.	1872.	1874. 1873		. 1873 1872.		Within it	With theft.	Wirkout first.	With theft.	Withaut tneft.	1874.	1873.	1872
Gya Sub-division		2	1	1	1	1	57	24	12	39	68	29	63	82	38	165	119	84
Nowada Sub-division	•••				1		24	9	11	13	12	8	18		11	49	36	22
Aurungabad detto				1	2		26	9	13	41	11	34	13	16	12	79	58	41
Johanabad ditto				1		1	11	12	7	18	16	15	33	27	25	49	60	59
TOTAL.		2	1	3	4	2	121	51	43	111	107	86	127	75	85	342	273	:'06

#### B.—Relief Works.

12. The statement to be submitted two days hence to the Public Works Department of the Bengal Secretariat will, at a glance, give all detailed information of numbers of work-people employed. This information I have not by me at present in a complete form.

13. The marking out of the Puraya road has not yet been reported completed. I have begged the Executive Engineer to hasten it as much as possible, as I am anxious to comflete a work there by the 10th of this month. During the fortnight the Warisligunge road has been started in the Nowada Sub-division, an invalid gang having at the outset been employed.

14. There appears to be some hesitation with laborers to do work on the payment-byresult system. This I attribute to one or two cases in which duffadars on invalid gangs have freely dealt out daily payments without in the least degree exercising themselves in seeing that a fair amount of labor was given in return.

15. I have very great difficulty in obtaining competent duffadars, and also in getting them promptly looked after. Food in some cases is obtainable at a greater distance than I should wish; but many laborers bring their food with them; and as long as the laborers themselves are content with the existing arrangements, it is impolitic to make fresh ones, which, though for their benefit, would not be so construed, and might serve as a ground for discontent. The Magistrate of Jehanabad asserts that the able-bodied persons coming for work object to the payment-by-result system, inasmuch as they distrust the duffadars and Government.

16. If the system as indicated in my last report is tollowed and the work measured up every other day, and these measurements be again tested by a superior officer every 7 or 15 days, it is simply impossible that cause for distrust should exist, and I am quite satisfied that, if the sub-divisional and other officer superintending the work will personally take a little trouble to set the work going, this form of relief is by far the best adapted for able-bodied men seeking employment. These men should not be permitted to overcrowd the invalid gangs, the cases

of the two sets of men being altogether different.

#### C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

17. The annexed table will give in a compact and condensed form an approximate account of food-supplies privately imported during the fortnight.

Private Importations.

	Ba	zars,	<del></del>		Wheat,	Barley.	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common.	Millet.	Maize.	Gram.	Total.
Gya Nowada Jehanabad Aurungabad Daoodnuggur	•••		111	::	Мdн. 476  65 154 2,300	Mds; 241  75	Mds. 193 23 15 1,700	Mds. 1,404 12 64 300 1,700	Mds. 36  	Mds. 228  52 8 100	Mds 372 36 74 145 1,200	Mds. 2,950 47 353 622 7,600
			Total		2,995	916	1,931	3,480	36	398	1,826	11,572

18. This gives a total of 11,572 maunds against 9,599 maunds imported during the previous fortnight. This increase of 1,973 maunds is satisfactory.

19. Similarly there has been an improvement in the private importations reported in the the Sudder Bazar of Gva as hereunder shewn:—

			<del></del>		. — — —		<del></del>	<del></del>
Bazars.	Wheat.	Barley.	Rice, best sort.	Rice, common,	Millet.	Maize.	Gram.	TOTAL.
	i		1				·	
	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Portnight ending 4th April	476	241	193	1,404	36	228	372	2,950
Ditto ditto 21st March	477	137	65	1,212	22	367	217	2,497
	Mds. 476 477	Mds. 241		Mds. 1,404				M ds. 2,950

20. There is at present a diminution in the supply of carts. This is attributed, and rightly so I think, to two causes.

1st.—The very high rates and quasi-impressment of carts entering Patna for service in

carriage of grain to the north of the Ganges.

2ndly.—To the large number of carts at present secured by the Opium Department for conveying opium jars to the Patna godown. The opium season in this district has been a bumper one. I trust that the latter cause will cease to exist before I am required to transport from Patna my newly allotted supply of grain.

#### D.-STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

21. The following is a summary of grain already stored in the district:—

			Total	•••	1,45,256
In Aurungabad	•••	•••	•••	•••	28,500
In Nowada	• • •	•••	•••		35,116
In Jehanabad		•••	•••		34,850
In Sudder Sub-division		• • •	•••	•••	46,490
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					$\mathbf{M} \mathrm{d} \mathbf{s}_{ullet}$

22. I have about 5,000 maunds still to receive of my former allotments (1,50,000 maunds), which I have requested Mr. Toynbee to send to Bankipore. Under Sir Richard Temple's instructions a further allotment of 70,000 maunds has been advised, and which I have distributed thus:—

		Sub-divisions.			Grain.	Rice.	Total.
			•		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Sudder Sub-	division	ı	•••		10,000	25,000	35,000
Jehanabad	"				5,000	5,000	10,000
Nowada	"		• • •		5,000	10,000	,000
Aurungabad	13		•••		5,000	5,000	10,000

23. And I have reqested the Commissioner and Mr. Toynbee to send these quantities to the railway stations, Bihta, Bankipore, and Buktearpore, respectively.

24. I do not apprehend that it will be necessary to incur further expense for housing this grain. Of the 70,000 maunds 50,000 will go to Gya and Nowada, at both of which places I have arranged with the Sub-Deputy Opium Agent for accommodation.

#### E .- Advances to Private Parties.

25. These advances are-

1st.—For purchase of grain.

2nd.—For land improvement.

1st.—For purchase of grain.—During the fortnight there have been three applications; of these one has been granted and two are under inquiry.

2nd.—For Land Improvement.—The first of the annexed statements will show the transactions during the past fortnight, and the second what the total number of applications have been and how disposed of

Advances	taken	for	Land	Improvement.
----------	-------	-----	------	--------------

· Name of applicant.	Nature and locality of work for which advance has been applied for.	Amount of advance applied for.	Period within which the Work is to be completed.
		Rs.	A - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series - Series -
Mungar Mahto ryot Juglall Singh ryot	1 pucca well in Dhanonto Repairs to a pucca well embankment in Saidpore ( huk Zubra, Pergunnah	125	4 months.
	Okree	50	3 ditto.
Fakeera Khan, Soochit Singh, and Lukhee Koeri ryots	1 pucca well in Dhungawan	200	4 ditto.
Chitoo Mahto ryot	1 pucca well in Kooraree	96	5 ditto.
Gunga Mahto and Ukul Mahto ryots		175	4 ditto.
Beharee Mahto ryot	1 pucca well in Futtehpore Nogawan	125	3 ditto.
	Total	771	

Statement of applications under Land Improvement Act for fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

	lur-	lica pre-	ap-	RD OF.					
Sub-divisions.	Number of applications received during the fortnight	Number of applica tions received pre- viously.	Total number of applications received	Applications granted,	Applications rejected or with drawn.	Applications reported to Commissioner.	Returned.	Total disposed of.	Pending.
Gya Aurungabad Jehanabad Nowada	3  9 2	22 78 48 5	25 78 57 7	3 27 18 2	12 35 15	2  1	 2 1	15 64 35 4	10 14 22 3
TOTAL	14	153	167	50	62	3	3	118	49

#### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

26. Relief by distribution of cooked food has been afforded in the Sudder, Aurungabad and Nowada, sub-divisions.

27. The persons thus relieved are lepers and persons incapable of carning a livelihood for themselves, and who, as far as can be ascertained by summary inquiry, have no relatives capable of supporting them. In the Sudder a daily average of 147 persons have thus been fed. The daily average in Aurungabad is 35 persons, and in Nowada 14 persons.

28. The giving of raw cotton to be converted into thread has also been had recourse to as a method of relief in Aurungabad and Sudder station. In the former locality seven females

are thus assisted and in the latter 227.

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief during the fortnight ending 4th April 1874, called for in Bengal Government No. 1251, dated 5th March 1874.

		i as yet	appointed.	_	Number of work-house or centres for the distribution of food gratuitous relief.	Number of men, women, and children with total in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape, &c.
Sudder Sub-division Nowada Jehanabad Aurungabad	•			1 1 2 4	1 3 	2,066 194  248

N. B.—It has been settled by Sir Richard Temple that no special relief circles are required in this district. That eight special officers will be appointed to thoroughly examine any tracts likely to be distressed, and to visit generally the villages in the mofussil with a view to employment being found or relief administered.

^{29.} It may not be out of place here to mention that for famine relief purposes a sum of Rs. 18,254-13 have already been collected within the district, and that this amount will still further be supplemented. The contributions are very creditable to the contributors.

#### G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

The total expenditure shown in the last narrative was Rs. 77,920-12-8. During the fortnight under review the following is the expenditure :-

		On ac	count of	f Grain.						_
A	dvanced to Khe	edoo Saho, trade	r. for de	ealing in g	rain			Rs. 1,000	A. 0	P. 0
	avanoca to gene	-		-			•••	1,000	•	•
				stablishmen		_	_			
Remitt	ed to Deputy C	Collector of Aur	ungaba	d on accou	nt of	sa)	lary	, for Fe	ebru	ary, of
					Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	Р.
l	Mohurir	• • •			25	0	0			
1	Peon			•••	5	0	U			
8	Chowkeedars		•••		27	6	0			
			_	-				57	6	0
		d on account of	salary,	for Febru	ary,	of-				
	Mohurir for eig	ght days	• • •	•••		11	5			
2	Chowkeedars	•••	•••		7	0	0			
4	Ditto				4	12	0		_	
<b>3</b> 0								13	7	5
		on account of sa	ilary, fo	or February						
	Chowkeedars	•••		•••	35	0	0			
2	Ditto		•••	•••	2	2	0			
4	Ditto		•••		7	4	()			
2	Ditto	•••		• • •	7	0	0			
2	Extra peons fo	r escorting grain	n		4	8	()			
	m : 1 1	an : 0) )	. 34	1 1054					14	0
	Paid salary o	f Famine Clerk	for Ma	rch 1874			• • •	60	0	0
				TOTAL				186	0	0
	On account of	land improveme	ent, as	per statem	ent :	abov	/e	771	0	0
			Abstra	ct.						
								Rs.	A.	Р.
0	n account of gr	rain .		•••				1,000	0	0
,	,, ,, È	stablishment .	•••					186	11	5
		and Improvemen	nt					771	0	0
	mount shown i							77,920	12	8
		-								

#### No. 28 F., dated Arrah, the 7th April 1874.

From-H. W. ALEXANDER, Esq., Collector of Shahabad, To-The Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal Statistical Department.

GRAND TOTAL

I have the honor to submit my 9th narrative for the fortnight ending the 4th April.

#### Λ —STATE OF THE COUNTRY. .

The supplies in the local markets in the Arrah, Sasseram, and Buxar sub-divisions have not in the aggregate fallen off in quantity. Abundance or scarcity of supplies in

the bazars.

In Bhubhooa matters in this respect are reported to be normal.

79,878 8 1

Large quantities of grain are still being imported into the district by rail, and the new rubbee is coming into the market.

2. In appendix A is given the kind and prices of grain selling at the chief marts in Kinds and prices of grain selling at the district. It will be noticed that, on the whole, the prices are slightly more favorable than they were last fortnight. one or more specified principal marts.

Rainfall if any, state of corps, condition of the people, actual facts as to any known cases of misery and star-vation, grain-thefts and robberies, con-dition of any particular tracts.

3. No rain has fallen. The rubbee has been generally harvested, and I think may be regarded as a much better crop than was at first anticipated. In the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions, excluding the Decarah lands, the crop may, I think, be estimated as a fair average one; similarly so in the Sasseram sub-division.

In Bhubhooa sub-division Mr. Eyre estimates it as a 12-anna or 3 crop, while the Deputy Collector estimates it as less. I am inclined to accept the former's as the more accurate calculation.

In regard to the condition of the people I have nothing new to add to my last report. In large towns, such as Arrah, Buxar, Chousa, Sasseram, Nasrigunge, Akherpore, Bhubhooa, Chynepore, where professional beggars congregate, and where many helpless indigent people belonging to the lower class are living, gratuitous relief and in-door subsidised relief has become now necessary, and in part has been commenced in one or two of the above-named.

places. In rural tracts no such necessity has at present arisen.

No cases of actual misery and starvation have as yet been brought to light. There has been no remarkable increase in the number of grain-thefts and robberies. Most of the cases reported have been petty thefts of crops, which are of yearly occurrence.

In the Sasseram sub-division, one theft occurred in a building, in which case 6 maunds

20 seers of wheat were stolen, and in another case 4 maunds 9 seers of rice were taken.

The comparative statement of crimes (Appendix B) shows an increase by 88 over the cases in 1873, and by 121 over the cases in 1872.

I have nothing more to add in regard to the condition of any particular tracts; if any material change does take place, it will, I think, show itself in June.

#### B.—RELIEF WORKS.

Full details in regard to all such works will be furnished in the statement called for in circular No. 5718, dated the 3rd December last, which is due on the 8th instant.

In the Arrah sub-division, work will be started immediately on the road from Gurahnee

to Bihta viá Sikrita.

In the Buxar sub-division, the village road from Chousa to Jumooaon has been completed, and the continuation of it from Jumooaon to Dhunsahi has been commenced.

In the Sasseram sub-division, work is being carried on upon the roads from Chenari to Mullipore, and from Akherpore to Juddoonathpore. There was a considerable falling-off in the number of laborers at the relief works during the cutting of the rubbee crops. Now that the harvest has been gathered, the numbers resorting to the works are daily increasing, and will continue to do so, I am inclined to think, up to the end of this month.

#### C.—Transport of Food.

There has been no falling-off in the importation by rail of grain by private traders in the Arrah and Buxar sub-divisions. The quantity so imported will be submitted in a separate return (which will follow), directly I receive detailed figures from the Traffic Department, East Indian Railway.

By river no importations are reported.

The pr	ivate importatio	n in the	Sasseram	sub-division	during the	Maunds.
	ortnight have b	een—By	rail			3,865
From	other districts					3,373
In Bhubho	oa		•			
By ra	il		• •			210
From	other districts		• •			222

The means of transport are at present sufficient for all requirements. The Collector of Sarun is anxious now to employ only carts of this district for conveying his grain from the Arrah railway station to the river ghât; in other words, something more than 600 carts.

I now expect that further consignments of grain will be sent to me very shortly for this district, and I shall certainly not be able to convey it away if the Sarun grain is to absorb so much of the means of transport belonging to this district. One result has already shown itself, and that is, that I cannot convey grain at the same rate as I did when storing grain in January and February owing to the demand for carts which has thus arisen.

#### -STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

In the Arrah sub-division, 117 maunds 7 seers of rice was received during the fortnight and despatched and stored at once.

In the Buxar, Sasseram, and Bhubhooa sub-divisions, no grain has been received or stored during the period under report.

#### E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

In the Arrah sub-division, an advance of Rs. 2,000 has been made to Nowrun Singh of Chandi for land improvements, and Rs. 300 to Jugdeo Singh of Ager for the purchase of grain. No other advances of any kind have been made.

#### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

I have nothing further to add to my last report in regard to headings Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 of circular No. 1251 S.-R., dated 5th March.

For the Arrah sub-division, three supervising relief officers have been appointed on Rs. 40 a month, whose chief work at present will be to make a village-to-village enquiry in order to ascertain what persons are fit subjects for gratuitous relief, or subsidised in-door relief, or who can be employed on light out-door labor, such as rope-making and cotton-spinning. Poorhouses will be at once opened at Gurhance and Arrah, at which it is supposed that the chief recipients of charity will be professional beggars, who, from physical infirmities, are incapable of performing any work.

Rope-making and cotton-spinning will be provided also for those who are able to do such light work; 36 persons are now receiving subsidised in-door relief, and 44 persons gratuitous

relief daily at Arrah.

In the Buxar sub-division, 119 persons in all, including men, women, and children, have received gratuitous relief daily at the following places:-Buxar, Doomraon, Nawanuggur, Choura Khyree. Two supervising relief officers on Rs. 40 a month have been entertained for this sub-division.

In regard to the Sasseram and Bhubhooa sub-divisions, Mr. Eyre reports—" no charitable relief has yet been commenceed in Sasseram beyond the subsidised in-door relief of rope-making specified in my last narrative. The weekly returns of this relief are not to hand, and I cannot therefore supply them. Gratuitous relief has been commenced in Bhubhooa. I visited that place on the 31st ultimo, and personally supervised the relief. I could only find 41 persons fit recipients of relief, and some of these were fitted for light work. I left full instructions, and have since sent registers-tickets, and iterated the instructions already given. I am afraid this relief is being misapplied. The day after I left, the number of recipients is entered as 81, 40 was the number of the previous day. I will be at Bhubbooa on the 8th, and will specially report on this matter. Details regarding sex have been called for, and will be submitted in the report.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT OF THE FORTNIGHT.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-treasuries as shown in last narrative, full details of which were therein given, Rs. 24,963.

Expenditure during fortuight under report.

Part		Amor							
In Amah anh dinision				Rs	5. A.	. P.	Rs	. A.	Ρ.
In Arrah sub-division—				Λ	7	Λ			
For weighing 85 bags of rice	• •	•••	• • •	0	7	9			
,, loading 10 carts	ntmal Jana	 4 of Mollons		0	4	8			
Cartage of 179 maunds to ce	-	t at Munore		51		Λ			
	•••	• • •	•••	21		0			
Constructing golah at Bihta	• •	• • •	•••		15 14	9			
Repairing golah at Sundais	•	• • •	•••	7	14	6			
Supplying mats at Sahar golah	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •	•••		8	0			
Constructing golah at Sekrita		•••	• • •	17	14	9			
Constructing golan at bekind	•••	•••	•••	1 (	1.4	υ	74	0	• _
In Buxar sub-division—							74	9	5
	and Itax	i molah outah	liek						
Paid salary of Saraja, Sarenja, ment for January and Febr		• •	11811-	40	c	0			
Advance to Rugoonath Persha		aanay of Itari	£	43	6	3			
current expenses	u, gomin-k	eeper or Tuari	, lor	10	Λ	Λ			
Advance to Ilahi Bux, Saraja	a molah I-			10	0	0			
	a goran-k	eeper, for cui		10	Λ	٥			
expenses Advance to Gopi Rai for current	t ornangas	•••	• • •	10	0	0			
			•••	322	3	0			
,, to Sub-Deputy Collecto				15	0	0			
,, to Ramruttun Lal, Sara	aja golan-i	teeper, for cur	rent	ar	^	^			
expenses		• • •	•••	25	0	0			
In Samuel only division							425	9	3
In Sasseram sub-division—	0 C_	•							
Paid to Ram Nath and Zaleim		carriage of g	rain	_	- ^				
from Sasseram to Kurgahur		6 14	,	8	10	0			
Paid to head constable Kochus,	for constr	uction of gola	th at	7.0	_	_			
Kurgahur	· · ·	0	•••	19	8	0			
Paid to Ram Jad Singh and Rar						<b>L</b>			
port of grain from Zum;	ania to 1	Bhubhooa and	i to						
Chynepore	• • •	•••	•••	229	5	0			
Service stamps	•••	• • •		20	0	0			
Paid to Meer Bundeb Ali, Akber	rpore	•••		24	6	0			
Paid to Torbaz Khan Bukshi 1	balance di	ne to him of	his						
previous account for carriag	e of grain			263	2	0			
Paid to Torbaz Khan Bukshi	balance di	ie to him of	his						
previous account for carriag	ge of grain	• • • •	• • •	75	11	3			
Paid to Bissesur Chowdri for tra	nsport of	grain		971	7	6			
Service stamps		•••		15	0	0			
Paid to Bissoonath Sahae Buks	shi, Sassei	am, for carr	riage						
of grain from Sesseram to I	Nokha		•••	12		0			
Paid to Bissoonath Sahae for we	ighment o	f the above g	rain	0	8	0			
Paid to Beni Pershad mohurri	ır, Tılatho	o, his salary	for						
January 1874, Rs. 3-13, fo	or Februar	y 1874, Rs. 7		10	13	0			
Paid to Kewal Pershad, golal	h mohurri	r, Sasseram,	his						
salary for 19 days of Februs	ary 1874	•••		4	12	0			
· 61 1 4 61 1 4				-			1,655	10	9
To Nowrung Singh of Chandi for	or land im	provements					0.000	0	Ŏ
To Jugdis Singh of Aer for pure	chase of g	rain	• • •				300	Ŏ	ŏ
pps . %	••.	•							
Total ex	xpenditure	during fortni	ight			• • •	4,464	13	5
**	1 (0 4 1	3							
Gran	na Total to	end of fortni	ight				29,427	1-3	5
							•		

	· Appendix A.	
Prices-Current at the	principal marts up to the fortnight cuding the 4th April 187	4.

No.	Name of places.				Wheat.	Rice.	Gram.	Peas.	Maize.	Barley.	Bajra
	•			•	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs.	Srs
1	1 Arrah		•••	•••	141	12	19	•••	18	! ! 19	•••
ł	2 Bendawalia	•••	•••		$13\frac{7}{3}$	11	167		171	161	
1	3 Sahar	•••	•••	•••	14	12	17		16		
- 1	4 Jugdispore	•••	•••		15	12	18	•••	17 1	$19\frac{1}{2}$	
2	1 Buxar	•••	***	•••		13	19	•••	18	20	13
j	2 Doomroon	•••	•••	•••	$15\frac{1}{2}$	131	19	191	16.	191	18
	3 Raghoonathp	ore	• • •	•••	151	13	195	20	164	195	11
	4 Chousa	•••	•••		15	12	19	19	195	20	10
3	1 Sasseram	•••	•••	•••	11!	10)	18	18		18	1
	2 Dehri	•••	**	€	13	101	171	16!	16	14	
	3 Chenary	•••	•••	•••	$13\frac{1}{2}$	10]	18	17 4	•••	181	
	4 Akbarpore	•••	***	•••	1.1 1 1	11 10	16	16	•••	20	• • •
4	1 Bhabooa 2 Jehanabad	•••	•••	•••	13	12	18	18 19	•••	19 16	••
- 1	-	•••	•••	•••	7.	11;	15	18	•••	16.	• • •
-	3 Durgowatee	•••	•••	***	1.01	11	1	18	1 ••• 1		
	4 Chynpore 5 Hata	•••	•••	•••	1.7,	13	18	18	· · · ·	16	••

H. W. ALEXANDER, Collector.

4

Collector.

ARRAH, , The 7th April 1874.

#### Appendix B.

Comparative Statement of Crime, as per Government Circular No. 4081, dated 20th December 1873. Dacoity (headings Nos. 30 and 31 \{\begin{array}{l} Month of March 1872 \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \choose \\ \c O 1 "

Robbery (headings Nos. 32 and 33 \ \ \frac{\text{Month of March 1872}}{\text{Corresponding month of March 1873}} \ \ \text{...} of Crime Return A, Part I)

view to commit theft A, Part 1, excluding cattle-theft

Total

Arrah, The 7th April 1874.

1 1874 ... 0 Theft (heading No. 35 of Crime Return A, Part I, lurking house-trespass, or house-breaking with Corresponding month of March 1873... 4.1 1874...79 intent to commit theft) ... " " " 1874 ... Heading No. 36 of Crine Return Month of March 1872 ... A, Part I, house trespass with a Corresponding month of March 1873 ... 0 0 1874....2 ,, Heading No. 43 of Crime Return \( \begin{align*} \text{Month of March 1872} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1872}} \\ \text{\text{Month of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{\text{North of March 1873}} \\ \text{ 49 68 1874 ... 136Month of March 1872 " 97

Corresponding month of March 1873. 130 1871 218 K C. Mitter, H. W. ALEXANDER,

No. 891 F., dated Mozufferpore, the 8th April 1874.

Court-Inspector.

From-C. F. Worsley, Esq., Officiating Collector of Tirhoot, To—The Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Dept.

I have the honor to submit my narrative of scarcity and relief in the Tirhoot district for the fortnight ending Saturday, 4th April 1874.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. In Sectamurhee sub-division the supply of grain is sufficient, except in Cherout and Jalley, where the people are dependent on Government supplies.

3. In Durbhunga sub-division, the supply in the Durbhunga and Rowserah bazars "still continues ample," but in the interior all articles of food are dear and scarce. In Hattee subdivision, it has been found necessary to supplement private trade by Government sales.

4. In Mudhoobunnee sub-division the sale of Government grain at Mudhoobunnee has caused much grain of all kinds to be brought to market, and has also had the effect of lowering prices generally. The bunyas, however, are stated to have recouped themselves to a certain extent by diminishing the number of local pice given in exchange for rupee coins, and the sub-divisional officer considers that it would be a good opportunity to introduce the standard pice coins. I would recommend that two lakks of pice be forwarded if possible vid Barrh and Chumpta Ghât for circulation in Durbhunga and Moodhubunnee sub-division.

5. In Hajeepore, Tajpore, and Sudder sub-divisions the bazars have been sufficiently

supplied.

6. The subjoined statement shows the kinds and prices of grain selling at some of the principal marts:—

Name	я ов	Mar	Т9.		Wheat.	Barley.	Common rice.	Lesser millet.	Maize or Indian-corn.	Gram.
Soctamurheo			•••		10}	11	10	. 11 .	14	14
Jalley						• • • • • •	10			
Mudhochumee	;				10	15	10	12	12	12
Khajowlee				}	11	16	11	12	12	139
Durbhunga					12	••••	10	13	124	
Bahera					111		63	13	141	
Singhya		•••			શકે	••••	9	12}	111	
Hajeepore					13	19	11 .		163	16}
Mohoowa				. i	18}	18	11	·······	15	17;
Dulsingserai	•				12}	17	11		15	161
Sarmastipore			••		13	16	9		14	15
Mozufferpore			٠.		10		9		12}	1 1
	·		<b></b> .	_			1		1	

7. In some of the western parts of Scetamurhee sub-division the majority of the ryots are reported to have sufficient grain for their own wants. Elsewhere no additional information has been obtained regarding stocks, though the hoards of grain invariably disclosed by outbreaks of fires indicate the existence of hidden stores. I have directed the district superintendent to depute elever officers to specially investigate these cases, which have of late been very frequent.

8. There has been no fall of rain in any part of the district.

9. In Sectamurhee sub-division the cheena and moong crops are suffering from the drought, and the same may be said of these crops in all parts of the district. In the western part of the Sudder sub-division, where sowings were probably made under as favorable circumstances as in any portion of the district, these crops are being fast dried up by the scorching west winds that have premited during the last fortnight, and when I was in that direction a week ago, the cultivators thought that they could not hold out for more than 10 or 12 days without rain.

10. In Sectamurhee sub-division the condition of the people has improved generally, but isolated cases of distressed women and children are still to be found. For all such cases the sub-divisional officer is specially providing. The condition of the people (song 50,000) who attended the recent large Sectamurhee fair was very fairly good; and as all came provided with grain for their own consumption and fodder for their cattle, no difficulty was experienced

in supplying them with food.

11. In Durbhunga the sub-divisional officer has observed a marked improvement among the people, especially in the direction of Bahera. He writes: "I had myself grouped round Bahera, where I have no doubt the distress was as pronounced as in any other village in the sub-division. These were the villages in which I, in a former report, declared that famine had commenced; as then, so now. I had all the poor assembled, and were it not that I was assured by the jeyt ryot putwaree and group inspector that no famine-deaths had occurred, and that in the people now before me I saw the starving creatures of a month ago, I scarcely could have credited the change. I visited the village when the putwaree was distributing the daily allowance. There were no complaints whatever, and the improved condition of the recipients proved that the village fleadmen had not deprived them of the Government charity. Indeed, this system of village relief everywhere I went I found working well. Mr. MacDonnell and the sub-divisional officer of Hattee are now directing their attention to the relief of cultivators and small farmers whom it is difficult to bring to our relief works. To these they are making advances in money for seed-grain and in grain for their own support. The principle they have adopted is that of making advances to the applicants by whole villages, the applicants entering into an association or system of frank pledge for repayment, their estimate being based on returns submitted by putwaree showing the quantity of land cultivated by each applicant, and the quantity of seed-grain required being calculated at the rate of 20 seers per beegha. In some instances they have persuaded zemindars to take the seed

advances into their own hands, and one zemindar, Babu Bunsee Dareer, of Ragopore, proprietor of nearly half the Lehra circle, is specially mentioned for the public spirit and humanity which he has displayed in this respect, and in the administration of relief operations on his estates under their directions."

- 12. The Mudhoobunnee sub-divisional officer writes: "The time has now come when I must say that distress is general throughout the sub-division. A few favoured tracts, such as the neighbourhood of Ladma and Hurlaki thannahs, are still comparatively fairly well off, but the fact that we have little less than half the population on our hands shows that distress is severe in general. But for the Government roads we could not have hoped to cope with it; and though, as our organisation becomes more complete, we may hope that village works will relieve us of the feeble part of the population, it is idle to suppose that anything but a vastly increased superintendence, much more largely supplemented than it is at present by European energy, will enable us to bring food to the mouths of four-fifths of the population (whom I expect to have to feed), if we have them scattered throughout the country in their own villages."
- 13. In Hojeepore sub-division, excepting perhaps the extreme northern tract, the condition of the people has not changed for the worse. There is still little demand for employment, owing, as the sub-divisional officer considers, to the high rates of wages paid on the Gunduck embankment by the Public Works Department. Local agency at present is quite sufficient to deal with all cases of distress.
- 14. The sub-divisional officer of Tajpore reports that "the people seem to keep up fairly," but that in the direction of the Tal Bareyla they are becoming pinched, and he looks for a marked deterioration in their condition in the next month or six weeks. The south-east portion of the sub-division also causes him some anxiety. The difficulty of disposing of tobacco produce, on which this sub-division greatly relies for its means of support, is thus noticed by Mr. Wace: "I should not be far out in saying that anxiety in the sub-division centres chiefly now in the question what is to be done with tobacco. There are a few buyers going about, but there is a considerable balance over from last season and a very fair crop of this year to be disposed of. The North-West merchants have, I suppose, taken alarm at the famine, and if they were here I do not know how they would transport their purchases. The earts now carrying rice to the north-east would in ordinary years be carrying tobacco up to barter for rice to bring down, or carrying tobacco down to the river. The matter deserves our earliest attention, for we have reckoned much on the wealth of Saraisa to tide it over the coming trial, and its chief source of wealth is tobacco."

Mr. Wace suggests that the tobacco might be conveyed down to the Ganges foom Nagarbasti by rail, or that advances should be given by Government on security of the tobacco. Both suggestions are good under certain provisoes. If purchasers can be found in the Patna district, the conveyance of the tobacco to the bank of the Ganges will be a great boon to the cultivators; and I would be glad if the Commissioner would kindly authorise the Collector of Patna to ascertain whether purchasers are likely to be found in his district. With regard to advances, they might certainly be made; but if the tobacco is to be treated as actual security, it must either be delivered and stored at Poosah, in which case a temporary special establishment must be entertained, or loans might be attempted through zemindars, who could be left to arrange the question of security between themselves and the cultivators. The only other course that occurs to me is for Government to buy up all the tobacco at the ordinary current rates, and to despatch and consign it to agents in the North-West Provinces for sale.

15. In the Sudder-division the condition of the people is good, so far as their outward appearance is concerned, but the demand for employment is increasing daily. I have lately made a tour through the whole of the western portion of the sub-division comprised within the jurisdiction of thannah Paro, and have met with no cases of distress except such as are being relieved gratuitously through the managers of factories. Having previously seen bad accounts of the extreme western tracts, I sent notice of my visit to the inspector of the thannah, and desired him to produce before me some of the worst cases which he had reported. On my arrival however I was told that no "real distress" existed, but that professional beggars required relief and work was wanted. On a tank-work adjoining the thannah, which had been opened two days previously, I found about 200 laborers, all of whom were in very fair condition. Similarly on all the works which I visited (some 10 or 12) I found the people healthy and strong, and I was particularly struck with the good appearance of the children. very few of the laborers had become so destitute as to be wholly dependent on relief works for their support, but that they were certainly glad to avail themselves of employment offered to them near their houses. A large proportion of the population in this part consists of gowalas and other agricultural castes, and I have no doubt that the numbers on our relief works will increase very largely during this month, as there will be no work in the fields to employ the people, and they have not sufficient food or means to maintain themselves in idleness for the next few months. Distress (which term I understand to mean actual bodily suffering and enforced privation of food) did not appear to me to have yet arisen to any extent. The state of things however will require constant watching, and the arrangements now made with the Commissioner's sanction, and which will be detailed further en, will be quite sufficient for all purposes of relief.

In the north and north-east of the sub-division the condition of the people, as reported by the police, gives cause for more anxiety. I intend to take an early opportunity of visiting those parts. In the meantime Mr. Deputy Collector Warde-Jones has been deputed to make inquiries, and the relief superintendents are engaged in organising their circles and opening works.

16. Some cases of death from starvation are reported from the Mudhoobunnee subdivision, but from the accounts given of them it is impossible to say how far they were owing to want of food. The following is Mr. Magrath's description of the cases:—

"Of known cases of starvation I have few to report; notably two people have died at Mirzapore; one man was found by Mr. Metcalfe and myself, the other, an old woman, by myself some days after. The man was not so attenuated but that other causes than starvation may have led to his death, and had come along with all his people who however decamped when they heard that I was inquiring for them. The old woman was very old, and died within 20 yards of where grain was being distributed. The report of the circumstances of death has not reached me, and as the police do not make any inquiry but merely state that so many persons died of starvation in their reports, I do not hope for any additional evidence in the matter."

From Kutchra circle four cases of death were reported in mouzah Dhangah, pergunnah Jorail, the property of the Maharajah of Durbhungah. I at once sent notice to Mr. Nicholay, sent off an officer to the village, and late in the day visited it myself. After a careful inquiry it appeared that not one of the cases reported had occurred within the month, and that the friends of the people who died were not in a starving condition, and that there was reason to suppose the whole story untrue, more specially as the Beneputtee head constable, who reported the matter, had not been in the village for two months, and had made no inquiry whatever, taking the statement of the chowkeedar for gospel.

As however there were a certain number of helpless people in the village, Mr. Nicholay made arrangements for their receiving a sufficient supply of rice on the ticket system. I have had only one other report of the sort from that circle, viz., of an old man in ill health at Damodarpore, and as Mr. Nicholay has 26 tanks, and the ticket system is at work in all but one of his eight circles, I have little doubt that the distress there will be efficiently met.

Mr. Williams reports that soon after his arrival in Motipore, seven deaths from starvation were reported in that circle, two of very old women, one at Bijai and another at-Thowa (these persons were in receipt of Government relief); the third death was that of a mushar, who came to work on the Motipore road from the village of Chapahi. As the Chapahi zemindar (a woman) has been giving relief largely to her people, the reason of his leaving his village is not apparent. A fourth came from a great distance, no one knew whence, for relief. He must have passed by places of relief whatever way he came. The other three died in the villages of Gandanti and Sima, to which Mr. Williams called attention on his first arrival at Motipore, and where relief has been extensively given, though unfortunately too late to save the lives of these people. Had my circle officers been sent to me at the time I joined, as I was promised they should be, I have no hesitation in saying that most of these deaths would have been avoided. In his latter letter Mr. Williams, who has now visited his whole circle, takes a more hopeful view of the general state of things and concludes: "As long as the Mirzapore and Motipore road is in construction, I have no reason to apprehend any heavy distress in the villages in the west and north of my circle."

From the Mudhoobunnee circle Baboo Ishree Pershad reports that of the four cases of starvation reported to him, one was of a man found in good health working on the roads, a second that of a person who on inquiry proved never to have existed, the third case was not traced, and the fourth proved to be that of a man who, after working for one month on the Government road, died of dysentery from which he had long been suffering. He observes that the villages near and about Pandaul are those in the greatest distress, and attributes the poor condition of the Dosadhs to the difficulty they have now in finding anything to steal. Mr. Kisch from Bhakwa, which he has only recently joined, reports that of two cases of starvation reported to him one man died of a disease from which he had been suffering for two years, and the other of old age. He however found severe distress in Barawn, but relieved it at once. Whilst I was with him distress in Dhatwar was brought to his notice, but he took prompt measures for its relief."

"Mr. Azanne from Jhanjarpore reports one death at Meljhain from starvation. This village, although very close to Jhanjarpore, appears to have suffered considerably from distress. Mr. Azanne, however, on his arrival at once relieved those who were in want. Four deaths also occurred at Jhanjarpore; two of them had been fed for 19 days; the third man came from a distance, and was very ill when he came; the fourth had been at work on the tank for seven days. He reports the village of Nanour as in great distress, but has only heard of one death there, which was not alleged to have been from want. He also found five children deserted by their parents, and made arrangements for their support."

17. No cases of starvation are reported from other sub-divisions.

18. The annexed statement shows the number of thefts, &c., committed during the month of March:—

Sub-division.				Ma	rch 1874.•	March 1873.
Mozufferpore		•••	•••	•••	87	50
Tajpore	• • •	•••	•••	•••	28	19
Durbhunga		•••	•••		29	21
Hajeepore	•••		•••		Figures	not given.
Sectamurhec	•••	• • •	•••	•••	65	28
Mudhoobunnee	•••	•••	• • •	•••	Figures	not given.
•		•				
			Total	•••	209	118

	B.—Reli	er Wor	K8.	•	•
19. The number of laborers	employed on	relief w	vorks is as follo	-: awc	
Sectamurhee sub-division—	• ,	1			
160 Government works	•••	•••	•••	•••	32,547
Private works	***	•••	•••	•••	5,000
			Total	•••	37,547
Of the Government works, 46	have been to	aken in	hand during	the nast	fortnight_
Durbhunga sub-division—	11010 00011 0		mana daning	nc pas	ior might—
Village works in Hattee	sub-division		***	•••	16,000
Ditto in Durbhu		•••	•••		2,352
	edpore ditto		•••	• • •	30,000
Durbhunga Bahera road	•••		•••	•••	38,754
Bahera Pooprec road	•••		•••		2,643
Durbhunga Mohomedpor	e road	•••	•••	•••	1,364
Anar road	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,145
Railway embankment	•••		• • •	•••	5,122
Works under executive er	gineer in Ha	atti sub	-division	•••	47,000
Works under Mr. Steven	<b>S</b>	•••	•••	•••	5,829
M H - I					153,209
Mudhoobunnee sub-division—					300 400
80 works	•••	•••	• • •	•••	196,486
Hajeepore sub-division	• • •	•••	•••	•••	4,40()
Tajpore sub-division		•••	• • •	•••	2,550
Sudder sub-division under		ngineer	• • •	• • •	1,624
Under planters, 49 works		•••	• • •	•••	21,900
Roads, tanks, &c., under	local agency	•••	•••	•••	8,695
			Total	•••	32,219
	Grand	total of	laborers	•••	426,411

### C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

20. Of private importations the sub-divisional officer of Tajpore writes: "I can say but little. Zemindars and traders find in the difficulty of procuring carriage a ready and plausible excuse for a natural disinclination to turn southwards instead of northwards for supplies." The other sub-divisional officers do not notice this subject. As regards the Sudder sub-division I have observed that grain still finds its way into Mozufferpore town in sufficient quantities, and the difficulty, or rather the increased cost, of procuring carriage seems to have produced no worse result than a slight enhancement of prices. At Sahebgunge too, a large mart on the river Gunduck, I found the grain-market well supplied, and the dealers admitted to me that they experienced no difficulty in obtaining boats to import grain either from Patna or Revilgunge (in Sarun), both which places they have been drawing on for supplies. In short, all that I have seen and learnt confirms me in the opinion that the allotment of grain for which we have applied will be quite sufficient. It may perhaps be objected that if private trade is doing so much, there can be no necessity for laying in more Government grain at all; but to this I would reply (1) that the sub-division has not hitherto depended wholly on imported food for its support, and that it would therefore be hazardous to trust entirely to private dealers when local stocks are exhausted; (2) that we ought to be able to exercise some control over our prices, which we can only do by becoming grain-holders; and (3) that it is desirable during the season of cultivation and in the rains to lower prices to at least 12 seers per rupee.

21. Transport arrangements having been now placed under the immediate direction of Colonel MacGregor, it is unnecessary for me to say more on this head than that the companies on the western side of the district are working thoroughly well, and that the Durbhunga sub-divisional officer reports a great improvement on the part of the Southern Alliance Company. Though he declines to commit himself to any distinct statement, he believes that the company will henceforth be able to carry between 3½ and 4 lakhs a month.

D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

22.	The amount of	food-grain alread	ly stored is a	as follows :		
	Seetamurhee	·	•	•••		333,678
	Durbhunga	•••		•••		132,312
	Mudhoobunnee		• • •	•••		291,458
	Hajeepore	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,179
	Tajpore	• • •	• • •	• •		19,624
	Muzufferporc	•••	•••	•••	•••	44,677
				Total		826 028

### E.—ADVANCES.

## 23. During the fortnight the following advances have been made-

	NATURE OF ADVANCE.									
JB-I	OIVISION.			To grain- dealers.	To zemindars for support of their ryots.	their	For Wells.	For land improvement.	Тотац.	
			•	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Scetamurhee Durbhunga	•••		•	50	1,050 Not sp	1,100 ecified.	40	1,260	3,500 4,700	
Mudhoobunnee Hajeepore	•••	•••		•••••		•••••	 525	2,400	<b>2,</b> 400 52 <b>5</b>	
Tajpore Muzufferpore		•••	•••				•••••	100		

On the subject of advances Mr. Magrath writes:—"My remarks apply to the case of respectable ryots to whom at present no advances are being made. I should like something to be done for them at once, as otherwise they will go in with the rank and file of paupers. The working of Sir Richard Temple's loans up to the amount of Rs. 50, through the relief superintendents would, I am sure, he a great boon. The landholders also apply for loans; I was granting loans to them till the Additional Commissioner stopped me. I should like permission to be given to the relief superintendent also to give such advances up to Rs. 50."

### F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

24. The Scetamurhee officer under this head submits only a statement which I insert below:—

Number of sub-committees and committees as ye	et appointe	d	1
Ditto of special relief sub-divisions opened and	d officered		2
Ditto of regular relief circles opened and n		special	
officers		• • • •	10
Number of relief circles opened and managed by	y planters,	zemin-	
dars, and other residents			· 10
Number of work-houses, or centres, for the dis	stribution	of food	
and gratuitous relief	••	•••	8
Number of men, women and children, in receipt	( Men		3.000
of gratuitous relief in any shape, through the	Women		1,500
of gratuitous relief in any shape, through the charitable relief organisation daily.	Children		800
	Total	•	5.300

- The sub-divisional officer of Durbhunga thus reports: "I have already explained the machinery of charitable relief as it existed when first set in action. I have now to refer to an extension of the system, by which, while retaining our former organisation, we are enabled to render the administration of relief more searching and certain. It consists in having prepared through the jeyt ryot-putwarree of each village a list of all these who are in want of relief in the village, and according to this list the group store-keeper dispenses weekly to each village in the group the quantity of grain required for the week's consumption. The distribution is made in the village, by the village headmen and the putwari. Among the other duties of the inspector will be that of seeing that in this respect the village headmen are up to their work. The sub-division has been divided into 12 circles. The Banhar and Warisnuggur circles being outside the area where distress was most pressing, were not taken in hand till now. Of the other circles, the grouping has been completed in all except Lehera, Gungdak, and Hya ghat, where some villages still remain ungrouped. But before this week ends the work will be completed in these. In all of these villages the officers are at work, having the village list of distressed people made out, and looking to the fact that as our groups are made up, and inspectors appointed, this work can go on simultaneously in every group, it ought to be completed within a fortnight at farthest. My returns of those on charitable relief are incomplete, some circle officers having been unable to send in any returns, and others only returns From these fragmentary returns, I learn that the daily average on charitable for some groups. I believe this, however, to be much under the real number.' relief is 14,563.
- 26. The Mudhoobunnee officer writes:—" Charitable relief is now everywhere at work on the ticket system. The system of giving out cotton, too, is taking root, particularly under

Messrs. Ozanne, Williams, Nicholay, and Baboo Ishree Pershad. I am establishing, through the relief superintendent at most places quasi hospitals under the native doctors, for care of those who are, either by starvation or disease, unfitted to go to their own people or to work. I would have the distribution of cooked food, where it is given, also under the superintendence of native doctors if a European is not present, as natives are slow to enquire into cases in which care and extra attention is required."

27. The Hajeepore officer reports—"I have appointed three inspectors on Rs. 70 per mensem to carefully find out all the really indigent in the Rs. J. Smith, Esq. ... C. H. Pope, Esq. —Campbell, Esq. north part of the sub-division. I have advanced Rs. 1,200 500 200 to the gentlemen noted in the margin who have all under-100 —Camporn, ... C. Blake, Esq. ... taken to relieve the really distressed round them at the rate 200 ... of Rs. 1-8 to Rs. 2 a month. I have directed the inspectors R. Park, Esq. 100 -McGregor, Esq. to put themselves directly in communication with these gen-100 tlemen, who have shown the most earnest desire to co-operate 1,200

bution of charitable relief. I have received one return, viz., from Mr. James Smith of Shahpore. The others promise returns next week. With this organisation we shall be able to meet all cases of distress as they arise; at present they are scattered about the place, and I have no apprehension that in any part will there be any thing like universal distress."

- 28. The Tajpore officer reports:—"It has been arranged that we should start at once a regular system of village supervision. The manager of every factory will receive through his putwaries, and jeyt ryots of the villages in farm to him, reports of the state of the village. For villages not in farm to a factory, which will be picked out on receipt of lists now coming in from factories, there will be a special organisation, either through sub-committees of which we propose to have four, or paid agency, reporting either to the nearest factory or the nearest sub-committee.
- "It is further arranged that for the present every manager should give, in bad cases, gratuitous relief from the grain at his factory whether bought under Government advances or not, and that the price of this should be made good to him out of the relief funds.
- "A subscription list has been opened. The donations made and promised up to date amount to only Rs. 676, and the monthly subscriptions to Rs. 67; no factory has yet subscribed. Three managers have promised subscriptions, while two have replied that they prefer to dispense charity from factory and private funds on the spot, to contributing to a general fund."
- 29. In the Sudder sub-division, gratuitous relief is administered in the town by a sub-committee as previously reported. The subjoined statement shows the numbers relieved during the past week:—

	DATE.	Member of committee in attendance.	Adult Adult men. women		Total.	Approximate   aurouid of lost   distributed	Kind of food.	Remarks.
30th	March April	R. J. Richardson, Feq. Babu Wooma Churn Bose. Bahu Poorna Chunder Mitter. Mahomed Ally Khan Baboo Nobin Krista Bauerjee. Baboo Kooldeep Sahey Baboo Wooma Churn Bose.	52 153	11 16 16 16 29	285 251 239 278	2 36} 3 11;		None but the blind, lame, aged, sick, very poor, and weakly have been relieved, each aduly has received? seer, and each child? seer of jenera or grain (uncooked), with a small quantity of salt daily. The distribution each nyrning at 7 A. M., has been made under the superintendence of a member of the committee. A long shed is available for those who may wish to reside on the spot; as yet the building is unoccupied. Professional beggars and persons at all able to work have not been received.

In the interior, gratuitous relief is given in the western part of the sub-division by the managers of the Sahebgunge, Seraiah and Jeypore factories, and in other parts by superintendents of relief circles. The officers having only recently joined their appointments, have been fully occupied in arranging their circles, and reports of progress made will be submitted in next Narrative.

30. With the Commissioner's approval, I have arranged to place all the villages in the Paru thannah and some in the head-quarters thannah, amounting together to about 700 under the direct management of planters and their assistants. I found, on making enquiry, that six factories held in lease or owned 695 villages; and as each manager was willing to take charge of his own villages, and of any others lying within the outermost limits of his lands, and to give the aid of his assistants for supervision of relief works, and administration of

charitable relief, I considered the scheme to be admirably suited for the particular locality. The circles will be constituted as follows:—

Nume of	head factory.	Nar	nes of managers.	Names of out-works.	Names of Assistants in charge of out-works.	Number of villages.	Cost of supervision monthly.
Kantee Moteepore	•••		Browne Fraser	Rajshye Muradpore, Chak Larwan.	Mr. Llewhellin ,, Barclay, Mr. Abbott	140 135	546 606
Shahebgung	e.	,,	J. Macdonald	Manain	Both, one other to be appointed.	115	556
Dooria	•••	**	Studd	Majowbe, Karrum-		130	596
Seraye		"	H. Macdonald	Kewulpoora, Azeez-	Mr. Mackintosh, Mr. Thomas.	125	576
Jeytpore		"	Abbott	•		50	188
							3,065

- 31. It will be seen that the superior agency consists of 6 managers and 9 assistants. The former give their services gratuitously, but to each of the latter a remuneration of Rs. 100 per month will be allowed. A local man on Rs. 10 is to be placed over each group of four villages. The rest of the establishment is composed of clerks, golahdars, payadas, and peons, details of which it is unnecessary to mention here. The supervision of these six circles will be my own special duty, and Mr. Gordon will have similar charge of the other circles in the sub-division, riz., Belsund, Toorkee, Katra, Raj Khand, and the Sudder, which will be worked in the ordinary way by relief superintendents.
- 32 The main advantages of administering circles through planters are—(1) that we shall always be able to prevent the congregation of people in large numbers; (2) that the planters' local knowledge and experience will enable them to detect all cases of imposition; (3) that planters can, and do succeed in extracting from laborers more real work than we can hope to get by direct management; (4) that Government grain can be stored in the factories, and sold at the local hats with great facility and without disturbing the markets, and (5) that the system is economical.
- I do not propose to try the system more extensively in the Sudder sub-division, because factories in other parts are comparatively few, but I think it may be applied, if necessary, in the Tajpore and Hajcepore sub-divisions.
- 33. Good progress appears to have been made in the grouping of villages in circles of the Durbhunga and Mudhoobunce sub-divisions.
- 34. I would respectfully suggest that the form and headings of some subjects of the fortnightly narrative be now altered, as they seem scarcely suited to the system of relief circles, and there appear to be some points on which it is no longer necessary for district officers to report (e. g., transport); uniformity of practice in reporting on relief circles is very desirable. I would also recommend that more detailed instructions be issued regarding the information to be submitted under head (F), charitable relief.

### G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

35. Expenditure for the fortnight under report-

Advances to trustworthy residents:—		Rs.	A.	P.
To Mr. Tripe, Amoa factory		500	0	0
" Sub-divisional officer, Sectamurhee, on account of	ad-	•		
vances to zemindars for helping their ryots		30,000	0	U
" Sub-divisional officer of Tajpore, on account of adva	nces	•		
to ryots for purchase of seed-grain, &c	•••	5,000	0	0
Transport Expenditure.		35,500	0	0
Advance to Mr. Begg		28,849	0	0
", ", Smith		65,213	4	0
" Manager, Durbhunga		1,00,000	0	0
" Mr. Fraser		2,000	0	0
Captain Ross		300	0	0
" A. Money		1,162	4	5
,, Bissasur Sing, in charge of bullocks sent i	rom			
Benarcs		610	0	0
To sub-divisional officer of Seetamurhee		30,000	0	0
" District Superintendent of Police, for construction	n of	•		
a barrack		100	0	0
Advanced to the sub-divisional officer of Durbhunga		30,000	0	0
Ditto ditto ditto of Hajeepore	•••	<b>ኢ</b> ,000	0	0
Total		32,000	0	0
Disbursed for tank-works		7,450	Õ	Ö
· Storage, &c.		,	-	•
Advanced to municipal secretary for construction	of	= -	_	
a golah	•••	76	0	3
Amount advanced for relief works	•••	3,16,041	4	0
Grand Total		6.19,102	2	8

## No. 1477F, dated Sarun, the 8th April 1874.

Memo. by J. E. DRUMMOND, Esq., Officiating Magistrate-Collector, Sarun.

Forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Statistical Department, Calcutta, for information, with reference to his circular No. 80 of the 17th November 1873.

## Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in Surun District for the fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

### Λ.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

- Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazar.
- 1. With the exception of Bussuntpore, where supplies are reported to be somewhat scarce, the bazars of the district are everywhere sufficiently supplied with grain, and though the importations have somewhat fallen off, private trade still holds out.
- 2. In the Sudder sub-division, during the fortnight the private importations were, to Revelgunge, 63,365, of which 12,750 were maize, 7,600 barley, 4,600 wheat, 7,050 rice, and the rest other grains; to Dooreegunge, 2,625 maunds, and to Maharajgunge, 1,382 maunds; while the imports from Chumparun were only 268 maunds. The exports of grain to Tirhoot and Chumparun amounted to 6,164 and 848 maunds respectively.
  - 3. Mr. Hudson writes as follows of his sub-division:
- "My own observations made in the Parsa thana assure me that the bazars are very well supplied indeed with every kind of grain and every description of ordinary food—vegetables, small fish, goor, &c. In Bussuntpore and Mashrakh the result of my inquiries shows supplies to be running short. In the latter than I have the testimony of 103 putwarees to the existence of a deficiency."

  4. The following is Mr. Wright's account for the Sewan sub-division:—
- . "There is no falling off in the supplies in the bazars of this sub-division; the supply is always more than the demand. During the fortnight under report the private importations amounted to 8,561 maunds at Guthoni, Siswan, Darawlee, and Sewan. The above amount was made up of 2,836 maunds rice, 693 maunds gram, 308 maunds Indian-corn, and small quantities of barley, wheat, and other grains. These importations were chiefly from Ghazipore, Azimgurh, and Goruckpore, on the other side of the Ghogra River, and small quantities from Patna and Bhagulpore."
  - Mr. Rattray reports under this head as follows :-
- "Importations still continue, and the supply in the market is equal to the demand. The importation of Indian-corn has stopped, as the grain will not keep, and the stocks are said to be sold off."
  - 5. Qf the Hutwa estate Mr. Hodgkinson writes :-
- "There has been no failure in the supply of grain during the past fortnight, but the firmness of the prices after the harvest points to the necessity of the supply being supplemented by sales of raj and Government grain before very long. Rice has, I regret to say, risen in price, only 15 and 16 seers kucha (9 to 93 pucka) being now procurable for a rupee. But as other grains, of which the late harvest has given a new supply, form the staple-food of the poorer classes of the people at this season, I do not propose to open our stores while these may be expected to hold out, although rice has gone below the limit of 10 seers.

### Prices of Grain in Pucka Seers.

	Hutwa Bazar.	Meergunge Bazar.		Hutwa Bazar,	Meergunge Bazar.
Common rice Makai	 10 <del>5</del> 143	10 <b>2</b> 145	Barley and gram Wheat (jow kerao)	 16 13 ·	16 13

It is observed that Mr. Hodgkinson's prices differ from those returned by the police, and that the price of rice quoted in his remarks is not borne out by the price-current given by him below.

Kind and price of grain.

6. The kind and price of grain selling at the principal marts and at the thanas and outposts are given in the annexed statement. Prices are exceptionally high at Garhha. Bussuntpore, Dighwara, Goothnee, and Raghoonathpore, where, while the price of rice ranges at less than 11 seers, at the same time more than 11, 15, and 16 seers of grain of any kind are not procurable for the rupee.

## Stock of food in the hands of the people.

- 7. Opinions seem to differ as to the ultimate destination of the crops just harvested, but, as stated in the last narrative, my own view of the matter coincides with that of the sub-divisional officer of Sewan, who reports as follows:-
- "Up to the present, almost the whole of the grain of the rubbee crops which have just been reaped is in the hands of the cultivators; but they will not, I feel certain, retain much of it; the greater portion will be sold in the bazars, and a large quantity will also find its way into the hands of the mahajuns. It is only the better class of cultivators who will store any of it. The common class of cultivators in this district are not in the habit of storing grain, but depend on the bazars for their supplies. Very little of the food-grain sold in the

markets by the cultivators is carried out of the district. Most of it is bought up by the dealers in the bazars, who keep it to resell at a profit afterwards."

Mr. Rattray says that "the yield of the rubbee harvest has been reserved for private consumption, except where proprietors are much in debt to mahajuns." The Sub-Deputy Collectors, on the contrary, says "that they are paying the greater portion to their creditors and keeping

the smaller for their own use.

"Besides satisfying the mahajun's debts, the cultivators have to pay their rent to their landlords, very few of whom, including even the largest zemindars in the division, will forego or even postpone their demands, and to meet these claims, the poorest class of ryots must dispose of the grain obtained from their rubbee crops, and would therefore be able to store very little for their own consumption even if they wished to do so; but, as I have already stated, it is not their custom to store it; they prefer depending on the local marts for their daily wants.'

A contrary report, however, is made by Mr. Hudson, who writes:-

"(1) From personal inquiries made by me in the villages chiefly of the Parsa circle,

"(2) From the report of the police of same circle made after investigation,

"(3) From information given by the putwarees of 130 villages in the Bussuntpore and Mashrakh circles, it appears that the rubbee harvest, which has just been reaped, has been stocked by the ryots for their own consumption, and has not found its way into the hands of the zemindars and mahajuns."

And again he writes :-

"It is generally ascertained that the rubbee harvest throughout the three thanas is stocked by the assamees for their own consumption, and this supply, it is estimated, will last them for about two months. There can be no doubt that zemindars have stocks of grain in many places, but it is not generally admitted. At Sotihar, however, and other places in Parsa thana, where I made inquiries, the zemindars informed me that they were supporting their ryots with advances of grain; and this proves that they must have grain in stock.

"Two-thirds of the putwarees of Mashrakh and Bussuntpore, who have been questioned on the subject, deny that there are any stocks of grain at all; but as regards the recent harvest, I am convinced that this is a misrepresentation; and indeed the rest of the putwarees examined admit stocks in the hands of both ryots and zemindars, and confirm the result of my own investigation as to the rubbee crop."

Of course the crops just reaped are yet in the hands of the cultivators, but I doubt much their being permitted to retain them.

Rainfall.

S. There has been no rainfall during the fortnight.

State of the Crops.

9. The rubbee crops have now nearly everywhere been gathered, but complete returns of the yield have not yet been received. The principal planters have been asked to furnish information on this head, but answers have as yet only come in from a few. In the next narrative I hope to give the final result for each thana. As feared, the damage done by the hail-storm of the 16th has proved on inquiry to have been very serious. From the report of the canoongo it appears that the destructive part of its course was in a north-easterly direction from Ghorahat on the Gogra, 5 miles north-west of Manjhee, and that it extended thence for a length of 18 miles to within a few miles south of Mashrakh, with a breadth of from 2 to 4 miles. The thickness of the hailstones on the surface of the ground is reported to have been somewhere three inches and somewhere four to five inches, while in some places they are said not to have melted away within 50 or 60 hours after the shower. The area affected by the storm is computed to be 45 square miles in extent, and about 80 villages are reported to have suffered, in more than 30 of which the loss to the crops has been 8 annas and upwards. It is estimated by the canoongo that one-third of the rubbec food-crops on an area of about 10,000 acres has been altogether lost. He writes also that "the villages that happened to be on the skirts of the storm line have suffered far less than those occurring in the centre of it, which have sustained damage nearly 10 or 12 annas," and he adds that "the grain recovered after the hail-storm will barely suffice for a month's consumption." The action of the landholders in preventing cutting of the crops pending settlement of the rents has occasioned greater loss than would otherwise have occurred.

10. Mr. Macrae, of the Arrowah indigo concern, who has outworks also in the Mashrakh and Parsa thanas, writes as follows with regard to the crops:—

"About 12 annas only of the land usually applied to rubbee were actually sown, and the rest abandoned for want of moisture and facilities of irregation in the pergunnahs of Bal and Goa. In the month of January, the intense cold for some days greatly injured the crops of rahar, cotton, kerao, and mussur (pulses), and reduced their outturn to only about 4 annas yield; but the wheat and barely, which were helped by irrigation and some rainfall in February, have been very successful, and fully more than an average yield generally; but in the middle of March's destructive storm of bail and rain passed over a portion of the above pergunnahs, taking a direction from the village of Roosee to Mashrakh, some 10 koss in length and from ½ to 2 koss in breadth, and within that space the injury to the rubbee crops generally has been very serious. Of the opium crop, about 12 annas had been collected previous to the storm, and the balance was lost.

"Exclusive of the poppy, there has been of all rubbee crops about an average yield of 10 annas in pergunnahs Bal and Goa.

nnas in pergunnahs Bai and Goa.
"In pergunnah Makair crops have been generally worse. A less area has been sown in

Pergunnahs Goa and Makair comprise the whole of the Parsa thana and considerable portion of Mashrakh. rubbee, and less secured by irrigation from want of water, and the loss by cold and frost was in the same proportion as in the other pergunnahs, and little more than a 6-anna crop is reported."

11. Mr. Tullock, of the Nowadah factory, in the south of Parsa thana, writes that he estimates the actual yield of the rubbee crops in his "dehat" as under:—

Barley	•••	•••		•••	8 a	nnas.
Wheat	•••	•••	•••	•••	8	"
Rahar	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	12	"
Gram				• • •	8	••

- 12. The report of the yield to the north of the Bussuntpore than a is, as was expected, very unfavorable, Mr. Exshaw, of Bala factory, writing that the rubbee crop has not yielded more than 4 annas in his neighbourhood.
  - 13. Mr. Hudson writes as follows:-
- "The outturn of the rubbee crop for Parsa circle may be taken at 12 annas for half the cultivated area, and 4 annas for the remainder, the former representing the irrigated and the latter the unirrigated soil. "The outturn for Bussuntpore may be estimated at 4 annas."
- 14. The following is Mr. Wright's account of the state of the crops in the Sewan sub-division:—
- "The rubbee crops are now almost entirely cut. A field or two of rahar may still be seen in places, but otherwise the country looks bare. The ryots are busy having their crops trodden out, and, as far as can be known as yet, the yield is pretty fair throughout the division."
- Mr. D. N. Reid of Saddowah has been good enough to supply the following estimate of the rubbee crops in the Barowlee thana for this season, as compared with that of former average seasons:—

			Season 1873-74	. Former Season.
$\mathbf{W}$ heat	•••		18	† <del>4</del>
Barley			7	16 annas.
Peas	•••	•••	$\cdots \frac{7}{16}$	16 "
Gram			16	16 ,
Rahar	•••	•••	10	16 ,

Of the crops in the Darawlee thana, the Sub-Deputy Collector reports that "the average * Probably kutcha maunds.—J. E. D. outturn of barley and wheat is 13 maunds* per beegha against 15 maunds of previous years. Rahar yields at an average rate of 7 maunds per beegha."

Of the Sewan thana, the Sub-Deputy Collector says that "the average outturn of these crops (wheat and barley) in the jurisdiction of this thana is 9 maunds per beegha against 11 maunds of previous year," is confirmed by my further inquiries.

And Mr. Rattray, in reporting of the crops throughout pergunnah Pachlakh, states as follows:-

"I have been over the whole of the Pachlakh pergunnah. There are scarcely any crops to be seen in the fields, as the gathering of the harvest is nearly completed. Rahar and a few fields of sugarcane are all that remain to be cut of the rubbee crops. The yield of the rubbee has not, on the whole, been very much below the average of previous years."

After all, the present state of prices is the best test of the yield of the recent harvest, and under the circumstances one is justified in distrusting the view that the outturn "has not, on the whole, been very much below the average of previous years," save in the case of dearah lands, and where exceptional means of irrigation were available.

15. Regarding the Hutwa estate, Mr. Hodgkinson writes as follows under this head:—

"I have nothing to add to my remarks in last report regarding the crop outturn. Cheena has been largely sown in opium and potato lands where water is procurable. The crop, as far as I have seen it, is healthy but certainly thin."

## Condition of the People.

- 16. The continuous high prices of food are beginning to tell still more upon the people, as is evident from the increased numbers on the relief works, but owing to the ample means of employment provided for the people in the immediate vicinity of their homes, there is no general distress of an extreme nature.
  - 17. Mr. Hudson reports as follows:-

"There is no alteration, as far as I have had the means of judging, in the condition of the people. My experience in Parsa thana during the past fortnight tells me that they are in tolerably easy circumstances. Noteably I have received spontaneous replies to this effect at Sotehar, Dhernee, Dighwara, Rascolpore, and many other places throughout the south and west of the thana circle. I inquired at nearly every virlage along the road on my way from Garka to Teraiza, and everywhere received the answer hal achha hae.' All is well here at Mashrakh itself, and the Sub-Inspector makes a good report of the surrounding neighbourhood, but the putwarees of Mashrakh and Bussuntpore generally report distress amongst the people

of their villages, and say that there is considerable resort to the relief works. I have not had much opportunity lately of forming a personal opinion myself as to the condition of these two circles, having been absent in Parsa during the past fortnight. The planters whom I have met with continue to assure me that there is no distress in the villages leased to them."

Under this head the following is the report of the sub-divisional officer of Sewan :-

"There has been no material change in the condition of the people since the date of my last report. They are still employed in the rubbee harvest and on the numerous relief works throughout the division.

Under this head Mr. Rattray says "that the laboring classes are finding work in the gathering of the harvest, and there is ample work for the poorer classes on the public roads and tanks which are keeping many, now pinched for food, from lapsing into a state of starvation, and, so far as I can judge of the prospects before us, it appears to me that relief measures will have to be continued for the next five or six months."

The following is extracted from Mr. Rattray's diary of the 27th March, written from

Sreenugger in the vicinity of Mairwah:

"Bhaban Singh, the principal zominder in the neighbourhood, informs me that there is no distress, and that the poorer classes are finding work in the gathering of the harvest and on the tanks being excavated in this part of the country. He tells me that there is no want of grain in the markets, though not to be had except at high rates; rice selling at 12 seers for the rupee. He does not think matters any worse than when I was in the neighbourhood in the beginning of January last. On the contrary, he thinks that matters are somewhat better with the gathering of the harvest. So far as I can gather from him, he does not think that matters will be any worse at any time during the year than they are at the present moment."

It is to be hoped that Bhaban Singh's sanguine view of the situation may be justified.

Known cases of Misery and Starvation.

19. There have been no cases of starvation, and the means of relieving distress, which cannot be met by the relief works, are largely available throughout the district.

20. Mr. Hudson reports as follows:

" No cases of starvation have occurred (as far as can be ascertained), nor have any exceptional cases of distress come within my experience, or been reported to me."

21. And Mr. Wright makes the following report from Sewan:—
"No cases of the kind have been reported. Mr. Rattray says that there is no serious distress at present, and I have seen no misery or destitution in the villages.'

Grain-Thefts or Robberies.

There have been ten cases of grain-thefts during the fortnight.

23. The accompanying comparative statement shows the number of offences against property involving an intention of theft committed in the month of March during the years 1872, 1873, and 1874, as called for in Government Circular No. 4081, dated 20th December last.

It will be seen that the number of such offences is slightly fewer than in the two previous years, a result which, considering the nature of the season, is, I think, attributable only to the exceptional means of relief afforded to the people in the present year.

Condition of any Special Tracts.

24. The Chupra, Manjhee, Bussuntpore, Mashrakh, and Parsa thanas are the worse situated so far as the numbers on the relief works afford an indication of distress, the numbers in the Sewan sub-division being comparatively few, owing probably to the extensive sugarcane production in that sub-division having given employment to the poorer classes for some months past.

B.—Relief Works.

Progress of Relief Works, &c.
25. The annexed statements show the relief works in progress, and the number employed thereon. The average number daily employed during the fortnight has been 120,129, and the number on the last day was 135,079.

Now that the numbers are showing a rapid tendency to increase, it is of the last importance that the great works of the bank channel to the north of the district, and the proposed Gogra embankment to the south, should be put in hand at once. Already many have had to be placed on village roads to find employment for the people, and during the rains it will be still more difficult to provide continuous work. The percentage of persons belonging to the non-laboring class amongst those now employed is 33 per cent. During the fortnight ten additional works have been started.

26. Mr. Hudson writes as follows:-

"The results of personal inquiries made at random amongst the coolies show that they receive their due amount of wages in the currency of the place, and that the work is freely open to all classes."

27. Under this head Mr. Hodgkinson reports as follows:-

"Harvest operations have continued to keep down the number employed on relief works. The cowrie system, which has been invariably adopted on the raj works, has, after an experience of four months, been found to work admirably. The condition of the laborers is itself a sufficient proof that no evil results have followed from exacting work under this system, and it is most satisfactory to find that while persons of all ages and sizes, young and old, weak and strong, have been employed and none turned away who sought work, the outturn of work has been proved by measurement to be in almost every case not less than half the amount which able-bodied laborers alone would be expected to show in ordinary seasons; in other words, the cost is only double the amount which the cost estimated at the ordinary ticca rates would come to. In places where the works have been more directly under European supervision, still more favorable results have been obtained. The payment of the coolies for each basket-full of earth has been so regulated, that even the weakest and youngest on the works can earn sufficient for their livelihood; and it has not been found that the stronger have been able to make more than a fair day's wage. While the works have drawn the women and child en of the laboring population to them in large numbers, the men of the family have kept to their field work and not been enticed from it, as they would have been if they found the cowrie system yield them unduly high wages."

28. The cowrie system is being tentatively introduced by the Executive Engineer, but unless increased remuneration is given to those who are old and infirm or of tender age, in which case many complications might ensue, it is difficult to understand how these can earn sufficient for their livelihood, while at the same time only subsistence allowance is obtained by the able-bodied for a full day's work. It is not enough that none should be turned away who seek work on the conditions offered, but it is also necessary that the system should be such that none are deterred from seeking work by the conditions of employment given. Mr. Wright reported that the introduction of the cowrie system at Sewan resulted in large numbers deserting the works, a result which was claimed by him as an advantage; but as the presumption is that these would not have come on the works at all, unless in need of the means of subsistence, the probability is that the relief intended to be given failed in a corresponding degree. Mr. Hodgkinson, with the extensive agency available on the Hutwa estate for seeking out and relieving in other ways cases of distress not met by the relief works, could perhaps afford to overlook this consideration, but with the limited agency at command at the outset in other parts of the district, serious danger might have been incurred by the general introduction of the cowrie system. Doubtless that system is the best, as far as the cost of the work is concerned, but it seems to me that the element of cost is quite a secondary consideration, and that the question is how best to ensure the saving of the lives of the people, and not how best to carry on the work given for that end. Perhaps the best solution of the problem would be to have the two systems in operation together on one and the same work, the one for the able-bodied and the other for the weak and infirm. But there are difficulties attending this plan also. As to the argument that persons would have deserted their field work for the relief works, if they had found the cowrie system yield them anduly high wages, I do not think that there is much force in it, as practically the ordinary wages of agricultural labor, being paid in kind, are much higher in a season like the present than any that could be carried on relief works, and where such laborers come on the relief works at a time of agricultural operations, it is because their employers prefer during a period of scarcity, to perform themselves the labor which they would have hired in ordinary years, while if the cultivators who employ such labor are alluded to, it may be pointed out that it has never yet been found in any famine that this class are in the habit of neglecting the agricultural operations on which they depend for subsistence for the

29. The relief works on the wards' estates were temporarily stopped owing to the Commissioner having demurred to the cost of such works being borne by the Court of Wards, except in the case of entire estates owned by minors in a thoroughly solvent position; and having objected also to loans being raised for the purpose. But the Commissioner having since explained to at he did not mean to refuse conditional sanction to such works being carried on in certain cases, the general manager has been authorized to re-open the works to the limited extent conditionally sanctioned by the Commissioner.

sake of a merely temporary employment on relief works, nor is it reasonable to suppose that they would do so. The comparatively low rents prevalent on the Hutwa estate, affording as they must exceptional facilities for the employment of agricultural labor, probably go far to

account for the comparatively small numbers on the relief work there.

State Emigration to British Burma.

30. Ninety-three emigrants have been despatched to Calcutta during the fortnight. More are coming into the depôt here.

### C.—Transport of Food.

Approximate amount of private food-supplies, &c.

31. Such information as is available under this head has already been given.

32. Regarding the Hutwa grain supplies, Mr. Hodgkinson furnishes the following statement:—

Between Patna and Revel	gunge	•••	•••	 1,000
. Revelgunge		• • •	•••	 6,900
Returned by Collector	• • •	•••		 13,006
Embankment granaries				 4,874
Stored Hutwa granaries			•••	 66,016
				Mds.

83. The Commissioner having refused to sanction the 28,000 maunds contracted for, for the General Wards' estates, at a time when the prospects of the future food-supply for those estates warranted alarm and seemed to justify the fullest precaution, basing his refusal apparently on the alteration for the better, caused by the more favorable, outturn of the rubbee crops, the grain delivered at Revelgunge in accordance with previous contract should, if not sanctioned for the Wards' estates, be taken over on behalf of Government, and can, if so directed, be made available in reduction of the balance of the district allotment still remaining to be received.

## D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

34. The accompanying statement shows the storage places, the distribution thereat of the grain allotted, and the amount of grain received at the different storage places up to the end of the fortnight. The total amount of grain received had been 4,02,920 maunds, of which 3,74,003 maunds had been finally stored and 24,334 maunds were in transit.

### E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

35. Rs. 177-7 have been advanced during the fortnight for purchase of grain for sale, and Rs. 35,817 to zemindars for grain or money advances to their ryots, making up the total as yet advanced on these accounts to Rs. 1,39,877-7 and Rs. 3,44,904 respectively; and for land improvement Rs. 18,872 have been advanced, bringing up the total on this account to Rs. 81,146.

### F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

36. The number receiving charitable relief, so far as the returns obtained show, is noted below—

	Tha	na.		Nam	es of circles w	• vhence	relief has beer	n given.	No. of persons relieved.	Amou	nt p	aid.
1	Chuprah	•••	•••	1 2	Arrowah Garbha	•••	•••	**	79	90	0	0.
2	Manjhee	•••	***	3	Garona Banwar	***	•••	•••	78 141	78 95	9	0 3
	•			4 5	Parsa Ramghar	***	•••	•••	294 7	8 7	15 0	4
3	Dighwarah	•••	•••	6	Dighwarah	•••	•••	•••	23	- 7	ő	Ö
4	Parsa	•••	***	8	Parsa Sitalpore	•••	•••	•••	165 15	10 13	15 0	0 9
				9	Tehtee		•••	•••	47	100	Ŏ	0
5	Bussuntpore	•••	•••	10	Jelalpore Bagowra	•••	900	•••	49 58	100 81	0 13	0
	-				-		Total	•••	956	592	5	4

### 37. Mr. Wright reports as follows under this head:—

"During the fortnight, the subscription to the charitable relief fund amounted to Rs. 140; the sums collected during the same period amount to Rs. 157."

In my last report I mentioned that Rs. 3,150 had been sent to the different circles for gratuitous relief of poor people who may be found unable to work. Up to date I have received intimation of only Rs. 3-13 having been paid. Of this sum Mr. D. N. Reid of Suddowah gave one rupee to a woman "whose husband was reported as having died from starvation," but on enquiry Mr. Reid discovered that the report was false, and that the man had died from natural causes. The balance (Rs. 2-13) was paid by Moulvi Golam Abbas of the Harpore circle to six persons.

### 38. And Mr. Hodgkinson writes thus:—

"The number receiving charitable relief still continues very small.* The enquiries through village agency have been completed in some instances, and tickets will now be distributed to those who are reported to be incapable of working for gratuitous relief.

Bhorey
Chumokha
Nuniarah

15
Sreepore
Sonowhula
16
In some cases this has been already done. Judging from the returns sent in I don't think that gratuitous relief will be necessary in more than for 800 to 1,000 cases in the

Hutwa sub-division; but even after tickets are distributed, I do not expect that this number will be reached for some time to come. In my next fortnightly narrative I hope to be able to give the results of the enquiry and the steps taken on it in detail."

## G.—THE FINANCIAL RESULT OF THE FORTNIGHT.

## 39. The financial result of relief operations are given below:—

	•	Rs.	<b>A</b> . 1	Ρ.	Rs. A	. P	•	Rs. A, P.
Tot	al expenditure as previously shown	-10 00			•••			9,80.330 15 11
1.	Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer of Sarun					••		0,50,50 to 19
	for district relief works from 22nd March to 4th April					10	•	
9	Ditto ditto for protective works in the	••••	• •	•	34,551	12	3	
2.	town of Chupra, from ditto to ditto		••		1,165	5	9	
3.	Expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer, Lower				•			
	Gunduck Division, for relief works on the Sarun Em-				1 500	7.	_	
4	bankment for the fortnight ending 2nd April 1874 Amount advanced for relief works in the town of Chupra	• • • •	•		1,560	10	9	
4.	under the immediate supervision of the Magistrate,							
	from 22nd March to 4th April 1874, viz.—							
For	levelling the Serai compound	500	0	Ŏ				
*	digging tanks	700 200	0	0	_			
"	repairing roads			_	1.400	0	0	
5.	Amount advanced to Mr. W. C. S Steer of Hurpore to				-,		•	
_	complete the purchase of grain for sale	••• •	••		177	7	0	
6.	Amount advanced for making tuccavee payments to ryots							
То	either in grain or in cash, viz.— Girwardharee Sing of Semri, Pergunnah Manjhee	5,000	0	0				
	Tupessari Lall, Mooktear, for Mussamut Raghoobunsee							
,,	Kuer and Jodobunsee Kuer of Syedpora, Pergunnah	<b>~</b> 00 .	_	_				
	Barai Powers Powers Powers Powers Powers	5,00 }	0	0				
**	Mussamut Enayet Zahra of Burharria, Pergunnah Barra Baboo Gajadhur Pershad Narain Singh of Chainpore	<b>4,000</b> <b>3,000</b>	0	0				
**	Tupessari Lall of Rattanpoora, Pergunnah Manjhee	1,000	ő	ő				
"	Gowree Shanker Tewary of Takipore, Pergunnah Baul	1,000	Ō	Ō				
"	Soodhun Sing, &c., of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar	900	0	0				
39	Thakoor Buldco Dutt of Rampore, Pergunnah Barai	900		0				
"	Sobh Narain Sing of Tarwara, l'ergunnah Goah	975 825	0	0				
"	Sreedhur Narain Sing of ditto ditto Kedaruath and Gokhool Chand of Rookunbudha, Per-	040	()	U				
"	gunnah Makair	651	0	0				
29	Kisharee Sing of Bheldi, Pergunnah Goah	600	0	0				
99	Ritbaran Sing of Rampore, Pergunnah Kusmar	750	0	0				
**	Deobaran Singh of Tari, Pergunnah Baul	525	0	0				
"	Ramyad Singh of Semaria, Pergunnah Manjhee Ganga Persad of Doomri Sarung, Pergunnah Baul	450 450	0	0				
, ,,	Baboo Kowldeo Narain Singh of Nekhtee, Pergunnah	2.70	•	•				
	Baul	450	0	0				
w	Bahadoor Hossein, Agent for Mussamut Mootenjan of	4.50	_	_				
	Abhooi, Pergunnah Baul	425	0	0				
"	Paregag Singh of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar Dhoorunj Singh of Pasrampore, Pergunnah Makair	4()() 45()	0	0				
"	Kesho Roy of Basoon, Pergunnah Barai	375	ő	ő				
,,	Dhurmraj Singh of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar	300	0	0				
99	Luchmee Narain Singh of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar	300	0	0				
39	Nundkishore Singh of Beshoonpore, Pergunnah Makair	300 250	0	U				
99	Soban Chowbay of Bhoputpore, Pergunnah Koadi Madar Bux of Sewan	250	0	0				
,,	Mohadeo Sahay of Sewan	250	ŏ	0				
,,	Harihar Dutt of Sewan	250	0	0				
17	Terloke Singh of Poochree, Pergunnah Baul	250	0	0				
**	Kowlessur Singh of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar Ramowtar Singh of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar	275 280	0	-0 -0				
,,	Soonder Singh of Eksour, Pergunnah Baul	250 250	0	0				
"	Sahebzada Singh of Bishoonpore, Pergunnah Makair	275	ő	Ö				
"	Ganga Bishoon Matoo of Konda, Pergunnah Baul	200	0	0				
"	Sastoo of Mirzapore alias Chanchalia, Pergunnah Goah	200	0	0				
**	Kaylasputti Singh of Nagowlee, Pergunnah Kusmar Ghina Roy of Mosuree Pakuwlee, Pergunnah Barra	200 125	0	0				
"	Boolakee Singh of Talch Bahare Roy, Pergunnah Baul	120	0	0				
"	Deo Narain Singh of ditto	120	Ö	0				
**	Ramessur Roy of Syedpore, Pergunnah Makair	175	0	0				
,,	Ramgolam Singh of Panapore, Pergunnah Kusmar	150	0	()				
"	Dhanook Dhari Sing of Basoon, Pergumah Barai Bissessur Singh of Hansrajpore, Pergumah Baul	. 150 120	0	()				
"	Sheo Perkash Singh of Baul	120		()				
"	Golab Singh of India, Pergunnah Manjhee	109		Ö				
"	Bodh Porree of Amnour Sooltan, Pergunnah Makair	100	0	0				
**	Achaiber Singh of Barhee Tolah, Pergunnah Barai	100	_	0				
"	Hemut Sahoy of Manopore, Pergumah Kusmar Sheo Narain Singh of Narainpore, Pergumah Goah	. 100 100		0				
21	Purson Singh of Beshoonpore Jugdis, Pergunnah Makai	. 100 r 99		0				
91	Sham Narain Singh of Chuck Supta, Pergunnah Kusma			Ö				
91	Harukh Singh of Doomree, Pergunnah Chirand	. 75	O	C	)			
91								
91	Nundagamar Singh of Tolah Rahama Ray Dayson L.	r 60 d 52		(				
9; 9;	Ganagh Dutt of Sanahwann Powennach Alcah	ul 57 . 75						
-					34,01	2 (	)	9

Amount advanced under the Land Improvement Act for digging tanks and wells, &c., viz.:—

Brid with with Hotte, Co., ora,											
FOR WELLS.			-		-	_			_		_
To Mohunt Sosman Bharat of Theather	Dorgunash Dack	1,,1,,1	Rs.	_	_	Ŗs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	Р.
To Mohunt Sesman Bhagat of Dhanowtee, ,, Ram Charan Racot of Telpa, Pergunt		···	100	0	0						
" Jawadur Gosain of Ramnugger, Perg		•••	100	ŏ	ŏ						
Sekunder Hossein of Kharowla,	ditto		175	0	0						
" Jugdeo Singh of Mohesia, Pergunnah	Makair		100	0	0						
" Chatar Roy of Shahpore, Pergunnah	Kusmar	***	95	0	0						
" Sheo Tahal Racet of Machagur, Pergu " Sheo Sahoy Pandey of Jugdispore, P		hea	89 77	0	0						
" Beetundi of Katesur, Pergunnah Bau	l		36	-	ŏ						
,,		•••			_						
		,	1,772	0	0				_		
77 M									•		
FOR TANKS.											
To Mohunt Sesman Bhagat of Dhanowtee,	Pergunnah Pach	lukb	5,000	0	0						
" Manager, Court of Words, Chupra	***	•••	3,000	0	0						
" Moonshi Benarsi Lall of ditto	h of Ohninnon	•••	2,000	0	0						
" Baboo Gajadhur Persaud Narain Sing " Sahgram Singh of Hokma, Pergunnal		***	2,000 400	0	0						
" Ramgopal Lall, Mookhtear of Nay		nah	-3600	v	U						
Kusmar	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	••••	400	0	0						
			12,800	0	0						
FOR EMBANKMEN	IT.		-		_						
To Mirza Asgar Ali of Telpa, Pergunnah		•••	260	0	0						
Ramjewan Lall of Ratanpoorah, Perg	gunnah Manjhee	•••	75	0	0						
			335		_						
			(,,,,	0	0	14,907	0	0			
Amount advanced for conveyance of Gov	ernment grain	into				4-2,000	٠	•			
different places of storage in the											
riz.:				_			•		1		
To Collectorate Nazir	<b>.</b>	•••	12,050	_	0						
" Major W. Jackson, on special duty, A	rran	•••	9,000	0	Ο,	21,050	0	Λ			
Amount advanced to the Officiating Mag	istmata of Samu	C				71,000	v	v			
distribution to several relief circles											
to the poor or for giving loans u											
· rules for charitable relief	•••			••		7,430	0	0			
Ditto ditto to the Sub-Divisional Office	er of Sewan for d	litto					_	_			
ditto Pay of the Officiating Joint-Magistrate,	M. W # H		••••	••		1,650	0	0			
on special duty, for March 1871	**************************************	.5011,				1,133	0	0			
Travelling allowance of Mr. C. F. Tonner	re, on special d	uty,	••••	• •		1,100	v	·			
for January 1874	•••	•••	140		0						
Ditto ditto February 1874			112	0	O	252	0	0			
Pay of Bahoo Beni Madhub Bose, Offi Collector of Sewan for March 187		outy				co	77	٥			
Pay of the famine establishment entertaine	d for the transpo	rt of	•••••	•		60	7	0			
Government grain under Major W	. Jackson, on sp	ecial									
duty at Arrah, for February 1874	· · · · ·					195	2	3			
Pay of the famine establishment (late salt	t department) in	the				000	_	_			
Sudder division for March 1874  Value of judicial stamps supplied to the	e Officiating Ja	int_	***	•		298	U	O			
Magistrate Mr. W. H. Hudson, on	special duty	1110-	••• ••	_		60	0	0			
Amount advanced by the Officiating	g Joint-Magist	rate	•••	•		•	v	Ū			
Mr. W. H. Hudson, on special dut	y, for land impr	ove-									
Mount expended by the Sub-Divisional C	Wines of Sames :	•••	••• •	•••		3,715	0	0			
'follows, viz.:—	omeer of Sewan 1	8 118									
For digging a tank at Sewan	•••		346	10	0						
" purchase of grain …	***	•••	975		Ŏ						
" land improvement …	•••	***		0	0						
" constructing golahs … Pay of Mr. A. Rattray, on special	duty at Samon	 60	263	7	0						
March 1874 on special	and we went	, 10r 	400	Ô	0						
		•••	3670	J	J	Q 00#	1	^			
Amount advanced by Mr. A. Datt-	on anoutal dut					2,235	I	U			
Amount advanced by Mr. A. Rattray, Sewan, for purchase of grain for	on special duly making tiso	JE navi									
advances to ryots			984 44	•		800	O	0			
- -	•			•	-			_	1,76,683	3	8
										_	-
	GRAND TOTAL								11,57,014	9	91
			<b>••</b>	-			•	٠	~-)~! VVI'I	4	υg

J. E. DRUMMOND,

Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

The kind and price of Grain at the principal markets, and at different Thannahs and Outposts are given below:—

}	Name of principa	l markets.		Coarse rice per rupce.	Indian corn per rupce.	Barley per rupee.	Wheat per rupee.	Gram per rupee
1.	Chupra	40.0		12	161	18	14	17
	Revilgunge	•••		123	17	187	149	18
1	Goldingunge	404		12	16	19 🖁	141	171
	Garkha	***		10	14	***		14
2.	Manghee		***	$10^{1}_{2}$	16	18	14	
-	Ekma	***		12	151	***	144	16
3.	Bussuntpore	***		101	15	15	12	15
	Maharajgungo	•••	•••	111	16	18	131	16
4.	Mushrakh	200		12	16	18	14	16
.	Baniapore	***		10	15	20	13	15
Í	Moharance	•••		11	141		***	
5.	Pursa			101	16		121	18
0.	Amnour			îï		*****	141	16
1	Mirzaporo	•••	}	ii	16		141	17
6.	Dighwara	•••		101	144		141	16
"	Sonepore	***		ii	15°		14	17
7.	Sewan	•••		103	143	18	124	18
•	Burhurria	•••		11,5	1518	18	142	15;
1	C	•••		111	15		141	•
8.	Desmondes		***	114			1318	14,
0.	Canthana	•••	•••	101	141	143	13	131
1	0:	***	•••	12	161	183	131	161
1	Raghoonathpore			10	5	151	131	15
[	Mairwa	•••	•••	113	133	100		•••
9.	Barragaon	•••		101	17		112	134
	T/	•••		111	15	20	15	15
}	Dharas	•••	•••	101	123	200		10
	Meergunge	•••	•••	111	17		131	14
10.	D	***		11 4	14	17	12	14
10.	Gopalgunge	•••	:::	12	141	17	10	15

J. E. DRUMMOND,

Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

Statement showing the number of true cases of dacoity, robbery, theft, and house-breaking which occurred in the district of Sarun, during the month of March 1872, 1873, and 1874.

Dacoity-			
(Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Corresponding month of March 1873 Return A1).	•••	•••	1
Robbery-			
(Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Month of March 1874 Corresponding month of March 1873 Ditto ditto 1872	•••		1 1 1
Тивет—			
	***		75
(Heading 43 of Crime Return and Month of March 1874 Corresponding month of Murch 1873; Ditto ditto 1872	•••	•••	68
Ditto ditto 1872	•••	•••	76
House-breaking-			
(Month of March 1874	•••		144
(Heading 35 of Crime Return Month of March 1874 Corresponding month of March 1873 Ditto ditto 1872	•••		175
Ditto ditto 1872	•••		155
Month of March 1874	410	•••	220
Total of all four crimes \{ Month of March 1874 \colon Corresponding month of March 1873 \cdot Ditto  ditto  1872	•••	•••	2.15
C Ditto ditto 1872	•••	•••	232

J. E. DRUMMOND,

Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

# Statement showing the allotment, receipt and progress in delivery of food-grains for the fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

1		2 .	3	4
District.	Number and nar	nes of store-houses.	Total grain allotted.	Arrived at final destination.
	FOR DIST	RICT WORKS.		
SARUN	1. Chupra 2. Gurkha 3. Deghwara 4. Pursa 5. Amnour 6. Mirzapore 7. Mushrakh 8. Baniapore 9. Paigamberpore 10. Moharanee 11. Busuntpore 12. Moharajgunge 13. Syedpoorah 14. Manghee 15. Ekma 16. Sewan 17. Burhurria 18. Semaria 19. Durrowlee 20. Goothnee 21. Siswan 22. Raghoonathpore 23. Myrwah 24. Burrowlee 25. Gopalgunge  FOR EMBA  1. Bijoypore 2. Gopalgunge 3. Olipore 4. Sareya 5. Banowlee 6. Sarungpore 7. Amnour 8. Bankerwa 9. Sonepore	NEMBRT WORKS.	10,000 5,000   10,000 40,000   20,000 50,000 20,000 40,000 20,000 6,000 15,000 10,000 20,000   45,000 10,000 20,000   5,000   5,000   5,000   5,000   25,000   25,000   25,000   10,000   20,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000   10,000	5,000 0 4 10,000 7 10 31,570 29 0 10,200 0 1 12,1114 0 0 41,914 19 2 3,282 0 1 8,648 31 0 17,492 13 2 27,462 16 1 17,718 20 10 3,000 3 0 15,000 25 0 6,148 15 0 30,560 38 10 10,000 0 0 10,010 0 0 10,010 0 0 119,999 33 10 4,791 20 9 5,000 0 0 4,005 29 0 5,001 0 0 14,880 29 10 0 0 10,000 0 0 14,880 29 10 0 0 10,000 0 0 14,880 29 10 0 0 10,000 0 0 14,880 29 10 0 0 10,000 0 0 14,880 29 10 0 0 10,000 0 0 15,005 21 6 5,035 15 8 5,035 15 8 5,035 15 8 5,036 21 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
		GRAND TOTAL	5,00,0	3,74,002 24

J. F. Drummond,
Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

Adstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the District of Sarun during the 14 days ending 4th April 1874.

	al asto		TOTAL	L NOKBEI ED DORIN	TOTAL NUMBER OF PERSONS EMPLOYED DURING THE 14 DATS.		MEAN DAILY NUMBER OF PER- SONS PAPLOYED DURING THE 14 DAYS.	AILY NUMBER EMPLOYED DU THE 14 DAYS.	14.y daily number of Pe Sons Employed during The 14 days.		MBER OF	PERSON IST OF TH	ON THE LAST OF THE 14 DAYS.		<b>—</b>	ATROP B	RATE OF FOOD-GRAIN PER RUPES.	IX PER	-aistdo	RATE O	Rate of wages paid for full	PALD TOR	FULL WORKS,
OFFICERS IN CRARGE OF WORKS.	Total number of w	Length of reads, &c	Жеп.	Мотеп,	Сһійығы	Total.	Men.	Мощо. Мощо.	.nevblidO	Total.		Women.	nerblid).	il si strow and wolf	Kive employment.	.10(1	Grana.	Maise,	o orintal distraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction is a second or contraction in the contraction in the contraction is a second or contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contraction in the contra	To each man.	Woman.	ОРИЧ.	-alb amount alocal reger or bearing -stored the fort- sight.
Executive Engineer, Sarud District.	:	i	614.916	391,469	441,1.12	1,547,507	44,628	29,12,	51,526 01.525,18	}	50,531 32	32,23,0	35,063 118,303	80						A. P.	A. P.	A. P. 0 6 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Ba. A. P. 84,551 12 ;
Ditto ditto (protective works for the town of Chupra.)	N	· i .	5,239	242.7.	3,480	16,017	85 85	515	248	1,144	98	80.8	385	1,680 4 months	,	2	- FII	<b>\$</b>	Close to the work.	. 6	0	•	1,165 6 9
Excutive Engineer, Lower Gunduck Divi- nion.	£1	:	18,199	2,187	7.18.	34,560	1,300		513	2,4.0		F03		2,118°6 mo	montus. 101 to	to 111 to	143 to	145 to	On the work.	1 6	ø	•	• 6 9. 099'l
Magistrate and Collector of Sarua.	ø	:	10 85 85 85	11,338	3,167	888,08	ą		223	1,456			- 010	1,408 2 months.			71   \$11	- · -	Close to the work.	<b>9</b>	0	9	1,488 7 9
Sub-divisional Officer of Eewan.	٦	:	620	1,359	2,073	062.4	&8 	 E		80 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20		133	 	463 2 nonths			14	#	Within 500 yards from the work.	1 0	By courtes	: :	846 10 <b>0</b>
Manager, Court of Wards, Raj Hutwa.	임	:	27,493	38,032	636.58	98,571	1,902	0396	2,191	6,740	68 88 88 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 6	2,084	2,636	1,83,7		81 81		<b>&amp;</b>		r to g	Pice.	, 3° 4° 9°	5,675 2 9
Manager, Chupra	g	:	15,876	14,914	7,472	38,262	1,134	1,065		2,733	1,359	1,949	98 80	3,173	10 to	0 10 to	to 14} to	o 15 to 18	Within 6 miles.	- 3: 0 0	0 "1	0	2,773 4 0
Ton.	:	:	688,644	473,247	197,493	197,423 1.660,001	188'65	84.857 3	35,384 120,12	<u> </u>	\$6,531	38,444 39	39,671 135,079				:						97,511 10 8

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Wonks in the District of Surun during the 14 days, ending Saturday, the 4th April 1874.

		imber of during t		employed s.		ally nuc			Number the	r of porec	na empl de 14 da	oyed oz ys.
	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men,	Women.	Children.	Total,	Non.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Total number of persons	<b>61</b> 4, 946	891,469	441,092	1,447,507	44,628	29, 120	# 31,525	105, 278	50,931	82,809	85,063	118,308
Add for Chupra protection works	5,289	7,248	8,480	16,617	378	<b>518</b>	248	1,144	486	809	385	1,680
Grand Total	620, 285	398,717	444,572	1,463,524	45,006	29,638	31,773	106,417	51,417	33,116	35,448	119,988

J. E. DRUMMOND, Offg. Magistrate-Collector, J. MAY, Captain, Executive Engineer, Sarun District.

Abstract Statement of Mon, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the tristrict of Sarun during the 14 days ending Thursday, the 2nd April 1874.

otal number of Men			•••			18,199
Women	•••		•••			9,187
Children	•••		•••	•••	•••	7,180
			TOTAL	•••	,	34,566
ean daily numi	ber of pers	ous employ	ed during the	14 days-		
Men		•••	•••	•••	•••	1,300
Women ,		•••	•••	•••	•••	657
Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	513
			TOTAL	•••	***	2,470
			10141	•••		<i>~</i> ,
umber of perso	ons employe	ed on the la		·		
umber of perso Men	ons employe	ed on the la		·	•••	963
			st of the 14	days-		963
Men	•••	•••	st of the 14	days— 	•••	963
Men Women	•••	•••	st of the 14	days— 	•••	963 .804
Men Women	•••	•••		days		963 .604 551 2,118
Men Women Children ate of food-gra	•••	•••		days		963 .804 551
Men Women Children ate of food-gra Rice	•••	•••	ast of the 14 o	days		963 .604 .551 2,118
Men Women Children ate of food-gra	in per rupo	 	TOTAL	days	   10	963 .604 .551 2,118 .8eers.

J. E. DRUMMOND, Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children employed on Public Works in the town of Chupra employed by the Magistrate of Sarun, during the 14 days ending Saturday, the 4th April 1814.

Women - Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•	,	810 225
Women -	•••	•••	•••	•••	_	•••	810
MGH							
Men		••		•••		•••	421
Mean daily nur	ober of ners	ons employe	d during the	14 days-	,	-	
		•	TOTAL	•••	,	20	,388
Children	•••	•••	•••	•	•	8	,167
Women		•••	• • •	•••		. 11	,888
Men			•••			b	,883

	Men Women	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	402 796
	Children	••••	•••	•••	•••	•••	210
	•	4	•	Total	•••	•••	1,408
						J. E. i	runnond,
		ı			6		etrate-Collector.
		•			-		•
ct	Statement of A	len, Won	nen and C	kildren emp	Soyed on Pub	lic Works	in the District
			•	•	ay, the 4th	арты 1014	*
	Total number Men	or beasor	is embiosed	during the	14 uaya	•	958
	Women	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,859
	Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,073
					Total	•••	4,390
	• •				41 14 1		-
	Mean daily nu	umber of	_	ployed duri	ng the 14 da	ys-	68
	• Men Women	•••	***	•••	•••	• • •	9 <b>7</b>
	Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	148
	Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	130
				•	Total	•••	313
	Number of pe	rsons em	ployed on t	he last of th	ne 14 days-		
	Men	•••	•••	•••	•••		112
	Women		•••	• • •		•••	133
	Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	218
	•				Total	•••	463
	Rate of food-	rains pe	r rupee				AND THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 1
		junia ju					Seers.
	Rice			•••	•••	•••	101
	Dai ·	•••	• • •	• • •	•••		• 12
	Gram	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	•••	14
	Maize	•••	•••	•••		•••	141
			,			A. C	. Wright,
		J. E. D	ŖUMMOND,				Dirisional Offic
	0		strate-Colle	ctor.			•
	•	y y y •		- · · · ·			

Total number	of pers	ons employed	during the	14 days—		
Men	• • •	•••	•••	••	, •••	27,493
Women	•••	•••	•••			38,032
Children	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	32,959
		•		Total	•••	98,871
Mean daily m	ımber o	of persons em	ployed duri	ing the 14 da	ays	•
Men	•••		•••	•••	•••	1,902
Women	•••	•••		•••	•••	2,620
Children		•••	•••	•••	•••	2,191
		•		Total	•••	6,740
Number of pe	rsons e	mployed on th	e last of t	he 14 days—		
Men		- • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••		2,28%
Women	.0-4-4	•••	•••	•••		2,984
Children		4	•••	•••	•••	2,638
•			•	Total	•••	6,934

		_				Seers
Rice	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	18
Dal	***	• • •	•••	•••		21
Gram		•••	•••		•••	26
Makaee	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	25
•					BHUBUN	ESWUR I
		DRUMMO	<del>-</del>	for	Manage	r, Court
	Opy. Mag					
	•		C.	_		•
Statement of L Sarun,	Men, Wome during the	en and Chi 14 days en	ldren empl ding Satur	oyed on Publi day, the 4th A	c Works pril 187	in the 1 4.
Total number	of persons	cmployed	during the	e 14 days—		
Men	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	15,876
Women		•••	•••	•••	•••	14,914
<b>C</b> hildren	•••	•••	•••	•••		7,472
				711. A. 1		04 040
				Total	•••	34,262
Mean daily ni	unber of n	ersons emi	oloved duri	ing the 14 day	7.S	
Men	p					1,134
Women	"	•••	•••	•••		1,065
Children	••	•••	•••	•••		534
				· <del>-</del>		
				Total	•••	2,738
Number of pe	ersons empl	oyed on th	e last of th	he 14 days—		
Men	•••		••	•••	•••	1,358
Women		•••	•••	•••		1,209
Children	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	603
				Total		3,173
				10141	•••	
	1	Rate of foo	d-grain per	rupee.		•
•		• •	_	_		fa. s. c.
				Rice		0 10 0
Audinore	, Pergunna	h Chirand	. Tank	Dal		0 13 0
Muniporo	, respublic	in Ohiimaa	, ,	··· ) Gram		0 19 0
				( Maize		0 16 8
				Rice		0 12 0
Dhurumr	oora, Perg	unuah Bal	, ditto	∫ Dâl ∫ Crorr		0 12 8
	, 6		-	··· Gram Maize		0 16 0
						0 16 8
				( Rice Dâl		0 10 4 0 12 0
Bal, Perg	gunnah Ba	l, ditt	io .	··· ) Gram		0 12 0
, (	-			. (Maize		0 15 0
				(Rice		0 13 0
			<b>.</b>	TOAL		0 11 12
Siswan, I	Pergunnah	Nurhun,	Emb <b>ankm</b> e	ent   Gram		0 16 0
				(Maize		0 18 0
				(Rice		0 10 8
4 4	-	1 4 1		Dai		0 10 8
Adumpoo	or, Perguni	nan Ander,	lank	··· \Gram		0 16 8
				Maize		0 15 0
		•		Rice		ö ii ö
4	D	L 1D₋1 ″	Jan. 1.	Dâl		0 II 0
, • D		n Bai, 'I	lank	3 Gram		0 17 0
• Rewaree,	, rergunna					
•Rewaree,	rergunna.			(Maize		0 17 0
• Rewaree,	, rergunna •			(Maize (Rice		
		anak Dau-	177-11			
	, Pergunna • oor, Pergu	anah Bara	i, Well	Rice		0 12 8

Chuprah Magistrate's Office, The 6th April 1874. J. E. DRUMMOND,
Offg. Magistrate-Collector of Sarun.

No. 967F, dated Champarun, the 9th April 1874.

From—H. KEAN, Esq., Collector of Champarun, To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative of scarcity and relief for this district for the fortnight ending 4th April.

### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

I propose to deal with each relief sub-division according to its number.

Sub-division No. 1.—This sub-division, which comprises than Motecharce and Adapore, is in charge of W. B. Oldham, Esq., c.s. He reports—"that none of the bazar supplies of the grain usually offered for sale at this time of the year have fallen short, but rice is scarce, while there is still an abundance of maize, and gram is quite equal to the demand." At Segowli (the head-quarters for the present of this sub-division), coarse rice has been selling at 11 seers for the rupee. At Ramgurwa, six miles to the north of Segowli, it was rather dearer. The great annual mela at Adapore (on the Nepaul frontier) had been held during the fortnight, and there Mr. Oldham found that common rice was selling at between 10 and 11 seers.

At Kutkenwa (another frontier outpost) 7 miles east of Adapore, and where the supply had shown signs of running short, the same price (nearly 11 seers for the rupee) obtained, while there was an abundance of maize at nearly 15 seers. The market at Kutkenwa had suddenly lightened within the fortnight, which Mr. Oldham assigns to the excellent rubbee crops existing just north of Kutkenwa in the Nepaul territory, and which had begun to be harvested.

With regard to supplies of grain in the hands of zemindars, &c., Mr. Oldham says:—
"There are indications that the people still have considerable supplies; a large five occurred at Segowli which destroyed 35 houses; only one of these was a grain dealer's, the others belonging to petty tobacconists and shop-keepers. In several of the latter, I found large supplies of maize and oilseeds, and some rice. One tobacconist stated that he had lost 600 maunds of rice. Another indication is the fluctuation in the numbers of the laboring gangs. In checking the relief distribution at Koraiya, a frontier village, reported as the most distressed in this sub-division. I found some persons who had been relieved, and despatched to the relief works lately opened there, in their houses. They explained to me that they did not care to work every day. Again, at Kutkenwa which was also thought to be badly off, on very light task-work being introduced on the relief-works there, the number of laborers fell one day from over 1,300 to 600."

There had been no rain during the fortnight. The crops, with the exception of "cheena," were being harvested; the barley, wheat and dal crops have been and are certainly not less than S annas of an average season. The poppy crop is said to be very fair. The "cheena" was looking poor at present, on account of the west winds, where not irrigated. A large portion, however, had been irrigated from the local streams, and none is irrecoverable if even a little rain would fall. Of the rice lands, i. e., those unfit for any cultivation but rice, fully

two-thirds have been prepared for the next sowings.

Of the condition of the people Mr. Oldham reports very favourably; he says:—"Their condition is very much better than I expected, and they show no signs of sinking. All the gangs employed on the relief works consist of able-bodied people, all of whom are fit to have task-work exacted from them. They still swarm to the works, but show an independence both as regards their choice of sites for working, and when it is attempted to make them give a due return of labor, which is very significant; for instance, I found numbers of persons from villages near to and south of Segowli on Mr. Lethbridge's works at Ramgurwa, while work on the tanks being made here by the Public Works Department is very poorly attended. On the works under me I have been trying to introduce light task-work, that is, to exact at least 1,000 cubic feet from each gang of 50 persons, containing not less than 15 able-bodied men with tools. The result of trying to get only two-thirds of this work from the laborers at Kutkenwa has already been noticed. On introducing it at Sripore, 13 miles north of Motiharee on the road there, the coolies employed struck work altogether."

This description of the condition of the people is very significant and speaks for itself.

Mr. Oldham had only seen two cases of emaciation during his tour through his sub-division.

One was an old Mussulman cultivator who had come into the Ramgurwa poor-house for food. He lived only two miles off and had three beegahs of land, which his son cultivated;

he was himself long past work.

The other case was that of an old Rajpoot in a village about three miles from Ramgurwa factory; his grandchildren were in good condition, and he had two bullocks. He said he had starved himself to give his grandchildren food. He was supplied with a maund of maize and 20 seers of rice.

The spinning relief which Mr. Oldham is introducing will meet these cases.

Just before Mr. Oldham went round his sub-division, charitable relief had been distributed. This no doubt accounts partly for the good condition of the people. The usual number of beggars warmed, Mr. Oldham says, at the Adapore " mela," and they were all in good condition. The mela, however, was not so numerously attended as usual. Of the whole sub-division the northern two-thirds, Mr. Oldham says, is the portion which will

require most attention, and of that tract, the fifty square miles adjoining the Ramnuggur country (i. e., sub-division of Bulthur, which forms a portion of the Ramnuggur relief sub-division) are the worst of. This portion consists almost entirely of only rice soil, and

is, moreover, more thickly populated than the rest of the rice tracts.

*Relief sub-division No. 2.—This subdivision, comprising than Dhaka and Modhubun, is in charge of Mr. S. Kilby. Regarding bazar supplies Mr. Kilby says:—"There is no difficulty experienced in obtaining supplies at any of the bazars; a very small quantity of the new rubbee crop had found its way into the markets, as the cultivators seem very loth to dispose of it." With regard to the prevailing rates of food, Mr. Kilby gives the following table:-

Rice		9	to 10 seers.	Rahar	•••	•••	16 seers per. Re.
Maize	•••	125	to 13 .,	Cheena		• • •	15 "
Barley			13 ,,	Kodo		•••	15 ,,
Wheat	•••	•••	12 ,,	Murwa	•••		15 ,.
Gram	•••	•••	13 .,	Mussur	•••	•••	16 "
Peas		•••	17 ,	Oorid	•••	•••	13 "
Kerao	•••	•••	17 ,,				

There had been no rain, and the prospects therefore of the "cheena" crop (which is not irrigated to any large extent in these thanas), are very bad; indeed, unless rain falls shortly, this crop will be a failure except in low-lying and irrigated lands. Regarding the condition of the people, Mr. Kilby reports that in consequence of the numerous relief works that have been opened out, their condition is satisfactory. No cases of death from starvation have occurred, though some cases of emaciation have been met with. These persons have been regularly fed, and they are now able to work on the roads. Funds have been supplied to each member of the sub-divisional committee, and to the police at Dhaka and Madhubun to enable them to provide gratuitous relief to all who from bodily infirmity cannot be referred to the works. About 80 persons had been thus relieved during the fortnight.

The central portion of this sub-division is stated by Mr. Kilby to be the worst, as it is for the most part a rice-growing country. The "rubbee" was being harvested, and a great portion had been threshed. The outturn, it is estimated, will be about as follows:—In the north of the sub-division (around Ghorashan), a ten-anna crop is expected; about Meerpore not more than a five-anna crop; further south to Seeraha about a four-anna, and in the

neighbourhood of Modhubun and south to the Tirhoot boundary, an eight to ten-anna crop.

Relief sub-division No. 3.—This sub-division, comprising thanas Gobindgunge and Kessuriah, is in charge of Mr. Weekes, C. s. He reports as follows:—

"The state of the crops is again altered for the worse. There is hardly any moisture in the soil, except in some of the lowest lying lands. The indigo does not germinate, or germinates and dies, and the millet is being scorched up." With regard to the rubbee, Mr. Weekes reports that the crops are very much better in the west and north-west of his sub-division than in the north and south-east; the crop is being rapidly harvested, but the produce is in many places indifferent. The "kodo" crop is also said not to have germinated.

The harvesting of the cold-weather crop had caused a lull in the progress of distress.

He is of opinion that the agriculturists will be able to tide over April, and the more fortunate

part of them half through May with the assistance of the cold-weather crop.

In particular tracts, i. c., from Gobindgunge along the Gunduck, past Burhurwa, Serni, and along towards Arrey Ra, the fortunate villagers will be able to last through the whole of May and longer, but it is different, he thinks, with the rest of the division; no confilence can be placed in the millet crop. The two lowest classes (the incapables and the daylaborers) are provided for by the relief works and charitable relief. The royts of all grades are clamotous for loans. If this estimate of the condition of the people is correct, Mr. Weekes should lose no time in organising village-to-village relief, and this I am glad to see he is doing. He says,-

"The relief works reach most of the day-laborers. To ensure the relief of those unable to work, the aged, infirm, and the sick, I have been constantly in tents and on the move, and, with the assistance of the planters, have established a satisfactory system. The principle is to keep the people as much as possible in their villages. The putwaree of each village brings all incapables in his villages to the planters (who are members of the sub-divisional committee and relieving officers of the several circles), and their names, caste, residence, &c., as guaranteed by the putwaree are entered in a register; each putwaree then receives every 7 or 15 days enough rice at \( \frac{1}{2} \) seer per head, to support those who are entered in the register, and residents of his village." This plan, Mr. Weekes says, is unswering very well. Store-houses and centres are being selected, but he does not propose to build many granaries as there are many empty ones, he says, which he intends to fill when the need arises from the main stores, which are situated principally at factories within easy reach of each centre. Mr. Weekes has also used every endeavour to promote cotton-spinning and weaving, and with considerable success. All the putwarees have been directed to extend this kind of relief, and are strictly enjoined to see that each person in want applies for and obtains the mode of assistance best suited to his or her case. Domes have either had separate earth-work assigned to them or been employed in making baskets; this has been

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found necessary, as other people object to work in company with Domes. Mr. Weekes has also pushed on the work of granting land improvement applications as fast as possible, and the pains he has taken has had the desired effect of increasing the number of applicants. The putwaree agency is indented upon largely also in this species of relief, each putwaree having to testify to the quality of the security tendered in every case in which Mr. Weekes does not personally inspect the property, and in each case in which money is advanced inquiries are made into the use to which it has been devoted. Another class of loans had been made through the European planters who have, both in this sub-division and in all the others (where planters reside), taken advances from Government for the assistance (in grain or money) of their ryots. These gentleman, as Mr. Weekes observes (and as has already been frequently brought to the notice of Government), have shown great public spirit and humanity in this and in many other ways.

These loans (for assistance to ryots) have been of great value, reaching (as Mr. Weekes points out), "the main body of the middle class, who are the only large body, and at the same time by far the most important class, who are not reached by other relief measures."

Relief sub-division No. 4 .- (Thanas Bettiah and portion of Lowrya) .- Mr. Samuells reports that the state of the bazars remains as before, and that no scarcity of supplies is The price of rice was reported to have risen about 10 seers at Rutwal, but it was found to be incorrect, and when Government grain was offered for sale it found no purchasers. The people are said to be fully employed in harvesting the rubbee, and in their sugarcane fields. The price of rice had been steady at 10 to 11 seers. No cases of starvation had occurred and no increase in crime.

Relief sub-division No. 5.—(Bugha and portion of Lowrya).—Mr. Howe reports from

this sub-division, as follows:-

" No rain has fallen during the past fortnight, and matters are much the same as when I last wrote. The sale of Government grain has proved a great success, and is much appreciated; it will, I think, have soon to be extended to the east of the sub-division, where supplies, though procurable, are getting scarcer. Rice has been selling during the last fortnight at the following rates:-

Ramnuggur, Government rice through the traders, 11 seers cleaned, 12 seers uncleaned.

Shikarpore, varying from 9 to 10.

Harnatour, 10 seers.

Bughaha, from 9 to  $10\frac{1}{2}$  seers.

"Makai' has and been selling at Ramnuggur at 13 seers, at Shikarpore at 12; it has been procurable in sufficient quantities. In the east, rice (as above stated) had become more scarce, and the sale of grain will soon be necessary; at Harnatour (north-west) on the other hand, it had become more plentiful." This Mr. Howe attributes to the fact of sufficient advances having been given. The Jharoos are more or less independent, and the demand being less, the owners of grain stores are more anxious to sell, perhaps, because they fear that Government rice may be brought to the market.

With regard to the general condition of the people, Mr. Howe reports—" Generally speaking, our relief measures have very beneficially affected the condition of the people. During the fortnight the daily average receiving support by working on the roads was over 9,000 during the first, and over 12,000 during the second week, and the total number employed was 143,000. Large advances (vide heading E) have been made to Assamees, and though the condition of the latter in some part of the sub-divison is still far from satisfactory, there can be no doubt that the advances already made have saved the Assamee population from starvation. The sale of Government grain, by bringing ample supplies into the most distressed parts at cheaper rates, has greatly diminished the general distress, and restored the confidence of the people, whose condition by these measures has been assimilated to that of ordinary years." There had been no cases of starvation, nor had grain-thefts occurred, and fires had been much fewer, and all were accidental. Speaking of special tracts, Mr. Howe says—"In Tuppah Butsura I have been able to obtain, through the European members of the sub-committee, accurate statistics of the 'cheena' and rubbee crops. The area under cultivation was as follows :-

> Cheena .. 347 beeghas. Rubbec

" Owing to insufficiency of rain the outturn has not been good. As mentioned in my last narrative, the manufacture of sugarcane gives employment and support to many, and the worst time for the tuppah will be when this employment ceases. The arrangements for meeting distress are, however, fully advanced, so that we are prepared for the worst.'

"In the Ramnuggur tract, and generally, throughout the east and south, there has been

no "rubbee" to speak of.

"In Ramnuggur and the south, the people now, in some form or other, depend almost entirely on indirect Government help; while in the east we are rapidly coming to this condition. By this, I mean that in the former tract trade has failed to bring in supplies, and that but for the sale of Government rice there would be great scarcity and suffering; secondly, that the Assamees depend for food-supplies on advances made, and to be made, by Government; and thirdly, that our works keep alive a large portion of the population. But the number of persons who receive direct gratuitous aid from Government is comparatively trifling. In the east, food is gradually becoming scarcer, and as soon as the necessity of selling Government grain becomes inevitable the measure will be adopted.

## B.—Relief Works.

The following is a list of the relief works, and the number of persons employed:-

The following is			ivision			9. 1.0	····	any our .
Roads		וני-מטנו	IVISION	-	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Motiharee static	•				,579	8,205	2,422	20,206
Segowlee to Raj	oul				,965	13,142	11,451	48,558
Ramgurwah to					,954	4,448	3,470	19,872
Adapore to Kut					,485	5,306	3,324	13,115
Kut Kenwa to I					,081	9,125	3,507	20,716
Narkatya to Go		•••			,020	880	592	2,492
		Tota	վ	. 59	,087	41,106	24,766	124,959
Tanks	•			•		<del>•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••</del>		•
Ramgurwa		•••	••	•			received.	
Sakrar	•••	• • •	• •		EAG		Pitto	11.003
Pursutampore Narkatya	•••	•••	••		,506 921	4,828 1,783	2,928 777	11,262 3,481
•		Total			, 427	6,611	3,705	14,743
	•	Iotai	•	. 4	, T. /	0,011	0,100	14,149
		Sur-D	IVISION	No.	2.			
	Name of work.						Number of people	i
	to Nepaul						employed. <b>2,</b> 562	
	h to Suraha						31,724	
	to Parcywa		•••			• • •	•	
	to Belwagh					• • •	•	
	arce to Dha		• • •		•••	• • •	21,168	
	to Pudumk		• • •		•••	• • •		
	shan to Kut		• • •		•••	• • •	,	
	wa to Tilhar	a			• • •	• • •		
	wa to Pakri		• • •		• • •	•••	•	
	to Buraor		• • • •		• • •	•••	, -	
	to Etwaghat		•••		• • •	• • •		
	ubunghat to		• • •		• • •	• • •	,	
	na to Modhu		• • •		• • •	• • •	, .	
	haghat to M		• • •		• • •	• • •	., .	
• •	ore to Simr	agnat	• •		•••	•••	6,720	
Tanks-								
Nusro		• •			• • •	¢		
Surata		••	• • •		• • •	• • •	• ,	
Banda		••				• • •	- ,	
Dhaka		••	• • •		• • •	• • •	,	
. Purson		••	•••		• • •	• • •	• • • •	
Mudw		••	•••		• • •	• • •	.,	
Kahai	gawah .	••	•••		•••	• •	. 22,271	
			Tot	al	•••	••	<b>2</b> 61,794	

The returns for Sub-division No. 3 are so imperfect that they cannot be given in detail, but the approximate number of men, women, and children employed on the works in that sub-division during the fortnight were— .

Men. 18,951		omen. ,37 l		ildren. ,595	Total. 48,917	
	· s	ub-Divisi	on No. 4.		•	
Name of work.			Men.	Women,	<ul> <li>Children.</li> </ul>	Total.
Bettiah to Gobindgunge	•••		25,230	26,230	14,434	65,894
Bettiah to Tangraghat	,		18,945	23,436	6,335	48,716
Lalseryah to Bettiah			17,787	15,083	8,686	41,556
Dhokraha to Pursa			2,893	5,416	1,543	9,852
Lawriah to Bettiah			5,414	2,680	1,125	9,219
Lawriah to Rugha	•		1,449	728	204	2,381
	Total	•••	71,718	73,573	32,327	177,618

•	· Sub	-Divisi	on No. 5.			
Name of work.			Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Ramnuggur to Bugha			8,021	8,785	3,227	20,033
Ditto to Shaeya	•		18,293	21,605	1,097	43,995
Ditto to Chankee			12,028	14,695	2,903	29,726
Shikarpore to Lawriah			1,503	1,618	701	3,822
Ditto to Bulthur			2,823	3,514	1,045	7,412
Bettiah to Bhoura			900	812	190	2,232
Bugha to Harnatur	•••		2,259	3,890	1,394	7,513
Harnatur to Tirbeni	••		1,318	3,811	1,710	6,872
	Total		47,661	60,337	15,826	123,824
Lower Gunduck Emb	oankment .		79,189	406	810	80,435

Therefore, the grand total number employed is 832,290 and the daily average is -- 59,449

18,000 Upper Gunduck Embankment

77,449

Regarding circle No. 1, Mr. Oldham writes :-

"There is a full supply of food in the neighbourhood of all the works, except at Ramgurwa, where temporarily grain payments are being made. At some of the works, where the men were getting only 4 pice on the task-work system, whin the 6 pice rate was started, they refused to work, saying that they preferred the 4 pice without the measurement."

All the laborers, Mr. Oldham says, are in a fit state for task-work to be rigorously exacted, and, indeed, for the able-bodied to be turned away and drafted to the Public Works Department works.

To prevent the task-work system pressing too hard, an invalid gang has been started at each work, to be composed purely of persons who are untit for task-work. Experiments in spinning relief on a small scale have been made, and were eminently successful. Cotton was given to some 30 persons only, all of whom gladly received it, and have spun it into very fair thread, and accounted for it strictly. Unfortunately, cotton is not procurable in any large quantities, and Mr. Oldham has therefore written to Gazeepore for some.

Mr. Kilby also reports that in circle No. 2 food is procurable near all the works, and that no complaints had been made to him on that score. Wages are distributed daily. The work-people bring their own tools, and higher wages are given to men who bring their own kodalis, viz., 9 pice (1½ anna). Mr. Kilby has started the 'cowri khep' system, and finds that it works admirably. The maximum wage of 9 pice is given only to men who perform a full day's work, 7 to 8 pice being given to others. The Public Works Department has lately taken charge of most of the relief works in this sub-division, and much credit is due to Mr. Eckstein, the Assistant Engineer, for the trouble he has taken to break up the gangs, which were getting unwieldy and putting matters altogether on a better footing. He has commenced several tanks, and has introduced the petty contract system, und r which men with kodalis get on an average 2 annas a day, and others 6 or 7 pice. Baboo Durgapersad, of Modhubun, a wealthy landed proprietor, is constructing a road from Modhubun to Kodudporeghat, for the relief of his ryots.

In circle No. 3 Mr. Weekes has several tanks in progress, and he also has tried the "cowri khep" system with success. Mr. Weekes has been working hitherto without assistance from the Public Works Department. Mr. Arnot, who has lately joined the district, has now, however, been deputed by the Executive Engineer to the charge of the works in this circle.

Sub-Division No. 4-In this circle, Mr. Samuells has also been working without assist-

ance, except from the planters. The district has now been divided into East and West Champaran, and an Executive Engineer and staff* of officers placed in charge of each division. It will now be possible to systematise matters, and put the whole of the relief works on a more satisfactory footing.

Some of these officers have been deputed to Mr. Howe's circle also. The daily average in this sub-division, No. 5, has reached 12,000 or 3,000 more than in the previous week. "People of all classes," Mr. Howe says, "flock to the roads and tanks, the poorer among the cultivating classes coming in very large numbers. The roads which attract most

and tanks, the poorer among the cultivating classes coming in very large numbers. The roads which attract most laborers are those around Ramnuggur, in which tract distress has been more severe than in any other part of the sub-division. The health of the laborers is good, and a marked improvement in their condition is perceptible. They have now had regular employment and good pay for some months, while food has become plentiful and comparatively cheap since Government rice has been sold to the public. These causes have had the effect of considerably improving the condition of the laboring classes, and of all who come to the reliet works,

there are, however, of course a large number still who, from weakness, are unable to perform a full day's work." "" On the three roads branching from Ramnuggur, traders who purchase "On the three roads branching from Ramnuggur, traders who purchase rice from Government retail it to the workmen at 11 seers. In the east and west portions of the sub-division, where the system of selling rice to the public has not yet been introduced, sales to our workmen under rule A continue At Harnatur and Bughaha the rate is 10 seers. The Executive Engineer. Upper Gunduck embankment, reports that rice was less plentiful than before, and was selling at 9 seers per rupee. The laborers are still purchasing maize and other grains at 12 seers and 13 seers. The Government sale had been very small. He states that the Burmah rice is not liked, and that a good deal of paddy is mixed with the rice.

About half of the earth-work has been finished. He complains of the inefficiency of the sub-overseers, and states that as portions of the embankment are finished, the coolies working thereon return to their villages, and are seldom persuaded to go further on for work. Out of the total assignment of grain, 150,000 maunds, 128,000 had been stored. The daily average of persons employed was 18,743.

### C.—Transport of Grain.

The contract for the transport of grain is working most statisfactorily, even more than the stipulated amount having been conveyed per week into the district. The contractors complain that grain is not delivered to them fast enough at Bunkurghat. The route through Sarun to Gobindgunge is in full working order.

### D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

The construction of storage golahs is still going on. The following is the amount actually stored on the 3rd April:-

•		mrus.		
In the Ramnuggur tract	• •	168,543 )	Includes ambandance	
In the Bettiah sub-division		175,457	Includes embaukment	
In the Sudder district	• •	153,247)	gram.	

### E.—Advances to Private Persons.

The following sums were advanced during the fortnight:—

									$\mathbf{Rs.}$
I.	For storag	c of gr	ain .	•					Nil
11.	For assista	mee of	ryots						7,500
, III.	For land in	mprove	ment		• •				2,315
The tot	al amount e	xpende	d up to	date u	nder the	ese thre	e h <b>c</b> ads	s has b	een
									, Rs.
I.		• •							1,32,060
II.	• •					• •	• •	• •	1,33,726
111									99 507

## F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

SUB-DIVISION No. 1.—Mr. Oldham reports as follows, regarding this heading—"The arrangements for charitable relief are completed. I have now the following members in my sub-committee, and shall have added to their number within the next fortnight :-

Mr. R. Lethbridge, Ramgurwah factory.

Thorp, Huroliah.
Captain F. Knowles, Commanding 2nd B. C., Segowlie.

Mr. A. Edwards, Motiharce.

W. F. Gibbon, Tirkowleah."

Mr. Oldham has also two sub-committees under him. He say: "Mr. Lethbridge's assistance is invaluable. He has undertaken, and is actually looking after, the whole of the tract in farm to his factory, which embraces a great part of that which will require most attention. There is a poor-house and cospital at Ramgurwah, both of which are being enlarged under Mr. Lethbridge's supervision. I found that he had started the ticket system as followed in Orissa, and up to date tickets for grain have been issued from his centre to 320 persons. The two inspectors under me have now visited almost every village in the sub-division, and distributed money relief as they went, as have also done the Sub-Deputy Collector, Baboo Jugeshwar Singh, and Moonshee Durbari Lal. These distributions, with Mr. Lethbridge's arrangements, have fully alleviated all present distress, and left time for the grain-ticket system, which has now been started in all but the south-west portion of the sub-division, to come into operation. The inspectors have also convened and established 'punchayats' in all the villages visited by them, to whom they have made over the sums for the maintenance of the persons charitably relieved, and, on checking the visitations, I have found that the 'punchayats' had acted very well, nor did I hear a single complaint against any of them."
SUB-DIVISION No. 2.—Mr. Kilby writes—"The sub-division is being divided into ten

circles, each containing 40 villages; a member of the sub-divisional committee will be placed in charge of each circle, having an inspector and 3 sub-inspectors under him; each sub-

inspector will be put in charge of 15 villages.

In this way Mr. Kilby proposes to account for the whole of his sub-division, each portion being placed under the charge of some responsible person, and each village provided for. This scheme differs from the system adopted by Messrs. Oldham and Weekes in the 2nd division, and Messrs. Samuells and Howe in the Bettiah division. In that the sub-agency to be employed is paid, and will be somewhat costly, but it has its own advantages. One of the members. Mr. Macuncen, has started the system in 900 millions.

member, is making arrangements for his circle, and Mr. Kilby has commenced the scheme in 60 villages. These three circles comprise the worst portions of the sub-division, and the other circles will shortly, Mr. Kilby reports, be in working order. Mr. Kilby states that he is almost swamped with applications for loans, which, although not really required in most cases, necessitate enquiry in all; arrangements are being made to provide Mr. Kilby with assistance. A hospital has been erected at Pakree, but the health of the people is so good that there have been no admissions. A village-to-village enquiry has been, and is being made by Mr. Kilby and his inspectors; those who are incapable of working, receive gratuitous relief from the members of the sub-divisional committee, and in a few instances funds have been supplied to the village punchayats for distribution.

The measures adopted for charitable relief in sub-division No. 3 have already been notified in this report. In sub-division No. 4 (as reported in a former narrative for the fortnight ending the 21st February), Mr. Samuells has divided his jurisdiction into eight relief centres, each centre being placed in charge of some responsible person. The agency employed is altogether unpaid. Poor-houses have been opened at Rutwal and Bettiah, and about 4,000 persons receive charitable relief daily throughout the sub-division.

Sub-division No. 5.—Regarding the arrangements in this sub-division, Mr. Howe writes: "The questions of the most pressing importance are, first, to provide the 'Assamce' population with sufficient good grain; secondly, to provide them with, or to enable them to obtain, seed grain. Almost the entire population of the sub-division is agricultural, and the proportion of the cultivating class that comes to our works is small, though the actual numbers are large. The remainder now depend almost entirely on the advances they have received either from their zemindars or from Government, nor have they anything except advances to look forward to until the next rice crop is reaped. The best of them are poor and in debt, and it is from this fact that the question of advances becomes so difficult. On the one hand, unless advances are immediately made on a large scale, the 'Assamee' population will be reduced to starvation; while, on the other hand, there is the risk that, unless great care is taken in investigating each case, the security will be insufficient. To make advances too readily (except in the comparatively small class of cases coming under Rule F), tends to demoralise the people, and renders them reckless in getting still further into debt. The difficulty is to combine sufficient promptness with sufficient caution, and to make a searching investigation without thereby losing the right moment for action." Mr. Howe has submitted a scheme which has been sanctioned, and on which he has been acting. The following is an outline of this: a register (mouzahwar) is prepared in each tuppah, in which the amount required approximately for each village is entered. This register is prepared in the first instance by the inspector of the circle, assisted, where possible, by any influential member of the committee resident in the tuppah. It is then carefully tested by the officer in charge of the circle, who can alter (increase or lessen) the total amount fixed in round numbers. As soon as this has been done, a certain quantity of grain is sent to each village, where it is kept in charge of the headmen of the village, from whom due security for its safe custody is taken. The class of cases requiring most immediate relief, i.c., "Assamees," coming under Rule F (which fortunately are comparatively few), will then be taken up and disposed of summarily. These men can be readily found, as there are but few in each village. The object of sending grain to each village, Mr. Howe explains, is—"first to give confidence, for experience shows that the mere presence of grain in a village (if the object of its being brought is known) has this effect; secondly, to enable the advances under Rule F to be made at once. The summary inquiry preceding distribution under Rule F will be carried on simultaneously, and, having once decided to whom to give under this rule, there is nothing like immediate action, which of course can only be taken if the grain is ready. Thirdly, because now is the best time for carrying grain throughout the interior, and we should therefore avail ourselves of it. Having provided every village with an amount of grain which, approximately, will suffice for advances, and having relieved the worst cases under Rule F, a register in the following form will be prepared and carefully tested by circle inspectors and officers in charge of circles:—

When this return has been carefully tested, the zemindar will be called upon either to make the advance or to go security, Government making the tuccavee distribution. If he declines, the best security available will be taken, and the procedure laid down in Circular No. 1088 of 25th February will be followed, i. e., the zemindar will be warned that Government reserves the right to recover the advance by legislation or otherwise. There are numerous landholders, jaghirdars, aritdars, &c., whose security will be sufficient. The other landholders in the sub-division are the Rajahs of Bettiah and Ramnuggur. Mr. Howe has addressed Mr. Gibbon, the manager of the estates belonging to the former, and he will no doubt afford his cordial co-operation. Under the Rajah of Ramnuggur's security Mr. Howe has advanced 5,094 maunds, and Colonel Boulderson about 4,000. There are numerous villages, he reports, not belonging to the Rajah, where advances have to be made direct to Assamces, and where the procedure under Circular 1088 of 25th February will have to be followed. The tuppahs in the south belonging to the Rajah of Bettiah also require attention, the advances made by Mr. Gibbon being either incomplete, or having proved insufficient. Mr. Gibbon has been addressed on this subject, with regard to the very important question of providing seed-grain to the Assamees. Mr. Howe promises to submit a report as soon as he has completed some further inquiries he is making. There is very little seed-grain, he says, in his sub-division, and he fears that it will be withheld in order that high prices may be obtained. Under the special head of charitable relief, Mr. Howe writes:—"The sub-division has been divided into four large circles with 11 sub-circles (corresponding with tuppalts), in each of which there is a sub-inspector who prepares and tests the register of those unable from weakness to work. The poor-houses at Ramnuggur and Bagaha are in full working order. The principal feature in the charitable relief scheme is the village-to-village relief system (Rule 4); about 1,400 poor are supported each day. Colonel Boulderson manages the circle in the east (Balthur), with five sub-circles; Mr. Joakim is at Hurnataur, where a similar system is in force; while I manage the Ramnuggur circle with four sub-circles. The Bagaha sub-committee supervises tuppah Butsorah and the poor-house at Bagaha. In this way every part of the sub-division has proper supervision, and the rules are being carried into practical effect. The congregation of large masses at any place is avoided, while no case of distress can occur without being brought to notice and relieved.

### G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

Rs. A. P.

Total expenditure from the treasuries, as shown in t	he last narrati			0.05.331		
of which were therein gi	ven		• • •	9,67,221	15	9
•	luring the fortn	ight under	report.			
On relief works—	A11 \			40.000	Δ	
Executive Engineer (East		• • •	•••	46,302 203	0	()
Ditto (West	ditto)	•••	•••	800	0	0
CULL	•••	•••	•••	5,000	0	Ö
Lathbuidee	•••	•••	•••	• 5,000	Ö	Ű
" Edwards (Poornabia)		•••	•••	5,000	Ü	0
" Begg		•		5,000	0	0
" Shaw (Rajpore)		•••		100	0	()
Baboo Jogessur Sing, sub-	deputy	•		3,000	0	0
F. F. Overseer	•••			2,000	0	()
Assistant Magistrate of Po	ettiah			20,000	0	O
Establishment	•••	• • •		60	0	()
		Total		92,461	0	0
On charitable relief—						
Dr. Pullen				200	0	0
Assistant Magistrate	•	•••		6,000	ő	Ö
Mr. Howe		• •	•••	6,000	Ü	Ö
Establishment		•		195	G	0
		Total		12,395	6	o i
On transporting arrangements						
Mr. Lethbridge		•••		13,281	4	0
"Gibbon		•••		1,54,697	ន	6
		Total	ιŭ	1,67,978	7	6

Baboo Jogessur Singh, "Woodit Singh	Constructi sub-deputy	on of gola	h.	•••	Rs. 200 218	A. 0 5	P. 0 0
		To	tal	•••	• <b>4</b> 18	5	0
Advances to trustw	orthu residen	ts for assis	tance o	f ru	ta.		
Shewtobul Lall				•••	1,500	0	0
Mr. Carter, agent of M	lunoo Tewary	's estate		•••	1,000	Ŏ	Ō
" Macleod (Piprah)	•••	•••		••	5,000	0	Ö
		To	tal		7,500	- <u>-</u>	0
				•••	.,	•	•
For land improvement On staging bungalows—	•••	•••		•••	2,315	0	0
Executive Engineer					2,500	<b>T</b> 0	0
On telegraph office		•••			•	11	ŏ
9							
Total expenditure inclu	ding advance	s during f	ortnigh	t	2,85,782	2	6
	_						
Grand Tot	al to end of f	ortnight		•••	12,53,004	2	3
	<i>~</i> ·	<b>n</b> .					
DACOITY-	Crime	Return.					
	Month of Mar	ch 1879	•				. 1
$(\text{Headings } 30, 31, \text{Part I}) \neq 0$					•••	••	Ō
(Itelatings out, or, I life I)	Ditto	ditto	1874		•••	• • •	Ŏ
Robbery-		4,,,,,	2012		•••		
( )	Month of Ma	rch 1872	•••		• • •		. 0
(Headings 32, 33, Part I) $\left. \left\{ \right. \right. \right.$	Ditto	ditto	1873		•••		. 0
, (	Ditto	ditto	1874		•••	. •	. 0
THEFT-							•
()	Ionth of Mar		•••		•••		. 29
(Heading 43, Part I)		ditto	1873		• • •	••	. 28
	Ditto	ditto .	1874		• • •	••	. 6 <b>5</b>
House-trespass—	<i>.</i>						٥-
(II 14 of oc B (I)	Ionth of Mar		1080		• • •	••	. 25
(Headings 35, 36, Part I)	Ditto	ditto	1873		• • •	• •	. 38
	Ditto	ditto	1874		• • •	• •	. 25
	Ionth of Man		1070		• • •	• •	. 55
Total }	Ditto	ditto	1873		•••	• • •	
C	Ditto	ditto	1874		•••	•••	
					1		Cean, Collector.

## RESOLUTION. SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 14th April 1874.

READ-

The district narratives of the Bhagulpore division for the fortnight ending on the 4th April. ..

RESOLUTION.—Monghyr.—The supplies in the bazars of the Monghyr district appear to be sufficient, and all who have money can get food; prices, except in Buktiarpore, are nowhere below 11 seers per rupee. The condition of the people generally is unchanged. Village-to-village visitation is going on in the worst tracts, and the people are found to be generally in good case, except in Buktiarpore, where the relieving officer had, at his village visitations, to deal out grain to 350 persons. It is reported that no deaths have occurred from actual starvation; at the same time it is said, that on a road near Buktiarpore was found the body of an old traveller who must have suffered from want.

2. Relief work can, it is said, be had by all who want it, yet the numbers so relieved are not large, viz.—

		Total	•••	8,174
On works executed from advances	•••	•••	•••	1,103
Commissioner of Wards' works		•••	•••	4,000
On Government relief works ,	• • •	•••	•••	3,071
e, viz				

It is explained, however, that the people have not yet come back from their work in the harvest fields. The Magistrate-Collector and the Commissioner must be careful to watch the rubbee country, wherein a considerable quantity of Government grain is already stored, so that they may be able to declare, as soon as possible, how much of the grain may be held as reserve, available for the wants of more necessitous tracts.

3. The Lieutenant-Governor agrees for the most part in the views expressed by Mr. Lockwood, in regard to making advances for purchase and storage of grain; he believes that Collectors and their subordinates exercise an intelligent discretion in the matter. And that being so, public money will go further in advances for purchase of grain, and in advances for land improvements than it could do in any other shape. It is satisfactory to learn that in all cases of advances to ryots, the Monghyr authorities have been able to employ the services. and get the security of superior landholders. At the same time it must be remembered, that where ryots are really in need, advances of grain should by no means be withheld merely because the superior landholders will not come forward to share the responsibility. On this particular point the Lieutenant-Governor does not at all follow the view of the Collector. It ought to be possible to afford some aid to distressed ryots, to sustain life till the new crop shall come in, without causing the abuses and demoralisation which the Collector seems to apprehend.

3,459 maunds of grain have been sold to the public, and about 20 maunds to work-1,367 persons are daily in receipt of relief; and the relief officer in the worst part pcople. is sending grain to distressed villages, and distributing it through the local village agency in

a manner which seems to be successful.

5. Bhagulpore,—Though the spring harvests have been decidedly good, yet prices have not fallen in Soopole and Muddehpoorah. Nothing is said of the condition of the cheena crop, of which the breadth is said to be beyond anything known in previous years. No ascertained cases of famine-death are reported, except that of an infant of thirteen months. The numbers employed on relief works have risen greatly during the fortnight, and are now-

On Government relief work On Soopole works, under the Court of Wards	•••	8,300 25,435
	Total	33,735

The number employed on private works seems to be less considerable than in Monghyr.

6. The transport of Government grain has gone on very satisfactorily and efficiently, except that the supply delivered at the railway stations, was for some days less than the transport contractor required. Four lakes of maunds of Government grain were stored in North Bhagulpore before the end of March. 157 maunds was sold to relief laborers, and 340 maunds to the public. The sales to the public appear to have operated satisfactorily, and not to have stopped such private trade as there was. Sales to the public are now beginning at three other places in North Bhagulpore. 1,633 people are in daily receipt of charitable relief; many of the applicants are people from Tirhoot. Registers of people for house-to-house relief are being completed. Zemindars have taken considerable advances for helping their ryots; but it has not been necessary to make direct advances to ryots on any considerable scale.

Purneah.—The supply of grain in the bazars would seem to be fuller than at the time of last Narrative. The Lieutenant-Governor approves Mr. Kemble's action in stopping sales to the public at Dengraghat, when he saw that local traders were coming forward to sell; still we need not regret that sales were temporarily begun, seeing how very low the supply in the bazars at one time fell. On the whole, the condition of the people seems certainly not to have grown worse during the fortnight, and the information obtained regarding

the possession and importation of seed-grain by the Purneah ryots is satisfactory.

8. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks that there is much merit in the plan described by the Collector of advancing grain to village communities, on the collective security of the

community; and this method will be suggested for consideration in other districts.

9. The number of people on the relief works has risen greatly during the fortnight, the daily average being now 17,250. Government grain is being sold at 12 out of 16 of the larger relief works; but the quantities as yet taken are not large. The transport operations in Purneah are well forward. The charitable relief arrangements appear to be working well, and the circle officers are carrying out the rules intelligently. The average number of people in receipt of this form of relief is 2,178 daily.

10. The Sonthal Pergunnah's Narrative has not yet (10th April) been received.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, C. BERNARD, Offg. Secy. to the Gort. of Bengal.

### No. 2374 S.-R.

Cory, with copies of the district narratives, forwarded to the Commissioners of Patna, Bhagulpore, Rajshaye; to the Relief Commissioners, Dinagepore, and Durbhunga, and to the Magistrate-Collectors of Monghyr, Bhagulpore, Purneuh, and the Southal Pergunnahs. The attention of Commissioners is invited to paragraph 8 of the present orders regarding the advisability of making advances to ryots on the collective security of the village community.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. BERNARD, Offg. Secy. to the Gort. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, The 14th April 1874.

P. S.—The Sonthal Pergunnahs' Narrative has now (13th April) been received. The Lieutenant-Governor is glad to find that Mr. Boxwell has visited the neighbourhood of which the Reverend Missionaries reported so badly, and has found the people all in very good condition, though there is cause for fearing much scarcity and distress a month hence. The works which have been at once opened, and the Government grain which is being carried into the district should enable the Magistrate fully to relieve distress, and to give advances of food to carry ryots through the rainy season. The goodness of the mowah crop will greatly help the people. The great rise in the numbers of the work-people, who now amount to 26,869, would seem to show that the people had been much in want of work. There seems as yet to be no need for charitable relief in the Sonthal Pergunnahs; but the Deputy Commissioner will have to arrange by what means he will make advances of grain to ryots such as he adverts to at paragraphs 30 and 31 of his Narrative. Happily the village organisation in the Sonthal Pergunnahs is very well preserved, and the Government officers will be able to work through village headmen, as well as through zemindars.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief of the District of Monghyr for the fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

The bazars generally continue to be well supplied, and the price of grain remains almost stationary. The rubbee grain has not yet come into the market in large quantities, but when it does come in, I do not anticipate much change. Rice is selling from 10 to 12 seers per rupee, gram and peas from 17 to 18, and wheat from 15 to 16 seers per rupee. The deficiency in the Buckteerpoor market, however, continues, and had it not been for the prompt measures taken in opening the Government golas, there would have probably now been a famine in that part of the district; as it is, about 2,000 maunds of grain have been disposed of, and Mr. Manson, the Relief Superintendent, anticipates that all our stores there will be readily purchased before the next rice harvest. Mr. Manson with the zemindars calculates that the rubbee grain cut in those parts will only feed the people for a fortnight; but as I have been over a good deal of that part of the country myself I consider that this estimate is understated. I calculate that the rubbee now cut should supply the Buckteerpoor market for at least two months, particularly as high local prices and scanty carriage will, I hope, induce the owners to sell what they have in the pergunnah instead of exporting it as is generally done in favorable years.

In consultation with Relief Superintendents, I am of opinion that during the fortnight the condition of the people has not materially changed. The poorer classes have not yet returned in any considerable numbers from the rubbee cutting, but the harvest will not last much longer, and the miserable hovels of the low-caste people found in every village will soon be occupied again. I have made inquiries from every one likely to give me information on the subject, and it appears that each person employed as a labourer in cutting the crops, on an average, will bring home about a maund of grain, so that these persons, numbering probably 600,000, will have at least a month's supply to go on with. In leed, if all goes well with the crops remaining to be gathered during the year, the poorer classes will probably look back on the past time between the rice and the rubbee harvest as the most trying period of the year. The mowah prospects are excellent. Mr. Roberts at Khurrukpore agrees with me in putting it down as a 16-anna crop, and the mango prospects, although not so good as at first anticipated, promise fairly. On the whole, the cheena is looking well, but the Indian-corn sown after the February rain looks poor, except where it has been freely irrigated. The early maize will not have any perceptible influence on the price of grain as it is too limited in extent. Mr. Currie, Mr. Baillie, Mr. Money, and their assistant Shah Abdool Hossein, express anxiety for the next three months; but I think the gigantic efforts which have been taken to give relief wherever necessary should remove all real anxiety as to the future, supposing that prices return to their normal state after the next general harvest. There has fortunately been no rain during the fortnight, and the district has reaped a good rubbee crop under very favorable circumstances. Khalians with piles of grain are now to be seen all over the rubbee country, and the samples of corn, barley, gram, and rahur which I have examined have been excellent; even the oats, which in most years are little better than wild oats, have some little amount of grain within the husk.

I have lately sent to the Asiatic Society Museum in Calcutta specimens of 27 kinds of jungle roots and seeds which are largely consumed by the poor people in this district. They were collected by Major Waller during his recent cold-weather tour of police inspection. The native names and manner of cooking them are described, and Major Waller has also recorded his opinion regarding their flavor and general advantages as food. Some of them appear to be highly poisonous unless carefully prepared, and I hope that some one sufficiently learned in botany may be able to indentify them.

Mr. Roberts, the Assistant Manager at Karakpore, continues to report favourably on the Durbhunga estate at Khurrukpore. He has issued notices inviting persons to apply to him for bond fide tuccavi advances, and on any local distress being reported he at once goes to the place, and if necessary affords work or gratuitous relief. In all the other Court of Wards' estates and Government estates labour is being provided whenever necessary, but fortunately these are nearly all favorably situated, and require very little assistance. A report just received

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from Mr. Currie shows that since the 1st of April, Mr. Wight, Superintendent, Luckhiserai, and his assistant Nowab Willayet Hossein, have visited 44 villages, and that although relief has been given without stint, the total amount given is small. Regarding the country north of Luckhiserai Mr. Currie writes—"The people say they are provided for the next month or six weeks, and here about the Mushurs, &c., who have returned from the rubbee harvest, say with perfectly happy faces that they have grain for 10 days. They take no thought for the morrow of the 10th day. The sickly smell of mowah is strong round their villages, and that will support them a few days more. I should not be surprised if in a fortnight or three weeks, we had distress rather bad; the mowah and mango crops may help to eke out a living, but I cannot think they will support the people altogether. For myself I do not know how the people live, yet with the exception of one or two in every village, and six or seven in the large villages, they seem plump and happy.

"I was at Owri on the 1st and found the place in a bad way; the ground looks as if it

"I was at Owri on the 1st and found the place in a bad way; the ground looks as if it had been fallow; not a grain was got from 1,072 beegahs either of paddy or rubbee. Large tuccavee advances are being taken by the zemindars, but the place is cursed with the bane of

this country,—numerous owners of minute shares.

"I have sent grain to the putwari for distribution to some people whose names were taken down."

From the tenor of all the reports received by me, as well as from my own observations, the condition of the district may be stated as follows:—

All who have money to purchase it can get as much grain as they want. The owners of the rubbee grain are well off, and happy in consequence of the high prices. The ryots on the Jumooee rice-country, and those to the north Furkya towards Buckteerpoor, as well as the entire purchy labouring population are hard pressed for food, in consequence of high prices. But work can be got by all who require it, and actual distress is being relieved by the Government officers wherever they find it.

### B.—Relief Works.

Since the commencement of distress in this district, I have done my best to persuade the zemindars and ticcadars to come forward and provide work or money for their ryots wherever necessary. Most of the zemindars have come to me and given an account of what they are doing and intend to do. I have given advances to all who appear to require them under the law for the improvement of estates, and these advances, already amounting to Rs. 40,000, have certainly taken away a good many laborers from our works. As I have remarked in former narratives, I have been particularly anxious to encourage irrigation works in the distressed parts of the Jumooee sub-division, because since November I have visited nearly every village there, and in each have found signs of departed prosperity in immense silted-up tanks, probably two or three hundred years old, most of which were dry even before the end of the year. I calculate that the money now advanced in this district will give employment on irrigation works to nearly 10,000 people until the rains set in. This and considerable tuccavée advances should do a great deal of good and take off pressure from our relief works.

No Government roads other than those already in hand have been commenced during the

No Government roads other than those already in hand have been commenced during the fortnight, but I have submitted to the Commissioner a map showing 17 villages where if necessary most useful tanks can be dug out under the Public Works Department, and 41 villages where light labor tanks may be dug out under superintendents of circles. These tanks will afford labor to 150,000 persons for two months if necessary. The 300,000 persons lately employed in the poppy fields have not much to do at present, but the six lacs of rupees distributed amongst them by the opium agent should keep them from starving until they can get labor elsewhere either gathering mowah or ploughing their fields as they will do after the first good fall of rain.

The rubbee harvest is drawing to a close, but immense numbers of persons are still in the fields or at the threshing floors, and I hope they may find employment there for a week or two

longer.

The zemindars have not got into the groove yet for submitting returns of laborers punctually, but I find that the following number of persons are employed either in wards' estates or in estates where relief works have commenced by Government advances:—

			Men.	Women.	Children.
Kamasi	 • • •	•••	41	21	9
Lakhochuck	 		38	29	0
$\mathbf{Kewl}\dots$	 		75	63	0
Damodurpur	 		· 15	13	0
Kharagwara	 •	•	23	22	0
Sondhi	 	<b>•</b>	64	25.	0
Phulwaria	 		44	0	0
Burara	 • • •		50	80	0
Pertabpore	 		500	0	0*
Ekara	 		250	0	0*

Besides the above about 4,000 persons are employed at Karakpore.

### C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

I annex a statement shewing the movement of private grain by rail. As might be expected, it is inconsiderable. Seeing that there is a vast quantity of grain in the district, and although a very considerable proportion is set aside for exportation, it will not leave the district

until the rains finally set in and render the Ganges navigable.

Vast quantities of carts have been attracted here through the agency of Mr. Thomas, the contractor, moving on grain to Northern Bhagulpore. The only drawback is that the railway cannot supply grain fast enough, and the cartmen, who are an independent race, go away unless their carts are loaded as fast as they wish. I found great want of grain at Surroop Gita Ghât, where large bodies of men connected with transport are collected, so I sent a petty trader with grain and an assistant to set up a shop at the place at once. The Durbhanga grain also arriving at Monghyr is shipped off at once, and no block of any kind has occurred. I give all parties any assistance which they may require directly it is asked for.

## D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

The only places now to which the Government grain is being moved is to Sondhi and Girna Pursunda between Jamooce and Luckhiserai. It is proposed to store a total of 25,000 maunds at Sondhi and 10,000 maunds at Girna Pursunda. The gola at Sondhi is nearly ready, and as there was great difficulty in getting materials for building at Girna Pursunda, I went to the place myself and got the loan of a good gola, where 8,051 maunds have already been stored. A little addition to this place will give all the accommodation we require. I do not see any reason for changing my opinion, already expressed in former narratives, that unless some unexpected change in the condition of the district takes place, we have sufficient stores of grain to meet any demands on us. Although immense purchases of Monghyr rubbee are being made on all sides for exportation, I think that what will remain, supplemented by our stores, will prevent actual famine in the district. It must also be remembered that I have advanced Rs. 61,000 to private parties for the purchase of grain, and although the first purchases have in many instances been disposed of, the money is being used again to buy more.

There is a considerable amount of Government grain now stored in the good rubbee

country. It was stored there before the January rain, at a time when the rubbee prospects were bad. It will not, I think, be quite safe to dispose of this grain yet, but the golas are to be

sealed up for the present and placed under the least possible establishment.

Arrangements are being made for taking stock of all the golas on the 15th. Copy of circular No. 1828, dated 26th March, has been supplied to each officer, and I hope that there will be no delay whatever in the matter.

## E.—Advances to Parties and their Results.

The advances for purchase and storage of grain have formed one of the principal and most satisfactory methods of relief in this district. All the money advanced has been received by gentlemen who have not only taken a good deal of interest in the matter, but who have personally seen that the grain is retailed to those who most require it at cost price. Advances to private parties for land improvements form also, I think, an excellent scheme for relief, and although only Rs. 40,690 have been hitherto advanced, the total amount of applications I have received is very great. It is said that some of these advances will not be properly applied, but I am myself of a different opinion, for, besides having put the credit of the applicant and his security to a reliable test, I think that very few persons will consider it worth their while to misuse the money, particularly as the works are visited from time to time by Government Hitherto reports on these works have been very satisfactory, and the zemindars know that if the reports do not continue satisfactory, the full amount advanced with interest will at once be demanded back by me.

Another excellent form of relief is that of tuccavi advances to ryots through zemindars, and here also, although I have only been able to advance Rs. 18,900 as yet, the applications for advances are very numerous. It will be difficult for the landholders to misappropriate the money when they have in each case to furnish lists of the persons to whom the money is

advanced.

All the persons to whom I have advanced money are zemindars, ticcadars, or persons who have given full and ample security. I have not made any direct advances to ryots. If once such a course was followed to any extent, it would I think be impossible to prevent the most widespread and demoralizing abuse, besides causing endless trouble and loss to Government.

## F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

Mr. Currie, the additional sub-divisional officer, reports that during the fortnight 95 villages (names given) have been visited in his sub-division. This number will be largely increased during the next fortnight, now that the relief officers are settling down to their work and deputy assistants have been appointed. On reading Mr. Currie's report the most noticeable points are that the poorer classes are still away from their homes cutting the crops on dearah lands; that although in almost every village destitute persons are to be found amongst the aged women and children, no deaths from actual starvation have occurred; that grain is procurable in all the bazaars throughout the sub-division, and that although the people at present appear pretty well off, yet considerable anxiety is felt for the time when the temporary relief afforded by the rubbee harvest has worn off. Mr. Currie reports that he has visited several

works commenced with money advanced by Government, and except in one instance the result was satisfactory. The complaint, however, is general that during the rubbee harvest laborers are procured with difficulty, and, as we have no desire to press labor, I have told all zemindars taking advances that I am not for the present very anxious to see their works progressing.

I have seen Mr. Money, the Superintendent of the Sheikpura circle, and he reports that there is hardly any perceptible change in the condition of the people during the fortnight; that the hovels of the poorer classes are still deserted; only very few persons have returned from their migrations, but that those who have returned have brought back a maund of grain each, which will carry them on for another month at least. Mr. Money gives a good account of his assistant Shah Abdool Hossein. This gentleman has an elephant and horses, and he gets

over a good deal of ground during the day.

Since his arrival at Buctiarpore on the 11th March, Mr. Manson, Superintendent, has been actively engaged in visiting the villages within his circle, and affording relief wherever necessary. On the whole, I consider this part of the district more distressed than any other, and indeed in two villages, Sitanabad and Hurewa, Mr. Manson found the people so faminesticken that he was compelled to deal out grain to no less than 350 persons. These persons were chiefly the old and very young of the lowest classes, whose rice crops almost entirely failed. The system followed by Mr. Manson is that which has been generally adopted in the district of sending grain to the village, and dealing it out daily through the most respectable persons in the village. I feel confident that this system will not be abused, and indeed, considering that each receiver of the Government bounty is registered, and a calculation of the total requirements made, the person to whom the grain is entrusted, even supposing him dishonest, would hardly consider it worth while to appropriate the grain for himself. Most of the villages within the circle have been visited and timely relief afforded. The total amount of persons who have received out-door relief during the month in the Bucktiarpore circle is 741, making a total of 1,156 persons relieved. Mr. Manson has a good active assistant in Baboo Bhola Nauth Dutt. the zemindar of Burowni. An English-speaking deputy assistant, Baij Nauth Sahai, has also joined, so that part of the country is well provided for. There is no doubt that the gigantic exertions we have been making to pass grain into Tirhoot and Bhaugulpore has raised the rates of carriage here, and consequently private 'trade at and round Bucktiarpore has not lately been so active as it probably would otherwise have been. I think, however, that whatever damage we may have done has been amply compensated by our sales of grain and Indian-corn, amounting already to 2,000 maunds, at a fairly cheap

Mr. Manson during his tours found by the road-side two miles north of Bucktiarpore the body of an old man who had evidently died, if not from actual starvation at all events from the effects of want. Although Mr. Manson made all possible enquiries, he was unable to learn the man's name or his place of residence; apparently he was a traveller going north. Mr. Manson also found an infant deserted by its mother, who probably knowing that he would have it taken care of, threw it in his way.

GFINAL	NCIAL RESULT	s of the ]				-	
			Rs.	<b>A.</b>	Р.	Rs.	A. P.
Total expenditure as shown in last 1	Narrative	• • •				2,31,163	5 l
	Detail of	the above.					
Placed to credit of Public Works D	epartment		86,175	0	0		
On disbursement to officers in	charge of	transport	•				
		-	35,149	7	2		
Advanced to Captain Grant for tr	ansport of B	haugulpore	33,120				
grains	_	mag arpore	400	0	0		
On disbursement for construction of	f grolog	•••	1,954				
On establishment of golas	-	•••	497		7		
<b>4.6</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••	• 75		Ó		
Durchage of analysis	•••	•••	_				
	,		22	4	0		
Advances to trustworthy residents f	or purchase o	i grain	56,800	0	0		
Advances to Municipalities	•••	•••	5,000		0		
Advances to zemindars for land imp	rovement	• • •	33,790		0		
Tuccavi advances	•••	•••	11,300	0	0		
	Total	•••	2,31,163	5	1		
V.m.	mditumo dumio	an the food					
Placed to credit of Public Works D	enditure dunis	ig the jorn	nıgnı. Nil.				
On disbursement to Officers in	cparunent	<b>4</b>		•			
	cuarige of	transport					
arrangements		37 (7	· Nil.	•			
Advanced to Captain Grant, Tr	ansport Age	nt, North			_		
Bhangulpore	•••		1,307	14	6		
Advanced to Mr. C. D. Fletcher, T	ransport Age	ent of Tir-					
	•••		100	0	0		
Advanced to Mr. Thomas, contract	or of Bhaugul	lpore grain	83,056	14	0		
Construction of gola	•••		200	0	0		
Payment of gola Establishment	• •••	, •••	Nil.				

On	account	advances	for	purchase	of	grain.
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	. •			$\mathbf{Rs.}$	A.	Р.			
Total advances to t	rustworthy resident	ts for	purchase						
of grain	•••	•••	•	4,600	0	0			
To municipalities	•••			Nil.					
Ditto to zemindars for	land improvement	• • • •		7,800	0	0			
Tuccavi advances	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			7,500	0	0			
			-				1,06,564	12	6
		Tot	al expenditu	re			3,37,728	1	7
Final payments				Nil.					
Advances recoverable				26,790	0	0			
714 Vallees 1000 Volumes	•••					7.	•		
						E.	. Lockwood	),	
•							Off g. Collec	tor.	

Prices-current of principal Food-grains in the District of Monghyr for the fortnight ending
4th April 1874.

	NAME OF PLA	CE.	•	Rice, common.	Wheat.	Maize or Indian-corn.	Gram.
				Seers.	Seers.	Seers.	Scers.
nghyr geo Serai nooce khtiarpore ckee Serai			•••	12 ° 11 11½ 9 to 10 11	13 14 	14 15 12 13 15	17 17 17 13 18

Monghyr Collectorate,

The 6th April 1874.

E. Lockwood, · Offg. Collector.

Statement of Cases from 6th to 19th March 1874, and corresponding dates of 1873, 1872, & 1871.

Number of cases reported, excluding cases declared by the Magistrato to be false and never to have occurred.

Column IV of AI, minus col. IXA.

#### to have occurred. Dacoity. 1872 ... 2 Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI Robbery. Headings 32 and 33 of Crime Return AI 1 1874 Theft. 23 6 Heading 43 of Crime Return AI, exclud- 1873 6 ing cattle-theft. 1872 19 6 (1871 11 6 7 1874 26 House-breaking or house-trespass in order 1873 14 3 1872 40 13 to commit theft. **L**1871 18 9 12 48 28 9 1873 Total of all three crimes 61 19 1872 14 29

Monghyb,

The 6th April 1874.

H. E. WALLER, Major,
District Supdt. of Police.

Progress Report of Relief Work actually open during the fortnight ending 1th April 1874.

Monghyr Sub-District.	Progress in working out relief roads.	Progress in opening out relief works.	Number of laborers, 4th April 1574.	Supply of food thereat.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangements for tools.	Disbursements during the fortnight.
Patna red 16	16 miles marked out	All who present them- selves get work; work	191	From the nearest bazars	poog	Daily and twice a week	1.9 per 1,000	Supplied by Govern-	Bs. A. P.
Bhaugulpore road W	More than 5 miles	going on in 8 places. Ditto ditto in 1 place	128	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	ment.	. 8
Bucktiarpore to Bboottea A	marked out. About 5 miles marked out.	Ditto ditto	565	as well as fro rnment Gola; uate % maun and 10 maun n-corn have be	Fair	Ditto	and 1-14 whe	ditto	3 4
·	s marked	Ditt. ditto	Daily reports not received for this day.	re- From the neighbour- iv. ing bazars.	Ditto 5.	Ditto	1-9 per 1,600	otile	•7 7 6
division, Tirhoot road	About 12 miles marked	Work going on in 4	AT ECU, repuir Ditto. 499 Fr	pairs only to. From the neighbouring bazars.	Fair	Daily and twic a week	1-9 per 1,000	More than haing their own tools.	12 6 3
11:	Truiles marked out	Ditto ditto in 2 places Ditto ditto in 1 place Ditto ditto wherever required.	75 F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F F	Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto Ditto	Daily Ditto Ditto week and daily to those that are em-	0-16 to 0-2-0 Ditto and 0-0-9 1-14 per 1,000, and 0-1-6 to 0-2-0, 0-1-0 and 0-0-9.	Supplied by Govern- ment to their own tools to bring their own tools Supplied by contractor and Government.	618 8 9 8 8 9 8 8 9 9 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
Chakie to Simultolate 9 Gungta to Malleypore 9	9 miles marked out	All who seek for work geing on	152	Work stopped by error the nearest ba- Fair zar.	order of the	: :	1-14 per 1,000	Supplied by contractor	0 6 238
Jamoooe to ditto  Ditto to Luckee Serai	2 miles ditto No earth-work 15 miles marked out	2 miles diffo Direction I place.  No earth-work going on; bridge-work in progress. 15 miles marked out   Work in 3 places 3	95 in progress. 358	Ditto	Ditto Ditto	Ditto Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.	• • •
Ditto to Newada	:	Ditto ditto in 1 place	850	:		Ditto	Ditto	3	_
•	- '.	(	1000	¥.		Total wages paid during the Bridges, &c	Total wages paid during the fortnight Bridges, &c I fools and plant carriage Brick manufacture, &c Establishment, &c Other items	1111111	3,000 10 11 308 7 9 30 14 0 271 9 9 150 9 9 197 4 6 448 14 8

7. S.-About 14 per cent, belong to the non-laboring classes, of which the weavers bear the largest ratio.

* Imprest account. not received.

RAM RUTON MOZOOMDAR, Asst. Engr., in ere. charge, Monghyr District.

Statement showing the quantity of food-grains received in, and despatched from, the Railway
Stations in the Districts of Monghyr from 14th to 28th March 1874.

_				Outw	ARD.	Inwa	RD.
	Nume	of Station.	<b>j</b> -	Up.	Down.	Up.	Down.
Burriarpore		••		247		45 545	
Jamalpoor Monghyr		•••		210 169	1,684	1,08,700	875 5,493*
Dhurrarah Kujrah	•••				142	2,011	187
Burhea Luckee Sera		•••		783 281	6,416 122	9,059 4,927	2,961 $3,851$
Mananpoor		•••	.		34		
Jamooec Gidhour						1,222	892
Newadi	•••	•					328
		TOTAL		1,690	8,398	1,26,532	14,587

^{*} This includes the Government and Durbhunga grain.

Report of sales of Government Grain to the public and to laborers on relief works from the commencement up to 31st Murch 1874, in the District of Monghyr.

g
Brs.
22
•••
•••
11
33

The grain sold to the public is the damaged grain and maize received from Delhi.

MONGHYR, The 6th April 1874. E. Lockwood,
Offg. Collector.

Daily average of persons relieved at the different Relief Centres in the District of Monghyr during the fortnight.

				N	UMBER RELIEVE	<b>5</b> 0	_	
Name	e of Relief Centre.		-	Men.	Women.	Children.	TOTAL.	
Jumooce				16	8		24	
Monghyr		•••		79	157	125	. 361	
Chuprah .	•••	•••		115	87	61	263	
Bucktiarpore		•••		19	12	121	152	
Begoo Serai		•••		14	18	8	40	
Birpore		•••		39	40	18	97	
Tegrah	•••	•••		28	37	9	74	
Luckee Serai	•••	•••	]	37	30	37	104	
Choara	,		\	6	19	1	26	
Burbigha				10	11	2	23	
Khurruckpore		•••		11	44	23	78	
Gungta		•		3	3	2	8	
Bagmukdumpur	•••			13	22	12	47	
Sheikpoora				13	29	11	53	
Emamnuggur	···	•••		5	10	2	17	
	•	TOTAL				•••	1,367	

E. LOCKWOOD,
Offg. Collector.

# Rules for the guidance of Relief Superintendents.

The poor-houses which have been erected at Monghyr Jumooe, Begoo Serai, Sikandra, Bucktiarpore will remain under the management of the officer of the circle to which they belong, and all the expenses connected with them will be defrayed from the money at the disposal of the Superintendent. Very few persons have as yet taken advantage of the accommodation afforded, apparently preferring to hang on in their own hovels, however wretched; but by degrees, particularly when the rains commence, many persons will come in, and a medical officer will, if necessary, be provided for each poor-house. Cooked food will as a rule be distributed at these poor-houses, and each Superintendent will provide any food which appears necessary for the patients from the funds at his disposal.

A sum of one thousand rupces has been placed to the credit of each Superintendent either at the Government treasuries or at the cutcheries of the nearest banker or zeminda. The first persons who should receive the attention of Relief Superintendents are respectable ryots and others who, in consequence of their crops failing, have been reduced to poverty, and who only require small pecuniary assistance for purchasing food to help them over the presen season of scarcity. These persons have not an equal chance with common laborers and pro

fessional beggars in the struggle for existence.

The best plan to provide for these persons is to give them money advances throug the zemindar, ticcadar, or mahajun. On arriving at a village the first care of the Superin tendent will be to ascertain the number and names of such persons, and then call on th zemindar and ticcadar to advance them money at once, say ten or twenty rupees each according to circumstances. If the laudlord pleads inability to advance from his own funds the Superintendent may advance up to Rs. 200 to any single zemindar, ticcadar, or mahajur and take from him a bond on plain paper according to the sample furnished. This advance will at once be reported to the Collector, and the amount will be adjusted. If, however, the landlord refuses, or is unable to furnish good security for repayment, special report of his case should at once be sent to the Collector for disposal or report to Government under Circula Such reports, however, will I think be rare, as I have founlandlords very willing to make advances where necessary. In the meanwhile, if deta appears dangerous, the Superintendent may advance not more than Rs. 20 either in money of grain to ryots direct, merely taking a note of hand under promise to re-pay the amoun when the next crop is cut. A respectable jeth ryot may perhaps be induced to stand securit Respectable purda-nisheen women might be included in thi for several such persons. system of advances, but the Superintendent must be on his guard that he is not imposed on he should insist on the women's names being recorded, notwithstanding any alleged breac of etiquette in doing so. If they can be persuaded to re-pay the amount advanced by spin ning so much the better. A list of persons to whom money is advanced with the amoun should be demanded in every case where the advance is made with the Government money and the Superintendent on visiting the village, without in any way appearing to doubt th probity of the landlord, should ascertain whether the money has actually been advanced or not

Superintendents will find particularly as the season advances in almost every village man persons of low caste who are regarded by their more aristocratic neighbours very much in the same light as the village pigs. These persons have little money and less credit, and as the are the first to die of starvation in times of scarcity, they form the greatest source of anxiety. The able-bodied amongst these races can work, and they should at once be directed to the relief roads and tanks, but those to whom the labor test cannot be applied, must be relieved. It will generally be found useless to tell such persons to go and get cooked-food at our centrer. I have myself tried the experiment, and found that many of them would probably die on the

road.

The only practical method of relief is for each officer either to send or take grain to the villages, and having registered the persons requiring relief leave sufficient food with the head man to support them until he can visit the village again. The headman should be treate courteously, and in ninety nine cases out of a hundred he will readily and faithfully discharge the duty of dealing out the grain daily to the poor. The chowkidar should be called on the attent daily the distribution of food to keep order, and as he will probably be found badloff, he should receive half a seer of rice daily for his trouble. Money for the purchase of salt, dâl, &c., may, if necessary, be also given.

Superintendents will be careful to enquire regarding the sufficiency or otherwise of seed grain in each village, and if he finds that reported deficiency cannot be met by small advance through the zemindar, the matter should be reported at once to the Collector, who will see that the necessary supply is given. But I do not anticipate much want in this particular, for

have seen seed grain religiously scaled up even in the most distressed villages.

Each Assistant Superintendent of circles will have a permanent advance of Rs. 50 and as each Assistant is a zemindar of high standing, he should receive the full confidence of the Superintendent, and he be allowed to distribute tickets and money for dall, salt, &c., to those whom he finds starving in the villages within his circle. He should also bring at once to the notice of the Superintendent any cases where an advance of money can be recommended.

Rules regarding light labor relief have already been circulated.

# No. 39 S.R., dated Bhagulpore, the 7th April 1874.

-V. T. TAYLOR, Esq., Collector of Bhagulpore, To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department. I have the honor to forward my tenth fortnightly narrative.

1

- A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

  The Soopool sub-divisional officer reports:—"There is very little difference between the present supply of food-grains in the various bazars and what it was at the date of the last fortnightly narrative, but on the whole prices of all grain, except wheat and barley, have an upward tendency, and, contrary to expectation, the harvesting of the rubbee crops has had little or no effect on the general condition of the market." At Soopool itself rice is selling at 9 seers, and murwa at 12, and throughout the sub-division prices range, for rice from 9 to 11 seers, and for murwa from 10 to 15 seers.
- 3. The Muddehpoora officer writes:-" Supplies are more plentiful than they were at the the time of my last narrative, owing chiefly to the sales from the Muddehpoora Government golahs, and from the private stores of Baboo Hurbullub Narain Sing at Sonebursa. Barley was selling at the Sonebursa market at 20 seers the rupee (80 tolahs weight); at the Muddehpoora market, held on the 3rd, clean rice was selling at the rate of 5 pice a seer (64 tolahs weight), and coarse rice at 42-or 10 seers 3 chittacks and 11 seers 7 chittacks, standard
- weight, against 81 the previous week.

  4. The Banka officer reports that the supply of food-grains is more abundant in consequence of the rubbee harvest, and murwa being available; the price of rice has remained unchanged, but that of wheat has fallen by 1 to 2½ seers, and that of gram has fallen by ½ to  $1\frac{1}{2}$  seers; new barley is selling at  $22\frac{1}{2}$  seers.
- 5. At the head-quarters there has been a very slight fall in the price of common rice and a slight rise in the price of wheat.
- 6. The rubbee harvest is now almost over, and in pergunnah Chye and the head-quarters sub-division the crop may be safely put down as a very good one indeed, and above an average crop of ordinary years. In Banka sub-division what rubbee there was has also yielded above an average crop. In Muddehpoora the sub-divisional officer reports an 8-anna crop to the north of his sub-division, but taking the whole sub-division together, I am not wrong in putting it down as a 12-anna one. The Soopool officer admits a 12-anna or an average crop. The cheena cultivation, which is far beyond anything ever seen in this district, is not taken into
- account; it is still in all stages of growth.

  7. The mowah is reported as excellent, but the mange crop, it is said, now will not be so good as was at first anticipated (in some parts of the north of the district).
- 8. The Soopool officer writes:-" No cases of misery and starvation* have come to light a large proportion (on one occasion, when an account was taken at the centre here, it was found to be nearly 50 per cent.,) of our paupers are from the Tirhoot district, and most o them are most worthsome objects; as yet very few others than the very lowest classes, and those who in the best of years would have been to some extent dependent on charity, have been attracted to our relief centres, though I recognise the fact that nothing but the most careful village-to-village inquiries—and these are now in progress—can insure that many fit objects of relief are not holding out in their own houses.
- 9. The Muddehpoora officer writes:-"I have heard of no new cases of deaths from starvation; in fact, from inquiries made by me during my late tour to the west no starvation is likely.'
- 10. There have been a few deaths at some of the relief contres in the Soopool sub-division which cannot in any way be put down to starvation, and are not to be wondered at when one sees the class of persons who come to them. Mr. Smith says :- "Five out of seven deaths were those of residents of the Tirhoot district, and in most of them I can certify that disease (in many cases of long standing) was the cause, though possibly the end has been accelerated by privation)." Many of the persons who died had been for a long time in the relief poor-Louse with a doctor in attendance and properly looked after and fed.
  - 1!. There is no actual distress in either the head-quarter nor Banka sub-division.
- The following statement shows the difference in prices of some of the food-grain now and at the corresponding period of 1866:-

5. 12	 •				1			i			
				Rice, 1st sor	t.	Rice, common.	Murwa.	Indian	corn.	Wh	eat
				1866. 187	4.	1866. 1871.	1866. 1874.	1866.	1974.	1986.	1874
Soopool				9	10	10 0					19 8
Muddehpoora	 ··· <u>·</u>	•••		11	0	13 0	13 0			, i	0 01
Head quarters	 •			11 6 10	3	12 0 11 6	}	15 2	15 2	11 6	11 8
Banka	 			n	0	14 0 12 0		18 0	11 0	•••••• !	15 ●

^{*} Two deaths have been just reported at the Mullarh tank (Court of Wards): a child of 13 months from inanition and one of the working coolies. The Deputy Collector, Baboo Ram Sunker Sen, says he received the body, and consider starvation to have been the cause; but Mr. Duff does not say so. The deceased's wife and three children were working at the tank as well, and were not new-comers.

13. The theft and grain robbery statement for March is annexed.

# B.—RELIEF WORKS.

- 14. I annex a statement showing what has been done under this head during the fortnight, as also one showing the number of persons employed on the Durbhunga Court of Wards' estates in this district. Now that the rubbe harvest is over, an increase may be expected in the number of laborers on all works.
- 15. Some 157 maunds 23 seers of grain have been actually sold to laborers on the relief roads, and arrangements are being made to have rice for sale on every work, so that those at work may have the option of purchasing it in preference to other grains in the bazars.
- 16. As regards the works being carried on by private individuals or zemindars, it is next to impossible to procure any information as to the total number or daily average of persons employed. Baboo Hurbullub Narain Singh is the only honorable exception, and is the only man who shows he is taking a real interest in what he has undertaken, and the only one who voluntarily supplies any information; he has in hand one bandh, eight tanks, and what he calls miscellaneous work; he shows a total number of 7,421 men, women, and children employed. There are other works being undertaken, but Mr. Kirkwood remarks he is afraid none with any vigour; they are carried on by fits and starts; payments, whether in cash or in kind, very irregular; and in the case of Mr. John Christian, who has undertaken an extensive work in the shape of bandhs, he writes—"Mr. Christian has a bandh in progress near Bungaon, but the wage given appears very inadequate for all but the sturdiest laborers." The fact is, that none of the zemindars have attempted to raise their rates when we did on our works. Though it is almost impossible to get any statement approaching to accuracy from any private works, yet it is satisfactory to know that works of this kind are being carried on, and a certain number of persons, however small, being benefited thereby.

# C .- TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

- 17. At the Bhagulpore railway station but little has been done during the fortnight in the way of imports or exports. The exports were only 6,949 maunds, of which 571 were local, and the rest 1,947 maunds wheat and 4,431 oats, to Howrah. The imports were about 6,000 maunds only, the chief being 1,362 maunds Indian-corn, 491 maunds wheat, 1,138 maunds gram, 891 maunds rice, and 975 maunds paddy; about 292 maunds of rice were imported at the Pointee station, 574 at Colgong, 28 at Ghogha, and 729 at Sultanguage, exclusive of Government rice. The exports were almost nothing.
- 18. There is but very little private importation going on, and nothing is heard now of exportation from the interior of the district; there is a small amount of private importations in the north from Monghyr.

# D.—STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

19. The following shows the quantity of grain stored at each of the places of storage in the district as far as is known:—

# Muddehpoorah Sub-Division.

		-		_		Already stored.	•
				Mds.	t.	Mds.	
Muddehpoorah	•••	•••	•••	50,000		29,220	
Bhowanipoor	•••	•••		25,000		9,982	
Kamp				50,000		26,298	
Sonebursa				12,980		12,980	At Phoolout
Patterghat				2,614		2,614 ar	d Sonebursa.
Byjnathpoor	•			15,000		4,516	
Lalpoor .	••	•••	•••	10,000		5,148	
						90,758	

	Soopool Sub-Division.			Mds.	Mds.
Soopool	•••		•••	130,000	56,319
Chundail	•••	•	•••	10,000	1,000
Rutowlee	•			. 8,000	4,496
Hurdi	•••			10,000 '	•••
Nowabakkur	•••		•••	30,000	22,099
Dugmurrah	•••		•••	30,000	27,274
Roshwar	•••		•••	40,000	30,870
Nurgo	***		•••	<b>20,000</b>	19,709

	•		Mds.	Mds.
Chandpeeper	<b>)</b>		12,000	4,000
3huptiahi	Court of Wards	•••	12,000	4,000
Burhurra	000000	•••	6,000	4,133
Peepra		•••	20,000	4,964
Pertabgunge	•••	•••	30,000	40,332
Bhulooa	•••	•••	20,000	10,535
Simrabi	•••	•••	40,000	4,746
Nathpore	•••	•••	10,000	7,436
Bheemnuggur	•••	•••	5,000	5,052
Urjillee Dulgaon	•••	•••	8,000	8,000
Ekar	***	•••	60,000	28,834
Pachgachia	•••		20,000	
Semani	,	•••	20,000	•••
Nohutta			10,000	4,020
Burgaon	•••	•••	5,000	_
Bungaon	•••	•••	30,000	15,000
Muheshi	•••	•••	10,000	10,000
Luncom	•••	•••	20,000	
				3,02,819
	Sudder Sub-Division.			
Permeshurpoor	•••	<u>.</u>	1,000	1,000
				1,000
	Banka Sub-Division.			
	During Duo-Division.			
Dhoorya	•••		2,250	2,250
Kutoorya	•••	•••	4,773	4,773
				7,023

- 20. The Phoolout route is closed, and the two contractors are carrying away the grain from Jugdis Chuck and Monghyr very rapidly.
- 21. Mr. Smith has been sending rice from the Soopool golahs as fast as he can, and all the outlying golahs will now soon have their full allotment.
- 22. It will be seen that about 1,20,000 have been stored during the fortnight, and over four lakhs stored in all, and it is possible that more has been actually stored in some places than I have as yet received intimation of; some grain has reached Pachgachia, but I have not heard how much.

# E.—Advances to Private Parties.

No further loans were granted during the fortnight under Act XXVI of 1871.

The following zemindars received advances for helping their ryots:-

Name of zemindar.	Pla	ce of residence.		Am	ount.	
				Rs.	A.	P.
Hur Narain Singh Mr. Bowers Baboo Hirun Gurbh Narain ,, Thakoor Man Singh ,, Ram Lall Sahoo	Singh	Becrwa Bhuptiahi Sookpore Ditto Kushur		3,000	0	0
		Total	•••	25,500	0	0
Altog	ether to	end of fortnight	•••	62,900	0	0

Rs. 5,000 have since been sanctioned by the Commissioner for payment to Mr. Bowers.

Rs. 5,000 have been advanced to the municipality under Government orders No. 1242, dated 4th March 1874, and only Rs. 200 to a petty shop-keeper for purchase of grain from the nearest bazars.

# F-CHARITABLE RELIEF.

- 23. All the circles in this district referred to in my previous narrative are now officered, and it is unnecessary for me to rewrite the details.
- 24. Under this head sales to the public may be properly dealt with. As mentioned in paragraph 36 of the last fortughtly norrative, arrangements were made to sell to the public at the rate of 12 seers for the rupee, in quantities not greater than one maund, nor less than one rupee's worth, from the Ekar and Bhowanipore golahs at the head-quarters of circles of the same names. But Mr. Kirkwood writes, owing to the delay in receipt of the letters (the moving about) the sales from Ekar and Bhowanipore could not commence before the 4th April. The results will be fully detailed in the next narrative.
- 25. I considered it advisable to open the Muddehpoora golah, as rice was only, so it was alleged, procurable in the bazars at 8½ to 9 seers the rupee. Orders were issued to this effect, and the result is thus reported by Mr. Kirkwood: "The effect of the sales at Muddehpoora has been as may have been anticipated,—the price current in the bazar has fallen from 9 to 11 seers per rupee, and 11 seers is now the retail rate" (see Mr. Martin's remarks, para. 3); "but it is only the very poor who buy at that rate, all who can club together to make up a rupee, buy at the golah. The sales at Muddehpoora during the five days ending 3rd April show 597 purchasers of 340 maunds 19 seers, at 12 seers the rupee. All the proceeds, except Rs. 595-15 realized on the 2nd and 3rd, have been paid into the treasury; that amount has not been paid in as the treasury was closed. As on the first day only 25 maunds were sold, we have 315 maunds, or an average of 79 per diem, for the other days."
- 26. The rule as laid down by me originally and approved by the Commissioner, was that not more than 100 maunds should be sold in any one day, and not more than one maund or less than one rupee's worth to be sold to any one person. I further added a restriction that no person purchasing one maund should purchase any more for 30 days; this restriction was objected to on the ground that a person with a large family could not live on a maund a month; though this may be the case, my own idea was that the purchaser of one maund of rice could easily supplement his purchase with murwah and other cheaper grains. Mr. Kirkwood, moreover, remarks:—"A rule that no man is to buy more than a maund a month is of course practically defeated every hour; such a rule, it may safely be asserted, is one impossible of enforcement."
- 27. There cannot be any doubt that great difficulty will be experienced in preventing the system of sales to the public being abused; but with the quantity of grain we shall have stored in this district, if the rice thus sold gets into the hands of those for the benefit of whom the sales are intended, there will not be many persons left to be gratuitously relieved.
- 28. The golahs of Ekar and Bhowanipore are now open, and I am now issuing orders for sales from Soopool.
- 29. In the Muddehpoora sub-division there are two circles only, and the undermentioned five relief centres are open, riz., Muddehpoora, Byjnathpore, Ghylar, Gummeria, and Sonebursa. The average number of persons gratuitously relieved at each is given by Mr. Kirkwood thus:—

Muddehpoora			ď		]6
Byjnathpore		•••	•		31
Ghylar Gummeria		•••		•••	5
Gummeria	•••	•••			19
Sonebursa	•••	•			15
•					
					86

- 30. These relief centres will be removed altogether as soon as the house-to-house relief system is in full operation, and a very fair commencement has been made in this direction. Poor-houses will take their place, and are already in course of erection at Kamp and Bhowanipore, the head-quarters of the circles. These will have a doctor attached, and all the houseless, poor beggars, lepers, and other diseased and miserable objects will be collected and properly looked after; deaths may be expected to occur among them, but such deaths of such objects cannot be called deaths from starvation.
- 31. Mr. Kirkwood reports:—"At some of the golahs, notably those at Bhowanipore and Ekar, considerable numbers of light laborers have been employed on earth-work, rope-twisting, &c. At Ekar, too. about 800 people have been daily relieved by receipt of pice in exchange for baskets of grass as fodder for cattle; these were nearly all women and children. He adds—"No regular relief has as yet been issued to these people; the registers for house-to-house relief are in course of preparation. Urgent eases of distress here and there have been relieved by money gratuity."
- 32. In the Muddehpoora sub-division five ryots have been advanced Rs. 72 for the purchase of grain and seed, and four more applications had been received, not yet dealt with.

33. The following shows the daily average of persons gratuitously relieved at the centres in each of the circles of the Soopool sub-division:—

	Sooj	pool Circle.			
Soopool, daily average	•••	•••		•••	100
Sookhpore	•••	•••			43
Chandail	• • •	•••			31
Burooari	•••	•••			<b>57</b>
Khoknaha	•••	•••		•••	45
			TOTAL	•••	276
	Narre	edigur Circle.			
Nawabakkur	•••	•••		•••	31
Deeghia	••	•••		•••	20
Bhuptiahi	•••	***			99
Dugmurah	• • •	•••			61
Burhurra	• • •	•••		•••	35
Chandpeeper	•••	•••		•••	33
			TOTAL	•••	282
	Ek	ear Circle.			
Ekar					41
Patchgachia	•••	• • •			112
Murwullah	•••	•••			10
Bungaon	•••	•••			234
Muheshi	•••	•••		• • •	134
Koond Birhat	• • •	•••		• • •	46
Burgaon	•••	•••		• • •	26
Notha	•••	•••		•••	131
			TOTAL		734
	Sim	rahi Circle.			
Dharrara		•••		- • •	99
Battaneah	•••	•••		• • •	61
Bhulooa	•••	<b>;··</b>		•••	62
Khubdah	• • •	•••		•••	13
Nathpore	•••	•••			20*
			TOTAL		255

- 34. Most of these, again, it is hoped, will be closed as soon as the house-to-house regiters are complete and the poor-houses creeted; these have been commenced at Soopool, Ekand Burgaon, and also at Nawabakkur and Simrahi. At Soopool 50 per cent. of those relievare from Tirhoot; and Mr. Kirkwood found many of those relieved at Burgaon untit recipier of entirely gratuitous relief; these were sent off to work.
- 35. Mr. Smith, the Soopool Sub-Divisional Officer, remarks: "The tract to the we along the Tiljooga is undoubtedly the worst off, and will doubtless be the only tract where, all events for some time, general distress may be expected. It is, however, the object of spec attention; and fortunately the population is very thin. The careful diaries of Mr. Fanshav the Soopool circle officer, show that he is working exceedingly well, always on the move, a constantly visiting village after village, and I think with care and a little system, we have a much to fear as regards this circle.
- 36. About 157 maunds 23 seers of grain have been sold on the Government rel works; the laborers, as a rule, supplied themselves from the markets, but in the case of t Durbhunga Court of Wards' tanks, a system had been commenced of payment of grain; the was considered objectionable, especially, as Mr. Smith remarks, as it amounted to little she of gratuitous distribution to all applicants without any attempt at getting any return for 1 and payment in cash has been ordered, the laborers being at liberty to purchase Governme rice, which is ready for them.
- 5-67. Spinning and weaving have not yet been commenced, but cotton has already reach Soopool and Muddehpoora ample for a fair start in this direction.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed.	Number of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered.	Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers.	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars, and other residents.	Number of work-houses and centres for the distribution of food and gratui- tous relief.	Number of men, women, and children in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable relief organization daily.
District committee, three sub-divi- sional committees, and six circle sub- committees, have all been appoint- ed.	1	All are now manned: in all six.	Part of the Ekar circle is looked after by Mr. J. Christian.	Four in Muddeh- poora, 26 in Soopool.	1,633

# G. FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

38. Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasury as shown in last narrative, Rs. 2,87,845-7-3, minus Rs. 5,000 refunded by Mr. Hensley, remaining Rs. 2,82,845-7-3.

# . Detail of the above Total.

,	Re	A	Ð	Re	A. P	
	165.	л.	I.	165.	т.,г	•
On disbursements to the District Engineer for relief works	48,000	0	0			
To Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora	1,000	0	0			
On disbursements to officers in charge of transport						
arrangements	1,18,295	7	<b>3*</b>			
Ditto to Deputy Collector of Muddehpoora for construc-						
tion of golahs	6,000	0	0			
On account advances made to trustworthy residents for				•		
purchase of food-grain	66,400	0	0			
Ditto to traders for purchase of grain	1,400	0	0			•
Advances made to zemindars and others for land						
improvement	4,350	0	0			
Advances to ditto for helping their ryots	37,400	0	0			
			_	2,82,84	45 7	3
•	Rs.	A.	<b>.</b> P.			
* Through Nazir	12,27	6 2	6			
· ,, Deputy Collector of Banka	67		0			
" " Muddehpoora "	8,80		-			
" " Soopool …	17,900	) 0	0			
" Mr. Hennessy …	5,66	5 15	· 6			
" " " Ditto, as contractor …	28,01	7 5	0			
" " H. M. Durand …	13,150	0	0			
" " F. Hensley …	5,00	0 0	0			
,, Baboo Puran Chunder Neogee, Deputy Collector	19,08	4 15	3			
" Major W. Gordon, District Superintendent of Po			_			
for contractor Baboo Radha Churn Gangooly	7,00		0			
" Ditto for Police	150	0 0	0			
" Ditto Captain Conolly	40	0 0	0			
" Ditto Mr. Meredith	8	5 0	, 0			
Paid railway freight for packages of weights and scales			_			
from Calcutta		7 11	-			
Ditto for 20 bales of small bags sent from Alipore	4	9 15	0		_	
						•

... 1,18,295 7 3

		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A	. :
Expenditure during the fortnight under report disbursement to the District Engineer for reliworks						Nil.	
On murchase of food	•••				•	Nil.	
On disbursement to officers in charge of transpo	rt						
arrangements		•			30,39	5 9	)
Through Nazir	•••	686	0	0			
" Deputy-Collector of Muddehpoora .							
" Major Gordon, District Superintendent Police, for contractor Baboo Rad							
Churn Gangooly	•	2,000	U	0			
" Ditto for Police …	•••		•••				
" Captain Conolly, for making bridge .	•••	50	0	0			•
" Mr. Hennessy, contractor .	•••	24,373	7	6			
" Mr. G. Meredith, Police Inspector		24	0	0			
" Mr. Inman, grain officer, Jugdis Chuk	•••	20	0	0			
Paid railway freight for S bales of small bags se	nt						
from Alipore	•	20	3	0			
Paid cost of 50 oiled tarpaulins, purchased of Messi Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.	rs. 	3,221	4	6			
Total		30,395	9	0			
Payment on account of establishment of stora	ge						
•	•••	Ni					
• • • • •	• • •	Ni	l.				
Total of advances made during the fortnight	to	Nic	,				
, , ,	•••	200	_	۸			
,	•••		0	0			
	•••	5,000		0			
To zemindars and others for land improvements.	•••	Nic $25,500$		0			
To ditto for helping their ryots	•••	20,000					
al of the fortnight's expenditure:-							
(a)—Final payments made		Ni	l.				
(b)—Advances repayable	•••	30,700	0	O	90.70	n 1	
			,		30,70	0 (	, 
GRAND TOTAL TO END OF THE	FORT:	NIGIIT			3,43,94	1 (	)

Name of road and number on map	Progress in making out relief works.	Progress in opening relief works.	Number of laborers.	Supply of food therest.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of pay- ment.	Rate of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	Disburse- ment for the fort- night end- ing 4th April 1874.
Real from Scopool to Bhooteal, No. 19N:	All done	12 miles in five different places.	1,440 coolies daily on average, consisting of 70 per cont. laboring and 30 per cent. non- laboring classes.	70 per cent, from bazar and , 30 per cent, from Govern- ment moodees' shop.	Things are not ret so bad as was apprehended. Grans of sorts are to be had in the local bazars. Brahmins and other respectable, classes have not yet joined the work. No discusse of any epidemic kind have broken out.	Daily	Rs.A.P. Rs.A.P.  Women 0 1 0 to 0 2 0  Children 0 0 6 to 0 1 0	All tools are now supplied from Govern	Bs. A. P.
Road from Bellah to Barroary and Mahia Chat, No. 20N.	Ditto	33 miles in two places.	706 ditto	Ditto	The call for work in this road is great. Inborers of worse descriptions, i.e., sickly, disabled, and famine-striken, are gradually resoluting to works. There being no shops in this road, the laborers draw their supplies from Bellah. No diseases of any goldenic kind have as yet broken out. Brahmins and other respectable classes have not joined the work. It has become very have, have most of the laborers who could have done their full tresh	Duto	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto	
Read from Nowhatta to Bellah	44 miles	2 miles in six dif- feruit places.	2,050 coolies daily on average consisting of 50 per cent laboring and 20 per cent, non- laboring classes.	Ditto	fuled in so doing. Things are in a telerable good state; grains of sorts are to be had in the local bazars.	Ditto	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto .	1,305 0 0
Rejanto'e bund; improvement of Government Khas Mehals.	3} miles nearly	13 miles in three places,	915 ditto ditto	Government grain is sold to all laborers.	One mondee's shop has been opened at Bellah in the Scopoo land Bicorteal road, and another at Binarore on the Rajampoor bund. Brahmins and respectable classes have not joined the work. No diseases of epidemic kind have broken out. It has become very hot, hence most of the lahorers who could have done full task failed in so done; hence the number doing less than full work is large.	Ditto	Ditto ditto	Ditto ditto	0 0 62.5
Road from Sockpore to Bejwar	43 miles	4§ miles in six places.	2,547 ditte, being 70 ler cent. laboring and 30 yer cent. uon-laboring.	20 per cent draw their gupples from local bazars and 30 per cent, from Government moodces shops.	Arrangements are being made to open shops at the Mohia and Bejwar roads. There being no shops in this road, the laborers draw their supplies from the shop at Beliah, Rest as above.	Ditto	Ditto dilto	Ditto ditto .	1,660 0 0
Singhessar to Nathpore, No. 10N.	All done	6,700 running feet	720 coolies daily on average; neary all of laboring class.	Nearly all supplied from bazar.	Condition of the laborers bad, and general feature of the country fair.	Both by task work and daily labor.	Mates at 0 2 0 to 0 2 6 Men 0 1 6 to 0 2 0 Women 0 1 0 to 0 1 3 Children 0 0 6 to 0 1 0 By task work per 1,000 c.ft. at Es, 1-14 to 2-0.	Ditto ditto	1,245 0 0
Singhessar to Scaffool, Nos. 16 and 17N.	Ditto	Maintenance of the whole length of the road.	17 ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto ditto	Ditto ditto .	0 0 29
soopool to Pesprah, No. 15N	Ditto	2,000 running feet	414 ditto	Ditto	Ditto duto ditto	Ditto	Ditto ditto ditto	Ditto ditto .	

Melkoe Road, No. 5N	Ditte	Smiles in 3 places	116 ditto, consisting of 97 per cent. laboring and 3 per cent. non-laboring classes.	All supplied from bazar	Condition in general good and cheering. All are employed in harcesting. A sin-le cooly cannot be had when searched for at the usual rates.	By task work	Ba 1-14 per 1,000 c. ff. below 6 feet embankment, Ra. 2-2 abore that height.	H-	0 0
Muddehpoors Road, let section, No. 1N.	Not necessary	500 rg. feet	32 ditto, 884 per cent. non-laboring and 14 per cent. laboring classes.	Ditto	• Ditto ditto	Both by task work and daily labor.	Daily— at As. 2 0 Nonen 1 3 Children 1 3 By task work at Bs. 2-5 per 1,000 c. ft.	stores. Supplied from Govern- ment store.	0 0 75
Muddehpoora Road, 3rd section, No. 1N.	Ditto	1,640 rg. feet	are laboring classes.	Ditto	The condition of the laboring class is good. Thousands of them are gone to gather cold season crops.	Daily and task work.	Ditto ditto	The coolies are ordered to bring their own tools, but those who are unable to bring are supplied from	154 0 0
Muddehpoors and Bailo Road, No.7N. Muddehpoors to Sookhasan	Done	I mile in one place	276 datto ditto	The coolies procure their food themselves. No information received.	Ditto ditto	Task work	Rs. 2-4-0 per 1,000 c. ft., including digging and ramming.	Government store, Ditto d::to	200 0 0
Perabgunge to Beerpore, No. 18.		In one p ace	201 copies daily on everage. All laboring class.	From bazar	Condition of laborers had and general feature of the country for from fair.	Both by task and daily labor.	k. at Be ft, a	The laborers bring their own tools, except the day laborers who are supplied from Guvernment store.	118 0 0
Bungaon to Phoolout, No. 21N	Work no	Work not commenced.	•	-		-	::3 :-:3		,
Narainpore to Narkatia and Sonctures, No. 4N. Bowsee Road, No. 15	Work storped	 Repa	30 coches on average	No further information.	nation.				
Dhoons to Bowsee, No. 95	Completed	: - <u></u> -	562 coultes daily en average, one ting of 74 pm cout, laboring avid 30 per cent, non- laboring classes.	From bazar	One-third of the laborers are really dis- ressed, and the rema-ning 2-3rds are little better than them. The people do nof fertiancer-mence to purchase Koud- grains at present.	Ditto	Men 0 1 6 to 0 2 Women 0 1 0 to 0 1 3 Children 0 0 9 to 0 1 0	Those who have bring their own tools, and the rest are supplied from Government store.	955
Kateoria to Simultollah, No. 273	D:tto	475 rg feet of earth-work. I his of a mile dressing finished: I mile roughly dressed.	sverage consisting of 4 per consisting of 4 per cent, non-shorting and 39, per cent, laboring classes.	All from bazar	The number of coolies falling off on account of their genne to pick up "mowah" which has commenced to fall in abundance.	Daily	Men 016 to 020 Nomen 010 to 013 Boys 006 to 010	The village people are supplied from Gov- ernment store.	27.2 2.7.2
Katoorla to Banks, No. 265	:	100 rz. ft. of earth- work.	20 coolies daily on average; all are labor- ing canoes.	Ditto	The condition of the lower class people has improved owner to "mowah" crop. They are all engaged in picking it.	Ditto	Men 0 1 6 Boys 0 1 0 Task work at Rs 2 0 0 per 1,000 c. ft.	Ditto ditto	8
Pointee to Barnhaut, No. 168	;	è of the first mile	34 coolies daily on average, consisting of 16 per cent leburing and 31 per cent, non-liboring.	Ditto	toog	Ditto	Men 0 2 0 Women 0 1 3 Boys 0 0 6	Some bring their own tools, and others are supplied from Gov- ernment.	S
Cart track	:	Details no	Details not furnished.		-	•			11,007
Other roads have not yet been commenced.									
				•					

Headings 30 & 31 of March 1874.  Headings 30 & 31 of March 1874.  Corresponding month of March 1872.  Corresponding month of March 1872.	Headings 30 & 31 of Crime Start Month of March 1874.  Corresponding month of March 1873.  Corresponding month of March 1873.  Corresponding month of March 1873.  : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	DACOITY.  Headings 30 & 31 of Crime Return AI.  Return AI.  Corresponding month of March 1874.  Corresponding month of March 1873.  Corresponding month of March 1874.  Heading month of March 1874.	DACOTTY.   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 30 & 31 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 32 & 33 of Crime   Headings 33 of Crime   Headings 33 of Crime   Headings 33 of Crime   Headings 33 of Crime   Headings 33 of Crime   Headings 33 of				Sudder		by the Magistrate to be { false and never to have   cocurred. Banka	[oodoog]	Total
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NAME OF WORK.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women	Children.	Total.	Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	they belong to the ordi- nary laboring or non- laboring classes or castes, should be given here. It should also be stated how many of the work-people are doing full work.]
South Emigration Road for Government. North Emigration Boad Bhaptishi Tank Kundowiie " Nowabakur " Dugmurrah Road Mullarh Tank Chowhutta " Girdharee " Rynee Burhara " Nurja Bhoolis " Chupkee " Total number employed	10,598 7,319 24,356 13,349 125 17,140 19,566 9,219 33,598 1,274 2,807	8,761 6,112 24,095 14,307 206 11,453 1,252 8,241 17,013 1,221 3,279	8,615 2,211 12,352 9,619 5 4,862 5,491 2,083 10,675 763 1,672	27,974 15,642 60,803 37,271 336 33,455 37,709 19,513 61,266 3,258 7,758	963 1,045 1,740 1,112 42 1,711	873 1,721 1,192 69 1,1 15 903 63 1 1,309 123 468	753 316 882 801 2 486 392 160 821 76 235	2,543 2,234 4,343 3,105 112 3,945 2,693 1,503 4,714 325 1,107	2,361 910 1,327 505  769 530 866 1,712	579 297 781 607 227 1,218	357 915 225  281 73 244 442 163 560	2,161 4,882 1,113 1,609 900 1,894 2,761 60	To each man 1 6  " woman 1 0  " child 0 9  Total amount disbursed in wages during the last week.—Ra. 10.883 were paid during the week endig 4th April 1874; the expenditure of the previous week is not given.

BHAGULPORE, The 8th April 1874. V. T. TAYLOR, Collector.

No. 1451F., dated Purneah, the 7th April 1874.

From-W. KEMBLE, Esq., Magistrate and Collector, Purneah, To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Calcutta.

I have the honor to submit herewith my fortnightly narrative for the period ending Suturday, the 4th April 1874.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief for the fortnight ending the 4th April 1874.

During the fortnight I have visited Arrareah, Dengra, Kusba Amour, Bulrampore,

Barsoe, and Kudba.

At Barsoe, where from reports I had been led to believe that there was a serious deficiency of grain in the market, I found a good supply, several boats laden with rice, kullai, &c., had come up the river, and the quantity not only, of grain but also of sugar, fish, &c., was abundant. In this neighbourhood I also found that the villagers had generally a good supply of seed-grain.

Prices at Barsoc hât-

Rice brought from Hyatpore and other places

... 10 to 11 seers, 85 sieca weight. in the Maldah district 20 Potatoes ... 16 Kullai ... ,, 11 Indian-corn

Mustard was selling at Rs. 3-2 a maund, and was being taken away in the boats which had brought up the rice; dried fish was being sold for export to Rungpore and Dinagepore at Rs. 16 a bundle; and sugar, brought from those districts, was sold at Rs. 3-2 a maund. Private trade being so active here, I did not avail myself of Sir Richard Temple's permission to sell Government grain to the public. Matters are looking brighter near Kudba owing to private trade, the good rubbee in the south, and the relief afforded by Government works.

At Bulrampore the people have a larger stock of grain than in any other part of the district I have visited as distressed; they have no rubbee, and consequently will feel the pressure more later on. Mr. Meeklejohn and Captain James are organising relief measures

here.

At Dengra and Kusba Amour there is less private trade than in other parts, but the scarcity is beginning to encourage private enterprise here as elsewhere. A cloth merchant of Kissengunge has opened a large store on the banks of the river, and keeps his supply up by small boats. In this neighbourhood I last fortnight authorised the sale of Government rice Mr. Gouldsbury sold 10 maunds at Rata hat, and Mr. Wyer 16 maunds at Mathour, and 107 maunds 111 seers at Ootri, 15 seers per Burma and 12 seers Bengal. The consequence of this was that on the next hat day, at Rata and Mathour, not a single private trader appeared. I consequently reduced the rates to 12 seers, and forbid the sale of Government grain at the public hats. This has restored confidence, and the baparees are now buying as fast as ever from the Purneah bazar from the merchants who import it from Caragola.

I have directed the relief officers at Dengra and Kusha Amour to sell at 12 seers and 10 seers at their relief centres on fixed days; and after inquiry, to village communities, or group of villages, not more than 100 maunds is sold at each circle until further orders. In villages, when the people are badly off, grain is advanced on credit, the village community

giving a joint bond for the repayment of the advance. This system works capitally, it keeps the people in food, it allows them to spend their money on seed, which is procurable in nearly every hat, and is being imported largely from the north, and it enables us to distribute our grain at no cost at a time when carriage is available. Mr. Wyer at sudder has worked this system, and found that it succeeds better than any other, the people like it, and it is far better than making them advances in money, except in places (which are, in my opinion, very few)

where there is no seed-grain to be had.

In most villages the well-to-do ryots have seed-grain which they are ready to advance to their poorer neighbours if they see any prospect of being repaid. An advance of Government grain for food on joint security, or its sale in some cases, prevents the seed-grain from being eaten, keeps the poorer people in their homes, and enables them to cultivate their fields. The brisk trade in seed-grain is a good sign. At head-quarters there has been a rise in the prices, but this is owing almost entirely to a large quantity of coarse rice brought up by a few traders being nearly all consumed. There has been no great general rise in prices, as the price currents sent up would lead one to suppose. Private traders as well as Government have suffered from the inability of the railway company to supply carriage. Mr. Rattray from Arrareah reports prices much easier. Rice was selling in the north of his sub-division at 93, and 10 seers at Turkeli, and wheat at 124. The rubbee crop up here has been first-rate.

Arrareah reports prices much easier. Rice was selling in the north of his sub-division at 93, and 10 seers at Turkeli, and wheat at 123. The rubbee crop up here has been first-rate.

Mr. Craven reports from North Kishengunge that if Government Burma grain were offered at 12 seers to the people, they would not take it, as rice was selling there at 12 and 13 seers the rupee, and throughout the sub-division there had been a general fall in prices from

1½ to 2 seers the rupee.

Here, as elsewhere, rain is now wanted for the rice sowings, and for the kauni and cheena. Mr. Craven however reports that the lower classes are beginning to show signs of distress, and that beggars are increasing. This is the case everywhere, but the relief afforded by our works, and by the charitable committee, will, I hope, prevent any severe distress being felt. During the fortnight three deaths have occurred at our relief houses, two at Barsoe and one at Kusba. I inquired into those at Barsoe myself, and found that both the deceased had been sufferers for some time from disease, and that their deaths could not be attributed to want; they had both for some weeks been inmates of the poor-house. The case at Kusba Amour was of the same description.

We have now native doctors at all our circles, except Bahadurgunge, who will be of great use in treating these cases of diseases, which are, in the present time of scarcity, brought so prominently to our notice. Mr. Craven reports that he notices that much charitable relief is given in every village by well-to-do Mahomedans, and this is, I believe, the case everywhere,

and amongst Hindoos also.

The most unfavorable symptom I have to report this fortnight is the frequency of fires, which both Messrs. Rattray and Craven assert are the work of incondiaries; from enquiries which I had made myself I think they are right. It seems that these fires generally occur in some village where there are a number of fairly-stocked golahs. In Belgachi, Saifgunge, Kusba, and Rancegunge, and in many other places, there have lately been large fires.

Zemindars are at last getting alive to the necessity of helping their ryots. Aga Saifulla Khan is making advances near Kusba Amour, where they are wanted, and I have advanced

to a good many putneedars in Kishengunge,

Of the crops at present much cannot be said as the rubbee is all cut.

The number of grain-thefts amounts to 26 during the fortnight. The value of the property stolen is Rs. 167-4. This is not very alarming.

The progress return of Mr. Cordner is annexed. I have during the past fortnight been with him over the greater part of his roads, making arrangements to enforce some task from the large numbers of all able-bodied men who flock now to our works. I have no doubt that this will soon be managed; it is everywhere found that the village people soon get accustomed to use the kodali and prefer contract work. A few beldars, who under orders should have been drafted off to the north road, have been allowed to remain on each work, as they distribute themselves among the villagers, serve as duffadars, and teach them to measure.

Under orders from the Commissioner, for women, children, and others who cannot do a

fair day's work, employment will be provided by the relief officer on petty works.

The number of persons employed on these last is increasing. The returns do not show all the persons relieved by read-work, as considerable sums of money have been given out for village roads which have been made by villagers, who cannot be got to send in return of laborers. I have sent up this week a map showing all the works opened or proposed, except petty village roads, including sites selected for tanks, in case there should be a greater demand for employment than our roads can satisfy. This, however, is not likely to be the case, while I trust that we shall be able to finish the work laid out. Huts have been built at each work but are not patronised by the workmen.

but are not patronised by the workmen.

Mr. Rattray pays his coolies in grain, at 15 seers the rupec for Burma rice, to the amount of their daily earnings. The average number of laborers engaged on the Department Public Works works by last return is 14,669, and on the relief officers' petty works 2,587; this gives a total of 17,250. Grain is now sold on all the works at 12 seers and 15 seers, which

is above the rate at which it is sold to the villagers.

It is not necessary to copy here the returns which have already gone up; the above figures differ from them, and slightly, as the latter did not include 64 persons employed on roads and 140 on tanks at Assaragurh by Mr. Craven, and 9 employed by Mr. McQueen. The last-named gentleman's figures, which include no women or children, show that in Dhurumpore the demand for work is far less than in other parts of Purneah.

# PURNEAH DISTRICT.

Progress Report of Famine Relief Work for the week ending 28th March 1874.

Disburse- ment during the week.	Bs. A. P.	8	2,916 0 0		6 6 197	0 <b>4</b> , 888
Acran; ements for tools.		Every effort has been made to induce the laborers to induce their boar tools, but it is to be regreted that this has not been attended with any very great success, and especially since we began to	Overament tools to each of the works.  When the works were first started, but very few Government tools were issued, and most of the laburers who came to our works brought their	own.  I was feared, however that villagers were beginning to think that it was no use applying for work usless they brought kodals, so that after a consulta- tion with the Magistrate,	work, and now, as a rule, the ishorers work with Government tools.  These remarks only apply to the unprofessional laborers, as the others, as a rule, have their own tools, and bring them to the works.	
Rate of wages.			ally hard ally hard in of Exiton of Export rates or are as follows	Liniotre 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	in the case of beldars. Women who work with their husbands at contract rates in Class, it is very difficult to by down a task, as in most cases they refuse to carry earth.  We have therefore but few women in Class IIA.	a non-professional laborer, after the has been at work for some time, can sent from 2 annas to 3 annaper day at our present contract rates by working really hard.
Mode of payment,		The mode of paying laborers in the whole of this district is now as follows:  Laborers working by daily labor receive their pay every day, those working		whenever it is required, and the blance is banded over as soon as the work is finished; the laborers are perfectly satisfied with this arrangement.		
Condition of people and general feature of the country.		No active distress has an act appeared in this part of the district. The people were sometime back supremely indifferent to work, but now they are beginning to come in.  Women and children are in excess of men. Almeet all the laborers work by contract or task-work.	Prople are seeking work on this road in increase- ing numbers. Very few cases of severe distress or emacation have appeared. The luts built along the road are not used by the people who come from a distance, as its prefer to quarter themselves in the adjacent villages	A, the country is chiefly a rice-growing one, there is a very scanty sping ords now being out. Contract and task-work are the rules here, and there are but few people employed as daily laborers.	Government stores are: The people appear to be in distress about here, opened for sale; avor and are town eager); asking for work, age price in, market? Rubbe eroup poor and scant. is about 10*rs. is about 10*rs. and tab. work; as a rule tag prefer the for nner.	The number of laborers along this road is increasing, and work is now eazerly demanded. Nearly all the laborers are employed on contract in task-work.  The condition of the laborers is very good.
Supply of food thereat.		Procurable in the local markets.	Government where are opened for sale,		Government stores are opened for sale; avorage price it, marketi is about 10ers.	Government stores have byen opened; the average price in the market is about 10 seers.
No. of laborere there-		7,47	19,607		3,465	1,526
Progress in opening laborers work, on.		Two parties, one at Perura and another at Bokruha, have been started.	6 parties at work .	•	2 parties at Work	2 parties at work
Progress in marking fout relief works.		The whule line from Furnesh to Keulgama has been lard out.	The whole read, 80 miles in length, has been laid out, 65 miles of it having been levelled and surveyed.		M miles at old Ganges and Darjeeling road laid out, and estimate submitted.	Whole line laid out. 2 parties at work Estimate submitt.d for sanction.
Name of roads.		No 1, Puineah to Koreë's road	No. 2, Nathpore to Albarte.		No 3, Kissengunge to Titaia.	No. 4, Kissengunge to Nailmard,

# PURNEAH DISTRICT—continued.

Disburse- ment during the	R4 A. P. 2,333 10 3	60 00 18	1,991 6 3
Arangements for tools.			]
Rate of wages.	It may be observed that the rate per 100 o. ft. for task-work is in the cases of that for contract, but then it must be remembered that a man can never earn more than 2 as slong he elects to do itsak-work, and he can at any time join the contract gauge where, by a san as a day, All able-bodied men must now join either the contract, or task-work gauge, and subsistence allowance will only be granted to such as are really unbe to do earth-work; they will be to do earth-work; they will be dressing slope and surface of roads. The pay for this class, viz. Class IIB, is—  Men As. 1 6  Women As. 1 0  Children n 0 6	Clods, dressing slope and surface of roads. The pay for this class, class IIB, is—  Women As. 1 6  Women As. 1 0  Women as. 1 0	
Mode of payment.		***	•
Condition of people and general feature of the country.	The laborers, as a rule, are in a fair condition when they come to our works; there are however, cases in which some rather canacitated persons come to us, but they soon pick up when they get regular food. I'p to the present about half the laborers only are doing contract and task-work, but arrangements are now made to task very a bab-bodied man. The women and small children do juttle or nothing in the way of actual work. The former refuse to work near the men, or to carry earth, so that it is difficult to know how to carry earth, so that it is difficult to know how to carry earth, so that it is difficult to know how to carry earth, so that think, be found for them. The same people do not come every day to the work, as they divide their lime between the road and their fields which is very satisfactory, as it allows them to keep up their cultivation.  There are not now 50 belians employed on this road.	None or the people remain at night in the fauts provided for them, as they prefer to return home, even to a distance of 5 mites.  The condition of people on this road is fair; there are but very isolated cases of emaciation. The numbers on the work are rapidly increasing. About half the laborers are employed on contract and task-work, but arrancements have now been made to put every able-bodied man into Class I or Class IIA.	Although many of the laborers, when they first join the work look rather out of condition, yet, after working and getting regular wages, they rapidly improve. Work is eagerly sought for, and people are rapidly flocking to the works.  As most of the laborers have never worked before, they require a great deal of training before they can be made to adopt task work, with the exception, of about 50 beldars scattered about the works,  These beldars have proved very useful in showing they villagers how much more beneficial it is for the m. to go in for contract in place of day
No. of laborers Supply of food thereat. there on.	Government stores have been opened.	Government stores have been opened for sale of rice.	Government stores have been opened the average price of rice in the markets is about 10 seers.
No. of laborers there-	28, 036	\$	16,16,
No. of Progress in opening labovers there-	4 parties at work	3 parties at work	4 parties working →
Progress in marking out relief works.	All marked out and levelled.	All marked out and levelled.	All marked out, levelled, 4 parties working and surveyed.
Name of roads.	No. 6, Dengrah Ghat to Turkeli,	Mo. 6, Dingraghat to Bhopla,	No. 7, Baigungs to Bolrampors.

	District.
R. A. CORDNER,	Executive Engineer, Purneath

721 12 6	2 4 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	<b>9</b> 0 99 101 101	25.50	6 8 9	9 71 019	299 9 1	11,051 12 4
	•	•		į	tron.	: !	:	:
		:			:		-	
On the western portion of this road distress is not so evident as at the eastern portion, towards Barsoe, where numbers are now flocking to the work. As the work has shall startly been started, we have not got the contract and task-	work gratem into full swing, but arrangements are now made to make then the rule and not the exception on this read. A good deal of grain has been sown along the road; other rubbe every seanty.  Procurable in the local Condition of laborers satisfactory, farther common rice from 120 13 seers for the runee.	Laborers to all appearance strong and healthy: no distress visible. Rubbee crop being now cut 'n the 27th about half of the large and populous village of Kusba was burnt down.	The number of laborers on this road is less than that reported last week, as nearly all the beddare have been drafted of the rand No. I. About half the people on this road have been engaged on faily pay, and the rest on contract and task-work. Arrangements are now made to put every able-bodied man on task or contract that work. Laborers do not remain in the huss provided for them. There is a x or deed of ploughing going on for the spring sow in xs.	The people about here are now more career tor work, and but very few are employed, except on centract or task-work, the former being the more popular with the laborers. Crops poor and scauty.	Condition of the laborers is good.	The people are now flocking to this work. More than half the people are employed on contract and task-work.	Distress is commencing to be felt along this road, and the laborers are increasing on the	
7,474 Government stores have been opened.	Procurable in the local flarkets; common free from 12 to 18 seers for the runee.	Ditto ditto	Government stores bave been opened,	3,515 Government stores have been opened, Market price of rice about 9 secrs.	Government stores have   Condition of the labor been opened.	Datto datto	Ditto ditto	1
7.7*2	10	565	899°¢	3,515	639	7,554	2,821	102,655
Work can be commended as soon as it is considered advisable to do so. 3 parties working	l party Working	2 partics ditto	ditto	1 party ditto	1 dutto	2 parties ditto	1 party ditto	Total number of people employed during the week.
8, Maldah and Line laid out and esti. Varinkooree road, mate submitted for sanction. 9, Kudba to Ditto ditto 3	Bepairing old embank. I party working	Ditto ditto	Embanking existing 2 road.	Ditto dutto 1	o. 35, road Saif. Repairs and embank. Jeunge to Mohen- ing district road.	Line marked out; esti. 2 partics ditto mate submitted for sanction.	Line marked	- 10 44
9, Maldah and I crinkooree road. 9, Kudba to karsoe.	h 10, Purneah and Nathpore road.	3. 12, ditto and Mattiaree road.	o. 16, road from Furneah to Kutha	6. 23, road from Kissengunge to Bahadoorgunge.	o. 35, road Saif- gunge to Mohen- derpore.	o. 36, Chownagna to Bulrampore.	ahadoorgunge to Torubarree.	

# SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, APRIL 22, 1874.

I have not received any return from Caragola this week to show me the quantity of private grain imported. From reports in the bazar I fear it has fallen off a little, owing doubtless to the same cause which brought about the stoppage in the importation of Govern-

ment grain last fortnight.

The means of transport have not failed as in the district yet, nor is it likely that any difficulty on this head will arise. Private trade continues as active in the south-east of the district as ever. The Morung authorities have either found that they have some spare grain ncross the border, or they are not so vigilant to prevent smuggling as they were, as Mr. Craven reports that rice is being brought in for sale; he also reports large quantities brought from Julpigoree.

1).

Mr. Mulock's note on the golah and carting arrangements is annexed.

All the golahs are being or have been leeped, and special arrangements made to protect them from fire at Saifgunge. Last week, when half the bazar was burnt down all round them, the golahs were preserved. I hope soon to have arrangements complete for distributing the

grain to the villages and smaller golahs.

During this fortnight 4,727 carts left Caragola carrying 27,267 bags, or 54,534 maunds of This is an average of 339 carts per day, a great falling off from our former averages. This is caused by the causes mentioned in the last narrative, namely, the sudden running short of our stores of grain at Caragola, and the consequent impression among the carters that no more grain was coming to the district. Our liberal rates, however, are again drawing them back, and Mr. Munro writes that he expects to have carted away five lakhs of maunds from Caragola before Thursday next.

All the golahs for the reception of Government grain are being fast completed, and the sub-divisional relief officers are looking after their construction; sites have been chosen at Kooti, Rudail, and Azimgunge; the three new golahs decided on. The new golahs at Palankof

and Sirsee are completed.

Preparations are being made for the general stock-taking on the 15th current. I have distributed personally the forms to eight goladars, and thoroughly explained the principle of the accounts and forms; and Mr. Craven, who was in the station on Saturday, took away the forms for eight more to explain to his chowkeedars. It will be very difficult to have European officers present at all the golahs, but at Dingra, Turkeli, Mutiari, Kishengunge, Bahadurgunge, Kusha Amour, Bulrampore, Barsoe, Kudha, and Purneah, I expect to be able to have European officers to check the stock-taking. In any golah where the amount at stock-taking is stated to be much less than our register shows, it will be necessary to have a European officer deputed to recount the bags. The coolies who take out the grain will be paid in grain, which will be more acceptable than money, and will obviate the necessity of sending large sums of money to the goladars.

I have received 38 bales of 30-seer gunny bags from the Allipore Jail, which I have

distributed, with 4 packing needles and 2 maunds of twine, to all the principal golahs.

Е.

The advances to private parties have this fornight been small, amounting only to Rs. 3,000 to two persons, Gopaul Sing and Udhan Mull, for purchase of grain, and Rs. 3,000 to Srikant Jha and Aga Saifulla Khan to help their ryots.

The last-named gentleman has, however, asked for Rs. 3.000 more, which I have recom-

mended shall be given.

Advances have been made by relief officers to ryots and others, but I much prefer to help the poorer classes of people by advancing food-grain to them, and thus prevent them from eating their seed, which they would have to do in many cases if not helped.

I hope that the example set by Aga Saifulla Khan would have been more generally

followed, and trust yet that it will be.

Since the end of the fortnight under review further advances have been made.

Charitable relief has been generally and freely given throughout the district. The report of Mr. Wyer, the relief officer, submitted a few days ago, was very incomplete, as the subdivisional officers had not fully understood that their reports were to go to him.

I can from personal inquiry state that the relief officers are generally actively engaged in their work, and I am sure that the existence of relief centres and relief works is known in every corner of the district, and that if any person in want does not get relief it is his own fault. Mr. Wyer, at head-quarters, has visited most of the villages in the distressed part of the sub-division; he has advanced money for seed to those ryots whose landlords would not help them, and has, under my orders, sold and advanced grain to villagers where the need of

such help was apparent; he has not given any relief by cooked food.

Mr. Thornton and Mr. Gouldsbury, at Dingra and Kusba Amour, have been very active in giving out twine and cotton and jute, and in arranging circles of villages for the sale and

distribution of grain.

Mr. Perry, at Kusba, has been more active in opening out road and tank work; he finds but few applicants for relief at poor-houses. He and the Dengra and Kusba Amour relief officers work the ticket system very successfully, and check the lists. The active and intelligent way in which Lieutenant Thornton has taken to this work, which is quite new to him, is very

have done well in looking after the larger Department Public Works works in their circles; they have been directed to open more petty relief works.

Mr. Rattray, at Arrareah, has started a very large number of petty roads, and has worked

the ticket system fairly; but I fear that he has been too indiscriminate in his charity.

Instead of advancing cotton and twine to indigent persons for spinning, he has advanced a large sum in cash for the purpose, he explains, of enabling such persons to buy the raw

a large sum in cash for the purpose, ne explains, of enabling such persons to buy the raw materials. The plan I cannot approve and have stopped.

The average number of persons, according to the last return, who are in receipt of charitable relief, is 2,178. This is far below the real number.

The return does not include persons in receipt of relief by spinning, and has not been received from some centres at all. Regular rules and tables for returns about which up till lately there has been some misunderstanding have been sent out now. The rules are based on those circulated in Tirhoot.

					_			
To zemindars and others to assist the purchase of seeds, &c.— To Srikant Jha To Aga Saifulla Khan			1,000 2 000	0	() ()	3,000	0	0
To Udun Mull, mahajun of Purn	eah town	the	2,000	0	O	3,000	0	0
Advanced to traders for importing g To Gopaul Sing, of Moheshna	rain		1,000	()	()			
Golah establishment	. • • •	•••				. 200	3	9
Office contingencies							13	
Office establishment	•••			•		215		
		•				394		()
To Superintendent of Jail	• • •	•••	5()	(+	0			
To golahdar of Kanaharia	arrar	•••	100	()	()			
To contractor for 2 golahs at Kalli		•••	112	0	0			
To contractor for 2 goldhs at Kish	cagunge		102	8	0			
For construction of golahs-		-				±11,•)U t	5	I
Establishment for transport of gra	ıın	• • •	21	]	10	49,304	۲.	1
Calcutta		• • •	255		6			
Paid for carriage of 30 seers gu	nny bags sen	t for				•	•	
mission	• • •		5.824	11	9			
Payments to contractors for hire of	f carts and	 com-				43,200	0	()
To Mr. Rattray	•••	• - •	16,000	0	0	4.5 ***	_	
To Mr. Mulock			20,200	Ö	0			
To Lieutenant Coles	•••		7,000	0	0			
Carriage of tools  Advanced for transport of grain—		•	•••••			135	13	ti
To District Engineer	•••	• • •				50,000	1)	()
•		_				296	5	6
To Bhola Mundul, for Mathore and To principal overseer for Barsowni To Joy Narain Mitter	road	 	210 11	0 8	() () ()			
Expenditure during the fortnight adv	yanced for vil	llage r	oads— 75	0	Λ			
	Тотаь	4	,25,595	1.4	9			
Golah establishment	•••	• •	·#· #-\$7	ij	Τį			
Office contingencies	***	••	679 449	1 I 5	6 10			
Advance for clearing cart tracks	•••	•••	-,		()			
Advance for purchase of fodder		•••	2,014	.;	()			
Office establishment			45.00	1	0			
purchase of seeds, &c. Advance to Lieutenant Coles on ac	count of pay	•••	50	0	()		•	
Advance to zemindars to assist their	r ryots in th		11,950	0	0			
Advance to residents for purchase c		•••	60,725	0	()			
Construction of golahs	•••	•••	19,095	9	6			
Purchase of tools and plant Transport of grain			,56,172					
rurchase of tools and biant	oad repairs	•••	5,206		0			
	nod remaire	•••	50,000 7,700	() 2	0			
To planters and others for district r			5/1 /1/11	43	1.			
District Engineer To planters and others for district r	***	•••			0			
To planters and others for district r	•••	•••	9,675	A. 4	P. 0	Rs. A	۱.	Р.

TAT L' TORITOR M

W. O. LEWIS, Court Inspector.

PURNEAH,
The 5th April 1874.

DISTRICT PURNEAH.

Statement of Dacoities, Robberies, and Thefts for the month of March 1874, and the corresponding months of the years 1871 and 1872 as called for by Government letter No. 4081, dated 26th December 1873.

Decorate Date of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.  Rossers St. Corresponding month of March 1873.	Torat	OF ALL 4 CRIMES.	Corresponding month of March 1873.  Corresponding month of March 1872.	;	\$ 8	, 9 	, Z	28 28
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# Dated Camp Sibpore, the 8th April 1874.

From-A. Boswell, Esq., Offg. Deputy Commissioner of Sonthal Pergunnahs, To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I have the honor to submit a narrative for the fortnight ending 5th April 1874.

2. For the last fortnight I have been travelling fast, and never staying more than three days in any place. I have left my office all behind me, and have found it necessary to sacrifice report-writing considerably.

- 3. I.—Supplies are not said to have failed anywhere. Food is reported plenty in the Deoghur sub-division, except at head-quarters, where the demand is very great; it is surprising that a resort of beggars and devotees like Baidzanath has not furnished a good deal of distress before this.
- 4. In Godda the laborers are chiefly supplied from the Government golah at Doi.
- It is impossible to say whether the local markets would have stood the strain or not unhelped.
  - 6. Anyhow there is food for the people, and they are able to get it.
  - 7. I have not heard from Rajmohal.
- There is a considerable quantity of rice stored in Sultanabad; but the mahajuns are unwilling to sell, wishing to force up prices. It is likely enough we shall have to import a little to prevent prices rising too high.

# Extract from Price Current A-II, 9th paragraph.

Market.			Wheat.	Rice, best.	Rice, common.	Bajra.	Maise.	Gram.
Doomka		•••	12	10	31	16	16	121
Pakawar	• • • •	•••	17	13	14	191	174	20
Deoghur		•••	12	12	13	· · · · ·	13	15
Jamtara	•••	•••		12	13	•••		13
Katikund	•••	•••	•••	11	12	18	18	
Barbait				11	1.3	••.	16	
Sahibgunge	•••	• • •	16	12	13	18	18	16

- The cheapest rice is 141 seers at Patrol. The cheapest food is 30 seers of barley at Prices are generally steady, with slight local fluctuation. Pakauri.
  - III.—An agent of the Rajah of Sultanabad has 6,000 maunds of rice stored at

The Rajah has a good deal of rice stored at Maheshpore. Six mahajuns in the neighbourhood are believed to be holding up considerable stores for famine prices.

- 12. IV .- On Friday last there was rain with hail from Muheshpore to about 6 miles west. I 'lo not know how far north or south it spread.
- 13. The hail damaged the mange crop a good deal. The rain has helped ploughing much. I have not received any registered rainfall.
- 14. The mohwa flowers are the chief crop coming in now. I am sorry that the last weekly weather and crop return but one gave a misleading account. It was made up at Doomka, where some of the trees were late in flowering.
- 15. I have myself seen mohwa trees in full flower from Benajarhia to Doomka and Maheshpore, and I have heard of the crop from Deoghur and the Hendwa pergunnah. It is quite first-rate nearly everywhere, and is bad nowhere. The best is so good that the whole crop may be put down as excellent. I have breakfasted on boiled mohwa flowers, and I can say that they are wholesome and valuable food.
  - 16. The mango crop is not so good, and the kend trees are promising badly.
  - 17. I find that, beside the flower, the mohwa fruit yields an edible seed, with oil.
- There is no ordinary rubbce in any part of the south of the district. I have heard of about 200 beeghas of good grain in Sultanabad, and literally nothing else.
  - The Godda report gives no details of the rubbee crop.
  - .20. In Deoghur sugarcane is doing well.
- 21. People look well everywhere. I have seen one half-starved boy of about 7. His parents were beggars, who died about two months ago. He is a dome by caste, and has no rela-

- tions. He came to show himself to me. He was very thin. His ribs could be counted, and the big lean joints showed out the miserable leg and arm bones. He had been living on scraps from door to door since his parents died. I gave him in charge to a comfortable Brahman. This I should think must count as a case of actual distress.
- 22. One man has died, and another man is said to be dying near Maheshpore from combined disease and poverty.
- 23. The wonder is that we have not heard of dozens of such cases, as they are constantly occurring all over the world.
  - 24. I was for three days at Benagurhia with Mr. Bærresen, the missionary, last week.
- 25. The complaint is, that the people are nearly at the end of their stores, and that there is danger of great distress once the rains begin.
- 26. If people are going to starve six weeks hence, their being well and hearty now won't alter the fact. But it is impossible to trust the accounts the people give of their own condition. This is one of the greatest difficulties we have to fight against. The first answer to any inquiry is always, "our crops all died; we have nothing; the Sarkar is our father and mother; if the Sarkar helps us we may escape." This is the refrain to nearly every song all over the district. When pressed to give details the people let out that their case is by no means so bad. They admit that they had very uneven crops; that most villages had a share of good and bad luck.
- 27. In the hill country west of Benagurhia there was fair maize, and a little good rice. The population is thiu, and mowah trees are plenty. In spite of some complaints I consider this region safe.
- 28. The people of the plains or rolling country of Dari Maleshwar are much worse off. The villages are thicker and larger than in the hills; the people trusted more to rice and lost more.
- 29. They are coming in great numbers to works I opened in concert with Mr. Bærresen last week. But they are in excellent condition so far. The men are strong and the girls tall and good-looking. I did not see a thin, weak frame, or a woe-begone face among a thousand laborers.

The cattle also are in good case.

- 30. Still, it would be very wrong to let such appearances mislead. In about six weeks the first rains may be looked for; the people must plough their land, and they must be able to live while they have to be engaged on work which does not bring them in their food for the day.
- 31. As has been long foreseen by every one, the time of greatest difficulty will be from June to September, when men must be ploughing their fields, or there will be no crop next year; when transport will be most difficult, and when the last grain of the old harvest will be eaten, possibly before the first of the new harvest is eatable. Sontals would be merry, and eat full meals up to their last handful of maize.
- 32. Therefore about Benagurhia and Dari Maleshwar generally, I say the people are still in very good condition. Scarcity up to this has not affected them, but I believe the accounts of their short supplies to be true. They will not get so much mowah as the people in the hills. They are much more numerous in an equal area.
- 33. Supplies in the local markets are believed to be nearly sufficient. I have with the help of the missionaries, spened relief works which I mean to extend.
- 34. A gentlen an v ho lives in the neighbourhood, and who trades in country produce, has engaged with me to bey may required quantity of rice from the Government, and sell it to the laborers at the preserved lates.
- .. 35. I think by working one day on a road or a tank, and another day on his own field, the poor cultivator vial be able to pull through.
- 36. The poor laborers will also pull through, because, though their resources are less than the cultivators, they can give all their time to immediately paying work.
- 37. I should not like to try to give a more minutely accurate description than this of the condition of the people of Dari Maleshwar, and I think this will do to work on.
- 38. I am just now in the middle of Sukanabad, about which I had heard alarming reports. Mr. Wood i as been here for some time, and I have had the very great advantage of naceting him.
- was nost uneven, but that I thought it averaged 8 annas. I am not able now to say whether the etimate was right or wrong. I can only say that the people's own accounts of their condition are ridle loudy natrustworthy. I give an instance. In November I was going through a village. I was talking to my mahawal; we were admiring some magnificent rice that was growing along a deep khal full of water. The khal ran winding almost like a tangled rope, and for a considerable distance on each side for a long stretch of the khal this very fine rice was growing. The uplands had not been ploughed. The village was not large, and a

number of the villagers stood looking at my elephant. I said to them, "the whole country is going to ruin. What about you?" They answered laughing, "we are all right, we have got our's safe." A week ago I passed through the same village, and I was told that not a grain of rice had been saved. The water in the khal is not dry yet. Cows drink it and buffaloes lie in it.

- 40. The tenants of Sultanabad are not on good terms with their landlord. They are constantly asking me what the Sarkar is going to do, and they are inclined to convene meetings to make proposals, and hear news.
- 41. The Rajah of Maheshpore has promised to spend Rs. 5,000 borrowed, and Rs. 2,000 of his own money on tanks and bands. Work has already been begun on a very good line of road and on several tanks.
- 42. I consider that relief works are necessary in Sultanabad, and, as I have already said, we shall probably have to import some rice.
- 43 In Maheshpore laborers are refusing task-work. Daily labor attracts many hundreds of persons who like pay for lazy work. Number rolls of day-laborers are apt to mislead.
  - 44. Crimes does not appear to be increasing.

В.

- 45. Yesterday I received the district progress report, which I have to submit in original as I am alone in the interior, without a clerk.
- 46. In addition to the works reported in this sheet, I opened work last week by the kind help of Mr. Bærresen on a tank and a band near Benagurhia. I gave Mr. Bærresen Rs. 1,000 to carry on the work. In four days the number of laborers increased from 200 to 1,100, almost all Sontals.
- 47. Mr. Meara has opened work on the Bario and Pratapore road, but finds that laborers will not come to it. They prefer the Barahat road. This requires investigation.
- 48. As I have said, the people of Sultanabad are working on a road and on tanks selected by Mr. Wood. These works will now come on the regular list.

 $\mathbf{C}$ 

49. I have nothing of importance to report.

D.

50. • I have nothing to report. I have not received details from Doi, our only working golah. I have not received sufficient information from Rajmehal to make any report.

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51. As I have said, Rajah Gopal Chundra Singh Bahadoor, of Maheshpore, is borrowing Rs. 5,000 for tanks, of which he is going to begin twenty immediately.

The progress report gives some details of expenditure totalling Advance to Mr. Bærresen for Benagurhia band and tank ...

Total

Rs. A. P. ... 1,743 0 3 ... 1,000 0 0

P. S.—The father of the distressed boy of paragraph 21 has turned up. The boy had told me his father and mother were both dead. I cannot yet say whether the father wants to get hold of the boy's subsistence allowance or not.

SONTHAL PERGUNNAHS DISTRICT.

. Progress Report of Famine Relief Works for the week ending Saturday, the 28th March 1874.

Disburse- n.ent during the week.	Bs. A. P. 502 7 6	NII.	Nii.	Nii.		1,128 6 0	\$
• Arrangements for tools.	Supplied by department and partly by the laborers themselves.	Nii.	Nu.	Ni.	250 kodaless and 50 picks have been grun to the civil officer.	By department, as the tools brought by coolies are quite useless.	Ditto ditto
Rate of wages.	Ba. A. P.  i:dara	Nii.	Nil.	Nai.	orell officer (18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18 orell of 18	0 2 8 0 1 8 0 1 0 50 0 9	Disto ditto
	S.RPO M				The belia	Sirdars Coolies Women Children	
Mode of payment.	Every alternate days by the Superintendent in charge.	Nil.	Nü.	Mil.	Daily	Every third day by sircars,	Every third day by sirear Kuloda Prosed Roy.
Condition of the people and the general feiture of the country.	No Government sup- Laborers working on this road are healthy and atrong, and searcity not keenly felt.  Sumber of laborers daily increasing as the opening of the road is known to men who feel so feel seciety. On the feel of distress exists on the localities over which the road passes.  Larze numbers of men will flock to this work who daily for the laborers and seen mail flock to this work who daily for the laborers and seen after reaping of the present more than the laborers and seen after reaping of the present mowth	crops.	The condition of the people is rather bad: and specially ancient the power classes of people there is sign of distress.	***************************************	The people do not feel to suffer from want of foot; all have the look of people who had their regular allowance of foot. In Probreamma rros sea, at si seres per rupee, the seer containing 101 tollahs, In Godds 9 seers of rice per rupee, 30 tola is to the seer.	Fair. No scarcity of grain has as yet been felt.	Ditto ditto
Supply of food thereat	No Government sup-		There is no scarcity of food yet.		The road being in the hands of the cvil office for construction, this information can be got from him.	No Government sup- ply; the coolies obta n their food from adja- cent villages.	Ditto ditto
No. of laborers thereon.	ed on Men 1,950 20th, Women 488 40th Children 315	Nil.	Nil.	· Nil.	•	CLASS L Men 4,435 Women 2,947 Children 684	Xen 429 Women 416 Children 208
Progress in opening relief works.	Works opened on the 10th, 20th, 50th, mile.	Nil.	il.	Nil.		Completely opened	
Progress in marking out relief works.	Estimate being pre- pared; survey, ing and levelling completed.	Line chosen	6 miles sections taken and 54 miles sections plotted.	Ti.M.	Centre line completely staked out; 6 miles levels and 3 miles of side-widths put in.		11 miles staked out
Names of roads.	No. 1, Doomkah to Jamtara road.	No. 2, Katicoond to Line chosen	No. 8, Jurmondee	No. 4. Hausdia to Godda road.	No. 5, Godda to Carabat road.	EB	No. 7, Borio to Moneshari road.

No information re-	. 100	NO.	21.13.0	116 13 9	*	The work . is tasked and paid through sirears	prest; no returns on the matter as	33 0 0	Nil.	1,748 0 8
By department, as the tools brought by colies are quite use-less.	ж	Nil.	By department	By department		By department	• .	Ditto	Nil.	Total
Sirdars 0 2 8 Coolles 0 2 0 Women 0 1 0 to 0 9	Digging kunkur at "4 ss. per hundred kubic feef.	ii ii k	Coolies Women Carnentaria	by Same as in No. 6	carried on till the rams set in.	Task-work		Cutting kunkur at annas 3-6 per hundred cubic feet.	Nii.	
Every third day by sircars.	Twice a week by sirears	Nil.	Twice a week to daily labor is and weekly to carpenters by the overseer in characters.	rd veb	maining work cannot be	Every third day by sirear Niroda Persad Kur.	•	Twice a week by over- seer in charge and sirear.	Nii.	
Fair. No scarcity of grain has: Every third as yet been felt,	No cooly working on this road has yet been found physically weak or emaciated for want of food. The wants are not fell yet to a great extent.		Ditto	Fair. No scarcity has as yet	plete: the work is stopped at present, as the remaining work cannot be carried on till the rains set in.	:		Same as in No. 16.		
No Government supply; the coolies obtain their food from adjacount villages.	No Government sup- ply. Food is obtained from Hatiss, which takes place twice a week in many places,	and from moodees. Ditto Ditto	Ditto	No Government supply, Fair. Food is obtained from been adjacent villages.	Repairs nearly complete: the wor	Called 45 LVC. LB		Same as in No. 10.		
Men 5,991 Women 4,599 Children 1,471	Men S42 Women S42 Women 468 Children 136 Carts 1404	Nil.	Coolies 84 Women 42 Carpenters 40	Meu 745 1 Women 459 Children 755	Repairs 12 Commission and received		. CLASS I.	Momen 148 Women 107 Carts 50	NA.	-
Completely opened	Completely opened	Nil. Nil.	Completely opened	Ditto	ban no slatelumo.)			Ditte	Nil.	
Complete project	Complete project	Kendua Nil. Poosaroo Design ready	Complete project	Complete project	Ditto	:		:	Nif.	
No. 8, Burhait to Sahebgunge road.	No. 10, metalling Bhagulpore and Soory road from 70th to 95th mile.	No. 11, Kendua road. No. 12, Poosaroo	bridges. No. 13. repairs to Complete project Bhaguljore and Soory read.	No. 14, repairs to Complete project Bahawa and Bur- hait road.	No. 15, repairs to Moraroe and Amrapara road No. 16, remire to	Pakour and Harampore road.		No. 17, repairs to Duito Domka station roads.	No. 26, Burhait to Godda road.	-

No bigh caste cooles, such as Brahmins, Kayasts, &c., have yet appeared. The laborers generally belong to lower classes, such as Southals, Dhangers, Baoorys, Vooyas, Kaots, &c.

DENONATH MOOKERJEE, Accountant, for Offg. Executive Engineer on tour.

# RESOLUTION.

# SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 14th April 1874.

READ-

The fortnightly narratives for the Rajshahye Division, for the period ending 4th April. Moorshedabad .- The effect of the reaping of the rubbee crop is perceptible in the markets of this district, for though rice is a little dearer, averaging 121 seers per rupee, wheat and gram are at 17 and 18 seers, and other grains cheaper.

- 2. As before reported, it is only the begging and indigent non-laboring classes that are suffering from actual want, and to whom it has been found necessary to give gratuitous relief. For the laboring classes, work is provided, and is readily taken where the pressure is at all severe. Difficulty is said to be felt in undertaking tank-work for want of a supervising agency. It is thought that the headmen of villages cannot be trusted with the disbursement of money on this account without a tolerably active supervision. The Lieutenant-Governor thinks that this difficulty is exaggerated. It is hoped that the arrangements recently made under the Commissioner's orders, for dividing the district into circles, with an officer in charge of each, will make it easy to introduce this form of relief more freely where required. The Lieutenant-Governor was prepared, from his own knowledge, to find the necessity of such circles in the western half; but he hopes that in any case a full circle organisation will not be found necessary in the eastern half; that is on the east of the Bhagirattee river. If however the Collector thinks that it does, then the Lieutenant-Governor will be glad to receive a special report.
- 3. The average number of persons on relief works daily, is 3,464. The daily number receiving charitable relief is 379. It is stated that the manufacture of jute-cordage has proved a useful form of light-labor, and more popular than thread-making. The relief committees of other districts may, perhaps, try this. Government grain when sold to an independent relief committee need not continue to be shown as Government grain.
- 4. Rujshahye.—Though prices are easier here, owing to private importations, than they have been for some time, the failure of the silk crop which is now reported, will, it is to be feared, cause much distress than would otherwise have been avoided. The district has, however, been divided into circles under the Commissioner's orders, and a careful watch must be kept upon the condition of the poorer classes. The average number of laborers on relief works had risen to 6,587 in the first week of the fortnight. The return for the last week is not sub-185 persons daily receive charitable relief at poor-houses, but these returns are also mitted. incomplete.
- 5. Ma dih.—The Collector notes a marked decrease in the supply of rice and paddy in the local markets. Prices are nowhere less than 11 seers per rupee, and go as high as 9 seers. Wheat and other rubbee grains are however coming in, and helping to relieve this extreme pressure. The rubbee harvest has fortunately been above the average. Seed for the bhadoi dhan sowings' has been procurable, though at very high rates, and a much greater area than usual has been laid down.
- Mr. Alexander thinks the condition of the people getting worse by degrees, and now anticipates that village-to-village inspection will be necessary; arrangements for this seem to have been made. The Lieutenant-Governor observes that this process can only be necessary in the tracts on the west banks of the Muhanuddee and its affluent. It can hardly be required in the tract between the Ganges and the Muhanuddee. If it be, however, the Lieutenant-Governor would be glad to receive a special report. In the very bad parts, the increase in the number of ordinary villagers coming for cooked-food to the depôts, indicates the growth of distress. It is not, however, understood why these people should receive cooked-food; they should be set to work on relief works. 3,160 persons daily find employment on relief works, while 684 are receiving charitable relief.
- Dinagepore.—Mr. Lowis' report is as usual full and interesting. Rain is much required in this district to enable the ryots to complete the sowing of the light lands for the bhadoi crop, and to plough up the heavier soils. The Collector believes that seed-grain exists in the country in sufficient quantity, though the prices of it will range high. He proposes to put some pressure on the zemindars to induce them to assist ryots who have no means of their own to purchase seed. Probably it will be found that the zemindars will do this readily enough for their own sakes, if the grain exists. But it is right to devote constant attention to the matter. It is, as Mr. Lowis say, better for Government to avoid direct dealings with the cultivators, and get the zemindars to perform their natural duties.
- 8. The facts related by the Collector confirm the conclusion to which he had already come, that the general stocks of the district are now fast failing. Fortunately the Government rice is available in sufficient quantity to meet all distress.
- 9. The numbers on relief works have risen to 74,806.
  10. Transport is working smoothly and well. The Collector would like to take 40,000 maunds more vid Dingraghat, in addition to the 1,50,000 already sent through Purneah, but the present arrangements cannot be again disturbed, and the East Ladian Railway cannot be further burdened. It is to be hoped the Collector may find the forms of the stock accounts less complicated than he expects them to prove.
- 11. The arrangements for charitable relief are complete 1,791 persons were receiving this form of aid.

Rungpore.—The Rungpore report is on this occasion sufficiently lengthy, and gives a very fair idea of the state of the district, and the local distribution of distress. It might, however, with advantage have been more condensed. The worst tract is that in the south by Govindgunge, where village inspection has disclosed even greater distress than was anticipated. In some parts the people have been reduced to something approaching extremity, though no deaths are reported. It is hoped that the Collector can show that he has from the first exercised sufficient vigilance in this respect. The Lieutenant-Governor warns him most earnestly, both as to the present and the future. No shortcoming in this vital respect can be overlooked or permitted. Relief measures seem now to be on an efficient footing; work is provided; advances are being made to zemindars and jotedars for their ryots, while the latter eagerly watch the due application of the sums so lent by Government.

13. The total number on relief works is not given. They are said to be much the same as before, 'except in Govindgunge, where about 10,000 people are on the roads. Last narra-

tive showed 3,465 laborers for the whole district.

14. The transport of grain is said to be going on smoothly, though complaints are made that private trade is interfered with by the Government demand for carriage. It can hardly be the case that a district like Rungpore should feel seriously the withdrawal of 653 or even 1,000 carts. The special report of the burning down of a Government rice golah will be awaited. 162,828 maunds of rice have reached the district.

15. Over 4,000 persons are said to be in receipt of charitable relief. They are chiefly of

the begging class.

16. Bogra.—The Collector reports that no change has taken place here during the fortnight in the condition of the people; but the numbers on relief works have risen from 9,686 to 24,951 persons, of whom only 7,980 were men. It is evident from Mr. Kelly's account that the population of the villages is turning out to perform cominal labor on the roads. If these people are really distressed, work must be found for them in their villages. But it is stated as a fact that well-to-do people come on the roads bringing their laborer-servants with them. Certainly in such cases the labor test should be made a reality. Mr. Robinson's attention is invited to Sir George Campbell's "Note" published in the last Gazette, where this question is discussed. He should take steps to have the works classified as there directed. The Lieutenant-Governor begs that Mr. Robinson will take the earliest opportunity of visiting the Bogra district.

17. The Collector thinks the land carriage of the district insufficient to carry off the whole of his increased allotment. In that case, he must arrange to store it at places from which it can be conveniently distributed in boats later in the season. Mr. Robinson should, however, look into this question without delay and report the result. The Lieutenant-Governor has hitherto been under the impression that there is enough land carriage in the district for so

small an aliotment.

18. Charitable relief is being given to 583 persons.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,
A. MACKENZIE,
Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No 2386-S.R.

Copy forwarded to the Commissioner of Rajshahye, the Relief Commissioner of Rajshahye, and the district officers of the division for information and guidance.

No. 2387-S.R.

Copy forwarded to the Commissioners of Patna and Bhaugulpore.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th April 1874.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Moorshedabad District for the Fortnight ending Saturday, the 4th April 1874.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

1.—Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazaar.

The supply of food-grains other than rice is reported to be increasing in the bazaars and hats of the Sudder sub-division, and the prices are easier. There is still sufficient rice for daily consumption, but the stock is reported to be gradually decreasing. In the Lalbag sub-division there is still an abundant supply in the bazaar. The mahajuns of Baloochur and Azimgunge have opened their stores and are supplying the bazaar. In the Rampore Haut sub-

division the markets are in a similar state to what was reported in the last narrative. In the Jungipur sub-division it is reported that the supply of rice and dhan in the market of Dhulian, from East Bengal, is abundant. The Sub-Divisional Officer saw a number of Dacca rice-boats in the Ganges near Dhullian on last Monday and Tuesday. The supply of rice in other bazaars is reported to be scantier than in other years; but there is always enough to meet the daily demand.

# 2.—Kind and price of grain selling at one or more principal marts.

In the Head-quarters sub-division the price of common rice is somewhat higher than at date of last narrative; the average of 12 of the principal marts gives 12½ seers per rupee. It is cheapest at Nowada, where the rate is 15 seers per rupee, and dearest at Kallyangunge, where it is 11 seers per rupee. The price of wheat and gram has fallen; of the former the average is 17 seers, and of the latter 18 seers per rupee. Other food-grains such as kulai, dâl of different sorts, &c., are somewhat cheaper, but the whole of the rubbee crops have not yet been gathered. In the Lalbag sub-division coarse rice still remains generally at 12 seers per rupee. Wheat has fallen one seer, and barley two seers. In the Rampore Haut sub-division the price of fine and coarse rice are as follows:—

			Fine rice.	Coarse rice.
Khurgram	•••	•••	$10\frac{2}{16}$	11+2
Pulsa	•••	•••	10	12
Rampore Haut	•••	•••	12	14
Nulhattee	•••		12	14

It will be observed that in the market of Rampore Haut the prices have fallen by one seer in comparison with those mentioned in the last narrative. In the Jungipur sub-division the price of new "hoimonto" rice is given at 12 or 12 seers per rupee.

# 3.—Any information obtained regarding the amount and kind of grain believed to be in stock in the hands of zemindars, traders, ryots, and others.

The stock of food-grains in the hands of zemindars, mahajuns, and others in the Sudder sub-division is said to be much the same as before. No. precise estimate has been attempted. The Lalbag Sub-Divisional Officer still adheres to his former opinion. No further information has been obtained on this point, as no special ennquiries have been made. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Haut, as stated in the last narrative, states that there is little in store in the hands of zemindars and mahajuns.

# 4.—Rainfall, if any.

There was a slight fall of rain on the 24th ultimo in the following station jurisdictions:—
Jellinghee, Nowada, and Bhurtpore; and on the 1st instant in Gowas, Dewauserai, and Jellinghee. Hail fell in the latter place on the same date, which is said to have partially injured the crops in the ground. It appears from a report since made by the Sub-Divisional Officer of Jugipur that '88 inch of rain fell in the afternoon of the 3rd instant (accompanied by gale and hailstones). The rain will greatly benefit the cultivation of the early rice, do material good to the boro dhan now on ground, and prepare lands for the ploughing of the late or hoimonto rice.

# 5.—State of the Crops.

The prospects of the early rice, indigo, and mulberry crops are good. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Lalbag reports that the rubbee crops on the "dearah" lands are all being reaped, and will give a very fair outturn. Mulberry, especially, is doing well, and this is a great thing for the people who depend to a great extent in some parts upon silk. Unfortunately a somewhat considerable proportion of the worms have died, and the mulberry leaves fetch a small price and will be partly used for feeding cattle.

price and will be partly used for feeding cattle.

In the "rarh" country most of the lands have been turned up and are being manured. In the "dearah" lands the ryots are busy in turning up the ground for the "aus" sowings. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Hautstates that the outturn of boro paddy in his sub-division will probably be fourteen-sixteenth of an average crop. He does not speak well of the state of the rubbee crops which have been somewhat injured by the late hailstones. In the Jungipur sub-division the spring crops are reported to be good. Wheat and barley are nearly harvested. The yield will be a good one, but notwithstanding this the price of rice shows a tendency to rise.

# 6.—Condition of the people.

There is hardly any change in the condition of the people from what was stated in the last narrative, but in some parts the people are reported to be in great want and to require assistance from the relief sub-committees. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Lalbag reports that in his present tour he had only come across some three or four cases of real distress, the persons in distress all belonging to the beggar class, and in these cases he had given money relief. He had gone through a good many villages in than Bhadurcehaut during the last few days and in the villages neighbouring Sagurdighee, and he had seen some persons to whom it would be soon necessary to give gratuitous relief. For this purpose a relief house will soon be started at Sagurdighee, and gratuitous relief in the shape of uncooked food will be given. There are a good many laborers about here who are in want of work. The Executive Engineer has been requested to have the repairs of the part of the Nulhattee and Azimgunge road in

the neighbourhood of these villages started at once. The Sub-Divisional Officer had gone through several villages in these parts and had demarcated the boundaries of tanks to be taken up as relief works under the sub-divisional relief committee. He states that the great difficulty as regards the excavation of these tanks as relief works is the want of competent persons to supervise the work. He does not think that it would be safe to make over the money for these tanks to the headmen of the several villages, and that he has no other agency at his command. He could start work almost immediately on these tanks had he any one who could supervise the work, and on whom he could rely to see that the work was fairly done, and that the laborers were properly and promptly paid. I have, in a report to the Commissioner made some little time ago, recommended the appointment of a Superintendent or Assistant for relief purposes by whom works such as tank excavations could be supervised. It is not advisable in many cases to entrust such works to the headmen of villages at any rate without tolerably regular supervision. In some of the villages near Sagurdighee the Sub-Divisional Officer remarked that some of the dried-up tanks had been dug over, and on his asking the reason was informed that the poorest people had dug up the ground in search of "mattans" (earth root honey-combed inside, which when boiled is eaten with salt). This root is probably only used as an addition to the usual food, but still from this it would seem that the time for gratuitous relief in these parts has come, otherwise, he says, he has seen no signs of distress. I believe that these roots are consumed to a certain extent every year, whether there be good harvest or bad. The Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Haut states that the people that appear to be in want of food are principally, as reported in the last narrative, the old, the infirm, and the beggars, and that the poorer class of people are in difficult circumstances. This remark may be applied to the district generally. The laboring class have been extensively employed in carrying the mud from dried-up tanks and putting it in their fields by way of manure. Works have been started for this class of the people, and other works will soon be started, so that I believe that no anxiety need be felt for them. These people, it appears, have not flocked in great numbers to the works which have been going on. Near Nulhattee the people were employed and paid at first at a daily rate, and when the work was offered them by contract they went away. This shews very plainly that their circumstances are not very bad. As regards the Jungipore sub-division I think I may give a general view of the country in the following words:—It may be said that the fortunate parts of this sub-division are the "dearah" or alluvial lands near the Ganges, which yielded a good "bhadoi" harvest last year, and have yielded very good winter and spring crops in the present, and the worst parts are west and south Mirzapore, of which "hoimonto" rice may be said to be the sole crop, though there is a little boro dhan on the margins of two extensive tanks. Shumshergunge is so well off that for some time at least it may be left to take care of itself. There is an active demand for labor at Dhulian, and the rate of wages is one rupee for a batch of five laborers, a rate higher than any obtaining elsewhere in this sub-division for unskilled manual labor. Mirzapore is the thana which will continue for some months to come to be the object of most anxious solicitude. Two relief sub-committees have of late been formed in this thana, and 100 maunds of rice have been despatched from Jungipore to the sub-committee at Mirzapore and stored in the thana godown. The Juroor and Nowada road, on which work is going on, passes through west Mirzapore, the most distressed part of the sub-division. From the above it will appear that the people of the Jungipore sub-division are well off in Shum-hergunge and Dewanserai, and badly off in southern and western parts of Mirzapore. In the north-west portion of thana Sooty, the mals and krores who have no lands of their own are suffering.

# 7 .- Actual facts as to any known cases of misery and starvation.

No cases of death from actual starvation have come to light. There was a rumour about a woman of a certain village in the Jungipur sub-division having been starved. The Sub-Divisional Officer enquired into the matter on the spot and found it to be utterly unfounded. Many such rumours, I believe, when tested by personal enquiry, will be found to be entirely groundless. Many cases of distress and misery have been relieved by the relief committees, and though it is impossible, with the agencies at my command, to search out every case of great misery among the most helpless, there are, I think, sufficient means for them to make their distress known to the officers of Government in the various parts of the district, and to the various relief committees.

# 8 .- Grain-thefts of robberies.

Eight cases of petty thefts of grain were reported during the fort-night in the Sudder sub-division, two of which were of such a petty nature that enquiry was refused. There have been four grain-thefts in the Rampore Haut sub-division, and no cases have been reported from the Lalbag and Jungipur sub-divisions. A crime statement is annexed.

# 9 .- Conditions of any special tracts.

Small-pox and cholera are both very prevalent in parts of the Head-quarters sub-division. The former is most prevalent at Salar and Kandi in the Bhurtpore thana. Cholera prevails in the Sujagunge and Borooah stations. In the Lalbag sub-division small-pox is still prevalent, though decreasing in the city of Moorshedabad. There have been some cases of cholera in Baloochur. In the Rampore Haut sub-division small-pox is still raging in the villages of Doonigram and Autkoola, and the villagers are reluctant to be vaccinated. The vaccinator

sent here for vaccination has been sent back, as the season for vaccinating is over. Cholera had made its appearance in the village of Mulsa, and indent has been made for cholera medicines. The public health in the Jungipur sub-division is reported to be generally good except that there are some sporadic cases of small-pox here and there.

# B.—Relief Works.

The average number of persons employed on the several relief works is 3,464. The laborers are generally in good condition, and can obtain food easily except in the case of the Juroor and Nowada road at which food is obtainable in small quantity. The rate of taskwork varies from 3 annas 6 pie to 2 annas per 100 cubic feet throughout the district, and eash payments are made at the rate of 2 annas per diem. The men generally bring their own tools, but in a few cases they are supplied with them. A statement showing the expenditure on relief works is submitted. Several relief works have been started under the City Moorshedabad Municipality; the number of laborers daily employed has been 85, and the total cost during the fortnight has been Rs. 126. There has been a falling off in the number of the laborers owing to some of them having left to reap the rubbee harvest. The condition of the laborers are reported to be good. They are paid at the rate of Rs. 2 per 1,000 cubic feet of earthwork. Tools, when required, are supplied by the Municipality.

Some difficulty has been experienced by the Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Haut on one road for want of picks. The Executive Engineer has been requested to send 30 of these to him.

# C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

It appears that importation is still going on vid Allatuli; 9,910 maunds of food-grains have been exported from the Rampore Haut sub-division, and 921 maunds have been imported into the sub-division by railway during the fortnight ending 21st March 1874.

# D.—STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

The rice received from Mr. Toynbee for the Jungipur sub-division was found by actual measurement to be 491 maunds 39 seers 9 chittacks; of this 100 maunds have been dispatched to the relief sub-committee at Mirzapore, and stored in the thana godown. As the rice has been paid for by the relief committee, I have some doubts whether it should now be considered as "Government grain at relief works." In the Rampore Haut sub-division seven places of storage for grain have been selected, but it has been resolved to store grain at present only at Khurgram, Bhuddevpore, and Jhillee. A golah will be erected at Khurgram thana for the purpose.

# E .- Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

Nineteen applications under the Land Improvement Act were received in the head-quarters sub-division during the fortnight under report, and a sum of Rs. 2,140 has been disbursed on this account. The Rampore Haut Sub-Divisional Officer reports that 50 similar applications have been received by him during the fortnight. Additional funds have been supplied to him for the purpose of making advances. A sum of Rs. 100 has been advanced by the Sub-Divisional Officer of Jungipur during the fortnight for the excavation of a tank.

# Charitable Relief.

In compliance with the orders conveyed in the Government letter No. 1251 S.-R., dated the 5th ultimo, the following statement is submitted:—

1	2	3	4	5	6					
Number of committees and sub-committees as yet ap- pointed.		regular relief circles opened and manned by	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters and zennudars and other residents.	centics for the distribution of food	ployed or relieved by the relief committ					
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.		
23		<b></b> .	18	2	4,848	715	. 244	6,307*.		
				_		Daily	average.	**************************************		
					311	61	17	379		
	· 72_22 - 222	<u>'</u>	'		<b>'</b>	<u>.</u>				

Out of this number, 305 persons have been relieved gratuitously, and the rest by employment in road-repairing, jungle-cutting, and tank-digging. Reports from the relief sub-committees of baktipore, Bhurtpore, and where relief works have been started, have not yet been received. Of the number given above who have been gratuitously relieved, a considerable proportion consists of the inhabitants of a village in the Barooah thans who were suddenly reduced to destriction by the destruction of their houses by fire.

Column 1.—These committees consist of the district relief committee, its executive sub-committee at head-quarters, 12 sub-committees in the Sudder sub-division, 3 sub-divisional relief committees, and 4 sub-committees under the Rampore Haut sub-divisional relief committee, and 2 sub-committees in the Jungipur sub-division.

The committees entered in column 4 are the 12 sub-committees in the Sudder sub-division, 4 in the Rampore Haut sub-division, and 2 in the Jungipur sub-division. During the fortnight under report a sum of Rs. 150 has been sent to the Secretary of the Kattamarec sub-committee for the repair of a road in order to give employment to able-bodied men seeking relief, and another sum of Rs. 150 has also been sent to him for the purpose of excavating a tank at Lakrajparah in thana Gowas. A sum of Rs. 180 has also been sent to the Hurhurpara relief sub-committee for the repair and construction of certain roads. Rs. 100 were sent out to the relief sub-committee at Bhurtpore for construction of a bund in a village named Syed Koolut, and a sum of Rs. 276-9 was sent to the Secretary of the Hurhurparah relief sub-committee for the purchase of paddy. The Gokum relief committee have been supplied with ten maunds of jute for relief purposes, and 200 maunds of rice have been despatched from the Berhampore co-operative store to Bhurtpore for sale to poor people on advantageous terms, the price of rice in the village being somewhat high as compared with other markets. A portion of this rice will also be available for gratuitous relief to persons in distress from whom no labor can be exacted. The sub-committee has started the system of relief by grants of cotton and jute for the manufacture of thread and cordage, and some manufactured material has been received. There was very little desire on the part of the poor, at first, to avail themselves of this means of relief, as owing to the decline of the thread manufacture, caused by the introduction of English thread, the profits yielded by one day's work were quite inadequate for one day's subsistence. More advantageous terms have now been granted as remuneration for work done, and there will, in all probability, be a considerable increase in the number of persens who will accept relief of this kind. The manufacture of cordage being far more remunerative than that of thread, no difficulty is experienced in inducing persons really in distress to take grants of jute on the condition of their receiving the value of their labor as ascertained by the difference n the prices of raw and the manufactured material.

The Gokum sub-committee having reported the great difficulty felt by the poor in the village and its neighbourhood in procuring rice, has been authorized to sell rice to such people from the stock already stored there. Both in this case and that of Bhurtpore, necessary instructions to secure the correct working of this measure and the submission of accounts have been issued.

The Sub-Divisional Officer of Lalbag reports that gratuitous relief is about to be organized in than Bhadreehaut, and possibly in than Bhugwangola, though he does not think there is any pressing need for it in the latter thana. There are no persons receiving regular gratuitous relief in his sub-division. He had given the sum of Rs. 2 only to two distressed-looking beggars, Re. 1 each, during the last fortnight. Charitable relief is given in Jungipu on every Thursday and Sunday; 129 persons were relieved by wages for jute-spinning; 34 received doles of pice; and between a hundred and two hundred persons, chiefly professional beggars, who cannot procure alms enough for subsistence, received doles of rice.

It should be remarked here that the average number of persons relieved as given in the last narrative was by no means complete; several returns were received too late to be incorporated in the narrative, and information as much as was available at the time of the submission of the narrative was given. The sub-committees have been again reminded on the subject of the punctual submission of these returns.

Berhampore, The 7th April 1874. W. WAVELL,
Offg. Magt. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.

	Dacoity.	Robbery.	Theft.	House- breaking.	1874.	1873.	18 <b>73</b> .
Head-quarters sub-division, from 22nd	d						
March to 4th April 1874	. 4	1	24	14	43	32	33
Lalbag sub-division, for the fortuigh	t						
ending the 2nd April 1874	0	• • •	12	8	22	17	12
Rampore Haut sub-division, for the fort	-						
night ending 3rd April 1874	. 1	. 1	11	6	19	19*	5
Jungipur sub-division, from 20th March	h	•			•		
. 74 1 4 11 1004		•••	11	8	19	13	11

^{*} Not received for Pulsa thana.

W. WAVELL,

Offg. Magt. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.

. Sta	tement	showing	the	Expenditure	on	Relief	Works				
		_		•		•		Rs.	A.	Ρ.	
Kishnagar Road								240	9	3	
Jellinghee Road		•••	•	•••		•		82	4	0	
Calcutta Road		• • •		•••				<b>2</b> 38	10	9	
Denanseri Road				•••				141	8	9	
Bhugwangola Ro	oad			•••				349	6	3	
Nusscerpore Roa		•••			••		• • •	58	7	6	
Khamra Road		•••		***		•		77	13	6	
Murchia Road		•••		•••	••			14	0	Q	
Panchgaon Road	! •						•••	563	]	Ó	
Kandy Road	•				•		•••	406	11	8	
Badshahi Road				•••			•••	313	15	6	
Radhaghat Road		•••		•••	••	•	•••	371	1	0	
Nulhattee Road		•••				•	•••	83	14	0	
Hurihurparah Re	oad			•••		•	•••	192	12	б	
Choa to Patkaba	rree Ro	oad		•••			•••	800	0	0	
Beldangah Road		•••		•••	••	•	•••	120	0	U	
Jaroor and Nowa	ida Roa	ıd						493	13	9	
Saktipore (Cheri	ty to K	latalia) R	load	•••	••	•	•••	300	0	0	
				j	Гота	<b>L</b>	•••	4,848	1	5	
							W. WAVELL.				

W. WAVELL,
Offg. Magte. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIC	н <b>т.</b> Rs.	A.	Р.	Rs.	Α.	P.
Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasury, as shown in the last narrative				9,487	2	3
Detail of the above total.  Tuccavee advances  Amount credited to district relief fund as being payable by	4,488	13	4			٠
Government Establishment charges	4,717 188	0	11	•		
Paid for construction of a furrash	83	0	0		•	ı
Expenditure during the fortnight under rep	orl.					
Advances during the fortnight to trustworthy residents and zemindars for land improvement, riz.—						
To Bhabanee Prosad Roy for deepening a tank at Gokum , Eshan Chunder Roy, for Hari Prosad Roy, and to Dina-	<b>F</b> 00	0	0			
bandhu Roy, for excavating a tank at Burhan, Bhubanessuri Dasia for deepening a tank at Naraenpore	490 400	0	0			
"Bhubanessuri Dasia for embankment at Paharpore "Prem Lal Gupta for clearing and deepening a tank at	900	O	U			
Gokum	100 100	0	0			
" Tussudduk Ali and Mozafur Hossain for digging a tank at Bhurutpore	140	U	0			
Amount remitted to the Sub-Divisional Officer of Rampore Haut for making tuccavee advances	500	0	0	2,610	()	0
Paid to Mohendro Chandra Banerjee on account of his travelling allowance for proceeding to construct a furrash for the land-				010,	U	V
ing of the Teesta steamer and for repairing the villaga roads Amount required for the excavation of wells at Beel Pucha, Kopra	••••	••		47	3	0
Govindpore, as per Board's sauction No. 72A., dated 1th March 1874	•••	•		33 60	1	0
GRAND TOTAL			-	12,267	9	3

W. WAVELL,
Offy. Magle. and Collr. of Moorshedabad.

No. 622-8. R., dated Dinagepore, the 6th April 1874.

From—E. E. Lowis, Esq., Offg. Magistrate of Dinagepore,
To—The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

I have the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 6th April.

A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

There has been no rain during the past fortnight, and the want of it is beginning to be felt, as until some does come the bhadoi sowings cannot be completed. The rain that fell so opportunely during February was taken advantage of to break up the land for the early rice; the sowings, however, were not completed, and a considerable amount of land still remains unsown. The earth in fact had become so dry that the rain we had did not suffice in all places to afford moisture enough for sowing, though it moistened the ground sufficiently to enable ploughing operations to be carried on. The above remarks apply only to pali or light soil, on which bhadoi is generally grown. This crop, it is true, is also cultivated on khiar or stiff soil, but there has not yet been rain enough to enable the cultivators to plough such lands, much less to sow them on the khiar lands; however, if the cultivators fail to get any bhadoi, they will, if the weather be favorable, be able to fall back on hemantee or winter rice. The time for bhadoi sowing has not yet passed however, so that though rain now would be welcome, no present anxiety is experienced at its absence. The bora rice promises well, though in some places the water necessary for its preservation, it being a crop dependent entirely on irrigation, is beginning to fall short. To the north of the district a very large area has been devoted to the cultivation of kaon, which is, I believe, a species of millet. This crop is generally sown in February and ripens in June, but this season it has been put in without much regard to proper seasons, and plants are to be found in Thakurgaon thana in every stage of progression, some just coming up, while other fields are beginning to ripen. As the bhadoi sowings have not yet been completed, it is not easy to determine with certainty the question of sufficiency of seed-grain, to which the attention of all circle officers has now for some time been directed. The impression, however, is, as I stated in my last report, that seed-grain both for bhadoi and hemantee will be forthcoming, though at high rates. Bhadoi seed-grain, at one place I visited, was selling a week ago at 9 seers per rupce, a rather higher price than was fetched for clean rice in the same locality. The inquiries made by the circle officers show that the people are themselves fully alive to the difficulty, and that dealers are purchasing and storing the produce of last harvest, while those who have stocks are holding back, in the hope that the price of seedgrain will eventually be high. I am more and more convinced that there is a sufficiency of seed-grain in the country, a stock which the sale of Government rice will tend to keep up. But admitting that there will be a sufficiency, the question has been raised by more than one relief officer, how far will the poorer cultivators be able to provide themselves out of the stock in the market? And the result of their inquiries seems to show that some of the laborers on the relief works will be unable to command means enough to enable them to buy seed-grain. Some of our coolies have come on the works before exhausting all their resources, and have something at home to fall back upon to help them in this difficulty; others, again, are able, by laboring diligently at task work, and by living economically, to save something, while others will obtain help from their zemindars or rich neighbours. There remains, however, a certain proportion, so it is reported, who have no means to fall back upon, who are unable to earn more than a bare subsistence, and whose zemindars will not help them, and as regards this class it becomes a question how far and in what way assistance should be afforded. It is most obviously the duty of the zemindar to help men of this class, and it is a duty cheerfully undertaken by all liberal and intelligent landlords; there are, however, it is said, landlords who are neither liberal nor intelligent, and such should be compelled to perform the duty. There is, I believe, a feeling among the people that Government which has done so much, will step in and undertake this burden too; but I do not at all consider that the feeling should be encouraged. Government have agreed to advance money to zemindars on most liberal terms; those who expend money in helping their ryots have been promised indulgence as regards payment of Government revenue; arrangements have also been made whereby the ryots working on our roads can obtain subsistence while absent for purposes of cultivation. Government have done all that can be done to ensure that the next harvest shall not be a deficient one, and the further task of providing seed-grain need not be undertaken by them, but should be made incumbent on the zemindars. I propose directing my circle officers to inquire on whose estates the laborers who say they cannot afford to get seed-grain reside; they will then inform the zemindars in question that certain of their ryots are in want of seed-grain, remind them of the offer of Government to advance money and grant indulgences to those who assist their tenantry, and warn them that if they decline to undertake so obvious a duty that Government will be moved to make the advance, holding the zemindar personally responsible for the debt. The responsibility will thus be cast on the right shoulders, and a safeguard afforded against any unnecessary advances being given, for we may be quite sure that any zemindar thus called on to help a rvot, who has means at his disposal, will take very good care to let the circle officer know that advances are not needed. I do not myself think that landlords will be so forgetful of their own interests as not to take care that their ryots have the means to raise the next crop. If, however, it is found that such is indeed the case, some such

measure as I have suggested will have to be adopted. I would deprecate any direct dealings between the Government and the ryots in this matter. Government have not the same facilities for testing the bond fides of an application, or for recovering the advance, as are possessed by the zemindars, and if the responsibility must be incurred, it should be incurred by those best fitted to sustain it. The prices ruling at the different hats and the scarcity of the supply in many places still point to exhaustion in the stocks of food-grain. Rice is now sold in Thakurgaon, the northern thana, at Rs. 4 a maund, and at few places can it be obtained at a cheaper rate, while sometimes it goes as high as 8 seers per rupee. In Habra and Chintamon, where there was some rice, and which are places that in ordinary years export largely, prices are rather easier, and rice is being taken from thence to other parts of this district, as well as to Rungpore and Bogra. As I noticed in my last report, prices rose very suddenly at Datiram, and distress began to be felt there and at Patintala; the rice, however, was at hand, ready to supply the market, and a European was at once despatched to take charge of the latter circle. What distress exists is met as it arises, and the panic has been allayed. Within the last week the supply of rice in the Gungarampore division fell short in the same sudden and unexpected manner; there was, however, an officer at hand, sale of rice in this circle had been sanctioned, and the arrangements for selling it in train; no difficulty was therefore experienced. The circle officer reports, however, that but for the timely arrangements made on receipt of orders sanctioning sale of Government rice, there would have been much distress. In Bhadooria circle there has been no sudden falling off of supplies, but though gradual, the falling off has been steady. The sudden failures of supply which have occurred at Patiram and Gungarampore show how thin a wall often divides scarcity from famine, for until the market day there seems to have been no suspicion at Gungarampore that the supply would fall far short of the demand. Prices at the station itself are touching Rs. 4 per maund, and the people are clamorous to have the Government golahs thrown open. I am waiting, however, for prices to rise above the present rates, or until there is some indication that the supply is not ample should occasion arise, I am quite prepared to sell. As I write, a storm has passed over the station attended with but little rain; the heavy clouds, however, betoken rain to the north and north-west.

## B .- RELIEF WORKS.

The number of persons employed on the relief works is daily on the increase; the only officer whose return shows any decrease is Mr. Scanlan, but that is accounted for by the fact of his having introduced taskwork throughout all the roads under his charge. The greater number of his coolies at first left; but finding that he remained firm, and that by working diligently an able-bodied man can earn more than ten pice a day, they are gradually coming back, and by this time I have no doubt he has as many as ever. It must not be supposed that Mr. Scanlan is applying a severe and rigid labor test. All women and children, as well as infirm and old men, are admitted at daily wages; but the able-bodied are obliged to do task work, and are paid according to the amount of earth excavated. Women are employed on all the works; they are all of the lower class of agriculturists, but are not generally accustomed to work in the fields. They seem to take very kindly to the work, however, now that they have overcome their first scruples. As I have already pointed out, many of our relief laborers have joined the works before being reduced to absolute want, some of them having small stores of seed-grain in their houses; and as soon as the weather is favorable for agricultural operations, these men will leave the works for a time. I may add that some of them employed the early morning in ploughing up their lands before coming to work on the roads. In the month of June there will, I fear, be some difficulty in providing work for laborers, for roal work will be finished and tanks cannot be dug after the rains have begun. There will, however, be a demand then for agricultural labor which will absorb a good many. The weekly reports called for from circle officers render it almost unnecessary for me to notice the number of laborers employed; but as the return has perhaps not been correctly given this week, I subjoin a list compiled from the latest information at my disposal; the numbers are even larger than those mentioned, for the coolies daily increase. In the Kaliagunge, Tambolce, and Bind I circles there are 9,698 persons at work. Mr. Jones finds employment for 27,472; these numbers probably include Chooraman. Mr. Scanlan has under him 8,785; Baboo Hari Mohan Chand, 11,427; Mr. Finucane at Datiram has about doubled his number, and now employs 7,099. At Patnitolla there are 3,700 under Baboo Poorno Chunder Goopto, at Bhadooria 3,350, and in the Sudder circle, 693; while the Public Works Department find employment for 2,572 more.

# C.—TRANSPORT.

Our transport arrangements continue to work smoothly, and rice is being brought in as rapidly as could be expected; our allotment for Dinagepore is almost all in now. Mr. West-macott at Maldah, therefore, has been directed to discontinue his service here, and to fill in the Tamboolee golahs, which he ought to do, with the large number of carts at his disposal, in the course of a month or so. Mr. Scaalan at Rani Sonkoil has got in already very nearly one lakh out of the 140,000 maunds allotted for his division; the rest of the rice Mr. Scaalan must get through Raigunge, for the Purneah authorities, as the present arrangements stand, only supply us with 150,000 maunds in all, of which 39,000 maunds have gone to Bindoil and Hemtabad. I

would suggest the advisability of at least the balance of Mr. Scanlan's allotment, say another 40,000 maunds, being put down for us at Dingraghat; it is a mere step across from that place to Hurreepore, and other golahs in the Rani Sonkoil division, and if we have to bring from old Maldah or Hyatpore, it is a much more tedious and expensive journey. For Patnitolla and Patiram, I learn from Lieutenant Hawkes that he can put down 2,000 maunds a day at Nowgong if I can carry it, and more if I like to take more. There ought to be no difficulty in taking 2,000 maunds a day by eart from Nowgong to Patnitolla, and at that rate another month or so should see Patnitola and Patiram full also. There is now no difficulty about carts; the men find they are liberally paid and well treated, and work therefore willingly. There was some slight hitch about getting carts to go across the water, and serve on Mr. Reily's line from Hyatpore to Chooramon, but the men have been persuaded to go, and the difficulty got over. Pack-bullocks we do not employ at all; some were taken on to carry rice from Maldah to Kalikamora, but as a complaint was made that private trade was being interfered with, and as plenty of carts were procurable, the bullocks were given up; nor do I think there will be any necessity to fall back upon their services again.

# D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

Rice is being distributed throughout the country at the different golahs, for it is clear the time is not far distant when we shall have to supply the market to a considerable extent. Forms for stock accounts are beginning to come in; they have not all arrived, but from what I have seen, they promise to be somewhat elaborate, rather too much so for ordinary golahdars on Rs. 15 or 20 a month. For these accounts to be of any value, we must assume that the quantity stored has been, in the first instance, accurately calculated; but this is just what we do not know, and what it would be now almost hopeless to attempt to ascertain. As I pointed out in previous reports, we have never been provided with proper weights and scales, so that the ries could not be weighed at the golahs even if we have wished to do so; but even if the weights and scales had been forthcoming, they could not have been made use of, for at the rate rice was poured into the district, it was as much as we could do to stow away our grain without stopping to weigh. A grain officer has now been nominated, but it will be quite impossible for him to go round, as the printed instructions seem to contemplate and weigh the grain in each golah. The instructions again seem to contemplate the ascertainment of the wastage during the journey to Calcutta, from thence to the points of receipt into the district, and from such points to final destination. As a fact, the bags have not, I believe, been weighed anywhere on the journey, and the deficit to be found now will be the wastage during the entire journey. have not, however, seen all the accounts, so I am perhaps premature in judging of their adaptability.

# E.-ADVANCES.

There have been no further applications for advances.

# F .- CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The district relief officer has been entrusted with the duty of filling in this head of the narrative, and his report is appended. It seems to me advisable, however, first to mention the general principles on which our scheme for charitable relief is founded. The first idea was to have a central executive committee in the station, who should direct relief operations through sub-committees scattered about throughout the district. This was before I was aware of the extensive agency that was to be placed at my disposal. It was soon apparent that the committee system would not work, there was a feeling of divided responsibility; the action of the Magistrate was also liable to be hampered, since a measure that seemed advisable to him was liable to be vetoed. I therefore, acting under the directions of Sir Richard Temple, did away with the agency of committees as a directing power altogether, and impressed on all circle officers that as I am responsible for my district, so each officer is responsible for his own circle, such responsibility being shared by none; that the aid of the respectable local authorities is to be sought, and their counsel and advice treated with respect, but that each officer is to use his own discretion in acting on it, though, in the event of an officer acting in direct opposition to local experience, he is bound to report the action taken by him. Each officer, with the aid of two or more Inspectors, manages his own circle with the assistance and through the co-operation of the respectable inhabitants, and reports weekly to the District Relief Officer all that he is doing. The District Relief Officer has general control over all the circles, subject to the direction of the Magistrate and Collector, and is independent, except in so far that he is to be guided by the spirit of the instructions issued by me to all circle officers. The District Relief Officer is in fact in charge of a particular department, much in the same way as the Superintendent of Police is in charge of his, subject to the general control of the head of the district. The report of the District Relief Officer is subjoined.

"Arrangements for giving charitable relief within this district have been in force for about a month, but it has only been within the last fortnight that the necessity for the syste-

matic disbursements of charity has arisen. The figures at my disposal for the present report show the following result for the first half of the fortnight under report:—

	· Place.	Week ending 7th March.	Week ending 14th March.	Week ending 21st March.
Bhadooria Bindoil Dinagepore Kaliagunge Patiram Rani Sonkoil Nekmurd Now bazar Tamboolee		No return Ditto Ditto Ditto No return Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto Ditto	1	51 80 2  208 No return. 20 44 4 65 18

Total 492

The 'places,' it will be observed, do not correspond with the fourteen eircles into which the district is now divided, because these circles were constituted subsequently to the date of the returns tabulated above. The returns given below for the second week of the fortnight correspond accurately with the new, circles.

Charitable relief is granted to all persons who have no money wherewith to buy food, and who cannot, by reason of age, caste, or other adequate excuse, earn a livelihood for themselves. Light work, as spinning and gunny cloth work is provided for the better ranks of females, and for males who cannot do hard work; inquiries are duly made into the circumstances of persons who apply for charitable relief, but relief, when obviously required, is never withheld during the progress of it quiries. The agency of Mandals and other heads of villages is employed both in making inquiries and in distributing rice. The rice is bought from Government stores at 12 seers a rupee for fully busked rice, and at 14 seers when the grain has not been completely cleaned before being packed in the bags. In either case, the daily dole amounts to half a seer of clean rice for adults, and a quarter seer for children under 12. The question has been raised by two officers whether this quantity is sufficient, and no doubt it is a minimum allowance. But I think we should not at present increase it; our work, is still before us; we know not with accuracy how many months we may yet have to feed, and should husband our resources accordingly. It has yet to be proved, moreover, that half a seer of rice, supplemented as it is with the sum of one pice per adult for the purchase of salt and other seasoning ingredients, is insufficient to keep a man in a fair condition. One case has been reported in which a woman preferred to work and get eight pice a day to accepting her half seer of rice and one pice; but if the woman's labor was worth eight pice, it is clear that the arrangements by which one charitable relief elicits working power instead of encouraging idleness is altogether good, and, as far as my present information enable me to judge, half a seer is just that quantity which will suffice for the support of weak and infirm persons, and at the same time not afford any inducement to those who are able to work to abstain from exerting themselves for their better support. The following table gives the number of persons receiving charitable relief on the dates shown in column 2. No comparison is made of details of the circles this week with details of the last week shown above, because this week the distriet is divided into different circles from those in which it was divided last week.

	CIRCLE.	Date of report.	Number receiving charitable relief.	Total of this report.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Bhaduria Bindoil Chooramon Dina epore Doorgapore Gungarampore Kaliagunge Luskerhat Porsha Patnitolla Patiram Rani Sonkoil Tamboolee Bochagunge	     31st March No return 2nd April No return 31st March 2nd April 1st April 1st April 31st March 28th March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March 31st March	96 146 193 112 100 86 11 219 697 123 8	1,791

This gives a daily consumption of, say, 850 seers, or a little over 21 maunds, which is a monthly consumption of 651 maunds; and if the people be fed up to the end of September (six months from date), 3,906 maunds will be consumed. The number of applicants for relief will increase as time passes.

Patiram, it will be observed, is far ahead of any other circle in the amount of charitable relief given; but I have perfect confidence in Mr. Finucane, and feel sure that he will not give relief where relief ought not to be given. The professional beggars, deprived of their sustenance as ordinarily obtained through the charity of their friends, contribute to the number of applicants for charitable relief. Every possible endeavour is made to induce them to work, and it seems a fair question whether strong-bodied men, who are by caste beggars, have any claim to support when they refuse to work. A few men have been discovered about Dinagepore who come for charitable relief in the morning to the Government place of distribution, and at a later hour resort to a distribution of food given to professional beggars by the Dinagepore agent of the Banker, Dhanpat Singh Roy, Bahadoor. Inquiries are under progress with the object of striking the names of these men off the list of paupers who receive charitable relief from Government.

Except in Patiram, it will be observed that the number receiving charitable relief is still small. The organisation by means of circle officers, aided by their assistants, and advised but not controlled by their sub-divisional (or circle) committees, is admirably adapted to the requirements of the work in hand, while local agency, chiefly in the form of sub-committees for small groups of villages, renders important services in distributing rice almost at the very door of each recipient of charity. Cases may occur in which extreme apathy or easte prejudices, honoured even in extremes, may induce people to be still and die rather let their cases be known about; but excepting these, not likely under any circumstances to be numerous, it is not probable that any deaths from starvation will occur within this district

The collection of private subscriptions is now nearly over. Several sums, promised when the relief schemes were first commenced, remain to be collected, and I trust will be paid by those who promised them. Of new subscriptions, only 25 have been collected during the past week, making the total local subscriptions actually paid Rs. 7,170.

The committee has received also 20,000 as a subsidy from the Central Relief Committee, and as I write, a cheque has been brought to me for another sum of the same amount from the same committee.

The following table shows the number of criminal cases in connection with scarcity that occurred during March 1874:—

						Number of cases excluding cases to be false and have occurred.	d
Dacoity (heading 30 and 3 of Crime Return)	. (	Month of	March	1874		1	
Dacoity (heading 30 and 3	ı y			1873		ī	
of Crime Return)	. 7	"	"	1879	•••	1 1 <i>Nil</i> .	
	·	,,	"	101*	•••	14 60.	
	. (	Month of	March	1874	•••	Nil.	
Robbery (heading 32 an 33 of Crime Return)	d y '			1873	•••		
33 of Crime Return)		"	"	1970	•••	1 .	
,	C	"	"	1072	•••	1 •	
That thanding 43 of Crim	c (	Month of	March	1874		63	•
Datum AT anduding of	~ ) ·	weomon v.	2.202.002	1873	•••	19	
Theft (heading 43 of Crim Return AI, excluding cat tle thefts)	~ )	"	,,,	1070	•••	· 18	
tle theits)	٠ (	"	"	1012	•••	16	
House-breaking (heading 3 and 36 of AI)	. C	Month of	March	1874	• • •	37	
House-breaking (heading 3	5 J			1873		36	
and 36 of AI)	. ]	"	"	1879		30	
·	•	2)	"	101 <i>0</i>	•••	30	
•	(	Month of	March	1874	•••	101	
Total cases	. ₹	,,	,,	1873		56	
	L	••		1872		49	
<b>4.</b>	•	••	"				

## G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Details of the above—				*	D.	,	т
For relief works	•				Rs.	A.	
For construction of golahs	•••	•••	1	•••	3,85,164		8
For transport of rice		•••	•	•••	16,052		0 3
Carriage for sending money t	 ha maliaf	officer	•	•••	1,54,607 300	0	о 0
Price of gunny bags	o renci	omeers	1	•••		_	0
Office furniture	•••	•••	•	•••	4.	0	
Purchase of fodder	•••	•••	1	•••	75	12	0
Construction of bungalow	•••	• • •		•••	1,200	0	0
Advanced to Mr. Jarbo, Jun.	•••	 d As demon	:	•••	300		0
Miscellancous	, on acc	ount of H	is pay	•••	100		0
Placed at the credit of Execu	 4: TD		•	•••	0	_	J
		-		•••	20,000		0
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		y, R. E		•••	50,000		U
Salary and travelling allowan					71	0	0
The total expenditure during the	e iortni	gar unde	r report		2,41,791	0	6
	•••	•••	•	•••	W, FI, 1 UI	U	U
Details of the above—							
	lief wor	dra			80,000	Λ	0
M. Finucane, Esq., for	ditto	A5	•	•••	-		_
A. W. Scanlan, Esq., for	ditto	•••	1	•••	18,000		0
Baboo Hurree Mohun Chund		 Jeografia		•••	18,000		0
" Poorno Chundra Goopt			9	•••	22,000		0
Sub-Inspector of Patnitolla,	-			•••	8,000		0
Baboo Jadab Chundra Goshar				•••	10,000		0
H. J. II. Fasson, Esq., for		litto ditto	•	•••	1,000		0
J. Pollen, Esq., for		litto ditto		•••	5,400		0
Baboo Mothooranath Mooke			fraimh+	•••	5,000	Ų	0
of kodalees	ijea ioi	ranway	reignt,	αc.,	399	0	0
Baboo Abhayachurn Ghose,	for con	vevance c	of mone	v to	000	v	U
relief officers	• • •	•••		•••	150	0	0
Baboo Hurreemohun Sen, for	r transp	ort of rice	е	•••	17,000	0	0
" Issar Chundra Roy, for	r ditto	ditto		•••	10,000	O	0
Mr. A. W. Scanlan, for	ditto	ditto			18,000	0	O
M. Finucane, Esq., for	ditto	ditto		• • •	8,000	0	O
Baboo Jadab Chundra Goshar	ni, for	transport	of rice		7,000	0	0
" Hurree Mohun Chunda	a, for	ditto	ditto	,	5,500	0	0
Sub-Inspector of Neetpore, fo	r	ditto	ditto	•••	2,000	0	0
Baboo Harakali Mookerjea, fo	or	ditto	ditto		2,000	0	0
H. J. H. Fasson, Esq., for		ditto	ditto		1,500	0	0
Baboo Huree Mohun Chunda	, for con	nstruction	of golal	hs	1,500	0	0
" Govind Chundra Sany:		ditto	ditto	•••	1,000	0	0
Mangan Sirkar, for		ditto	ditto	•••	108	12	0
Head Constable Romzan Ali,	for _	ditto	ditto	•••	33	4	6
Relief Officer at Kaliagunge,	-	ditto	ditto	•••	200	0	0
-							
		$\mathbf{T}$	DTAL		2,41,791	0	6

#### No. 90, dated Bauleah, the 7th April 1874

From--W. H. D'OYLEY, Esq., Collector of Rajshahye,

To-The Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending 4th instant, and regret that it has been unavoidably delayed till to-day.

## A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

In the Sudder sub-division there have been large importations, and rice and paddy is getting cheaper. In Bauleah and Charghat common rice is selling at from 13 to 13½ seers (80 tolahs' weight) per rupee. In parts of the Nattore sub-division, also, prices have improved. At the same time, in some places the supply in the markets has not been sufficient, and the prices have been very high, notably at Sahebgunge on the Attrai and Sooktigatchee. This the Deputy Collector of Nattore attributes to the strain on the local markets caused by the out-siders who have come to work on the railway drawing their supplies from them. I have written to Major Lindsay on the subject. I have lately received reports of short supplies at Bhundaikhara; but last Wednesday the price of rice was by no means high there, 12 seers (80 tolahs' weight) being procurable per rupee; while at Godagree, a few days ago, I ascertained that rice was cheaper at Gobindpore Haut (the market which supplies a great portion of the Godagaree thana) than it had been a short time back. While the rice has in many places improved, I regret to have to report that the silk bund, which was looked forward to with so much hope, has proved a failure, and this no doubt will cause a great deal of distress. I am, however, hopeful that the work provided in several parts where the pressure is most felt will prove sufficient for the able-bodied, while those unable to work will get relief at poor-houses.

2. There have been no cases of starvation; the condition of the laborers on the roads is still good. Petty thefts have been more numerous than they were in the corresponding months in 1872 and 1873, and I think there can be no doubt that this increase is owing to the high price of food. The number of cases of house-breaking is smaller than that for the corresponding month of the last year, and the number of cases of theft and house-breaking during March last is considerably smaller than the number reported during February.

#### D.-REMEE WORKS.

I have only been able to send the return for the first week of the fortnight, as that for the last week reached me only last night, and was found to be incorrect. I hope to be able to forward it in a few days. It will be observed that the total number of laborers during the first week was still large. I have advanced Rs. 1,000 to the manager of the Tahirpore estate to improve the road from Bauleah to Tahirpore, as relief was much required in these parts. Mr. Durand was also entrusted with the repairs of a portion of the road from Bagingra to Bhundaikhara, and the remaining portion has been done by a Sub-Inspector of Police.

## C.—TRANSPORT OF GRAIN.

The means available for the transport of grain are ample, and far exceed what was expected. It is now quite clear that by giving fair rates any amount of carriage is available. It is doubtful whether public trade has been interfered with by the employment by Government of such an enormous quantity of carts and boats. I have heard complaints that a cart is not to be had for love or money, but at the same time importations continue.

## D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

The annexed statements show the progress. There has been no falling off in the amounts forwarded through for other districts.

#### E.-ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

Advanced up to the	e date of last na	rrative ght under	Land Impro	 vement	Rs. 43,850
Act	•••	••	•••	•••	1,600
Advances to ryots	••		•••	•••	1,025
Advances for purch	nase of grain	•••	•••	•••	1,700
					48,175

#### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

In the Bauleah sub-division there are at present three poor-houses, and the following statement shows the average number of persons fed daily at each:—

Bauleah .. .. 61 Pootea ... ... 23
Nowhatta ... 38

These are chiefly poor women without the means of support, blind, and lame.

2. In the northern Bhurind sub-division there are at present four poor-houses, and the average number fed daily at each is as follows:—

 Bagsole
 ...
 22
 Larupara
 ...
 105

 Suljore
 ...
 23
 Bamneegram
 ...
 13

In the south Bhurind division there are four poor-houses, but the sub-divisional officer has not been able to send the accounts as yet, as he had not received them from the several poor-house-keepers when he submitted his report.

In the Nattore sub-division there is one poor-house, which was lately opened by Rai Baboo Grish Chandra Lahory, but which is now under the management of the sub-divisional committee. No accounts have been received from this institution.

I have directed the sub-divisional officer of the northern Bhurind to collect kunker at convenient places, paying women and children at the rate of one anna per cubic foot for it. There is a good deal of kunker in the Bagmara claka, and there will be water-communication

in the rains, by which it can be brought to Bauleah.

The district relief committee have applied to the Central Relief Committee for a grant to relieve the poor sufferers whose houses and property were destroyed by the fires which occurred lately in the town of Bauleah. Of course money will only be given to those who are fit objects for charitable relief, and of these there are a great many; and it is estimated that Rs 3,000 will be required for this purpose. The amount of suffering caused by the fires can be imagined from the fact that upwards of 76,000 rupees worth of property was destroyed. A sub-committee has been formed to enquire into the matter, and to discover who are really deserving of charitable relief.

G.—FINANCIAL RESULT.

Total expenditure, as shown in last narrative	Rs. 1,23,64	A. 2 1	
Details of the above—			
Advance for conveyance of Government grain	60,519	2 14	0
Paid to Mr Luff, &c., on cheques	42,470	15	10
Grant-in-aid for gratuitous relief	4,568	3 13	0
Salary and deputation allowances, &c	914	4 8	2
Advances for the purchase of golah materials	9,455	3 0	0
Ditto for relief works	1,878	12	0
Expended on relief works	3,008	0	0
Advances for purchases of seed for free distribut	ion 600	0 (	0
Tentage and travelling	170	3 5	11
Contingencies	60	3 13	0
	1,23,649	<b>2</b> 3	11
Expended during the fortnight—	03 80		_
Advances for conveyance of grain	32,500		
Storage of grain	50		
Tentage and travelling	20		
Paid on account of contributions to district relic			
Salary and deputation allowances, &c	1,15:		
Contingencies	30	8 0	0
	34,239	12	0

No. 209.

Statement showing the number of men, women, and children employed on works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer during the week ending the 28th March 1874.

Name of work.	Length of road, &c.	Number of persons employed on each work during the week ending the 2sth March 1874.		How long	Remarks show- ing proportion of work-people who are earning tull rates and	• Rate of rice.	Bazar name.	
		Men.	Women.	Children.	ployment.	doing full work for their sex and age.		
Byah Road	7	1,250	618	227	lath April	Earth-work at	104 seers per Re.	Byah Haut.
Nattore Road	30	689	•••	17	lst July	Earth-work at 2-10-6 per 1.000	14] " "	Biraldah.
Dunagepore Road	10	268	112		Aug	Earth-work at	101 ,, ,,	Sultangunge.
Dighapatiah Road Pubna Road	8 22	640 384		:::	lat July loth July		141 ,, ,,	Dighapatia.
Surdah Road Maldah Road	12 8	34		:::	lut July	Daily wages Earth-work at 0-1-3 per 100 .	10å scers per Re.	
Godagarec Road. Repairs to Civil Buildings	20	437 237		49 25		Jurgle-cutting. Daily wages,	13 ,, ,,	Sultangunge. Nawabgunge. Saheb Bazar.
Saepara Road*	•••	21,609		6,105		each man 0-2-6. Daily wages, each man 0-2-0.		
Tarnore Road* Road from Mandah to Per-	•••	10,102		3, \$04		Ditto	! !	
butipore	 :	36	•	10		Ditto		
Bandikhara Tank at Godagarce	•••	561 108	22	293				
Puteah Road Brick menufacture at Lal-	•••	67						
pore	•••					Amount disburs- ed in wages during the above period,		•
TOTAL	117	36,319	666	9,129	1	Rs. 5,924-11-6		

			-	Baüleah.				
			•	Receipts.				
•	Date of receipt	t.		20000.7000.			Loc	al.
033.34	1 1084						Bags.	Maunds.
	arch 1874	• • •	•••	*	•••	•••	178	356
24th 26th	ditto ditto	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,334 1,353	2,659 2,684
27th	ditto		•••	•••	••••	•••	2,704	2,004 4,608
28th	ditto		•••	•••		•••	2,108	2,968
29th	ditto		•••	•••	•••		2,577	2,910
	pril 1874	•••	• •	•••		•••	1,202	1,327
2nd	ditto	••				• • •	3,100	3,684
3rd	ditto				•••	•••	1,684	3,349
				Despatches.				
Date	of despatch.		Pla	ce to which despate	hed.		Lo	cal.
	-						Bags.	Maunds.
	arch 1874	• • •	• • •	Putneetolla	• • •	•••	170	356
24th	ditto	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	448	696
25th	ditto	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	975	1,950
26th	ditto	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,137	2,274
27th	ditto	•••	•••	D44-11-	•••	•••	807	1,614
28th	ditto	•••	***	Putnectolla	•••	•••	1,360	1,920
29th	ditto	•••	•••	ditto ditto	•••	•••	1,010	2,151-26
30th	ditto	•••	• • •	ditto	•••	***	1,771 1,202	<b>2</b> ,204 1,32 <b>7</b>
2nd	pril 1874 ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••	381	621
2nd 3rd	ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••	358	702
4th	ditto	•••	•••	ditto		•••	272	544
' 5ta	ditto		•••	ditto	•••	••	1,147	1,317
0111	dicto	•••	•••		•••	•••	-,	2,2
				Nowgong. '				
				Receipts.				
	Date of receip	pt.	]	Place from which re	ceived.			cal.
02 13	f . 1 1074			C11.			Bags.	Maunds.
	March 1874	•••	•••	Goalundo	•••	•••	1,359	1,735-20
24th	ditto	•••	•••	Noor-Nugger Sahibgunge	•••	•••	53 2,183	5 <b>3</b> 3,690
28th 29th	ditto ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••	1,564	2,697
	pril 1874	•••	•••	ditto	•••		1,049	2,098
TUIA	pm tora	•••	•••		•••	•••	1,010	~,000
				Despatches.				
	Date of desp	atch.		Place to which des	patched.		Los Bags.	ai. Maunds.
S0th N	Iarch 1874			Putnectolla			395	790
	ditto	•••	•••	N. B. Railway	• • •		186	511-20
lst A	pril 1874			Putnectolla	•••	•••	2,020	3,190
3rd	ditto		•••	ditto		•••	156	312
4th	ditto			ditto			109	218
		•		Godagaree.				
				Receipts.			_	-
	Date of recei	ipt.		Place from which r	eceived.		Lo Bags.	cal. Maunds.
22 nd ]	March 1874			Kooshtea			4 5 1 4	9,592
23rd	ditto		• • •	ditto	•••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3 0 7 3	4,509
24th	ditto		•••	ditto	•••		1000	7,768
25th	ditto			ditto	•••		0.050	9,416
26th	ditto			ditto	•••		1 = 100	23,741
27th	ditto	••	• • •	ditto	•••		5,463	7,441
28th	ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••		4,518
29th	ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••	•	13,562
	April 1874	• • •	• • •	ditto		• • •		9,217
2nd	ditto	•		ditto	•••	• • •		25,854
3rd	ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••	-	10,455
4th	ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	•••	5,816	7,090
	•			Despatches.				
	Date of desp	atch.		Place to which des	spatched.			cal.
99-4	<b>Ma</b> rch 1871			Neetpore			Bags, . 130	Maunds. 260
Das .	TATEL CIT 101 F	•••	•••	( Raigunge	•••	••	1 0 40	2,231
23rd	ditto			Putnectolla	•••	••	970	552
Pola	dicto	•••	•••	Dinagepore		••	7.09	1,526
				1	•••	••		<b>,</b> <del>.</del>

							·	
			_	Dinamandra			1,241	2,482
•			(	Dinagepore Maldah	•••	•••		
24th M:	arch 1874	•••	₹	Nowbazar	•••	•••	1,075 454	1,201
			- 1	Nectpore	••	•••	<b>790</b>	454
			Ç		•••	•••		1,400
	••••		1	Dinagepore	• • •	•••	3,562	4,656
25th	ditto	•••	ጟ	Neetpore	•••	•••	745	1,290
			Ç	Raigunge	•	•••	2,913	4,046
26th	ditto		{	Dinagepore	• • •	•••	16,042	2,895
20011	ditto	•••	ر	Raigunge	•••	. • • •	9,111	12,720
0741.	ditto		S	Neetpore		•	1,265	2,530
27th	uitas	•••	5	ditto	•••	•••	1,978	2,753
28th	ditto		ſ	Maldah		•••	4,546	6,402
25111	aino	•••	J	Dinagepore	•••	•••	3,435	6,870
3041	ditto		S	Dinagepore	•••	•••	271	<b>54</b> 2
29th	artso	•••	· 5	Maldah, Pergu	nnah Raig	unge	9,260	1 <b>4,5</b> 99
			ſ	Nectpore	•••	•••	1,125	1 <b>,604</b>
			1	Dinagepore	•••		2,431	4,862
31st	ditto		{	Maldah		• • •	4,600	8,100
	•		1	ditto		•••	400	. 800
			į	Khurdah			177	354
			ì	Dinagepore	•••		1,981	3,962
lst Ap	ril 1874		}	Maldah		•••	3,407	6,314
			ć	Dinagepore	•••	•••	2,154	4,308
2nd	ditto			Maldah	•••	•••	9,984	15,685
zuu	uico	•••	)	Neetpore	••	•••	2,235	4,260
			Č	Dinagepore	••	•••	1,347	1,944
3rd	ditto	•••	}	Maldah	••		4,317	8,634
			<u> </u>	Dinagepore	•••	•••	2,477	2,528
4th	ditto	•••	{	~ /	•••	••	840	1,055
		••	(	Manan	•••	•••	0.30	1,000
				Sahebgunge.				
				Receipts.				
	Date of receip	ot.		Place from which r	eceived.		Loca	
	Duit 01 01111						Bags.	Maunds.
00-17	March 1874			Goalundo	•••	•••	1,893	3,774
zzna 1	March 1013	•••	}	Noor-Nugger	•••		1,563	2,69 <b>6</b>
25th	ditto	•••	••	Goalundo	•••	•••	142	284
27th	ditto		•••	ditto		•••	1,353	2,369 <del>1</del>
29th	ditto		•••	ditto			1,710	3,107 រួ
30th	ditto			ditto		•••	718	1,418 <del>1</del>
31st	ditto	•••		ditto	•••	•••	374	691-36
1st A	pril 1874			ditto	•••		3,011	5,677
3rd	ditto		•••	ditto	•••	•••	2,629	5,177-343
3				f1				•
				Despatches.			_	
	Date of despa	itch.		Place to which des	spatched.		Loc	
	MF .1. 107/4			Putnectolla			Bags. 427	Maunds. 854
Zzna.	March 1874	•••	•••		•••	•••		
23rd	ditto	•••		Nowgong Dutnostella	•••	•••	988	1,800
			(	Putneetolla	•••	•••	930	1,155
24th	ditto	•••	•••	(Nowgong	•••	•••	1,245	1,890
	•			Putneetolla	•••	•••		1,542
25th	ditto	•••	•••	Nowgong Dutroctolla	•••		*	2,696
27th	ditto	•••	• • •	Putnectolla	•••	•••		976
29th	ditto			ditto	•••	• • •		822
		***		ditto	• • •	•••		$1,072\frac{1}{2}$
30th	ditto	•••	•••	Nowgong	•••	•••	•	2,098
31st	ditto	•••	•••	ditto	•••	• • •		1,418-2
'lst	April 1874	•••	•••	Putneetolla	• • •	•••	425	748-17
					<u></u>			
		R	ampore ]	BAULEAH RAILW	AY STORE-1	HOUSE.		
				Reccipts.	•			_
	Date of reco	ipt.		Place from which	received.			perial.
				77 . 14		-	Baga.	Maunds.
30th	March 1874	•••	•••	Kooshtea	• • •	••		1,370
31st	ditto	•••	• • •	ditto	•••			1,422
lst	April 1874	•••	•••	ditto	•••	••		1,212
3rd	ditto	• • •	•••	ditto	•••			1,796
4th		•••		. ditto	•••	••		266
5th		•••	• • •	ditto	•••	••	. 2,480	3,221
								•

¥.

		3	Despatches				
	Date of desp	atch.	Place to which d				erial.
			∫ Lunghiahear			Bags.	Maunds.
30th N	March 1874	•••	· { Dinagepore	•••		685	1,370
31st	ditto		ditto	•••		711	1,422
lst A	pril 1874		ditto	•••		616	1,212
3rd	ditto		ditto	•••		921	1,796
4th	ditto		ditto	• • •		144	266
5th	ditto	·•·	ditto	•••	•••	672	1,209
			Nowgong RAILWAY.S	TORE-HOUSE.			
	Date of mani-	-4	Receipts. Place from which	manissasi		1	il
	Date of recei	pt.	r lace from which	received.		Bags.	erial. Maunda.
20th A	March 1874		Tegachee			16,750	32,414
	Ditto	•••		•••	•••	14,699	35,645
23rd	Ditto	•••	Tegachee			17,893	33,937
	Ditto		•••	•••		14,699	
			Despatches			. •	•
	D 4 C 4		Place to which d			T	1
	Date of desp	NCO.	trace to which d	capawnea.		Bags.	erial. Maunds.
			(Nowabgunge	4.		2,832	9,052
20th N	farch 1874		{ Hilly	•••	•••	4,203	10,043
200H IV	Ideal Ioi I	•••	Joypore			3,794	9,910
			(Hilly	•••		4,203	1,043
23rd	ditto		Joypore	•	•••	3,794	9,910
.sora	ditto	•••	Nowabgunge	•••		2,832	9,052
•			, ,		•••	٠,٥٥٨	17,002
			DHAPAREE RAILWAY S	TOKE-HOUSK.			
	Date of recei		Receipts. Place from which	receivad		Im	erial.
	Date of Tecer	pt.		received.		Bags.	Maunds.
21st M	Iarch 1874		Kooshtea	•••	•••	2,348	4,216-34
22nd	ditto	• • •	ditto	•••	•••	240	559-26
			Despatches			_	
	Date of desp	atch.	Place to which d	espatched.			perial.
01-4 N	Famola 1974		Store-keeper,	Russal		Bags.	Maunds.
	Iarch 1874	•••	D.,,,,,,,1	Dullai .	•••	503	1,031-6
22nd	ditto	• • •		•••	• • •	1,728	3,158
23rd	ditto	•••	Nattore	•••	•••	837	1,400-34
24th	ditto	•••	ditto	•••	•••	1,108	2,003
26th	ditto	•••	ditto	•••	• · ·	1 910	2,011-2
27th	ditto	•••	Burral	• • •	•••	1,310	2,685-10
28th	ditto	•••	ditto	• • •		854	1,750-28
29th	ditto	•••	ditto	•••	•••	934	1,914-28
30th	ditto	• • •	ditto	•••	•••	495	1,010-30
		•					
M			Crime Statem	ent.			
THEFT		of Caire	( Month of March 18	74.			99
(1	Detum 41	or Orime	Commonding mont	h of 1879	•••	•	39 45
	cattle-theft	excluding	Corresponding month Ditto ditto	1872	•••	•	45 64
Horrer	BREAKING, 8-	kc			•••	•	04 4,
110096	Heading (	25.28 and	(Month of March 187	14			91
	49 of Chin	na Ratura	Corresponding month	of 1873	•••	•	101
		us incomfil	Ditto ditto	1872	•••		
	Al)	• • •			•••		60,
m	M		Month of March 18'		•••	•	190
TOTAL	OF TWO CRII		Corresponding month		•••		146
			( Ditto ditto	1872			124
					W. F	I. D'OYI	ιΕΥ,
						Co	llector.
						3.	

B.

Statement showing the number of men, women, and children employed on works in the District of Rajshahye under the Executive Engineer during the week ending Saturday, the 4th April 1874.

					employed.
	( Men	•••	•••		4,154
Sunday	Women		•••	•••	115
	(Children	•••	•••		1,072

J. O'FLAHERTY,

Statemen	t showing the number of	men, women,	and childre	n, &c.	—continued. Total number employed.
•	( Men				628
Mondon	Waman	•••	•••	•••	104
Monday	7 women	•••	•••	• • •	
	Children	• •	•	•••	37
	( Men	• • •		• • •	824
Tuesday	. {Women			• • •	58
Tuesday	(Children		•••		94
	( Men				680
Wednesday	Women				100
Wednesday	Children	-	•••	•••	39
	( Man	•••	•••	•	
Thursday	Men	• • •	• • •	•••	1,107
Thursday	. 3 Women	•••	• • •	• • •	109
		•••			83
	(∠Men ·		• • •	•••	1,070
Friday	. ⊰ Women				113
•	, { Men Women Children				98
					1,253
Saturday	Women	•••	•••	•••	108
Daturday	Children	•••	•••	•••	
	Canaren	•••	• • •	•••	102
	-35				
	( Men	•••	•••	•••	10,471
Total	. ≺ Women			•••	707
Total	(Children	•••	•••	•••	1,525

The 10th April 1874. Collector. District Engineer.

No. 42-F, dated Maldah, the 8th April 1874.

From-F. J. ALEXANDER, Esq., Offg. Magistrate-Collector of Maldah,

To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

RAJSHAHYE COLLECTORATE, . W. H. D'OYLEY,

In continuation of this office letter No. 929F of the 24th ultimo, I have the honor to submit herewith the fortnightly narrative of scarcity and relief in the Maldah district for the fortnight ending 4th instant.

Fortnightly Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in the Maldah District for the fortnight ending the 4th April 1874.

A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

THE supply of rice and paddy in the local market is less abundant in a noticeable degree than hitherto, and is gradually decreasing in quantity each successive market-day at a great many of the local hauts and bazars.

The importations of rice and paddy through private sources from the eastern districts are also comparatively small, and arrive at irregular intervals. New wheat in considerable quantities has come into the local markets, but has not had much effect on the quotations of quantities has come into the local markets, but has not had much effect on the quotations of rice and paddy, the supplies of which (rice and paddy) so far as the central and southern tracts has been barely equal to the demand, and that is all. In the north-west tracts considerable importations of food-grains from Sahebgunge viā Hyatpore were reported during the early parts of the fortnight, but had fallen again during last week. The reason of the decrease, so Mr. Reily thinks, may be indirectly caused by the fact that the Dinagepore officials are selling rice at 13 seers for the rupee to the public, "but it is hard to estimate," he says, "to what it is owing."

Prices have been unsteady and fluctuating with the deficiency in the rice supplies. During the early part of the fortnight there was a marked and sudden rise, 9 seers to 10 seers being the price then quoted for ordinary rice at most of the principal markets in the central and southern tracts, where supplies had hitherto been plentiful. At the close of the fortnight prices were rather more favorable again, 10½ to 1! seers of 80 tolahs per rupee being the quotation for ordinary rice at the sudder station, and to-day 11 to 12 seers is obtainable.

The following are the latest prices of paddy and ordinary rice for the fortnight at the undermentioned principal markets in different parts of the district (wheat is selling at the sudder station at 15 seers of 80 tolahs per rupee):—

#### Central part of the District. At Englishbazar sudder station-

Ordinary rice At Bulbul Chandce—			•••	•	ers of 80 tolahs per rupee. $10\frac{1}{2}$
At Bulbul Chandee— Paddy Ordinary rice			•••		15 <del>}</del>
At Gazole—		est of the Di		•••	
Paddy Ordinary rice	•••	••	•••	•••	20 11 •

	V					
At Bamongola-			•		8	eers of 80 tolah per rupee.
70.11		•••				20
Ordinary	rice	•••	•••	•••	•••	~p 1
•			est of the di	istrict.		
At Chanchal, I	Culseegung					
Ordinary	rice	•••	•••	•••		10
•		South-we	est of the Di	istrict.		
At Sheebgunge	g		•			
Ordinary	rice		•••	•••		9
•		South-ea	st of the Di	strict.		
At Kohunpoor						
Paddy	y	••	•••	•••		15
Ordinary	rice	•••		•••	•••	101

Note.—At Kohunpore, on the last market-day, 1,000 maunds of paddy and 125 maunds of rice are reported as brought for sale, the gradual decrease in the supply will thus be noticed in comparison with last fortuight.

RAIN-FALL.

During the early part of the fortnight, strong westerly winds prevailed, succeeded by south and south-east winds, with excessive heat till Friday, 3rd April, when a heavy thunderstorm, accompanied by hail and rain, passed over the district from south-west to north-east. Since then the weather has been cooler, and at times cloudy, but without more rain. The rain-fall of the 3rd is recorded at the sudder station (which was quite in the centre of the storm) at 0.88. The north-west of the district got little or no rain.*

#### STATE OF THE CROPS.

The wheat and barley harvest is almost completed, and these crops have turned out above the average. The cheena (millet) and the gram crops, now harvesting, are also turning out welf.

Before the rain of the 3rd a good deal of the bora dhan crop was in a very critical condition; the extensive area cultivated this year, and the difficulty of irrigating the drier portions of it, owing to the low states of the jheels, had made it very problematical whether a very considerable portion of the plant would not dry up, and every effort was being made, where such was the case, by cutting bunds to save as much of the crop as possible. The rain of Friday last has, however, I am glad to be able to report, come in time to save much of what was drying up; and if we have another shower within the next fortnight the bora dhan will give a considerable out-turn and help a good deal to supplement the food-supply at a most critical time. It will be ripening in another 20 or 25 days. I have visited in the centre of the district an extensive area of the crop, both before and after the rain, and am glad to be able to report so far well of it. Accounts of it from the south-west are also good, but in the north-west it is stated to be much in need of a shower of rain.

The sowings of the bhadoi dhan crop have been commenced, and a very much larger area than in ordinary years is reported to have been prepared for the reception of this crop. The want of proper seed has, however, been severely felt, the price of such seed having risen to Rs. 6 a maund.

The mango crop promises fairly well. In the "Parooa" jungles the bamboos (known as the beora bans) have this year flowered and produced grain in abundance, and many of the poorer classes have within the last few days been collecting this grain as an article of food.

#### CONDITION OF THE DISTRICT.

The health of the district continues generally good, but the poorer classes are feeling the high price of rice very much. About the towns and large villages especially, there are many women, some with families and some without, who in an ordinary year manage, to support themselves by husking rice, but are now reduced to great proverty for want of their ordinary occupation. The plentiful wheat-harvest and comparatively cheaper rice of the same has, with the help of the previous "kalai" crop, helped to sustain the poor; but the fact that numbers of people have lately been collecting the bamboo rice in the Parooa jungles shows that the scarcity is beginning to tell heavily on many, even in the richer tracts, where the necessity for very extended relief has hitherto not been thought necessary. Disastrous fires, too, during the week at the sudder station have caused additional trouble to many of the lower classes. The sudder relief committee are getting up a subscription for those who have really suffered from these fires. Hitherto, our charitable relief operations have in the central and southern tracts been confined to a few relief centres at the chief places, where the old and the sick and infirm have received gratuitous help; but the present condition of the district assures me that throughout the district our relief operations must now be extended, and village-to-village visitations be made even in those tracts which hitherto have not been considered distressed. No cases of starvation are reported from any part of the district, but instances of old and infirm people in real distress have come to light.

^{*} N. B.—After writing so far last evening (April 7th), a heavy thunder-storm from the north-west came up, accompanied by heavy rain and hail. The rain-fall recorded at the sudder station was 0.69. No reports received from out-stations.

I annex a comparative statement of cases of robbery and theft, &c., for the month of March; it does not call for special remark; there is no remarkable increase of crime, and no sort of disorganization of society, by people leaving their homes in numbers in search of relief; but that many families are on "short commons" is only too significantly indicated by the fact which I have mentioned, of many persons collecting bamboo rice in the Parooa jungle. The medical officer cannot say that it is unwholesome, or actually injurious to health, but if caten for several days together he thinks it would produce sickness. It has all the appearance of a fine rice (which, indeed, I suppose it is), and it is a fact that it is being eaten by many, if not in place of ordinary rice, still as a supplement to other ordinary food. The natives say, with superstitious dread, "in a famine year the bamboo flowers and produces grain."

#### CONDITION OF ANY SPECIAL TRACT.

From the distressed tract (thana Khurbah and part of Goregoribah) no cases of starvation are reported; but Mr. Reily in his latest report writes: "The numbers availing themselves of the distribution of food at the kitchen at Chanchal increase daily, the maximum being 500 in one day. The majority of these recipients are villagers of the neighbouring estates, and are persons who would not, unless driven by necessity, accept food in a cooked state without loss of caste privileges, and this may therefore be taken as a genuine instance of distress among the ryots of this tract."

## B.—Relief Woks.

During the fortnight work has been going on in the north-west tracts under Mr. Reily on 12 roads and 8 tanks. Three of the roads have been completed. Government rice is sold to persons laboring on the relief works at 12 seers per rupee: but the details of the quantity sold have not been furnished. Mr. Reily says:—"I have not thought it necessary to sell Government grain to the public up to the present moment, as, from diligent enquiries, I find that the supplies of the private marts are quite equal to the demand. Government grain will be sold by me at the sanctioned rates directly. I see that there is a necessity for supplementing the private supplies."

Work is also going on on the ordinary district roads and municipal roads, and on the other

relief works noted below.

During the fortnight two new relief roads have been started, viz., one at Bulbul Chandce in than Maldah, under Mr. Livesay, district relief officer, and another near Gomastapore under Lieutenant Burgess.

Shops, where Government grain is sold at 12 seers per rupee, have been opened at several, places where the local supplies were failing, or the local rates very high. On the Dinagepore, road, beyond Maldah city, I found a day or two since that the workmen (Beldars) were daily taking their supplies from a Government shop close by, and were fairly contented with what they got, and ignored "bamoo rice." Further on, however, in the Parooa jungles, I found that all the local villagers (Polis, Rajbangsis, &c.) had deserted the road-work to go and pick up "bamboo rice." At Englishbazar the coolies object to the "Alooa-rice" at 12 seers, and the moodee has sold but little yet, nor is it likely he will do so as long as Poorbi-rice is obtainable (as it now again is at 10 to 12 seers).

The following quantities of Government grain have been sold at the undermentioned places to workmen employed on relief works, but the information is incomplete, as the returns from some of the shops have not been received:—

							M	. S. C.	
	At Bulbul	Chandeo		•••			4	5 12	
	" Balia N	Nowabgung	ge			•••	18		
The	total daily	average of	f persons c	mployed	on the	works for	the fortnig	ht is as foll	ows :
					Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.	
	On ordina				969	238	68	1,275	
_	On munici		and tanks		72	12	3	[*] 87	
•	Ou relief a		•••		906	64	75	1,045	
	On relief	tanks	•••	•••	662	86	5	753	
		Total	•••	•••	2,609	400	151	3,160	

Statement shewing the total number of persons employed on road and relief works during the fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

District roads Municipal roads and tanks	•••	Men. 13,59 <b>7</b> 1,010	Women. 3,356 167	Children 983 49	Total. 17,936 1,226
Λ	Vorth-wes	tern tract.			
On 11 relief roads On 8 tanks		$11,316 \\ 9,289$	734 $1,215$	868 84	12,918
On o tanks		0,200	∪ 1 نہر 1	O.F	10,588

North 	-east and	<i>l castern t.</i> Men. 766		. Children. 109	• Total. 878
South	-east and	l central tr	act.		
•••		42	42	12	96
•••	•••	36,020	5,517	2,105	43,642

#### C.—Transport of Food.

Private trade in paddy and rice is very dull; the small local craft that ply on the Mahanuddy, between Roharpore and the chief bazars, are barely sufficient to keep up the necessary supplies, while the private trade in these articles with the eastern districts is very irregular and fluctuating. The fact is that every available boat on the Mahanuddy has been taken up in the Government transport work, and private trade must necessarily be slack.

The trade in new wheat, which is brought from the dearah to the bazars and huts on pack-

bullocks, is fairly brisk.

On 3 roads

On 1 road

Total

The transport of Government grain goes on satisfactorily. Up to the end of the last week, i. c., April 4th, the grain return shews 4,13,404 maunds received into the district, of which 4.01,668 maunds had passed through the district, or was in transit for Dinagepore, and 26,711 maunds was stored in the district. By the Hyatpore route, Mr. Reily had carried some 75,000 maunds up to the 2nd April, via Domroil, for the Dinagepore district, and his average despatches for last week have been over 2,000 maunds a day. He is expecting 600 carts from Dinagepore, and with this will be able to raise his despatches to 3,000 or 4,000 maunds a day, and in that case expects to complete by the end of the month the quantity of grain to be carried by that route.

Mr. Westmacott's despatches for the last week by the land-route, from Old Maldah to Dinagepore, averaged 1,844 maunds per diem, and by the water-route from Neemaserai to Raigunge and Chooramon (Dinagepore), 1,219 maunds per diem.

The Manickchak route is to be closed, and the remainder of the grain carried by the Godagaree and Hyatpore routes. The carts now employed on the Manickchak route, between that place and Necmascrai, should, if possible, be put on the Hyatpore route.

#### D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

The grain-return for the last week shows 26,711 maunds stored in the district, but there have been some additions and changes in the disposition of the grain, and I am not sure that these figures are quite correct. The returns of stock, which will be taken this week, will enable me to state precisely what quantity is in store at each golah.

The falling off of the local supplies and the consequent rise in the prices has necessitated my distributing grain to localities where it was not expected it would be needed so soon, if at all, but where it is now required for the charitable relief committees and laborers on relief works.

Up to the close of the fortnight the arrangements as to storage of grain at main golahs and distribution to subsidiary ones were as follow:--

Main golah No. 1, at English Bazar-

In stock previously Received during the fortnight	•••	•••	3,396 1,588
•		•	•
•	' Total	•••	4,984

Distributed to subsidiary golahs during the fortnight from Englishbazer main golah, as follows :-

					Maunds.
To Bulbul Chandee	•••	• • •	•••	•••	200
,, Bholahat	•••		•••		50
" Nowahgunge	•••	•••			200
"Seebgunge			•••		50
"Kansat		•••			50
" Mohodeepore	•••	•••	•••	•••	50
"Kaliachak	•••	•••	•••	•••	50
,, Gomastapore	•••	•••	•••	•••	250
Main golah No. 2, at Old		•••	•••		
In stock	***	•••			6,870
Main golah No. 3, at Gazo		•••			,
ln stock	•••				5,394
Main golah No. 4, at Khu			•••		.,
In stock				•••	4,000
In stock at subsidiary golal	ıs. viz.—	•••	•••	***	.,
. At Soroopgunge	•••		***		1,500
At Tulseegunge		•••	•••		1,300
Main golah No. 5, at Futte			•••		,
Tu atuals	inport rry dup	•••	•••	•••	1,475
III BLUCK			***		,

The arrangements for storage-room for a large quantity of grain at Neemaserai and Old Maldah are being made by Mr. Westmacott.

## E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES, AND THEIR RESULTS.

The advance of Rs. 50,000, applied for by Raj Nath Guho under clause B, paragraph 4, of Government Circular No. 80, dated 17th November 1873, and of which Rs. 10,000 had already been advanced under sanction of the Special Commissioner, has now been sanctioned in full by Government, and is available as soon as the applicant appears to receive the same. Rs. 100 has been ordered to be advanced to one Juggur Nath Sing, farmer of a Government estate, to assist his ryots (Government Circular No. 4020, dated 18th December 1873) (this money has since been paid). No other advances have been made; several have been sanctioned, and are available when the parties come forward to register their agreements.

## F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The arrangements in regard to charitable relief are progressing; several new centres have been opened; circles allotted to different officers; and inspectors deputed to visit villages,

and report and relieve all cases of distress that come to their notice.

Looking at the present condition of the people, and the pressure caused by the high prices, and want of means in money to the proper classes, I have deemed it advisable to start arrangements whereby the inspection and relief, not only of the admittedly distressed portion of the district, but of each than shall be more extended than hitherto.

The present arrangements are as follow:-

#### SPECIAL RELIEF CIRCLES.

1.—Chanchal Circle.—Head-quarters, Chanchal, under Mr. Reily, with Lieutenant Kellie to assist him. One relief inspector at his post, one appointed, and ordered to join at once. One native doctor arrived, and sent to join his post.

2.—Gazole Circle.—Head-quarters, Gazole, under Baboo Okhoy Kumar Bose, Sub-Deputy Collector. One relief inspector at his post. One native doctor arrived, and ordered

to join his post at once.

3.—Maldah Circle.—Head-quarters, Bulbul Chandee, under Baboo Hem Chunder Kerr, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector. One relief inspector at his post. One native doctor.

## SUB-DIVISIONAL AND THANA CIRCLES.

Sudder Sub-Division.—Includes Englishbazar, Kaliachack, and Seebgunge, and part of Goregoribah, under Mr. J. J. Livesay, c.s., district relief officer. One relief inspector (Mr. Christopher Owens) deputed to Seebgunge, at his post.

2.—Gomastapore Thana Circle.—Head-quarters Gomastapore, under Lieutenant Burgess.

One relief inspector at his post.

Nawabgunge Thana Circle.—Head-quarters, Nawabgunge, under Baboo Isan Chunder

Sein, Sub-Deputy Collector. One native doctor at his post.

Note.—All the officers placed in charge of the above circles are at their posts. The appointment of an additional road overseer has been intimated, but I have not heard of his arrival yet.

The results of charitable relief operations for the past fortnight, se far as reported, are as

follows :-

#### 1.—Chanchal Relief Circle.

Name of Cent	re.		•	•		Total of persons
Chanchal	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,217
Maltipore		•••	•••	•••	•••	522
Khurbah			•••	•••	•••	392
Futtehpore		•••	•••	•••	•••	110
Soroopgunge	•••	•••		•••	•••	158
Toolsigunge	• • •		•••	•••		644
Debeegunge	•••	•••	•••	•••		102
Goregoribah	•••	•••		•••		25
Arhidangah	•••	•••	•	•••		4
				. Total	<b>:</b>	6,174

The expenditure was 72 maunds, 26 seers, and 2 chittacks of rice, and Rs. 1-15 cash.

#### 2.—Gazole Relief Circle.

Name of Centre.

Gazole

Gazole

The expenditure was 33 seers, 12 chittacks of rice, and 2 annas cash.

		3.—Salda	h Relief C	ircle.		
Name of Centre	•			•		er of persons relieved.
Maldah		•••	•••	•••	•••	238
Bulbul Chand	lee	••	•••	•••		118
				Total	•••	856
he expenditure w	ras 4 ma	unds. 3 seers	of rice, and	l Rs. 3-10-6 cas	sh.	
ne expenditure w	40 1 114		r Sub-Divis			
Name of Cen	tre.	4.—Anatoci	Dice Dice		Num	ber of person
71 1:11						relieved.
Englishbazar	• • •	·	•••	•••	•••	760
Kaliachak	•••	• • •	•••	• • •	•••	816
Kansat	•••	•••	• • •	•••	•••	248
Seebgunge	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	275
				Total	•••	2,099
he expenditure w	vas 26 n	naunds, 7 seei	rs, and 2 ch	ittacks of rice.	and Rs.	. 4-0-6 cash
•		5.—Gomast				
Name of Centr	'e•	Gr Gomont			Numl	ber of person
J. 100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00						elieved.
Gomastapore		•••	• • •	• • • •	•••	279
Shirshi .	•••	•••		• •	•••	88
				Total	• • •	367
					N	umber of pers
Nawabounge	3	•••	•••	•••		umber of pers relieved. 428
Nawabgunge Annonuggur		•••		•••		relieved.
Anupnuggur	:	•••	•••			relieved. 428
Anupnuggur • Lukhinarain	p <b>or</b> e	•••	•••	 	 	relieved. 428 10
Anupnuggur	:	•••	•••	  	•••	relicyod. 428 10 84
Anupnuggur Lukhinarain Shurullah	p <b>or</b> e	•••		    Total	•••	relicved. 428 10 84 2
Anupnuggur Lukhinarain Shurullah	p <b>or</b> e	•••		   Total	•••	relieved. 428 10 84 2 27
Anupnuggur Lukhinarain Shurullah Jhelim	pore	aunds, 8 scer	   s, 2 chittael during the	ks of rice, and 1	  	relieved. 428 10 84 2 27
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Anupnuggur Lukhinarain Shurullah Jhelim  The expenditure v The total number iem of 684 person The total amount	pore was 6 m of pers	aunds, 8 seer ons relieved subscriptions	during the	ks of rice, and l fortnight is t	  	relieved. 428 10 84 2 27
Anupnuggur Lukhinarain Shurullah Jhelim  The expenditure v The total number tiem of 684 person The total amount Add Central Com	pore was 6 m of persus. of local	aunds, 8 seer ons relieved subscriptions	during the	ks of rice, and l fortnight is t	  	relieved. 428 10 84 2 27
Anupnuggur Lukhinarain Shurullah Jhelim  The expenditure v the total number tem of 684 person The total amount	pore was 6 m of persus. of local	aunds, 8 seer ons relieved subscriptions	during the	ks of rice, and l fortnight is t	  	relieved. 428 10 84 2 27
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Total ... 2,279

G.—FINANCIAL	RESULT	rs of F	ortnight.		, D		<b>T</b>
Total expenditure from District Treasu	ıry, as s	shewn	in the last for			As.	Р.
narrative		•••	• •••	•••	1,10,899	3	9
Details of the above total— Ordinary district roads and reli Advances for purchase of grain	1	s, &c.		•••	35,933 40,000	13 0	0
Advances for land improvemen	ts	•••	••• '	•••	6,000	0	0
Miscellaneous expenditure		•••	•••	•••	28,965	6	9
			Total	•••	1,10,899	3	9
Expenditüre durin	g the fo	rtnigh	t under report	<i>!</i> .			
	•		•		I	₹s.	
1.—Relief works:— Station Roads					. 200		
Hyatpore and Toolseegunge ro	ad	•••	•••	•	. 500		
Maltipore and Bhado road		•••	•••	•	. 1,500		
Shumsee and Attal ditto		•••	•••	• •			
Bulbulchandee aud Bamongola		•••	•••	•			
Khurba and Chanchal Soroopgunge and Chanchal	ditto ditto	• • •	•••		1,000		
Ditto and Kanpore	ditto	•••	•••	• •	1,000		
Ditto and Kusidia	ditto	•••	•••	• •	1 000		
Multeepur and Chanchal	ditto	•••	•••		050		
Chanchal and Paharpur	ditto	• • •	•••	•	-		•
Sergatchee and Beltalla	ditto	•••	•••	•	250		
Ditto and Paria Nowabgunge and Kassimpore	ditto ditto	•••	•••	• •	950		
Ditto and Jhelim	ditto	•••	•••	••	050		
Gomastapore and Rohunpore	ditto		•••	•	250		
Kansat and Gomastapore	ditto	•••	•••	• •			
Tools and plants Transferred to P. W. D. for di	atuiat m		•••	•			
runsterred to P. W. D. for di	strict re	oaus	•••	•	5,000		
			Total		15,470		
2.—On disbursements to officers in ch Mr. E. P. Westmacott	arge of	trans	port arrangen	nents:-	•		
,, H. Reily		•••	•••	••	. 21,496	8	0
Baboo Sitakanta Mookerjee J					-		
3.—For purchase of fodder	manta a	•••		•	250		0
4.—Payments on account of establishments	nents a	vstora	ge gotans	•	73	5	3
•			Total Rs.	•	. 37,289	13	3
(a) Final payments made			•	3	Rs. As. 7,289 13	P. 3	
. (b) Advances repayable	٠	)	***	• • •		-	
	•		•	,			
			Total	3	7,289 13	3	
				-			
Statement shewing the progress of	f chari	table r	elief in the M	laldah L	district.		
Number of committees District com and sub-committees Sub-division	al comp	nittees		•••	1 6		
as yet appointed (Relief centre	s with a	sub-co	mmittees	• • •	36		
			•	Total	43		
Number of special relief tub-divisions Number of regular relief circles opene Number of work-houses or centres	d and n	nanned	by special of	 ficers od aud	_	3 3	
tous relief Number of men, women, and child shape through the charitable organization	 lren iu zation d	receij aily	pt of gratuite	us relie	f in any	36 84	•
		•	· ·	•			

### No. 297.

Comparative Statement shewing the number of true cases of Dacoity and Robbery, &c., for the month of March 1874, in the District of Maldah.

1	-Nı	unbe	r o	f (	ages
report	ed,	excl	ıdir	ıg (	21908
declar	eď	by t	he	Mı	agis-
trate					
never	to	have	occ	uri	red.

Offg. Magistrate-Collector.

THE R PER PER PERSON NAMED AND DESCRIPTION OF PERSONS ASSESSED TO BE RECORDED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVICE ASSESSED TO SERVI

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Headings 30 and 31 of Mouth of March 1874 Crime Return A1.  Mouth of March 1874 Corresponding month of 187 Ditto ditto 187	3	•••	2 1
ROBBERY—	×	•••	3
Headings 32 and 33 of (Month of March 1874		•••	1
Headings 32 and 33 of Month of March 1874 Crime Return A1.  Crime Return A1.  Month of March 1874 Corresponding month of 187 Ditto ditto 187	3 2	•••	1
Тикит—	~	•••	•
Heading 43 of Crime (Month of March 1874		•••	41*
Return A1, excluding Corresponding month of 187 cattle-theft.  Ditto ditto 187	3 2	•••	34 14
(Month of March 1874		•••	44
Total of three crimes Corresponding month of 187	3	• •••	$\frac{36}{18}$
House-breaking, &c., 454 to 460—		•••	10
Heading 35 of Crime (Month of March 1874		•••	11+
Heading 35 of Crime Month of March 1874 Corresponding month of 187 Ditto ditto 187	5 2	•••	12 7
Sections 453 to 456		•••	•
Heading 42 of Crime Month of March 1874 Corresponding month of 187 Ditto ditto 187		•••	8 6
Return A1. Corresponding month of 137	ું •ે	•••	2
(Month of March 1871		•••	19
Total of two crimes \begin{cases} \text{Month of March 1874} \\ \text{Corresponding month of 187} \\ \text{Ditto} & \text{ditto} & 187 \end{cases} \end{cases}	3 2	•••	$\frac{18}{9}$
Maldah,	•	. ALEXAN	NDER,

No. 10, dated Rungpore, the 6th April 1871.

Memo, by-R. Рокси, Esq., Joint-Magistrate and Relief Officer, Rungpore.

FORWARDED to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

The 8th April 1874.

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief in Rungpore District for the fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

## A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

In the part of the district north-east, towards Kurigram, the importation of grain is active, and the supply at the hauts and bazars is reported to be as plentiful as it used to be in ordinary times. The weeding of the early rice has everywhere begun, and in some parts near Kurigram laborers are in consequence leaving the relief works. There is no change in this quarter in the condition of the people, which occasions little anxiety at present, and is as satisfactory as can be expected while prices are so high. The grain market continues the same, both as to supplies and prices, which are from Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 4 per maund of 50 tolahs weight.

At Borobarce in the same direction the relief officer observed, on road No. C6, that women of low caste and prostitutes had come out to work, and it was assumed that the circumstances of the poorer people in that neighbourhood were getting bad. The zemindar of Bhitarband opened an annachatra at Didhata, and the daily average of those who attended was 35, and has not increased. No cases of actual distress were discovered. The wheat and pulses recently harvested have temporarily improved the condition of the people in this neighbourhood. The importations there are by land from Cooch Behar, and by water from Gowalparah and Eastern Bengal. The supplies are fairly maintained by both routes. In Fulbarya Chakla distress is general, but it has not assumed any severe form among the poorer classes. The Cooch Behar officers are doing a great deal towards relief by providing work on roads and in digging wells. Want of water here, as in many other parts of the district, is complained of.

2. Passing to Kishoregunge and Juldhaka, and that quarter on the north-west, the reports are, that the supplies of rice in the chief markets are well maintained, and that prices remain the same,—from Rs. 3-8 to Rs. 4 a maund of 50 tolahs weight. The standing crops are all doing well, and prospect is good. The condition of the people in that part of the dis-

trict is in no degree critical as yet, though, from the dearness of food and straitened means,

many isolated cases of distress have come to notice, and have been relieved.

From Kallygunge, on the south-west, Mr. Blair reports:—"The price of best rice at the river ghâts is Rs. 4-2 to-day, April 3rd 1874, and the lowest-priced rice Rs. 3-14. The price has been rising steadily during the fortnight. The supply has been very deficient; the average daily amount at the Premgunge and Kolmoo ghâts has been about 500 maunds at the former, and 600 maunds at the latter—1,100 maunds. There is, I hear, a large supply of grain at Chellobarce, about one day's journey south of this, and rice is selling there at Rs. 3-5. The dalals of this ghat have sent word there, and have no doubt that a lot will come up. rise here is stated to be owing to the deficiency of the supply and the great want of grain.

"There has been no rainfall during the fortnight, and the early crops are in consequence suffering much. The 'cheena' is all on ear, and very much dwarfed and withering up; the known crop is also suffering much, and it is stated that unless rain falls soon both crops will be a failure. Wheat and other cold weather crops have all been gathered, and are good." Between the 1st and the 4th rainfall has been reported, and appears to have been tolerably

The country looks bright and green, and the crops still promise well.

3. Towards Gaibanda and Bhowanigunge, south-west and southwards, and towards Sadullapore, south-east of Gaibanda, the supplies of rice in the bazars are reported to be scanty, owing to the falling off of imports from the neighbouring districts of Bogra and

Dinagepore, and prices vary from Rs. 3-9 to Rs. 4 per maund of 80 tolahs weight.

No reliable information can be obtained regarding private stocks; but it is believed that about one-eighth of the population have about two months' stocks in hand. Wheat and barley and sugarcane are very good. The millets have been suffering from want of rain; early rice continues being extensively sown on the palee lands; but in the direction of Kamdiar (red clay) land, the sowings have not yet been commenced. The condition of the people in the south-east of the district remains unsatisfactory on account of the high prices, but the wheat and pulses have much benefited those who raised these crops. Applications for advances from the ryots are most numerous, and the zemindars and large jotedars are required to help their ryots. Loans are being made, but it is found difficult to manage with the non-resident land-owners.

- In Nisbetgunge and Kourgunge, on the west of the station of Rungpore, the condition of the people is not less favorable than in the southern parts of the district already described. More active relief is, however, going on in that quarter, and the circumstances of the poor are carefully watched. Information of urgent distress and of a case of starvation was received yesterday, and the relief officer proceeded to Kourgunge to give relief and to ascertain the facts.
- In Mahigunge, Sundargunge, and Molung active relief work is going on everywhere, and arrangements are well organised in advance of present necessities. The recent sale of the rice saved from the fire at the Mahigunge golahs was so arranged as to be in some degree a measure of relief for the poor people of that neighbourhood. Public relief in the way settled and charitable aid in all its modes, are being actively applied to assist the indigent ryots and their families, who, in many villages, are very hard pressed, and to seek out individual cases of destitution, which might be fatal except for the watchfulness of the relief officers and their assistants. Distress appears both from official and private report to be well got in hand in these parts. Private trade is active. The prices at the chief hâts and bazars are from Rs. 3-9 to Rs. 4 per maund of 80 tolahs
- 6. Proceeding southward to Peergunge, Sadullapore, Govindgunge, and Kamdyar, owing to the pressure from high prices, local failure, or absence of crops and ill-supplied markets, the condition of those first affected by the scarcity is more critical than in the part of the district last described. The reports have occasioned doubt and anxiety. The promtest action has been taken on the first information or requisition. The staff has been increased in Govindgunge; the transport of grain there has been pushed forward; the relief officer has been kept supplied with funds. Materials for home-relief have been sent, and employment on roadrepairing and well-digging has been opened out in every direction through the worst tract for the relief of distress in the neighbouring villages; advances of grain are about to be made to the indigent ryots should circumstances be found to require this.

The relief officer, Mr. Damant, reports that the supply to the south and east of Sadullapore "and of Govindgunge is still tolerably well maintained by imports from the eastern districts by the Brahmaputra. In Peergunge, and the west of Govindgunge, the supplies are very small, and may part us at any time. Importation from Dinagepore seems to have entirely ceased. A very little comes from Bogra, but this cannot last long. Prices are excessively high, ranging from Rs. 3-12 a maund on the banks of Brahmaputra to Rs. 5; in

some small hats the price is Rs. 4-4."

"The village inspection has disclosed greater distress, the relief officer reports, than was anticipated. In the tract lying west of the Kurotya, the state of the villages is wretched beyond description; the people have sold every thing they possessed, and are now solely dependent on Government. Many have sold their plough-cattle, the last thing with which a Bengalee ryot parts. I found one instance where a man had sold the roof over his head. Many royts have deserted the place altogether, and gone to Bogra and elsewhere. The relief officer reports that the people seem to be most grateful for the relief works. The villages in this quarter are now quite descrited in the day-time. Every one is to be found on the road; the women are now coming readily, bringing their children with them. All are most anxious

to get Government rice. The want of water is felt nearly as keenly as the want of food. In many villages people have to go two or three miles to bring a gharah of water. I have begun to excavate three old tanks in the worst parts, and am digging wells at every mile along the roads. A few cases of cholera, with one death, have occurred among the coolies."

In the neighbourhood of Ramnagar, Dhaperhat, Tremohini, and Peergunge considerable distress is reported. No cases of death have occurred, but many instances of people very much reduced by starvation have been found. There are about 10,000 persons employed on the roads, of whom about half are men, one-third children, and one-sixth women. The women only work on the roads on the west side of Govindgunge, where they come in great numbers.

- 8. In many tracts on the south and the south-west of the district the poorer classes of ryots have been obliged to sell or pledge the few things they have. Many complain of the difficulty of having only one full meal of rice a day, and of having to eke out the second meal with various coarse substitutes for rice. All those who work on the road earn enough to provide their two meals of rice a day, and a little for their families besides. The ryots in many places from time to time complain of inability to sow their lands from want of seed. The lands, however, where ready, have all been sown, and a far larger area than usual has been cultivated with early rice. Many of the ryots are found after investigation to have complained of their zemindars and of their circumstances without reason. There is, however, much widely-diffused distress which is being carefully looked after, and relief to meet the circumstances that arise in each locality is promptly organised on the spot. People complain of the dearness and of having to live closely, but only in isolated cases has the pressure from high prices produced actual distress. There have been no deaths traceable to the present scarcity. No premature deaths have come under notice for inquiry. The only case that has come under inquiry in the last fortnight was that of a very old woman who died of disease, probably hastened by privation.
- 6. The wheat and pulses have been stored by the ryots, and are being used for food; very little of it finds its way into the market.

The wheat is not ground in mills and made into flour for bread, but is simply husked and boiled like rice and caten with salt, chillies, &c.; or else after husking it is made into a coarse sort of meal, and then mixed with water into a mash and sweetened with goor, and so used for food. The poor here do not appear to know the proper use of wheat, and if taught can make nothing of it, as they have no hand-mills for this purpose.

- 10. All classes understand thoroughly the modes of relief adopted by the Government, and many anticipate the action of the relief officers, by ready complaints of distress, with suggestions for relief works, and annachatras in their neighbourhood. They are very grateful for what is being done, and the laborer-ryots declare that many of them must have perished but for the relief works. Under the present circumstances of the people (except in the worst parts of Govindgunge), small advances are better appreciated and more sought after than any other form of relief.
- 11. There have been numerous complaints from bodies of dissatisfied ryots as to alleged abuses in manipulating the advances obtained by the zemindars and jotedars without interest from Government. The cases have been disposed of to their apparent satisfaction, and every precaution has been taken to see that the advances are properly distributed among the ryots, and that substantial agreements are executed to guard against possible attempts hereafter at realising prohibited interest from the ryots. The independence of the ryots in Rungpore affords the best guarantee against such endeavours.
- 12. All complaints regarding scarcity are taken up at once, and assistance and investigation proceed together. Relief works are opened within easy distance of villages where great poverty or distress are believed to exist, and all ablebodied persons requiring means of subsistence are provided for in that way. People unfit for work are sent to the nearest annachatras; if too distant, they get a ticket for 7 days or 14 days food, or an advance direct. The homeless mendicants are housed at the chatras as long as they choose to remain, but a few beggars unfit for work obstinately refuse to avail themselves of the annachratras, and they have been temporarily relieved with donations of raw rice and a little money at the villages they usually frequent.
- 13. Complaints of neglect on the part of the zemindars are promptly enquired into, and the attendance of the zemindars or their agents is caused, and they are required to assist their ryots with money or grain from their resources, or else to take advances from the Government for the purpose. The zemindars, as a rule, appear to be behaving well to their ryots, but some of them are still very backward in their duty in this respect. During the last fortnight relief has everywhere, and in every mode, become developed and better organised. The appearance of large bodies of the peasantry has been carefully observed and reported on from all quarters. There are no indications of debility or deterioration from insufficient nourishment among the generality of the poorer classes, who live much from hand to mouth.
- 14. In the north and north-east of the district near Kulaghat, the relief officer visited a number of villages, and also along the road from Kulaghat to Sapana. There was nothing apparent to indicate distress among the poor of this neighbourhood, and inquiry confirmed this view. In some places the men were very clamorous, and from their behaviour it was clear they were under a false impression, and believed that if they were only sufficiently importunate and complained as loudly as possible the Government would supply them with money by loan or advance, or even as a gift. In the same locality others were found going to the opposite

extreme. They resented the idea of there being distress in their villages, and answered to all inquiries—"there are none in evant here." The condition of the people does not appear to be bad in that part of the district (Borobari). It is, however, with the rest being carefully watched. The price of rice there is from Rs. 3-4 to Rs. 3-8 a maund of 80 tolahs weight.

15. In another case a petition from a body of chamorous ryots, giving a very bad description of distress and starving people, and of the neglect of the zemindar, was investigated. It was unfounded in fact throughout. On censuring the ryots, they blamed the mooktears for using exaggerated language. In numerous cases the ryots have complained without cause against their zemindars when they were well-off, and no relief was necessary.

16. In the majority of the villages bordering on the lines of relief works, a considerable percentage of the indigent ryots would have had the greatest difficulty in procuring their proper daily food, if it were not for the relief works; as it is, they are at present enabled to tide over a very critical time without loss of life or bodily injury from privation. It is evident, without referring to the worst parts of the district on the south-west, that within some 15 or 20 miles south of Rungpore, were it not for the timely relief measures, numbers must have been permanently enfeebled, and have perished prematurely from privation; not only many of the beggar-folk, who are now maintained by charitable relief, but some of the peasantry also, who have up to the present time been preserved in good condition, physical and moral, by the relief works now everywhere affording healthy employment.

17. There are no signs among the laborers of weakness or disease attributable to the present restricted means of the classes that supply rural labor. Whenever there has been a bond fide demand for employment as a relief measure, work has been opened in the neighbourhood requiring it. Where supplies are short, moodies are commissioned to sell Government rice to the coolies at 12 seers for the rupee, and grain can be taken in part payment of work where

local supplies run short.

18.. To resume: serious afixiety is not felt regarding the condition and prospects of the people in view of the relief measures now organised, except as regards the tract prominently brought to notice in previous narratives, viz., Govindgunge, Sadullapore, and Peergunge. The grain transports have been pushed on in that direction to ensure that the supplies shall be equal to all requirements. Money and materials for relief have been despatched. A native doctor, with medicines, was sent out at the first intimation of a probable outbreak of cholera. It has been arranged that either the Magistrate or myself shall be present at head-quarters, so that any intelligence received may at once meet with proper attention. A Deputy Magistrate was sent to Peergunge, who, with an intelligent assistant, is temporarily supervising relief, and looking out for the occurrence of distress. Previously, a Deputy Collector of considerable experience visited Peergunge, and noted its requirements. An additional officer of experience, Inspector Prokast Chundra Deb, was hurried off from transport work to the relief officer of Govindgunge on the first intimation of anything like an approaching crisis in those parts. The people there are coming in numbers to relief works. The part of the country is in a bad state for supplies by private importation, and the people are generally reported to be very destitute; still Mr. Damant writes that there is no immediate danger of any loss of life from starvation.

The means for relief now being pressed forward appear to be equal to the emergency. The Magistrate has settled to go out to Peergunge and Govindgunge after conferring with the

Relief Commissioner, who will be at Rungpore on the 5th or 6th instant.

19. With regard to the details and statistics required, urgent reminders have been sent

to the relief officers to obtain these.

The necessary subordinate appointments have only just been filled, and clerks are on their way out or have only just joined. Though the relief circles are manned and active work is going on everywhere in the most unsparing way, the results of the work do not come up in detail as required, and the great increase of work makes it difficult with a small staff to keep up the requirements by official communication. Efforts are being made to procure the details and statistics regarding classes of people obtaining charitable relief, and it is hoped that a return may be submitted in the next narrative. There is such a demand for intelligent, trustworthy natives for all kinds of work connected with relief that it is impossible to get an agency of the desired efficiency, as to general attainments, and knowledge of English. All the public offices have been in some degree disorganised by the drafting off good, active officers on relief duty, and still there are difficulties in filling "relief" appointments properly, such as transport-clerks, golahdars, relief officers, assistants and writers, and road sub-overseers.

The relief officers have not the work of supervision well in hand, and they will be required now to submit and procure the submission of the details as to charitable relief required. [While engaged in writing this report, the station was visited by a most remarkable hailstorm. There had been a great increase of heat at about 4 p. m., Saturday, April 4th, when a gale and blinding dust-storm, accompanied with the rumbling of distant thunder, set in from the south-west. It blew a regular hurricane, sweeping the plain with clouds of dust. A drenching rain, which seemed to last two or three minutes only, cleared the landscape almost instantaneously, and then the wind blew very chill, and large hail-stones, bristling with icicles, battered down on the roof and verandah, and kept striking the ground—thud-thud—at intervals of 20 or 30 or 40 yards. They looked like a good handful of hail-stones compactly crystalised into solid lumps. As the wind was strong, they were projected with much force, almost point-blank for about a stone's throw, and then striking the ground with considerable sound, they

bounded along two or three times, becoming suddenly spent and motionless from their spiked shape. The largest of them were, in the solid part, about the size of a tennis-ball, but measured round the short, thick icicles jutting out all round, they were, some of them, about the size of a cricket-ball. Some had a star-fish and coral-like form. All had the flowing stalactite appearance, which makes the rudest of them when frozen over pleasing to the eye. They certainly were most picturesque looking missiles. Some reminded of the spike-balls of iron, found at the end of old maces, and similar mediceval weapons. The storm was soon over, and the rain has done good. Fortunately the tobacco has all been cut and gathered, and none of the present crops have been injured. The mango trees have suffered. Mr. Oram, an old resident of Rungpore, informs me that he saw larger specimens than those outlined, the sketch of which is forwarded.]

20. Eighteen grain-thefts have been reported during the last fortnight. Two constables were detected in dishonestly disposing of a maund of the rice saved from the Moheegunge fire, and from the separate sums of money, aggregating about eleven rupees, found in the waist-cloth of one of them, it appeared probable that the offence discovered was not the only one committed by him. Both were convicted and punished for criminal breach of trust as public servants.

Petty pilferings of the Government rice while on transit to the golahs are attributed to the police and to the gariwans; a two-maund bag has been found half a maund short on reaching its destination. Under the present system it is difficult to get a thoroughly satisfactory explanation of deficiencies, or to make the constables and garriwans accountable for the same.

THE MARKET QUOTATIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:-

					S.	Ch	•	
Nowabgunge }	per Rupce	• • •	•••	•••	11	4	of 80	Tolahs.
Gaibunda	"	•••	•••	•••	10	0	,,	
Sadullapore	<b>,</b> ,	• • •	•••	• • •	9	15	"	
Outpost Kalligu	nge,,		•••	•••	9	0	,,	
Nesbetgunge	,,	• • •	•••		11	10	,,	
Borobaree	"	• • •	•••		10	0	9 22	
Sundargunge	,	• • •		• • •	11 to 1		,,	
Govindgunge	"	•••	•••	•••	9 to	10 0	"	

B.—RELIEF WORKS.

The number of relief roads has been increased from 49 to 56.

New roads have been opened, and sub-overseers employed on them; 4 roads are still kept in reserve. The numbers remain about the same, except in the Govindgunge circle, where about 10,000 people have come upon the relief works for support. In Govindgunge, the rate has been raised from 3 annas per 100 cubic feet to 4 annas.

In Govindgunge they are employed in excavating tanks and wells also, as water is very scarce. The relief works have been steadily pushed forward during the last fortnight. The laborers have been paid regularly, and there have been no complaints from them. Government rice is being disposed of at twelve seers for the rupee, but no account of the sales has been submitted. In Peergunge, Govindgunge, and Borobarce sales have taken place.

#### C .- TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

With regard to private imports in Nesbetgunge thannah—in four villages Madupore, Sampore, Basuntpore and Ormarce, the relief officer found five thousand maunds of paddy stored. One resident of Sampore deals extensively in Julpigori rice, keeping a train of 16 carts, and hiring also for that purpose. Private trade is brisk in the interior, and ryots go long distances with their pack-bullocks to purchase grain where the market is slightly easier. Complaints have been made that the hiring of carts and bullocks by the Government has interfered much with private trade; and though the rates are high the cartmen regard it as "begår" or compulsory work, and dislike it, although the rates are high. Formerly private parties could procure a cart and pair of bullocks for about Rs. 14 a month. The rate given a cart and pair of bullocks was first fixed at Rs. 7 a month. Subsequently the last lot were engaged at Rs. 20, and all now demand the same. Pack-bullocks are now being engaged at Rs. 7-8 a month, and a corps is being organised. Several hundred maunds of rice have arrived for the Moharam Farnamagi, and also for the Tagores of Peergunge. The rice transport is working well, and there is no block anywhere. The despatches are less this week—as the carriage by boats has been stopped; 320 carts were received during the fortnight at Kallygunge, and 653 carts in all were at work. Efforts are now being made to bring the number up to a thousand or more. The zemindars have been called upon to assist, and a specially appointed officer deputed to the interior to engage and collect carts.

About 950 maunds were imported for private parties at Kallygunge and 800 maunds at

Kolmughat during the last fortnight.

Inquiries were widely set on foot to organise a transport service for shallow water with dug-outs, but it was not practicable. The transport officer is about to visit Gaibanda to see if further means of transport can be opened up to Sadullahpore, partly by land and partly by the Ghaghat.

## D .- STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

The golahs are ready in part everywhere, and the transport of grain is being steadily effected in accordance with local requirements. The list of completed subsidiary golahs has not been received from each circle; a complete list will be forwarded as soon as possible.

Accommodation is now ready for 1,85,000 maunds.

·	Recei	pts.		Mds.	Mds.
Previously received	•••	•••		1,00,666	
March 20th, by country	boats from Na	raingunge	•••	1,584	
,, 20th, by steamer			. •••	25,004	
", 23rd, by country			`•••	1,000	
", 25th, ditto		litto	•••	2,302	•
April 1st, by country b	oats from Gaiba	ında		4,272	
•	•				1,34,828
•	Despatched dus	ring the week	; <b>.</b>		
Sent to Chillakhal	•••	••		4,272	
Ditto Panialghat	•••	•••	•••	1,000	
Ditto Gaibanda	•••		•••	6,598	
Ditto Peergunge	•••	•••	• • •	380	
Ditto Naldanga	•••		•••	150	
Ditto Gobindgunge	•••			345	
Ditto Pairaband	•••	•••	•••	3,786	
Ditto Kamdiar Hât	•••	• • •		380	
Ditto Sundergunge	•••	•••	•••	820	
Ditto Mulung	•••	•••		<b>600</b>	
Ditto Meetapooker	•••	•••	•••	1,270	
	Prev	iously sent	•••	21,001 88,680	1,09,681
			Balance	•••	25,147

Besides the above, about 6,000 maunds are being unloaded from boats from Goalundo, and about 22,000 from steamer Prince of Wales. The whole of this is being stored in the Peergunge golah.

A special report regarding the circumstances of the destruction of the Mahigunge golah and the disposal of the salvage rice has been submitted through the Relief Commissioner.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

Numerous applications have been made for advances by all classes of zemindars, patnidars, lakhirajdars, jotedars, great and small. Where they are not known, local investigations are made by the relief officers; and the bond fides of the application, the status of the applicant, the condition and number of ryots, and the propriety of the loan are reported on, and after such further inquiry as can be made advances are sanctioned under the best safe-guards that can be devised to insure their being applied as intended, and to prevent abuses.

## Advances.

The amount of money advanced to the zemindars and jotedars to help their ryots is as follows:-

For purchase of grain	, <b>.</b>	•••	Rs. 7,500
'To zemindars for advances to their ryots		•	87,650
To jotedars Add advances sanctioned during the	fortnight. but	not vet	3,950
taken by the parties, previously sanct	ioned, and still	pending	21,250
	Total	1	1,20,350

#### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The numbers daily relieved is over four thousand. Exact figures cannot be given, as no returns have been submitted from several of the annachatras.

There has been no instance of severe distress reported during the last fortnight, but many proper cases for relief are discovered by the officers on their village inspection; several new relief centres have been opened. One in particular at Dhaper hat in Sadullahpore, where the poor were found in very bad circumstances. (A road for relief work was opened there at the same time.)

The people who accept relief at the annachatras are nearly all by habit or infirmity unfit for work, and are of the beggar class; such an abundance of relief has been provided for them (they are not a large number for the district) that they are very independent about attending the annachatras for food.

They murmur at the Government annachatra arrangements, and are unwilling to stay at the chatras in the day or to do any work. They object to remain for a second meal, and beg to be provided with the early and late meal together, once only in the morning, so that they may fill their bellies well and take their chance of getting what they can elsewhere for supper.

Where annachatras are near together, as at Sankamari (public), and Radhabullab (private), the more active of them manage to get a meal at both chatras. Ample arrangements have been made so far for relief centres, and if people of this class are found unrelieved, it is because they will not remain where food is provided for them at the chatras. When found in the villages, they are temporarily provided for with an advance of grain and money. At the annachatras every effort is made to see that they are availed of to the fullest extent in accordance with the spirit of the rules, so as to relieve want among a class which is now almost entirely thrown upon organised public and private charity.

The officers in charge of relief centres, public and private, endeavour to keep in attendance those who begin to frequent the chatra, so that their charitable action may contrast favourably with that of other relief centres, and may be as unrestricted as possible.

At the annachatras at Alaikury, the scale of food has been raised from 4 chittacks of rice and 4 chittacks of potatoes, to 6 chittacks of rice and 4 chittacks of potatoes, and half-a-pice tor condiments. This scale is general. The average attendance now is 48 Mahomedans receiving cooked food, and 60 Hindus receiving uncooked food. Before the rules of issuing cooked food to Mahomedans was instituted, the number taking relief was about 500 a day; when the cooked food system was adopted, the numbers fell at once to the present average, which has since been steadily maintained there without any complaints of distress.

Home relief in the shape of cotton for spinning and paddy for husking has been freely given. At the annachatras some women, able to do a little work, have been asked to take it, but they retuse, and it has not been pressed on them. In the Gobindgunge annachatras, the relief officer has not adopted the cooked-food system, potatoes are scarce there, and half a seer

of raw rice and a half pice are given to each person who comes for relief.

New cotton and rice-distributing centres have been established in the relief circles, and agencies open among the pradhans of the villages. In Sundergunge, the zemindar Baboo Annada Proshad Rai is now opening a cooked-food relief agency in one of his villages (Khamthana).

The arrangement is for the zemindar to supply the rice, and servants to take charge of it and prevent waste and embezzlement, and the ryots with their families will come and eat the rice cooked by some of their own village people, who may be willing to serve at a house selected

It will be a kind of co-operative private arrangement, and relief will be given in a. form less open to prejudice than in the public or private annachatra as ordinarily unengaged.

#### STATEMENT.

Daily average number of persons relieved at the Government Annachatras.

Name.	No. of persons.	Remarks.
Sankamaree	43	
Alaikuri	147	
Kandi	174	
Out-post Kalligunge	236	
Total	••	

			Private	Ann	achatras.		
Shanibari	•••	•••		339	Supported	by	Baboo Annada Proshad Rai.
Mahigunge	•		•••	159	,,	b <i>y</i>	Rai Lusmipat Sing.
Kangotola		•••	•••	430	,,	by	Januki Bullub Sen.
Peergacha	•••	•••	•••	103	,,	by	Radha Peary Chowdharini, zemindar of Monthonee.
Modhupore				60	,,	by	Dakhina Mohun, zemindar of
Rahhubullu				400			Tapu.
Naldangah	•••			(a)	,,	by	Nilkamal Lahory and Kasi
Ditto	•••	•••		(6)		•	Chandra Lahory.
	Grand	Total	1	,590			

Cotton Relief.

Before the last report 46 maunds of cotton had been distributed. Since then the following quantities have been supplied to the different centres :-

				$\mathbf{Mds}.$
Alikari	•••	• • •	•••	20
Katgora	•••		•••	20
Nesbetgunge and	Kowergunge		•••	15
Sadulapore	•••	•••		10
Pairuband	•••	•••	•••	20
Gobindgunge	•••		•••	20
Borobari	•••	•••	•••	20
Peergunge	•••	•••	•••	10
			1	
		•	Total	155

The total subscription in the previous	s narrative	•••	Rs. 18,523	$\Lambda_0$	P. 0
Collection during the fortnight			200	0	0
Received from Central Committee	•••	•••	25,000	0	0
	Total	•••	43,723	0	0
Expenditure up	to date		15,490	0	7
•					
	Balance	•••	28,232	15	5 
G.—Fina	NCIAL RESULTS.				
			Rs.	A.	Ρ.
Total expenditure from the district	and sub-division	onal			
treasury	• • •	•••	1,77,873	11	8
Wages of the coolies	•••		1,017	9	6
Advance to officer in charge of T. A.	•••	• • •	4,188	6	0
,, to Sub-Deputy Collector	•••	•••	3,000	0	0
,. to G. II. Damant, Esq., Si		elief			
Officer at Gobindgung		•••	<b>3,0</b> 00	0	0
,, to Court Inspector to dist	cribute to diffe	rent			
relief centres	•••		11,000	()	0
to Ramtonoo Dass, for conve	yance charges	• • •	1,000	0	0
to Udoy Chandra Sen		•••	3,000	0	O
,, to zemindars and others, to a		· · · ·	46,000	0	•0
,, to traders for purchase of gra	iin		500	0	U
For re-excavating tanks	•••		1,000	()	()
For construction of golahs	•••	• • •	233	1	6
Salary of road and golah establishme			• 113	1	6
For construction of bridges, continge	ncies and others	·	179	0	6
Miscellaneous	•••	• • •	217	15	G
	Grand Total	•••			
List of	Roads.				
				Aver	ag <b>e</b> men.
A2. Rungpore to Kishoregunge (Ju	dpigoree road) =				<b>S</b> 2
A2b. Kishoregunge to Bhogdabree	•••	•••	•••		54
A3. Chillakhal road	••		• • •	1	198
A1. Cooch Behar	•••	• • •	•••		63
Aba. Rungpore to Panialghat (Bagw	za road)				59
- A6a. Rungpore to Katgora (Bhowan	igunge road) 🧪				85
- A7a. Rungpore to Dum-Dum (Bogri	th road)		•••		8-2
AS. Kanniaghat road	•••				28
Station road	•••				23
C2. Kishoregunge to Chillakhal	•••	••	• • •	)	01
•			¢ .	7	736
			15	ב יסיו	RCII,
	_		10.		

R. PORCH,

District Relief Officer.

#### Memorandum by Magistrate.

During the fortnight I have been through the Mahigunge, Sundergunge and Molong relief divisions and conferred with the relief officers at their work. In Mahigunge distress is spread over a large area, and I have given Munshee Muttiulla an extra assistant for the work. I went over the worst tracts and consider that the relief officers will be able to meet all requirements. Sundergunge is a small circle, distress has been acute there, but the worst has now abated, and all is well in hand. Baboo Okliov Koomar Sen of the Molong circle thinks his division safe; road works are plentiful, the people flock to them, and a large part of the western area of the thannah is well cared for by Baboos Luchmiput and Dhanput, who take the entire management of all relief in their estates. A large number of boys are everywhere on the roads, and, carning their four piec, materially assist their families. The state of Mr. Damant's sub-division. Govindgunge, Peergunge, and Sadullapore, is the most critical. The relief officer for Peergunge has not yet arrived, and I had sent down there, temporarily, Baboo Brojo Mohun Roy, Deputy Magistrate. In the tract of Govindgunge, west of the Kurutiya, a large part of the population has turned out on the road, men, women, and children, and they are supplied with Government rice; 6,000 maunds have been stored in the thannah, and the whole number of carts under the transport officer will now be employed in carting rice to Govindgunge and Peergunge, where the allotments are 50,000 and 25,000 maunds, respectively. The other divisions will be supplied by boat and pack-bullocks. I am now about to proceed to the circle of Mr. Damant's division.

The registration of importation has been commenced, but the returns are as yet incomplete. For Rungpore itself, I have the returns of one week complete; the supply is a total of 1,837 maunds—

		•			Mds.
Rice	•••		• • •	***	1,488
Paddy	• • •	•••	•••		349
Imported from Dinagepo	ore-				
Rice		••			1.447
Paddy •		•••			157
Local supplies—					
Rice		•••			4.1
Paddy					192

The Dinagepore supplies come mostly from Habrah; but the Executive Engineer who was lately at Kholahatti tells me that some of the cartmen who brought rice averred they brought it from Dinagepore city, where the price is cheaper than it is here.

At the mouth of the Teesta, the importation by boat was, during the fortnight—

Paddy			•••			Mds. 1,968	
Rice	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	4,712	
				Total	• • •	6,680	

No returns have yet been received from the Dhurlah.

Importations at the mouth of the Teesta, and at Kallygunge on the Brahmaputra, were 1,750 maunds.

From here all the river-side and inland markets on the castern border are supplied either by boat or pack-bolleck. At Sunderguage market, where I was a week ago, the supply of rice, 125 maunds, and paddy, 150 maunds, all came either from the mouth of the Teesta, or from Chilmari on the Brahmaputra.

To the north-north-west and north-east trade is active as usual, and the reports show stocks in places. I have no details to show in this report, but hope to have some for the next.

RUNGPORE, The 6th April 1874. E. G. GLAZIER,
Officiating Magistrate.

No. 41, dated Bogra, the 6th April 1874.

From—C. A. Kelly, Esq., Officiating Magistrate and Collector, Bogra, To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I HAVE the honor to submit the fortnightly narrative as follows :-

Narrative of Scarcity and Relief of the District of Bogra for the fortnight ending the 6th April 1874.

## A.—STATE OF THE COUNTRY. .

There are still supplies in the bazars though at high rates. Ordinary tice at Bogra was selling on the 4th April at 10½ seers of 80 tolas per rupee, at Sultanguage 10½ seers, and at Dupchanchia 11 seers.

At Sultangunge		***		 Maunds, 1,200
				~
" Dupchanchia			••	 9,000
" Hili		•••		 5,000
., Burigunge		•••		 4,900
"Kichak …	• • •		• • •	 3,000
"Bogra …	• • •	• •		 1,000

has been reported as in the hands of traders and petty dealers up to about the 4th April 1874. 82 inches of rain fell at Bogra on the 1st and 182 inches on the 3rd instant. A fair average of matar and other cold-weather crops is expected. The sowing of sesamum and jute has commenced. The agus crop has been partly sown in the eastern part of the district and the sowing continues. As regards the condition of the people, I would beg to repeat the remarks given in my last narrative. I notice in the report of Mr. Gupta, recently received the case of a person he observed starving in his circle, thannah Shibgunge, and in which I presume (though he does not mention it) that he gave immediate relief. I am calling for further report from him on this point (as he does not give particulars). Fifteen grain thefts during the fortnight. I have already mentioned our particularly bad tracts, and in addition I should now mention the north and cast of Shibgunge; but I am of opinion that the whole district requires watching while these high prices continue, as of course isolated cases of hardship may be expected to occur even on the more favoured tracts. I have already submitted a scheme to Mr. Pobinson with the view of attaining this object.

## B.—RELIEF. WORKS.

I annex a list of lines of relief roads and works with the number of laborers on the 3rd April on each—

	•			Men.	Women.	Children.	
1.	Shariakandi road			487	643	1,685	
2.	Sultangunge road		•	<b>574</b>	1,211	<b>73</b> 0	
3.	Matidali road	•••	•••	433	857	1,178	
4.	Dupchanchia road	•••		294	1,127	959	
5.	Dinagepore road			2,749	4,063	5,058	
6.	Shibgunge road			660		•••	
7.	Serpur road			843	282	123	
8.	Nungola road	• • •		765	<b>223</b>	569	•
9.	Nashipur road		•••	198	170	351	
10.	Dupchanchia to Shynar	nukhi		525	343	231	
11.	Tank at Fuldighi			72	25		
12.	Tank at Kahalu	•	• • •	480		50	
13.	Tank at Birgaon			45		•••	
1.4.	Tank at Goharpara	•••		193	•••	93	
15.	Nakhila road		•••				
16.	Tank at Pilkhanj	•••	•••	162	•••	•••	
		Total		7,980	8,944	8,027	24,951

This number is certainly large, but it must be noted that the number of men among the whole is only 7,980. The labour exacted from the women and children is light, the pay comparatively good, and no wonder the works are popular in these times. I have actually heard of persons coming with their own laborer servants on to the road work, and people leave their villages en masse for the purpose. I shall direct the circle officers to endeavour to prevent very small children from coming on to the roads, as the people are bringing them very young. They are employed in beating the earth, and of course such relief is practically almost gratuitous, but it is difficult to draw a hard and fast line in such a matter. Another reason which tends to account for such a large influx is, in my opinion, the large proportion of Mahomedaus, over 80 per cent., in this district. Hindu women would naturally be averse to leave their homes. I hear of men actually staying at home and making their women go out and work for them. I shall be prepared to sell food when necessary to laborers on the works. At present they are supplied from the bazars.

## C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

The reports received show importation of 11,000 maunds of rice from Pubna, Dacca, and Mymensing districts by way of the Daokolea and Bengali rivers. 600 maunds of rice and 500 maunds of paddy from Rajshahye by carts. Now that the very considerable increase of 1,90,000 maunds of rice has been ordered to Bogra in addition to our previous allotment, I am unable to say that our means of transport are sufficient. We have more than 600 * Those sent in have been found unfit and carts at work, which nearly, if not quite, exhausts our returned. We cannot expect effectual aid by cart resources. Pack-bullocks and ponies have been

returned. We cannot expect effectual aid by cart resources. Pack-bullocks and ponies have been this agency.

called for from all police stations* and out-posts, some of which have been sent in. The Serpur Police have also been told to send small boats to take rice from Bogra to Serpur. I have also asked the Commissioner of the division to have 50,000 maunds of our allotment sent from Goalundo to Joregatcha whence we can convey it in small boats up the Karotaya to Bogra. I have also written to Natore and Serajgunge for more carts, and the Sub-Inspector of Adamdighi has been directed to try and obtain carts from Natore. I really do not see what more we can well do. We might perhaps be able to utilise some of our road labourers as transport coolies, and I will see what can be done in this respect. If the Government or the Relief Commissioner could send a supply of carts or other efficient means for transport from elsewhere, no doubt we could distribute our supplies more quickly; six hundred more carts would be not more than necessary. Meanwhile, we must get on as best we may, and as the district is small, when the rice is once landed at Shohagipara, we could, in case of need, send sufficient for immediate wants to any part of the district from there without much delay.

## D.—STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN AT RELIEF WORKS.

In addition to places of storage previously reported upon, new storage-room has been ordered at places noted in the margin in order to Shonamukhi. Bogra. accommodate the increased supplies ordered. Amount Dupchanchia. 8. Madhupur. of food-grain reported as received up to the 4th April Gayahanda. 9. 3. Khetlal. 1874 is 49,729 maunds. The only food grain as yet 10. Durgapore. Panchbibi. Dargabat. Hilee. distributed has been 150 maunds sold for Rs. 500 on 12. Gobail. Jamirbaria. account of charitable relief purposes.

#### E.—Advances to Private Parties and their Results.

Several applications have lately been received from persons willing to assist their tenants. Rs. 2,500 have been given out in the period under report as loans in compliance with applications. Some undisposed of applications will receive attention.

## F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

I have already reported in my last narrative on our commencement of charitable relief operations on the Government aided system and our committee arrangements. Mr. Atkinson, Mr. Collier, and Mr. Gupta, relief circle officers, have arrived and have gone out to their respective circles, viz., Panchbibi and Badalgachi, Adamdigi, and Shariakandi. Mr. Nugent has also been out in Bogra thannah, of which he is the relief circle officer, and Inspector Umes Chandra Ghose is in charge of Khetlal. I propose now that Mr. Clay, District Relief Officer, has arrived, to put him in charge of Bogra thannah and to send Mr. Nugent, aided by two assistants, to take charge of thannahs Sherepore and Shariakandi, with special reference to the distressed account in these thannahs, which are on the whole comparatively well off.

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the District of Bogra.

Number of Committees and Sub-Committees as yet appointed.	Number of special relief Sub-Divisions opened and officered.	Number of regular relief circles opened and manned by special officers.	Number of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemindars and other residents.	Number of work- houses or centres, for the distribution of food and gra- tuitous relief.	Number of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of gratuitous relief in any shaps through the charitable relief organization daily; this should include people employed or relieved by the relief committees or relief officers under any of the heads of Instructions.
One Committee and seven Sub-Committees.		Five			Up to 4th inclusive, 583° are reported, but the returns from Panenbibi and Badalgachi are not yet received. They shall be sent as soon as possible after receipt.

#### G.—FINANCIAL RESULT OF THE FORTNIGHT.

## Total expenditure of the district.

Total expenditure of the	ne anstrict.				•
			Rs.	A.	<b>P.</b>
Treasury as shown in last narrative		•••	35,700	2	9
Details of the above—					
Relief roads and works			23,956		9
For construction and repairs of rice golahs			1,597	4	3
For transport of Government grain			9,772	9	0
Establishment			108	10	9
* Salary and travelling allowance of relief N	ative Doct	or	65	4	0
	TOTAL		35,500	2	9
Expenditure during the fortnight under report-	-		73		n
- 11 4 1 1 1			Rs.	A.	
Relief roads and works	•••	• • •	27,488		11
For construction and repairs of rice golahs			685		0
For transport of Government grain	···•	•••	6,050		
Establishment			57	8	0
Salary of relief Native Doctor	•••	• • •	•••	•••	
	TOTAL		34,281	7	<b>.</b>

I have remarked above on the subject of the increased number of laborers on our works. I am glad to be able to report a most seasonable rainfall on the 1st and 3rd April 1874 at Bogra, which I trust may have extended largely over the khyar land. It has arrived most opportunely and cannot fail to do considerable good. Amun rice was selling at 10½ seers in the Bogra market on the 6th April 1874. I would remark in conclusion that it should not be supposed that the whole of the very large number of persons employed on our relief works are very badly off. It may be taken as a fact that many comparatively well-to-do people have come to them. But with reference to what I have said above with respect to light labor and good pay, I would not be understood as recommending either the increasing of the security of the labor-test or reduction of the wages. The object of Government is to save life, and although in many cases the pay may be received by people who could exist without it, yet on the other hand I consider that it would be unsafe by means of a hard and fast rule to deprive many others, viz., those really in distress and often with large families of what is no more than adequate for their wants. We are in urgent want of at least three native overseers or sub-overseers; I trust they may be sent at once.

	Dacoity.  (Headings 30 and 31 of Crime Return AI.)		(Headings 30 and 31 of Crime and 33 of Crime			Theft.	ſ	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking.			
•					and 33 of Crime	Reti	ing 43 of arn, inclu attle thei	ding		ing 36 of Return A	
•	Month of March 1874	Month of March 1373.	Month of March 1874.	Month of March 1874	Month of March 1873.	Month of March 1872,	Month of March 1874	Month of March 1873.	Month of March 1872.		
Number of cases reported, excluding cases de- clared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred	2	1	1	37	44	20	40	31	24		
Column IV of AI, minus column IXA		.,, ***		12	15	23	3	1	4		
TOTAL	2	1	1	49	59	43	48	23	28		

Bogra Magistracy, The 6th April 1874.

C. A. KELLY,
Offg. Magistrate.

#### RESOLUTION.

## SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 14th April 1874.

READ-

The Fortnightly Narratives of the Burdwan Division for the period ending 4th April.

1. Hooghly.—On the whole the account given of the condition of this district is satisfactory. Prices are stationary; there is no marked distress of a general character anywhere, and no very great demand for relief work. Only 1,650 persons are employed on Government work and 7,812 on private undertakings; of the latter, however, only 2,147 are said to be local laborers. The organisation for charitable relief is very extensive, there being no less than 136 sub-committees, besides four large serais or public kitchens on the great lines of traffic. 901 persons daily are receiving charitable relief.

2. Howrah.—Mr. Grant was specially ordered to include in his report the relief works and charitable relief operations in Howrah. It is not satisfactory to find him still omitting to

furnish any information on these matters.

3. Bankoora.—Prices show here a tendency to fall, and in the distressed tract of Moheshra work has been provided for all who require it. The Commissioner has again sent Mr. Larymore to inspect this pergunnah, and his report will be awaited. The numbers on Government relief works were 2,740 in all, while about 2,000 more are employed on private works. About 1,200 persons daily get charitable relief.

4. Beerbhoom.—There is no marked change for the worse in this district as yet. About

3,600 persons are on relief works, and 683 are daily getting charitable relief.

5. Burdwan.—The Government has already had special report upon the increase in distress in the Bood-bood sub-division of this district. The Collector has now personally ascertained that things are worse here than he had at all anticipated. The fever has of course reduced the condition of the people of this part below the standard. It is hoped that the Collector will be able to show that he exercised from the first due vigilance as to the consequences of want supervening on chronic disease. Cutwa sub-division also appears to be more distressed. The other parts of the district are not very badly off. The table showing the number on relief works is not very clear, and the column for the average daily number is wrongly totalled. Apparently about 13,000 persons are on the works, while 9,137 persons are in receipt of charitable relief. The charitable relief is administered by the district committee, five sub-divisional committees, and 225 village committees.

6. The Lieutenant-Governor being about to visit the Burdwan District himself, will

not here make any further remark.

7. Midnapore.—The state of this district is not now such as to cause any alarm or anxiety. The Jungle Mehals, about which some fears were entertained, are apparently not badly off; and though some distress among the weaving population near Chunderkona had shown itself, this has been met by starting gunny-weaving and opening food depôts for charitable relief. The measures adopted seem sufficient.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

#### No. 2378 S.-R.

Copy forwarded to the Commissioner for information and communication to district. officers.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

#### A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA,
The 14th April 1874.

No. 17T., dated Burdwan, the 10th April 1874.

From-C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division, To-The Offg. Secretary to the Govt. of Bengal, Statistical Dept.

I have the honor to forward herewith, in original, the fortnightly narrative for the dis-

trict of Burdwan up to the 6th instant.

My previous letters will have prepared the Government for the receipt of more unfavourable accounts of the state of the Bood-bood sub-division, and the Collector states that the number of applicants for relief is increasing at a rate which he did not at all anticipate. It is to be regretted that he did not take earlier and more active measures to make himself acquainted with the state of the sub-division, but now that he has become more alive to the difficulties with which we have to contend, I trust that the measures which are being taken for the organisation of charitable relief will be found sufficient for the protection of the

The Collector complains of the non-receipt of the Jehanabad sub-divisional report, but

it reached him on the 7th April, and contains no information of any material importance.

The Collector has appended a copy of the proceedings of the charitable relief district committee, and of the rules drawn up for the guidance of the relief sub-committees. I beg to recommend that these may be separately published in the Calcutta Gazette.

No. 11, dated Burdwan, the 6th April 1874.

From-E. H. WHINFIELD, Esq., Officiating Collector of Burdwan,

To-The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit the narrative for the fortnight ending to-day.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

The Raneegunge Deputy Collector says that the supply of rice is plentiful; that rice is still flowing in from Midnapore and Bankoora; that the grain trade at Rancegunge town is very brisk; that prices have risen about two annas a maund, and now range from 11 to 12:30 seers of best rice, and 13.5 to 13.91 seers of common rice for the rupee; that no rain has fallen; that there is "no immediate cause for anxiety as to the condition of the people;" that rice is procurable everywhere; that there is no considerable demand for employment on the relief works; that the weaver class has been taken in hand, but even in their case the need is not very urgent; that in places inspected by him during the fortnight nothing like local distress among the weavers was found, but on its becoming known that it was intended to relieve them they applied for relief in large numbers; that a few cases of distress amongst beggars and travellers have come to light, and that even the village sub-committee do not allege the existence of any misery or starvation at present.

For my own part I do not think that there are any grounds for anxiety about Rance-

In Bood-bood, I am sorry to say the case is otherwise. The number of applicants for relief in that sub-division is increasing at a rate which I did not at all anticipate. In my last fortnightly report I mentioned that several food depôts for the distribution of cooked food had been opened there, and the attendance at some of these, notably at Gulsce near Kanoo. was very large. I have therefore thought it best to go over some of the more easily accessible parts of the sub-division in company with Baboo Bagalananda Mookerjee, and endeavour to gauge the amount of distress for myself. Accordingly I visited Gulsee and Kamoo villages near Kanoo junction, Oorgram, Mahata, and Dignugger near Gooshkara station, and Pogram, Kolianpore and Bhedia near Bhedia station. Also I have been to Bood-bood itself, and visited the villages of Eral and Bhalkee. The result of my enquiries is that there is most undoubtedly a great deal of distress there. This distress is more severe in the feverstricken villages, such as Dignugger, Kamoo, &c., but it prevails in a less degree in almost every village I visited. The condition of some of the people I saw was very wretched. One man, who had been worn by long-continued attacks of fever, and recently by want of proper

food, said that he was accustomed to sit all day in a tank to ease his pain. The laborers . (Bagdis, Haris, Doms, and so on) complained very loudly of the want of work, and it appeared that many of the men had emigrated to Cachar and elsewhere, leaving the women and children. The so-called respectable classes were nearly as loud in their complaints as the poor. Sonars complained that their trade was at a stand-still; napits, that people have given up shaving; cultivators, that the mahajuns have refused the usual advances of grain; brahmins, that their sources of income have failed; chowkidars, that their chowkiran lands yielded next to no crop, and that their money dues (dwar mashara) are not paid; fakeers, cripples, and lepers, that charity is no more; weavers, that advances were no more to be had. Allowing of course for some exaggeration in all these complaints, still the looks of many of the complainants were enough to prove that they were in the main founded on truth. I should add, however, that I did not hear of any deaths from starvation. When this was asked about, the invariable answer of course was that many had died, but on asking for names and details, I found it impossible to arrive at any single authenticated case of death from starvation in the villages I visited. Deaths of fever-stricken persons of course there have been. The Deputy Collector has visited some villages in the west of the sub-division, and his report is gloomy. The price of rice at the large marts continues nearly as low as in other sub-divisions, but in the interior it is only procurable at the rate of 10 seers the rupee, and even less. At Bhedia, for instance, I found the cutcha seer of only 58 tolahs selling for t pice, and at Eral 14 chittacks of the cutcha seer of 72 tolahs cost 5 pice. The wheat and barley on the banks of the rivers has all been cut, but a good deal of teel is still on the ground. In some parts the people are eating the paddy-husks (koonro), which are generally given to cattle.

What has been done in the way of relief is set forth under the proper headings below.

The Cutwa Deputy Collector gives a somewhat less favorable account of his sub-divisior than in former narratives. He says, however, that rice is everywhere procurable for ready money, and that the allegation to the contrary means only that mahajuns are demanding unusually high terms for making advances, but adds that if the rains set in early and the season proves a good one, they may probably relax their terms. He says teel has been as extensively cultivated in this sub-division as in Bood-bood. He states that the condition o the people, especially in Ketugram and Munglecote, is becoming a greater cause for anxiety day by day; that petty thefts are increasing, and the plea of starvation is more frequently heard from the culprits, and that the number of confessing thieves in March was 9. not impossible that some of these confessions were made with the view of getting admission to the jail. At Patna in 1866, if I remember rightly, a number of persons actually petitioned to be imprisoned in the jail. The Deputy Collector mentions that the cultivators are still unwilling to work, but in some cases are beginning to do so, especially in Ketugram. H estimates the number of indigent laborers in Cutwa and Munglecote at over 11,000.

I am afraid distress is on the increase in Cutwa as in Bood-bood. The great rush c applications for relief which has been experienced in the past fortnight has no doubt (as you have observed), been much stimulated by the organisation of village sub-committees all ove the country, and by the constant flying visits paid by various officers to almost every quarter but that distress really is increasing in Bood-bood and Cutwa I have no doubt whatever.

The Jehanabad Deputy Collector has not sent in his fortnightly narrative, and I mus beg that some notice be taken of this delay. It was only a month ago that his attention wa particularly called to the necessity of submitting these narratives with punctuality.

I may say, however, of both Jehanabad and Cutwa, as well as of the Sudder sub-division

that I consider there is no need for any anxiety about them at present. • The only parts wher there is any appearance of distress is the western half of Sahebgunge thannah adjoinin Bood-bood.

#### B.—RELIEF WORKS.

The annexed Statement I, shows all the road and other public relief works no going on under the charge of the Executive Engineer, the Embankment Engineer, the sul divisional officers, the town committees, and chowkeedary punchayats and private persons. would particularly draw attention to the circumstance that the demand for work in th Jehanabad sub-division (old Benares road) is very small, as it is also in the Sudder and Culn sub-divisions (Buddipore road and Kana Nuddee works). The demand for employment i Raneegunge, too, would seem to be but small. Work has been commenced on the road from Kanoo to Sahebgunge, but the returns have not yet come in. The numbers shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first shown in the first sho statement of the roads and works in charge of the sub-divisional officers of Jehanabad an Kanoo are estimates, as their returns have not been received. The Maharajah is carryin on tank-works at Culna and Burdwan, and Baboo Hitlal Misser at Bood-bood and Mancoor

#### C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Importation continues from the districts on the south. The total export by ra during the third week of March was 10,946 maunds, and total import 4,030 maunds. The returns for the last week in March have not been received.

#### D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

5. The district committees have resolved to store grain at Kanoo and Bood-bood for the food depôts.

## E .- ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PERSONS.

6. These are shown in the appendix A, Statement II. Advances for purchasing grain continue to be asked for, as remarked in my last report.

### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

The arrangements for charitable relief are being extended and adjusted by degrees. The following is an outline of them. A district relief committee and five sub-divisional committees have been organised; 225 village sub-committees have been appointed all over the district, that is to say, rather over 10 to each thannah, or about 1 to every 15 square miles. In the vast majority of cases these village sub-committees now act only as reporting agencies, i. e., as a sort of intelligence department to bring distress to the knowledge of the district and sub-divisional committees. But where the pressure of distress makes it necessary, they are used as administrators, distributors of relief, and managers of the food depôts and relief-houses which are established wherever necessary. The village sub-committees in charge of these food-depôts have received instructions to distribute cooked food to the infirm gratuitously, but to exact some kind of labor from the able-bodied. At the last meeting of the district committee, a set of rules for the guidance of these village sub-committees in charge of food depôts, was approved, which will be translated and circulated to them; a copy is annexed to this report. At the present moment there are no less than 27 food-depôts at work chiefly in the Bood-bood sub-division. The number has been swelled during the past fortnight, not only by the institution of many new depôts but also by the inclusion in the list of all the old fever food-depôts, the cost of maintaining which was accepted by the district committee at their meeting of the 28th ultimo, in consequence of the fever relief funds running short. Besides these, the Maharajah has three food-depôts at Burdwan, Culna, and Bood-bood. Wherever distress increases and the number of food-depôts becomes so large as to be unmanageable by the sub-divisional officer and his committee, as has been the case in Bood-bood, it is intended to appoint relief inspectors at the rate of about two to a thannah to visit and supervise these food-depôts. A mohurir to keep the accounts, cooks at the rate of one to every 100 men, and work overseers at the rate of one to every 50 men, are also attached to each food-depôt. These persons will be selected from among the distressed persons if possible. The sheds required will be built by the recipients of relief. The able-bodied men will be employed on any adjacent road work, or else at a tank in the neighbourhood; women will be employed on the various kinds of light-labor specified in the rules. Provision has also been made for making advances of money or material to weavers, to Beeparies to import grain, and to Pardahneshin women for spinning thread and husking rice. Simple accounts will be kept and abstracts submitted weekly. It is intended to utilise all the existing inspecting agencies, Medical, Educational, and Police, so as to exercise more complete supervision over these food-depôts, and enforce the application of the labortest in the case of all able-bodied persons. The cultivators, and other so-called respectable classes, have been, of course, kicking against this regulation and holding out for gratuitous relief, but now show symptoms of giving in in some places. Rice for the use of the depôt is about to be stored at Bood-bood and Kanoo. The complete charitable relief organisation above sketched out is at present only required in Bood-bood. But something of the same sort will have to be set going ere long in Cutwa. The relief operations of the whole district are superintended by Baboo Bogolanando Mookerjee and an assistant. The prescribed statement of relief food-depôts will be found marked III in the appendix, as also a list of the food-depôts now opened, and the attendance at them:

The statement does not show the particulars of advances to weavers and others which are made in many cases direct by the district and sub-divisional committees.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS.

- 8. The annexed is a statement (IV) of the expenditure of all sorts on relief operations up to date.
- 9. A copy of the proceedings at the last meeting of the district relief committee and the sub-divisional narratives are sent herewith.

I.

Statement showing progress of relief works in the Burdwan district for the fortnight ending
4th April 1874.

	N	ORK DONE.				
Name of road.	Up to 21st March 1874.	During the fortnight.	Total up to date.	Average daily number of laborers.	Rate of wages.	Price of rice.
					Rs. A. P.	
Culna road	27,50,000	50,000	28,00,000	110	026	Rs. 3-5 per maund.
Assensole to Domshoni	6,15,000	4,35,000	10,50,000) {	300 to 27th March	3026	" 3 per maund.
Bankoora road	8,80,0u0	2,20,000	11,00,000	100 to 4th April 130	020	13 seers per rupee.
Searsole to Domshoni road	12,85,000		17,30,000 {	457 up to 27th March		Rs. 3 per maund.
_			}	150 up to 4th April   170 up to 27th March	}	⊀
Mancoor to Dignogore road	23,51,000		23,70,225 }	50 up to 4th April	7020	(17 seers per rupee.
Burdwan to Soory road Kurjonah to Moorshedabad Old Benares road	1,50,000 11,12,250 10,25,250 	50,000 10,99,250 10,00,275 30,000	2,00,000 22,11,500 20,25,525 30,000	18 1,204 1,109 29	026 020 020 026	Rs. 3-5 per maund. 17 scers per rupec. 17 scers per rupec. Rs. 3 per maund.
Bood-bood sub-division.				·		
Gulsoe to Dignogore road	•••	34,412	34,413	136	020	14 seers per rupec.
Tank at Pattersheri	•••••		•••	212		ar osers per rupee.
", at Shonamookhy	•••••	•••	•••	90		
Culua sub-division.						•
Culna to Cutwa road			•••	91		
Rancegunge sub-division,						
Rancegunge to Munglepore	••••	•••		6,158	020	12 ³ seers per rupec.
Culwa sub-division.		İ			}	
Billeshar road	2,17,779 g. ft.		<b>f</b>	010	ŀ	
Shambazar road	1,05,091		! :::	216 105	İ	
Woodhanpore to Nahapoor road	40,250			80	l i	
Jehanabad.			-		)   	e.
Surpuria road	54,000			68	}	<b>6</b> **
Tirole road	81,000 82,000	••••	···· <b>···</b>	14		
Basoodebpore road Basoonpookur road	6,000		••••	50 44		
Khatta ghât road	7,000	******	•••••	13		1
Bosuntopore road	85,000			50	ŀ	
Katchary tank ,	45,000	•••	•••••	65	ŀ	ł
Bally Sudder road Jhar Khandee road	35,000 1,02,000	•••••	••••	26   56		
Shambazar to Kristagunge road	39,335	•••••		40		
Kamarpookur to Sreepore road	13,566		•••••	30		
Mokundpore to Khal road	4,151			19	l	•
Private.		i İ			l	
Doobraypore road	Cutting and carrying gra-	<b></b>	<b></b>	127		
Executive Engineer drainage and embankment division.	vels 6,200 ft.			_		
Kana Nuddy works	•			314		13½ to 14½ seers per rupee.
Ordinary Embankment repairs		<b></b>		406		14 seers per rupee.
in Edelpore sub-division.  Kana Nuddy and Shorosuty				574		141
canal.		.				1 Tag ,, ,,
TOTAL	1,01,47,872	33,88,162	33,83,162	6,73,758		

E. WHINFIELD,

Offg. Collector.

District.	,	last d fortn ing 25	ications ng on the ay of the ight end- ird March 1874.	du	lications ceived ring the night un- r report.		Potal.	du	lications ruck off ring the rtnight.	mo	olications a which mey has on paid.		pondi last d	lications ng on the lay of the tnight,	Vall	tal ad- ee made to date.
		Number.	Amount.	Number.	▲mount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.	Locality of work which advances been made.	Number.	Amount.	Number.	Amount.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
			Re.		Rs.		Rs.		Ks.		Rs.			Rs.		Rs.
Burdwan		71	53,501	20	8,805	91	60,306	15	12,575	7	3,100		69	44,631	23	11,725
Cutwa		32	19,200	4	2,200	36	21,400						36	21,400	7	1,225
Bood-bood	•••	45	17,005	8	1,120	48	18,125	3	3,350	2	400	2 in thannah Sonamookhy.	43	14,375	20	5,175
Rancegunge							N	ot re	ceived.							
Jehanabad		19	8,700	2	8116	21	9,500	2	900				19	8,600		
Culna	<b></b> .	36	16,800	8	2,600	41	19,400	ł	250	7	2,350	6 in thannah Culna. I in thannah Poobthal.	36	16,800	19	6,125
Total	•••	203	1,13,206	37	15,525	210	1,28,731	21	17,075	16	5,850	***	203	1,05,806	69	24,250

The 6th April 1874.

E. WHINFIED, Officiating Collector.

Statement of Progress of Charitable Relief prepared in accordance with Government Letter No. 1251, dated 5th March 1874.

Number of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed.	Number of special sub- divisions open- ed and officered.	opened he	Number of work-houses or centres for distribution of food and gratuitous relief.	Number of men, women and children (with total) dealing in the receipt of gratuitous relief from the relief committees.
District and sub-divisional committees	ranged.	S food depôts by the Malu- rajah of Burd- wan at Burd- wan Culna and Bood- bood.		ber. The number of per- sons actually received will be given when the returns

E. WHINFIELD, Officiating Collector.

#### Rules for the guidance of Relief Sub-Committees.

Every person admitted into a relief-house shall be provided with a ticket.
 The tickets shall be of two descriptions, (a) for gratuitous relief, (b) for labor-test.
 The labor-test must be enforced in every possible case, but persons incapable of

- work shall receive gratuitous relief.

  4. Able-bodied men must be sent to the nearest road or tank-work. If no such work be available, the members must devise some suitable work, and report for the approval of the sub-divisional officer.
  - .5. Able-bodied women may be employed as follows:-

Collecting ghooting or kunkur. Picking up cow-dung and preparing it for fuel.

Mat-making. Basket-making.

Making rope and twine. (e.)

Women who are unable on account of their social position to do any work of the above description may be employed either in husking grain or in spinning thread in their

own houses, and they shall be paid for their labor either in money or in kind as they wish.

7. Work-overseers must be selected from the recipients of relief; one such overseer must be allotted to supervise the work of every 50 person. These overseers shall, in addition to their daily allowance of cooked food, receive the wages of 2 pice per day.

8. Ordinarily cooked food is to be distributed. If any persons, for any sufficient cause, object to taking cooked food uncooked food may be given to them, but all must do some

work except the sick and infirm.

9. To each person is to be allowed daily half a seer of rice (pucca weight), 1 chittack of dâl, and 2 chittacks of vegetables, with a proportionate quantity of salt and mussalas; milk and sago may be given only to sick persons who produce a doctor's certificate declaring that they require them.

Milk may be given to children under 3 years of age.

10. One cook is to be appointed for every hundred men.

If possible these cooks should be selected from among the recipients of relief, and should

be paid by the fixed allowance of food and wages one anna a day.

- 11. To every relief-house a mohurir must be appointed to keep the accounts, and if possible he must be selected from among the recipients of relief. Paid mohurirs, coolies, and work-overseers will be allowed only when such cannot be obtained from among the recipients of relief.
- 12. Each relief-house (hotel) should be under the immediate management of the local sub-committee, subject to the supervision of the circle relief-inspector and sub-divisional officer.
  - 13. Advances of money or thread may be made to weavers.

The cloth prepared, therefore, will either be sold in the local market, or, if that is impos-

sible, will be forwarded to the sub-divisional officer for sale.

The advances to the weavers shall be of sums varying from Rs. 5 to 10, and no second advance shall be made to any weaver till he has produced cloth to the full value of the first advance.

The same rule must be observed in making advances to women of cotton to spin or of paddy to busk.

In giving advances, the accompanying cheque forms will invariably be used.

The sub-committee will procure rice and cotton, &c., in the cheapest market open to them. If any saving can be effected by purchasing rice in Burdwan or elsewhere, the subcommittee will address the sub-divisional officer on this subject.

15. The following accounts must be kept by the relief sub-committee:—

Cash accounts. 1.

2. Registers of persons fed.

of advances to weavers.

Store-book. 4.

16. The following abstracts of the accounts must be sent to the circle inspector every Saturday.

•	1.— <i>Ca</i>	sh <b>Acc</b> ou	nts.				
Balance from la		• • •	•••	<b></b>	O	0	0
	g week from Gover			•••	()	0	0
Received during	g week from sale of	goods	•••	•••	0	0	0
			Total		0	0	0
Expenditure on	feeding		•			Ö	ŏ
	advances to weave	ers and of	thers	•••	Ŏ	ŏ	ő
			Т		Λ	•	0
Balance in hand	.1		Total	•••	0	0	0
Dalance in hand	u	• • •	•••	•••	0	0	0
	2.— Abstrac	ct of pers	ons fed.				
Name of village.		No. of wome	•-	No. of childre	n. ,		Total.*
•••	•••	•		•••			•••
	3.—Abstra	act of Ad	vances.				
Outstanding ad	vances to weavers,	&c., from	previous y	veek	0	0	0
Advances made	to weavers and oth	iers every	week	•••	0	0	0
		Total a	dvance		0	0	0
Total value of	goods realised up to		•••		Ŏ	-	Ŏ
	ances outstanding	• •	••		ŏ	Õ	Ŏ
	<b>U</b>						-
	4. Abstra	cl of Stor	re-book.				
escription of goo	_		_				_
cactipaton of Boc	ods. Quan	itity.	V	alue.		Tota	ıl.

Laboring.

III.

Statement showing the names of the food-depôts or relief-houses, and the approximate number of persons relieved in each.

No. Names of food-depôts.				h	oximate num- er of persons elieved daily.
l Bhedia	•••	•••			300
2 Powgram	,				300
3 Kullianpore	•••				300
4 Joykistopore •					500
5 Dignugore			•••		600
6 Oregram		• • •	•••	•••	400
7 Mehatta	•••		•••	•••	500
8 Cutwa	•••	•••	•••		400
9 Khanoo*	***	•••	•••		400
10 Gulsi		• • •			800
11 Shor*		•••	***		400
12. Mongulcote*	•••	•••	•••	•••	250
13 Paltia*		•••	•••	•••	250
14 Kole-kole		•••		•••	300
15 Hitta		•••	•••	•••	
16 Mullickpore		•••		•••	300
17 Polashdanga			•••	•••	300
18 Tassoly*	•••	, .	•••		250
Tickerhaut*	•••		••	•••	134
Baldanga*		•••	•••	•••	36
Shongshur* .			•••	• • •	36
Ehlokee*		•••	4.,	•	21
Mohachanda*		•••	• • •		27
Kurmun*	•••	•••	•••		24
Gobindpore*	•••	•••	•••	•••	23
Jamalpore*	•••	•••	•••	•••	2.5 16
Bodungunge*	•••	•••	•••	••	20
200 00000000000000000000000000000000000	•••	***	•••	•••	30
Maharajah's food-depôts-				•	6,987
At Burdwan					1,000
" Bood-bood			•••	• • •	650
" Culna		•••	•••	••	500
,,	•••	••	***		200
			Total		2,150
		Gran	d Total		9,137

E. WHINFIELD,

Offg. Collector.

# IV .- Statement showing in Abstract the Expenditure in Relief Operations up to date.

	•				Au	nount	t.	
					Rs.	<b>A.</b> `	P.	•
Spent on	roads in charge of Execu	ıtive En	gincer		88,909	0	• ()	_
Ditto	sub-divisional officers				13,365	0	0†	• •
Ditto	private				6,345	0	0	
Ditto	from municipal and town	ı fund			Inform	atio	n not	yet
•						lect		•
Advance	under Land Improvement	l Act	•••		28,844	0	0	
Spent on ch	aritable relief—				•			
1. Food	depôts				3,847	15	0	
2. Adva	ince to weavers, &c.				1,275	2	3	
Continge	ncies	•	• • •			5	ថ	
		Т	otal	., 1	,42,597	6	9	

E. WHINFIELD,

Offg. Collector

^{*} Food-depôts marked with asterisks are old fever food-depôts.

[†] Out of this sum, Rs. 2,000 has been given to the Deputy Magistrate of Cutwa for collecting ghooteems.

At a meeting of the executive committee of the district relief committee held at Burdwan on the 4th April 1874.

#### Present:

E. H. Whinfield, Esq., in the chair.

Mr. E. H. Ruddock. " J. Cockburn

Baboo Gopal Chunder Scn.

R. T. Serestre.

Baboo Motilol Chowdhry.

Sriram Ghose.

Mohendro Nath Pundit. "

Bugelanando Mookerjee.

The following resolutions were passed-

1st.—That the "rules for the guidance of village relief sub-committees," framed by the Secretary, be approved and issued.

2nd.—That a sum of Rs. 1,000 be paid to the Culna sub-committee for the purchase of

rice.

3rd.—That the Cutwa sub-committee be authorised to employ a clerk on Rs. 20 a month.

4th.—That a permanent advance of Rs. 100 be made to the Bood-dood sub-divisional

5th.—That a sum of Rs. 500 be sent to the Bood-Bood sub-committee for the purpose of trying the experiment of making advances in sums of Rs. 5 to 100 to baparees to enable them to import rice from the south on pack-bullocks.

6th.—That the advance of Rs. 1,000 drawn by the Chairman for the establishment of

relief-houses be sanctioned.

7th.—That 1,000 maunds of rice be purchased and stored at Khanoo Junction, and 1,000 maunds be purchased and stored at Bood-bood.

8th.—Various petitions and reports from the village sub-committees in the sudder

sub-division were then heard and disposed of.

9th.—That Mr. Perkins, station-master of Kanoo, and his assistant, be asked to look

after the store at Kanoo, and that a chowkeedar on Rs. 6 be employed to guard it.

10th.—That the Jehanabad sub-committee be authorised to expend any sums they may think necessary for the relief of distress not exceeding the amount of the subscription collected in Jehanabad.

> E. WHINFIELD, Offg. Collector and Chairman.

No. 14, dated Midnapore, the 6th April 1874.

From—H. L. Harrison, Esq., Collector of Midnapore,

To—The Commissioner of Revenue, Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to forward herewith the report on scarcity and relief in this district for the fortnight ending April 4th. I regret to find that the last report arrived late. It was despatched from this office on the usual date.

- 2. Grain continues plentiful throughout the district. The surplus stock however of Midnapore is practically exhausted, and what now passes north along the Bankoora road, and north-west along the low level canal, is almost exclusively Orissa rice. This is stated by all the dealers, and a few days ago, at the Sudder ghat, I questioned each of some 50 gareewans and only found one man whose load was the produce of Midnapore. The purchasers first exhausted the nearest centres of surplus stock, and have gradually proceeded further as these have become exhausted.
- 3. Prices continue stationary with a slight tendency to a rise, especially in the extreme west, where 164 can only now be obtained instead of 18 and 174 as was the case when I last reported. The imports from Singbhoom referred to have ceased; whether the spare stock is exhausted, or whether the low prices which it induced have discouraged further imports, cannot be certainly known till a renewed rise again gives it an opportunity of profitable entry. As a consequence, the supply at the principal hats is decreasing rapidly, as shewn in the following table :-

Number of maunds produced for sale.

Jhargrom	•••	•••	8 Up to 23	10 lst <b>Marc</b> h.	10 28th March.	10 4th April
Sildah	•••		0	18	13	11
Ghutia	• • •	•••	50	30	25	20
Ramghur	•••	•••	0	26	26	~ 22
Dabijuri	•••	•••	160	110	131	6Ġ

Certainly I do not anticipate any severe famine, i. e., scarcity of grain in these tracts this year such as occurred in 1866. If my previous reports gave that impression, it was my failure to express myself correctly. In that year 50,000 persons died; in this year I do not suppose a tenth part of that number would be in danger, even if we folded our hands, and let matters drift. All I contend for is, that in this tract its own supply will not suffice for consumption, while extreme want will ensue before prices rise so high as to turn back the stream of trade to this quarter from the rest of Midnapore. On the other hand, if the Chota Nagpore Division has a surplus on which we can draw, we are perfectly safe; if it has not, sale of rice on behalf of the committee will afford great relief at the worst period, and greatly diminish the proportion of the population which under any circumstances will have recourse to jungle-roots and fruits, and inferior grains for support, as a mere result of high prices.

4. I also submit that, even if we are taking necessary precautions, we are doing so at no appreciable expenditure, and therefore the error is harmless. Experience already shews that the state of public confidence has much to do with the amount of rice thrown into the market in the jungle mehals. From all sides the report was universal that rice could scarcely be procured even at the hâts; a few hundred maunds came in from Singhbhoom (for it has now been ascertained that it was a very small quantity, and has since quite stopped), and the market remained easy for nearly four weeks. It is now again lightening, and the price st Silda is reported to have risen 1½ seer per rupee. It is therefore extremely probable, that if ever a crisis does come, the benefit which we can confer by promptly tendering a few hundred maunds for sale at convenient places will extend far beyond the mere quantity brought forward. Even the fact that we are known to have these small stores spread over the country, for sale if need be, produces some effect in bringing the stores of petty cultivators into the market, as they see that they incur no risk of starvation if they run short. At any rate, the experiment cannot cost the committee above Rs. 200 to 300 as the difference between cost price and ultimate sale, which I submit is purchasing confidence at a cheap price.

B.

- 5. In accordance with your orders, all public employers of labor have been called upon to return the number of laborers on their works; they had not had time however to respond to the call, and on the other hand the occurrence of three holidays in the days preceding this report, has led to the non-receipt of many of the usual returns for relief works. I therefore ask your permission to defer to next report a full account of the laborers on each work. Suffice it to say that this branch of relief is in a more satisfactory state than any other. The Joki embankment has been commenced in Hidgelee; the high level canal is employing large bodies of laborers, and the embankment repairs are doing the same. Our road relief worke, therefore, only fulfil the functions of gleaners, and pick up the residue, who either being weak, or not able to satisfy the contractors, or being tied to their homes, are unable to proceed to a distance to labor.
- 6. It is mainly with this view that I have had recourse to the system of paying a subsistence daily rate on the special relief roads. It does not attract the coolies from other work when obtainable; on the other hand, it is well adapted to enable the feeble and sickly to tide over the crisis, and supports the largest number at the least cost. That it is an expensive form of work admits of no doubt.
- 7. It at present proves very well adapted to these ends. The numbers fluctuate greatly, as every fall of rain, every local opening for labor, immediately takes off three-fourths of the coolies; as soon as it is over they come back again. Also they of course demur to the rates, which are, however, amply sufficient to support health, and therefore do not come forward till in real need.
- 8. The general indications of the fortnight are that the demand for labor is not increasing in the jungle mehals. Most of the ordinary working population have long since come on the canal and embankment works; and it is only the portion that does not general migrate for labor that we have to assist. The useful rainfall in February has afforded large openings for employment to this class.
- 9. On the other hand, the demand for labor is visibly increasing in the north-west of the district, specially round Keshpore and Narajole. A new relief road, Keshpore to Narajole, has been marked out and begun, and a declaration sent to you for publication. It has already 500 laborers upon it and will soon be completed; we have two more roads in the same neighbourhood Narajole to Dasspore, and Nowada to Nimtollah to construct, and I hope that this will suffice. The most densely populated thanna of all, Dasspore, appears to be perfectly secure, with its silk bund and general prosperity, as no demand for labor at subsistence rates is made from there.

C.

10. There is no block now at the Sadder ghât, as the stream of exportation towards Bankoora is somewhat diminishing. The 50 garries I refer to in the early part of the report, had, all but five, been ferried over, but they find it convenient to halt on the sands during the day, and reserve their going to Bankoora till nightfall.

E.

- 12. Advances to private parties for land improvement will not be of any consequence in this district. The favorable rules were only extended to the jungle mehals, the greater portion of which is under Messrs. Watson and Co., either as putneedars or izardars. They of course require no advances, neither do the zemindats of Nyabossan (Moharaja of Mourbhunye) or Nyagram, or Baboo Ramnidhi Coondoo, the mohajun, who is virtually the zemindar of Jhargram and Cheearah. These zemindars and Messrs. Watson and Co. occupy nine-tenths of the Jungle Mehals, hence all the applications have come from tenure-holders intermediate between the zemindar and the ryots. In many cases the security was not satisfactory, and the zemindar was generally opposed to the advance, hence I have rejected two-thirds of those that are ripe for decision, and have only sent up eight to you for sanction; even in these the propriety of making the advance is very problematical, and generally against the wish of the landlord. I infer from the decision which you have arrived at in two already rejected by you, that you are averse to making the advance where the zemindar opposes it, and if so probably nearly every application will be ultimately rejected.
- 13. I must confess that I do not think this result will be much to be regretted. As I have said our means have been husbanded, and we have thus far no difficulty in meeting the demand for labor; and on the other hand, I have little doubt that, with very few exceptions, the main object of the application has been to strengthen the claim of the intermediate tenure-holder by making Government his creditor as regards that tenure.

. F.

- 14. Operations to relieve distress among the weavers, and perhaps also among other traders, such as braziers, have been pressed on during the fortnight. As estimated in a separate letter, I fear that our expenditure in this work may aggregate Rs. 40,000 before the next harvest, though this I look on as a maximum figure.
- (1).—We have now four sub-divisional committees. That at Contai however will, I hope, have nothing to do beyond collecting subscriptions.

The subscriptions promised up to date are-

						Rs.	Α.	Ρ.
Sudder sub-	divisional	committee		• • •	•••	7,517	0	()
Gurbetta	,,	"		•••		1,579	0	0
Tumlook	3)	"				1,144	0	0
Contai	"	,,	•••		•••	303	8	0
•			Тотаг			10,543	8	0

The treasury being closed I cannot state the precise amount collected, but it amounts to a reasonable portion of the sum subscribed.

We have three special sub-committees already appointed, one for Chundrokonah, one for Ramjeebunpore, and one for Kuanpore cum Mowbunee; several others are in course of formation. Distress is greatest at Chundrokonah and Kuanpore, which is adjacent to it though not in the township.

- (2) (3) & (4).—There is only one special relief circle, viz., the thanas of Chundrokonah, Ghatal, Keshpore, and Outpost Narajole, which temporary. Deputy Collector Baboc Gossain Doss Dutt is specially entrusted with.
- (5).—A large food depôt has been opened at Chundrokonah, which relieves both that place and Kuanpore. Over 100 persons are already fed at it daily. This is independent of the epidemic depôt relief, which, however, is reported as diminishing. No food relief was found necessary at Ramjeebunpore, where the people are much better off than at Chundrokonah, though some distress is apprehended a month hence.
- 15. As there were many applicants for food-relief at Kheerpoy, some of whom were obviously in great need of it, a depôt was opened, but out of 72 candidates the deputy collector, whose judgment in these matters can be trusted, only passed eight; it is, therefore, at present on a very small scale.
- 16. The other forms of relief already initiated, besides out-door work from municipal funds, are two: (1)—Husking rice. The rice needed for the food depôts is purchased unhusked and made over to distressed women to husk and give back cleaned rice, reserving the usual proportion as their remuneration. Forty-five women are thus supported at Chunderkonah and four at Kheerpoy; but it is reported that 50 women can advantageously be relieved in this way at the last-named place. (2)—Weaving gundy cloth. I reported last fortnight that I had sent out two convicts to give the necessary instructions. I see that this measure has been disapproved of, and they will be recalled; but I saw no ready means of instruction except this, and the number sent was very small, involving the very minimum breach of jail discipline.

17. The movement is at present succeeding well. Two hundred weavers in Chunderkonah wished to learn, but only 20 from Chunderkonah, eight from Kheerpoy, three from Ramjeebun-pore, and three from Kuanpore, could be taught from the jail loom, and paid daily wages while learning: the rest must learn from them; and the Deputy Collector has received authority to advance jute and take back gunny cloth, and advance thread and take back cloth from all distressed weavers, fixing the quantity on the principle of allowing a profit of 9 to 10 pice a day for a full day's gunny work, and 7 to 8 pice a full day's cloth work. The extra profit for gunny is both to compensate the gunny-workers for the novelty of their work, and to offer some inducement to them for learning it; and also because the committee infer from the orders of Government on the subject that they will be able to dispose of the gunny cloth with greater facility.

G.

- 18. The only Government expenditure during the fortnight has been the contribution to the committee paid to meet collected subscriptions on the 31st March 1874, Rs. 2,754-10: grand total to end of week, Rs. 2,954-10.
- 19. I enclose the reports from Contai, Tumlook, and Gurbetta. The Gurbetta Deputy Collector has been told before that Thana Gurbetta is especially under his eye, and that he ought to report particulars of any distress he apprehends. He has already ample funds to relieve it. The sub-divisional officer of Tumlook has taken steps to relieve the distress in Kassigorah, which is chiefly due to the inundations of the Cossye in July. The report of the Sub-Deputy Collector will be forwarded when received.

#### No. 9-S. R., dated Burdwan, the 9th April 1874.

From-C. T. BUCKLAND, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division,

• To-The Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department:

I have the honor to submit herewith the fortnightly narrative for the fortnight ending 6th April 1874, which have been received up to date.

- 2. Hooghty.—The Collector's report is carefully drawn up, and needs few remarksl There has been no change of prices and no marked progress towards distress. The total number of persons employed on public relief works under the district road committee is given as 1,650, whilst 7,812 persons are employed on private works; but of these only 2,147 are returned as local laborers, 109 tanks are being excavated or improved by them. In additions to these, 718 laborers are employed on 85 tanks in the Hooghly and Chinsurah municipality, and 90 men on 8 tanks in the Serampore municipality. Altogether, including some other works, the Collector, in paragraph 22, shows that 12,808 persons are obtaining public or private employment, but there is some apparent inaccuracy in the figures as totalled.
- 3. As the bulk of the rice exported from Chandernagore by railway is chiefly for distances over 150 miles, it is clear that it passes towards Behar and beyond this division.
- 4. Charitable relief is being administered through 136 sub-committees, and the numbers receiving relief are given as 231 men, 472 women, and 195 children, or less than 1,000 persons daily. In addition to the sub-committees, there are four serais for supplying food to needy travellers, and these are managed by the police, and this appears to be the best arrangement as explained by the Collector.
- 5. Howrah.—The Magistrate of Howrah has submitted a very brief report, but he will be requested to state in future the number of persons employed on public roads as relief works; for instance, on the Juggutbullubpore road, and also to notice the proceedings of his charitable relief sub-committees at Khanakool and Juggutbullubpore.
- 6. Bankoora.—The report of the Collector is not so full as I could wish. He does not state the price at which rice is being sold in pergunnah Maheshara, which is the most distressed part of the district, although in other parts of the district prices have a tendency to fall.
- 7. In the fifth paragraph the Collector refers to certain information which I sent him of some Bankoora laborers who appeared at Burdwan, saying that they could get no relief in their own country. Their statements turned out to be rather exaggerated, and when they were provided with work at Burdwan, they soon recovered from their exhaustion of their journey to Burdwan. The statement shows that 2,740 persons are being employed on public relief works, and of these, 679 are on the Gungajulghatty and Saltora road, and 688 on the Morooleo and Mejia road, which roads are intended to provide for the wants of the Moheshara pergunnah.
- 8. The statement in paragraph 6 regarding persons seeking work from Maunbhoom is probably an exaggeration, similar to that of the Bankoorah people at Burdwan. But provision is being made for a considerable expenditure on a road from Bankoora to Purulia, to meet any possible wants towards the Maunbhoom frontier, and I have applied for a special extra grant of Rs. 16,000 for this purpose.

- 9. Charitable relief is being given to about 1,200 persons daily, and about one-third of these are in the Bankoora station, and about one-fourth of the number are at Mejia. The proceedings of the charitable relief committee are reported separately, and sent for publication in the Calcutta Gazette.
- 10. I have sent my special assistant, Mr. Larymore, to make a further inspection of the arrangements going on in pergunnah Moheshara for public works and charitable relief, and shall submit a special report if there is any thing requiring the interference of Government.
- 11. Beerbhoom.—The report of the Collector notices a tendency to a rise in prices, but it is very slight, and the average rise in price is only five chittacks in the rupce. The Collector, however, anticipates further pressure; and I have been urging him demi-officially to make full provision to meet it by road relief works and charitable relief organisation. I also sent my special assistant up from Burdwan to meet Mr. Hime and the Executive Engineer at Bhulpore, which is about the centre of the distressed part of Beerbhoom, and he brought back a satisfactory report of what he saw, no distress being as yet visible or unrelieved. I have nothing to add to the Collector's report except to notice that the export of rice by the railway still continues.
- 12. The reports from Burdwan and Midnapore will be forwarded when received. The latter is necessarily a day behind the others, as the dawk takes two days from Midnapore to Hooghly.

#### No. 2, dated Hooghly, the 4th April 1871.

From-F. H. Pellew, Esq., Offg. Collector, Hooghly,

To-The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit the district narrative for the fortnight ending the 4th April.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. Abundance or scarcity of supply in the bazars.—Reports from all thanas state that there is no security of grain in the bazars, only in thana Pandooah, the Sub-Inspector thinks that the supply of local rice is diminishing, and that imported rice will take its place sooner or later before the acus crop is ripe.

## Price-current of Food-grains.

<u> </u>														_			•	: <u></u> -	
1	2		3	4	1		5				в		•	;			7		_
	· p	Wn	EAT.			Rice,	ER RUI	?Е}			[Е S		OF	80	TOL.		5. 	-	<b>-</b>
No.	Names of Principal Marts.	Present week.	Preceding week.	Present week.	Preceding week.	Present week.	Preceding week.		Present week.	. ====		Preceding week.	•		Present week.	-		Preceding week.	-
. •1	Baboogunge in Hooghly	12	12			10, 10,	10, 10}	12,	19},	13	12,	121,	13	İ	12,	13	,	12,	18
2	Chinsura, Khoroabazar	1	12		l	10, 101		1			l	_		<b>!</b> 	12,		l	12,	
3	Balore	12	12			10, 10,					ł				12,	13	j	12,	13
4	Jeckrapotagunge	13	13	 		10, 101	10, 10}	12 <u>1</u>	, 13,	131	12 <u>1</u> ,	13,	13}	13,	13 <u>ł</u> ,	14	13مو13	L3½,	14
6	Scrampore	12	12	20	20	8, 9	8, 9	12,	13		12,	13		}	13,	14	,	13,	14
6	Chunditolla			,		1]1	11)		13			13			12		1	12	
7	Bydobatty	12	12	22	22	8	8		14			14			131		:	13}	
			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>!</u>			<u>'-</u> -						<u></u>	<del></del>		<u>!</u>		<b></b>

3. Amount and kind of grain in stock in the hands of zemindars, traders, ryots, &c.—
There has been no change in prices in the fortnight. At Dwarbasinee in Pandooah 600 maunds have been added to the stock of 400 maunds already reported as stored by Baboo Joykissen Mookerjee. In Dhuneakhally a total amount of 61,200 maunds is reported to be now in store in the hands of zemindars. In Hooghly 23,343 maunds are reported. As you have expressed an opinion that it is doubtful whether the enquires into stocks of rice are advisable, I shall order the police to discontinue them. At Govindgunge in the north-east of thana Balagurh on the banks of the river is a large gunge called Govindgunge, here are stored some 7,100 maunds of imported rice, and about 3,000 maunds are stored at Mugragunge, in Bansberia.

- 4. Rainfall.—Rainfall nil at the sudder station, but there is a slight fall of rain reported from Serampore, Bydabatty, and Chunditolla. A storm with hail and rain occurred on the 24th March in the neighbourhood of Ooterpara, and did some injury to plantain trees.
- 5. State of the crops.—The til reported to have been planted in paragraph 9 of the last narrative is reported to have failed in thana Bansberia, but is growing in the other thanas. Rain is required everywhere for the til, the vegetable crops, puttle, turmooz, kakoor, &c., and for the aous sowing. The cutting and crushing the sugarcane is still going on. A good deal of new sugarcane was planted out after the rains of the 16th and 18th March, and there is promise of a good crop next year. The crop now in the mill was a good one. The mango crop is good in some thanas, fair in others, and promises badly in Dhuneakhally, Kristonugger, and Bydabatty. The land is prepared everywhere for aous sowings on a very extensive scale. Four or five good showers will be necessary to get the whole crop in, and such may reasonably be expected at this season.
- 6. Condition of the people.—In Pandooa the police report that the smaller agriculturists require employment to enable them to purchase rice and save their stores, but there is no lack of employment at present. The District Superintendent of Police who visited than Balagurh reports that some Boona coolies on Gooptipara Chur, that were settled there in former years by indigo-planters, though reported to be in distress are not actually so. He says—"They will not leave their churs to look for work. Relief works in that part are not yet a necessity, though a few persons having no cultivation going on are glad to resort to them." The Joint-Magistrate went out last week and started some road repairs close to the chur to which they can come if they want work.
- 7. Of Dhuneakhally the Sub-Inspector writes that about three-fourths of the population are husbandmen. Though the amun rice yield was small, the people were aware that it would be wise to lay in stocks, and did so as much as they could. When rice rose to 9 scers for two or three days in February last, the people were alarmed, and much rice was imported. In the west of the thana, near the Damoodur, there were rich harvests of sugarcane and vegetables, but distress may arise in the east of the thana unless rain falls and the aous be got in. In that case money and grain will be freely supplied by mahajuns and zemindars.
- 8. Except isolated cases of indigence arising from accidental causes, the number of which is shown under head "Charitable Relief," there is no distress at present in the district. Work is abundant, and yet the local laborers, who avail themselves of it, are not very numerous. Near the Damoodur there is great difficulty in procuring labor, and it is evident that the good crops of sugarcane, &c., have compensated in the tract along its banks for any failure in the rice crop. The Scrampore Sub-divisional officer says there is no want, unconnected with disease, except in the case of a few high caste women who are lakhirajdars and cannot get in their rents.
- 9. No cases of starvation have occurred during the fortnight. To prevent all possibility of such cases amongst the numerous travelling population, two more serais have been established on the Bydabatty feeder road, as will be stated under head "Charitable Relief."
- 10. The figures given in paragraph 10 of the last narrative were reported by the police. Since the establishment of the committees of relief, the police have ceased these particular enquiries, and have been instructed to make over their lists to the sub-committees.
- 11. Grain thefts and rolberies.—A grain theft of two maunds of rice from a house is reported from Bansberia thana, and another from Kristonugger thana. This last was committed by an old offender. In the former case no clue has been obtained.
- 12. Condition of special tracts.—In the east of Pandooah, in Ballagurh, in the neighbourhood of Bhastara in thana Dhuneakhally, and in parts of Bydabatty, Chunditolla, and Hurripal, cultivators of small heldings are glad to get work. The District Superintendent of Police visited Hurripal on the 24th ultimo. He says that the rains have facilitated the planting of sugarcane and vegetables, the potato crop has turned out much better than was expected, and the sugarcane, of which a good deal is grown, was a fair crop. The profit per beegah of potatoes has been Rs. 40, and of sugarcane Rs. 35. On the immediate banks of the Damoodur there were good crops of all kinds, and his conclusion is that, notwithstanding the failure of the main rice crop, there will be no more distress than at present unless prices rise again.

# SUDDER SUB-DIVISION.

13. B.—Relief Works.

			-			
NAME OF ROAD.	Number of coolies.	Supply of food.	Condition of laborers.	Mode of payment and rate . of wages.	Arrangement for tools.	REMARKS.
Dhunneakhally road	340	By purchase in bazar.	Good	Three to 4 annas per 100 cubic feet; 2 an-nas khorakee given	Partly supplied by department, partly by contractors.	Half local, the rest from Pandooah and Bullagurh thanas.
		•	•	nas 6 pie and children	•	
Shahgunge to Tribanee	10	Ditto .	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	'All local. Half local. half foreign.
Pandooah to Kulna	0 0 0	•	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	All local.
Tribanee to Goontinara	20			Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
			Ditto	Difto	Diffo	Ditto.  Petty local cultivators.
Kulapara to Nischindipore village road Moolye to Jameram village road	143 50		Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto.
pad	108	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	5 A ~
Ditto to Dhumeakhally ditto	343		Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Sing of Bhastara. Ditto, work taken by Babu
Somenee vinage roads	2 6					Beharee Loll Mookerjee. Ditto, taken up by Revd.
TATOMANIA O COPERANTINOIS VIIIAS LONG	2					Jogodish Nath Bhuttacharjee.
TOTAL	1,278	•				
_	-		-	-		

N. B.—Dwarbasinee road and the Muggrah to Tribanee road shown in last fortnight's return are completed. The Moolye to Jamgram road and the Mahanad to Gopeekantpore road have been taken up in the fortnight.

SERAMPORE SUB-DIVISION.

* REMARKS.	Brick-moulding going on by partly local, partly foreign, labor.	Nearly all foreign. All local. Ditto. CAll local. Forty-two cultiva-			•
Arrangement for tools.	Partly supplied by department, partly by contractors.	Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto		
Mode of payment and rate of wages.		nas 6 pie and children 2 annas daily wages Ditto Ditto Ditto	Ditto		
Condition of laborers.	Good	Ditto Ditto	Ditto		•
Supply of food.	By purchase in bazar.	Ditto Ditto	Ditto		
Number of coolies.	09	126 38 16		372	1,650
	:	:::	: :	:	:
NAME OF ROAD.	Sheakhalla road	Old Benares road Bydobatty feeder Tarkessur road	Jonye to Bora village road Connugger to Jonye road	TOTAL	GRAND TOTAL

N. B.—The Chunditolla road shewn in last return is finished. Arrangements are being made through the sub-divisional officer for taking up two new village roads.

The Collector of Howrah will give the Howrah works separately.

Of the village roads taken up, the most important are the Jamgram to Moolye an the Kulapara to Nischindipore roads which open up Culna market to the people of Ballagur

and Pandooah respectively.

16. The following statement of works undertaken by private persons independently Government assistance is prepared by the police, to whom persons undertaking such worl were requested to furnish information. It is of course defective, but it shows a very large amount of privately undertaken land improvement. I have excluded the Kotrung brick makers as well as all mill hands :-

	Stat	ion.		Number of Coolies.	REMARKS.
Sudder Sub-division.	Bansberia Ballagurh Pandooah Dhuneakhalee Hooghly		••••	795 416 1,064 827 523	Of these 278 are loca 248 182 254 334
Serampoor Sub-	Serampore Bydobatty Hurripaul Chunditolla Kristonagore	  	•••	1,505 1,088 • 501 780 313	241 109 166 184 151
•	•	Тот	AL	7,812	2,147

The work on which these laborers are employed is almost exclusively tank-diggir 17. or re-digging. 109 tanks are being thus excavated or improved.

18. Besides this, Baboos Joykissen Mookerjea of Ooterparah, and Rajkissen Banerje of Telinipara, are employing a daily average number of 142 coolies, of whom 53 are local, c

the excavation of the Ghea Nuddee at their own expense.

19. In the Hooghly and Chinsurah Municipality 718 laborers are employed on tanks at the cost of the proprietors, after notice under Act III (B. C.) of 1864. Of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the proprietors of the p laborers, 492 are men and 226 women. In the Scrampore Municipality the number laborers thus employed is 90 on 8 tanks.

20. Under the Executive Engineer, northern drainage and embankment division, the standard of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co

following works are in progress:-

Thana.	Nume of work.	Daily average of laborers.	Condition.	Remarks.
Bydobatty	Canal to connect Kana- nuddee and Saruswati.	314	Good	All foreign laborers.
Ditto	Dankoonče works	Not re- turned.	Ditto	Hall' local, half foreign
Dhuneakhalce Kristonagore Huripaul	Ordinary repairs	203	Ditto	Chiefly local coolies.*
	. Total	517		,

On 28 tanks being dug or improved from tuccavee advances, a daily average number of 1,879 laborers, of whom 369 are local, are being employed, as reported by t recipients of the advances.

The work going on may be summarised as follows:— (1) Government works in Hooghly, excluding Howrah-

` '		N	o. of laborers.
	Road committees' work under Executive Engineer	•••	1,408
•	Ditto ditto supervised by private parties	•••	242
	Embankment and irrigation works	• • •	517
(2)	Works under advances from Government	•••	1,879
(2) (3)	Works undertaken by private parties under orders of municipal	pality	808
. ,	Spontaneously, including Ghea Nuddee	• •••	7,954
	Total		12,808

^{*} In last return I stated that the ordinary repairs were done by foreign coolies. The Executive Engineer a states however—" Ordinary repairs to embankments are chiefly done by local coolies, who combine the work we rice cultivation.

#### C .- Transport of food.

23. Private importations still continue. The roads are in good order. The transport of food-grains by railways are as follows:—

Fortnight ending 28th March 1874-

Up .- Outward traffic, i.e., despatched from Station-

•		•	,		Under 150 miles.	Over 150 miles.	Over 300 miles.	Total.
		Rice.			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Serampore Chandernagore Hooghly Muggrah Pandooah	***	•••	TOTAL		159   	734 2,651  17,022 310 20,717	10,312 592  10,910	740 13,122 592 17,022 310
	Othe	r Food-gro	ins.					
Serampore Chandernagore Hooghly Muggrah Pandooah	***	•••	   Total	**************************************	644   644	375    	315     315	690 644   1,334

Down .- Inward traffic, i. e., put down at Stations.

				Under 150 miles.	Over 150 miles.	Over 300 miles,	Total.
	Rici	S.		Mds.			Mds.
Scrampore	•••	•••	!	6	•••	•••	6
Chandernagore		•••		262	•••		262
Hooghly	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		•••
Muggrah	•••	•••		•••	•••		•••
Pandooah	•••	•••		4	•••	•••	4
		TOTAL		272		•••	272
	THER C	rains.					
Serampore	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
Chandernagore	• • •	•••	•••	2	•	•••	2
Hooghly	•••	•••	İ	•••	•••		•••
Muggrah	•••	•••	•••		•••		
Pandooah	•••	•••		36	.•		. 36
		Total		38	1		• 38

^{24.} There was no up-inward traffic or down-outward traffic, that is to say, no rice or grain brought from Howrah or Calcutta by train was taken out of any of the stations in the Hooghly district, nor was any rice despatched at Hooghly stations towards Calcutta or Howrah. The £1,786 maunds of rice sent up-country from the various stations is, I suppose, Eastern Bengal rice brought by boat to Scrampore, Chandernagore, Hooghly, and Muggrah, and in hackeries from Culna and Govindgunge to Pandooah. The Muggrah khall has always two or three boats laden with rice from the eastern districts, and several large merchants are engaged in the trade there.

^{25.} The other food-grains sent up-country are chiefly from Chandernagore station. The grain probably comes from Bhudessurgunge.

^{26.} I have not hitherto given these figures, as the transport of grain by railway through this district did not appear to me to come within the scope of heading C, as detailed in circular No. 80. I have merely, therefore, remarked in former narratives that large quantities of grain are transported up-country from Muggrah and Chandernagore.

# D.—Storage of Grain at Government Relief Works.

27. Nil.

#### E .- Advances to Private Parties.

28. Under heading E advances are to be included under three heads according to the directions given in circular No. 80, viz., advances for grain, advances to Municipalities, and tuccavee advances. I give separate figures for each—

Advances for grain already	reported	•••	,		Rs. 18,000
In fortnight	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••
			TOTAL	•••	18,000
Advance to Municipalities Advances under Tuccavee A		 ommencem	 nent of fortnigl	 nt	Nil. 25,911
	During j	fortnight.	•		
					Rs.
March 27th, Golak Nath F		•••		•••	200
Ditto 30th, Sreeram Sircar		•••	•••		400
April 2nd, Bulloram Ghose	•	•••	•••	•••	150
			TOTAL		26,661

29. The paucity of advances is due to the unsatisfactory nature of the securities tendered by the petty lakhirajdars and mokurareedars, who chiefly have presented applications, and to the difficulty in getting the consent of superior holders when the security is not manifestly an independent saleable interest. Those applicants who offered sufficient security and showed good titles got their advances in a very short time.

#### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

30. Under the orders contained in circular No. 1251—S. R. of 5th March, I have the honor to submit a statement—

Number of Committee and Sub-Committee as yet appointed.	rantiner or shectur	and manual hy	Number of work houses or centre for distribution of food, &c.	of gratuitons religing the
1 District Committee 1 Sub-Divisional Committee. 136 Sub-Committees	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Men 234  Women 472  Children 195

- 31. The district committee as established on the 28th February. The subscriptions paid in up to date have amounted to Rs. 5,387, and the disbursements to Rs. 1,775-11-9.
- 32. The sub-divisional committee was subsequently formed, all sub-committees in the Serampore Sub-division have been made over to it. It receives subscriptions which are paid into the sub-divisional treasury and reported to the district officer, in order that a Government grant of equal amount may be credited, and it expends money from advances made to it by the district committee.
  - 33. The sub-committees at present working are as follows:-

Thana	Dhuneakhally	•••	•••	•••	13	
"	Hooghly	•••	•••	• • •	8	
,,	Bansberia	•••	•••		6	Directly under dis-
,,	Pandooah	•••	•••	•••	17	trict committee.
,,	Bullagurh	•••	•••	•••	10	
Hoogl	hly and Chinsura	h Municipality			26_	
Thana	Bydobatty	•••	•••		37	
"	Huripaul	•••	•••	• • •	21	Directly under sub-
"	Chunditolla	•••	•••	•••	11	divisional com-
"	Kristonugger	•••	•••	•••	11	mittee.
"	Serampore	•••	•••	•••	10)	
				_		
			TOTAT.		184	

34. Besides this serais have been established on a small scale for the relief of travellers on the main roads in the district as follows:—

On Grand Trunk Road	•	•••	Muggra and Serampore.
			(Serampore.
	•		( Bassooree
On Old Benares Road	•••	• • •	Bassooree and Sheakhalla.
			(Sheakhalla.
O. D. L. b. attail Etc. Low Do. 1			{Nalikul and (Tarkessur.
On Bydobatty Feeder Road	•••	•••	$\dots $ and
On the Lands (C.1) 77 11"		•	(Tarkessur.
On the banks of the Hooghly			Telinipara.

At these a meal is given to travellers who appear to be in want and wish for relief.

35. These serais are established at police outposts or than as and are under the police. An establishment of a cook and a sweeper is maintained at each. In paragraph 11 of your letter to Government forwarding my last narrative, you state that they should be made over to relief committees. I would respectfully beg that they may be allowed to remain as they are for several reasons. First, the relief sought at the serais is generally urgent, and it cannot be expected that the members of the sub-committee should be at a relief house day and night whilst the police must be there; secondly, I have tried to get two committees to take charge of such serais, and the result was a failure.

#### G .- FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Expenditure during the fortnight under report-

36. No disbursements were made to the Executive Engineer or others on account of relief works during the fortnight. Rs. 4,725-13-6, being the equivalent of the subscriptions of the district committee, were credited to the district committee during the fortnight. Rs. 750 were paid away for tuccavee advances.

37. These are the only payments made from Government funds. I request to be informed whether it is intended that the accounts of the district relief committee are to be incorporated in this narrative, and if so, in what form? I ask this question in reference to the last portion of paragraph 11 of your No. 328T. to the address of Government, of which I have to-day received a copy.

Dated Howrah, the 4th April 1874.

From-T. GRANT, Esq., Officiating Magistrate of Howrah,

To-The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

In continuation of previous fortnightly reports, I have now only to say again that I have nothing whatever to bring to your notice that has not already been reported. Things remain in all respects unchanged. I have no material whatever from which to make a new report. I could only repeat my two last preceding narratives without addition or variation, and there is nothing for me to say except that those communications are as applicable to the present date as to the dates they bear.

No. 16, dated Bankoora Collectorate, the 6th April 1874.

From-W. R. LARMINIE, Esq., Officiating Collector of Bankoora,

To-- The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending the 6th April 1874.

STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

2. Rice, wheat, barley, &c., are to be had in sufficient abundance throughout the district, except in Moheshra, which, as I have already observed, is dependent upon imports for its supply. Baboo Ragunath Ghosh has, during the last fortnight, sold a large quantity of rice in the pergunnah at lower rates than those at which the people there had been before able to purchase it. I am still of opinion that money should have been advanced for the purchase of rice in that pergunnah, and I think that the absence of this commodity pinched more than the want of work, for road-making in Moheshra commenced as early as the 15th February, and disinclination to go more than a few miles from their houses was the only obstacle to procuring employment.

3. Prices have been stationary, but the tendency is to a fall. Best rice is selling in Bankoora at 12 seers per rupee, common at 13½, and coarse at 14 seers 6 chittacks. Prices at Bishenpur are slightly lower; new wheat and barley are selling respectively at 15 seers and

24 seers 8 chittacks per rupec.

4. The rubbee crops have been reaped; cotton, til, and indigo are doing well.

5. There has not been much alteration in the condition of the people. The poorer classes are, as might be expected, more or less pinched, and, where work has been provided, I think the laboring classes are better off than the smaller agriculturists. In consequence of information furnished by you that some persons, residents of Meliara, in this district had been found destitute in Burdwan, I instituted enquiries, and found that work in tank-digging, &c., was available in Meliara, and that charitable relief was being given within 4 or 5 miles of that place. I have now commenced a road running from Barjora

to Gangajalghati, through Meliara. In my last report I mentioned works being ready for the Moheshra people, if the two roads now in progress were insufficient. I referred to the roads from Mejia to Barjora and from Gangajalghati to Barjora, which had been previously reported to your office; these would be, in fact, continuations of the two roads which are being made. There have been no cases of death from starvation, and no grain thefts or robberies have been reported.

6. It may not be out of place to mention here that some 30 or 40 people came from Manbhoom, crying out for work, and stating that none was to be had in their part of the

district.

#### Relief Works.

7. A table is annexed, shewing the various works in progress and the number of people employed. I have been endeavouring to get similar returns from private persons, but they come in irregularly, and are often inaccurate. However, I estimate the total number thus employed at about 2,000 daily.

8. A road will shortly be opened to meet the Purulia road at Moheshra, in the Chatna

thana. The Manbhoom authorities have commenced work on their side.

9. It will, I think, be necessary to give more work in Onda than when the road from that place to Taldangra is completed, or even sooner, and the road cess committee are of opinion that the best line would be from Bankoora to Taldangra, viâ Kurpa, as the circuit would thus be completed.

10. From what I have seen myself, and from the reports of others, I believe that the laborers are in good condition. They receive the ordinary wages in actual cash.

11. Besides the regular relief works, we have arranged, from the funds at the disposal of the district relief committee, to re-excavate three tanks, one at Saltora, and one near each of the lines of road under construction, at a point about midway between extreme ends. On these works, those only are to be employed who from physical weakness are unable to earn a sufficiency of food by piece-work on the roads.

#### TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

12. Rice is still being imported from Midnapore. The conveyance of rice to Moheshra is the only transport agency requiring notice.

#### ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES.

13. The number of applications for tuccavee advances has now reached 373, and sums aggregating Rs. 28,803 have been granted, of which Rs. 21,211 have actually been drawn. The making of new tanks or the re-excavating of old ones are almost the only purposes for which the money is being spent.

CHARITABLE RELIEF.

- 14. The total number of persons receiving charitable relief is now about 1,200 daily, as per list annexed. According to promise made in my last report, I visited Mejia and its neighbourhood. The number of persons receiving relief had increased so much that I thought it best to open three new relief centres in the pergunnah, and I have since arranged for the opening of a fourth. All the Moheshra relief centres are now managed by paid overseers, supervised by an officer specially deputed for the purpose, all acting, of course, under the direc-
- tion of the various sub-committees.

  15. The arrangements for relieving weavers have now been completed in Bankoora itself, and the Bishenpoor sub-committee is arranging for the requirements of that town.

#### Statement of Charitable Relief.

(1) One central committee.

None.

Eleven sub-committees.

Fourteen. (5)

(2) Eleve (3) Four.

Statement showing average daily number relieved during the past week.

		Men.	Women.	Children.	Total.
Bankoora	•••	 45	237	126	408
Mejia	•••	 48	160	83	291
Onda	•••	 24	70	83	177
Taldangra		 ll .	5 <b>7</b>	40	108
Gangajalghati	•••	 6	29	14	. 49
Bishenpoor		 7	25	10	42
Satora	•••	 8	17 .	19	44
Chatna	•••	 8	15	9	32
Joypur	•••	 2	3	2	7
Burjora	•••	 9	•••	2	° 11
Other returns r	ot received				
			-		
	Total	 168	613	388	1,169
					-

Besides these, about 270 persons received easual relief from the Deputy and Sub-Deputy Collectors.

01.1		7 7	1	70 1	711
ໝາຍປະເທດ	· UI	Lauur	emblousu.	Bunkoora	District.

•	* V *					
Name of work.			Men.	Women.		Total.
Bankoora and Sonamookhy Road			30	10	5.	45
Ditto to Raghunathpore	•••		205	42	35	282
Ditto to Birsingpore	•••	•••	40	20	5	65
Ditto Station Roads	•••	•••	20	3		23
Bishenpore to Namchurra (Joypore	2)		160	70	20	250
Kalianpore to Joyrampore	•••		20	10	2	. 32
Onda and Taldangra Road	•••	•••	76	43	•••	119
Gangajalghati to Saltorah	•••		406	213	60	679
Morooloo and Mejia Road	•••		400	200	88	688
Municipal work in Bankoola	***	•••	181	326		507
Ditto in Bishenpore	•••		40	10		50
	Total	1	1,578	917	215	2,740

W. R. LARMINIE,

Officiating Collector.

No. 18, dated Soory, the 6th April 1874.

From-R. D. Hime, Esq., Officiating Collector of Beerbhoom,

To-The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

I have the honor to submit my district narrative for the fortnight ending 4th instant.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Prices continue almost stationary since last report, but exhibit now a rising tendency; the temporary fall was probably due to the payment of the March Government "kist" forcing rise into the market. There will now, I expect, be a gradual steady rise of prices, and a constantly increasing demand for employment till the commencement of the rains withdraws the labouring population from public works to agricultural operations. Every effort is being made to meet this demand by starting new relief roads and keeping others in readiness for any emergency. There is as yet no difficulty in procuring supplies at the current bazar rates, (vide Appendix 1). No grain robberies have occurred, and no cases of starvation have been reported during the fortnight. Helpless want is being relieved by the charitable organization as it shows itself.

#### B.—Relief Works.

Three new relief works, Nos. 6, 7, 8, are set on foot since last report, riz., the road from Ilambazar to Doobrajpore (No. 6), that from Burwan to Panchthoopee (7), and that from Gonootia to Kotasoor (8). The last is undertaken by Mr. Jones, Manager of the Gonootia silk concern. Three more relief roads, viz., those from Poorunderpore to the river Adjai (the Burdwan road), from Bulpore to Benglehatra, and from Laghata to Kolgram, will shortly be commenced. I have also under consideration a proposal from the Deputy Commissioner of the Sonthal Pergunnahs to construct the portion of a proposed road from Doomka to Mullarpore railway station, which will come within my district. The surveys for this road will shortly be made. The number of laborers on district works of all kinds is shown in the Appendix, form C.

#### C.—TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Exportation continues; that of the fortnight ending 28th ultimo, was 10,655 maunds.

#### D.—STORAGE OF GRAIN.

The charitable relief committee is buying up 1,000 maunds of rice for storage at Soorool in anticipation of emergencies.

E.—Advances to Private Parties.

Shown in appendix, table 11.

#### F.—CHARITABLE RELIEF.

Continues on the system previously reported, (vide Appendix, Statement 2). The disbursements up to 28th ultimo are Rs. 2,764-7-10. No fresh subscriptions have been received during the fortnight. Independent relief operations are carried on in Doobrajpore by Baboo Ram Runjun Chuckerbutty, zemindar of Hetumpore, regarding which a separate report is submitted.

#### G.—FINANCIAL RESULTS.

Rs. 14,765 have been drawn from the treasury up to date on certificates granted under the Land Improvement Act; Rs. 17,218 have been placed to credit of the Executive Engineer for relief works; Rs. 500 have been advanced to Messrs. Farquharson and Campbell of Hambazar; Rs. 500 to Mr. Jones of Gonootia; Rs. 500 to Baboo Kishuree Mohun Roy of Nagooree, and Rs. 25 to the mundules of Kuliara, for the construction of roads chargeable to relief; Rs. 940-12-6 have been expended on the municipal light labour gang from the town fund.

The Government equivalent of the local charitable subscriptions paid in* have

* Rs. 3,565-8. been placed to credit of the charitable relief fund.

APPENDIX I.

Prices-Current of Food-grains and Sall in the District of Beerdhoom for the week ending Salurday, the 4th April 1874,

			return	Corresponding of last year.	.s. Cb.	00 00	o o		8 14	0 01	on on	6	<b>8</b> 0 <b>8</b> 0	90 90	8 12	o o
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			DISTRICTS.			Soory (Sudder Station)	Cynthia	Purandarpore	Futtehpore	Bolpore	Dabrajpore	Abmadpore	Kripnshar	Rajnagore	Barwan	Ave

R. D. HINE, Offg. Collector

C.

Abstract Statement of Men, Women, and Children e	employed on Public Works in the District of
Beerbhoom during the 11 days ending S	Saturday, the 28th March 1874.

Men	•••		RING THE ]		•••	29,885
Women		• • •	• • •	• • •		13,781
Children	•••	•••	•	•••	•••	12
	•			Тотат	•••	13,678
N DAILY NUM	BER OF PER	SONS EMPLOY	EU DURING	THE 11 DAYS	-	,
Men			•••			2,127
Women	•	• • •	•••	•••	•••	977
				TOTAL		3,104
BER OF PERS	ONS EMPLOY	ED ON THE L	AST OF THE	14 days-		
Men						2,425
Women	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,181
				•		
				TOTAL	•••	3,606
					R T	). HIM
						Offy. C

#### APPENDIX TABLE II.,

Statement showing the number of applications under the Land Improvement Act XVI of 1871 up to 4th April 1874.

						Rs.	Α.	Ρ.
Number of	applications	registered			514	2,30,780	0	0
Ditto	ditto	disposed of			341	1,57,515	0	()
Ditto	ditto	granted			123	52,460	0	0
Ditto	ditto	refused			218	1,02,973	0	0
Ditto	ditto	pending		• • •	173	73,265	0	0
Ditto of	certificates d	rawn	•••	,	67	14,765	0	0

R. D. Hime, Offg. Collector.

#### APPENDIX STATEMENT II.

Statement showing the progress of Charitable Relief in the District of Beerbhoom for the fortnight ending 4th April 1874.

1.	Numbe	er of committees and sub-committees as yet appointed	7
٤.	32	of special relief sub-divisions opened and officered	1.
3.		of regular relief circles opened and manned by spe-	
		cial officers	0
4.	,,	of relief circles opened and managed by planters, zemin-	
	′•	dars, and other residents	5
5.	11	of work-houses or centres for the distribution of food	-
	.,	and gratuitous relief	1.
6.	.,	of men, women and children (with total) in receipt of	
•	•••	gratuitous relief in any shape through the charitable	
		relief organization daily	683

Remarks.—A central district committee and six sub-committees have been framed. In Soory, Soorool, Labpore, and Mauressur, food is distributed gratuitously by members of the committees at their own houses. At Soorool advances of thread are made to distressed weavers by the committee-man who manages the distribution of food, and also by Mr. Farquharson at Hambazar. The total average daily number of recipients under heading 6 is 683. All accounts are submitted to the district committee.

R. D. Hime,

Officiating Collector.

No. 8741, dated Chota Nagpore, the 31st March 1874.

From—Colonel E. T. Dalton, C.S.I., Commissioner of Chota Nagpore, To—C. Beenard, Esq., Offg. Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

1 have the honor to submit my relief report for the fortnight ending Monday, 30th March.
2. The area in which a pressure from scarcity is hard on the people has no doubt increased rather than diminished since last report. In about a third of the Maunbhoom district,

in Hazareebaugh and Palamow, the high prices of food are more or less felt by all classes; but it is only in places where food is not only dear but difficult to procure that bad symptoms of distress have been noticed, and our recent action has chiefly been to introduce both employment and food into such localities.

3. The weather has been during the last fortnight, on the whole, bright and favorable. The mowha crop received less injury than was anticipated from the rain which fell at the commencement of the period under review. Accounts received from all quarters, except from some parts of the Hazareebaugh, give fair expectation of its probable yield of flower, which is just now falling. A good mango season is still expected, and the rubbee crop, which is now nearly reaped, will give in most places an average return; but the area of land cultivated this year being so much less than usual, the supply of food thus obtained will not materially affect prices. The prospects of the mowha and the rubbee harvest have, however, temporarily reduced the number of people employed on relief works. For two months or longer the chief food of the poor classes will be mowha.

4. Relief committees have been formed in all the districts and sub-divisions of districts

and other places where they were likely to prove of use.

- 5. Hazareebaugh.—Mr. Beadon on returning to Hazareebaugh, after consultation with me, was met there by information that ten deaths had occurred in the north-east of Kodarma, it was alleged from starvation, and a pilgrim was reported to have died from the same cause on the Grand Trunk Road. Further inquiry locally made by Mr. Beadon himself or by his assistant, Mr. Tobin, shewed that with three exceptions each of the deaths could be traced to ordinary disease. The exceptions being (1) Ramni Goalin, a lone woman who lived in an isolated position, and the cause of whose death was uncertain; (2) a woman of 60 years of age who apparently, from all that was known, had sunk under privation; and in regard to the third, it could not be ascertained that any such person had ever existed. Mr. Beadon says, all who died were "old, infirm, friendless, and isolated." There are no doubt many people so situated and circumstanced in the sparsely inhabited portions of the district, unknown and unthought of till death ensues. It is not an easy matter to find out how such people sink or to know in time that they are in want of food.
- 6. It was not considered till this occurred that Kodarma was at all in a precarious position. As a Government estate it had met early attention. Mr. Beadon visited it himself in January, and Baboo Rajgopal Roy, Deputy Collector, was subsequently sent there to make advances and to give employment, and a tehsildar was appointed in whom Mr. Beadon had great confidence. Irrigation works projected by Rajgopal were opened in several places; but notwithstanding the indigence now disclosed, very few sought employment. The people on whom the scarcity most told were of the non-working class, and arrangements have now been made to supply to such persons gratuitously with cooked food. There is no want of work; the road from Burhee to Gowa, which will go right through Kodarma, has been commenced, worked both ways from its centre in Kodarma. Orders for opening it had been issued a fortnight before, but the services of the Assistant Engineer, Mr. Percira, were required to align it, and he could not be spared sooner from other important works. The latest accounts show only 50 persons employed. From this it would be inferred that there cannot be widespread distress; but Mr. Tobin remains in Kodarma, and I have desired that a special report on the condition of the people there may be forthwith submitted. The Kodarma ryots have just received payment from the opium department of a large amount, and this is, no doubt, the reason that few of them care to work.
- 7. But the inspection tour made by Mr. Beadon in North Khurruckdea forced on him the conclusion that the ordinary means of supply was inadequate to meet the deficiency of food in some portions of that tract and on the Grand Trunk Road, and this induced him to telegraph to Government for 28,000 maunds of rice. The Government have promptly responded, and have ordered by rail to Pachumba 25,000 maunds, which is rapidly arriving. This will,

Distribution of Government rice.

3,000 maunds at each of the chuttees on the Grand Trunk Road, viz., Chowparun, Burhee, Barkotta, Bugodhur and Doomree.

2,000 maunds in Kodarma and 10,000 maunds in reserve at Pachumba.

1 think, be sufficient, and Mr. Beadon, in a letter dated the 27th, says he will require more unless his projected pilgrim road is sanctioned. He proposes to distribute the rice as shown in the margin. He will have, besides, stores of grain in the bhandars of the Wards' estates, Dhunwar and Gowan. Mr. Beadon is most anxious to undertake the pilgrim road recommended in my letter No. 239T of the 25th February last. It would certainly be a most useful work, and Mr. Parkinson, who has not much to do at present, could be directed to survey and mark it out.

8. Mr. Beadon has advanced to merchants Rs. 33,000 to stimulate and ensure a larger-rice importation for Hazarechaugh station and other parts of the district south of the Grand Trunk Road, and has also arranged with the zemindar (styled Rajah) of Koonda for the storage of rice as a reserve in the western parts of the district. The arrangments now effected will, I think, prove sufficient, but if more be necessary, the Ranchee merchants are quite ready to engage to store rice here fer Hazareebaugh.

9. I have proposed to them that they should confine their operations to the importation of rice from Gangpore (where a fortnight ago it was selling at 32 seers for the rupec), and from Sumbulpore, where I believe it is cheaper. The Palamow traders are now doing this, but for them it is a three months' journey. If the Ranchee and Lohardugga traders will follow my advice (and if necessary they might be assisted by loans) it would greatly economise carriage and accelerate the delivery. Palamow pack-bullocks itravelling only as far as

· Samuel Company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of the company of t

Lohardugga would carry thence the rice imported from the southern districts, and the Hazareebaugh traders would transport it from Ranchee.

10. A road has been projected as an additional work in Dhunwar (Khurruckdea), from

* Sanctioned by Board.

Dhunwar to Darundah (Khurruckdea), to cost Rs. 700,* half of
this cost borne by the road committee and half by the estate.

This I have sanctioned subject to confirmation by the Board.

11. Lohardugga.—On the 28th instant a meeting was held at Ranchee to establish a District Relief Committee; this was not called for by any distress in Chota Nagpore Proper, but as a measure of precaution and to obtain funds for general as well as local relief purposes.

Upwards of Rs. 3,000 were subscribed at the meeting.

12. I have, with permission of Government, availed myself of the services of Mr. F. T. Peppe, Sub-Deputy Opium Agent, who volunteered to act as an agent to make advances under the Land Improvement Act in certain detached villages in valleys of Tamar to the south and in Tori to the north-western corner of the Chota Nagpore zemindary. Tori is the only considerable portion of Chota Nagpore which appeared to me likely to need assistance. I reported on it in my letter No. 49T of the 16th January 1874. The manager, Mr. G. K. Webster, has been employed there for some time making settlements. He has opened some small works, sanctioned at the cost of the estate, which gives present employment, and we have road projects which will give more. Mr. Webster reports under date the 28th instant, that with the mowhat here is no want of food at present, though in June and July pressure, may be felt. This we shall have no difficulty in meeting.

13. Palamow.—Since date of my last report Lieutenant Grey and Baboo Gopal Chunder Mitter have been deputed as relief officers to Palamow, the latter with a portion of his establishment as special Commissioner, including a good Native Surveyor and Baboo Prosunno Coomar Daniary, Assistant Engineer, passed through this station on his way to Palamow by

dawk, on the 26th instant.

- 24. Mr. Forbes continues to give unfavorable reports on the condition of the Palamow people resorting to the works. He says when they first make their appearance, that many of them are in an emaciated state, but pick up after working a few days, and are then able to do a full complement of work. This would indicate that the wages of their labor gave them sufficient sustenance, but he finds the price at which the rice is retailed by the bunias to the workpeople employed give them only 8.55 seers for the rupee, and they were clamoring for higher wages. So long as it is found that these who come on relief works thin recover their condition and others retain it, I would deprecate any increase. It appears that it was only at one place, Turbassi, that the Assistant Commissioner found that the rice was being retailed at 8.55 seers for the rupee. He should have interposed and supplied rice from the nearest store at 10 seers. This would have brought down the retail price, for it is to be observed that
- *And have suce fallen. at the open markets in Palamow proper the highest price quoted is 12:36.* Mr. Forbes informs us that hitherto the market prices, which he calls the wholesale prices, have been given in the price-current statements, and determines in future to give these bunia prices. This I object to, but he may give both as he does in the table in paragraph A of his report of the 21st instant. The bunias in some places set up their shops where the laborers are working, and this of course gives them some claim to add to the market rate.
- 15. My last report gave 12,562 as the total number employed on the Government relief works; these figures were taken from the February return. The return of the 7th March gives 7,866, and Mr. Forbes' report of the 21st ultimo 7,936. The decrease is said to be owing to the withdrawal of the agricultural laborers for the rubbee harvest, and it is probable that the number will not rise to the February figure till the mowha, which is yelding well, is exhausted. Mr. Forbes is however of opinion that it will reach 20,000 at an earlier period.

of rice for a short time which made the Assistant Commissioner fear it was falling off. But I am credibly informed it is now brisk as ever, and I have been assured by the traders here that there is no fear whatever of its subsiding. I have however moved for sanction to make further advances to stimulate importation up to Rs. 50,000,*

*Since sanctioned.

*Since sanctioned.

which we can use if we find the trade slackening. I have been informed that rice brought in Gangpore at 32 seers for the rupee was conveyed on pack-bullocks to Gurwah, and might without loss to the importer have been sold at 25 seers, but it was disposed of at from 13 to 14 seers. With such a profit we must expect that the importation of rice from the south will continue till the supply from thence is nearly exhausted.

17. The Deputy Commissioner received my instructions some months ago to watch narrowly the export trade from Chota Nagpore Proper to Palamow, and he is of opinion, in

which I concur, that it is going on satisfactorily.

18. My latest information is in a letter from Lieutenant Grey, dated the 25th instant. On his way to Daltongunge he passed a body of about 100 people going to work, the majority women and chileren, who said they had been sent to work by the head of the family as there was not food in the house sufficient for all its members. Lieutenant Grey found this to apply to other places and gangs seen by him. Only a portion of the family seek work, and I hope it will be found that the withdrawal of so many will leave sufficient in the house to sustain the remainder. A few destitute people were seen in the town of Gurwah whom the local com-

mittee relieved, and on road-work Lieutenant Grey noticed four women claiming to be Rajputins by caste and one Brahmani, but they were people who had long been accustomed to work in the fields. On the whole, the people did not appear to Lieutenant Grey to be very

emaciated, and he found them particularly patient.

19. Mr. Forbes tells us of a report that a number of respectable Mahomedans of Hosenabad, most of them widows, were in dire distress, and the Assistant Superintendent of Police was deputed by the relief committee to inquire, and it is presumed to relieve them if necessary. Mr. Forbes has also, he says, been informed by a zemindar, that grain-thefts are occurring daily though not reported to or by the police, and that 75 heads of cattle had been slaughtered, he supposes, by chamars, for the meat and skins. He has directed inquiry by the police, but he must also report how such things, if true, are not known to and reported by the police.

- 20. Manbhoom.—The condition of this district is apparently better than that of Palamow. Grain is still exported from the eastern pergunnahs, and as yet we have had no reason to suppose that the southern zemindaries were in distress. The bad parts are on both banks of the Damoodur, and between the Burrakur and Damoodur, and by the latest accounts, extend to the common boundary of the Hazareebagh district. The Deputy Commissioner, in his report of the 25th to Government observes that there is no appearance of any general distress as yet amongst the people, but isolated cases of suffering for want of food are becoming more common than they were, the great difficulty in the distressed parts of the district was to obtain food, for though in the estimate of the Deputy Commissioner there is still a good stock in the hands of the grain-dealers, they are keeping it back in the expectation of higher prices; it is difficult in many places to obtain what is required for the people on the relief works. I believe that when the Government grain now daily arriving at Burrakur has been distributed amongst the several selected places for storage, that the great pressure now felt will cease, and all danger will for a time be averted. Colonel Rowlatt has arranged for having 5,000 manuals at Rughoonathpore, 5,000 at Gavindpore, 5,000 at Nirsha, 1,000 at Poddardih, 1,000 at Jherriah, and 10,000 will be kept in reserve at Burrakur. I do not think more will be required.
- 21. The number of people on road relief works is represented in Colonel Rowlatt's report of the 25th as 2,642. He informs me that the laborers are in very good condition, which he thinks is due to the early period at which work on bandhs and roads was provided; but considering that Manbhoom has a floating population of two to three hundred thousand people of low caste, whose ordinary condition is that of the laborer, the number given as taking to road work appears very small. I am inclined to think that one cause of the comparative paucity of workpeople in Manbhoom may be found in the system of contract under which road works are done there. Of course the contractor takes his fair share of work out of each man, and it may be that he is not very partial to weak or sickly workpeople. Colonel Rowlatt's attention will be requested to this.

22. The report of the 25th gives no estimate of the numbers employed on the works for which advances have been given under the Land Improvement Act. Colonel Rowlatt tells me that from want of supervising agency he is unable to obtain accurate returns, but he roughly

estimates that there are on all works not less than 20,000 people employed.

- 23. With my No. 760, of the 25th March 1874, I submitted to Government a report which Mr. Mackenzie, the Extra Assistant Commissioner of Gobindpore sub-division, had received of death of the four boys at villages near the Damoodur, in Jherriah, it was alleged, from starvation. These casualties have not yet been tested. The Zemindar of Jherriah reported that he had heard of two deaths only, and was of opinion that the starvation may have been superadded by the villagers to excite commisseration. If this be so, the ruse was successful as the zemindar, Rajah Rashbehari Singh, has started a tank as a work for the people of the distressed villages, and opened a relief-house within easy distance of them. A branch committee has been established for Jherriah, and subscriptions raised sufficient to meet the relief measures immediately required. This zemindar is apparently doing his duty to his people, and the Sandra Rani is behaving with her usual liberality. I have given my sanction to an additional relief work in the Gobindpore sub-division. A road from Gobindpore, through Beliapore Baghmara, to cross the Damoodur near Ghurbur, which is well calculated to give effective relief to the distressed villages adverted to above. The line has been examined by Colonel Rowlatt and Mr. Mackenzie. By this new route a considerable saving of distance will be effected between Gobindpore and Purulia. I need say no more about Manbhoom, as the Deputy Commissioner's report of the 25th, now before Government, is full and clear, and I have no later information of importance except what is above given.
- 24. Singhhoom.—I have received no report from Singbhoom since the 18th ultimo. Captain Garbett has been in camp all the time, and on the date of the latest letter I have received from him, the 20th ultimo, he was, I am sorry to say, suffering from fever. He says he has been making a thorough inspection of all the new Kolhan reservoirs, and that they are getting on famously. He calculates that about 4,000 people are employed on them daily. This is in addition to the road works, so that labor has been provided for a very fair proportion of the inhabitants of the Kolhan. Captain Garbett concludes as follows:—
- "I do not now believe, as I at one time feared, that we shall have general and severe distress in the Kolhan. I am, however, quite sure that but for the assistance rendered we should have now had sore trouble."

No. 2275 S-R., dated Calcutta, the 10th April 1874.

From—A. Mackenzie, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To—The Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter No. 874½, dated the 31st March 1874, being your report on the state and prospects of your division for the fortnight ending 30th March 1874.

2. The salient points in this report have, the Lieutenant-Governor observes, been already dealt with in the Government order passed on the District Narratives for Palamow and Maun-

bhoom, and on the special reference regarding Hazarechaugh.

3. In my separate letter No. 2230 of yesterday's date, you have already been informed that over 20,000 maunds of rice have been sent up to Giridhi for the use of the Hazarcebaugh district. I am to request that you will be good enough to report whether you wish any further quantity to be sent up to the same place. In the meantime further despatches have been stopped.

4. An extract (paragraph 7) of your report will be communicated to the Public Works Department of this Government, with a request that the services of Mr. Parkinson, who is a

good energetic man, may be fully utilised.

# No. 2276—S. R.

Extract paragraph 4 of this letter, with extract quoted, forwarded to the Public Works Department of this Government for information and guidance.

#### No. 2277-S. R.

Extract paragraph 3 forwarded to Mr. Toynbee for information and guidance.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

CALCUTTA;
The 10th April 1874.

No. 610, dated Purulia, the 6th April 1874.

From-COLONBL E. A. ROWLATT, Deputy Commissioner of Maunbhoom, To-The Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Dept.

With reference to paragraph 3, Government circular No. 151—S.R., dated the 16th January last, I have the honor to submit my narrative for the fortnight ending the 4th instant.

#### A .- STATE OF THE COUNTRY.

Since the importation of Government rice has commenced and the mohwa flowers have begun to fall, the price of rice has in some few places become somewhat easier, and supplies are more readily obtainable, as those who have stocks of grain begin to see that it is of no use holding out for excessive high prices. In remote and inaccessible places especially, where there are no bazars or large dealers, great scarcity still prevails, and in these it is reported that the lower classes are living almost entirely on mohwa, which has begun to fall most opportunely, and will yield a full crop in the southern parts of the district, and not much less in the centre of it. It is variously estimated that the mohwa crop will last the people for from one or two months, according as trees abound or are scarce. It unfortunately happens, however, that in the worst parts of the district there are but few trees, in fact that along the road between Raghunathpore and Chandankiari on the Hazaribagh road, which I rode over a few days ago, I saw but very few trees, and in Torang and Hesla I was told they had all been cut down for fire-wood. In the sub-division of Govindpore mohwa trees are pretty thick, and the crop is reported to be a good one. As the consumption, however, of mohwa will be greater this year than is ordinarily the case, it will not last so long as usual, and very little will be left for storage and consumption hereafter.

The prices of rice and pulses by the last reports received from the police up to the 4th instant, are as follow:—

Names of Places.				Coarse rice.	Fine rice.	Pulșce
			•	Scers.	Seers.	Seers.
Raipore		•••	•••	17	16	15
Manbazar		•••		16	15	11
Burrabazar			•••	16	12	10
Echagarh	•••	•••	•••	18	16	12
Jhaldah		•••	•••	14	13	. 12
Purulia		•••	• • •	15	12	10
Govindpore		•••	•	13	12	13
Raghunath	pore	• • •	•••	12	II	10
Nireha	•••	•••	:	12	11	10
Gaviandih	•••	• • •	•••	12	11	11

The mango crop will be almost an entire failure.

There are now no crops on the ground except the sugarcane, which has been lately planted. A small quantity of cheena seed has been procured from Arrah with which to make an experiment, but it is too soon yet to know wheather it will succeed or not.

The only people who are at present suffering from actual want of a sufficiency of food are the beggars, numbers of whom abound in all the towns and large villages. These find it no longer possible to pick up a scanty subsistence in their usual haunts, and are, therefore, flocking into the relief centres where large numbers are being fed daily on cooked food. The laboring classes are still in most places pretty well supplied with work, but many of the reservoirs and tanks for which tuccavee advances have been made are now finished or nearly so, and large numbers, hitherto employed on these works, will soon be without employment, so that the resort of larger numbers to the roads until rain again falls may surely be expected. As soon as rain again falls ploughing, which has now almost ceased, will recommence. It is reported that a large number of those just above the class of out-of-door laborers are now living on one meal a day, and distress is, I fear, likely to increase amongst this class.

Cases of distress have been reported from several localities, specially all along the borders of the Damudah river in pergannahs Nowagarh, Jherria, and Pandra, but for all these work has been provided in the construction of reservoirs and on roads undertaken as relief works. In some villages in pergunnah Chelliama great distress is said to prevail, and Captain Samuells, the Relief Officer at Raghunathpore, has proceeded there with a supply both of food and money, and will make the necessary arrangements for the relief of these villages through the subcommittee at Chelliama, which has lately been established. Distress has also been reported in some villages in the north-east of pergunnah Charra, to where rice will be sent to-morrow; and from pergunnah Bagdah thirty-three persons have been sent in by the police to Purulia, who, being beggars, were entirely destitute of the means of subsistence. Several cases of deaths from starvation have been reported, but these, I am happy to say, after full inquiry, have been found to be deaths from disease, and were evidently reported by the villagers as deaths from starvation in order to excite sympathy, and in the hopes of obtaining gratuitous assistance in food and money.

Thefts of grain have increased, and one case of plundering has taken place at Hudlachak in pergunnah Chelliama, the object of which was clearly to obtain food. The number of persons in hajat is also increasing, and getting beyond the powers of the present staff of officers to deal with. An officer with full magisterial powers to take up the police cases is urgently required.

The tracts referred to in my last narrative still continue the most distressed, and I am sorry to say the area still continues to increase by the addition of distress in pergunnah Nowagarh in the west of the Govindpore sub-division, and that of Bagda to the south-east of Purulia, which is now in as bad a state as any of the other pergunnahs of the north-east portion of the district.

#### B.—Relief Works.

The number of roads now in progress of construction as relief works amounts to 12, and sanction has just been received from the Commissioner to continue work on the Govindpore and Purulia road, which will afford employment to those in distress in pergunnals Chelliams and Jheria, though which it passes, and in which this road has yet to be completed. The district, however, is suffering for want of supervising agency, as for all these works, measuring 252½ miles in length, we have only one Executive Engineer, one Supervisor, and four Road Overseers, who are quite unable and insufficient in number to superintend the work properly, and orders have been received transferring the Supervisor to Singhbhoom.

The roads are as follows, and their length, and the number of laborers employed on each, is given as near as the returns, which are still imperfect, will admit. I believe that very many more are being employed, and hope shortly to get correct returns of the numbers actually at work on them:—

No.	Name of Road.		Length in miles.	Numbers cmployed.
1.	Purulia and Chaibassa road		36 miles.	521
2.	Branch from Chaibassa to Burrabazar		18 ,,	118
3.	Purulia and Manbazar road		28 ,,	708
4.	Purulia and Bankoora road		27 ,,	922
5.	Branch from Charra to join at Singhbazar	• • •	$4\frac{1}{2}$ ,	120
6.	Ludhurka and Gaurandih road		17 ,,	552
7.	Raghunathpore and Hazareebagh road	• • •	37 ,	1,100
8.	,, ,, Bankoora road	•••	15 ,,	685
9.	,, ,, Ranigunge road	••••	14 ,,	800
10.	Govindpore and Giridih road		$21\frac{1}{2}$ ,,	792
11.	Nirsha and Jamtara road		7 ,,	· 126
12.	,, Telkupi road		12 ,,	
13.	Govindpore and Purulia road from Chellian	na	16 ,,	

Total ... 2521 . 6,444

The roads numbered 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9 and 11, have been completely marked out, and parties are at work all along them. Nos. 3 and 7 are marked out, except in a few places, which will soon be done; the work, however, is not interrupted in consequence. No. 10 has been marked out as far as Tundibnagar, and I am now in correspondence with the Deputy Commissioner of Hazareebagh whether it should go on straight to Serampore or join the Hazareebagh and Giridih road at the crossing over the Burrakur river. Nos. 12 and 13 have still to be marked out, and orders have been sent to place laborers on these roads as soon as possible from the distressed villages along the Damudah, and not wait to do so till the whole lines can be completely laid out. The laborers obtain their supplies at the bazars, hats, and shops in the vicinity of the works, and some of the contractors have also established depôts from which the laborers on the roads is satisfactory; they are paid, if they work as daily laborers, at 6 pice the men and 4 the women, whilst those who take the task-work make about the same or a little more if they work hard. There has been a difficulty in procuring tools in sufficient numbers fast enough, but this has been pretty successfully met by purchases made at Raneegunge, Bankoora, Jhalda, and other places in the district. The smelters and blacksmiths of the district have been kept in full employ much to their advantage, as the price of kodals has risen from 7 or 8 to 10 or 11 annas each, and the number of kodals and picks purchased for use on the roads, tanks and reservoirs has been very large indeed.

The excavation of three large tanks in Purulia from the municipal loan lately made by Government has been commenced, on which 125 people are employed, and one other has been commenced on as a relief work by the district relief committee, on which 263 persons are

employed, who are not able to do a full day's work.

#### TRANSPORT OF FOOD.

Food is still being brought up largely from Singhbhoom and the south and southwest of the district into the central and north-eastern pergunnahs both by pack-bullocks and carts. There appears to be no difficiency of carriage, and every effort it was possible to make has been resorted to in order to improve the road leading from Chaibassa to Purulia after it enters this district at the Mankoi ghat on the Subarnarokha river. The Government grain delivered at Burrakur by the East Indian Railway has been rapidly transported along the Grand Trunk Road to Nirsha and Govindpore, and by the Burrakur and Purulia road to Rughunathpore. To show the immense advantage of having a good road to make use of in a case like the present, I may mention that carts loaded one day at Burrakur delivered the grain the next morning at Rughunathpore, a distance of 21 miles, which, had there been no road, would have taken them at least three days; and this they did although they had to halve the loads and make two trips each across the sands of the Damudah, to prevent the necessity of which, and to guard against the possibility of a block there, in case it may become necessary to transport large quantities of grain from Barrakur to Rughunathpore, a temporary light causeway is being made across the bed of the Damudah, which will effectually prevent any such block taking place.

#### STORAGE OF GOVERNMENT GRAIN.

Between the 28th March and 3rd April, 11,742 maunds of Government rice have been delivered by the East Indian Railway at the Bunakar station, which has all been despatched by cart and stored, at Nirsha 2,542 maunds, at Govindpore 2,766 maunds, at Raghunathpore 5,434 maunds, and 1,000 maunds have been sent to be stored at Poddardih in Pandra pergunnah for the use of the sub-relief committee at that place. Golahs are being constructed at all the above places, and in the meantime storage accommodation has been arranged for in various private and public buildings which have been taken up for the purpose. The sub-district relief committee at Manbazar is also arranging for the storage of 1,000 maunds of rice at that place for the use of the branch committees subordinate to it.

#### ADVANCES TO PRIVATE PARTIES AND THEIR RESULTS.

Advances for the purchase of grain have now been made by me to 15 individuals, amounting altogether to Rs. 17,595, out of the lakh of rupees placed at my disposal by the Govern-

ment for that purpose, and applicants are still coming forward.

A loan of Rs. 4,000 has been received by the Purulia municipal committee with which a debt of Rs. 1,000 has been paid off, and the balance is being expended in the clearing out and improvement of several large tanks in the town, which hitherto have been sinks of fithiness and hot beds of disease. Advances to the extent of Rs. 53,550 have also been made to 228 private parties for land improvements, which have been expended in the construction of reservoirs and excavation of tanks. Most of the persons who have taken these advances have applied them faithfully to the purpose for which the loans were granted; a few, however, have done either little or nothing; and one or two instances have been reported in which the money has been applied to other purposes, such as paying off debts, getting married, &c. I therefore have directed a prosecution under Section 417, Indian Penal Code, to be instituted agaist one person who has thus been guilty of obtaining a loan under fraudulent pretences, which will, I have no doubt, have a very salutary effect, and act as an effectual stimulant on those who may have intended to apply the money to a different purpose from that for which it was advanced. I fear very few others will now apply for advances to whom such could be safely made.

#### CHARITABLE RELIEF.

On the 11th of March a district relief committee was established at Purulia, and shortly after sub-divisional committees were formed at Govindpore and Raghunathpore; and on

Saturday, the 4th instant, I presided at a meeting at Manbazar, where a sub-divisional committee was also formed, and arrangements made for setting sub-committees at work at four places in subordination to it. It was arranged that a store of 1,000 maunds of rice be laid in at once, and depôts established at Manbazar and Bagda for the supply of cooked food to all persons in distress who are unable to work, and also to render assistance to all others who might be in need of it. Cooked food is also being supplied daily at Purulia, Govindpore, Podardih, and Raghunathpore to about 600 indigent and diseased persons, who are quite incapable of working, and are no longer able to procure alms in their villages. The arrangements at present are sufficient to meet the necessities of the times; but should distress increase to a greater extent, further measures will have to be adopted, and more officers will be required

At the present date there are the district relief committees at Purulia, three sub-divisional committees at Govindpore, Raghunathpore, and Manbazar, and twenty-two sub committees at work spread over the district from the north-west to the south-east part of it, and at present these will suffice. To each of the sub-divisional committees Rs. 1,000 have been sent in aid of the subscriptions they have raised, to enable them to commence relief operations at once. The most intelligent and respectable persons of the neighbourhood have been selected to form the sub-committees. Where cooked food is supplied, the members of the committees are each provided with a certain number of blank tickets, which are given by them to those seeking such relief, on which the name of the person is written. With these the persons admitted to receive food go to the depôt, when the ticket is numbered, and the number and name of the party entered in the register, and then all who can show a ticket get food and no others receive any. By this means every case is properly inquired into before relief by cooked-food is supplied, and none who are able to work are admitted, but are sent to labor on the nearest relief works. Sheds are being built at the depôts for the accommodation of the lame and blind, and those who are unable to return to their villages after taking their food.

Cotton will also be given out to poor women of respectable families, who may be in distress, to spin into thread, for which they will be paid in rice, and this thread will then be made over to indigent weavers to weave into cloth, for which they also will be paid in rice, and the cloth then be sold or given away on charity to those who are unable to procure any themselves. This will, I consider, be necessary even for decency's sake, as it is pretty certain that those who cannot feed themselves will also be unable to provide clothes. It is also intended

to assist indigent silk-weavers in the same way by supplying them with cocoons.

Total expenditure from the district and sub-divisional treasury, as shown in last narrative, Rs. 24,146-6-3.

Expenditure during the fortnight under report.

									$\mathbf{Rs.}$	A.	<b>P</b> .
Relief Work	c No.	. I,	1st s	ection, Cha	ibassa ro	ad, Purulia	ı to Kantadihi	i	176	0	3
${f L}$ itto	No.	. 2,	lst	ditto	ditto,	Kantad	lihi to Chota I	Jrma -	37	9	3
Ditto	No.	3,	3rd	ditto	ditto,	Chota	Urma to <b>J</b> ajod	li	107	13	0
Ditto	No.	4,	3rd	ditto	ditto,	Jajodi	to Jamdi 🌷		296	12	0
Ditto	No.	5,	4th	ditto	ditto,	Jamdi	to Subarnarel	sha	864	10	0
Ditto	No.			from hospi					••	••••	
Ditto	No.						Purulia to Sing		817	8	0
Ditto	No.			ditto	ditto,	Sing b	oazar to Ludhi	urka	302	0	O
Ditto		9,	3rd	ditto	ditto,	Ludhu	rka to Hooral h to Chatnah	1 .			
Ditto		10,		ditto	ditto,	Hooral	h to Chatnah		356		0
Ditto	No.	11,	Char	ra junction			•••		193	O	0
Ditto				from Dame			• • •	., •••	134	7	3
Ditto							ı to Kenda		736	14	0
Ditto		14,		ditto	ditto,		to Manbazar		690	4	10
Ditto				ndpor~ and						••••	
Ditto				from Ninsa			•			. <b></b> .	
Ditto .				unathpore			•••		902	8	3
. • Ditto	No.	. 18,	road	trom Ludh	uka to C	Jaurandih	•••	• • •	532	5	9
						•	Total	•••	6,148	4	7
Advance	to C	aptai	n Ha	re for trans	sport of	grain from	Burrakur		600	()	0 -
To Captain	Sam	uells	for c	onstruction	i of grai	n					
Golah at	$R_{og}$	huna	thpo	re and cont	ingent c	harges			500	0	. 0
Payment	of e	establ	ishm	ent at Bur	rakar	•••	•	•••		• • • •	
On account											
Total adv	v:mcc	s ma	ade d	luring the	fortnigh	t to trusty	worthy resider	its to			
purcha	se gr	rain,		•	•••	•••	4		1,000	0	0
To trade	rs for	· puro	chasir	ng grain		•••	•••		2,510		
				their ryots		•••	•••	•••	1,000	0	
To zemir	ıdars	and	other	rs for land	improver	nents	•••	•••	4,230	U	0
				Total	of fortn	ight's expe	enditure	•••	15,988	4	7
Total to end of fortnight								40,134	10	10	

#### RESOLUTION.

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#### SCARCITY AND RELIEF DEPARTMENT.

Calcutta, the 9th April 1874.

The Maunbhoom Narrative for the fortnight ending 4th April 1871.

1. The falling of the mohwa crop and the importation of Government rice are said to have had the effect of rendering prices easier in this district. Common rice is now nowhere dearer than 12 seers per rupee, and in the south of the district can be got at 16, 17, and even 18 seers. The mohwa crop has made a material addition to the food supply, estimated at from one to two months food, according as the trees are scarce or abound. Unhappily they are scarce in the north, where distress is worst. Only the begging class are suffering from actual want, and are flocking to the relief centres and eating cooked food without scruple. Work is provided for all the laboring poor. All the cases of deaths from starvation that have been reported have proved on inquiry to be deaths from disease.

2. Colonel Rowlatt complains of the weakness of his supervising staff. The wants of

more severely distressed districts prevent his getting more men, but if he can find locally any persons fit for employment as sub-overseers he may entertain them. The returns show only 6,444 persons on road work, but the Deputy Commissioner believes that there are in reality very many more. He must arrange to obtain complete information on this matter, which is one of primary importance; any failure in obtaining this information will be regarded by the Lieutenant-Governor as an administrative shortcoming. It is expected that the next report will give a full and correct return. Three hundred and eighty-eight persons are employed on

other works.

The Government grain received (11,742 maunds) has gone easily forward and been The Commissioner believes that this district will not require more than 27,000 3. stored. maunds.

4. It is satisfactory to learn that most of the money advanced to private parties has

been properly utilised.

5. The arrangements for charitable relief seem now complete and capable of further expansion if need be. About 600 indigent and diseased persons are in daily receipt of cooked food.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.

A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secy. to the Gort, of Bengal.

No. 2245-S. R.

Copy forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, Maunbhoom, and to the Commissioner of Chota Nagpore.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

A. MACKENZIE,

Junior Secy. to the Gort, of Bengal.

CALCUTTA, The 9th April 1874.

No. 3 M.A., dated Calcutta, the 7th April 1874.

From-LORD H. ULICK BROWNE, Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

To-The Seev, to the Govt, of Bengal, Scarcity and Relief Department.

In continuation of my No. 40M.A., dated 26th March 1874, submitting the fortughtly-narrative of the Collector of Nuddea for the fortught ending 23rd March 1874, I have now the honor to submit the Collector's report for the fortnight ending 6th April 1871.

2. Heading firstly, advances to import grain.—Blank.
3. Heading secondly, public works relief.—There is so much employment afforded by the tank-digging carried out by private individuals that comparatively few relief works are required on the part of Government. This is an excellent thing, as the road work will be useful when the rains set in and put an end to tank work. The last labor return I have received shows rather less than 4,000 people known to be employed on tanks and road work, and 800 less than were shown in the return for the previous week. This is probably owing to some demand for labor in connection with sowing or preparations for sowing the aous crop.

4. Heading thirdly, provision of food for relief works.—Blank.

5. Heading fourthly, charitable relief—The Collector has not yet sent me a list of the preparation of the district solicity described.

proposed members of the district relief committee, though I have reminded him on the subject more than once.

He has, however, been in communication with some of the gentlemen selected, and I

expect to receive the list at any moment

6. Heading fifthly.-Land-owners and Land-holders continue to take out tuccavee loans for tauks.

#### No. 368-S. R., dated Kishnaghur, the 6th April 1874.

1

From-C. C. STEVENS, Esq., Collector of Nuddea, To-The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

I have the honor to submit the following report on the condition of the district during the fortnight ending this day.

2. The reports received from the several sub-divisions show that there is sufficien grain everywhere except in thana Jaguli, where the trade of rice and paddy is very limited But as most of the zemindars have paddy-lending concerns, and there are also mahajuns where give out paddy to the ryots, there is little or no chance of there being any actual want of tood. The sub-divisional officer of Kooshtea reports that "the stock of grain is sufficient to meet the local demands at the current rates." The Assistant Collector of Meherpore say that, as a general rule, there is no great difficulty in getting rice. The Deputy Collector of Ranaghat believes that except in thana Jaguli grains are plentiful everywhere else. The Assistant Collector of Bongong says that "it may be confidently asserted that there is litt or no chance of there being any actual want of food in this sub-division." The sub-division officer of Chooadanga reports that the coarse varieties of rice are to be had in plenty at a the principal hâts of the sub-division, and that a brisk importation of the better qualities going on, and the bazars are invariably well supplied. The supply of rice in the north of the Sudder and west of the Meherpore sub-division is scanty.

There has been one slight shower of rain in the last fortnight, but it appears to have been very unequally distributed. The latest news from Kooshtea and Meherpore show a consider ble fall of rain on Saturday last. Almost all the rubbee crops have been removed from the tields, and the yield has been more than was expected. The ploughing of lands for the gree sowing (aous) of Baisakh has been vigorously prosecuted everywhere, and the land will probab be unusually well-tilled this year. Sowings of aous crop in low lands have commenced Meherpore.

3. There has been no great fluctuations in the prices of grain. They have continu steady, and the following are the rates of coarse rice which have prevailed in the several pricipal marts:—

					maui	
	•			$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$	Α.	Ρ.
Mcherpore		•••		2	9	()
Bongong	• • •	•••	•••	2	· <b>1</b> .	()
Ranaghat	•••	•••	•••	2	$\mathbf{s}$	()
Santipore	•••	•••		2	$^{\rm s}$	()
Chogda	•••	•••		2	8	()
Haringhati	• • •			2	12	()
Kishnaghur	•••			2	13	0

- 4. In by far the greatest part of the district I do not think that anything more the "pressure," and that not very severe, is felt. In the north-west of the district, however, the is no doubt that the middle-class people are beginning to suffer want, and measures are no being taken for their assistance. The people of, a class accustomed to field labor are somewhat the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them both from the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for them between the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for the consequence of the large quantity of work being provided for the large quantity of work being provided for the large quantity of work being provided for the large quantity of work being provided for the large quantity of work being provided for the large quantity of work being provided for the large quantity of work being provided for the large
- 5. The means of transport are sufficient. In Kooshtea, about 8,000 maunds of for grains have been reported to have been imported, and about 10,000 maunds have been pass through that sub-division during the fortnight. From Chooadanga the through traffic 1 been reported to have been very considerable; about 20,000 maunds are estimated to have imported, and 590 maunds exported. In Bongong both the import and export trade 1 considerably decreased, as the mahajums everywhere are said to have now opened their gola In Ranaghat the supplies received are estimated to be 514 maunds of rice, 365 maunds paddy, besides other kinds of grains. The Meherpore sub-division is said to have be supplied with 7,000 maunds of rice from Eastern Bengal. The export of rice from the distingenerally has received natural check from high prices.
- 6. The portion of the district which is suffering most has been alluded to above. It satisfactory that, from the manner in which work has been spread, the people have been enabled attend carefully to their cultivation. I regret to say that there is a good deal of chol in the distressed parts, and that I have had to provide three native doctors for that treatone.
  - 7. Storage of Government grain-None; nor is any needed.
- S. A relief committee has been organized, and subscriptions are being raised, chic with the view of affording employment to people who will spin cotton and to the weavers.
- 9. Twelve cases of grain-thefts have been reported by the police. No cases of death starvation have come to light.
- 10. Of the tanks undertaken from Government funds, those at Chandghur, Mira, a Hatgacha, have almost been finished. More work will have to be provided in those neighbourhoods. The average daily number of persons on the Government works in the distres parts is about 1,150, and is not at present increasing.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS OF THE FORTNIGHT.

				$\mathbf{R}\mathbf{s}$ .	Λ.	P.	,
Advance for boro chan	•••		•••	0	0	0	
Pay of boso chan overseer				7	•0	0	
Pay for land improvement	•••		•••	21,561	()	0	
		***				_	
		TOTAL		21.568	()	()	

No. 2379-S. R., Calcutta, the 14th April 1874.

From-A. MACKINZIE, Esq., Junior Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To-The Commissioner of the Presidency Division.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, No.  $3M.\Lambda.$ , dated the 7th instant, submitting a copy of the Nuddea district fortnightly narrative ending 6th idem.

2. With reference to the above, I am to say that the summary of results recorded therein affords satisfaction to the Lieutenant-Governor, and His Honor will be glad to have the names of the individuals who have distinguished themselves by providing tank-work for the relief of the distressed in this district.

#### RELIEF WORKS ORGANIZED BY THE MAHARAJAH OF BURDWAN.

No. 556T, dated Burdwan, the 19th April 1874. Memo. by-C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of Burdwan.

COPY submitted to the Government of Bengal, in the Scarcity and Relief Department, for information and publication in the Gazette, in continuation of No. 3601, dated 28th March.

#### Burdwan Maharajah's Relief Works Statement. BURDWAN.

Burdwan .-- Within the last fortnight no particular change appears to have taken place. The number of recipients of food has remained the same, and with the exception of one or two cases, no real distress has evidenced itself. The exceptions have been, a party of four women and children, who appeared in a semi-starved condition from Beliatore near Bankoora, and two women from Soonamooky in the Bood-bood sub-division, who were in equally bad plight. These people are being fed with double rations and are looking far healthier. These cases are, as has been said, the only real cases of distress that have presented themselves. The number of upcountry persons who apply for food has become very much smaller within the last week.

Relief works.—The number of laborers has increased lately on the relief works, and this increase, though gradual, is continual. The largest number was 713 on the 8th instant, but an average of 670 may be taken to represent the number employed within the last fortnight. The rate of wages appears to be sufficiently high to allow some of the less industrious hands to work for some days and rest on others; for on the 1st instant, the number was 611, which fell on the 4th to 612 and rose again on the 5th to 695, and on the 6th to 713, and fell again on the 7th to 672. Each week, however, presents a higher average than the preceding one.

Food distribution .- As before stated no perceptible increase appears in the number of applicants for food, 1,050 being the average number relieved. Pice, medicine, and cloth have been issued in cases of real distress which presented themselves, but these, as before said, have been few in number.

#### CULNA.

Culva relief works .- A considerable increase in the number of applicants for labor has taken place. The number has now risen to 496 against 276 on the 25th dltimo. There appears to be a slight fluctuation in the daily numbers, but it is not so great as at Burdwan. The number of women employed has also increased and appears to be increasing daily, though this number also fluctuates to a considerable extent. On the 30th March, 77 were employed, on the next day 100, on the 2nd of April 86, and on the succeeding day 124.

Food distribution .- The number of applicants for food remains steady, and about 1,150 daily receive charity. A considerable proportion of these are, however, distressed travellers who visit Culna for the purpose of bathing in the Ganges, and exhaust their means before arriving at their destination. In an ordinary year there would be a large number of applications for food from persons of this class.

#### Boon-Boon.

Annachattra.-On the 1st of April an annachattra was opened at Bood-bood near the thana. The site has been chosen near a grove of trees and a tank; sheds have been creeted, and cooked food is distributed. The first two or three days the number attending was a little over 400, but within the last week it has increased to over 900 daily. The food distributed is rice, dhall, vegetables, and salt, and the quantity is that recommended by the Central Relief The darogah writes to say that there is great distress, and that a far larger number of applicants for food may be anticipated within the next fortnight. Instructions have been issued to give some sort of employment to the paupers, such as basket weaving, but this has not as yet commenced.

#### CHINSURAH.

Annachattra at Bansberiah.—An annachattra will be established at Bansberiah near Chinsurah in the ensuing week. All preparations have been already made. The idea of opening a sadabritta in Chinsurah itself has been abandoned, as several have been recently opened by native residents at that place, and it is hoped that an annachattra situated in the centre of the most distressed suburbs will be fraught with more real benefit.

#### KEERGRAM.

A relief work in the shape of the excavation of a tank at Keergram, about 24 miles northeast of Burdwan, has been commenced, and on the 20th March the number employed was 41, on the 24th 58, and on the 27th 108. Since then the number has diminished to about 50 daily.

#### AMENDMENT OF ACT XXII OF 1855.

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No. 5319, dated Calcutta, the 17th March 1874.

From-W. D. BRUCE, Esq., Vice-Chairman to the Port Trust Commissioners, To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department.

I AM directed by the Commissioners to bring to notice that a serious defect exists in Act XXII of 1855, "an Act for regulation of Port and Port dues," and to request that advantage may be taken of that Act being now before the Imperial Legislative Council for amendment to remedy the defect.

2. In Section 4 of that Act, the limits of "any port, navigable river, or channel, made subject to the Act" is declared to "extent always up to high-water mark," but no definition is given of "high-water mark," whether the highest line to which high-water rises during the

year or the lowest, or any intermediate line.

3. Consequently, as the space covered by high-water varies very considerably between these limits in this port, great doubt and uncertainty exist as to what is the actual limit of the port, and of the jurisdiction which the Commissioners as Conservators of the Port exercise therein; an uncertainty which may lead to considerable litigation between the Commissioners

and the public, the riparian proprietors.

- 4. A similar difficulty having arisen in England, the law on this point is held to have been settled by the decision of Lord Cranworth in the case of the Attorney-General rersus Chambers, 4 De. Gen. M. & G., page 206, Section 23, L. J. Ch. 662. By this decision it was held that, "in the absence of all evidence of a particular usage, the extents of the rights of the Crown to the sea-shore landwards is, primâ fucie, limited by the line of the medium high tide between the springs and the neaps (Harrison's Digest, page 3287)." The position laid down in this decision is supplemented by the further principle enunciated by Mr. Justice Phear in page 41 of his work on "rights of water," in which it is stated that "the boundary of the land covered by the sea or tidal rivers, is the line coinciding with the average height of all ordinary tides, equinoctial as well as others, taken throughout the year, excluding only, catastrophes or overflows."
- 5. The Commissioners therefore propose that the same principle should be applied to the ports, navigable rivers, and channels made subject to Act XXII of 1855, and that, in amending the Act, opportunity should be taken to define high-water mark as the average line of high-water mark throughout the year. The said line to be notified by Government in the Government Gazette as being a certain point above mean sea-level. Power should also be given to Government under the Act to mark off the line of high-water by fixing pillars, posts, or such other marks as may be deemed best along the bank, at such distances and in such positions as may be considered most suitable for its demarcation.

6. The position of the average high-water mark in the Port of Calcutta, taking the average of all the tides throughout the year, is, it may be mentioned, 8.81 feet above mean sealevel and 15:09 feet above Kidderpore Dock-sill, which is the datum generally taken for surveys of the River Hooghly.

#### No. 1114, dated Calcutta, the 27th March 1874.

From-J. CRAWFURD, Esq., Offg. Under-Secretary to the Government of Bengal, To-The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture and Commerce.

I am directed to submit herewith a letter from the Vice Chairman of the Port Commissioners, No. 5319, dated 17th March 1874, with enclosure, bringing to notice a defect in Section 4 of Act XXII of 1855, regarding the meaning of the words "high-water mark" and to recommend that the subject may be considered whenever the Act comes under revision.

No. 49, dated Calcutta, the 11th April 1874.

From—C. J. Lyale, r.sq., Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce, To-The Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

1 AM directed to acknowledge the receipt of the Officiating Under-Secretary Mr. Crawfurd's letter No. 1114, dated the 27th ultimo, pointing out that the words "high-water mark" used in Section 4 of Act XXII of 1855 (an Act for the regulation of ports and port dues) require definition, and suggesting that the subject should be considered when the Act comes under revision.

2. In reply I am to say that the Governor-General in Council, while fully admitting the necessity for a definition of the term, is of opinion that the proposed interpretation, which may materially affect the rights of riparian proprietors, should be fully considered before any action is taken. I am, therefore, to request that His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor will cause enquiries to be made as to how far any existing rights will be affected by the definition which he would propose to insert in the law, and will invite discussion of the matter by landholders and other persons owning property along the river who are interested in the question.

No. 1389, dated Calcutta, the 21st April 1874.

From—L. C. Abbott, Esq., Additional Under-Seev. to the Government of Bengal, To—The Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Opium, Excise, &c., Departments.

I am directed to forward to you a copy of the correspondence noted on the margin From Port Trust Commissioners, No. 5319, dated 17th March 1874.

To Government of India, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department, No. 1414, dated 27th March 1874.

From Government of India, Revenue, Agriculture, and Commerce Department, No. 49, dated 11th April 1874.

To Government of India, Revenue, Agriculture, and Charge will be so good as to submit, after making the necessary inquiries, a full report on the subject.

#### ERRATUM.

The 20th April 1874.—In the letter from Government to the Relief Commissioner Rajshahye, No. 2066—SR, dated the 4th April 1874, published at page 329 of the Supplement to the Calcutta Gazette of the 8th idem.

For "Baboo Shetab Lahoree" read "Baboo Shetab Chand Lahar."

#### DISTRICT ROAD FUND.

No. 108.

The 20th April 1874.

Notification.—The following extract from the Proceedings of the Lieutenant Governor of Bengal, relative to the accounts of the receipts and expenditure of the District Road Fund for the fourth quarter of the last cess year is published for general information:—

No. 2629.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, in the Public Works Department (Local Accounts), · · under date the 20th April 1874.

Read memorandum No. 3163 of 17th ultimo, from the Controller of Public Works Accounting Bengal, submitting an Abstract of the Receipts and Expenditure of the seven District Road Committees for the quarter ending 30th September 1873.

RESOLUTION.—The Lieutenant-Governor directs that the accounts of the Receipts and Expenditure of the District Road Fund for the fourth quarter the last cess year (1872-73), as submitted by the Controller of Public Wor Accounts in Bengal, be published in the Calcutte Gazette, and circulated to the Officers of Government concerned.

Ordered that a copy of the above proceedings, together with copy of the abstract of receipts and expenditure, be published in the Suppment to the Calcutta Gazette.

Ordered also, that a copy of the above Proceedings, as well as of Abstract referred to, be forwarded to the Secretary to the Government of Beng in the a inancial Department, for information. Also that copies of each forwarded to all Commissioners of Divisions; to all Superintending Engine of Circles in Bengal; to the Accountant-General of Bengal, and to the Contro of Public Works Accounts in Bengal, for information.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

J. E. T. Nicolls, Volonel, R. E., Secretary to the Government of Bengal, in the Public Works Departmen

## DISTRICT

Quarterly Abstract of Receipts and Expenditure of the several Ending 20th

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District Committees of the 3rd Quarter of the Cess Year 1872-73.

September 1873.

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2,588 5 6,325 6 3,710 3 1,692 11	0	981 1	0 0 1,1	56 10 0 91 0 0 936 1 5 172 14 7	16	0 0 5	0.726 11 9 1,639 11 0 1,261 7 4 3,251 4 1 1,089 4 0	35,2 5,9 11,2 10,1	50 1 1 95 14 0 50 10 4 45 12 3 64 12 3	61,100 5 38,014 1 43,541 13 10,688 8 2,054 2	2 Cr. 2, 11 Cr. 37,	650 4 2 718 3 2 591 3 7 527 4 3 ,110 10 1
2,791 8 2,791 8 2,726 0 5,111 0	0 3 9 3 9 2 6		3 e	86 15 6 152 1 6 30 0 6 96 10 8	12  2	6 6	2,390 10 6 2,913 8 4 5,441 6 9 1.0 9 13 8 385 9 6	14.3 28.4	532 2 0 363 1 9 029 11 9 807 7 10 996 4 6	2,820 6 5,150 15 12,6 0 15 6,918 6 2,607 6	3 8 5 15	,711 11 6 ,212 2 6 ,499 0 ,858 15 5 3,689 4 6
35 32 3,266 1	2 1 4 6 2 0 40 000 0 0 13,846	30 4 16	5 6 3 3 •0 12 6	,176 7 1 166 5 2 8 7 0 150 0	2,923 0 0 28 6 181	0 0 8 6	6,128 14 5 202 12 6 43,545 13 1 14 838 11 6 1,427 11 8	12	.681 13 1 .304 14 5 .066 12 4 .913 3 6 .947 14 6	1 905 1 2 632 1 19,540 5,943 1 2,190	0 9 1 11 °r. 2 11 °r.	6,775 15 6,672 3 7,473 5 0 9 13,757 11
1,236 504	2 ,0 0 0 0 0	. 141	4 (	3,057 3	11	14 11	4,134 7 1 543 1 1,159 0 965 10	0 2 2	7,667 12 10 9,568 10 - 3 1,032 10 - 4 4,558 - 1 - 3 1,181 - 8 - 2	6,560 6,621	11 0	2,955 6 9,174 15 14,471 14 7 936 9 370 6
785 445 8,880 2,942	13 0 20,000 9,110 12 9 6,000	0 0 13 6 0 2	7 1 6	270 5 1,432 12 390 6	6 3 785 8 1 322	4 3 3	25,160 2 9,146 13 17,301 4 1 4,6-3 1 37,698 15	6 1 11 7 8 1	5,230 3 1 2 330 11 3 3,940 10 3 3,963 13 6 51,485 4 1	12,247	1 6 6 7 10 4	2,718 3 7,797 10 41,693 3 9,196 2 31,388 11
15,682 9,427 5,863	9 1 12,00 5 9	9 0 0 	5 11 6 2 0 0 12 8 0	1,070 0	10	32 8 0 38 3 0 20 2 0 21 12 0	30,222 12 9,606 5 5,862 15 4,321 14 7,983 3	11	95,564 8 42,046 13 34,070 14 1 30,133 10 42,280 12	13,047 1 8,34 20,64 20,64	6 6 7 5 11 8 15 5 7 1 7 3 10 7	54.426 1 28,939 7 25,726 15 9,791 6 15,157 2
3 2,61	7 8 0 10,0 8 10 0 7,6	00 0 0 19 0 0 59 6 2 78 0 0	18 0 0  3 0 6	189 333 1 185	1 9 1	63 8 3 30 0 0	253 0 10,163 8 10,655 0 1,044 15 7,445 10	3 3 5	4,432 15 31,504 15 19,634 15 7,193 3 9,782 14	9,04 1 12,54 0 7,03	0 1 6 7 1 11 2 12 8 5 4 0 63 2 11	729 1 22,157 1 7,058 157 1
3	10,0 00 0 0	000 0 0  550 0 0		640	8 6		10,000 67 <b>4</b> 5,266 851	4 10	28,205 7 21,203 10 5,917 3 17,141 13 3,088 4	$egin{array}{cccc} 10^1 & 2.8 \\ 11^1 & 3.4 \\ 6 & 16.9 \end{array}$	16 3 0 12 13 4 92 8 11 58 1 6 27 0 2	4,189 18,393 2,454 183 1,661
1,	93 8 1 10 104 15 3	000 0 0		6,811	3 0, 12 9 0 0 2 0	 43 8 33 13	7! 1,5.9	12 0   8 0	23,815 3 20,656 15 10,894 6,248 18,011	3 9 8, 6 4 3, 2 10	086 15 11 203 4 6 243 14 1 827 2 2 175 3 1	10,828 12,453 7,660 5,121 9,835
					\	293 <b>4</b>	0 293	4 0	153 15,637 4,711		153 2 0 ,047 9 4 183 8 0	4,581
<i>p</i> .				_		15,899 12	8 4,54,705	*3 8	11,11,397	0 2 6,6	3,561 0 8	4,47,83

DISTRICT

# Quarterly Abstract of Receipts and Expenditure of the several Ending 30th

,			•					EXPEN
NAMES OF		ION OF REVENUE AND			Original W	Jorks.		
DISTRICTS.	Establish- ment.	Contingencies Total.	Refunds.	Roads and Bridges.	River and Canal Works.	Ferries.	Total. ·	Roads and Bridges.
	Rs, A. P.	Rs. A. P. Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P	Rs. As. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. As. P.	Rs. As. P.
Burdwan* Bankoora Beerbhoom A	11,634 5 8 76 6 10 303 1 0	14) 0 1 11,771 5 9 21 4 0 100 10 10 39 0 3 342 1 3	b 1,375 1 6 a 0 7 3	3,030 12 3  1,917 10 9	 		3,030 12 3 1,917 10 9	17,248 2 9 16,139 10 11 5,589 14 6
Midnapore 5 Hooghly	3,140 10 6	163 3 4 3,303 13 10	a 1,828 10 9	5,066 6 3 2,069 15 3			5,068 6 3 2,069 15 3	5,390,12 10 44,261 14 10
24-Pergunnahs* Nuddea* Jessore* Moorshedabad* 10 Dinagepore	8,031 3 5 3,110 12 9 8,170 10 4 2,082 9 1 138 0 0	735 7 5 8,766 10 10 286 14 7 3,397 11 4 728 11 8 8,899 6 0 341 12 8 2,424 5 9 138 0 0	c 36 0 0 c 83 5 0 a 0 3 10	1,627 6 4			3,349 4 1 3,174 11 17  1,627 6 4 69 8 0	48,948 6 4 31,277 10 3 33,112 2 3 6,406 11 8 1,841 13 4
Maldah A Rajshahye* Rungpore A Bogra 15 Pubna	125 0 0 1,128 3 11 118 0 0  160 0 0	3 13 0 124 13 0 186 0 9 1,614 4 8 118 0 0 0 6 3 0 6 3 160 0 0	d 71 9 6  a 0 0 8	2,912 12 5		·	2 396 11 6 2,912 12 3 4,313 7 10	2,688 15 6 1,068 5 7 9,569 15 0 2,504 9 8 2,427 0 0
Darjeeling . Julpig ree . Dacca* Fureedpore* 20 Buckergunge A	1.736 10 6 3,939 14 6 80 0 0	623 11 6 2,360 6 0 738 0 0 4,677 11 6 75 8 0 155 8 0	e 82 8 0	893 1 8 291 3 9 13,854 7 11 1,115 10 8 391 4 7	70 1 • 6 3 4 • 6		803 1 8 201 3 9 13,924 11 11 1,148 15 2 391 4 7	1,204 15 0 3,199 0 0 116 15 3 1,627 4 10
Mymensingh Sylhet Cachar Chittagong A 25 Noakhally	849 0 0  111 13 5 78 0 0 259 0 0	291 3 3 1,140 3 3		3,374 13 9 300 1 0 4,089 5 4 3,297 6 6 192 1 0	3 5 : 360 4 8		3,374 13 9 300 1 0 4,092 10 7 3,657 11 3 192 1 0	93 10 ( 2,239 1 11 2,393 9 1
Tipperali* A Chittagong	3,158 5 0 	1,040 7 3 4,198 12 3	··· ··	6,013 5 4 2,302 7 6			6,068 9 1 2,302 7 6	
Hills A. Patna Gya 30 Shahabad A	610 0 0 317 0 0	0 4 0 610 4 0 13 0 6 330 0 6	a 5,905 5 5 g 393 15 4 a 12,279 1 1	1,951 1 9			1,951 1 9 5,143 10 8	
Tirhoot Sarun Chumparun Monghyr* 35 Bhaugulpore*	1,070 0 0 240 0 0 216 0 0 1,402 15 5 2,690 14 1	1,070 0 0 96 5 6 10 0 0 296 0 0 393 9 2 1,796 8 7 381 8 4 3,072 6 5	a 3 12 3 a 0 0 1	13,371 5 6 7,712 13 5 1 124 12 8 1 14,077 13 0 5,719 11 8			13,371 5 6 7,712 13 2 124 12 9 14,077 13 6 5,719 11 8	4,919 6 0 7,650 5 1 3,651 11
Purneah Sonthal Ler-	2,856 15 0	60 0 0 2,916 15 0		3,576 0	3		6,576 O 3	793 2 4,903 13
gunnalis." Cuttack* Poorce*	1,245 5 2 5,135 6 4			1,167 11 (	B	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	1,167 14 6	5,909 2 1 427 13 1
40 Balasore*	1,902 11 0	372 3 6 2,271 14 6	j 138 1	1 127 0	0		127 0 0	5,880 10
Hazareebagh* Loharduggah Singbhoom Manbhoom A 45 Gealparah	250 0 0 316 1 5 2,152 10 0	3 0 0 253 0 0 316 1 3 516 10 11 2,729 5	) 5 a 1,281 10	0 21,549 9 0 1.412 14 11,172 13 1	ρ		21,548 9 : 1.112 14 ( 14,172 13 10	2.488 13 350 0 1
Kamroop Durrung A Nowgong A Seebsaugor A 50 Luckimpore	210 0 0			3 4,451 10 750 0			4,151 10 (  759 	6,711 12 7,993 4 2 323 14 785 7 5.885 8
Naga Hills A Khasi & Jyn- tesh Hills. 53 Garo Hills A	•			153 2 5,×62 1 26 8	4		153 2 6 5,8 <b>6</b> 2 1 6 26 8 6	4,811 3,4

# )AD FUND. • (Continued.)

strict Committees of the 4th Quarter of the Cess Year 1872-73.

rure.

Re	PAIRS.			I	CSTABLISH MEN	г.			
River ad Canal W orks.	Ferries.	Total.	Total Original Works and Repairs.	Public Works Establish- ment.	Other Establish- ments.	Total.	Tools and plant.	Total outlay.	Вгчанкя.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs, A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P	Rs A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
	613 0 0	17,886 2 9 16,139 10 11 5,589 14 6	16,139 10 11		198 5 4 131 0 3 145 8 3	198 5 4 131 9 3 145 8 3	210 10 0.	16,5%2 7 • 3	grant, and Rs. 139-12, Ferry Tolls, retund-
::.	970 0 9	6,3°0 13 7 44,261 14 10				 •••	1,874 12 0	13,255 14 7 51,514 7 11	ed, a Amounts drawn in excess over grant retunded.
	24 0 0 78 8 3	48.948 6 4 31.301 10 3 33,112 2 3 6,485 3 11 1,841 13 4	34,476 5 10 3 -,112 2 3 5,412 10 3		140  0 0	140 0 0 111 2 0	1,117 0 8	10.68 8 0	c Ferry Tolls refunded.
 		2,688 15 6 1,068 5 7 9,569 15 0 2,504 9 8 2,427 0 0	3,165 1 1 12,182 11 5 6,843 1 6	 	  10 0 0 20 0 0	  100 0 0 20 0 0		2,820 6 ,6 5,150 15 7 12,00 11 7 6,918 8 7 2,607 0 0	d Rs. 0-7-6, amount drawn in excess over grant, and Rs. 71-2.
	10 0 0 429 8 0 57 0 0 	10 0 0 1,634 7 0 3,255 0 0 116 15 3 1,627 4 10	1,925 10 9 17,179 11 11 1,265 14 5		530 0 6 707 0 0  16 1 11	530 0 0 707 0 0  16 1 11		1,905 13 8 2, 32 10 9 19,510 1 1: 5,943 12 1 2,490 3 4	written back.
	4 2 0	197 5 9 93 to 0 2,239 1 10 2,392 0 1 356 1 0	393 11 ( 6,331 12 ( 6,050 1 4		  	 	117 1 10	6621 8 2	f Canal Tolls refunded.
	•	2, 12 13 ( 1,341 7 (			 856 15 - 6	656 15 (	1 13 0 32 3 3		
 	421 14 10	5,326 15 3 2,014 8 9 5,040 13 9	3,965 10 (	i∫	104 13 8 78 0 6 633 0 0	1 1 13 8 78 0 0 633 0 0	л <b>.</b> .	12.217 6 7 4.767 10 1 23,096 9 6	g Rs. 0-3-4, amount drawn in excess over grant, and
 	 22 8 0	14,054 0 3 4,919 0 3 7,750 5 1 3,774 6 17,915 12	1: 662 3 1 7,775 2 1 7: 11,752 3	2" 51 71	118 0 0 339 0 0 755 2 5 324 0 0	339 0 0 755 2 3 321 0 0	48 13 7 0) 5 313 5 1		gratan, trat deried to Municipal Fund.
•	,	793 2 4,903 13			567 4 0	567 L (		3,710 1 0 9,047 1 1	
		5,909 2 1 427 13 1				 		12,512 12 7,035 1	
	439 4 0	6,319 14	6,116 11		923 5 0	923 5		9,783 2 1	1 j Rs 9-0-11, amount drawn in excess over grant, and Rs, 129-2
	68 3 3	2,188 13 350 0 1	1,762 14 1 14,172 13 1	4 1 0	71 0 0 131 14 7 56 15 3	131 14	55 11	2,812 13 3,192 8 1 3 16,958 1	4 1 6 2 1 Ferry Collections transferred to Pro-
  		7,993 4 2,323 14	8 11.199 6 7.993 1*4 3.973 14 6 785 7 7 5,885 8	6	39 0 0 160 0 0 11 10 8 422 14 6	160 0 41 10	0	827 2 8,173 3	4 m Rs 1,036-12, amount drawn in excess over grant, refunded, and ba. 506 more cre- dited to Retunds as
•••		4,811 3		0 3	374 4 1	374 4	1	153 2 11,047 9	
<u>_</u> &_		157 0		0				183 8	
	3,108 1 1	3,58,353 5	1 5,20,302 8	6	8,396 5	8,396 5	5,102 7	10 6,63,564 9	8

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the

- 1	•																			QUA	NT	TTI	ES	PER	RUPK	CK BI
			•				Wı	IBAT	t <b>.</b>		. 1	SARLE.	۲.		Rics,	Brst	80R	T.	Ric	E, Co	M M	on.	E	Sulru Cumb	8H M11	LLRT- AJRA,
No.	101	stri	CTS.			Present retuin.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding return	of last year.	Fresent return.	Next preceding return.	Carresponding return of last year.		Present return-	Next prece ling return.	transporting return	- 1	Present return.	Nest preceding return		Curresponding return of last year.		Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last year.
		ING A	<del></del> I.		<u> </u>		<u>'-</u> -					·												****		
			 istricts.																							
			•								S. Ch.	1	i	- 1	Α	i	- 1				į			3. Ch.	s. Cե	\S. (
1	Burdwan	•••	•••				) 1		1		20 0		İ	- 1					13 12 B		- 1		8	•••	•••	"
2	Bankoora	•••	•••	•••			1		1		21 0 C (	22 0 16 0		- 1	12 n		- 1			_	1		8	•••	•••	
3	Beerbhoom	•••	•••	•••		.3 (					18 0 {	18 0	24	1	10 8				12 8			31		•••	•••	35
4	Midnapore		•••	•••	1	2	0 1	20	13		Ċ			- }	15 O E		- 1		12 8			25	0	•••	***	"
5	Hooghly		•••	•••		3	0 1	28	16	0₹	17 12 10 20 0	to	to	,	and	and	<b>}</b>  10	0 (	12 A and 13 0	٠		18	0			"
	Howrah	•••	•••	•••		12	8 1	3 8	12	0					11 12	u	8 17	8	13 4	14	0	22	0			
	Centro	ıl Dis	tric <b>ts</b> .				•																			
	Calcutta	•••			1	2 (	0 1	2 0	"	•	14 8	14 (	)   ···		9 0	9	0	•••	12	0 12	0	"	.	·		• "
6	24-Pergunn	he	•••			(° 13 6		1 12 to	13	4	17 8 to	17 8	}   26 1	10	F 8 0	8		8 0	13	5 12	4	20	0			\ <u>.</u>
7	Nuddea	•••			١		[ ] 1   9	36			18 14 24 10	1812	"		10 10		- 1		G	1		20	0			١.
8	Jessore		•••			13	4 1	2 0	16	0					H	13	1	0 0	i	8 16	8	26	10	•••		.
9	Moorshedab	ad		•••		15	0 1	6 0	13	0	C 21 0	22 to			I 10 0	10	0 ,	40	u	8 11	8	23	0	C 14 0	14 0	32
10	Dinagepore		•••	•••	/1	12	υ .	2 0	12	0	(	25	0 10 0 22	0 I 8	8 2	9 1	0 2	1 0	9		4	27	o			.
11	Maldah					15	o  1	5 0	20	0	21 0	21 (	35	0	10 0	10	o  2.	8 8 g	to		8 to	$\left  \left\{  ight\} _{2}$	<b>4</b> '8	16 0	16 0	20
12	Rajahahye.																1	(	11	0  11	0	1				
13	Rungpore.*																									
14	Bogna					12	0 1	2 (	17	8			۱.		6 12	6	0 1	8 12	12 12	0 10	8	33	12			
15	Pubna					16	o i	6 8	9 22	8	20 0	22	8		8 0	8	0 1	2 0	12 1	2   12	0	28	0			
16	Darreeling					6	o	6 (	0 6	0	6 0	6	0 ,10	0	6 0	в	0 1	2 0	9	o   8	o	14	0			
17	Julpigoree					9	0	9 1	1	•••					10 0	11	5	•••	14	0 14	- 5					
	Cooch Beha	ur.#					ļ		1										•					}		
	Easter	n Dis	tricts.																							
18	Dacca	•••				14	8	14 (	0   12	υ	32 (	32	o ¦30	0	12 0	12	8 2	n o.	15 (	)} 17	· u	32	0			
19	Fureedpore										25 (															
	: Backergung			•		i 1 ••	- 1		- 1	•••		i			13 E	1	- 1		1	- 1		1				
21	i		•••			111	4	11	0 0	12			- 1	••	1	- 1	- 1		15	- 1		1				
	Sylbet			•••							7 (	- 1	- 1		13 2	Ī	- 1			Į.		1				
23	Chittagon	t	•••	•••		12	0	13	0 11	C			.   .	••	13 (	13	0	18 (	17	0 17	7 U	24	0			
24	Noakholly	<b>†</b>							.				.   .		12 N	12	0	16 (	15	0 16	5 0	25	U			
25	Tipperah	•••		•••		11	0	11	0 19	3 (	•		.   .	•••	10		- 1		1	1		1				
26	Chittagon	g Hill	Tracts	<b>†</b>	•••	.	••		.	<b>.:</b> .		"	.   .	•••	10 8	3 10	8	16 (	12	5 12	2 5	20	0			
	Hall Tappe	rah+				8	0		. 10	) 6	s	۱.	.   .		11 4	10	8	26 9	2 17	7 1	5 2	40	0			

Return not received.

Return not received.

Return for week ending 11th April received after the publication of the last Gazette.

In the sub-divisions the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 12-11 seers, and of common rice from 12-8 to 14 seers per rupee.

Cause rice at 14-6 seers per rupee.

In the interior only.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 12 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupee.

Funce of common rice in the interior ranges from 12-4 to 16 seers per rupee.

# undermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 18th April 1874.

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CHOI	un, Jo	WAR.	RAGI	OR MU	RWA,	MAIZ	CORN.			Gu	LA M	•		Fı	RK-WO	op.	•	84	LT,			
Present return.	Nest preceding return.	corresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Nest preceding return	Corresponding return of inct year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Cor equanding return of last year.	Present return.		Next preceding return.	Corresponding leturn	Of the year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	corresponding return of last year.	P. comit return.		Next preceding return.	one-ponding return	of inst year.	districts.
																	. –	-				BENGAL.
i. Ch,	, S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.	. Ch.	8. Ch.	S. Ch	.S. Ch	. s. c	h. ×.	Ch	.8. (	љ.,'	8, Ch.	. S. Ch	. S. Ch.	S Cl	ı.¦S.	Ch	8.	И Ch.	Testern Distric
									1	ı		1	- 1		110 0		9 8		8	9	4	Burdwan.
•••						18 8	13 8	38 8	15	a1 0	0	22	0 3	320 O	320 0		7 14	7	11	8	12	Bankoora,
		40 O							13 8	3 13	8	27	0	2 <b>1</b> 0 0	240 0		8 4	8	4	8	8	Beerbhoom.
									12 (	12	0	18	0 1	180 0	180 0	180 0	8 4	8	4	3	8	Midnapore.
									13 8	{   13 a 13	n nd 8	}24	91	120 0	120 0		8 0	8	0	9	Q	Hooghly.
•••									14 8	13	8	22	0 1	120 0	130 0		8 8	8	13	9	4	Kowrah.
														•								Central Dist
3 8	13 0					13 0	13 8		15 0	15	0		1	100 0	100 0		8 0	8	0		•	Calcutta.
•••									13 5	13	5	20 (	)  1	120 0	120 0		8 0	8	0	9	6	24-Pergunnah
•••									15 4	15	4	29	0 1	120 0	120 0		8 7	8	7	8	14	Nuddea.
•••									18 (	18	0	20	D  1	160 0	180 0		7 0	7	0	8	0	Jessore.
•••									18 0	18	0	29	0  1	(20-0	120 0		8 8	8	8	8	0	Mourshedabad
•••									9 10	)   9	12	·B	D   3	200 O	200 0		6 12	6	12	7	8	Dinagepore.
•••	•					16 0	16 0	20 0	114 (	15	0	20	0 1	160 0	160 0	160 0	7 0	7	Û	8	0	Maldah. Rajshahye.
•																						Rungpore.*
									15 C	15	0	17	1	67 8	67 8	60 0	6 6	6	0	8	0	Bogra
•••			20 0	20 0					15 8	15	0	30	0 2	200 0	20 <b>0</b> 0		8 0	8	0	8	8	Pubna.
144			7 0	7 0	13 0	13 0	13 0	20 0	8 0	8	0	8	0  2	200-0	200 0	200 0	4 0	4	0	4	0	Darjeeling.
•••									10 (	8   (	0		1	160 0	160 0		6 5	8	6			Julpigoree.
	İ	ł	1	,	}	}	}	ı	i			ì	i,	•	1	1	ł	1		İ		Cooch Behar.
																						Eastern Distri
		; !							11 8	11	8	23	0	80 U	80 o		B U	8	0	8	0	Ducca.
		ļ							20 ∢	15	0	17	8				7 8	8	0	7	12	Furcedpore.
			ن						13 (	13	0		1	120-0	120 0	₽.	H 0	8	0	8	8	Backergung
•••	•		20 0						11 8	3 1 \$	8	19	υİ				7 12	7	8	8	8	Mymensing
·							ļ. ··		13 (	13	0	18	0  1	107 0	107 0		7 4	7	4	8	0	Sylbet.†
.,,									12 (	12	0	16	0 1	1 <b>2</b> 0 0	120 0	140 0	7 4	7	4	9	0	Chittagong
								""	ł	1		11				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	6 8	1	8	7	8	Noakholly.
																			-		-	
									12 (	12	0	18	- 1				7 12				12	Tipperah.
•••		•••												320-0	320 0	320 0	6 2				0	Chittagon _í Tracts.†
									8 (	8	Ð	10	6	•••			7 2	7	2	8	0	Hill Tipp

- The price of course tree rang a from Rs. 2-3 to its. 3 per maund.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11-7 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 24 seers per rupee.

  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 11-4 to 13 seers per rupee.

  J Highest price 9-6 seers and lowest 12 seers per rupee.

  K in the interior the price of best rice ranges from 13 to 14-4 seers, and of common rice from 14-4 to 15 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 12 to 13-12 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 17-4 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 15 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 18 to 20 seers per rupee.

  Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 15 to 20 seers, and of common rice from 17 to 23 seers per rupee.

#### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned QUANTITIES PER RUPEE BY ULRUSH MILLET-WHEAT. RICE. COMMON. BARLEY. CUMBOO. BAJRA. preceding return. N. xt preseding return. 1et 11 FIL return iert proceding refuri. einra. return eturn Next preceding return Vext preceding return DISTRICTS. Ng. re-pondi g last vent. Corresponding of dast year. Present return. !'resent return. Present neturn. Corresponding of last year. Piebetit return. Buri magerine and in nest ut return. Year of Last 1 Par. Corresponda ŕ dee uni 1 ä BEHAR. [S. Ch.] S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. S. Ch. ... | 16 0 | 15 8 | 24 0 | 19 0 | 20 0 | 31 4 | 11 8 | 12 0 | ... | 13 0 | 13 8 | 21 0 27 Patns \$ 112 0 17 0 17 0 17 8 32 0 8 4 8 0 12 0 10 0 10 0 18 0 28 Gya 30 0 11 0 11 0 14 0 12 0 12 0 18 0 14 12 19 0 20 0 19 0 17 U 29 Shahabad 4 12 0 27 $\begin{bmatrix} 10 & 0 & 14 & 0 \\ 14 & 0 & 19 \end{bmatrix}$ 20 0 9 0 to ( 6 0 30 Tir boot to 0 19 14 0 14 0 18 8 18 0 27 0 8 0 11 0 12 0 91 9 0 9 0 27 32 11 0 14 0 15 0 15 0 28 0 8 4 8 4 13 0 8 4 8 4 12 6 12 6 12 6 19 9 2 13 0 19 9 21 0 21 0 38 8 83 15 2 14 8 18 11 20 3 20 3 31 9 10 1 10 11 15 3 11 6 11 6 16 6 34 Bhagulpore 0 | 9 8 ą 8 22 0 10 8 10 8 12 0 13 0 12 0 35 Purneah .. 11 0 10 0 18 0 13 0 11 0 23 0 16 0 16 0 30 0 0 12 0 15 0 16 0 Southal Pergunnahs ORISSA. 19 11 19 11 26 4 27 12 28 14 32 13 ... 17 1 15 12 18 6 ... Cuttack 18 6 21 0 28 14 27 11 13 13 2 15 12 .. Poorec* .. 16 0 16 0 16 0 21 0 21 0 33 0 CHOTA NAGPORE. South-West Frontier Agency. 12 0 12 8 13 0 17 0 11 8 17 0 11 8 Hazareebagh .. 14 0 Lohardnega+ ... 12 0 12 0 18 0 21 0 12 0 12 0 21 0 20 0 20 0 i30 0 Singbhoom* 42 14 0 14 8 24 0 ... 12 0 12 0 16 0 0 20 0 28 0 13 0 14 0 22 0 43 Manbhoom

CALCUTTA.

The 21st April 1874.

Return for week ending 11th April received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Return for week ending 11th April received after the publication of the last Gazette.
 Return not received.
 In the interior the prices range anglohow:—Wheat from 12-8 to 14-4 seers, barley from 16-12 to 21 seers, best rice from 9-8 to 9-12 seers, common rice from 9-8 to 12 seers, lesser millet from 15 to 17 seers, maize from 13 to 15-8 and grain from 15 to 16 seers per rupee.
 P In the interior price of best rice ranges from 8 to 9 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 12-8 seers per rupee.
 Q In the interior prices range as follow: -Wheat from 9-8 to 14 seers, best rice from 8 to 10-8 seers, common rice from 9 to 11-8 seers, maize from 10-8 to 10-12 see s, and grain from 11-8 to 18 seers per rupee.
 R In the interior prices range as follow: -Wheat from 1 to 13 seers, barley from 15 to 17 seers, best rice from 8 to 9 seers, and common rice from 8-8 to 11-8 seers; maize 13 to 15 seers, and grain from 12 to 15 seers, per rupee.

#### *SUPPLEMENT TO THE CALCUTTA GAZETTE, APRIL 22, 1874.

# Districts of Bengal on the 18th April 1874.—(Continued.)

THE SEER OF 80 TOLAHS.

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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

S In the interior prices range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 17 seers, bariey from 16 to 22 seers, best rice from 8 to 13 seers, common rice from 10 to 22 seers, bulled from 12 to 22 seers, maize from 14 to 20 seers, and grain from 12 to 18 seers persuapee.
 T Prices range as follow:—Wheat from 11 to 13 seers, barley from 15 to 15-8 seers, best tice 10 seers, and common rice from 12-8 seers, less millet from 17 to 18 seers, maize from 14 to 15-12 seers, and grain 13 s. rs per rupee.
 U Prices in the interior range as follow:—Wheat from 12 to 17 seers, barley from 17 to 30 seers, best rice from 11-8 to 16 seers, and common rice from 13 to 17 seers, and grain from 10 to 14 seers per rupee.

# Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

stylement snowing Rainfall, Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 18th April 1874.

N	ío.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
HEN	NGAI	4.		
		Western Districts.	<del>i</del> !	·
0k.	1	Bordwar, 21st* April 1874.	Nil	Weather hot and dry. Wheat and barley have been reaped and have yielde a good outturn in Rancegunge, but not so good in Cutwa. The onl crops now on the ground are teel (oil-seed), which has been extensivel cultivated this year, cotton and vegetables. Rain is much wanted for these crops, and to soften the ground for the sowing of the aus or early rick which usually begins a week hence. Cholera and small-pox in Cutwa and Culma Fever as before,
	2	Bankoora, 18th " "	Nil	Hot and dry. Rain is wanted for the cotton and teel (oil-seed) now growing.
DUKDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 18th ""	Nil	Very hot, with west winds. No material change in the prospects of crops sinc last return. Rain much wanted for early rice, indigo, and all growing crop Exportation by rail for week ending 11th April, chiefly to Bhagulpore an Patna l'ivisions, 4,765 maunds. Prices rising.
;	4	Midnapore, 18th ", "		Fine and hot, with high winds. Rain would much benefit the crops on the ground but they are doing pretty well at present.
	ь	Hooghly, 18th ""	Nil	Clear throughout; very hot and stormy. Boro and jolla paddy, and teel (oil-seed on the ground. Grounds prepared for early rice cultivation.
٦		Howrah, 18th,		Days hot, nights cool and breezy. There are signs of rain now coming on. Som of the boro rice is already ripe, and the crop promises very well. Rain is much wanted to enable the ryots to prepare their lands for the agus or early rice crop and also for such boro rice as is still young, or has been grown on land unusuall high for such crops.
		Central Districts.		
DIVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 21st† April 1874.	Nil	Very hot, with strong winds from the south and south-west. Rain is very muc needed to enable cultivators to sow the early rice. The few vegetables on the ground are suffering for want of moisture. Cholera still continues in than Mothoorapore, Bankipore, Joynagore, Busseerhat, Kalaroa, Satkhira, and Barrael pore: three cases of small-pox also reported from the latter place.
ESIDENCI	7	Nudden, 18th April 1874	: !	Exceedingly hot; rain is now required for indigo, as well as to enable the early rissowings to take place. Upon the whole, the season has thus far been favorable for cultivation, and the Collector has heard that the land has never been known to be better cultivated. The price of coarse rice ranges from Rs. 2-3 to Rs. 3 pursuad. The average is about Rs. 2-10. Cholera is doing usual mischief in part of the district.
2	8	Jessore, 18th ""	Nil	Clear, hot, and dry. The boro rice harvest is in progress, and the dry weather favorable to it; but rain is now everywhere anxiously asked for on account of the sowing of the ordinary crops.
	9	Moorshedubad, 18th ,, ,	Nil   	The weather is getting hotter and hotter every day. Hot dry winds throughout the week during the day. The boro paddy, mulberry, and indigo crops are suffering much from want of rain, which is also required for the preparation of had freezly rice sowings. Cholera is on the increase and spreading. Prices seem to be stationary.
RAJSHAHYE DIVISION.	10	Dinage pore, 18th , ,	Nil	Rain has fallen in many places in the interior of the district. The bhadoi or ear rice crop still promises well; the late rains have enabled the ryots to finish all ear sowings on light soils. Jute cultivation is being pushed on. The boro rice is doir well; the late rains having prevented further damage by insects, which we beginning to appear.
KAJSHA	11	Maldah, 18th ,, ,,	Nil	Hot and dry. Strong westerly wind all day. Boro paddy promises well. Ear rice sowings commenced; a shower of rain would materially assist both the crops. Prices stationary. Health of the district generally good. A few cas of small-pox and fever reported.
1	į 12	Rajshahye, 18th " ",	Nil	No rain during the week. The heat has been excessive, and unless rain falls soo the outturn of the boro paddy will probably be diminished. Sugarcane, te (oil-seed), and the young plants of the amun or late rice, which have been sow in beels and low lands, are still doing well; but a fall of rain would be high beneficial. Prices have fluctuated slightly. Cholera is very prevalent in man parts of the district, notably at Tanore, Manda, and in the town of Beaulcah.

[•] Telegram of the 21st April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding,

[†] Report of the 21st April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudde Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and
BF	ADKS	I(Could.)	<del> </del>	
		Central Districts — (Contd.)		
£.)	13	Rungpore		Return not received.
TX(Cont	14	Bograh, 18th April 1876	Nil	Dry and seasonable. The prospects of the aous (early) rice crop are good. The cutting of the sugarcane has been nearly completed. A decidedly good outton will result.
RAJSHAHYE DIVN(Confel.)	15	Pubna, 18th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather very hot. No rain during the week. The harvesting of the cheer (millet), wheat, and gram has been completed. Teel (oil seed) and knwn (millet look promising. Joha and boro paddy are suff-ring from want of rain. The prospects of indigo, sugarcane, and mango are good. Early and late rice (aous an amm) are being sown in low lands, but rain is wanted to enable the ryots to do soon high lands. Price of rice stationary. Cholcra has appeared in Berah, Maldal Urrankalla, and Muthoora.
Dirx.	16 	Infrieding, 18th , ,	070	Getting warmer, with rather strong winds. In the plains the janerah or early ric crop is progressing favorably. Land is being prepared for the bladoi (early) ric and has partially been sown. The young pat or jute cultivation is getting o well. In the hills wheat and barley have mostly been gathered in. The youn bhoota (Indian-com) is coming up, and if the present rain becomes a little extended the yield, it is expected, will be very good.
COOCH BEHAR DIVY	17	Julpigoree, 18th ., .,	2:21	Cloudy; and smart showers. This has been most beneficial to the bhadoi (early planting and also good for the kawn (millet). Kawn is more largely cultivate than usual, and promises well. About double the usual quantity of land is cultivated with bhadoi being got ready this year. In some places the bhadoi (early rice is well above ground; in others it has only just been sown or is about to be so. In the north of the district and in Dooars price of rice falls; in South Bod it rises. The late rain should lower prices everywhere.
į		Cooch Behar, 18th ,, "	4 20	Sulfry and cloudy, with several thunder-storms. A severe gale on Wednesda morning. Cheena (millet) is being cut in some places. The prospects of the earl rice continue good.
{	18	Eastern Districts. Dacca, 21st* April 1874	Nil	Weather very hot and dry; prospect of crops on ground good; rain wanted to sowings.
IVISION.	19	Furreedpore, 18th ,, .,	Nil	Clear, sunny, and very windy throughout the week. Days hot and oppressive, but nights cool. No change in the prospects of the crops since last week. Bain much wanted for the high lands. Cholera still prevalent towards the south of the district in the direction of Muxudpore station. Cattle disease is also reported from the same locality; there is small-pox in places, spread principally be inoculation.
I I		Backergunge, 11th ,, ,,	·35	Weather hot; some rain has fallen; prospects of crops good.
DACCA DIVIS	21	Mymensing, 18th April 1874.	Nil	Weath r generally hot and close, but occasionally high winds from south an south-east. No rain in any part of the district—Millet and early rice crops ar being cut, and the outturn is a good one. Sowing of aus (early rice is still going on in some backward parts of the district. Prospects are generally good.
ţ	53	Sylhet, 11th April 1871	10:18	Weather very cool for this time of the year; storms nearly every night. Heaverains, Laterice sowings stopped on account of the rains. Early rice sowings progressing. No further injury to the horo rice crop. There seems to be every sign of dry weather setting in; if so, the late rice sowings will be pushed on The health of the district is good. About 7,500 maunds of rice and 4,000 maunds of publy exported.
	23	Chittagong, 11th April 1874.	Few drops of rain.	A little rain fell on the 5th and 6th April; otherwise the weather has been hot with a good deal of wind at times. Ploughing for the early crops continues and the sowing of panega or irrigated early rice has commenced in some places.
JIVN.	24	Nonkhully, 11th April 1874.	0.01	Cloudy on the 5th and 6th April; rest of the week fair. Weather getting hot Preparations tor the early rice are being made everywhere, and sowing ha commenced in most places. The pulses are doing well.
CHITIAGONG DIVN.	25	Cuppersh, 18th April 1874		Clear and hot; strong wind from south. No rain; harvesting of the boro ric crop has commenced; sugarcane is still being gathered. Prospects of all crop good. Amun (late) and aus (early) rice being sown. Cholera and small-posslightly prevalent.
5    -	26	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 11th April 1874.	·60 (	Cool at night and in the mornings; hot at noon; some rain has fallen. Joom cutting is nearly finished. The hillmen have begun to burn their jooms here and there. Tobacco is still being gathered.
•	26a	Hill Tipperah, 11th April 1874.	0.59	Very hot. Heavy rain on the morning of the 6th and night of the 7th April. No change to report. The land is being prepared for the early rice sowings in the plains under the hills. The jungles in the hills are being burnt, and the joom will be soon ready for sowing. No sickness about.

N	D.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prosperts of the crops, and state of health at date.
вен	AR.			
	27	Patns, 20th April 1874	Nil	Weather seasonable, with strong west winds. The cold weather crops have now been call reaped and gathered, and there is nothing on the ground except cotton. cheena (millet), and sugarcane in small quantities. Small-pox is spreading, and is not now confined to the city; a few cases of cholera have been also reported.
	28	Gya, 18th .,	Nil	Fine weather Harvest of the cold weather crops completed. Rain would be acceptable, but not absolutely necessary. Small-pox prevalent.
	29	-hahnbad, 18th ,, ,,	Nil	Hot, with strong west wind. The cold weather crops have all been harvested.  Cheena (millet) in the ground in places. Sugarcane and vegetables have been sown. Small-pox still prevalent.
PATNA DIVISION.	30	Tirhoot, 18th " "	Nil	Seasonably hot. Westerly wind prevailing. In the Sectamurhee sub-division the cold weather crop is harvested. The mange blossoms are being scorched, and have suffered from recent high wind. Moong (pulse), cheena and kawn (millets) suffer from drought; one good shower might yet enable the ryot to have a 4-anna crop. Rain is reported to have fallen at Bela outpost on frontier, and thunderstorm at Sectamurhee on 14th instant.  The sub-divisional officer of Durbhunga states that there was no rain during the fortnight; though the cheena and moong are hardy crops, he has grave doubts regarding their ever coming to anything.  The sub-divisional officer of Hajcepore reports that the low chour rice is fair, the moong (pulse) has failed to a great extent in the north part of his sub-division, and rain is very much required.  There is no material change in the prospect of the rest of the sub-divisions.
	31	Sarun, 18th .,	Na	Clear throughout and hot west wind prevailing. Indigo prospects bad; the plants are sickly and withering away for want of moisture. The continued drought and west winds are affecting the crops injuriously. Cheena (millet), Sugarcane, and moong (pulse) are doing well where irrigation is practicable. Rain much wanted for the crops and to permit of the ground being prepared for the paddy sowings. Numbers of mangoes blown down by the high west wind. Prices of barley, Indian-corn, and grain have slightly fallen.
	32	Chumparun, 18th " "	Nil	East and west winds; weather very hot. Prospects much the same, except that the cheena (millet), where not irrigated, has failed. Strong west winds have prevailed, which have dried up this crop and damaged the mango also. Small-pox still continues.
	33	Monghyr, 18th ., .,	Nil	High west winds. The cold weather crop is all cut, and is being winnowed with the aid of the high wind. A good mohwa crop is being gathered. The mango crop will be a poor one. Bain is much wanted for early rice sowings.
R DIVN.	34   	Bhagulpore, 21st Apri 1874.	l Nii	Weather hot; strong west winds; good rain in Simrah circle on 15th April. Low land paddy so far promising well. General health good.
BHAGULPORE DIVN.	35	Purneah, 18th April 187	4 Nil	Hot west winds, seasonable weather. There has been a little rain in Arrareah, but it is very much wanted all over the other parts of the district both for the crops and for the cattle. The quantity of land sown is said to be above the average in many parts; it is certainly not below it. Considering the great drought, it is coming up well. Prices are rising slightly in the city, but have fallen towards the south and south-east.
	36	Sonthal Pergunnahs, 18th April 1874.	Nil	Hot winds blowing very constantly from west by day, with casterly winds at night Mohwa crop excellent everywhere. It is the chief crop coming in now. Many villages will get up to 100 maunds of flowers. Mangoes nowhere good except in Rajmehal. Fine promise spoilt by hail. Sugarcane cultivation going on in Deogurh. Cheena (millet) wants rain badly in Godda. Murrowa (millet) coming up well in Deoghur. No cold weather crops of any kind in Doomka. Boro paddy doing well in Rajmehal.
	( 37	Cuttack 21st† ., .		Weather very hot; evenings cloudy but no rain. Dalua rice has ripened. Public health good.
ORISSA DIVISION.	31	8 Pooree, 11th April 187	ya Na	Days moderately hot, with cool nights and southern wind. Moong (pulse) is being gathered with a fair outturn. Dalua rice crop is being reaped, with a good outturn; one-fourth portion has been harvested. Cotton is doing well. Mango thriving. Agricultural operations for ensuing cultivation of crops are proceeding well, and sugarcane is being planted. Purchases of rice for export continues on a reduced scale, and prices are slightly lower than before. Public health is generally good.
	3	Balasore, 18th April 18	Nil	Weather continues dry and hot, with high wind. Manuring of the land for the next season's crop in progress. Ploughing checked by absence of rain; the harvesting of the dalua rice still continues.

^{*} Telegram of the 20th April, received on the 21st, shows rainfall during the seven days including the 20th.

† Telegram of the 21st April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
CHOTA	NAGPORE.		•
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
40	Hazarechagh, 18th April 1874.	Nil	Hot gales all day. Nothing to add to the information given last week. The mokwa is still falling, and the physical condition of the poor of those parts, where prices were previously very high and food short, has greatly improved. Mohwa will continue in the hands of the poor for about three months more.
41	Lohardugga, 18th April 1874.	Nil	Dry and hot by day, but nights are still cool. No crops on the ground. The mohwa harvest is going on and affords immense relief, especially in the more distressed parts of the district. A few cases of small-pox still occur in different parts of the district, but the general health is good.
42	Singbhoom, 11th April 1874.	Nil	Weather hot and dry. Nothing to add to last week's report. Weather fiercely hot; still a few cases of cholera reported from Dhalbhoom.
43	Manbhoom, 18th April 1874.	Nil	Clear and hot; strong westerly winds. The mohwa is still falling, and the April crop of lac is being gathered, which will enable many of the poorer classes to procure food. Seed-paddy is being consumed largely, and distress is reported from places where it was least expected, but no deaths have yet occurred from actual starvation. Measles, fever, and small-pox reported in several places.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,

The 21st April 1874.

R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

### · Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

<u>.</u>		٠.	_		m 29th to 4th 874.	m 6th		FROM 18T ABY 1874.	
MINISTON.	District.		STATION,		Rain from 2 March to April 1874	Rain from to 11th 1 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
NG.	L.	1				Inches.		1874.	
- 1	WESTERN DISTR	ICTS.		1	1101101	Inches.		10/5.	
١		را	Burdwan		Nil	Nil	7.72	11th April	
١			Cutwa		0°07 Nil	Nil Nil	6·65 6·18	ditto.	•
d	Burdwan		Bood-bood		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	5.64 4.78	ditto. ditto	
-		- []	Rancegunge Jehanabad		Ni	Nil	7.00	ditto.	
-	Bankoora	]	Bankoora		Nıl	Nil	5.03	ditto.	
	Beerbhoom	1	<b>6</b>		Nil	Nil	5.66	ditto.	
اا	Deer Dir Gotta	".			0.08	Nil	<b>5</b> ·19	ditto.	
BURDWAY.			Midnapore Tumlook		Nil	Nil	8.85	ditto.	
4	Midnapore	{	Gurbetta		0.02 0.10	Nil Nil	7·63 8·12	ditto.	
1		- []	Contai } Exe. Engr.'s	Office	Nil	Nil	7.81	ditto.	
į	Hoort-	(	Hooghly		Nil	Nil	5.20	ditto.	
	Hooghly	₩ {	Serampore	•••	Nil	Nil	5.87	ditto.	
l	Howrah	•••	Howrab	•••	Nil	Nil	4.90	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DIST	RICTS.			<b> </b>				
		r	Saugor Island		0.10	Nil	5 10	ditto.	
		t	Calcutta	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	6.65 7.08	ditto.	
	ĺ		Alipore { Dispensary Jail	•••	Nil	Nil	6 94 2 81	ditto.	
_	24-Pergunnahs	}	Busseerhat Baraset	•••	Nil Nil	Nıl Nil	5.40	ditto.	
ı			Diamond Harbour		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	4·16 2·75	ditto.	
1		1	Barripore Satkhirah	•••	Nil	Nıl	3.22	ditto,	
1		l	Barrackpore Dum-Dum		Nil   Nil	Nil Nil	5 56 3·52	ditto.	
PRESTORACY.		ľ	Ki-hnaghur		Nil	Nil	7 03	ditto.	
		į	Bongong	•••	N:1 1:12	Nil 0 <b>:27</b>	5·64 9·03	ditto.	
	Nuddea	₹	Meherpore Chooadangah	•••	0.70	0.12	8·12 6·87	ditto.	
٦		l	Kooshtea Ranaghat	•••	1·59 Nil	0°08 Nil	6.73	ditto.	
-1	1	r	Jessore		Nil	0.38	6.22	ditto.	
1	1_		Narail	•••	0.45 Nil	0.02 0.52	5.85 7.78	ditto.	
Į	Jesnore	₹	Jh-nidah	•••	2.72	Nıl Nıl	10.31	ditto.	
		Į.	Bagirhat Magoora	•••	Nil 0.91	Nil	6.58	ditto. ditto.	
		٢	Berhampore		Nil	Nil	3.25	ditto.	
		- 1	Rampore Haut City Moorshedabad		N ₁ 1 0.01	Nil Nil	3.68	ditto.	
1	Moorshedsbad	≺	Jungipore		0.88 0.40	Nil Nil	4·35 3·44	ditto. d.	
		Į	Azımgunge Lalgolla		0.12	Nil	3.28	ditto.	
	Dinagepore			•••	0.12	0.83	4.01	ditto.	
,	Maldah	•••	Maldah	•••	0.88	0.60	4.92	ditto.	
RAJSHARYE.	Rajshahye	{	Bauleah	•••	0.75 0.35	0·16 0·91	4·14 6·03	ditto.	
LA JSE			D	•••	0.12	0.67	7.54	ditto.	
-	Rungpore	}	Bhowanigunj	•••	N::1	0.73 Nil	3·73 8·38	ditto.	
	Bogra			•••	0,00	3.14	14.01	ditto.	
			Pubna	•••	2.73	0.07	6.90	ditto.	
	Pubna	1	Serajgunj	•••	3.70	Not rec	5.81	4th April	
	Darjeeling	•••	Darjeeling Telegraph Hospital	Office		Not rec. 2.84	2·04 6·22	15th March 11th April	
HAR	lului	(	Julpigoree	٠	1 27.7	0.03	2.94	ditto.	
88	Julpigoree		Fallacotta   Bodah	•••		Not rec	3.49	4th April 11th April	
COOCH BEEAS.	Cooch Behar Ti							374.	
ర	State	**	l.	•••	1	0.40	4.78	ditto.	
	Bhútan Dooars	••	.   Buxa	•••	. Not rec.	Not rec.	1.86	28th Feb.	

	· Deserves	,	Statio	_	8		Ith April		PROM 1st LEY 1874.	But. nes
District.		SIZITOR.				March to April 1874.	1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	RHEADKA
NG	AL-(Continued.)				١,	Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
1	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Dacca	§ Telep	zraph Office	1	0.99	0.16	7:41	11th April.	
(	Dacca	Moonsho Manicks	nu <b>ge</b> ekunge Gunge	pital 		0°97 1°22 0°81	0°22 0°90 0°27	8:02 7:68 6:21	ditto. dicto. ditto.	
١	Fureedpore	Fureed; Goalune		·6·		1.28 0.39	Nil Nil	11·15 7·21	ditto. di <b>tto.</b>	
Васса.	Backergunge	Burrisa Perozer Madari Patooal Dowlat	ore pote chally			Nil Nil 0°10 Nil Nil	Not rec. ditto Nil Not rec. ditto	5.03 3.08 6.40 2.82 4.90	4th April. ditto. llth April. 4th April. ditto.	
	Mymensingh	Mymer Jamaly Atia Kishor				2:63 0:30 1:15 1:35	2 82 2 69 1 45 2 51	13·20 8·07 7·16 16·90	11th April. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet	•••	•••		6.45	7.93	29:30	ditto.	
	Cachar	Cachar Hylaka Koyah	ındy	•••		1.61 Not rec 4.43	2·40 Not rec 4·76	19:43 4:03 25:37	ditto. 7th Feb. 11th April.	
	Chittagong	Chittag Cox's	^{çong} {Jai	legraph Offici l	 	0°70 0°57 Nal	Nil Nil Nil	4·20 5·00 1·58	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
OEG.	Noakholly	Noakh	oll <b>y</b>	***	•••	Nil	0.04	6.00	1	
CHITTAGONG.	Tipperah .	{ Comill Brahn	ah unberiah	•••	•••	1·66 2·53	Nil 0'61	8·04 11·27	ditto. ditto.	
Ü	Chittagong Hill Tra	i	matee Hill	•••	.,.	Not rec	0.60	2 87	ditto	Not rec. 15th March to April.
PTI	∐ Hill Tipperah AR.	Hill 7	ipper <b>ah</b>	•••		3.99	0.28	10 98	ditto.	
L, N	Patna	Patna Rebar Barh Dinap	  ore {Ja	  il ntonment		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:41 2:65 2:71 1:20 1:22	ditto. ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.	
	Gya	. S Gya Nowa Arung Jehan		•••	•••	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	2:60 2:94 1:61	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PATHL	Shahabad	Arrah Sasser Buxan Bhube	am	•••	•••	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1.56 1.76 1.90 1.80	ditto. ditto ditto. ditto.	Not rec, 1st to 7th Mar.
₽.	Tirhoot	Durbl Hajee Mudy Sector				Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not red ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	1·19 1·29 1·15 1·00 0·90 1·24	4th April. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. litto. lith April.	
	Sarun	{ Chupi Sewai	ah	•••		Nil Nil	Not red	c. 1·48 1·22	4th April	T. O
	Chumparua	{ Motil	arce di		•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil		11th April.	
	Mongbyr	} Bego	hyr Serai oee	•••		Nil	Nil Nil Nil	1.91	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
POR E.	Bhagulpore	Soope Mude Bank	ulpore ol lehpoora a orsa		•••	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:40 1:05 2:54 1:49	ditto . ditto. ditto. ditto.	. Not rec. 22nd to 28th F
BHAGULPORE.	Purneah	}   Kisac	eah• ngunge reah	•••	•••	. Nil	Nii 0:29 1:23	3.20	ditto.	
	Sonthal Pergunnah	Jam Rajn	hur ara ehal Doomka la	•••	••	Not re Nil Nil	c. Ni Ni Ni Ni	l No l 1.50 l 2.99	ditto ditto ditto.	From 5th April.

				Rain from 29th March to 4th April 1874.	Rain from 6th to 11th April 1874.	Rain Janu	From 1st art 1874.	. •		
Division.	District.	STATION.	STATION.			Inches.	Up to date,	Remares.		
ORISS	3A.			Inches.	Inches.		1874.			
ſ	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajpore Kendraparah Jugatsungpore		Nil Nil Nil 0°20 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4·13 4·73 3·10 1·80 1·85	11th April. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.			
OKCHOA.	Pooree	False Point Pooree Khurdah	•••	Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil	2·36 1·71 4·01	ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 29th March to 4th April.		
	Balasore	Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandbally		0.01 Nil 0.12 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	4:60 6:99 6:39 2:94 1:96	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb.		
- {	Cuttack Tributary Mehs	Sambalpore	•••	Not rec.	Not rec.	2.13	28th Mar.			
	CHOTA NAGPORE SOUTH WESTERN FRONTIER AGENCY									
	Hazareebagh	Hazareebagh { Jail   Dispensary   Pachumba	, ,	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	4:40 4:57 3:81	11th April. ditto. ditto.			
	Loharduggah	Ranchee Palamow		Nil Nil	Nıl Nıl	6·85 3·97	ditto.			
	Singbhoom	Chybassa		Nıl	Nil	6.87	ditto.			
	Manbhoom	Purulis Govindpore		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	5·39 5·78	ditto. ditto.			
	ASSAM & ADJACED	T								
	Goalparah	Goalparah Dhoobree		1°15 2°40	Not rec	4·94 3·13	4th April ditto.			
	Kamroop	Gowhatty Burpettah	 	1:06	0 62 1:34	8·29 9·39	11th April.			
	Durrung	Tezpore Mungledye		Not rec ditto	Not rec	1·09 2·00	7th Feb. ditto.			
	Nowgong			2.21	0.42	7.68	1	Not rec. 1st to 7th Mar.		
	Serbsaugor	Seebsaugor Golaghat Jorebaut Nazeerah	 		Not ree ditto ditto ditto	10 74 11 75 10 37 11 29	4th April. ditto. ditto. ditto.			
•	Luckimpore	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	 	Not rec 0.87 Not rec.	ditto ditto ditto	2·27 8 13 4·15	7th Feb. 4th April. 7th Feb.			
	Naga Hills		•••	1	ditto	6.81	4th April.	` .		
	Khasi and Jynteal Hills	Shillong Cherrapoonjee		ditto	ditto ditto ditto	2·48 0 68 Nil	7th Feb. 31st Jan. 3td Jan.			
	Garo Hills	Tura	•••	ditto	ditto	5.94	28th Feb.			
		Benarcs Akyab	•••	N7:1	ditto Nil	0:39	21st Mar. 11th April.			

Calcutta,
The 18th April 1874.

H. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gont. of Bengal.

				t1	Тивамо	m et e e.	.	Wind			1.	
STATION.	Date.	Hour.	Barometer reduced to 32 .	Harometer reduced to sea laved	Dry,	We:	liumi- dity, s.t.	Direction.	* Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	Weather initials.
CALCUITA.	April 12th 13th 14th 15th 16th 17th	16	29 881 29 690 29 695 29 675 29 675 29 605 29 605 29 747 2 6912 29 747 2 6912 29 765 29 795 29 795	20:899 29:717 20:850 20:603 29:-28 20:603 29:-28 20:603 29:818 29:603 20:785 20:785 29:874 20:718 29:813 29:667	80 5 103 5 87 5 88 6 89 0 98 2 88 8 93 8 80 0 90 5 80 8	82 4 75 9 81 8 84 5 80 5 80 5 80 6 80 6 80 8 81 8 82 3 82 6	73 23 77 51 71 49 64 55 47 54 69 61 65	\$\$ W \$\$ W \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$ \$\$	78 98 17 25 69 68 78 4 137 107 163 124 134		cs	b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b b
SAUGOR ISLAND.	12th 1.5th 14th 15th 16th 17th 18th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 .6 10	29:019 29:750 29:767 29:705 29:705 29:705 29:917 29:916 29:914 29:634 29:000 29:757 29:78 20:699	29 925 29 756 29 873 29 718 29 86 29 711 29 923 20 950 29 840 29 906 29 844 29 834 29 834 29 705	86 87 85 87 86 87 86 88 87 88 87 88	81 82 81 81 81 81 81 81	79 79 79 79 76 77 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79 79	S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W	11:8 14:1 5:5 10:8 10:9 10:3 15:0 16:3 16:7 16:7 16:3 14:5 19:9		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	b, scuds. b, m, scuds. b, m, scuds. b, m, scuds. b, m, scuds. b, m, scuds. i, m, scuds. i, m, scuds. b, scuds. b, scuds. b, scuds. b, scuds. b, scuds. b, scuds. b, scuds.
CHITTAGONG.	12th 13th 14th 15th 16th 17th 18th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	20 850 20 712 20 840 20 712 2 811 20 682 20 876 20 761 20 781 20 781 20 781 20 826 20 826	20/981 20/833 19/937 29/801 29/905 20/773 29/968 29/863 29/872 20/872 20/853 29/853 29/853 29/853	68 68 67 89 88 87 87 80 80 87 86 88	79 81 7 80 7 70 7 77 80 7 80 7 80 7 80 7 80 7	68 72 65 65 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68 68	8	40 84 17 142 61 114 57 154 76 172 92 169		K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K K	b, m  b, m  b, m  b, m  b, m  b, m  b, m  b, m  b, w  c, m  b, w  c, m  b, v  q  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c, m  c,
MADEAS.	11th 12th 13th 14th 15th 16th 17th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	20:009 20:365 20:304 20:385 20:385 20:385 20:776 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485 20:485	20 × 55 30 (20 20 × 55 30 (20 20 × 54 20 9 58 29 8 0 6 20 × 51 20 7 19 20 × 85 29 7 87 20 9 89 20 8 8 7 4 30 0 0 3 29 8 5 7	87 90 87 92 92 92 90 86 90 87 86	79 77 77 76 78 78 78 78 77 77	5) 61 53 61 12 45 45 48 75 66 61 61	S E by S S E by E S E S E S E S E S E S E S E S E S E S	12 13 13 13 14 15 15 18 16 12 12 12 15			6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
CUTTACE.	12th 13th 14th 16th 16 h 17th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	20-92-2 29-664 20-769 29-785 29-780 29-790 29-795 29-847 29-705 29-705 29-730 29-730 29-730 20-730	20:913 20:735 29:850 20:606 29:822 29:611 20:80 20:756 20:28 99:746 20:888 20:719 20:811 20:674	91 104 104 88 104 90 96 90 91 93 97 91	80 76 79 79 74 79 79 78 78 79 78	60 21 53 30 65 65 20 59 41 56 46 48 42 53	S S W S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W	30 35 24 26 19 26 26 75 44 80 63 47 59		C'CK	6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
ARTAB.	12th 13th 14th 15th 16th 17th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	294731 29773 297926 29763 29763 29774 29986 20 973 29 550 29916 29916 29740 297760	29.994	89 87 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89 89	79 79 78 80 79 80 80 79 80 77 78	65 72 84 64 65 66 65 68 61 62 62 62 62	N W W S S W S S W S E S S W S E S W S W S	3°6 101 2°0 6°1 1°3 5°3 2°1 6°0 1°7 1°7 2°0 2°2 6°6			6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6

* Venerty of wind in nines per hour.

CALCUTTA.

The 18th April 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD,

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Bengal.

### Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 8th to 14th April 1874.

		eter.	THERMOMETER.			dew-		Wind.							
Month	Date.	Vran reduced barometer.	Highert rending.	Lowert reading.	Max. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Compated mean	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.			Moon's pluses.	GENERAL REMARKS.
		Inches.	0	0	0	0	0	Ö			tb	Miler	In.		
April	8th	29.822	90·0	77.0	142.2	82.4	76.7	72.7	0.43	S by W & S	0.3	211.9			Clear and cumuli.
	9th	•766	93.3	75 7	1170	83.7	78.3	74.2	.42	S & S by E	•••	177:2			Chiefly clear.
	10th	.805	93.7	77.4	1460	84.7.	79 7	762	.76	S by E & S	0.8	182.7		D	Ditto.
	11th	.818	99 8	78.6	149.0	80.7	80.3	76.3	.72	swæss W		225.1			Clear and scuds.
	12th	.791	103.2	79·4	154.7	88.3	79.6	74.4	.64	ssw&w sw	•••	165.8			Ditto.
	13th	.757	98.6	796	144.6	86.8	80.8	76.9	.73	SSE	0.5	126.2			Chiefly clear.
•	14th	.738	98-2	80:0	143.0	87:4	80.3	76.0	· <b>7</b> 0	S by E & S S	1.8	16 <b>5</b> ·5			Ditto.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days  The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	27·8 103·5'
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	103.5
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.72
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	•••	0.69
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 8th to 14th by lower rain gauge	•••	Nil
by anemometer gauge	•	Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	0.29 .
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 14th April		6.65
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	3.47

GOPEENAUTH SEN, in charge of the Overvatory.

The 20th April 1874.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, -- BENGAL.

GENERAL ESTABLISHMENT.-No. 109.-The 20th April 1874.

Statement showing heights over mean sea level and low water on River Ganges, Bhagiruthee, and Brahmaproter during the month of March 1874.

BRAHWAPOOTER.	Gowhatty.	•	•	Height over mean sea level.	151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06 1151.06
Ввану	Gow			Height over low water.	שלי שלי שלי שלי שלי שלי שלי שלי שלי שלי
	zhur.	20*	ลเดิ	Height over mean sea levei.	BETRESTER STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF STATE OF ST
RIVER BHAGIRUTHER.	Kishnaghur.		From Berham-	Heirht over low water.	वेश वी वी वी वेश के के के के के के के के के के के के के
RIVER BH.	Berhampore.			Height over mean sca level.	88844444444648888888888888888888888888
	Berha			Height over low . water.	निमेम्बिकेकेकेकेके विकास सम्बद्धित से के के के के के के के के के के के के के
	ındo.	120.	From Rampore dsulvad	Heirint over mean sea level.	######################################
	Goalundo.	.163	From Benares	Height over low water.	
	Rampore Baulenh.	.06	-didas mor¥ 9411189	Height over mean sea level.	Not received.
		114	From Bonares	Height over low water.	Not received.
	hibgunge.	7-6	From Monglyr	Height over mean sea level.	\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$\$
	Sahib	.188	From Benarca	H. i.cht over low water.	
RIVER GANGES.	Monghyr.	110.	ьтот Біцароге	Height over mean sea level.	1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 1100119 110011
RIVE	Mo	'282	From Benares	Height over low water.	ราชาวิทยาลัง เมื่อ การการการการการการการการการการการการการก
	Dinapore.	.78	Ггот Вихаг	Height Height over nean water, sea level.	14018 14018 14018 14016 14014 14016 14008 14008 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009 14009
	Din	.771	From Benares	·	11000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Buxar.	.00	Prom Bountes	Height over mean sea level.	2002 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007 2007
	Ba			Height over low water.	
	Benares.			Height over mean sea level.	Not received.
	Ben			Height overlow water.	Not received.
		Miles.	Distance		
			Date.		25th 25th 25th 25th 25th 25th 25th 25th

J. E. T. NICOLLS, Colonel, B.E., Secy. to the Gort. of Bengal, P. W. Deparlment.

#### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

#### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th April 1874, on 1584 miles open.

The second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of the second of th		OACHING TRAFFIC.	MERCHANDISE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts,	Weight carried. Receipts.
	:	Rs. A. P. & s. d.	Mds. Srs. Rs. A. P. & s. d. &
Total traffic for the week	29,6024 1×7 380,5×64	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,009 0 168 13 3 42 19 6 5
Total for 11 weeks COMPARISON.	410,189	3,26,828 11 9 29,959 4 9	1,500,087 0 7,40,280 6 9 69,445 8 7 99,40
Total for corresponding week of previous year Per mile of railway, corresponding	31,003	22,075 11 3 2,023 12 2	
week of previous year  Total to corresponding date of previous year	461,0114	141 0 11; 12 18 7 0,53,361 1 2; 32,791 8 9	

#### NALHATI STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 4th April 1874, on 271 miles open.

	,				
	•	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. Mds. Srs	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d. £
lotal traffic for the week	1,391	1,012 0 0	101 4 0 8,961 0	659 0 0	65 18 0 165
Or per mile of railway	51	37 0 0	3 14 0 329 0	21 0 0	2 8 0
For previous 13 weeks of half-year	17.759	13 150 0 0	1,315 0 0 90,760 0	7,211 0 0	721 8 0 2,036
Total for 14 weeks	19,153	14,162 0 0	1,316 4 0 99,721 0	7 878 0 0	787 6 0 2,200
COMPARISON.  Lotal for corresponding week of				Ì	
previous year	1,385	998 3 7	99 16 5 4,149 20 ;	293 11 3	29 7 5 12
Per mue of railway, corresponding week of previous year	51	36 19 1	3 13 3 + 152 11	10 6 7	1 0 10
Total to corresponding date of pre- vious year	23,375	17,699 5 5 [†]	1,709 18 9 95,701 20	7.739 7 0	778 19 12 2,54

#### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th April 1871, on 28 miles open.

•		Rs. A. P. 1	£ s. d.	Mas, Srs.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	
Total traffic for the week Or per muo of railway For previous 14 weeks of half-year	8,074 288 122,402	2,220 0 0 79 8 0 17,061 0 0	7 19 0	737 0	811 0 0 29 0 0 9,041 0 0	81 2 0 2 18 0 904 2 0	30 2,61
l'otal for 15 weeks	130, ", 6	19,293 0 0	1,929 6 0	203,H0\ 0	9,852 0 0	985 4 0	2,91
COMPARISON.							
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,190	1,023 12 9	102 7 7	18,987 6	597 12 0	58 15 6	!   16
Per mue of railway, corresponding week of previous year	185	26 9 0	3 13 1	678 0	21 0 0	2 2 0	
Total to corresponding date of previous year	118,395	18,251 12 0	1,823 3 6	429,924 . 0	13,482 13 0	1.348 5 8	3,17
•	١	'	1	l	1		İ

#### EAST'INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th April 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

		Ks. A. P.;	£ *s, d.	Mds, Srs.	Rs. A. P.:	£ s. a	<u>-</u>
Total traffic for the week to per mile of rafiway For previous 13 weeks of half-year	120,17 <b>4</b> 1,100,932	1,70,019 8 11 133 8 6 22,54,052 14 8	15,667 12 6 12 4 10 206,621 10 4		*7,55,748 6 8 590 6 10 85, \$1,248 9 8	69,276 18 9 54 2 5 782,947 15 9	84,94 6 980,56
COMPARISON	1,351,103	24,21,972 7 7	222,280 2 10	21,686,021 10	92,96,996 15 11	852,224 14 4	10,74,51
lotal for corresponding week of previous year Fruille of railway corresponding week of previous year	128,319	2,10,055 0 1 164 1 8	19,255 0 10	826, 101-30	8,77,250 12 6 . 294 11 8	34,581 6 5 27 0 4	53,834 <b>4</b>
Total to corresponding date of pre-	1 1,701,901	25,58,964 2 7	234,11 · 7 · 8	11,494,681-30	56,74,618 1 1	520,173 6 5	75+,28

^{*} Maunds 44,749-10 and Rs. 6,032-3-8 added on account of difference between approximate and anotted returns of previous weeks.

11,330-2-3 ditto of ditto of feet grains due by Government to the ditto of estimated preparation of freight on food-grains due by Government for this we

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th April 1874, on 2233 miles open.

	c	Coaching Traypic.	MERCHAND	IBE AND MINERAL TRAFFIC.	Total traffic
	Number of passengers.	Coaching receipts.	Weight carried.	Receipts.	receipts.
		Rs. A. P £ s.	. Mds. Srs.	Rs. A. P. £ s. d.	£ s. d.
Total traffic for the week A. Or per mile of railway	4,014  70,857	16,900 8 9 1,540 1 75 2 8 6 17 2,44,585 5 6 22,420 6	0	*63,946 4 3 5,861 14 10 26 4 6 4,10,212 15 0 37,602 17 1	
Total for 14 weeks COMPARISON.	74,871	2,61,395 14 3 23,060 7	5 1,666,435 10	4,74,159 8 3 43,464 11 11	67,124 19 4
Total for corresponding week of previous year	6,222	18,774 G 1 1,720 19 84 0 1 7 14 2,19,131 2 9 22,837 0	σ	21,005 13 6 1,925 10 9 93 15 9 8 12 4 3,18,361 0 0 29,183 1 10	3,646 10 5 16 6 4 52,020 2 4

Maunds 38,615-20 and Rs. 2,219-13-3 added on account of difference between approximate and audited returns of previous weeks.

12,276-3 ditto ditto food-gri insidue by Covernment of ditto.

9,820-3 ditto of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for Jack week.



# The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 29, 1874.

#### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupers per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupers if sent by Post.

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tricts of Bengal on the 25th April 1874	556	Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to sea level, with Anemometric results and observations of sky screnity	5G <b>0</b>
ending the 25th April 1874	560	the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st April 1874	1
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to 25th April 1874	567	Weekly Return of Traine Receipts on Indian Railways	573

#### TRAINING NATIVE MIDWIVES.

No. 158, dated Burdwan, the 8th April 1874.

From—C. T. Buckland, Esq., Commissioner of the Burdwan Division. To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Judicial Department.

With reference to Government Circular No. 150, of the 12th December last, and its enclosures, I have the honor to submit the following report on the

subject of training native women in practical midwifery.

2. The only district where the scheme appears to have worked with some success is Hooghly, where the people are said to have appreciated the merits of the trained "dhyes," as will be seen from the annexed copy of a letter, No. 133, of the 25th March, from the Magistrate of that district.

No. 133, dated Hooghly, the 25th March 1871.

From—F. H. Pellew, Esq., Officiating Magistrate of Hooghly, To—The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division.

In reply to your circular No. 32T, of the 10th January 1874, calling for report upon training of native women in practical midwifery, I have the honor to submit the following report of the Civil Surgeon of Hooghly.

report of the Civil Surgeon of Hooghly.

2. The Civil Surgeon states that "the midwifery class attached to the Imambarah begrital consists of one head days and four apprentices, viz —

hospital consists of one head dhye and four apprentices, viz.-

Head Dhye ... Champa.

Apprentices ... Saroda.

Mutty.
Seedee.

"These are placed under the charge and tuition of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon attached to read and write Bengali, and have advanced considerably, and the whole receive instructions regularly from Bengali midwifery translations, and lectures from the best midwifery works, twice a week by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Baboo Ashootosh Goopta, under my superintendence. The head dive has had opportunities of attending several cases of both natural and difficult labor, and practically is pretty competent, but makes little or no progress in reading and writing; her age and memory are against it. The people have confidence in her as an old and experienced dhye, and she is frequently sent for in the houses of respectable Hindoos, Mahomedans, native converts, and Christians, both at Hooghly and Chinsurah, and sometimes is sent for at a distance of two or three days' journey to attend cases of difficult labor. Nithoo, Saroda, and Mutty are progressing satisfactorily. Seedee is dull and very slow, but willing to learn. Saroda and Nithoo are very intelligent young women; they can pass the female catheter, administer enemas, and can now treat the ordinary cases of female diseases, and both have confidence in turning and managing cases of arm and breach presentations.

"I have much felt the want of a lying-in-ward, and it is not an easy matter to induce

females to come to the hospital, unless as a last resource.

"I have also felt much the want of artificial pelvis and feetus—none are to be had in the medical store department. The monthly stipend allowed to these dhyes is Rs. 29, paid from the Imambarah fund. I consider the midwifery school as an interesting feature of this Institution. The girls are not only taught midwifery, but to read and write Bengali, and the Sudiments of diseases of women and children, and, through them, I feel certain I shall be able to get others from a better class. The people appreciate the attendance and attention of these dhyes at their houses, even in ordinary cases of disease.

"In conclusion, I beg to submit the remarks of Dr. Buckle, the Deputy Surgeon-General: 'The hospital is in good order; all the details and management satisfactory. The class of native dives is very interesting, and promises well; the Sub-Assistant Surgeon is working well under Dr. Thompson's directions."

3. The system of training dhyes was also introduced in the Ooterparah charitable hospital, under the superintendence of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon attached to it. He reports that "the monthly stipend of Rs. 4, which was allowed to the first pupil, has been stopped, although the dive still attends the dispersary, and receives instruction in midwifery. training, however, enables her to practise successfully in most cases, and she is at present carrying on a lucrative profession, much to the prejudice of the old dhyes. The zemindars of this town, as well as those who can afford to pay her fees, patronise her, and I am glad therefore to state that the difficulty, elsewhere experienced, in securing the co-operation of the gentry in this matter does not exist here. I have, however, not been able to induce another dhye to enrol herself as a pupil for receiving regular training in obstetrics, but I have been searching for one, and I hope, with the assistance of the zemindars of this place, soon to be able to get such a pupil. The second difficulty mentioned by His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, viz., the want of provision for a sufficient amount of clinical instruction, can be easily got over. here, as not much difficulty is experienced in inducing women of the lowest classes, by the payment of small presents, to consent to be confined in one of the wards of the dispensary.

#### ERRATUM.

The 27th April 1874.—In the letter from Government to the Kelief Commissioner, Rajshahye, No. 2066—S.R., dated the 4th April 1874, published at page 329 of the Supplement to the Calcutta Gazette of the 8th idem.

For "5,000 carts" stated to have been furnished by Baboo Shetab Chand Lahar, read

"500 carts."

PRICES-CURR	ENT OF FOOD-GR DISTRICTS OF	RAINS AND SALT BENGAL ON THE	IN THE UNDER-1 25TH APRIL 1874.	MENTIONED

No.	BENG Festern	RICTS.	•		Present return.	Next preceding return.	return		BARLET			B KST 6	ort.	f .	QUAN	TITIK	S PER	RUPI	EK BY
No.	BENG Festern						return	  -   .			Rics	· ,			E, COM1	ON.	1	•	
No.	BENG Festern				ont return.	Seding return.	1	- 	ekuru.	นะ		<u> </u>	F	-		ء ا		,,	
	Festern				į	vert pre	Corresponding of last year.	Present return	Next preceding return	orresponding ret	Present return.	Vert preceding return.	of Last year.	resent return.	Next preceding return.	chresponding return of last year.	Present return.	Next preceding return.	Corresponding return of last sear.
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l					8, Ch.	1.		!	S. Ch.		Λ	,		}		l	S Ch.	S. Ch.	S. Ch.
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2 Bankoor		•••	•••	***	14 0	14 4	17 8	22 0			<b>\$</b> :		17 12		!_	20 8		l	
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Return not received.

Return for week ending 18th April received after the publication of the last Gazette.

Price of best rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 11-4 to 13-2 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 13-9 seers per rupes.

Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11 to 14 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 14-8 seers, and maize from 150 of 2: 15-15 per rupes.

Price of best rice in the sub-divisions ranges from 11 to 12-8 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupes.

In the interior only.

Vrice of best rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 12 to 14 seers per rupes.

The price of common rice in the interior ranges from 8 to 15 seers per rupes.

Coarse rice at 14-0 seers per rupes.

#### dermentioned Districts of Bengal on the 25th April 1874.

rea Choi	T MIL	LET WAR,	RAGI	er Mii or M d Chri	LETS— URWA, RNA.	MAIZ	coen.	n Dian-		GRAN	<b>.</b>	Fı	RE-WO	ор.		SALT.		
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- If Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 11-8 to 16 seers, and of common rice from 12-4 to 20 seers per rupce.
  I Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 9-8 to 11-4 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 13-4 seers per rupce.
  In the outlying marts the highest price of rice is quoted at 8-4 seers, and lowest at 11-4 seers per rupce.
  K Price of best rice in the interior ranges from 6-6 to 13 seers, and of common rice from 8 to 16 seers per rupce.
  Frice of common rice in the interior ranges from 14 to 16 seers per rupce.
  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 11 to 14-4 seers, and of common rice from 13 to 15 seers, and of paddy from 22 to 30: per rupce.
  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 12-8 to 14-8 seers, and of common rice from 15 to 19 seers per rupce.
  In the interior price of best rice ranges from 15 to 18 seers, and of common rice from 18 to 20 seers per rupce.
  In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 13 to 20 seers, and of common rice from 14 to 23 seers per rupce.

#### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermention

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CALCUTTA, The 28th .ipril 1874.

Return not received.
 Return for week ending 18th April received after the publication of the last Gazetic.
 Prices in the interior range as follow: -- Wheat from 1°-S to 14-k seers, barley from 16-12 to 21 seers, best rice from 9-4 and 9-8 seers, and common rice from 9-8 to 12 seers, lesser milks from 15 to 17 seers, maze from 13 to 16 seers, and gram from 14-8 to 16 seers,

per rupee.

R In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 8 to 2 seers, and of common rice from 11 to 12-3 seers per rupee.

B In the interior prices range as follow: —Wheat from 2 to 14 seers, battley from 12 to 20 seers, best rice from 7-8 to 10 seers, and common rice from 8 to 11 seers; many 11 to 10 seers, and gram from 12 to 17-8 seers per rupes.

Ditte ditto:—Wheat from 8 to 13 seers, briey from 12 to 17 seers, best rice from 7 to 9 seers, common rice from 8 to 13 seers, maize from 12 to 14-8 seers, and gram from 12 to 16-8 seers per rupes.

#### Districts of Bengal on the 25th April 1874.—(Continued.)

GREA Chol	r Mil.	LRT— OWAR.	RAGI	R MILI OR N D CHRE	LKTS URWA, (SA.	Maizi	CORN.	ndian-		Gram.		Fı	RR-WO	0.00•		SALT.		• •
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U In the interior the price of best rice ranges from 9.4 to 11 seers, and of common rice from 10 to 13 seers per rupce.
 V Prices in the interior range as follow: — Wheat, from 10.12 to 16 seers, best rice from 8 to 13 seers, common rice from 10 to 14 seemans from 13 to 19 see s, and gram from 11 to 18-4 sears per rupce in different places.
 W The price of common rice in the interior ranges from 20 to 48 seers per rupce in different places.
 X Prices in the interior range as follow: — Wheat from 12 to 13 seers, barley 15 seers, best rice from 8-t to 10-12 seers, and common from 12-8 to 12-12 seers, lesser millet from 17 to 18 seers, maze from 14 to 15-8 seers, per rupce.
 Y Ditto Ditto Wheat from 12 to 15 seers, barley from 17 to 30 seers, best rice from 11 to 16 seers, common rice from 12 to seers, and gram from 10 to 14 seers per rupce.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

#### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall. Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 25th April 1874.

<b>!</b>	<u>.</u>	.1	: <u>-</u> -	
•	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BE	ENGA	L.		
		Western Districts.		•
	1	Burdwan, 28th* April 1874.	1.69	No rain reported from any of the sub-divisions except Bood-bood, but heavy rain and bail have fallen in Munglecote and Ketoogram. The cotton and teel (oil-seed) crops want rain. Cholera and small-pox at Cutwa and Culna. Fever as before.
	2	Bankoora, 25th ", "	0.01	There was some rain in the south-east of the district. Dust-storms have been frequent. Where the rain fell, the crops have benefited; elsewhere rain is much wanted. Water is scarce in some parts.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 25th " "	Nil	Very hot, with high changeable winds; some appearance of approaching rain. No change in the prospects of crops since last report. Rain much wanted; the drought is unfavorably affecting the silk manufacture. Exportation for week ending 18th April, 2,945\frac{1}{2} maunds to Bhagulpore and Patna Divisions. Prices rising.
BURDWA	4		Few drops on 20th, 21st, and 21th April.	Changeable winds; threatening showers which have kept off rain is now much wanted. Mulberry has already suffered much. Indigo and teel (oil-seed) will suffer if the dry weather continues; about 10 per cent. of the boro rice is reported as withered from want of water, the rivers being so low that they have failed to irrigate all the lands sown in reliance on them.
	8-	Hooghly, 25th ", "	Nil	Clear throughout; very hot and stormy. Boro and jalla paddy and teel (oil-seed) in the ground. Grounds prepared for aous (early) rice cultivation.
	l	Howrab, 25th ,, ,.	•••••	High winds, cloudy evenings, and rain constantly threatening. The want of rain is beginning to be much felt. There is enough water for irrigating the boro rice fields, but not for preparing the land for the early rice crop. The early rice crop of the district is never a large or important one.
		Central Districts.		
DENCY DIVISION.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 28th† April 1874.	0.25	Days very hot, nights cool; clouds gather in the afternoon, but are dispersed by strong winds from the south. A few drops of rain fell in some sub-divisions during the week, but not enough to do any good. Rain very much needed for the commencement of the early rice sowings and to replenish the tanks. Cholera still prevailing in Busseerhat, Kaligunge, Kalaroa, Protabungur, and Barripore. It has abated in Joynuggur, Satkhira, and Mathoorapore, and disappeared from Diamond Harbour and Bankipore. One case of small-pox reported from thana Kalaroa.
. PRESIDENC	7	Nudden, 25th April 1874	0.70	Very hot and oppressive, storms only partial. A tolerable fall of rain at Kooshtea and in the north of Mcherpore is reported, but rain is required all over the district. The price of rice is pretty nearly stationary. The coarsest can be had almost everywhere for Rs. 2-10 or Rs. 2-12 per maund, and in many places for less. Cholera has not abated, but is doing much mischief.
,	8	Jessore, 25th ", "	0.02	Mostly clear, with occasional thunder-clouds, but little rain. Teel (oil-seed) is suffering from want of rain, and the sowing of the rice crop is retarded from the same cause. Prices have risen slightly during the week.
). V.O	9	Moorshedabad, 25th ,, ,,	Nil .	Intensely hot; frequent dust-storms; a slight rainfall at Rampore Haut, Gowas, Nowadah, and Jelinghee, on the 21st April, and a hail-storm of considerable violence on the same day in the Bhugwangolah thana, causing considerable injuries to mangoes. Rain is greatly wanted both for the crops and for replenishing the water-supply, which is at present very much reduced. Boro paddy has been injured by the drought, as many of the beels in which it has been cultivated have dried up to a considerable extent. The agus or early rice seedlings
RAJOHAUYE DIVISION,				in the low lands are still looking well, but cultivation in the higher lands is delayed for want of rain. Prices have risen in many markets from \( \frac{1}{2} \) to 1 seer for common rice. Small-pox and cholera are still prevalent, but not in a virulent form. The district relief committee has supplied medicines to several persons in the mofussil to dispense to sufferers. Subsequent telegram reports a fall of 2.3 inches of rain on night of the 26th, which will be very beneficial.
RAJ	10	Dinagepore, 25th " "	Nil	Cloudy and close; one day west wind in station. Boro rice still promises to be a good crop; the bhadoi or early rice is said to be suffering from want of rain. What rain fell has been quickly absorbed.
		Muldah, 25th ,, ,,	Nil	Weather very hot; strong westerly winds; dust-storm, thunder, and slight drizzling rain on the evening of Saturday. Boro paddy promises well; in most places ears have come out, and are in good condition. Bhadoi or early sowings are going on, and in some places plants have come out. A shower of rain would materially assist both these crops. Prices have slightly risen. Health of the district generally good.
	<u> </u>		!	the same day there must like the super day turnedutely presenting

Telegram of the 28th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

[†] Report of the 28th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

N	io.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Stationin inches.	
BEI	IGAI.	.—(Contd.)		
		Central Districts.— (Contd.)		•
RAJSHAHYB DIVN.—(Contd.)	12	Rajshahye, 25th April 1874.	-61	There was a fair fall of rain on the 21st April along the south and west of the district. Notwithstanding the great heat and want of rain, the boro paddy crop is generally reported to be doing well; the grain is now forming in the car. The aous or early rice has come up well, and is about 3 inches high in some places. Cheena (millet), barley, wheat, gram, linseed, have all been reaped, and are now in the market. Teel (cil-seed), sugarcane, and paddy crops are thriving as yet, but rain would assist them greatly. The tendency of prices of rice generally is to fall, excepting in Burnigong, in the south-east, where there has been a considerable rise. Cholera has been very prevalent in many parts; one day's report for the entire district having shown as many as one hundred cases (fresh attacks and deaths).
AJEBARYE D	13	Rungpore, <b>2 th ., .,</b>	0.80	Weather hot and cloudy, with a slight fall of rain. The crops of cheena and kowni (millets) and aous or early rice are generally progressing favorably; to the northeast, where the crops are very ferward, rain is much wanted; sowing still going on. Prices higher, Rs. 4-8 to 6-8 for a maund of rice.
2	14	Bogra, 25th 🌘 " "	Nil	Fine and seasonable. Boro rice in Bogra and Khetlal, and jute and seasamum (oil-seed) in other parts, are promising well. The aous or early rice crop has been sown in various parts, and the general promise of the crop is good.
•	_ 15	l'ubna, 25th ,, ,,	1 26	Weather seasonable; evening generally cloudy and stormy. Heavy rainfall on the 21st April, and a slight shower on the 24th, accompanied by a gust of wind. The teel (cil-seed) crop has been sown. The early and late rice crops are being sown. Harvesting of the boro paddy has commenced. This crop will be of great benefit to the people at present. The prespects of all other crops now look fair. Health of the district good.
{	16 •	Darjeeling, 25th ,, ,,	001	Sunny, warm weather, but misty withal, with occasional strong wind, mostly from the west, and occasional showers of rain. The young crops, both in the bills and in the plains, are progressing favorably.
Сооси Врида Втуп.	17	Julpigoree, 25tb ., .,	Nil	Cloudy and cool. Want of rain is greatly felt in parts of the south and south-west of the district, though not yet complained of in the north. The rainfall has so far been much less than usual in April. In 1872, from 1st to 25th April, 5:99 inches fell; in 1873 during that perfed, 400; and in the same time of the present year only 2.26. This is already telling in some parts of the south of Boda, where the kowni (milkt) or n is said to be nurnt up, and in some places, such as about Chilabati, the bhadoi (early) sowing is delayed owing to the baked state of the soil. All round, however, the prospect of kowni (milkt) is so far good, though needing rain, and the bhadoi promises well. It is, however, impossible not to view the short rainfall without great anxiety. Rice is selling in the northern part of the district at an average of 13 and 14 seers per rupee. In the Doon's it is cheaper; in places 18 seets. Going south the prices rise at Northern Boda about 12 seers; 12 is the average ruing this year. To the extreme south bordering on Rungpere and Dinagepore rice sels at 8 and 8! sees. The Coputy Commissioner has heard that it is dearer at Runggere border, Bhowanigunge. In the south, where scarcity is fet, the Cooch Bear state his advanced early rice seed to ryots, and with this help very large tracts of had are being sown; in some places twice as much land as usua, being cultivated with it. In the north of the district, too, the increase of the early rice cultivation this year is large.
	ί	Couch Beh r, 25th	Nil	Cloudy and sultry on several days. Prospects of millets and early rice continue good.
		East on Defricts.		•
	( 18	Daces, 25th* April 1874	1.25	Thunder-storms nearly every day; warm between rains. Very favorable for sowing both jute and rice.
).X.	19	Furreconore, 25th ,	0.40	Since Monday it looks threatening every afternoon, and there were high winds, thunder, lightning, and clouds, but only on Monday did any rain fall. Days very hot temperature generally above 90 aggrees. Farenheit in the shade. Rain is much wanted for the crops on high lands on which sowings a cojust begun; in other respects the prospects of the crops abover the district are good. No feel outbreaks of cholera and small-pox, but some sporadic cases reported during
ILLIBI	]			the week.
DACCA DIVISION.	20	Backergunge, 18th " "	Nil	Weather hot, strong south wind during the day. Prespects of crops not good Enin is much wanted for the sowing of the aous or carly rice crop and for bringing on the teel (oil seed) and other crops. Cholera has appeared in Burrisa and in the south of the district.
	21	Mymensing, 2 th ., ,	, 0.13	Generally hot and close, with cloudy mernings and evenings, and indications of coming rain. Partial damage by hail reported on the south east of the district Rain would now be beneficial. State and prospects of the crops are satisfactory
	l ( 22	Sylhet, 18th ,	,, 0.73	Hot weather fairly in. Aons or only lice sowings progressing. Amon or late rice sowings recommenced. Boro rice crop has begun to be reaped. The price or rice is falling. About 2,500 maunds of rice and 4,500 maunds of paddy exported

^{*} Telegram of the 28th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and

Rainfall

at Sudder

District and date of

No.

Station state of health at date. return. in inches. BENGAL .- (Conld.) Eastern Districts .-(Contd.) 23 Hot and hazy. Sowing of the early aous rice reported to have commenced in some Chittagong, 18th April places. A quantity of ground has been ploughed up, and rain is now wanted. Cholera reported from the central thanas and Cox's Bazar. 1874. 24 Noskhally, 18th " Mornings cloudy, days fair, with strong south and south-casterly wind. Injuries from the rains to the moong (pulse), sessamum (oil-seed), and chilly crops are reported from several places. The sowing of the early rice is still in progress. ا م 25 | lippersh, 25th Cloudy and hot, high winds from south; slight rain in west of the district. erops good; sous and amun, or early and late rice sown, want rain much. Cholera and small-pox still slightly prevalent. 26 Chittagong Hill Tracts, 18th April 1874. Hot at noon, cool and pleasing in the morning; cast and west winds. The hill-men are busily engaged in burning their jooms. Tobacco is still being gathered. Nil Very hot and dry; often foggy in the mornings. No cange to report. Ploughing Hill Tipperah, 18th April Nil going on under the hills; jungles being burnt all round in the hills for jooms. BEHAR. ( 27 Patus, 27th April 1874) Nil Weather seasonable; strong wind from the west during the early part of week, but from the east for last two days. No crops on the ground besides sugarcane and cheena (millet). Small-pox continues in the city, and in some few places in the mofussil. 28 (lya, 25th Hot and fine. Rain required. Cold weather crops harvested. Outturn of opium Nil remarkably good. 29 Shahabad, 25th ., West wind prevailing. Weather very close, at times threatening rain. No change Nil since last week; cheena (millet) being cut. The mango crop promises to be a good one. In the Buxar Sub-division the boro rice crop is reported favorably on. The quantity grown is, however, small. Small-pox very general, but not of a severe type. Seasonable and hot, west wind prevailing. Tajpore sub-division—Rain is very much wanted for the moong (pulse) and cheena and kowni (millets); up lands are being prepared for the bhadoi or early crops; the greater part of the low lands has been sown in this sub-division; what paddy has germinated is standing the west wind pretty well, but there is much seed yet to germinate. No change in the mango crop. Tobacco still hugs on hand. In the Mudhoobunnee and Durthermore was the interpretation of marks coverings of maller and the mango crop. 80 Tirhoot, 25th Nil bhunga sub-divisions rain is much wanted for early sowings of paddy crop. In the Sectamurhee sub-division there is no material change in the state of the crops since last report; weather unfavorable for crops on the ground. Piece of rice at Sectamurhee bazar 8 seers per rupee, in other places 9 seers. There is no material change in the prospect of the Hajeepore and sudder sub-divisions. Public health good. Clear, hot, and dry, with strong west winds. The cold weather crops have now been 31 iarun, 25th ,, | Nil all reaped and gathered, and there is nothing on the ground except cotton, cheena (millet), moong (pulse), sugarcane, and indigo. The continued drought and west winds are affecting the crops injuriously. One good shower of rain might yet change the prospects for better, and enable the cultivators to prepare the lands for paddy sowings. Mango crop also has suffered from recent high winds. Prices on the whole steady. Chumparun,25th , East and west hot winds. The cold weather crops are almost all I rvested Un-Nil irrigated cheena (millet) dried up; indigo prospects unfavorable; lands being prepared for mokai (Indian-corn); rain much wanted. Set fair. The crops on the ground, cheena (millet) and mong (pulse), occupy a 33 Monghyr, 25th Nil small fraction of the cultivated area; except where irrigated, they are much in want of rain. The mange crop will be a poor one. 34 Bhagulpore Return not received. Very hot and dry, though the wind is in the east. Except in the north, rain is much wanted; for want of it the sowing of the rice has been stopped. The outurn of the kowni and cheena (millets) is not so good as was expected. The moong (pulse) and indigo both scorched up. Cattle also inflering from want of water. More than one inch and laff of rain fell on the night of the 27th April since telegraphed. It has done much good; weather still stormy. 35 Purneab, 25th Nil U36 Southal Heat very great during the day, but clouds collect with an east wind at night. Pergunnahs, Nil Expectations of rain are constantly disappointed. Molwa almost all gathered in. Rain is much wanted everywhere. Mango nowhere good. 25th April 1874.

^{*} Telegram of the 27th April, received on the 28th, shows rainfull during the seven days including the 27th.

				The control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the control of the co
· N	o.	,	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
OR	(SSA	٨.	1	
(	37	Cuttack, 28th April 1874	Nil	Warm and cloudy weather. Dalua rice being cut. Public health good.
DIVISION.	38	Pooree, 18th		Hot and dry, with southern wind. Moong (pulse) is being gathered with a fair outturn. Dalua rice crop is being harvested with a good outturn. Cotton and mango are doing well. Agricultural operations are far advanced, and sowings of paddy will now begin. Sugarcane is being planted. Purchases of rice for export continue on a reduced scale, and prices are rather low in the mofussil. Public health is generally good.
	39	Balasore, 25th ,,	• 28	Great heat interrupted by occasional storms. Immediately after the earth has been softened by each shower of rain, the people turn out and set to work busily at their ploughing; about half the land has been ploughed for next season's crops.
СНС	ΥA	NAGPORE.		
		South-West Frontier Agency.		
	<b>4</b> 0	Hazarcebagh, 25th April 1874.	Nil	Clear sky throughout the week until the 24th April; bright and clear again on the 25th. The mohwa, which has been excellent, has now been gathered. It sells for nearly 2 maunds for the rupee throughout the district. The reports of the mango are not so good, but the only failure is in a part of the district where the rice crop was very good. The reports of the jungle products, which the poor eat or barter for rice, are assuring. Pressure is reported more generally in the Khurkdiha pergunnah. The general health is good, though cholera has shown itself at Dumri and Madhubun. Small-pox cases occur in various parts of the district.
	41	Lohardugga, 25th ,, ,,	Nil	Dry and hot, with warm winds. The only crop now on the ground is the newly-planted out sugarcane. The result of the cold weather crop harvest has been better than was anticipated, and the crop of mohwa flower, both in the Palamow and Toree Pergunnals, has been a splendid one. Immense relief has thereby been afforded to the people. The lands for the most part have been prepared forhearly sowings, and rain is now looked for. Small-pox is prevalent in parts, but on the whole the general health is good.
	42	Singbhoom, 18th " "	Nil	Weather intensely hot and dry. Nothing to add to previous reports. No crops. Public health generally good.
	43	Manbhoom, 25th " "	Nil	Seasonable. The mohwa flowers have now nearly all fallen, and a bountiful crop has been secured; the fruit which is setting freely, called korechra, will come to maturity in the latter half of the next month; the outside rind is eaten boiled when green, and uncooked when ripe; of is expressed from the seed. Salun or the seed of the sell tree is also consumed when other food is scarce; it will be ripe a month hence, and promises to be plentiful. Sugarcane is still being planted out; in other respects prospects of the district much the same as last week, but small-pox is rather on the increase.

•Telegram of the 28th April, received on the same day, shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 28th April 1874. R. Knight,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot, of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

si '	D		, S-		om 5th April	n 12:h n April		FROM 185 UARY 1874.	•
DIVISION.	District.		STATION,		Rain from to lith A	Ram from to 18th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date.	RRMARES.
<b>BEN</b> G	AL.				Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	WESTERN DIST	RICTS.			Them w			10/4.	
ſ	Burdwan		Burdwan Cutwa Culua Bood-bood Banegunga Jehanabad		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Ni Nil	7:79 6:65 6:18 6:64 1:78 7:0	18th April ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
1	Bankoora		Bankoora		Nil	Nıl	5 03	ditto	
	Beerbhoom	•••	Sooree		Nil	Nıl	5.66	ditto.	
BURDWAN.	Midnapore		Midnapore Fundook Guibetta Contai { Dy. Collr.'s	Office Office	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	5:19 8:85 7:03 8: 2 7:81	ditto. ditto. ditto ditto. ditto.	
	Hooghly	{	Hooghly Scrampore	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	5:50 5:87	ditto.	<u> </u>
ď	Howrah		Howrah		Nıl	Nil	4:90	ditto.	
•	CENTRAL DISTI	RICTS.							
` [	24-Pergunnahs	}	Saugor Island Calcutta Alipore { Dispensary Juil Bus-cerhat Baraset Diamond Harbour Barripore Satkhirah Burackhirah Dum-Dum		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	5 10 6 05 7:06 6 94 2:81 5:70 4:16 2:75 0:57 6 56 3:52	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	•
PRESIDENCY.	Nuddea		Kishnaghur Bongong Meherpore Chooadangah Kooshtea Ranaghat	:. :. :. :.	Nil Nil 0°27 0°15 0°06 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	7 03 5 61 9 03 8 12 6 57 6 73	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto	•
l	Јевчого		Jessoro Narail Ichoolua Jhenidah Bagithat Magoora	  	0.79 0rt 5 0.22 Nd Nd Nd	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	6 57 5785 7778 10 01 6 09 626	ditto ditto, ditto, ditto ditto, ditto.	
	Moorshedabad	[	Rerhampore Rampore Haut City Moorshedabad Jungapare Azingungo Lalgolla		Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not ree Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	3:25 0:83 3:8 4:35 3:14 3:28	11th April. 18th April drto. ditto ditto. ditto.	
	Dinagepore	•••	Dinagepore		1.93	Nil	4.91	ditto.	<u> </u>
Ė	Maldah		Maldah		0 69	Nıl	493.	ditto.	
RAJSHAHTE.	Rajshahye	{	Bauleah Nattore		0:16 0:16	Nil Nil	4°14 6 03	ditto. ditto.	
RAJ	Rungpore	{	Rungpere Bhow migunj Titaly a	 	0°67 0 73 Nil	0:65 0:58 0:92	8·19 4·31 4·30	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
4	Bogra		Bogra		3.11	Nil	1401	dirto.	
- {	Pubna	{	Pubna Serajgunj	•••	0°07 Not rec	Nil Nil	6:90 5:91	ditto. ditto .	Not rec 5th to 11th April
's	Darjeeling		Darjeeling {Telegraph		Not rec.*	Not 100 0.70	2:01 6:92	15th March 18th April	- ve to the talk lapti
COOCH REHAR.	Julpigores	{	Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah	•••	Orn2 Not rec Nil	2.24 Not ree. 0:23	5°18 3'49 3'66	ditto Ith April 18th April	
Соося	Cooch Behar Tri State	ibutary 	Cooch Behar		0.40	1/28	8.08	ditto	
į	Bhútan Dooars	•••	Buxa		Not rec	Not rec	3 91	31st Mar.	!

	-	• .	from 6th Ith April	n 12th April		PROM 18T ARY 1874.	· Remadue.
VIVISION.	District,	STATION.	Rain from to 11th 1874.	Rain from to 18th 1874.	Inches.	Up to dute.	· REMARKS.
ENG	AL—(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1871.	
	EASTREM DISTRICTS.	Dacca Telegraph Office	0.18	Nil	7:41	18th April.	
ĺ	Daces	Moonsheggunge Manickgange	0°22 10°90 0°27	Nd Nd Nil	8:02 7:68 6:21	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Fureedpore	Furcedpore	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	11·15 7·21	dirto. dirto.	
DACCA.	Backergunge	Burrisal Perozepore Madaripore Patooakhally Dowlatkhan	0°35 Nil Nil Nil 1 30	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	5:38 3:08 6:19 2:82 6:20	ditto, duto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Mymensingh	Mymensingh Jamalpore Atia Kishoregunge	2 82 2 69 1 4 5 2 51	Nil Nil Nil Nil	13 20 8:07 7:16 16:90	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylhet	Sylhet	7.93	0.81	30.11	ditto.	
l	Cachar	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	2·10 2·60 4·76	Not ree 0°39 Not ree.	19 13 22:73 25:37	11th April. 18th April. 11th April.	
	· Chittagong	Chittagong Telegraph Office Jail	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	4.90 5.00 1.28	18th April. ditto. 11th April.	
ONG.	Noakholly .	Noakholly	10.0	Nil	6:00	18th April.	
(HILLAGONG.	Tipperah	C Dianniunorian	Nil 0'61	Nil Nil	8:04 11:27	ditto. ditto.	
: I	Chittagong Hill Trace	Bungamatee Hill	0.90	Nil	2.87	ditto	Not see, 15th March to 49 April.
Į		· Hill Tipperah	0.20	Nil	10.98	anto.	
EH.	AR. - Patus	Patna	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:11 2:65 2:71 1:20 1:22	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
1	; Gya	Gya	Nd Nd Nd Nd	Nol Nol Nol Nol	2:60 2:93 1:61	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PATHA.	Shahabad	Arrah	Nol	Nil Nil Nil Nil	1:56 1:73 1:90 1:80	ditto, ditto ditto, ditto,	Not rec, 1st to 7th Mar.
PΔ	Tirhoot	Mozufferporo	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec ditto ditto ditto ditto Nil	1:19 1:29 4:15 1:00 0:90 1:21	11th Apr.l. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 18th April	•
	Sarun	{   Chuprah	i •	Not rec ditto	1119	4th April ditto .	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb. Ditto ditto.
	Chumparun	Motiharee Bettiah	3-1	Nil Nil	1:31 1:10	18th April. ditto.	
	Monghyr	Monghyr Begoo Serai Jamocee	. Nil	Nil Nil Nil	1:99 1:91 4:11	ditto, ditto, ditto,	
PORB.	Bhagulpore	Bhagulpore     Soopeol       Muddehpoora     Banka     Sanborsa	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Not rec Nil Nil	1:85 1:40 1:05 2:54 1:49	ditto, ditto 11th April, 18th April, ditto.	Not rec. 22nd to 28th Feb
BHAGCLPORE.	Purneah	{   Purneah	0.78	Nd Nd Nd	1.66 3.20 1.11	ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Sonthal Pergunnahs	Deoghur Jamtara	. Nil . Nil . Nil . Nil	Nil Not re Nil Nil Nil	2 62 Xil 150 2 90 3 25		From 5th April

				6th to April	12th April	Rain Janu	FROM 18T ARY 1874.	
	District.	STATION.		Rain from 11th 1874.	Rain from to 18th 1874.	Inches.	Up to date,	Remares.
ISS	Α.		•	Inches.	Inches.		1874.	
	ſ	Cuttack   Telegraph Office	•••	Nil	Nil	4.13	18th April.	
r		Cuttack Telegraph Office Hospital Jajpore	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	4.73 3.10	ditto.	
i	Cuttack	Kendraparah	•••	Nil	Nil	1.80	ditto.	
		Jugatungpore False Point	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	1.85 2.36	ditto.	Į
П		1	•••	l	l		1	
4	Pooree {	Poorce Khurdah	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	1·71 4·01	ditto. ditto	Not rec. 29th March to 4
4		1	•••		1		•••	April.
		Balasore Bhuddruck ·	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	4·60 6·99	ditto. ditto.	
İ	Balasore	Jellasore	•••	Nil	Nil	6:32	ditto.	
		Sorah Chandbally	•••	Nil Nil	Nfl Nil	2 94	ditto.	Not were Oil a 1411 Web
	•	1	•••	Nu	N _{II}	1.80	ditto	Not rec. 8th to 14th Feb.
Ų	Cuttack Tributary Mehale	Sambalpore	•••	Not rec.	Not rec.	2.13	28th Mar.	
				<u> </u>			••	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.							
	South-Western			İ		]		
	FRONTIER AGENCY.			1		l		
	(	Transland (Jail	•••	Nil	Nil	4.40	18th April.	
	Hazareebagh }	nazareeoago { Dispensar	y	Nil	Nil	4.57	ditto.	
	·	Pachumba	•••	Nil	Nıl	3.81	ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee	•••	Nil	Nil	6.85	ditto.	
	(	Palamow	•••	Nil	Nil	3.97	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chybassa	•••	Nil	Nil	6.87	ditto.	
	Manbhoom	Purulia	•••	Nil	Nil	5.39	ditto.	
	мапоноот Я	Govindpore	•••	Nil	Nil	5.78	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.	•						
١	Goalparah {	Goalparah	•••	0.23	Nil	5.16	ditto.	
- 1		Dhoobree	•••	0.10	1.00	4.53	ditto.	
- 1	Kamroop {	Gowhatty	•••	0 62	1.80	10.00	ditto.	
-		Burpettah	•••	1.31	1.61	11.00	ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore	•••	Not rec.	Not rec.	1.09	7th Feb.	
- 1	, (	Mungledye	•••	ditto	ditto	2.00	ditto.	
١	Nowgong	Nowgong	•••	0.42	0.30	8.18	18th April.	
	(	Seebsangor		1:34	Not rec.	12:09	11th April.	
-[	Seobsaugor	Golaghat	•	1.95	ditto	13.70	ditto.	
- {	. (	Jorehaut Nazcerah	•••	1°56 1.84	ditto ditto	11.93 11.59	ditto. ditto.	
- 1		Dilmonkon			1			
١	Luckimpore }	Debrooghur North Luckimpore		Not rec	ditto ditto	12·61 9 67	28th Mar. 11th April.	
1	. (	Suddya	•••	Not rec.	ditto	17.74	28th Mar.	•
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting		ditto	ditto	6.81	4th April.	
		.,				1	•	
-	Khasi and Jynteah	Shillong Jaowai		ditto ditto	ditto ditto	2·48 0 68	7th Feb. 31st Jan.	
- }	Hills {	Cherrapoonjee	•••	ditto	ditto	21.17	12th April.	
1	Garo Hills	Tura		ditto	ditto	5.94	28th Feb.	
		Voa			}	,		
	!	Benares Akyab	•••	ditto Nil	ditto Nil	0·39 1·30	21st Mar. 18th April.	
- 1		,	•••	7411	7411	1 90	rom when.	

CALGUTTA,

The 25th April 1874.

H. F. Blankord,

Meteorological Reporter to the Gont. of Bengal.

## Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 19th to 25th April 1874.

.			Barometer	Barometer	THERMO	MRTER.	Humi-	Wind.		•		
STATIOR.	Date.	Hour.	reduced to 32°.	reduced to sea level.	Dry.	Wet.	dity, Sat. =100.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain	Clouds.	Weather initials.
CALCUTA.	April 19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th 25th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 18 10	29 738 29 638 29 789 29 663 29 823 29 605 29 770 20 622 24 714 29 436 20 733 20 856 29 716	29.758 29.658 29.840 25.681 29.843 29.713 29.788 29.788 29.451 29.451 29.451 29.817 29.817 29.817	89.7 94.0 89.6 93.3 89.8 92.0 90.0 96.2 91.4 99.2 89.8 89.0 91.9 97.0	81.5 82.0 81.7 82.5 82.5 82.5 83.6 83.6 83.4 83.0 81.5 83.0 81.5	69 58 69 69 61 71 57 68 52 74 76 61	8 S W S S E S S W S S S W S S S W S S S S	11.5 10.3 9.5 14.0 10.1 15.6 10.3 11.3 8.3 7.5 7.8 6.0 7.0		   K   C   S   C   CK   CS   CS	b b scuds. b b b b b b b b
SAUGOR IELAND.	19th 20th 21st 22nd 23rd 24th 25th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	29:768 29:669 29:514 29:511 29:851 20:724 29:791 29:662 29:750 20:663 29:831 29:774 29:879 29:756	29 '.74 29 '.75 29 '.820 29 '.717 20 '.857 29 '.730 29 '.747 29 '.756 29 '.837 29 '.756 29 '.837 29 '.750 29 '.857 29 '.750	86 86 84 87 86 87 96 88 88 88 88	81 82 89 81 81 82 83 83 83 83 83 83 83	79 79 83 83 76 79 79 73 80 80 80 83 60 72	S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W	19:6 16:7 17:4 17:9 15:9 16:8 16:8 16:1 16:1 16:0 8:2 13:3		NANANA CHANANA CK	b, sends, b, sends, b, m, sends, c, sends, b, sends, c, v
CHITIAGOMB.	19th 20th 21st 22ud 23rd 24th	16 10 16 10 18 10 16 10 16 10 16	29 774 29 672 29 704 20 781 20 781 29 778 29 780 29 771 20 659 20 821 20 781 29 7841 29 719	20:865 20:764 29:885 29:83 29:047 20:839 20:877 29:761 20:812 20:817 20:817 20:817 20:932 20:932 20:932	89 86 88 88 89 88 87 90 88 89 87	78 78 79 79 80 79 79 79 79 79 80 81	62 68 65 72 69 62 65 68 59 65 62 72 66	S E S W S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S S W S W S W S W S W S W	57 178 85 182 63 133 83 181 84 161 83 174 44		K C CK, KS K, KS K K K K K	i., m, q b, m, m, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b, m b,
Madrae.	18th 19th 20th 21th 22mi	16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	29-909 20:760 20:830 20:719 29:848 20:728 20:728 20:736 29:811 20:744 20:451 20:761	29 939 29 790 29 860 29 749 29 878 29 878 29 930 29 816 29 778 29 881 29 774 29 937 29 774	90 88 89 80 89 88 90 88 88 88 87 87	79 79 80 73 80 80 78 78 78 79	59 65 66 70 62 69 63 72 62 62 65 68 69	S E by S S E by S S E by S S E by S S E S E S E S E S E S E by S S E S E by S S E S E S E S E S E S E S E	16 15 15 18 14 14 14 13 12 16 8 16			b, c b, c b, c b, c c b, c c c c c c c
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• AKTAB.	20t 20t 22n 23n 24t 25t	h   16   16   16   16   16   16   16   1	29:750 29:846 29:750 29:750 29:750 29:750 29:751 29:751 29:751 29:751 29:751 29:751	29:771 29:917 29:917 29:947 29:982 39:807 29:762 29:762 29:763 29:744 29:914 39:914	88 87 88 88 89 89 88 85 87 87	78 78 78 77 50 78 78 78 88 88	62 65 64 69 64 65 65 66 65 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	**************************************	1 · 6 · 2 · 5 · 5 · 2 · 5 · 5 · 2 · 5 · 6 · 1 · 6 · 6 · 1 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6 · 6	1 3 3 1 0 2 8 5 5 55 55		8 6 6 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8

• Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

CALCUTTA, The 25th April 1874. H. F. Blanford,

Meteorological Reporter to the Government of engal.

Meteorological lieporter to the Gont. of Bengil.

CALCUTIA, e 24th April 1874.

Abstract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Reporter's Office, Calcutta, during the month of January 1874.

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•	·49 \d]=	'   		MEANOR			SOLAR.		inas No	GRASS NOCIURAL.		*03				Мвая	<b>A</b>	-	Hranfst Max.		-	Lowest Min.			MEAN	40		.A V.A
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	- Z A	Mean baromel	intric t Peach	Mean barometric treasures of 16 years. Bree in 15.	::	120 08 53) 08 53) 08	Mean temperatur 1:20 ditto Defect in 1874	Mean temperature of 10 verys 1 itto ditto of 1874 1 hefe to 1874	or 16 ver		CALCUITA-		· · ·	ARY 1274. Mean hunidity lifto ditto Detect in 1874	of 187	lears \$	:::		15.1 E A N	lean rain crual fa Acess in	in 1975 1 m 1975 1874	Mean roin-fall of 16 years Actual fall in 1574 Excess in 1874	::.		0:41 0:43 6:53	0-41 0-53 0-53		•

Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table, reduced to Sea-tevel, with anomalies and observations of Sky Serenity.

		pres-	e .e.				٠			W	IND.	•				
STATION	<b>6.</b>	Mean barometric sure reduced to level.	Mean temperature duced to sea-level.	North	North-East.	East.	South-East,	South,	South-West.	West.	North-West.	Variable.	Calm.	Percentage and Resultant.	Mean relocity daily.	Mean serenity.
ort Blair		29.983	79:3	27	30	3					2			88 N, 25 E	185'9	8:4
adras		30 055	7 : 9	12	27	18	5			١				79 N, 56 E	1107	0,
izagapatam		30.063	75 3		10	31	37	17	7	18	4			44 H, 45 E	36.1	8:
kyab		30.023	671	31	22	3		1	11	28	28			65 N, 33 W	81.3	9.1
lse Point		30'089	69.0	9	29	7	5	4	33	10	13	3	11	11 N, 56 W		
ittack	•••	30:061	71:3	3.	24	7	4	10	11	11	5		44	7 N, 30 E	41.6	84
ugor Island		30 073	67.6	17	24	17	8	29	18	4	7	•••		15 S, 65 E	163.7	7.5
ittagong Joutta	••	30°076 30°068	64.7 66.9	46 17	11 26	9	1	17	21	27	30 19	•••		65 N, 31 W	1:66	9::
irdwan	••	30'069	63 8	11	8	2	2	5	9	14	13	•••		18 N, 43 W	100.2	
880re		30 065	63.3	15	1 "	2	3	6	8	6	22	•••		42 N, 62 W 46 N, 54 W	45 3	8.6
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rhampore		30 075	63.0	13	6	4	3	3	6	9	15	·	3	37 N, 36 W	35.7	6.0
8		30:053	63 2	9	7	7	4	1	2	10	8	6	10	21 N, 4 W	48.3	8
tna	•	30:126	613		2	5	8	3	8	29	8		3	47 8, 72 W	740	7
nghyr		30.066	613	3	5	7		1	20	17	7	2	[	49 8, 89 W	493	7.
rjeeling				1	1	19	16	15	23	29	13		4	31 S, 37 W	1	4.
bsangor					١.						[ ]		[	*** ***	51.2	5
walparah		30.073	62.4	6	10	20	3	3	3	8	8		1	28 N, 49 E	92.9	7.4
nares		30.068	58.8		9	12	2	5	6	26			2	18 S, 68 W	80.4	٠.,
orkee		30.097	20.1	١	2		13	2	16	3	30		57	20 W	44.9	6.6

#### NOTE.

Barometric Pressure. The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperatures given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippe's tables as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding

page by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA, The 24th April 1874.

H. F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Goot, of Bengal.

#### Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 15th to 21st April 1874.

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		eter.	Tnr	BMOM	RTER.			dew	idity.	Win	TD.				•
, Month	Date.	Mean reduced barömeter.	Highest reading.	L. west reading.	Max. kolar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean point.	Mean degree of humidity.	Prevailing direc- tion.	Max. pressure.	Daily relocity.	Bun.	Moon's phases.	GENERAL REMARKS.
		Inches.	0	0	0	0	0	C			16	Miler	In		
April	15th	29.797	950	800	144.5	80-2	70.7	75.1	0.20	8	0.4	193.5			Clear and stratoni.
	16th	•831	91.3	79 5	1450	85.6	<b>78</b> ·8	740	-69	88 W	1.7	275.2	•••	•	Clear. Brisk wind from 81 A.M. to 51 P.M.
	17th	.777	98.5	78.7	145 9	86.7	79 4	75.0	.69	ssw & sw	0.2	277 6			Clear.
	18th	<b>.72</b> 3	90 2	78·5	150.0	87·1	80.0	75.7	'70	SSW&S	1.0	253.4		<b></b> .	Chiefly clear. Brisk wind from 1 to 11 P.M.
	19th	<b>.6</b> 90	95.0	80.8	145.0	86.4	80 2	75·9	.72	s by W & S	0.8	242-4			Clear and scuds.
	20th	<b>-7</b> 18	91.2	80.2	144'0	86.2	80.2	76·5	.74	SSW&S	9٠٥	268-2			Clear and cumuli.
	21st	•768	93:7	80.0	143.0	85·8	80.4	76.6	•75	8 S W & S	0.8	272.8			Clear and overcast. Lightning on W. at 8 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days		20· <b>7</b>
The maximum temperature during the past seven days	•••	99.2
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year		99.7
The mean humidity during the past seven days	•••	0.71
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year		0.75
		Inches.
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st \{ by lower rain gauge by an emometer gauge		Nil
ine total lan of rain from 15th to 21st by anemometer gauge		· Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years		0.70
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st April		6.65
Ditto ditto ditto, average of twenty previous years	•••	4.17

GOPERNAUTH SEN, In charge of the Observatory.

The 27th April 1874.

### . Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office; Calcutta, in the month of March 1874.

LATITUDE 22° 33' 1" North, Longitude 88° 20' 34" East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18:11 feet.

MONTHLY RESU	LTS.			Inches.
Mean height of the barometer for the month		•••		29.834
Max. height of the barometer occurred at 10 A.H. on th	e 12th	•••	•••	30.071
Min. height of the barometer occurred at 5 P.M. on the		•••	•••	29.550
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	•••		•••	0.491
Mean of the daily max. pressures		•••	•••	29.914
Ditto ditto min. ditto		,	•••	29.762
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	•••	•••	•••	0.152
				9
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month	:	•••		78.2
Max. temperature occurred at 3 and 4 P.M. on the 20th	•••	•••,	•••	96· <b>4</b>
Min. temperature occurred at 6 A.M. on the 13th	••	•••	•••	63· <b>4</b>
Extreme range of the temperature during the month	•••	•••	•••	<b>33</b> ·0
Mean of the daily max. temperature	•••	•••	•••	88.2
Ditto ditto min. ditto	•••	•••		<b>7</b> 0·6
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month	•••	•••	•••	13.6
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month		•••		70.2
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb ther	mometer	•••	•••	8.0
Computed mean dew-point for the month	•••	***	•••	64.6
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew	-point			13.6
•	• :•			Inches.
Mean elastic force of vapour for the month	•••		•••	0.668
•			T	roy grain.
Mean weight of vapour for the month	•••	•••		6.59
Additional weight of vapour required for complete satur	ation	•••	•••	3.66
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete satu		unity	•••	0.64
Mean max. solar radiation thermometer for the month				139.6
		•••	•••	Inches.
			•	-
Rained 9 days,—max. fall of rain during 24 hours	•••	•••	•••	0.78
Total amount of rain during the month	. 41			1.94
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to	o the anemo	meter aurin	۲ <b>۱</b>	1.52
the month	•••	QW QQ1	. J	_
Prevailing direction of the wind	•••	s.w., s.s. ¹	vv . 62	W.5W.
9 Height 70 feet 10 inches sho	re amound			-

• Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SEA,
In charge of the Observatory.

The 27th April 1874.

#### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

#### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 11th April 1874, on 1581 miles open.

6	COACHING TRAPPIC.			MERCHAND	Total traffic		
	Number of passengers.			Weight carried	Receipts.	recespts	
		Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	Rs. A, P. & s. d.	£ e. d.	
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of ridway For previous 14 weeks of half-year	28,893 179 410,189	18,804 8 3 118 13 3 8,26,828 11 9	10 17 10	1,029 ()	65,057 10 9 5,063 12 5 411 1 9 37 13 9 7,40,280 6 9 69,445 8 7	7,687 7 4 48 11 7 99,404 13 4	
Total for 15 weeks COMPARISON.	438,582	3,45,633 4 0	31,682 19 8	1,784,405 0	8,05,338 1 6 75,109 1 0	107,092 0 8	
Total for corresponding week of previous year	27,985}	18,364 6 2	1,683 8 0	1	27,681 6 7 2,535 18 1	4,219 6 1	
Total to corresponding date of previous year	400.007	117 5 6 3,71,723 7 4	10 15 1 31,074 16 9	2,301,912.37	4,20,026 1 5 70,382 1 1	78,456 17 10	

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th April 1874, on 1,280 miles open.

Total traffic for the week Or per mile of rankay For previous 15 weeks of half-year	124,944 1,551,106	Rs. A. 2 1,68,017 6 10 181 4 3 21,24,978 7 7	£ s. d.  15,401 12 0 12 0 8 222,289 2 10	Mds. Srs. 1,496,948 30 21,686,021 10	* 6,55,514 9 0 512 2 3	£ s. d  60,091 11 8  16 19 11  852,221 11 6	£ e. d 75,193 3 8 59 19 7 1,071,513 17 4
Total for 15 wedle Comparison.	1,676,050	25,92,939 14 5	237,690 14 10	23,182,970 0	99,52,511 8 11	912,316 6 2	1,150,007 1 0
Total for corresponding week of previous year	152,016  1,833,017	2,06,231 14 5 161 1 11 27,00,106 1 0	18,904 11 10 14 15 5 253,017 19 6	776,601 0 12,271,285 30	8,87,292 15 6 802 9 2 60,61,911 0 7	35,501 17 1 27 14 8 535,675 3 6	54,406 8 11 12 10 1 809,693 <b>3 0</b>

[.] Rs. 70,404-8-0 added on account of estimated proportion of freight on food-grains due by Government for this week.

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th April 1874, on 2234 miles open.

		Ra. A. P.	£ s. d.	Mds. Srs.	R9. A. P	£ s. d.	L a d
Total traffic for the week	4,606	17,740 5 0 79 8 10	1,629 17 1 7 5 10	*175,919 30	152,539 0 0 1 235 2 7	1,917 17 4 21 11 2	6,447 14 6 28 17 0
Or per mile of railway  For previous 14 weeks of half-year	74,871	2,01,395 14 8	23,960 7 5	1,686,435 10	1.71,159 3 3	43,161 11 11	67,121 19 4
Total for 15 weeks	70,477	2,79,166 1 3	25,590 4 6	1,942,335 0	5,26,717 19 3	19,293 9 3	73,872 13 9
COMPARISON.				1			
Total for corresponding week of previous ver	6,421	16,042 7 7	1,529 4 6	82,941 10	21,466 5 6	1,967 15 0	3 196 L9 6
Per mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year		- 71 10 3	6 16 10	1	96 0 9	8 16 1	15 12 11
Total to corresponding date of pre-	80,604	2,65,413 10 4	21,366 5 0	1,197,435 0	3,39,827 5 6	31,150 16 10	55,517 1 10
		¥	•		·	· :	_

[•] Maunds 30,000 and Rs. 10,000 added on account of difference between approximate and audited returns of food-grains due by Government for previous weeks.

† Rs. 9,363-4-0 added on account of estimated proportion of froight on food grains due by Government for this week.

#### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 18th April 1874, on 28 miles open.

		Ra. A, P.	£' a. d.	Mds. Srs.	Ra. A. P.	£ s. d.	£ s. d
Total traffic for the week Or per mile of railway For previous 15 weeks of half-year	7,374 263 130,476	1,098 0 0 39 0 0 19,283 0 0	109 16 0 8 18 0 1,929 6 0	16,662 0 593 0 293,808 0	605 0 0 21 8 0 9,852 0 0	60 10 0 2 3 0 985 4 0	170 6 0 6 1 0 2,914 10 0
Total for 16 works	187,850	20,391 0 0	2,039 2 0	810,470 0	10,457 0 0	1,045 14 0	3,084 16 •
COMPARISON.						*********	<del></del>
Total for corresponding week of previous year	5,580	1,021 2 0	102 2 8	34,935 0	1,170 0 3	117 0 1	6:9 8 8
For mile of railway, corresponding	109	86 7 6	3 12 11	1,248 0	41 12 6	4 8 7	7 16 6
Total to corresponding date of	123,975	19,802 14 0	1,980 5 9	462,449 0	14,652 13 8	1,465 5 9	3,39" 116